Fiscal impact reports (FIRs) are prepared by the Legislative Finance Committee (LFC) for standing finance committees of the NM Legislature. The LFC does not assume responsibility for the accuracy of these reports if they are used for other purposes.

Current and previously issued FIRs are available on the NM Legislative Website (<u>www.nmlegis.gov</u>) and may also be obtained from the LFC in Suite 101 of the State Capitol Building North.

## FISCAL IMPACT REPORT

ORIGINAL DATE

SPONSORHerrellLAST UPDATED02/17/15HB264

SHORT TITLE Balanced Budget Compact

ANALYST Sanogo

SB

#### ESTIMATED ADDITIONAL OPERATING BUDGET IMPACT (dollars in thousands)

	FY15	FY16	FY17	3 Year Total Cost	Recurring or Nonrecurring	Fund Affected
Total	See "	Fiscal Implication	ons"			

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

## SOURCES OF INFORMATION

LFC Files United States Department of the Treasury Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA)

<u>No Responses Received From</u> Secretary of State (SOS) New Mexico Supreme Court Attorney General's Office (AGO) Department of Finance and Administration (DFA)

#### SUMMARY

HB 264 would enact the "compact for a balanced budget amendment" (BBA), adding New Mexico to a list of states applying for a constitutional convention under Article 5 of the US Constitution.

The amendment sets prospective fiscal limits on the United States by prohibiting the issuance of debt in excess of the amount authorized by the states. On the effective date of the amendment, the initial authorized limit would be set to 105 percent of outstanding US debt. To increase this authorized limit, a simple majority of the state legislatures must approve of the measure within 60 calendar days.

BBA would make it an impeachable misdemeanor for the President of the United States to fail to freeze certain expenditures if total outlays reach 98 percent of the limit; Congress is authorized to concurrently design its own expenditure freeze.

Furthermore, BBA prohibits any new or increased general revenue tax that is not approved by a two-thirds vote of both houses of Congress, unless the proposed tax replaces every existing income tax.

## FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

New Mexico is projected to receive \$5.0 billion in federal distributions in 2015, 22 percent of which is discretionary in nature.

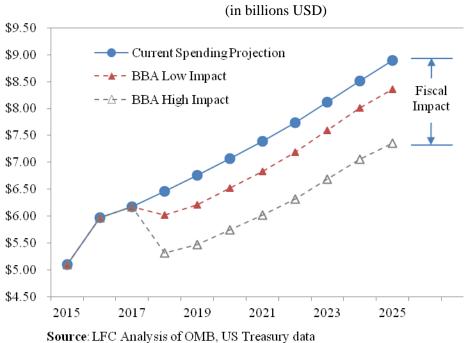
Given the emergency clause of HB 264 and its narrative detailing a strong impetus behind the compact for a balanced budget, the following table displays the fiscal impact, should the amendment be enacted by December 31, 2015. Under current federal outlays, the outstanding debt of the United States will exceed the initial BBA limit in two years (see table 2, page 3).

	FY15- 17	FY18	FY19	FY20	Recurring or Nonrecurring	Fund Affected
Total	NFI	\$0.44 billion - \$1.15 billion	\$0.55 Bn - \$1.29 Bn	\$0.55 Bn - \$1.32 Bn	Recurring	Various

#### ESTIMATED ADDITIONAL OPERATING BUDGET IMPACT

(Parenthesis ( ) Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

Federal outlays routinely exceed federal receipts (see tables 5 and 6, page 5). The amounts above reflect the automatic reduction in discretionary outlays to New Mexico as appropriations shift to mandatory programs (see table 3, page 4). The lower amount assumes an equal, "across-the-board" reduction in all discretionary programs; the higher amount assumes that national defense spending is prioritized before all other discretionary programs<sup>1</sup>.



**Federal Distributions to New Mexico** 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> According to the Congressional Budget Office (CBO) and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), 98 percent of the national defense function is classified as discretionary.

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Total Receipts	\$ 3,022	\$ 3,176	\$ 3,523	\$ 3,743	\$ 3,917	\$ 4,096	\$ 4,287
Total Outlays	\$ 3,506	\$ 3,759	\$ 3,999	\$ 4,218	\$ 4,423	\$ 4,653	\$ 4,886
Mandatory	\$ 2,385	\$ 2,612	\$ 2,831	\$ 3,043	\$ 3,255	\$ 3,480	\$ 3,704
Discretionary	\$ 1,121	\$ 1,146	\$ 1,168	\$ 1,175	\$ 1,169	\$ 1,172	\$ 1,182
Fiscal Gap	\$ 577	\$ 582	\$ 476	\$ 475	\$ 507	\$ 557	\$ 599
Outstanding Debt	\$ 18,141	\$ 18,723	\$ 19,200	\$ 19,675	\$ 20,181	\$ 20,738	\$ 21,337

#### **TABLE 1 - Current Budget Projections**

(in billions of USD)

Source: LFC Analysis of OMB, US Treasury data

#### TABLE 2 - HB 264 Applied to Current Budget Projections

Authorized Limit Reach	ned?		No	No	No		No		Yes	Yes		
		2014	<b>2015</b> <sup>1</sup>		2016		2017		2018	2019		2020
Total Receipts	\$	3,022	\$ 3,176	\$	3,523	\$	3,743	\$	3,917	\$ 4,096	\$	4,287
Total Outlays	\$	3,598	\$ 3,759	\$	3,999	\$	4,218	\$	3,999	\$ 4,096	\$	4,287
Mandatory <sup>2</sup>	\$	2,385	\$ 2,612	\$	2,831	\$	3,043	\$	3,191	\$ 3,358	\$	3,521
Discretionary	\$	1,121	\$ 1,146	\$	1,168	\$	1,175	\$	807	\$ 738	\$	766
Fiscal Gap	\$	577	\$ 582	\$	476	\$	475	\$	82	\$ -	\$	-
<b>Outstanding Debt</b> <sup>3</sup>	\$	18,141	\$ 18,723	\$	19,200	\$	19,675	\$	19,757	\$ 19,757	\$	19,757
Authorized Limit			\$ 19,757	\$	19,757	\$	19,757	\$	19,757	\$ 19,757	\$	19,757

(in billions of USD)

(1) Illustrative effective date of December 31, 2015

(2) Adjusted to reflect net interest savings (see, below).

(3) Subject to 2015 authorized debt limit

#### Outstanding Debt Service, under BBA (in billions of USD)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Net interest	\$ 229	\$ 283	\$ 361	\$ 424	\$ 483	\$ 544
Net interest, under authorized limit	\$ 229	\$ 283	\$ 361	\$ 361	\$ 361	\$ 361
Net Interest Savings <sup>1</sup>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63	\$ 122	\$ 183
Total outlay, given net int. savings	\$ 3,759	\$ 3,999	\$ 4,218	\$ 4,360	\$ 4,530	\$ 4,704
Mandatory	\$ 2,612	\$ 2,831	\$ 3,043	\$ 3,191	\$ 3,358	\$ 3,521
Discretionary	\$ 1,146	\$ 1,168	\$ 1,175	\$ 1,169	\$ 1,172	\$ 1,182

(1) Assumes that interest expenses do not change, i.e. the cost to rollover

outstanding debt is constant. Does not include the retirement of debt.

#### Source: LFC Analysis of OMB, US Treasury data

(in billions of USD)														
		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		
						Est.		Est.		Est.		Est.		
Total outlays current spending projection	\$ 3	3,176.10	\$ .	3,523.10	\$	3,743.00	\$ 3	3,916.50	\$ 4	4,095.90	\$ 4	4,287.20		
Federal grants, % of total outlays		16.7%		16.3%		16.5%		16.5%		16.5%		16.5%		
Distributions to NM, % of total federal grants		0.96%		1.04%		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%		
Distributions to NM	\$	5.10	\$	5.97	\$	6.18	\$	6.46	\$	6.76	\$	7.07		
Discretionary grants, % of total federal grants		23.1%		21.4%		22.0%		22.0%		22.0%		22.0%		
Discretionary distributions to NM	\$	1.18	\$	1.28	\$	1.36	\$	1.42	\$	1.49	\$	1.56		
Reduction in federal discretionary outlays BBA		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		-30.9%		-37.0%		-35.2%		
Reduction in discretionary distributions to NM	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(0.440)	\$	(0.551)	\$	(0.548)		

#### TABLE 3 - Federal Distributions to NM under Balanced Budget Amendment

## TABLE 4 - Federal Distributions to NM under Balanced Budget Amendment National Defense Priority Option

(in billions of USD)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
			Est.	Est.	Est.	Est
Discretionary distributions to NM current spending projection	\$ 1.18	\$ 1.28	\$ 1.36	\$ 1.42	\$ 1.49	\$ 1.56
Reduction in federal discretionary outlays BBA	-	-	-	-80.8%	-86.6%	-85.0%
Reduction in discretionary distributions to NM	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1.148)	\$ (1.287)	\$ (1.323)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Individual income taxes	\$ 1,394.60	\$ 1,478.10	\$ 1,645.60	\$ 1,770.30	\$ 1,886.90	\$ 1,999.80	\$ 2,118.40
Corporation income taxes	\$ 320.70	\$ 341.70	\$ 473.30	\$ 499.80	\$ 503.00	\$ 507.20	\$ 512.50
Social ins. and retirement	\$ 1,023.50	\$ 1,065.00	\$ 1,111.90	\$ 1,173.30	\$ 1,228.60	\$ 1,280.40	\$ 1,332.20
Excise taxes	\$ 93.40	\$ 95.90	\$ 112.10	\$ 120.30	\$ 122.40	\$ 124.30	\$ 126.40
Estate and gift taxes	\$ 19.30	\$ 19.70	\$ 21.30	\$ 30.50	\$ 33.00	\$ 35.70	\$ 38.50
Customs duties	\$ 33.90	\$ 36.80	\$ 38.40	\$ 41.90	\$ 44.90	\$ 47.40	\$ 49.80
Misc. receipts	\$ 136.10	\$ 138.90	\$ 120.50	\$ 106.90	\$ 97.70	\$ 101.10	\$ 109.40
Total Receipts	\$ 3,021.50	\$ 3,176.10	\$ 3,523.10	\$ 3,743.00	\$ 3,916.50	\$ 4,095.90	\$ 4,287.20

# TABLE 5 - Total Receipts of the United States (in billions of USD)

### TABLE 6 - Total Outlays of the United States

( in billions of USD )

	2014	2015	5 2016	5 201	7 20	)18	2019	2020
Total, Net Outlays	\$ 3,506.09	\$ 3,758.58	\$ 3,999.47	\$ 4,217.80	\$ 4,423	30 \$	4,652.64	\$ 4,886.37
Mandatory	\$ 2,384.68	\$ 2,612.44	\$ 2,831.28	\$ 3,042.77	\$ 3,254	66 \$	3,480.16	\$ 3,703.92
Discretionary	\$ 1,121.41	\$ 1,146.14	\$ 1,168.19	\$ 1,175.03	8 \$ 1,168	64 \$	1,172.47	\$ 1,182.45

AIS/je/aml