HOUSE BILL 210

52ND LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2016

INTRODUCED BY

Jason C. Harper

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AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION; INCREASING THE LIMITATION ON INCREASES IN VALUATION OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY; ALLOWING THE LIMITATION TO APPLY TO A CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP OF THE PROPERTY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. Section 7-36-21.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2000, Chapter 10, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-36-21.2. LIMITATION ON INCREASES IN VALUATION OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY.--

A. Residential property shall be valued at its current and correct value in accordance with the provisions of the Property Tax Code; provided that [for the 2001 and subsequent tax years] the value of a property in any tax year shall not exceed the higher of one hundred [three] seven percent of the value in the tax year prior to the tax year in

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1	which the property is being valued or [one hundred six and one
2	tenth] one hundred fourteen and forty-nine hundredths percent
3	of the value in the tax year two years prior to the tax year i
4	which the property is being valued. This limitation on
5	increases in value does not apply to:
6	(l) a residential property in the first tax
7	year that it is valued for property taxation purposes;
8	(2) any physical improvements, except for
9	solar energy system installations, made to the property during
10	the year immediately prior to the tax year or omitted in a
11	prior tax year; or

in

[(a) a change of ownership of the property occurred in the year immediately prior to the tax year for which the value of the property for property taxation purposes is being determined; or

valuation of a residential property in any

(b)] the use or zoning of the property has changed in the year prior to the tax year.

[B. If a change of ownership of residential property occurred in the year immediately prior to the tax year for which the value of the property for property taxation purposes is being determined, the value of the property shall be its current and correct value as determined pursuant to the general valuation provisions of the Property Tax Code.

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tax year in which

1 C. B. To assure that the values of residential 2 property for property taxation purposes are at current and 3 correct values in all counties prior to application of the limitation in Subsection A of this section, the department shall determine for the 2000 tax year the sales ratio pursuant 5 to Section 7-36-18 NMSA 1978 or, if a sales ratio cannot be 7 determined pursuant to that section, conduct a sales-ratio analysis using both independent appraisals by the department 8 and sales. If the sales ratio for a county for the 2000 tax year is less than eighty-five, as measured by the median ratio 10 of value for property taxation purposes to sales price or 11 12 independent appraisal by the department, the county shall not be subject to the limitations of Subsection A of this section 13 and shall conduct a reassessment of residential property in the 14 county so that, by the 2003 tax year, the sales ratio is at 15 least eighty-five. After such reassessment, the limitation on 16 increases in valuation in this section shall apply in those 17 counties in the earlier of the 2004 tax year or the first tax 18 19 year following the tax year that the county has a sales ratio 20 of eighty-five or higher, as measured by the median ratio of value for property taxation purposes to sales value or 21 independent appraisal by the department. Thereafter, the 22 limitation on increases in valuation of residential property 23 for property taxation purposes in this section shall apply to 24

subsequent tax years in all counties.

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to residential property for any tax year in which the proper	ty
is subject to the valuation limitation in Section 7-36-21.3	
NMSA 1978.	

- [E. As used in this section, "change of ownership" means a transfer to a transferee by a transferor of all or any part of the transferor's legal or equitable ownership interest in residential property except for a transfer:
- (1) to a trustee for the beneficial use of the spouse of the transferor or the surviving spouse of a deceased transferor;
- (2) to the spouse of the transferor that takes effect upon the death of the transferor;
- (3) that creates, transfers or terminates, solely between spouses, any co-owner's interest;
- (4) to a child of the transferor, who occupies the property as that person's principal residence at the time of transfer; provided that the first subsequent tax year in which that person does not qualify for the head of household exemption on that property, a change of ownership shall be deemed to have occurred;
- (5) that confirms or corrects a previous transfer made by a document that was recorded in the real estate records of the county in which the real property is located;

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1	(6) for the purpose of quieting the title to
2	real property or resolving a disputed location of a real
3	property boundary;
4	(7) to a revocable trust by the transferor
5	with the transferor, the transferor's spouse or a child of the
6	transferor as beneficiary; or
7	(8) from a revocable trust described in
8	Paragraph (7) of this subsection back to the settlor or trustor
9	or to the beneficiaries of the trust.
10	F_{\bullet}] D. As used in this section, "solar energy
11	system installation" means an installation that is used to
12	provide space heat, hot water or electricity to the property in
13	which it is installed and is:
14	(1) an installation that uses solar panels
15	that are not also windows;
16	(2) a dark-colored water tank exposed to
17	sunlight; or
18	(3) a non-vented trombe wall."
19	SECTION 2. APPLICABILITY The provisions of this act
20	apply to property tax years beginning on or after January 1,
21	2016.
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