1	AN ACT	
2	RELATING TO PROCUREMENT; MODIFYING THE PREFERENCE ADVANTAGE	
3	FOR IN-STATE BUSINESS; CHANGING THE DEFINITIONS OF "RESIDENT	
4	BUSINESS" AND "RESIDENT CONTRACTOR"; CHANGING THE PROCESS FOR	
5	OBTAINING CERTIFICATION AS A RESIDENT BUSINESS OR RESIDENT	
6	CONTRACTOR; ELIMINATING PREFERENCES FOR RESIDENT	
7	MANUFACTURERS AND NEW YORK STATE BUSINESSES; PROVIDING	
8	PENALTIES; REPEALING SECTION 13-1-21.2 NMSA 1978 (BEING LAWS	
9	1997, CHAPTER 1, SECTION 1 AND LAWS 1997, CHAPTER 2,	
10	SECTION 1); DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.	
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12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:	
13	SECTION 1. Section 13-1-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1979,	
14	Chapter 72, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:	
15	"13-1-21. APPLICATION OF PREFERENCES	
16	A. For the purposes of this section:	
17	(1) "business" means a commercial enterprise	
18	carried on for the purpose of selling goods or services,	
19	including growing, producing, processing or distributing	
20	agricultural products;	
21	(2) "formal bid process" means a competitive	
22	sealed bid process;	
23	(3) "formal request for proposals process"	
24	means a competitive sealed proposal process, including a	
25	competitive sealed qualifications-based proposal process;	SB 1 Page 1

(4) "public body" means a department, commission, 1 2 council, board, committee, institution, legislative body, 3 agency, government corporation, educational institution or 4 official of the executive, legislative or judicial branch of 5 the government of the state or a political subdivision of the 6 state and the agencies, instrumentalities and institutions 7 thereof, including two-year post-secondary educational 8 institutions, school districts, local school boards and all 9 municipalities, including home-rule municipalities; 10 "resident business" means a business (5) 11 that has a valid resident business certificate issued by the 12 taxation and revenue department pursuant to Section 13 13-1-22 NMSA 1978; and (6) "recycled content goods" means supplies 14 15 and materials composed twenty-five percent or more of 16 recycled materials; provided that the recycled materials 17 content meets or exceeds the minimum content standards 18 required by bid specifications. 19 B. When a public body makes a purchase using a 20 formal bid process, the public body shall deem a bid 21 submitted by a resident business to be five percent lower 22 than the bid actually submitted. 23 C. When a public body makes a purchase using a 24 formal request for proposals process: 25 SB 1 (1) five percent of the total weight of all Page 2 the factors used in evaluating the proposals shall be awarded to a resident business based on the resident business possessing a valid resident business certificate; or

(2) if the contract is awarded based on a point-based system, a resident business shall be awarded the equivalent of five percent of the total possible points to be awarded based on the resident business possessing a valid resident business certificate.

9 D. When a joint bid or joint proposal is submitted 10 by both resident and nonresident businesses, the resident 11 business preference provided pursuant to Subsection B or C of 12 this section shall be reduced in proportion to the percentage 13 of the contract, based on the dollar amount of the goods or 14 services provided under the contract, that will be performed 15 by a nonresident business as specified in the joint bid or 16 proposal.

17 When bids are received for both recycled Ε. 18 content goods and nonrecycled content goods, the public body 19 shall deem the bids submitted for recycled content goods of 20 equal quality to be five percent lower than the bids actually 21 submitted. A bid calculation pursuant to this subsection for 22 a resident business shall not also receive the bid 23 calculation preference pursuant to Subsection B of this 24 section.

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F. The procedures provided in Sections 13-1-172 SB 1

1 through 13-1-183 NMSA 1978 or in an applicable purchasing 2 ordinance apply to a protest to a public body concerning the 3 awarding of a contract in violation of this section. 4 This section shall not apply when the G. 5 expenditure includes federal funds for a specific purchase." 6 SECTION 2. Section 13-1-22 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 7 Chapter 184, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read: "13-1-22. RESIDENT BUSINESS AND RESIDENT CONTRACTOR 8 9 CERTIFICATION. --10 Α. To receive a resident business preference 11 pursuant to Section 13-1-21 NMSA 1978 or a resident 12 contractor preference pursuant to Section 13-4-2 NMSA 1978, a 13 business or contractor shall submit with its bid or proposal 14 a copy of a valid resident business certificate or valid 15 resident contractor certificate issued by the taxation and 16 revenue department. 17 B. An application for a resident business 18 certificate shall include an affidavit from a certified 19

public accountant setting forth that the business is licensed to do business in this state and that:

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(1) the business has paid property taxes or 22 rent on real property in the state and paid at least one other tax administered by the state in each of the three years immediately preceding the submission of the affidavit;

> if the business is a new business, the (2)

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owner or majority of owners has paid property taxes or rent on real property in the state and has paid at least one other tax administered by the state in each of the three years immediately preceding the submission of the affidavit and has not applied for a resident business or resident contractor certificate pursuant to this section during that time period;

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7 (3) if the business is a relocated business, 8 at least eighty percent of the total personnel of the 9 business in the year immediately preceding the submission of 10 the affidavit were residents of the state and that, prior to 11 the submission of the affidavit, the business either leased 12 real property for ten years or purchased real property 13 greater than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) in value 14 in the state; or

15 (4) if the business is a previously 16 certified business or was eligible for certification, the 17 business has changed its name, has reorganized into one or 18 more different legal entities, was purchased by another legal 19 entity but operates in the state as substantially the same 20 commercial enterprise or has merged with a different legal 21 entity but operates in the state as substantially the same 22 commercial enterprise.

C. An application for a resident contractor
certificate shall include an affidavit from a certified
public accountant setting forth that the contractor is

1 currently licensed as a contractor in this state and that: 2 the contractor has: (1)3 (a) registered with the state at least 4 one vehicle; and 5 (b) in each of the five years 6 immediately preceding the submission of the affidavit: 1) 7 paid property taxes or rent on real property in the state and 8 paid at least one other tax administered by the state; and 2) 9 paid unemployment insurance on at least three full-time 10 employees who are residents of the state; provided that if a 11 contractor is a legacy contractor, the requirement of at 12 least three full-time employees who are residents of the 13 state is waived; 14 (2) if the contractor is a new contractor, 15 the owner or majority of owners has paid property taxes or 16 rent on real property in the state and has paid at least one 17 other tax administered by the state in each of the five years 18 immediately preceding the submission of the affidavit and has 19 not applied for a resident business or resident contractor 20 certificate pursuant to this section during that time period; 21 (3) if the contractor is a relocated 22

business, at least eighty percent of the total personnel of the business in the year immediately preceding the submission of the affidavit were residents of the state and that, prior to the submission of the affidavit, the contractor either

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leased real property for ten years or purchased real property greater than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) in value in the state; or

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4 (4) if the contractor is a previously 5 certified contractor or was eligible for certification, the 6 contractor has changed its name, has reorganized into one or 7 more different legal entities, was purchased by another legal 8 entity but operates in the state as substantially the same 9 enterprise or has merged with a different legal entity but 10 operates in the state as substantially the same commercial 11 enterprise.

12 The taxation and revenue department shall D. 13 prescribe the form and content of the application and 14 required affidavit. The taxation and revenue department 15 shall examine the application and affidavit and, if 16 necessary, may seek additional information to ensure that the 17 business or contractor is eligible to receive the certificate 18 pursuant to the provisions of this section. If the taxation 19 and revenue department determines that an applicant is 20 eligible, the department shall issue a certificate pursuant 21 to the provisions of this section. If the taxation and 22 revenue department determines that the applicant is not 23 eligible, the department shall issue notification within 24 thirty days. If no notification is provided by the 25 department, the certificate is deemed approved. A

certificate is valid for three years from the date of its issuance; provided that if there is a change of ownership of more than fifty percent, a resident business or resident contractor shall reapply for a certificate.

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E. A business or contractor whose application for a certificate is denied has fifteen days from the date of the taxation and revenue department's decision to file an objection with the taxation and revenue department. The person filing the objection shall submit evidence to support the objection. The taxation and revenue department shall review the evidence and issue a decision within fifteen days of the filing of the objection.

13 F. If, following a hearing and an opportunity to 14 be heard, the taxation and revenue department finds that a 15 business or contractor provided false information to the 16 taxation and revenue department in order to obtain a 17 certificate or that a business or contractor used a 18 certificate to obtain a resident business or resident 19 contractor preference for a bid or proposal and the resident 20 business or contractor did not perform the percentage of the 21 contract specified in the bid or proposal, the business or 22 contractor:

(1) is not eligible to receive a certificate
or a preference pursuant to Section 13-1-21 or 13-4-2 NMSA
1978 for a period of five years from the date on which the

1 taxation and revenue department became aware of the 2 submission of the false information or the failure to perform 3 the contract as specified in the bid or proposal; and (2) is subject to an administrative penalty 4 5 of up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for each violation. 6 G. In a decision issued pursuant to Subsection E or F of this section, the taxation and revenue department 7 8 shall state the reasons for the action taken and inform an 9 aggrieved business or contractor of the right to judicial 10 review of the determination pursuant to the provisions of Section 39-3-1.1 NMSA 1978. 11 12 The taxation and revenue department may assess H. 13 a reasonable fee for the issuance of a certificate not to 14 exceed the actual cost of administering the taxation and 15 revenue department's duties pursuant to this section. 16 I. The state auditor may audit or review the 17 issuance or validity of certificates. 18 J. For purposes of this section: 19 "new business" means a person that did (1) 20 not exist as a business in any form and that has been in 21 existence for less than three years; 22 "new contractor" means a person that did (2) 23 not exist as a business in any form and that has been in 24 existence for less than five years; 25 "legacy contractor" means a construction (3)

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business that has been licensed in this state for ten consecutive years; and

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(4) "relocated business" means a business that moved eighty percent of its total domestic personnel from another state to New Mexico in the past five years."

SECTION 3. Section 13-1-103 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, Chapter 65, Section 76, as amended) is amended to read:

"13-1-103. INVITATION FOR BIDS.--

9 A. An invitation for bids shall be issued and 10 shall include the specifications for the services, 11 construction or items of tangible personal property to be 12 procured, all contractual terms and conditions applicable to 13 the procurement, the location where bids are to be received, 14 the date, time and place of the bid opening and the 15 requirements for complying with any applicable in-state 16 preference provisions as provided by law.

B. If the procurement is to be by sealed bid without electronic submission, the invitation for bids shall include the location where bids are to be received and the date, time and place of the bid opening.

C. If the procurement is to be by sealed bid with part or all of the bid to be submitted electronically, the invitation for bids shall comply with the requirements of Section 13-1-95.1 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 4. Section 13-1-112 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984, SB 1

1	Chapter 65, Section 85, as amended) is amended to read:	
2	"13-1-112. COMPETITIVE SEALED PROPOSALSREQUEST FOR	
3	PROPOSALS	
4	A. Competitive sealed proposals, including	
5	competitive sealed qualifications-based proposals, shall be	
6	solicited through a request for proposals that shall be	
7	issued and shall include:	
8	(1) the specifications for the services or	
9	items of tangible personal property to be procured;	
10	(2) all contractual terms and conditions	
11	applicable to the procurement;	
12	(3) the form for disclosure of campaign	
13	contributions given by prospective contractors to applicable	
14	public officials pursuant to Section 13-1-191.1 NMSA 1978;	
15	(4) the location where proposals are to be	
16	received and the date, time and place where proposals are to	
17	be received and reviewed; and	
18	(5) the requirements for complying with any	
19	applicable in-state preference provisions as provided by law.	
20	B. A request for proposals may, pursuant to	
21	Section 13-1-95.1 NMSA 1978, require that all or a portion of	
22	a responsive proposal be submitted electronically.	
23	C. In the case of requests for competitive	
24	qualifications-based proposals, price shall be determined by	
25	formal negotiations related to scope of work."	SB 1
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1	SECTION 5. Section 13-4-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1984,	
2	Chapter 66, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:	
3	"13-4-2. RESIDENT CONTRACTOR DEFINEDAPPLICATION OF	
4	PREFERENCE	
5	A. For the purposes of this section:	
6	(1) "formal bid process" means a competitive	
7	sealed bid process;	
8	(2) "formal request for proposals process"	
9	means a competitive sealed proposal process, including a	
10	competitive sealed qualifications-based proposal process;	
11	(3) "public body" means a department,	
12	commission, council, board, committee, institution,	
13	legislative body, agency, government corporation, educational	
14	institution or official of the executive, legislative or	
15	judicial branch of the government of the state or a political	
16	subdivision of the state and the agencies, instrumentalities	
17	and institutions thereof, including two-year post-secondary	
18	educational institutions, school districts, local school	
19	boards and all municipalities, including home-rule	
20	municipalities;	
21	(4) "public works contract" means a contract	
22	for construction, construction management, architectural,	
23	landscape architectural, engineering, surveying or interior	
24	design services; and	
25	(5) "resident contractor" means a person	SB 1 Page 12
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that has a valid resident contractor certificate issued by 1 2 the taxation and revenue department pursuant to Section 3 13-1-22 NMSA 1978.

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B. For the purpose of awarding a public works contract using a formal bid process, a public body shall deem a bid submitted by a resident contractor to be five percent lower than the bid actually submitted.

C. When a public body awards a contract using a formal request for proposals process:

(1)five percent of the total weight of all 11 the factors used in evaluating the proposals shall be awarded 12 to a resident contractor based on the resident contractor 13 possessing a valid resident contractor certificate; or

14 (2) if the contract is awarded based on a 15 point-based system, a resident contractor shall be awarded 16 the equivalent of five percent of the total possible points 17 to be awarded based on the resident contractor possessing a 18 valid resident contractor certificate.

19 D. When a joint bid or joint proposal is submitted 20 by both resident and nonresident contractors, the resident 21 contractor preference provided pursuant to Subsection B or C 22 of this section shall be reduced in proportion to the 23 percentage of the contract, based on the dollar amount of the 24 goods or services provided under the contract, that will be 25 performed by a nonresident contractor as specified in the

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1 joint bid or joint proposal.

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E. The procedures provided in Sections 13-1-172 through 13-1-183 NMSA 1978 or in an applicable purchasing ordinance apply to a protest to a public body concerning the awarding of a contract in violation of this section."

SECTION 6. Section 13-4-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1933, Chapter 19, Section 1, as amended by Laws 1997, Chapter 1, Section 4 and also by Laws 1997, Chapter 2, Section 4) is amended to read:

10 "13-4-5. USE OF NEW MEXICO MATERIALS.--In all public 11 works within New Mexico, whether constructed or maintained by 12 the state or by a department, board or commission of the 13 state or by any political subdivision of the state, or in any 14 construction or maintenance to which the state or any 15 political subdivision of the state has granted aid, 16 preference shall be given to materials produced, grown, 17 processed or manufactured in New Mexico by citizens or 18 residents of New Mexico. In any case where, in the judgment 19 of the different officers, boards, commissions or other 20 authorities in this state vested with the power of 21 contracting for material used in the construction or 22 maintenance of public works referred to in this section, it 23 appears that an attempt is being made by producers, growers, 24 processors or manufacturers in the state to form a trust or 25 combination of any kind for the purpose of fixing or

regulating the price of materials to be used in any public works to the detriment of or loss to the state, the provisions of this section shall not apply."

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4 SECTION 7. TEMPORARY PROVISION. -- A certification as a 5 resident business or resident manufacturer by the general 6 services department that is in effect prior to passage of 7 this 2011 act is valid until January 1, 2012 for the purpose 8 of obtaining a resident business preference pursuant to 9 Section 13-1-21 NMSA 1978. A certification as a resident 10 contractor by the general services department that is in 11 effect prior to passage of this 2011 act is valid until 12 January 1, 2012 for the purpose of obtaining a resident 13 contractor preference pursuant to Section 13-4-2 NMSA 1978. 14 After January 1, 2012, a certification as a resident business 15 or resident contractor by the taxation and revenue department 16 for the purpose of obtaining a resident business preference 17 or a resident contractor preference is required for all new 18 bids and proposals.

SECTION 8. REPEAL.--Section 13-1-21.2 NMSA 1978 (being
Laws 1997, Chapter 1, Section 1 and Laws 1997, Chapter 2,
Section 1) is repealed.

SECTION 9. EMERGENCY.--It is necessary for the public peace, health and safety that this act take effect immediately._____