## HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL 77

## 51ST LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2013

AN ACT

RELATING TO FIREARM TRANSFERS; CREATING THE FIREARM TRANSFER

ACT; REQUIRING A PROSPECTIVE RECIPIENT OF A FIREARM AT A GUN

SHOW TO UNDERGO A BACKGROUND CHECK BY A FEDERAL FIREARMS

LICENSEE; ALLOWING A REASONABLE FEE FOR SERVICES; PROVIDING AN

EXCEPTION TO THE BACKGROUND CHECK REQUIREMENT; PROVIDING

IMMUNITY IN CERTAIN SITUATIONS; CREATING CRIMES AND IMPOSING

PENALTIES; REQUIRING THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS TO

TRANSMIT INFORMATION FROM COURT PROCEEDINGS RELATING TO

ELIGIBILITY TO RECEIVE OR POSSESS A FIREARM TO THE NATIONAL

INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK SYSTEM, INCLUDING CERTAIN

MENTAL HEALTH ADJUDICATION INFORMATION; REQUIRING THE

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS TO REPORT INFORMATION

REGARDING A PERSON WHO HAS BEEN ADJUDICATED AS A MENTAL

DEFECTIVE OR COMMITTED TO A MENTAL HEALTH INSTITUTION TO THE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOR ENTRY INTO THE NATIONAL

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1	INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK SYSTEM; LIMITING INFORMATION
2	REPORTED; PROVIDING PROCEDURES FOR THE PERSON WHO IS THE
3	SUBJECT OF THE REPORT TO SEEK A REDETERMINATION OF MENTAL
4	CONDITION AND RESTORATION OF THE RIGHT TO RECEIVE OR POSSESS
5	ANY FIREARM OR AMMUNITION; SETTING STANDARDS FOR A COURT TO
6	RESTORE THE RIGHT TO RECEIVE OR POSSESS ANY FIREARM OR
7	AMMUNITION; REQUIRING THE COURT TO SEAL THE RECORD OF SUCH
8	PROCEEDINGS; MAKING THE REPORT TRANSMITTED BY THE
9	ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS TO THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF
10	INVESTIGATION CONFIDENTIAL; PERMITTING DISCLOSURE ONLY TO THE
11	PERSON WHO IS THE SUBJECT OF SUCH REPORT OR THAT PERSON'S
12	AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE; LIMITING THE USE OF SUCH REPORT;
13	PROVIDING THAT NO CAUSE OF ACTION SHALL BE BROUGHT FOR
14	TRANSMISSION, FAILURE TO TRANSMIT, DELAY IN TRANSMITTING OR
15	INACCURATE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN SUCH REPORT; PROVIDING A
16	RIGHT TO INSPECT AND CORRECT RECORDS; AUTHORIZING THE
17	ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS TO PROMULGATE RULES.
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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

**SECTION 1.** SHORT TITLE.--Sections 1 through 8 of this act may be cited as the "Firearm Transfer Act".

SECTION 2. FIREARM TRANSFER CONDITIONS OVERVIEW.--A firearm shall not be transferred in a sale between two persons at a gun show without a firearm transfer background check of the transferee that authorizes the transfer pursuant to Section

4 of the Firearm Transfer Act, unless the transaction or transferee meets the exception pursuant to Section 5 of that act.

**SECTION 3.** DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Firearm Transfer Act:

- A. "federal firearms licensee" means a person who is engaged in the business, as defined in 18 U.S.C. 921, of selling, leasing or otherwise transferring a firearm and who is licensed by the United States attorney general pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 923;
- B. "firearm" means a weapon that will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosion; the frame or receiver of any such weapon; or a firearm muffler or firearm silencer.

  "Firearm" includes a handgun, rifle or shotgun;
- C. "gun show" means an event at which more than twenty-five firearms are on site and available for transfer; and
- D. "transfer" means the sale, lease, delivery or other passing of possession or control of a firearm.
  - SECTION 4. GUN SHOW TRANSFER--BACKGROUND CHECK--NOTICE.--
- A. A vendor at a gun show, who is not a federal firearms licensee, shall not transfer or attempt to transfer a firearm to another person who is not a federal firearms licensee or the holder of a current and valid concealed handgun .192569.2

license issued by the state of New Mexico unless the transfer is conducted through the services of a federal firearms licensee. The federal firearms licensee shall conduct the federal firearm transfer background check required by federal law and complete the paperwork required for that check.

- B. If the background check conducted pursuant to Subsection A of this section reveals that the transferee is prohibited from receiving a firearm, the federal firearms licensee shall inform the vendor and the transferee of that fact, and the transfer shall not take place.
- C. The person responsible for organizing or promoting a gun show, as reflected on promotional material or advertising for the gun show, shall:
- (1) arrange for one or more federal firearms licensees, including arranging a fee for the licensees' services if desired, to be on the premises of the gun show to obtain the background checks required by this section; and
- entrance to the gun show venue and within that venue signs providing notice to gun show participants of the background check requirements of this section and the fee to be charged, if any.
- SECTION 5. EXCEPTION FROM BACKGROUND CHECK REQUIREMENT.-The provisions of Section 4 of the Firearm Transfer Act
  requiring a background check do not apply to the transfer of an
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antique or relic firearm. For the purpose of this section,

"antique or relic firearm" means a matchlock, flintlock,

percussion cap or similar type of ignition system firearm

manufactured in or before 1898, a replica of those firearms or

a muzzle loading rifle, shotgun or pistol designed to use black

powder or black powder substitute, but "antique or relic

firearm" does not mean a firearm listed in this section that

uses or can readily be converted to use fixed ammunition.

SECTION 6. IMMUNITY.--A transferor or federal firearms licensee who fulfills the provisions of Section 4 of the Firearm Transfer Act for the transfer of a firearm is immune from civil liability from the time of the transfer for any use of the firearm, unless the transferor or federal firearms licensee knows, or reasonably should know, that the transferee:

- A. is likely to commit an unlawful act involving the firearm; or
- B. intends to deliver the firearm to a third person who the transferor or federal firearms licensee knows, or reasonably should know, is prohibited from purchasing or receiving the firearm.
- SECTION 7. UNLAWFULLY TRANSFERRING A FIREARM AT A GUN
  SHOW--PENALTY.--
- A. A person commits the crime of unlawfully transferring a firearm at a gun show if the person transfers or receives a firearm or attempts to transfer or receive a firearm .192569.2

without the firearm transfer background check required by
Section 4 of the Firearm Transfer Act or if the person
transfers or receives a firearm or attempts to transfer or
receive a firearm after the background check reveals that the
transferee is prohibited from receiving a firearm.

B. A person who commits the crime of unlawfully transferring a firearm at a gun show is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978.

SECTION 8. FAILURE TO ARRANGE FOR FEDERAL FIREARMS
LICENSEE OR TO PROVIDE NOTICE.--A person who fails to arrange
for a federal firearms licensee to be on the premises of a gun
show or who fails to display the notice at a gun show as
required by the Firearm Transfer Act is guilty of a petty
misdemeanor and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions
of Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978.

SECTION 9. REPORTING TO THE NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK SYSTEM.--

A. The administrative office of the courts shall obtain and electronically transmit information from court proceedings relating to eligibility to receive or possess a firearm pursuant to state or federal law to the federal bureau of investigation's national instant criminal background check system. The administrative office of the courts shall also be responsible for notifying, as soon as practicable, the federal

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bureau of investigation to update, correct, modify or remove information affecting a person's eligibility to receive or possess a firearm pursuant to state or federal law in the national instant criminal background check system.

- B. The administrative office of the courts shall electronically transmit information to the federal bureau of investigation for entry into the national instant criminal background check system regarding each person who has been adjudicated as a mental defective or committed to a mental institution.
- C. Upon entry of a court order, judgment or verdict referred to in Subsection B of this section, the administrative office of the courts shall forward only such information as necessary to identify the person to the federal bureau of investigation for the sole purpose of inclusion in the national instant criminal background check system.
- D. Consistent with federal law, a person reported to the federal bureau of investigation by the administrative office of the courts pursuant to Subsection B of this section may petition the court that originated the order, judgment or verdict that was reported to the federal bureau of investigation, or any other court of competent jurisdiction, for a redetermination of the person's mental condition for the purpose of restoring the person's right to receive or possess any firearm or ammunition. A copy of the petition seeking a

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redetermination of mental condition shall be served upon the
office of the attorney general and upon all parties to the
proceeding resulting in a court order, judgment or verdict
described in Subsection B of this section.

- E. Upon completion of the hearing on the petition, the court shall grant the person's petition to restore the person's right to receive or possess any firearm or ammunition if the court finds that the person will not be likely to act in a manner dangerous to public safety and that restoration of the person's right to receive or possess any firearm or ammunition is not contrary to the public interest.
- F. A record shall be kept of the proceeding to redetermine the person's mental condition for the purpose of restoring the person's right to receive or possess any firearm or ammunition, but it shall be sealed and shall be disclosed only to a court or the parties in the event of an appeal. The petitioner may appeal a denial of the requested relief, and review on appeal shall be on the record.
- G. A person may petition for restoration of that person's right to receive or possess any firearm or ammunition under this section not more than once every two years and, in the case of a person who was committed to a mental institution, not before the person has been discharged from such commitment.
- H. The administrative office of the courts shall promptly notify the federal bureau of investigation upon the

entry of a court order restoring the person's right to receive or possess any firearm or ammunition.

- I. Information transmitted by the administrative office of the courts pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be confidential and may only be disclosed to the person who is the subject of the report, or an authorized representative of the person who is the subject of the report, and shall not be used for any other purpose than inclusion in the national instant criminal background check system. No cause of action shall be brought for transmission, failure to transmit, delay in transmitting or inaccurate information contained in such report.
- J. A person who is the subject of a report made by the administrative office of the courts under this section, or the person's authorized representative, has a right to inspect and correct information contained in such report.
- K. The administrative office of the courts shall promulgate rules relating to the inspection and correction of information contained in such report and relating to reporting of corrected information by the office to the federal bureau of investigation and such other rules as necessary to implement the provisions of this section.

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