SENATE PUBLIC AFFAIRS COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL 347

53RD LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2017

AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH COVERAGE; ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE HEALTH
CARE PURCHASING ACT, THE NEW MEXICO INSURANCE CODE AND THE
HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION LAW TO PROVIDE COVERAGE FOR
CONTRACEPTION; ENACTING A NEW SECTION OF THE PUBLIC ASSISTANCE
ACT TO ESTABLISH DISPENSING REQUIREMENTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

SECTION 1. A new section of the Health Care Purchasing Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] COVERAGE FOR CONTRACEPTION. --

- A. Group health coverage, including any form of self-insurance, offered, issued or renewed under the Health Care Purchasing Act that provides coverage for prescription drugs shall provide, at a minimum, the following coverage:
 - (1) at least one product or form of

contraception in each of the contraceptive methods identified
by the federal food and drug administration;

(2) a sufficient number and assortment of or

- (2) a sufficient number and assortment of oral contraceptive pills to reflect the variety of oral contraceptives approved by the federal food and drug administration; and
- (3) clinical services related to the provision or use of contraception, including consultations, examinations, procedures, ultrasound, anesthesia, patient education, counseling, device insertion and removal, follow-up care and side-effects management.
- B. Except as provided in Subsection C of this section, the coverage required pursuant to this section shall not be subject to:
 - (1) enrollee cost-sharing;
 - (2) utilization review;
- (3) prior authorization or step therapy requirements; or
- (4) any other restrictions or delays on the coverage.
- C. A group health plan may discourage brand-name pharmacy items by applying cost-sharing to brand-name items when at least one generic or therapeutic equivalent is covered within the same method of contraception without patient cost-sharing; provided that when an enrollee's health care provider

determines that a particular item or service is medically necessary, the group health plan shall cover the brand-name pharmacy item without cost-sharing. For the purposes of this subsection, "medically necessary" includes a health care provider's consideration of the following:

- (1) severity of side effects;
- (2) duration of efficacy; and
- (3) other factors that the enrollee's health care provider deems relevant.
- D. A group health plan administrator shall grant an enrollee an expedited hearing to appeal any adverse determination made relating to the provisions of this section. The process for requesting an expedited hearing pursuant to this subsection shall:
- (1) be easily accessible, transparent, sufficiently expedient and not unduly burdensome on an enrollee, the enrollee's representative or the enrollee's health care provider;
- (2) defer to the determination of the enrollee's health care provider; and
- (3) provide for a determination of the claim according to a time frame and in a manner that takes into account the nature of the claim and the medical exigencies involved for a claim involving an urgent health care need.
- E. A group health plan shall provide coverage and
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shall reimburse a health care provider or dispensing entity on
a per-unit basis for dispensing a supply of contraceptives as
follows; provided that the contraceptives are prescribed and
self-administered:

- for the first fill of the contraceptive to (1) an enrollee, a three-month supply, as prescribed; and
- (2) for subsequent fills of the same contraceptive to the enrollee, regardless of whether the enrollee was enrolled in the group health plan at the time of the first fill for that contraceptive, a twelve-month supply, as prescribed.
 - F. Nothing in this section shall be construed to:
- (1) require a health care provider to prescribe twelve months of contraceptives at one time; or
- (2) permit a group health plan to limit coverage or impose cost-sharing for an alternate method of contraception if an enrollee changes contraceptive methods before exhausting a previously dispensed supply.
- The provisions of this section shall not apply to short-term travel, accident-only or limited or diseasespecific group health plans.
 - For the purposes of this section:
- "contraceptive methods identified by the (1) federal food and drug administration":
 - (a) means tubal ligation; sterilization

implant; copper intrauterine device; intrauterine device with progestin; implantable rod; contraceptive shot or injection; combined oral contraceptives; extended or continuous use oral contraceptives; progestin-only oral contraceptives; patch; vaginal ring; diaphragm with spermicide; sponge with spermicide; cervical cap with spermicide; male and female condoms; spermicide alone; vasectomy; ulipristal acetate; levonorgestrel emergency contraception; and any additional methods of contraception approved by the federal food and drug administration; and

- (b) does not mean a product that has been recalled for safety reasons or withdrawn from the market;
- (2) "cost-sharing" means a deductible, copayment or coinsurance that an enrollee is required to pay in accordance with the terms of a group health plan; and
- (3) "health care provider" means an individual licensed to provide health care in the ordinary course of business."
- **SECTION 2.** A new section of the Public Assistance Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] MEDICAL ASSISTANCE--REIMBURSEMENT FOR A
TWELVE-MONTH SUPPLY OF COVERED PRESCRIPTION CONTRACEPTIVE DRUGS
OR DEVICES.--

A. In providing coverage for family planning services and supplies under the medical assistance program, the .207697.1

department shall ensure that a recipient is permitted to fi	.11
or refill a prescription for a twelve-month supply of a	
covered, self-administered contraceptive at one time, as	
prescribed.	
D. Washing in this action shall be assessed to	

- B. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit a recipient's freedom to choose or change the method of family planning to be used, regardless of whether the recipient has exhausted a previously dispensed supply of contraceptives."
- SECTION 3. Section 59A-22-42 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2001, Chapter 14, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:
- "59A-22-42. COVERAGE FOR PRESCRIPTION CONTRACEPTIVE DRUGS
 OR DEVICES.--
- A. Each individual and group health insurance policy, health care plan and certificate of health insurance delivered or issued for delivery in this state that provides a prescription drug benefit shall provide [coverage for prescription contraceptive drugs or devices approved by the food and drug administration.
- B. Coverage for food and drug administrationapproved prescription contraceptive drugs or devices may be
 subject to deductibles and coinsurance consistent with those
 imposed on other benefits under the same policy, plan or
 certificate], at a minimum, the following coverage:
- (1) at least one product or form of contraception in each of the contraceptive methods identified .207697.1

-	by the rederal rood and drug administration;
2	(2) a sufficient number and assortment of oral
3	contraceptive pills to reflect the variety of oral
4	contraceptives approved by the federal food and drug
5	administration; and
6	(3) clinical services related to the provision
7	or use of contraception, including consultations, examinations,
8	procedures, ultrasound, anesthesia, patient education,
9	counseling, device insertion and removal, follow-up care and
10	side-effects management.
11	B. Except as provided in Subsection C of this
12	section, the coverage required pursuant to this section shall
13	not be subject to:
14	(1) cost-sharing for insureds;
15	(2) utilization review;
16	(3) prior authorization or step therapy
17	requirements; or
18	(4) any restrictions or delays on the
19	coverage.
20	C. An insurer may discourage brand-name pharmacy
21	items by applying cost-sharing to brand-name items when at
22	least one generic or therapeutic equivalent is covered within
23	the same method of contraception without cost-sharing by the
24	insured; provided that when an insured's health care provider

determines that a particular item or service is medically

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necessary, the health insurance policy, health care plan or
certificate of health insurance shall cover the brand-name
pharmacy item without cost-sharing. For the purposes of this
subsection, "medically necessary" includes a health care
provider's consideration of the following:

- (1) severity of side effects;
- (2) duration of efficacy; and
- (3) other factors that the insured's health care provider deems relevant.
- D. An insurer shall grant an insured an expedited hearing to appeal any adverse determination made relating to the provisions of this section. The process for requesting an expedited hearing pursuant to this subsection shall:
- (1) be easily accessible, transparent,
 sufficiently expedient and not unduly burdensome on an insured,
 the insured's representative or the insured's health care
 provider;
- (2) defer to the determination of the insured's health care provider; and
- (3) provide for a determination of the claim according to a time frame and in a manner that takes into account the nature of the claim and the medical exigencies involved for a claim involving an urgent health care need.
- E. A health insurance policy, health care plan or certificate of health insurance shall provide coverage and .207697.1

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shall reimburse a health care provider or dispensing entity on
a per-unit basis for dispensing a supply of contraceptives as
follows; provided that the contraceptives are prescribed and
self-administered:

- (1) for the first fill of the contraceptive to sured, a three-month supply, as prescribed; and
- (2) for subsequent fills of the same aceptive to the insured, regardless of whether the insured nrolled in coverage pursuant to the health insurance y, health care plan or certificate of insurance at the of the first fill for that contraceptive, a twelve-month y, as prescribed.
 - F. Nothing in this section shall be construed to:
- (1) require a health care provider to ribe twelve months of contraceptives at one time; or
- (2) permit a health insurance policy, health plan or certificate of health insurance to limit coverage pose cost-sharing for an alternate method of contraception insured changes contraceptive methods before exhausting a ously <u>dispensed supply.</u>
- [C.] G. The provisions of this section shall not to short-term travel, accident-only or limited or fied-disease policies.
 - H. For the purposes of this section:
 - (1) "contraceptive methods identified by the

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(a) means tubal ligation; sterilization
implant; copper intrauterine device; intrauterine device with
progestin; implantable rod; contraceptive shot or injection;
combined oral contraceptives; extended or continuous use oral
contraceptives; progestin-only oral contraceptives; patch;
vaginal ring; diaphragm with spermicide; sponge with
spermicide; cervical cap with spermicide; male and female
condoms; spermicide alone; vasectomy; ulipristal acetate;
levonorgestrel emergency contraception; and any additional
methods of contraception approved by the federal food and drug
administration; and

(b) does not mean a product that has been recalled for safety reasons or withdrawn from the market;

(2) "cost-sharing" means a deductible, copayment or coinsurance that an insured is required to pay in accordance with the terms of a health insurance policy, health care plan or certificate of health insurance; and

(3) "health care provider" means an individual licensed to provide health care in the ordinary course of business.

 $[rac{ extsf{D-1}}{ extsf{I.}}]$ A religious entity purchasing individual or group health insurance coverage may elect to exclude prescription contraceptive drugs or devices from the health coverage purchased."

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Chapter	14,	Section	on	3,	as	amended)	is	am	ended	to	rea	d:	

"59A-46-44. COVERAGE FOR PRESCRIPTION CONTRACEPTIVE DRUGS
OR DEVICES.--

A. Each individual and group health maintenance organization contract delivered or issued for delivery in this state that provides a prescription drug benefit shall provide [coverage for prescription contraceptive drugs or devices approved by the food and drug administration.

B. Coverage for food and drug administration—
approved prescription contraceptive drugs or devices may be
subject to deductibles and coinsurance consistent with those
imposed on other benefits under the same contract], at a
minimum, the following coverage:

(1) at least one product or form of contraception in each of the contraceptive methods identified by the federal food and drug administration;

(2) a sufficient number and assortment of oral contraceptive pills to reflect the variety of oral contraceptives approved by the federal food and drug administration; and

(3) clinical services related to the provision or use of contraception, including consultations, examinations, procedures, ultrasound, anesthesia, patient education, counseling, device insertion and removal, follow-up care and .207697.1

1	side-effects management.
2	B. Except as provided in Subsection C of this
3	section, the coverage required pursuant to this section shall
4	not be subject to:
5	(1) enrollee cost-sharing;
6	(2) utilization review;
7	(3) prior authorization or step therapy
8	requirements; or
9	(4) any restrictions or delays on the
10	coverage.
11	C. A health maintenance organization may discourage
12	brand-name pharmacy items by applying cost-sharing to brand-
13	name items when at least one generic or therapeutic equivalent
14	is covered within the same method of contraception without
15	enrollee cost-sharing; provided that when an enrollee's health
16	care provider determines that a particular item or service is
17	medically necessary, the health maintenance organization shall
18	cover the brand-name pharmacy item without cost-sharing. For
19	the purposes of this subsection, "medically necessary" includes
20	a health care provider's consideration of the following:
21	(1) severity of side effects;
22	(2) duration of efficacy; and
23	(3) other factors that the enrollee's health
24	care provider deems relevant.
25	D. A health maintenance organization shall grant an
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enrollee an expedited hearing to appeal any adverse
determination made relating to the provisions of this section.
The process for requesting an expedited hearing pursuant to
this subsection shall:

(1) be easily accessible, transparent, sufficiently expedient and not unduly burdensome on an enrollee, the enrollee's representative or the enrollee's health care provider;

(2) defer to the determination of the enrollee's health care provider; and

(3) provide for a determination of the claim according to a time frame and in a manner that takes into account the nature of the claim and the medical exigencies involved for a claim involving an urgent health care need.

E. A health maintenance organization contract shall provide coverage and shall reimburse a health care provider or dispensing entity on a per-unit basis for dispensing a supply of contraceptives as follows; provided that the contraceptives are prescribed and self-administered:

(1) for the first fill of the contraceptive to an enrollee, a three-month supply, as prescribed; and

(2) for subsequent fills of the same contraceptive to the enrollee, regardless of whether the enrollee was enrolled in health coverage pursuant to the health maintenance organization contract at the time of the first fill

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F. Nothing in this section shall be construed to:

(1) require a health care provider to prescribe twelve months of contraceptives at one time; or

(2) permit a health maintenance organization contract to limit coverage or impose cost-sharing for an alternate method of contraception if an enrollee changes contraceptive methods before exhausting a previously dispensed supply.

G. For the purposes of this section:

(1) "contraceptive methods identified by the federal food and drug administration":

(a) means tubal ligation; sterilization implant; copper intrauterine device; intrauterine device with progestin; implantable rod; contraceptive shot or injection; combined oral contraceptives; extended or continuous use oral contraceptives; progestin-only oral contraceptives; patch; vaginal ring; diaphragm with spermicide; sponge with spermicide; cervical cap with spermicide; male and female condoms; spermicide alone; vasectomy; ulipristal acetate; levonorgestrel emergency contraception; and any additional methods of contraception approved by the federal food and drug administration; and

(b) does not mean a product that has been recalled for safety reasons or withdrawn from the market; .207697.1

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(2) "cost-sharing" means a deductible,	
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accordance with the terms of a health maintenance organization	
contract; and	

(3) "health care provider" means an individual licensed to provide health care in the ordinary course of

[C.] $\underline{H.}$ A religious entity purchasing individual or group health maintenance organization coverage may elect to exclude prescription contraceptive drugs or devices from the health coverage purchased."

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