1	SENATE BILL 6
2	55TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2022
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Daniel A. Ivey-Soto and Georgene Louis and Crystal R. Diamond
5	and Greg Nibert and T. Ryan Lane
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO ELECTIONS; AMENDING THE ELECTION CODE; REMOVING
12	REFERENCES TO PUBLIC REGULATION COMMISSIONER AS AN ELECTED
13	OFFICE THROUGHOUT THE ELECTION CODE; CREATING THE VOTER
14	EDUCATION AND ELECTIONS TASK FORCE; SPECIFYING WHEN THE
15	INSPECTION OF PUBLIC RECORDS ACT APPLIES TO DISCLOSURES
16	PURSUANT TO THE ELECTION CODE; AMENDING AND ENACTING
17	DEFINITIONS; CREATING AN ELECTIONS SECURITY PROGRAM; REQUIRING
18	THE USE OF FORMS APPROVED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE; REQUIRING
19	SERVICE OF PROCESS ON THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR ELECTION-
20	RELATED LITIGATION; ADDRESSING QUALIFICATIONS OF ELECTION BOARD
21	MEMBERS; REVISING ELECTION BOARD AND MESSENGER COMPENSATION;
22	REQUIRING TRAINING FOR CHALLENGERS, WATCHERS AND ELECTION
23	OBSERVERS; REQUIRING VOTER CONVENIENCE CENTERS; PROVIDING FOR A
24	PROGRAM TO RECONCILE VOTER REGISTRATION LISTS; ALLOWING FOR AN
25	ELECTRONIC POLL BOOK ALTERNATIVE; ADJUSTING VOTER REGISTRATION
	.221175.6

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1 PROCESSING PROCEDURES; AMENDING REQUIREMENTS FOR REGISTRATION 2 AT VOTING LOCATION PRIOR TO VOTING; REVISING PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS FOR MAILED BALLOTS, ABSENTEE BALLOTS AND MILITARY-3 4 OVERSEAS BALLOTS; AMENDING THE INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE 5 SURVIVOR SUFFRAGE ACT; ADJUSTING TIME FRAMES TO FILL A VACANCY ON THE GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT; REINSTATING THE PRIMARY 6 7 ELECTION LAW SHORT TITLE ACT; AMENDING THE PRIMARY ELECTION 8 LAW; REVISING REQUIREMENTS FOR NOMINATIONS AND CANDIDATES; 9 ELIMINATING PRE-PRIMARY CONVENTION DESIGNATIONS; AMENDING 10 VOTING SYSTEMS REQUIREMENTS; ADDRESSING BALLOT PREPARATION; 11 ADDRESSING MAINTENANCE OF BALLOT BOXES AND MONITORED SECURED 12 CONTAINERS; CORRECTING AND PRESCRIBING THE ORDER OF OFFICES ON 13 BALLOTS; REQUIRING THE SENDING OF A NOTICE OF ELECTION; 14 REQUIRING THE CERTIFICATION OF VOTING MACHINES; AMENDING THE 15 ELECTION FUND; DIRECTING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF COUNTY ELECTION 16 FUNDS; ADDRESSING PROVISIONAL BALLOTS; ADDRESSING THE COUNTING 17 AND DISPOSITION OF PAPER BALLOTS; ADDRESSING POST-ELECTION 18 DUTIES; REVISING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE IMPOUNDMENT OF BALLOTS, 19 AUDITS AND RECOUNTS; AMENDING THE PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY ACT; 20 REVISING PROVISIONS RELATED TO FILLING A VACANCY IN THE OFFICE 21 OF UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE; REVISING TIME FRAMES FOR 22 REFERENDUM PETITIONS; AMENDING THE CAMPAIGN REPORTING ACT; 23 RECOMPILING A SECTION AUTHORIZING LEGISLATIVE CAUCUS COMMITTEES 24 INTO THE CAMPAIGN REPORTING ACT; AMENDING THE LEGISLATIVE 25 SESSION FUNDRAISING PROHIBITION; CONFORMING THE MEANINGS OF .221175.6

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1 UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF KEYS AND UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF ABSENTEE 2 BALLOT; AMENDING THE CRIME OF OBSTRUCTING THE POLLING PLACE; 3 AMENDING THE LOCAL ELECTION ACT: AMENDING THE LOBBYIST 4 REGULATION ACT; PROVIDING REQUIREMENTS FOR MUNICIPALITIES TO 5 HOLD ORGANIZATIONAL MEETINGS AFTER NEW TERMS BEGIN; AUTHORIZING 6 TAXPAYER INFORMATION TO BE REVEALED TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE 7 FOR PURPOSES OF MAINTAINING VOTER REGISTRATION RECORDS; 8 AMENDING THE CONFIDENTIAL SUBSTITUTE ADDRESS ACT; CONFORMING 9 PROVISIONS RELATING TO CERTAIN SPECIAL DISTRICTS TO THE LOCAL 10 ELECTION ACT: PROVIDING FOR THE ELECTION OF LOCAL PUBLIC BODIES 11 AT LARGE OR FROM DISTRICTS; REVISING ELECTION PROCEDURES AND 12 BOARD OF DIRECTORS REQUIREMENTS FOR ARTESIAN CONSERVANCY 13 DISTRICTS, CONSERVANCY DISTRICTS AND SOIL AND WATER 14 CONSERVATION DISTRICTS; AMENDING THE CONSERVANCY ACT OF NEW 15 MEXICO; AMENDING THE CONSERVANCY DISTRICT-RECLAMATION CONTRACT 16 ACT; AMENDING THE WATERSHED DISTRICT ACT; REPEALING THE PUBLIC 17 POLICY REGARDING COMMUNISM; MAKING CONFORMING AND TECHNICAL 18 CHANGES; MAKING AN APPROPRIATION; AMENDING, REPEALING, ENACTING 19 AND RECOMPILING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978; REPEALING SESSION 20 LAWS; DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO: SECTION 1. A new section of Chapter 1, Article 1 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"[<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] REAL-TIME SYNCHRONIZATION.--As used in the .221175.6 - 3 -

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Election Code, "real-time synchronization" means that the internet connection at a voting location is able to synchronize voting data with the office of the county clerk in real time."

A new Section 1-1-3.4 NMSA 1978 is enacted to SECTION 2. read:

[NEW MATERIAL] ELECTION-RELATED ORGANIZATION--"1-1-3.4. 7 REGISTRATION REQUIRED. -- An election-related organization shall 8 register with the secretary of state at least seventy days 9 before a regularly scheduled statewide election or forty-two 10 days before a special election or an election to fill a vacancy 11 in the United States house of representatives."

Section 1-1-5.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, SECTION 3. Chapter 356, Section 9, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-1-5.2. DEFINITION OF A VOTE--MACHINE-TABULATED--HAND-TALLIED--WRITE-IN.--

Α. For a [paper ballot] candidate contest or ballot question that is machine-tabulated on a vote tabulation system certified for use in this state, a vote shall be counted if the:

voter's selection of a candidate or answer (1) to a ballot question is indicated in the voting response area of the paper ballot; and

(2) ballot is marked in accordance with the instructions for that ballot type.

For a [paper ballot] candidate contest or ballot Β. .221175.6

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1 question that is hand-tallied, a vote shall be counted if: 2 (1)the ballot is marked in accordance with 3 the instructions for that ballot type; 4 (2) the preferred candidate's name or answer to a ballot question is circled; 5 6 (3) there is a distinct marking, such as a 7 cross or check, within the voting response area for the preferred candidate or answer to a ballot question; or 8 9 the presiding judge and election judges (4) 10 hand-tallying the ballot unanimously agree that the voter's 11 intent is clearly discernable. 12 C. For a [paper ballot that is machine-tabulated or 13 hand-tallied and that contains] candidate contest in which 14 there is a declared write-in candidate and a write-in vote is 15 cast, the write-in vote shall be counted if the name is: 16 the name of a declared write-in candidate (1)17 for that office and position and is on the proper line provided 18 for a write-in vote for that office and position; and 19 (2) written as first and last name; first 20 name, middle name or initial and last name; one or two initials 21 and last name; or last name alone if there is no other declared 22 write-in candidate for the office or position that is the same 23 or so similar as to tend to confuse the candidates' identities; 24 provided that: 25 (a) when the presiding judge and .221175.6

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election judges reviewing the write-in vote unanimously agree that the voter's intent is clearly discernable, an abbreviation, misspelling or other minor variation in the form of the name of a declared write-in candidate shall be accepted as a valid vote; and

(b) as used in this subsection, "writein" and "written" do not include the imprinting of any name by stamp or similar method or device or the use of a stencil or a preprinted sticker or label."

SECTION 4. Section 1-1-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 16, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-1-16. REGISTRATION OFFICER.--As used in the Election Code, "registration officer" means the secretary of state, a county clerk, [or] a clerk's authorized deputy, a <u>clerk-</u> <u>authorized</u> member of [the] <u>an election</u> board [of registration] or a state employee performing registration duties in accordance with the federal National Voter Registration Act of 1993 or Section 1-4-5.2 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 5. A new Section 1-1-27 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"1-1-27. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] PUBLIC RECORDS--DISCLOSURE--PROCEDURE.--

A. Where the Election Code provides for disclosure or nondisclosure of public records relating to elections, the provisions of the Election Code shall apply, and the provisions .221175.6 - 6 -

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of the Inspection of Public Records Act shall not be applicable to the disclosure or nondisclosure.

B. For any public records relating to elections where the Election Code does not provide for disclosure or nondisclosure of the public records, the provisions of the Inspection of Public Records Act shall apply."

SECTION 6. A new section of Chapter 1, Article 2 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

9 "[<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] ELECTIONS SECURITY PROGRAM--GENERAL
 10 RESPONSIBILITIES.--

A. The secretary of state shall maintain an elections security program within the bureau of elections. The program shall have the general responsibility of advising the secretary of state, county clerks and the voting system certification committee regarding voting system and cybersecurity requirements and ensuring their implementation and shall be the primary liaison working with federal oversight and intelligence agencies regarding elections-critical infrastructure.

B. The elections security program may conduct assessments, inspections and incident response in relation to networks and equipment deemed to be elections-critical infrastructure, both at the state and county levels.

C. The elections security program shall monitor the functionality of voting systems certified for use in the state .221175.6

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to ensure compliance with the security requirements provided for in Chapter 1, Article 9 NMSA 1978 and administrative rules adopted pursuant to that article.

D. Documents and communications related to election security or that could put elections-critical infrastructure at risk are exempt from disclosure.

E. As used in this section, "elections-critical infrastructure" means those assets, systems and networks, whether physical or virtual, that are considered so vital to elections in this state that their infiltration, incapacitation or destruction would have a debilitating effect on the administration of elections, the secrecy of the ballot and the efficient reporting of accurate results for any election conducted pursuant to the Election Code."

SECTION 7. Section 1-2-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 22, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-2-1. SECRETARY OF STATE--CHIEF ELECTION OFFICER--RULES.--

A. The secretary of state is the chief election officer of the state.

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B. The secretary of state shall:

(1) obtain and maintain uniformity in the application, operation and interpretation of the Election Code; and

(2) subject to the State Rules Act, make rules.221175.6

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pursuant to the provisions of, and necessary to carry out the purposes of, the Election Code and shall furnish to the county clerks copies of such rules; provided that no rule is adopted or amended within the sixty-three days before a primary or a general election.

6 C. No forms or procedures shall be used in any
7 election held pursuant to the Election Code without prior
8 approval of the secretary of state. If a form is authorized or
9 required by the Election Code and issued or approved by the
10 secretary of state, only the form issued or approved by the
11 secretary may be used."

SECTION 8. A new Section 1-2-1.2 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"1-2-1.2. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] SECRETARY OF STATE--SERVICE OF PROCESS--ACTIONS RELATED TO ELECTIONS.--For the purposes of any action filed in court challenging a procedure or provision of the Election Code, a petition or a candidacy or a post-election action initiated by any person, the secretary of state shall receive service of process, regardless of whether the secretary of state is a party to the action."

SECTION 9. Section 1-2-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 29, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-2-7. ELECTION BOARD--QUALIFICATION OF MEMBERS--QUALIFICATION OF PRESIDING JUDGES--QUALIFICATION OF [MINORS] QUALIFIED RESIDENTS.--

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1 In order to qualify for appointment by the Α. 2 county clerk as a member of the election board, a person shall: 3 (1) be a voter of the county in which the 4 person is appointed to serve; 5 be able to read and write; (2)6 (3) have the necessary capacity to carry out 7 an election board member's functions with acceptable skill and 8 dispatch; and 9 (4) execute the election board member's oath 10 of office. 11 Β. Before serving as a presiding judge of an 12 election board, a person shall receive training in the duties of that position [and be certified for the position] by the 13 14 county clerk. 15 No person shall be qualified for appointment or C. 16 service on an election board: 17 (1) who is a candidate to be voted for at the 18 election; 19 (2) who is a spouse, <u>domestic partner</u>, parent, 20 child, brother or sister of any candidate to be voted for at 21 the election; 22 (3) who is married to a parent, child, brother 23 or sister of any candidate to be voted for at the election or 24 who is the parent of the spouse or domestic partner of any 25 candidate to be voted for at the election; or .221175.6 - 10 -

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1 (4) who is a sheriff, deputy sheriff, marshal, deputy marshal or state or municipal police officer. 2 3 D. A county clerk may appoint [not more than two minors] qualified residents to serve on an election board under 4 the direct supervision of the presiding judge. A [minor] 5 qualified resident appointed by the county clerk shall: 6 7 (1) meet the qualifications set forth in Paragraphs (2) through (4) of Subsection A of this section 8 9 [except the minor need not be eligible to vote]; 10 (2) be registered to vote; and 11 [(2)] (3) be sixteen or seventeen years of age 12 at the time of the election in which the [minor] qualified 13 resident is serving as a member of an election board 14 (3) be a citizen at the time of the election 15 for which the minor will be serving as a member of an election 16 board; 17 (4) have the approval of the minor's parent or 18 legal guardian, unless the minor is emancipated; 19 (5) attend at least one school of instruction 20 in accordance with the provisions of Section 1-2-17 NMSA 1978; 21 and 22 (6) be appointed to an election board in the 23 county in which the minor's parent or legal guardian resides, 24 in accordance with the provisions of Section 1-2-11 NMSA 1978]. 25 Ε. A [minor] qualified resident appointed to an .221175.6 - 11 -

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1 election board shall not serve as the presiding judge or as an 2 election judge." 3 SECTION 10. Section 1-2-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 4 Chapter 240, Section 32, as amended) is amended to read: 5 "1-2-12. ELECTION BOARD--POSITIONS ON EACH BOARD.--6 Α. Each election board shall consist of: 7 a presiding judge; (1) 8 two election judges; and (2) election clerks who are appointed to 9 (3) 10 assist the presiding judge and election judges. 11 Β. The county clerk shall appoint presiding judges 12 and election judges so that not more than two of the three 13 judges belong to the same political party at the time of their 14 appointment; provided that: 15 a judge of an election board shall not (1) 16 have changed party registration in the two years next preceding 17 the judge's appointment in such a manner that the judge's prior 18 party registration would make the judge ineligible to serve on 19 the assigned election board; and 20 (2) a judge of an election board shall not 21 continue to serve on an election board if the judge changes 22 party registration after the date of appointment in such a 23 manner to make the judge ineligible to serve on the assigned 24 election board. 25 C. The county clerk may appoint teams of [presiding .221175.6

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1 judges and] election judges under the supervision of one or 2 more presiding judges for [alternate voting locations] absent 3 voter precincts, recounts and special elections; provided that 4 each team shall consist of two election judges and that each 5 election judge on a team [meets the requirements of Subsection B of this section] shall not belong to the same political party 6 7 as any other election judge on the team at the time of the 8 appointment; and provided further that an election judge shall 9 not have changed party registration in the two years next 10 preceding the judge's <u>appointment in such manner that the</u> 11 judge's prior party registration would make the judge 12 ineligible to serve on the assigned team.

D. The county clerk may appoint election clerks to [the] an election board as necessary to assist the presiding judge and election judges if the county clerk determines that additional election board members are needed.

E. County clerk employees may be assigned by the county clerk to provide support to an election board or polling location."

SECTION 11. Section 1-2-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 36, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-2-16. ELECTION BOARD--MESSENGERS--COMPENSATION.--

A. Members of an election board <u>and messengers</u> shall be compensated for their services at <u>an hourly rate set</u> by the secretary of state; provided that the rate [of] <u>in each</u> .221175.6

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1 county shall not be less than twice the [federal] minimum 2 hourly wage rate [nor more than two hundred dollars (\$200) for an election day] set by federal or state law or by the laws of 3 4 the county or of the municipality in which the county seat is situated, whichever is highest; and provided further that the 5 rate may differentiate among the presiding judge, election 6 7 judges, election clerks and messengers. Election board members 8 and messengers shall be paid for training and may additionally 9 be paid mileage as provided in the Per Diem and Mileage Act 10 each way over the usually traveled route when an election board 11 member or messenger travels by private vehicle. 12 [B. Members of an election board assigned to alternate voting or alternate mobile voting locations or absent 13

voter precincts may be compensated at an hourly rate set by the county clerk.

C.] <u>B.</u> Compensation shall be paid <u>by the secretary</u> of state within thirty days following the date of election.

C. The secretary of state shall determine if payment is made to each county through a direct payment process to election board members and messengers or by means of a grant or reimbursement to the county election fund.

D. For purposes of determining eligibility for membership in the public employees retirement association and pursuant to the provisions of Subsection B of Section 10-11-3 NMSA 1978, election board members <u>and messengers</u> are designated .221175.6

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as seasonal employees."

SECTION 12. Section 1-2-20 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 2 Chapter 240, Section 39, as amended) is amended to read: 3 4 "1-2-20. MESSENGERS--[COMPENSATION] APPOINTMENT.--The county clerk may appoint messengers to 5 Α. deliver ballot boxes, poll books, keys, election supplies and 6 7 other materials pertaining to the election. Messengers may 8 also be authorized to collect [absentee] mailed ballots from 9 polling places or secured containers and removable media 10 storage devices from polling places and deliver [them] each to 11 locations designated by the county clerk. 12 [B. Messengers may be compensated at the same daily 13 or hourly rate as provided for election board members or at a 14 rate established by the county clerk. Messengers may be paid 15 mileage as provided in the Per Diem and Mileage Act each way 16 over the usually traveled route when the messenger travels by 17 private vehicle. The compensation and mileage shall be paid 18 within thirty days following the date of election. 19 C.] B. Messengers shall take an oath of office 20 before entering into service as a messenger. Messengers may be 21 appointed to serve solely in that capacity or may be election 22 board members or county employees also appointed to serve as 23 messengers." 24 SECTION 13. Section 1-2-22 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 25 Chapter 240, Section 41, as amended) is amended to read: .221175.6

1 "1-2-22. CHALLENGERS, WATCHERS AND ELECTION OBSERVERS--2 TRAINING--QUALIFICATIONS--RESTRICTIONS.--[Challengers and watchers shall be voters of a precinct located in that county 3 4 to which they are appointed. No] 5 A. Before accepting an appointment or entering into 6 service as a challenger or watcher for an election, a person 7 shall attend a training session in advance of that election. 8 The training shall be provided by the county clerk based on a 9 uniform curriculum provided by the secretary of state. The 10 county clerk shall offer the training between thirty-six and twenty-nine days before the election and at least once per week 11 12 prior to the election through the Thursday before election day. 13 At the end of the training session, each person in attendance 14 shall sign a form provided by the secretary of state indicating 15 an understanding of the permitted and prohibited activities by 16 challengers and watchers. The county clerk shall provide a 17 certificate to each person who completes the training in 18 advance of an election and shall keep and maintain in the 19 office of the county clerk a list of those voters who have 20 completed the training in advance of each election. The list 21 shall be available to be viewed in the office of the county 22 clerk at any time during the regular hours and days of business 23 beginning with the first day following the first training for 24 an election and concluding with the adjournment of the state or 25 county canvass board for that election, whichever is later. .221175.6

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1 The training shall be open to any interested person, and the 2 county clerk shall post notice of each training at least four days before the training is to be held. 3 4 B. Challengers shall be voters of a precinct 5 located in the county to which the challenger is appointed. 6 Watchers shall be voters of a precinct in this state. 7 C. A person shall not be qualified for appointment or service as a challenger, watcher or election observer if the 8 9 person: 10 [A. who] (1) is a candidate for any office to be voted for at the election; 11 12 [B. who] (2) is a spouse, domestic partner, 13 parent, child, brother or sister of any candidate to be voted 14 for at the election; 15 [C. who] (3) is married to a parent, child, 16 brother or sister of any candidate to be voted for at the 17 election or [who] is the parent of the spouse or domestic 18 partner of any candidate to be voted for at the election; [or 19 D. who] (4) is a sheriff, deputy sheriff, 20 marshal, deputy marshal or state or municipal police officer; 21 (5) has accepted an appointment to serve as an 22 election board member in the same election; 23 (6) has been removed from service as a 24 challenger, watcher, election observer or county canvass 25 observer in the current or immediately preceding election cycle .221175.6

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1	by unanimous vote of the presiding judge and election judges of
2	an election board for violating the permitted or prohibited
3	activities of challengers, watchers, election observers or
4	county canvass observers; provided that the election board
5	detailed with specificity the conduct that led to the violation
6	on a form prescribed by the secretary of state and the form is
7	retained by the county clerk; or
8	(7) has not completed the training and
9	received a certificate from the county clerk pursuant to
10	Subsection A of this section."
11	SECTION 14. Section 1-2-25 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
12	Chapter 240, Section 44, as amended) is amended to read:
13	"1-2-25. CHALLENGERS, WATCHERS, COUNTY CANVASS
14	OBSERVERSPERMITTED AND PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES
15	A. Challengers, watchers and county canvass
16	observers shall:
17	(1) not be permitted to perform any duty of an
18	election board member;
19	(2) not handle the ballots, signature rosters,
20	checklist of voters or voting machines or take any part in the
21	counting or tallying of the ballots or the county canvass;
22	(3) not be allowed to view a voter's full date
23	of birth or any portion of the voter's social security number;
24	(4) not interfere with the orderly conduct of
25	the election, the counting or tallying of the ballots or the
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1 county canvass;

-	councy canvass,
2	(5) not be allowed to photograph ballots or
3	protected information of any voter and shall not be allowed to
4	make any audio or video recording in a polling place;
5	(6) be allowed to be within sufficient sight
6	and sound of an election board for a reasonable person to see
7	and hear the election board in the conduct of the board's
8	<u>duties;</u>
9	(7) be permitted to speak with the presiding
10	judge or an election judge designated by the presiding judge to
11	ask a question or to advise of a potential breach of the
12	Election Code; provided that doing so does not interfere with
13	the orderly conduct of the election; and in the case of a
14	challenger, to interpose a challenge;
15	[(5)] <u>(8)</u> be allowed in the room in which the
16	voting is being conducted at a polling location; provided that
17	at any given time, each political party, candidate or election-
18	related organization may have no more than one person present;
19	and
20	[(6)] <u>(9)</u> be allowed in the room in which the
21	absent voter election board, the recount election board or the
22	election board for a special election conducts its business or,
23	in the case of county canvass observers, in which the county
24	canvass is conducted; provided that each political party,
25	candidate or election-related organization shall have no more
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1 than: 2 (a) two persons present at any given 3 time in counties with more than ten thousand registered voters; 4 (b) four persons present at any given 5 time in counties with more than fifty thousand registered voters; or 6 7 fifteen persons present at any given (c) time in counties with more than one hundred fifty thousand 8 9 registered voters. 10 Subject to permission granted by the county Β. 11 clerk, additional challengers may be present in the room in 12 which the absent voter election board, the recount election 13 board or the election board for a special election conducts its 14 business in a partisan election; provided that the number of 15 additional challengers allowed pursuant to this subsection is 16 identical for each political party participating in the 17 election." 18 SECTION 15. Section 1-3-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, 19 Chapter 255, Section 30, as amended) is amended to read: 20 "1-3-4. CONSOLIDATION OF PRECINCTS--VOTER CONVENIENCE 21 CENTERS . --22 The board of county commissioners [may permit Α. 23 voters in the county to cast ballots in statewide elections at] 24 shall establish voter convenience centers through the use of 25 consolidated precincts [authorized pursuant to this section] .221175.6 - 20 -

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1 for voting in a statewide election. 2 Β. When precincts are consolidated and voter convenience centers are established for statewide elections: 3 4 (1) the resolution required by Section 1-3-2 5 NMSA 1978, in addition to the other matters required by law, shall state therein which precincts have been consolidated and 6 7 the location of the voter convenience center within that 8 consolidated precinct; 9 (2) any voter of the county shall be allowed 10 to vote on a regular ballot at any voter convenience center in 11 the county; 12 (3) each voter convenience center shall be a 13 consolidated precinct composed of no more than ten precincts; 14 (4) each voter convenience center shall comply 15 with the provisions of Section 1-3-7 NMSA 1978; 16 each voter convenience center shall have a (5)17 broadband internet connection and real-time synchronization to 18 access [to] the voter registration electronic management 19 system; 20 the county clerk may maintain any (6) 21 alternate voting locations or mobile alternate voting locations 22 previously used in the same election open for voting on 23 election day as a voter convenience center, in addition to the 24 voter convenience center established within each consolidated 25 precinct; provided that the locations otherwise meet the

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requirements of a voter convenience center; and

2 the board of county commissioners may (7) 3 permit certain precincts to be exempted from operating as a 4 voter convenience center or being a part of a consolidated precinct [provided that] if the precinct is [not] designated as 5 6 a mail ballot election precinct pursuant to Section 1-6-22.1 7 NMSA 1978 [and the polling place for that precinct does not have real-time access to the voter registration electronic 8 9 management system, voters registered in a precinct as described 10 in this paragraph are permitted to vote at any voter 11 convenience center on election day only by use of a provisional 12 paper ballot, which shall be counted after the county clerk confirms that the voter did not also vote in the same election 13 14 on any other ballot].

C. Unless the county clerk receives a written waiver from the secretary of state specifying the location and specific provision being waived, each voter convenience center shall:

have ballots available for voters from (1)every precinct authorized to vote at that voter convenience center;

have at least one optical scan tabulator (2) programmed to read every ballot style able to be cast at that voter convenience center:

have at least one voting system available (3)

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1 to assist disabled voters to cast and record their votes; 2 have sufficient spaces for at least five (4) 3 voters to simultaneously and privately mark their ballots, with at least one of those spaces wheelchair-accessible; 4 (5) have sufficient check-in stations to 5 6 accommodate voters throughout the day as provided in Section 7 1-9-5 NMSA 1978; 8 (6) have a secure area for storage of 9 preprinted ballots or for storage of paper ballot stock and a 10 system designed to print ballots [at a polling location]; 11 (7) issue a ballot to voters who have provided 12 the required voter identification after the voter has signed a signature roster or an electronic equivalent approved by the 13 14 voting system certification committee or after the voter has 15 subscribed an application to vote on a form approved by the 16 secretary of state; and 17 (8) be in a location that is accessible and 18 compliant with the requirements of the federal Americans with 19 Disabilities Act of 1990. 20 [D. As a prerequisite to consolidation, the 21 authorizing resolution must find that consolidation will make 22 voting more convenient and accessible to voters of the 23 consolidated precinct and will not result in delays for voters 24 in the voting process and that the voter convenience center 25 will be centrally located within the consolidated precinct. .221175.6

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2 to input received from any local public body in the county 3 4 5 to read: "1-3-13.1. 6 7 8 Α. 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 = delete 17 underscored material = new 18 Β. 19 bracketed material] 20 21 22 23 24 25

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[NEW MATERIAL] LOCAL PUBLIC BODIES--RESIDENCE IN DISTRICTS--ELECTION AT LARGE.--Every political subdivision of the state with an elected governing body and a population of: (1) ten thousand residents or more according to the most recent federal decennial census shall be districted into as many single-member districts as there are board members to be elected; and fewer than ten thousand residents (2) according to the most recent federal decennial census may be districted into as many single-member districts as there are board members to be elected. Members of elected governing bodies of a political subdivision of the state with a population of ten thousand residents or more according to the most recent federal decennial census shall be elected from districts by the voters of the district and shall be a resident of the districted area from which the member is elected. If a member permanently removes residence from or maintains no residence in the districted area from which the person was elected, or to which

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regarding the location of voter convenience centers.]" SECTION 16. A new Section 1-3-13.1 NMSA 1978 is enacted

The board of county commissioners shall give due consideration

the person was appointed in the case of an appointment, the member shall be deemed to have resigned.

C. Members of elected governing bodies of a political subdivision of the state with a population of fewer than ten thousand residents according to the most recent federal decennial census are not required to be districted, and if not districted, the members may reside at any location within the political subdivision and be elected at large by the voters of the political subdivision. If the political subdivision is districted, the members shall be elected at large by the voters of the political subdivision but shall be a resident of the districted area for which the member is elected. If the political subdivision is districted, a member who permanently removes residence from or maintains no residence in the districted area from which the person was elected, or to which the person was appointed in the case of an appointment, the member shall be deemed to have resigned.

D. Members of the elected governing body of an H class county are not required to be districted and, if not districted, may reside at any location within the county and be elected at large by the voters of the county. If an H class county is districted, the members may be elected at large by the voters of the political subdivision but shall be residents of the districted area for which the members are elected, or may be elected from each district by the voters of the district .221175.6

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1 and shall be residents of the districted area from which the 2 members are elected. If an H class county is districted, a 3 member who permanently removes residence from or maintains no 4 residence in the districted area from which the person was 5 elected, or to which the person was appointed in the case of an appointment, the member shall be deemed to have resigned. 6 7 When a new districting or redistricting plan is Ε. adopted by a political subdivision of the state: 8 9 the new districting plan is effective (1)10 following the expiration of the term of office for each seat on 11 the governing body; 12 (2) a person serving as a member of the 13 governing body when a new districting plan is adopted shall 14 continue to serve the area the person was elected to represent 15 for the remainder of the term of office for which the person 16 was elected, or in the case of an appointee, to represent the 17 area the person was appointed to represent until the next 18 election at which the position is subject to election; and 19 (3) where the terms of office of the elected 20 governing body of a political subdivision of the state are 21 staggered, a person serving as a member of the governing body 22 who, at the time a new districting or redistricting plan is 23 adopted, has more than two years remaining in the term of 24 office to which the person was elected, but where the plan 25 places the person's residence into a districted area for which .221175.6

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the next election for the new district is less than two years away, the person may be a candidate in the new district and if elected, upon being sworn in, shall be deemed to have resigned from the old district seat, creating a vacancy subject to appointment pursuant to the laws applicable to that political subdivision of the state.

7 The provisions of this section shall not apply F. 8 to mayors of municipalities with a population of ten thousand 9 residents or more according to the most recent federal 10 decennial census. Any municipal governing body of more than 11 six members may provide by ordinance for the election of two 12 members for each districted area of the municipality from which 13 members are to be elected; provided that only one governing 14 body member shall be elected from a districted area at any one 15 election.

G. The provisions of this section are to be carried out once per decade following each federal decennial census and as provided in Section 1-3-13 NMSA 1978. After concluding the redistricting, each political subdivision in the state shall provide to the county clerk of the county in which the administrative office of the subdivision is situate and to the secretary of state updated street file maps in a format provided for by the secretary of state."

SECTION 17. Section 1-4-1.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2015, Chapter 145, Section 19, as amended) is amended to read: .221175.6 - 27 -

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"1-4-1.1. AUTHORIZATION TO VERIFY VOTER REGISTRATION INFORMATION--INVESTIGATION AND RECONCILIATION.--

A. The secretary of state may:

(1) provide to the chief election officer of another state or a consortium of chief election officers of other states information that is requested, including social security numbers, dates of birth, driver's licenses and identification card numbers and other information that the secretary of state deems necessary for the chief election officer of that state or for the consortium to maintain a voter registration list, if the secretary of state is satisfied that the information provided pursuant to this paragraph will be used only for the maintenance of that voter registration list; and

(2) request from the chief election officer of another state or a consortium of chief election officers of other states information that the secretary of state deems necessary to maintain the statewide voter registration list.

B. The secretary of state may enter into a written agreement with an agency or political subdivision of this state or with a department of the federal government pursuant to which the state agency, political subdivision or federal department shall provide to the secretary of state information that is in the possession of the state agency, political subdivision or federal department and that the secretary of .221175.6

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1 state deems necessary to maintain the statewide voter 2 registration list.

3 C. The secretary of state shall enter into a 4 written agreement with the secretary of taxation and revenue to 5 match information in the database of the voter registration 6 electronic management system with information in the database 7 of the motor vehicle division of the taxation and revenue 8 department to the extent required to enable each official to 9 verify the accuracy of the information provided on applications 10 for voter registration. Upon the execution of the written 11 agreement, the secretary of taxation and revenue shall enter 12 into an agreement with the federal commissioner of social 13 security pursuant to [42 U.S.C. Section 15483 (now] 52 U.S.C. 14 Section [21083)] 21083, for the purpose of verifying applicable 15 information.

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D. The secretary of state shall provide to the appropriate county clerk in this state and to no other person necessary information or documentation received by the secretary of state from or through an agency or political subdivision of this state, a federal department, the chief election officer of another state or a consortium of chief election officers of other states that calls into question the information provided on a certificate of registration; that raises questions regarding the status of a person registered to vote in this state; or that suggests that a voter may have .221175.6

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voted in two states during the same election. The county clerk
 shall [only] not disclose information received from the
 secretary of state pursuant to this subsection except as
 <u>necessary</u> to complete an investigation pursuant to this
 section. [E.] The county clerk shall investigate or reconcile
 the information received from the secretary of state.

E. The secretary of state shall develop [and maintain a manual for county clerks that describes] a general program that is uniform and nondiscriminatory for county clerks to investigate and reconcile the information received from the secretary of state and to identify voters who may be eligible for cancellation from the statewide voter registration list. The general program shall describe the best practices [in] and requirements for investigating and reconciling information that is derived from comparisons of different databases, including safeguards to ensure that eligible voters are not removed in error from the official list of voters, and provide a procedure to:

(1) cancel certificates of registration for

(b) confirmed to be on the social

voters:

(a) confirmed to have voted in another state requiring residence in that state if previous to the outof-state vote, the voter was registered to vote in this state; or

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1	security master death index file; and
2	(2) identify voters who have obtained a
3	driver's license or identification card in another state
4	requiring residence in that state or voters who have taken
5	other action as reasonably recognized to establish residence in
6	another state; provided that voters identified pursuant to this
7	paragraph shall be included among the voters identified
8	pursuant to Section 1-4-28 NMSA 1978 and processed in
9	accordance with the procedures of that section."
10	SECTION 18. Section 1-4-5.7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019,
11	Chapter 67, Section 1, as amended) is repealed and a new
12	Section 1-4-5.7 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:
13	"1-4-5.7. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] REGISTRATION AT VOTING LOCATION
14	PRIOR TO VOTING
15	A. In addition to the provisions in Section 1-4-8
16	NMSA 1978 providing for the closing of registration prior to an
17	election, a qualified elector seeking to register to vote or
18	update an existing certificate of registration in the state
19	shall be allowed to do so at a voting location immediately
20	before voting in that election after signing an affidavit under
21	oath that the elector has not voted in the election in this
22	state or elsewhere and as further provided in this section.
23	B. During a statewide election, a qualified elector
24	may register to vote or update an existing certificate of
25	registration at the county clerk's office or any early or

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election day voting location; provided that the secretary of state shall establish procedures to ensure that a registration officer has an opportunity to review the information of a qualified elector who registers to vote or updates an existing certificate of registration immediately before the qualified elector votes.

C. A voter whose political party affiliation on the voter's certificate of registration is with a major political party shall not be allowed to change party affiliation when updating an existing certificate of registration or registering to vote at a voting location immediately before voting in a primary election.

D. During a special election, a qualified elector may register to vote or update an existing certificate of registration at the county clerk's office during the regular hours and days of business beginning on the twenty-eighth day preceding the election until 7:00 p.m. on election day; provided that the county clerk shall provide the voter with a ballot and balloting materials immediately after the qualified elector registers to vote or updates the existing certificate of registration.

E. A qualified elector seeking to register to vote or update an existing certificate of registration pursuant to this section shall provide a physical form of identification that is issued by a government, including a federally .221175.6

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1 recognized Indian nation, tribe or pueblo, or an educational 2 institution and that: 3 (1) contains the name of the qualified 4 elector, which shall reasonably match the name provided on the 5 certificate of registration; 6 (2) contains a photograph of the qualified 7 elector, which shall resemble the qualified elector; 8 need not contain an expiration date, and (3) 9 if it does, the expiration date is not required to be a date on 10 or after the date of the election; and 11 (4) shall either: 12 (a) contain an address that matches the 13 address provided for the certificate of registration; or 14 (b) be accompanied by an original or 15 copy of a utility bill, bank statement, government check, 16 paycheck or other document issued by an educational institution 17 or government, including a document issued by a federally 18 recognized Indian nation, tribe or pueblo, dated within the 19 ninety days prior to the qualified elector registering to vote 20 or updating an existing certificate of registration and that 21 contains an address that matches the address provided for the 22 certificate of registration. 23 If a voting location does not have real-time F. 24 synchronization with the voting data at the office of the 25 county clerk, a voter desiring to update an existing

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SECTION 19. Section 1-4-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 66, as amended) is amended to read:

9 "1-4-8. DUTIES OF COUNTY CLERK--ACCEPTANCE OF 10 REGISTRATION--CLOSE OF REGISTRATION--LATE REGISTRATION.--Except for qualified electors who register to vote or update a 11 12 certificate of registration at a voting location prior to 13 voting pursuant to Section 1-4-5.7 NMSA 1978, for qualified 14 electors seeking to register to vote or update an existing 15 voter registration in the state, the following provisions shall 16 apply:

A. to participate in an election, the deadline to register to vote or update an existing voter registration is twenty-eight days prior to that election;

B. the county clerk shall receive certificates of registration at all times during normal working hours, except that the clerk shall not process any certificate of registration subscribed and sworn beginning the first business day after the deadline to register to vote or update an existing voter registration before an election if the .221175.6

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1 residential address on the certificate of registration 2 indicates that the registration is for a: statewide election, within the county; or 3 (1)4 (2) special election, within any precinct in 5 the county in which votes may be cast in the special election; between the deadline to register to vote or 6 C. 7 update an existing voter registration through the day of the election, the county clerk shall process all: 8 9 new voter registrations that meet the (1)10 requirements of this section; 11 (2) updates to existing voter registrations in 12 this state that meet the requirements of this section; provided 13 that an update to an existing registration in this state shall 14 not be processed if the voter has requested or been sent a 15 ballot in the election, unless the voter executes an affidavit 16 stating that the voter has not and will not vote the ballot 17 that was issued and the ballot register does not show that a 18 ballot from the voter has been cast in the election; and 19 (3) pending cancellations of existing voter 20 registrations in this state through the day of the election; 21 provided that a cancellation of an existing voter registration 22 shall not be processed if the voter has requested or been sent 23 a ballot in the election; 24 D. certificates of registration and cancellations 25 of existing voter registrations not processed pursuant to

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Subsection B or C of this section [shall] may be processed 1 2 beginning [thirty-five days after] the Monday following an 3 election and shall be processed beginning no later than the 4 first business day after the approval of the county canvass report for that election, at which time a voter information 5 document shall be mailed to the registrant at the address shown 6 7 on the certificate of registration; provided that if there is a 8 subsequent election scheduled at which a qualified elector or 9 voter would be eligible to vote if the certificate of 10 registration were processed on an earlier date, the certificate 11 of registration for that qualified elector or voter shall be 12 processed by the county clerk on a day and in a manner to 13 ensure the ability of the qualified elector or voter to vote in 14 the subsequent election;

E. when the deadline to register to vote or update an existing voter registration prior to an election referred to in this section is a Saturday, Sunday or state holiday, registration certificates shall be accepted through the next succeeding business day for the office of the county clerk; and

F. the county clerk shall accept for filing and process any certificate of registration that is subscribed and dated on or before the deadline to register to vote or update an existing voter registration prior to an election and:

(1) received by the county clerk by the end of the last regular business day of the week for the office of the
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1 county clerk immediately following the deadline to register to
2 vote or update an existing voter registration prior to an
3 election;

(2) mailed and postmarked on or before the day of the deadline to register to vote or update an existing voter registration prior to any election referred to in this section; or

8 (3) accepted at a state agency designated
9 pursuant to Section 1-4-5.2 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 20. Section 1-4-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 67, as amended) is amended to read: "1-4-11. DUTIES OF COUNTY CLERK--UPON RECEIPT OF CERTIFICATES.--

A. Upon receipt of a complete certificate of registration, if the certificate of registration is in proper form, the county clerk shall determine if the qualified elector applying for registration is already registered in the registration records of the county. If the qualified elector is not already registered in the county and if the certificate of registration is received within the time allowed by law for filing certificates of registration in the county clerk's office, the county clerk shall sign or stamp, in the space provided therefor on each copy of the certificate, the qualified elector's name and the date the certificate was accepted for filing in the county registration records. Voter .221175.6

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information shall be handed or mailed immediately to the qualified elector and to no other person.

3 If the applicant's certificate of registration Β. 4 is rejected for any reason, the county clerk shall stamp or 5 write the word "rejected" on the new certificate of registration and hand or mail it, if possible, to the applicant 6 7 with an explanation of why the new certificate of registration 8 was rejected and what remedial action, if any, the applicant 9 must take to bring the registration up to date or into 10 compliance with the Election Code.

C. The county clerk shall reject any certificate of registration that does not contain the qualified elector's name, address and date of birth, along with a signature or usual mark. If the qualified elector is a new voter, the county clerk shall reject any certificate of registration that does not contain the qualified elector's driver's license or state identification number issued by the motor vehicle division of the taxation and revenue department, social security number or last four digits of the qualified elector's social security number. The county clerk shall reject any certificate of registration in which the question regarding citizenship is not answered or is answered in the negative.

D. A <u>full</u> social security number is required to finish processing a new voter registration in this state. If the certificate of registration does not contain a social .221175.6 - 38 -

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security number, the county clerk shall ascertain the qualified elector's social security number from the qualified elector's previous certificate of registration, from the motor vehicle division of the taxation and revenue department or from the secretary of state.

E. If the county clerk rejects a certificate of registration because required information is not provided on the certificate or cannot ascertain the qualified elector's social security number, the county clerk shall indicate this on the qualified elector's certificate of registration and shall make the appropriate notation in the voter file, indicating that the voter <u>is required to provide the full social security</u> <u>number prior to receiving a ballot and, until it is provided</u>, may only vote on a provisional ballot. The provisional ballot shall be counted [once] <u>if</u> the required information is provided or the voter's <u>full</u> social security number is ascertained <u>during the period for counting provisional ballots, including</u> any appeals provided for in the Election Code.

F. If the qualified elector does not register in person, has not previously voted in an election in New Mexico and does not provide the registration officer with the required documentary identification, the registration officer shall indicate this on the qualified elector's certificate of registration and the county clerk shall note this on the appropriate precinct signature roster."

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SECTION 21. Section 1-4-34 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 90, as amended) is amended to read:

BOARD OF REGISTRATION--BOARD OF COUNTY "1-4-34. COMMISSIONERS--APPOINTMENT.--

The board of county commissioners shall, [at its Α. first regular scheduled meeting] in June or July of each oddnumbered year, appoint five voters who shall constitute the board of registration for the county; provided that a [class B] county [as defined in Section 4-44-1 NMSA 1978 shall] with fewer than five thousand residents as of the last federal decennial census may appoint three voters who shall constitute 12 the board of registration for the county.

Members of the board of registration shall not Β. during their service be county employees, elected officials or candidates for public office, and not more than two members of the board of registration shall be members of the same political party at the time of their appointment; provided that:

(1)a member of the board of registration shall not have changed party registration in the two years next preceding the member's appointment in such a manner that the member's prior party registration would make the member ineligible to serve on the board of registration; and

(2) a member of the board of registration shall not continue to serve on the board of registration if the .221175.6 - 40 -

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member changes party registration after the date of appointment in such a manner to make the member ineligible to serve on the board of registration.

C. In the event that a position on the board of registration becomes vacant for any of the reasons described in Section 10-3-1 NMSA 1978, the board of county commissioners shall appoint a replacement who shall qualify pursuant to Subsection B of this section and serve until the expiration of the original term."

SECTION 22. Section 1-4-47 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1991, Chapter 80, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read: "1-4-47. DRIVER'S LICENSE VOTER REGISTRATION.--

A. Every person who is a qualified elector and is applying for a driver's license, to renew a driver's license or for an identification card shall, if qualified to register to vote, with the consent of the applicant be simultaneously registered to vote.

B. The secretary of taxation and revenue shall select certain employees of the motor vehicle division of the taxation and revenue department or employees of entities on contract to provide field services to the motor vehicle division to provide assistance to any applicant requesting voter registration assistance.

C. Every motor vehicle division office, field office or contract field office of the division shall display .221175.6 - 41 -

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1 within the offices clearly visible signs stating "voter 2 registration assistance available" and: (1) personnel in each office shall advise each 3 4 person who is a qualified elector and an applicant for licensure or renewal or for an identification card that initial 5 voter registration or a change of address for voter 6 7 registration may be made simultaneously with the motor vehicle 8 application; 9 (2) voter registration shall be conducted in a 10 manner such that the applicant completes the full certificate 11 of registration electronically; [and] 12 the applicant's digital signature shall be (3) 13 affixed to the certificate of registration using an electronic 14 signature in conformance with the Electronic Authentication of 15 Documents Act and the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, and 16 the form and signature shall be transmitted to the secretary of 17 state along with any other available images of the voter's 18 signature contained in the motor vehicle division's records for 19 the secretary of state to include in a database of signatures; 20 and 21 (4) every certificate of registration 22 completed electronically shall include the applicant's full 23 social security number and shall be transmitted by means of a 24 secured electronic transmission to the secretary of state for 25 delivery to the appropriate county clerk.

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1 D. A motor vehicle division employee or contractor 2 shall not intentionally influence the prospective registrant in the selection of political party, or independent status, by 3 4 word or act. A motor vehicle division employee or contractor 5 shall not reveal the existence of or the nature of the voter registration to anyone other than a registration officer. 6 7 Any certificate of voter registration completed Ε. on a paper form and made or accepted at a motor vehicle 8 9 division office, [or motor vehicle division] field office or 10 contract field office shall be transmitted to the secretary of 11 state [and] or the [appropriate registration officer] county 12 clerk of the county in which the office is located within seven 13 [calendar] days. 14 The secretary of state shall work with the motor F. 15 vehicle division to: 16 ensure compliance in the application of (1)17 the provisions of this section with the federal National Voter 18 Registration Act of 1993; 19 (2)ensure consistent implementation in the 20 various counties, based on county classification and developing 21 technology; and 22 develop procedures to ensure that, once (3) 23 voter registration information is transmitted to the 24 appropriate registration officer, the voter's certificate of 25 registration is printed and placed in the county's register of .221175.6

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voters."

SECTION 23. Section 1-5-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 2 Chapter 240, Section 108, as amended) is amended to read: 3 4 "1-5-6. PRECINCT VOTER LISTS--SIGNATURE ROSTER 5 PREPARATION--ELECTRONIC POLL BOOK ALTERNATIVE .--6 Α. The county clerk shall provide for preparation 7 of precinct voter lists and signature rosters generated from 8 the official state voter file for any precincts or an 9 electronic poll book alternative approved by the voting system 10 certification committee and certified by the secretary of 11 state. 12

<u>B.</u> The precinct voter lists and signature rosters or an electronic poll book alternative shall be used at any election for which registration of voters is required in lieu of bound original certificates of registration and poll books."

SECTION 24. Section 1-6-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 130, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-6-4. MAILED BALLOT APPLICATION.--

A. In a statewide election, application by a voter for a mailed ballot shall be made only on [#] <u>the official</u> paper form <u>approved by the secretary of state</u> or its online equivalent <u>accessed through a website authorized by the</u> <u>secretary of state</u>. The form shall identify the applicant and contain information to establish the applicant's qualification for issuance of a mailed ballot under the Absent Voter Act. .221175.6

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1 [provided that only on the application form for a primary 2 election ballot there shall be a box, space or place provided 3 for designation of the voter's political party affiliation] 4 The address for the website authorized by the secretary of 5 state to submit an online application for a mailed ballot may be disseminated by any election official, campaign or third-6 7 party individual or organization. The official paper form to apply for a mailed ballot shall be provided to a voter only by 8 9 the county clerk for the county in which the voter is 10 registered to vote and by no other person; provided that a 11 federal qualified elector may apply for a mailed ballot using 12 any of the methods described in the Uniform Military and 13 Overseas Voters Act.

B. Each application on a paper form for a mailed ballot shall be signed by the applicant and shall require the applicant's printed name, registration address and year of birth [to be supplied by the applicant, which shall constitute the required form of identification]. When submitted by the voter, the county clerk shall accept an application for a mailed ballot pursuant to this subsection regardless of whether the application for a mailed ballot is delivered to the county clerk on paper or by electronic means. [When submitted by a third party, the county clerk shall not accept an application for a mailed ballot pursuant to this subsection if the application for a mailed ballot is delivered by electronic .221175.6

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2 C. The secretary of state shall allow a voter to 3 submit an online application for a mailed ballot through a 4 website authorized by the secretary of state; provided that the 5 voter shall have a current or expired New Mexico driver's 6 license or state identification card issued by the motor 7 vehicle division of the taxation and revenue department. An 8 online request for a mailed ballot shall contain all of the 9 information that is required for a paper form. The voter shall 10 also provide the person's full New Mexico driver's license 11 number or state identification card number.

D. When a voter requests a mailed ballot pursuant to this section, the voter shall mark the box associated with the following statement, which shall be included as part of the online mailed ballot request form:

"By clicking the boxes below, I swear or affirm all of the following:

[] I am the person whose name and identifying information is provided on this form and I desire to request a mailed ballot to vote in the state of New Mexico; and

[] All of the information that I have provided on this form is true and correct as of the date I am submitting this form.".

E. Online applications for mailed ballots shall retain the dates of submission by the qualified elector and of .221175.6 - 46 -

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acceptance by the county clerk. For purposes of deadlines contained in the Election Code, the time and date of the submission by the voter shall be considered the time and date when the application for a mailed ballot is received by the county clerk.

6 F. New registrants who registered for the first 7 time in this state by mail and at that time did not provide 8 acceptable documentary identification as required by federal 9 law shall be informed of the need to comply with federal 10 identification requirements when returning the requested ballot 11 and notified that if the registrant votes for the first time in 12 New Mexico by mail and does not follow the instructions for 13 returning the required documentary identification, the 14 registrant waives the right to secrecy in that mailed ballot. 15 The secretary of state shall issue rules to exempt voters from 16 submitting identification only as required by federal law and 17 shall review and, if necessary, update these rules no later 18 than March 15 of even-numbered years.

G. A person who willfully and with knowledge and intent to deceive or mislead any voter, election board, canvassing board, county clerk or other election official and who falsifies any information on an absentee ballot request form or who affixes a signature or mark other than the person's own on a mailed ballot request form is guilty of a fourth degree felony."

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SECTION 25. Section 1-6-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 131, as amended) is amended to read:

PROCESSING APPLICATION--ISSUANCE OF BALLOT.--

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A. The county clerk shall mark each completed application for a mailed ballot with the date and time of receipt in the clerk's office and enter the required information in the ballot register. The county clerk shall then determine if the applicant is a voter and if the voter is a uniformed-service voter or an overseas voter. If the applicant is a uniformed-service voter or overseas voter, the application shall be processed pursuant to the Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act. An application for a mailed ballot from a voter who is not a federal qualified elector is timely if received by the county clerk no later than fourteen days prior to election day.

B. If the applicant does not have a valid certificate of registration on file in the county, a mailed ballot shall not be issued and the county clerk shall mark the application "rejected" <u>and</u> file the application in a separate file from those accepted [and notify the applicant in writing with an explanation why the application was rejected].

C. When required by federal law, if the applicant has on file with the county a valid certificate of registration that indicates that the applicant is a voter who is a new registrant in the state and who registered by mail without .221175.6 submitting the required documentary identification, the county clerk shall notify the voter that the voter must submit with the mailed ballot a form of documentary identification from the list in Paragraph (3) of Subsection I of Section 1-4-5.1 NMSA 1978. The county clerk shall note on the ballot register and signature roster that the applicant's mailed ballot must be returned with the required voter identification.

D. If the applicant has on file with the county a valid certificate of registration, the county clerk shall mark the application "accepted" and deliver a mailed ballot to the voter and the required envelopes for use in returning the ballot.

E. Upon the mailing of a mailed ballot to an applicant who is a voter, an appropriate designation shall be made [on the signature line of the signature roster next to the name of the voter] in the absentee ballot register.

F. A mailed ballot shall not be delivered by the county clerk to any person other than the applicant for the ballot. Mailed ballots shall be sent to applicants beginning twenty-eight days before the election. For each application for a mailed ballot received twenty-three or more days before the election, the county clerk shall send either the ballot or a notice of rejection to the applicant as soon as practicable; provided that the ballot or a notice of rejection is sent not later than twenty-two days before the election. For each .221175.6

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1 application for a mailed ballot received within twenty-two days 2 of election day, the county clerk shall send either the mailed 3 ballot or a notice of rejection to the applicant within twenty-4 four hours after receipt of the voter's application for a 5 mailed ballot. [A mailed ballot shall be requested not later 6 than the Thursday immediately prior to the date of the election 7 and shall be sent to the voter not later than the Friday 8 immediately prior to the date of the election. 9 G. If the application for a mailed ballot from a 10 voter who is not a federal qualified elector indicates that the 11 mailed ballot is to be delivered to an address other than an 12 address listed on the voter's certificate of registration, the 13 county clerk shall prepare a notice of requested mailed ballot. 14 The notice of requested mailed ballot shall inform the voter of 15 the address to which the ballot was mailed along with the phone 16 number of the county clerk's office and the internet address of 17 the voter web portal provided by the secretary of state. The 18 notice of requested mailed ballot shall be sent to the address 19 provided on the voter's certificate of registration on the same 20 day the county clerk sends the mailed ballot to the address 21 requested by the voter. 22 H. When an application for a mailed ballot is 23 rejected pursuant to this section, the county clerk shall send

certificate of registration and the address listed on the

a notice of rejection to the mailing address on the voter's

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1	voter's application for mailed ballot, if different. The
2	notice of rejection shall indicate the reason for the rejection
3	and, if applicable, information on how to satisfy the
4	rejection. If an application is rejected because it was not
5	timely received, the county clerk shall, within twenty-four
6	hours of receipt of the application, send a rejection notice to
7	the voter that shall include a list of the early voting
8	locations and election day polling places in the county.
9	I. The county clerk shall only accept applications
10	for a mailed ballot made through the official web portal
11	operated by the secretary of state or submitted on the official
12	paper form sent to the voter by the county clerk. If a voter
13	submits more than one application for a mailed ballot
14	containing the same information, subsequent applications
15	containing the same information shall not be processed."
16	SECTION 26. Section 1-6-5.7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005,
17	Chapter 270, Section 40, as amended) is amended to read:
18	"1-6-5.7. EARLY VOTINGUSE OF ABSENTEE VOTING
19	PROCEDURESCOUNTY CLERK'S OFFICEALTERNATE VOTING
20	LOCATIONS
21	A. Commencing on the twenty-eighth day preceding
22	the election during the regular hours and days of business at
23	the county clerk's office and [from 10:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.] on
24	the Saturday immediately prior to the date of the election,
25	early voting shall be conducted in each office of the county
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1 clerk; provided that:

2 (1) when marking a ballot in person at the 3 county clerk's office, the voter shall provide the required 4 voter identification to the county clerk or the clerk's 5 authorized representative. If the voter does not provide the 6 required voter identification, the voter shall be allowed to 7 vote on a provisional ballot. If the voter provides the 8 required voter identification, the voter, after subscribing an 9 application for an absentee ballot, shall be allowed to vote by 10 inserting the ballot into an optical scan tabulator certified 11 for in-person absentee voting at the county clerk's office. 12 The county clerk or the clerk's authorized representative shall 13 make an appropriate designation indicating that the voter has 14 voted. In marking the ballot, the voter may be assisted 15 pursuant to the provisions of Section 1-12-15 NMSA 1978;

(2) the act of marking the ballot in the office of the county clerk shall be a convenience to the voter in the delivery of the ballot and does not make the office of the county clerk a polling place subject to the requirements of a polling place in the Election Code; [and]

(3) in addition to the regular business hours and days of business of the county clerk's office and on the Saturday immediately prior to the date of the election, early voting may be conducted in each office of the county clerk no earlier than 7:00 a.m. and shall close no later than 9:00 p.m. .221175.6

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1 and shall be available for at least eight consecutive hours 2 each day; and not later than ninety days before each statewide election, the county clerk shall post the location and hours of 3 4 operation at the county clerk's office and shall not modify the 5 location or hours of operation of early voting at the county 6 clerk's office except with the written approval of the 7 secretary of state and upon posting the approved changes; and 8 [(3)] (4) if the county clerk establishes an 9 additional alternate voting location near the clerk's office, 10 ballots may be marked in person at that location during the regular hours and days of business beginning on the twenty-11 12 eighth day preceding the election and during the hours for 13 voting at alternate voting locations commencing on the third 14 Saturday prior to the election through the Saturday immediately 15 prior to the election. The additional alternate voting 16 location may be operated by the county clerk and the county 17 clerk's staff.

B. Commencing on the third Saturday prior to a statewide election and ending on the Saturday immediately prior to the date of the election, an early voter may vote in person on a voting system at alternate voting locations that may be established by the county clerk; provided that:

(1) the county clerk shall establish:

(a) in counties with more than ten
 thousand voters, not fewer than one alternate voting location;
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1 (b) in counties with more than fifty 2 thousand voters, not fewer than four alternate voting 3 locations; and 4 (c) in counties with more than one 5 hundred fifty thousand voters, not fewer than fifteen alternate 6 voting locations; and 7 (2) not later than ninety days before each 8 statewide election, the county clerk shall post the location 9 and hours of operation for early voting locations in the 10 county, which shall open no earlier than 7:00 a.m. and shall 11 close no later than 9:00 p.m. Within ninety days of a 12 statewide election, a county clerk [may] shall not modify the 13 location or hours of operation of early voting locations except 14 with the written approval of the secretary of state and upon 15 posting the approved changes. Early voting locations shall be 16 open each day of early voting for at least eight consecutive 17 hours. Alternate voting locations may be closed Sundays and 18 Mondays during the early voting period. 19 C. Each early voting location shall comply with the 20

following provisions, unless the county clerk receives a written waiver from the secretary of state specifying the location and specific provision being waived:

(1) have ballots available for voters from every precinct in the county;

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(2) have at least one optical scan tabulator

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1 programmed to read every ballot style in the county; 2 (3) have at least one voting system available 3 to assist disabled voters to cast and record their votes; 4 (4) have a broadband internet connection; (5) 5 have sufficient spaces for at least five 6 voters to simultaneously and privately mark their ballots, with 7 at least one of those spaces wheelchair-accessible; 8 (6) have a secure area for storage of pre-9 printed ballots or for storage of a paper ballot stock and a 10 system designed to print ballots at a polling location; and 11 (7) be in a location that is accessible and 12 compliant with the requirements of the federal Americans with 13 Disabilities Act of 1990. 14 When voting at an early voting location, the D. 15 voter shall provide the required voter identification to the 16 election board, county clerk or the clerk's authorized 17 representative. If the voter does not provide the required 18 voter identification, the voter shall be allowed to vote on a 19 provisional ballot. If the voter provides the required voter 20 identification, the voter shall be allowed to vote after 21 subscribing an application to vote on a form approved by the 22 secretary of state or its electronic equivalent approved by the 23 voting system certification committee. The county clerk or the 24 clerk's authorized representative shall make an appropriate 25 designation on the signature roster or register next to the .221175.6

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1 voter's name indicating that the voter has voted early." 2 SECTION 27. Section 1-6-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 3 Chapter 240, Section 132, as amended) is amended to read: 4 "1-6-6. BALLOT REGISTER.--5 For each statewide election, the county clerk Α. 6 shall keep an "absentee ballot register", in which the county 7 clerk shall enter: 8 (1) the name and address of each absentee 9 ballot applicant; 10 the date [and time] of receipt of the (2) 11 application; 12 (3) whether the application was accepted or 13 rejected; 14 the date of issue of an absentee ballot at (4) 15 an early voting location or the mailing of an absentee ballot 16 to the applicant; 17 the applicant's precinct; (5) 18 (6) whether the applicant is a voter and 19 whether the voter is a uniformed-service voter or an overseas 20 voter; 21 whether the voter is required to submit (7) 22 documentary identification pursuant to Section 1-6-5 NMSA 1978; 23 and 24 the date [and time] the completed mailed (8) 25 ballot was received from the voter by the county clerk or the .221175.6 - 56 -

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1 absent voter registered a ballot early in person in the county 2 clerk's office or at an alternate location. 3 For each special election, the county clerk Β. shall keep a "mailed ballot register", in which the county 4 clerk shall enter: 5 the name and address of each voter to whom 6 (1)7 a mailed ballot was sent; 8 the date of mailing of a mailed ballot to (2) 9 the voter; 10 (3) the applicant's precinct; 11 (4) whether the voter is a uniformed-service 12 voter or an overseas voter; 13 whether the voter is required to submit a (5) 14 documentary identification pursuant to Section 1-6-5 NMSA 1978; 15 and 16 the date and time the completed mailed (6) 17 ballot was received from the voter by the county clerk. 18 C. Each ballot register is a public record open to 19 public inspection in the county clerk's office during regular 20 office hours. The county clerk shall have an updated ballot 21 register available for public inspection Monday through Friday 22 during regular office hours. 23 The county clerk shall deliver to the absent D. 24 voter election board on election day a complete list of all 25 absentee ballot applicants and early voters with applicable .221175.6

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information shown in the absentee ballot register for each applicant and early voter up to 6:00 p.m. on the Saturday preceding a statewide election. The county clerk shall deliver a signature roster containing the same information as the lists to the absent voter election board.

E. Upon request [the county clerk shall transmit to] by a candidate, a political committee or the state or county chair of [each of the political parties participating] a political party represented on the ballot in [a partisan] an election, [in the county] the secretary of state or county clerk shall transmit without charge to an electronic address provided in the request a complete copy of entries made in the absentee ballot register statewide or in the county. Such transmissions shall be made [once each week] daily beginning four weeks immediately prior to the election [A final copy shall be transmitted on] through the Saturday immediately following the election.

[F. If the county clerk has available the technology to do so, at the request of a candidate or chair of a political party of the county, the county clerk shall electronically transmit to the candidate or chair via the internet the information, when updated, on the absentee ballot register indicating voters who have requested absentee ballots, returned their absentee ballots or voted early in person.]" SECTION 28. Section 1-6-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,

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1	Chapter 240, Section 134, as amended) is amended to read:
2	"1-6-8. MAILED BALLOT ENVELOPES
3	A. The secretary of state shall prescribe the form
4	of, procure and distribute to each county clerk a supply of:
5	(1) official inner envelopes for use in
6	sealing the completed mailed ballot;
7	(2) official mailing envelopes for use in
8	returning the official inner envelope to the county clerk,
9	which shall be postage-paid; provided that only the official
10	mailing envelope for absentee ballots in a political party
11	primary shall contain a designation of party affiliation;
12	(3) mailed ballot instructions, describing
13	proper methods for completion of the ballot and returning it;
14	and
15	(4) official transmittal envelopes for use by
16	the county clerk in sending mailed ballot materials.
17	B. Official transmittal envelopes and official
18	mailing envelopes for transmission of mailed ballot materials
19	to and from the county clerk and voters shall be printed in
20	black in substantially similar form. All official inner
21	envelopes shall be printed in black.
22	C. The reverse of each official mailing envelope
23	shall contain a form to be executed <u>under penalty of perjury</u> by
24	the voter completing the mailed ballot. The form shall
25	identify the voter and shall contain the pre-printed name of
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1	the voter to whom the ballot was sent and the following
2	statement to be affirmed by the voter: "I attest under penalty
3	of perjury that I am the voter identified on this official
4	mailing envelope and that I have not and will not vote any
5	other ballot in this election.". The official mailing envelope
6	shall contain a space for the voter to record the voter's
7	[name, registration address and year of birth] signature and
8	the last four digits of the voter's social security number,
9	which shall constitute the required voter identification.
10	<u>Under the space for the voter's signature shall be the</u>
11	following statement: "NOTICE: The only people who may
12	lawfully mail or deliver this ballot to the county clerk are
13	the voter, a member of the voter's immediate family or
14	household or the voter's caregiver.". The envelope shall have
15	a security flap to cover this information."
16	SECTION 29. A new Section 1-6-8.1 NMSA 1978 is enacted to
17	read:
18	"1-6-8.1. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] MAILED BALLOTSNOTICE TO
19	VOTERS
20	A. In a statewide election, each mailed ballot sent
21	to a voter in the election shall contain the following notice:
22	"This ballot may be returned to the office of the county clerk
23	or any open voting location or monitored secured container in
24	the county where you are registered to vote at any time up to
25	7:00 p.m. on the day of the election. If this ballot is
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returned by mail, to ensure timely postal delivery to the county clerk, the ballot should be mailed no later than

B. In a special election, each mailed ballot sent to a voter in the election shall contain the following notice: "This ballot may be returned to the office of the county clerk or a monitored secured container in the county where you are registered to vote at any time up to 7:00 p.m. on the day of the election. If this ballot is returned by mail, to ensure timely postal delivery to the county clerk, the ballot should be mailed no later than .".

C. The date used in the notice shall be seven days prior to the election day."

SECTION 30. Section 1-6-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 135, as amended) is amended to read: "1-6-9. MAILED BALLOTS--MANNER OF VOTING--DELIVERY METHODS.--

A. When voting a mailed ballot, the voter shall secretly mark the mailed ballot in the manner provided in the Election Code for marking paper ballots, place it in the official inner envelope and securely seal the envelope. The voter shall then place the official inner envelope inside the official mailing envelope and securely seal the envelope. The voter shall then complete the form on the reverse of the official mailing envelope [which shall include a statement by .221175.6

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1 the voter under penalty of perjury that the facts stated in the 2 form are true and the voter's name, registration address and year of birth] under the privacy flap. The voter or another 3 person authorized by law shall then return the official mailing 4 5 envelope containing the voted ballot to the county clerk of the voter's county of residence. If returned by a person other 6 7 than the voter, the official mailing envelope shall contain the 8 signature, printed name and relationship to the voter of the 9 person returning the ballot.

B. The official mailing envelope may be returned by mail using the United States postal service. The secretary of state shall implement a free-access tracking system for each voter to be able to see the status of the voter's mailed ballot while en route to the voter as well as when returned to the county clerk.

C. The official mailing envelope may be returned using a commercial delivery service; provided that unless the secretary of state has approved the use of a specific commercial delivery service, the voter shall be responsible for the costs of delivery by means of such service.

D. The official mailing envelope may be returned in person to the office of the county clerk or, <u>in a statewide</u> <u>election</u>, to an alternate voting location, mobile alternate voting location, [or] election day voting location <u>or other</u> <u>location where the receipt and storage of the official mailing</u> .221175.6

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<u>envelope containing a voted ballot is under the supervision of</u>
 <u>an election official or county employee</u>.

E. The official mailing envelope may be returned by
depositing the official mailing envelope in a monitored secured
container made available by the county clerk to receive an
official mailing envelope containing a voted [mailed ballots]
ballot for that election; provided that:

8 (1) the location of the containers and the
9 days and times the containers will be available to receive
10 ballots are posted by the county clerk at least [ninety days
11 before a statewide election or] forty-two days before [a
12 special] an election;

(2) the location of a <u>monitored</u> secured container is considered a polling place for purposes of electioneering too close to the polling place in violation of Section 1-20-16 NMSA 1978;

(3) all secured containers shall be monitored by video surveillance cameras and the video recorded by that system shall be retained by the county clerk as a record related to voting pursuant to the provisions of Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978;

(4) signage at the location of a <u>monitored</u> secured container shall inform voters and those dropping off ballots at the location:

(a) that it is a violation of law for- 63 -

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1	any person [who is not an immediate family member] to collect
2	and deliver a ballot for another person except as authorized by
3	the Election Code;
4	(b) that electioneering is prohibited
5	within one hundred feet of the monitored secured container; and
6	(c) of the <u>range of</u> dates and
7	approximate time the ballots will be collected <u>for that</u>
8	<u>election;</u> and
9	(5) at least [once a day] <u>every three days and</u>
10	on election day after the polls close, the county clerk, [or a
11	full-time] deputy county clerk, <u>election board member or</u>
12	messenger shall collect the ballots from the monitored secured
13	containers <u>and</u> register the date [and time stamp] <u>and container</u>
14	<u>location</u> on each official mailing envelope [and identify the
15	location of the secured container in the ballot register].
16	F. It is a violation of Section 1-20-6 NMSA 1978
17	for any person to possess a key to a monitored secured
18	container without authorization from the county clerk. It is a
19	violation of Section 1-20-7 NMSA 1978 for any person other than
20	the county clerk to provide and operate a monitored secured
21	container or other receptacle to receive voted ballots."
22	SECTION 31. Section 1-6-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
23	Chapter 240, Section 136, as amended) is amended to read:
24	"1-6-10. RECEIPT OF MAILED BALLOTS BY CLERK
25	[A. The county clerk shall mark on each completed
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1 official mailing envelope the date and time of receipt in the 2 clerk's office, record this information in the absentee or 3 mailed ballot register and safely keep the official mailing 4 envelope unopened in a locked and number-sealed ballot box 5 until it is delivered to the proper election board, counted in the county canvass or canceled and destroyed in accordance with 6 7 1aw.1 8 A. A completed official mailing envelope containing

9 a voted ballot shall be accepted until 7:00 p.m. on election 10 day. A completed official mailing envelope received after that 11 time shall not be qualified or opened but shall be preserved by 12 the county clerk for the applicable retention period provided in Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978. The county clerk shall report 13 14 the number of late ballots from voters, uniformed-service 15 voters and overseas voters and report the number from each 16 category to date on the final mailed ballot report and as part 17 of the county canvass report. If additional late ballots are 18 received, the county clerk shall update the number of late 19 ballots from each category to the secretary of state.

B. On the day a returned mailed ballot is received by the county clerk, the county clerk shall mark the date of receipt on the outside of the official mailing envelope. Within one business day of receiving a returned official mailing envelope, the county clerk shall remove the privacy flap to verify that the voter signed the official mailing .221175.6

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1 envelope and to confirm that the last four digits of the social 2 security number provided by the voter match the information 3 available to the county clerk. 4 C. If the voter's signature is present and the last four digits of the voter's social security number match, the 5 6 county clerk shall note in the absentee ballot register that 7 the information required to be provided by the voter under the 8 privacy flap has been verified and shall safely keep the 9 official mailing envelope unopened in a locked and number-10 sealed ballot box until it is delivered to the absent voter 11 election board. 12 D. If either the voter's signature is missing or 13 the last four digits of the voter's social security number are 14 not provided or do not match, the county clerk shall make the 15 appropriate notation in the absentee ballot register and shall 16 safely keep the official mailing envelope unopened in a secured 17 ballot box designated for those official mailing envelopes 18 received that are missing the voter's signature or the last 19 four digits of the voter's social security number or where the 20 last four digits of the social security number do not match the 21 information available to the county clerk. The county clerk 22 shall immediately send the voter a notice to cure containing 23 information regarding how the voter may provide documentation 24 to cure the missing or incorrect information. 25 E. If, pursuant to Subsection F of Section 1-6-4

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1	NMSA 1978, the voter was notified of the need to comply with
2	federal identification requirements when returning the
3	requested ballot and failed to comply, the county clerk shall
4	preserve the inner envelope with the official mailing envelope
5	and write "Rejected" on the front of the official mailing
6	envelope, and the county clerk shall update the ballot register
7	accordingly and immediately send the voter a notice to cure
8	containing information regarding how the voter may provide the
9	missing or incorrect information. The county clerk shall place
10	the official mailing envelope with the attached inner envelope
11	in a container provided for rejected ballots; provided that if
12	the county clerk was required to open the inner envelope to
13	determine that the required documentary identification was not
14	included, the untallied ballot shall be returned to the inner
15	envelope and preserved along with the official mailing envelope
16	in a container for this purpose.
17	F. The voter may provide the missing or corrected
18	information at any time up to the conclusion of the appeal
19	process for rejected ballots. If a voter provides the missing

18 <u>information at any time up to the conclusion of the appeal</u>
19 <u>process for rejected ballots. If a voter provides the missing</u>
20 <u>or corrected information:</u>
21 (1) before the absent voter election board has

been convened, the county clerk shall attach the documentation to the unopened official mailing envelope, update the ballot register accordingly and transfer the ballot to the locked and number-sealed ballot box until it is delivered to the absent .221175.6

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(2) after the absent voter election board has 2 been convened, the county clerk shall attach the documentation 3 4 to the unopened official mailing envelope, update the ballot 5 register accordingly and transfer the ballot to the absent 6 voter election board; 7 (3) after the adjournment of the absent voter election board but before the conclusion of the county canvass 8 9 process, the county clerk shall attach the documentation to the 10 unopened official mailing envelope, update the ballot register 11 accordingly and transfer the ballot to an election board 12 convened to assist in preparation of the county canvass report; 13 and 14 (4) after approval of the county canvass 15 report, the voter may appeal in accordance with appeal 16 procedures for provisional ballots established by rule of the 17 secretary of state pursuant to Section 1-12-25.2 NMSA 1978. 18 [B.] G. In a statewide election, if the unopened 19 official mailing envelope is received by the county clerk from 20 an election board before the absent voter election board has 21 adjourned, the unopened official mailing envelope shall be 22 [logged and] transmitted to the absent voter election board to 23 be tallied immediately. If the unopened official mailing 24 envelope is received by the county clerk from an election board 25 after the absent voter election board has adjourned, the .221175.6

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unopened official mailing envelope shall be [logged and] transmitted to an election board convened to assist in preparation of the county canvass report to be tallied and included in the canvass report of that county for the appropriate precinct.

[C. Completed official mailing envelopes shall be accepted until 7:00 p.m. on election day.

8 D. Any completed official mailing envelope received 9 after that time shall not be qualified or opened but shall be 10 preserved by the county clerk for the applicable retention 11 period provided in Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978. The county clerk 12 shall report the number of late ballots from voters, uniformed-13 service voters and overseas voters and report the number from 14 each category to date on the final absentee ballot report and 15 as part of the county canvass report. If additional late 16 ballots are received, the county clerk shall update the number 17 of late ballots from each category to the secretary of state.]"

SECTION 32. Section 1-6-10.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 357, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-6-10.1. ABSENTEE BALLOT--DELIVERY TO COUNTY CLERK.--

A. A voter, caregiver to that voter or member of that voter's immediate family <u>or household</u> may deliver that voter's absentee ballot to the county clerk in person or by mail; provided that the voter has subscribed the official mailing envelope of the absentee ballot.

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1 Β. As used in this section, "immediate family" 2 means the spouse, children, parents, domestic partner, 3 grandchildren, grandparents or siblings of a voter or a person with whom the voter has a continuing personal relationship." 4 SECTION 33. Section 1-6-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, 5 Chapter 317, Section 11, as amended) is amended to read: 6 7 "1-6-14. HANDLING MAILED BALLOTS .--[At any time after mailed ballots have been sent 8 Α. 9 to voters and until the fifth day before the election, the 10 county clerk may convene an election board to meet during the 11 normal business hours of the office of the county clerk to 12 qualify the mailed ballots that are returned.] An absent voter 13 election board may convene as provided in this section to 14 process the official mailing envelopes that have been returned. 15 Before opening an official mailing envelope, the presiding 16 judge and the election judges shall determine that the county 17 clerk has verified the required information [has been 18 completed] on the reverse side of the official mailing 19 envelope. 20 [B. If the voter's signature or the required voter 21 identification is missing, the presiding judge shall write 22 "Rejected" on the front of the official mailing envelope. The 23 judge or election clerk shall enter the voter's name in the 24 signature rosters or register and shall write the notation 25 "Rejected--Missing Signature" or "Rejected--Missing Required .221175.6

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1	Voter Identification" in the "Notations" column of the
2	register. The presiding judge shall place the official mailing
3	envelope unopened in a container provided for rejected
4	ballots.]
5	B. The verification of the county clerk is subject
6	to the interposition of a challenge by or before the absent
7	voter election board.
8	C. When the absent voter election board convenes,
9	the board shall select a random sampling of official mailing
10	envelopes to confirm the verification process conducted by the
11	county clerk. If the verification process is confirmed by the
12	absent voter election board, the official mailing envelopes
13	containing voted ballots shall be deemed qualified, subject to
14	the interposition of a challenge to the ballot of any specified
15	individual mailed ballot voter. If the verification by the
16	county clerk is not confirmed by the absent voter election
17	board, the board shall qualify each official mailing envelope
18	returned with a voted ballot in that election. The size of the
19	random sample shall be based on the number of unvoted mailed
20	ballots sent to voters of the county in that election, as
21	<u>follows:</u>
22	(1) for the first one hundred, ten percent;
23	(2) from the one hundred first through the
24	first one thousand, five percent;
25	(3) from the one thousand first through the
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1	first ten thousand, two percent; and
2	(4) for any amount greater than ten thousand
3	one, one percent.
4	D. No sooner than the Monday before the election
5	and before the absent voter election board adjourns, the board
6	shall review each uncured returned official mailing envelope
7	that the county clerk determined was missing a signature or the
8	last four digits of the voter's social security number or for
9	which the social security number did not match the information
10	available to the county clerk and determine if the official
11	mailing envelope should be qualified or rejected. An official
12	mailing envelope rejected by the absent voter election board
13	may be qualified if the reason for the rejection is cured at
14	any time before the approval of the county canvass report or
15	prior to the conclusion of an appeal by the voter.
16	[C.] E. Subject to the limitations in Subsection A
17	of Section 1-2-25 NMSA 1978, a lawfully appointed challenger
18	may view the official mailing envelope and may challenge the
19	ballot of any mailed ballot voter for the following reasons:
20	(1) the official mailing envelope has been
21	opened by someone other than the voter prior to being received
22	by the absent voter election board;
23	(2) the official mailing envelope does not
24	contain a signature;
25	(3) the official mailing envelope does not

the official mailing envelope does not (3) .221175.6

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contain the required voter identification; [or]

(4) the official mailing envelope does not contain the required documentary identification; or [(4)] (5) the person offering to vote is not a

voter as provided in the Election Code.

 $[\underline{D}, \underline{P}, \underline{P$

[E.] G. If the form on the reverse of the official mailing envelope has been [properly subscribed] completed by the voter with the voter's correct information, as verified by the county clerk, and the [voter] ballot has not been successfully challenged, the judges or election clerks shall [enter the voter's name and residence address as shown on the official mailing envelope and shall] make the appropriate notation [opposite the voter's name in the "Notations" column of] in the ballot register.

 $[F_{\cdot}]$ <u>H.</u> For any election in which fewer than ten thousand mailed ballots were sent to the voters of a county, only between 8:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. on the five days preceding the election, and beginning at 7:00 a.m. on election .221175.6

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1 day, under the personal supervision of the presiding election 2 judge, shall the election judges open the official mailing 3 envelope and the official inner envelope and insert the 4 enclosed ballot into an electronic voting machine to be 5 registered and retained until votes are counted [and canvassed 6 following the closing of the polls on election night] by 7 generating the report of the ballot results beginning no sooner 8 than 9:00 a.m. on election day.

[6.] I. For any election in which ten thousand or more mailed ballots were sent to the voters of a county, only during the regular business hours of the office of the county clerk during the two weeks preceding the election, between 8:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. on the four days preceding the election and beginning at 7:00 a.m. on election day, under the personal supervision of the presiding election judge, shall the election judges open the official mailing envelope and the official inner envelope and insert the enclosed ballot into an electronic voting machine to be registered and retained until votes are counted [and canvassed following the closing of the polls on election night] by generating the report of the ballot results beginning no sooner than 9:00 a.m. on election day.

[H.] J. It is unlawful for a person to disclose the results of a count and tally or the registration on a voting machine of mailed ballots prior to the later of the closing of the polls or the deadline for receiving mailed ballots pursuant .221175.6 - 74 -

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1 to Section 1-6-10 NMSA 1978.

2 [1.] K. Mailed ballots shall be counted and tallied, where possible, on an electronic voting machine as 3 4 provided in the Election Code. 5 [J.] L. If a mailed ballot is rejected for any 6 reason and not cured by the Friday following election day, it 7 shall be handled by the county clerk in the same manner as a 8 disqualified provisional paper ballot in accordance with the 9 Election Code. 10 M. On election night, the absent voter election 11 board shall recess upon the earlier of completion of its work 12 or 11:00 p.m. An absent voter election board that recesses at 13 11:00 p.m. shall continue its work only between the hours of 14 9:30 a.m. and 9:30 p.m. on each subsequent day until the board has completed its work. If the absent voter election board 15 16 does not complete its work by 11:00 p.m. on election night, the 17 county clerk shall notify the county sheriff's office that a 18 deputy is required to be present to secure the room or facility 19 where uncounted ballots are locked overnight. If the sheriff 20 indicates that a sheriff's deputy is unavailable, the county 21 clerk shall notify the secretary of state, who shall request 22 state police to assign a state police officer or other 23 certified law enforcement officer to secure the ballots. The 24 county clerk shall provide as much notice as is practicable in 25 order to secure law enforcement personnel to secure the .221175.6

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1	uncounted ballots overnight. Beginning at 11:00 p.m. on
2	election night, a sheriff's deputy, state police officer or
3	other certified law enforcement officer is required for
4	overnight watch any time the absent voter election board is not
5	present until the return of the absent voter election board.
6	If a sheriff's deputy, a state police officer or other
7	certified law enforcement officer is not available, the county
8	<u>clerk or chief deputy shall remain on-site with or near the</u>
9	uncounted ballots until the return of the absent voter election
10	board and shall allow any watcher or observer to remain present
11	as well. A class A county shall also have video surveillance
12	in the area containing uncounted ballots, which shall be
13	considered a record related to voting pursuant to Section
14	<u>1-12-69 NMSA 1978.</u> "

SECTION 34. Section 1-6-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 212, Section 74) is amended to read:

"1-6-16. MAILED BALLOTS--REPLACEMENT AND PROVISIONAL PAPER BALLOTS.--

A. A voter who has applied for a mailed ballot or who has been sent a mailed ballot may execute an affidavit stating that the person did not and will not vote the mailed ballot that was issued. Upon receipt of the sworn affidavit, if the ballot register does not show that a ballot from the voter has been cast in that election, the county clerk shall void the mailed ballot that was previously issued to the voter. .221175.6

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1 A voter shall be mailed a replacement ballot to Β. 2 be returned to the county clerk for tabulation by the absent ballot election board if the voter: 3 4 communicates with the office of the county (1)5 clerk and requests a replacement mailed ballot be delivered to 6 the voter; and 7 has executed the affidavit required by (2) 8 Subsection A of this section and the county clerk has voided 9 the mailed ballot previously issued to the voter. 10 C. A replacement ballot is not subject to the 11 deadline for issuing a mailed ballot pursuant to Subsection F 12 of Section 1-6-5 NMSA 1978. 13 [C.] D. A voter shall be issued a replacement 14 ballot to be filled out and fed by the voter into the 15 electronic vote tabulator if the voter: 16 appears at the office of the county clerk, (1)17 an alternate voting location or a mobile alternate voting 18 location: 19 (a) at any time during the period for 20 early voting if the county clerk has real-time synchronization 21 between the early voting locations and the qualification of 22 mailed ballots; or 23 (b) during the period for early voting 24 until the time the county clerk begins qualifying mailed 25 ballots if the county clerk does not have real-time .221175.6 - 77 -

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synchronization between the early voting locations and the qualification of mailed ballots; and

(2) has executed the affidavit required by Subsection A of this section and the county clerk has voided the mailed ballot previously issued to the voter.

 $[\underline{D_{\cdot}}] \underline{E_{\cdot}}$ If the county clerk does not have real-time synchronization between the early voting locations and the qualification of mailed ballots, a voter shall be issued a provisional paper ballot to be filled out and delivered to the county clerk for tabulation during the county canvass if:

(1) the voter appears at an early voting location after the time the county clerk begins qualifying mailed ballots; and

(2) the voter has executed the affidavit required by Subsection A of this section and the county clerk has voided the mailed ballot previously issued to the voter.

 $[E_{\cdot}]$ <u>F</u>. A provisional paper ballot issued pursuant to this section shall be qualified and tabulated once the county clerk determines that the voter did not vote any other ballot in the same election and if no challenge is successfully interposed.

 $[F_{\bullet}]$ <u>G.</u> The secretary of state shall prescribe the form of the affidavit and the manner in which the county clerk shall void the previously requested absentee ballot."

SECTION 35. Section 1-6-16.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, .221175.6

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Chapter 368, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-6-16.1. ABSENTEE BALLOT--CONDUCT OF ELECTION--WHEN NOT 2 TIMELY RECEIVED -- EMERGENCY PROCEDURE FOR VOTING AND COUNTING.--3 4 A voter who applies for a mailed ballot or who Α. 5 was sent a mailed ballot pursuant to Section 1-6-22.1 NMSA 1978 6 but [has not received or returned the ballot by mail] whose 7 voted ballot has not been received by the county clerk as of 8 the date of the election may go to [the voter's assigned 9 polling place or] a voter convenience center and, after 10 executing an affidavit stating that the person [did not and 11 will not vote the] wishes to void any previous mailed ballot 12 that was issued, shall be permitted to vote [on a provisional 13 paper ballot].

B. If the county clerk has real-time synchronization between the [election-day polling places] voter convenience centers and the qualification of ballots received by mail, the voter shall be issued a replacement ballot to be filled out and fed by the voter into the electronic vote tabulator. If the county clerk does not have real-time synchronization between the voter convenience centers and the qualification of ballots received by mail, the voter shall be issued a provisional paper ballot, which shall be counted if no challenge is interposed and once the county clerk has verified that no other ballot from the same voter has been processed in that election."

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SECTION 36. Section 1-6-22.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2009, Chapter 251, Section 1 and Laws 2009, Chapter 274, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-6-22.1. MAIL BALLOT ELECTION PRECINCT--ABSENTEE VOTING IN LIEU OF POLLING PLACE.--

A. Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 1-1-11 and 1-1-12 NMSA 1978, not later than the first Monday in November of each odd-numbered year, a board of county commissioners may designate a precinct as a mail ballot election precinct if, upon a written request of the county clerk, it finds that the precinct has fewer than one hundred voters and the nearest polling place for an adjoining precinct is more than twenty miles driving distance from the boundary for the precinct in question.

B. If a precinct is designated a mail ballot election precinct, in addition to the notice required pursuant to Section 1-3-8 NMSA 1978, the county clerk shall notify by mail with delivery confirmation all voters in that precinct at least forty-two days before an election that each voter will be sent an absentee ballot twenty-eight days before the election and that there will be no polling place for the precinct on election day. The county clerk shall include in the notice a card informing the voter that if the voter does not want to receive an absentee ballot for that election, the voter should return the card before the date the county clerk is scheduled .221175.6

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1 to mail out absentee ballots. The notice shall also inform the 2 voter that a voting system equipped for persons with 3 disabilities will be available at all early voting [sites] locations before election day and in the office of the county 4 5 clerk on election day in case the voter prefers to vote in person and not by mail. In addition, the notice shall inform 6 7 the voter [if the county is consolidating precincts on election 8 day and, if so] of the ability of the voter to cast a ballot at 9 any [consolidated precinct] voter convenience center on 10 election day if the voter chooses not to receive an absentee 11 ballot, or to cast a [provisional] replacement ballot at any 12 [consolidated precinct] early voting location or voter 13 convenience center if the voter does not receive an absentee 14 ballot, which will be counted upon confirmation that the voter 15 has not returned the absentee ballot. The notice shall also 16 contain the information required in the voter notification sent 17 by the secretary of state on behalf on each county clerk in 18 advance of a statewide election pursuant to Section 1-11-4.1 19 <u>NMSA 1978.</u>

C. The county clerk shall mail each voter in the mail ballot election precinct an absentee ballot on the twentyeighth day before an election, unless the voter has requested otherwise, along with a notice that there will be no polling place in that precinct on election day.

[D. The county clerk shall keep a sufficient number .221175.6

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1 of ballots from a mail ballot election precinct such that a 2 voter from that precinct may vote on a replacement or 3 provisional paper ballot pursuant to Section 1-6-16 NMSA 1978 4 or on an emergency paper ballot pursuant to Section 1-6-16.2 5 NMSA 1978.]" SECTION 37. Section 1-6B-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2015, 6 7 Chapter 145, Section 29, as amended) is amended to read: 8 "1-6B-5. METHODS OF REGISTERING TO VOTE.--A federal qualified elector may register to vote 9 Α. 10 using any of the following methods; provided that the document is received by the county clerk by the deadline for registering 11 12 to vote as provided in Section 1-4-8 NMSA 1978: 13 (1) using the procedures provided in Chapter 14 l, Article 4 NMSA 1978; or 15 (2) using a federal postcard application or 16 the application's approved electronic equivalent. = delete 17 A voter's certificate of registration completed Β. underscored material = new 18 pursuant to the Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act shall 19 remain valid until canceled in accordance with the procedures bracketed material] 20 specified in Chapter 1, Article 4 NMSA 1978. 21 C. In registering to vote, a federal qualified 22 elector shall use and must be assigned to the voting precinct 23 of the address of: 24 the residence of the voter, if the voter (1) 25 resides in this state; or .221175.6

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1 (2) the last place of residence of the voter 2 in this state, or the last place of residence in this state of 3 the parent or legal guardian of the voter if the voter did not 4 reside in this state; provided that if that address is no 5 longer a recognized residential address, the voter shall be assigned an address or other location within that precinct. 6 7 D. A federal qualified elector who registered for the first time in this state by mail is exempt pursuant to 8 9 federal law from the requirement to provide documentary 10 identification as otherwise required by Subsection F of Section 11 1-6-4 NMSA 1978." 12 SECTION 38. Section 1-6B-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2015, 13 Chapter 145, Section 30, as amended) is amended to read: 14 "1-6B-6. METHODS OF APPLYING FOR MILITARY-OVERSEAS 15 BALLOT--TIMELINESS--SCOPE OF APPLICATION FOR MILITARY-OVERSEAS 16 BALLOT. --17 A federal qualified elector who is currently Α. 18 registered to vote in this state may [by the deadline specified 19 in the Absent Voter Act for receipt of mailed ballot 20 applications] apply for a military-overseas ballot by: 21 (1) using a mailed ballot application pursuant 22 to the Absent Voter Act; or 23 using the federal postcard application or (2) 24 the application's electronic equivalent. 25 Β. A federal qualified elector who is not currently .221175.6 - 83 -

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registered to vote in this state may, by the deadline in the Election Code for registering to vote, simultaneously register to vote and apply for a military-overseas ballot by using a federal postcard application or the application's electronic equivalent.

An application for a military-overseas ballot C. for [a primary election] any election conducted pursuant to the Election Code, whether or not timely, is effective as an automatic application for a military-overseas ballot for [the general election] all subsequent elections the voter is eligible to participate in through the conclusion of the 12 election cycle.

D. An application [for a military-overseas ballot is effective as an automatic application for a militaryoverseas ballot for a top-two runoff election necessary to conclude the election for which the application was submitted] from a federal qualified elector who provides information permitting secured electronic delivery of the ballot is timely if received by the county clerk no later than three days prior to election day. An application from a federal qualified elector who does not provide information permitting secured electronic delivery of the ballot is timely if received by the county clerk by the deadline specified in the Absent Voter Act for receipt of mailed ballot applications."

SECTION 39. Section 1-6B-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2015, .221175.6 - 84 -

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Chapter 145, Section 34, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-6B-10. USE OF FEDERAL WRITE-IN ABSENTEE BALLOT--QUALIFICATION.--

A. A federal qualified elector may use a federal write-in absentee ballot to vote for all offices and ballot questions in an election.

B. In completing the federal write-in absentee ballot, the federal qualified elector may designate a candidate by writing in the name of the candidate. In a general election when voting for a specified office, a federal qualified elector may in the alternate complete the federal write-in absentee ballot by writing in the name of a political party, in which case the ballot shall be counted for the candidate of that political party.

C. A qualified federal write-in absentee ballot shall be processed [by] <u>during</u> the [canvassing board] <u>county</u> <u>canvass</u> in the same manner as a provisional ballot. A federal write-in absentee ballot from a federal qualified elector shall not be qualified if the federal qualified elector voted on any other type of ballot. A federal write-in absentee ballot of an overseas voter shall not be qualified if the ballot is submitted from any location in the United States."

SECTION 40. Section 1-6C-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 226, Section 2) is amended to read:

"1-6C-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Intimate Partner .221175.6

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1 Violence Survivor Suffrage Act:

A. "administrator" means the person appointed by
the secretary of state to administer the election component of
the confidential substitute address program;

B. "appropriate county clerk" means the county clerk of the county in which the residential address on a voter registration certificate is located and includes the elected official, the county clerk's chief deputy, an appointed election board and employees or agents of the county clerk with duties related to the Intimate Partner Violence Survivor Suffrage Act;

C. "certification" means the procedure provided by the Confidential Substitute Address Act for a person to be certified as a participant in the confidential substitute address program;

D. "confidential substitute address program" means the program administered by the secretary of state pursuant to the Confidential Substitute Address Act;

E. "decertification" means the procedure provided by the Confidential Substitute Address Act for a person to be decertified as a participant in the confidential substitute address program;

F. "delivery address" means the address where a voter-participant receives mail;

G. "election" means a statewide or special election
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1 called, conducted and canvassed pursuant to the provisions of 2 the Election Code;

3 H. "participant" means a person certified to
4 participate in the confidential substitute address program
5 pursuant to the procedures of the Confidential Substitute
6 Address Act; and

7 I. "voter-participant" means a participant who is
8 also a voter or a participant who is also a qualified resident
9 who may be considered a voter pursuant to Section 1-4-2 NMSA
10 1978."

SECTION 41. Section 1-6C-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 226, Section 6) is amended to read:

"1-6C-6. TRANSMISSION OF BALLOTS TO VOTER-PARTICIPANTS.--

A. On the thirty-fifth day before an election, on behalf of each voter-participant eligible to vote in that election, the administrator shall request from each appropriate county clerk the ballot to be used by each voter-participant registered to vote in that county.

B. The request shall not reveal the name or address of the voter-participant. In place of a voter-participant's name and address, the administrator shall provide the appropriate county clerk the random identifier and verification code associated with the voter-participant for that election. The request made pursuant to this section is a record related to voting subject to the disclosure and retention procedures of .221175.6

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1 Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978.

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C. No later than thirty-two days before the election, the appropriate county clerk shall transmit to the administrator the ballot for each voter-participant registered to vote in that county.

Twenty-eight days before the election, the D. administrator shall mail a ballot and balloting materials to a 8 voter-participant's delivery address, along with a return envelope necessary to return the voted ballot to the appropriate county clerk. The return envelope shall be the 11 same as for all other voters, except that in place of the 12 required voter identification to be written under the privacy flap, the administrator shall provide the random identifier 14 assigned to that voter-participant for that election. The return envelope for the voted ballot shall be postage-paid and the return address shall be the address for the appropriate county clerk.

Ε. When a participant registers to vote or updates a voter registration after the thirty-fifth day before an election but before the deadline to register to vote or to update an existing registration pursuant to Section 1-4-8 NMSA 1978, the administrator shall:

request from the appropriate county clerk, (1)and the appropriate county clerk shall transmit to the administrator as soon as practicable, a ballot and balloting .221175.6

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(2) send a voter-participant the ballot and 3 balloting materials within twenty-four hours of receipt from the appropriate county clerk.

When an unvoted ballot is transmitted to the F. administrator on behalf of a voter-participant, the appropriate county clerk shall note in the ballot register the random identifier in place of the voter-participant's name and the address of the confidential substitute address program in place of the voter-participant's address and shall not note the voter-participant's gender or year of birth.

G. A voter-participant needing a replacement ballot may appear in person only at the office of the county clerk and execute an affidavit stating that the voter-participant wishes to void any previous mailed ballot that was mailed in that election. When completing the affidavit, the voter-participant shall use the random identifier in place of the voterparticipant's name and the verification code in place of the voter-participant's signature. Upon receipt of the sworn affidavit, if the ballot register does not show that a ballot from the voter-participant has been received in that election, the county clerk shall void the ballot that was previously issued and issue to the voter-participant a replacement ballot and ballot materials, which shall include the voterparticipant's random identifier, but the county clerk shall not .221175.6

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provide to the voter-participant the verification code when issuing a replacement ballot pursuant to this subsection."

SECTION 42. Section 1-6C-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 226, Section 7) is amended to read:

"1-6C-7. RECEIPT OF VOTED BALLOTS FROM VOTER-PARTICIPANTS.--

A. A voted ballot shall be returned by the voterparticipant to the appropriate county clerk. A voted ballot from a voter-participant shall be considered timely if it is received no later than the deadline for receiving mailed absentee ballots or mailed ballots pursuant to Section 1-6-10 NMSA 1978.

When a voted ballot is received from a voter-Β. participant, the appropriate county clerk or election board shall compare the random identifier provided by the voterparticipant under the privacy flap to the list of random identifiers provided by the administrator for that election. If the random identifier appears in both places, the appropriate county clerk shall verify that the verification code assigned to that random identifier for that election matches the verification code provided by the voter-participant under the privacy flap in lieu of the voter's signature. Ιf the verification code is on the list provided by the administrator for use in that election and matches the random identifier assigned by the administrator to identify the voter-.221175.6

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participant, the ballot shall be qualified and processed in the same manner as mailed absentee ballots or mailed ballots received and qualified in that election.

C. If either the random identifier or the verification code is missing, or if the random identifier and verification code under the privacy flap do not match, the ballot shall not be qualified and shall be disposed of in the same manner as mailed absentee ballots or mailed ballots received in that election and not qualified.

D. Following an election and within the time frames provided in the Election Code, the appropriate county clerk shall provide to the administrator using the random identifier for that election the voter credit information for each voterparticipant who voted [and the appropriate notations for any voter-participant whose election mail was returned as undeliverable]."

SECTION 43. Section 1-8-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 152, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-2. NOMINATION BY MINOR POLITICAL PARTY--CONVENTION--DESIGNATED NOMINEES.--

A. If the rules of a minor political party require nomination by political convention:

(1) the chair and secretary of the state
political convention shall certify to the secretary of state
the names of their party's nominees for United States senator,
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United States representative, all elective state offices, legislative offices elected from multicounty districts, [the public regulation commission] all elective judicial officers in the judicial department and all offices representing a district composed of more than one county; and

(2) the chair and secretary of the county political convention shall certify to the county clerk the names of their party's nominees for elected county offices and for legislative offices elected from a district located wholly within one county or that is composed of only one county.

B. The names certified to the secretary of state shall be filed on the twenty-third day following the primary election in the year of the general election and shall be accompanied by nominating petitions containing the signatures of voters totaling not less than one percent of the total number of votes cast for governor at the last preceding general election at which a governor was elected:

(1) in the state for statewide offices; and (2) in the district for offices other than statewide offices; provided that if there are fewer members of the minor party registered to vote in the state for statewide offices or registered to vote in the district for offices other than statewide offices than the number of signatures required for that office, nominating petitions shall contain the signatures of voters totaling not less than the required number .221175.6

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1 of signatures of voters for independent candidates for the same 2 office; and provided further that for the public education 3 commission, nominating petitions shall be signed by at least 4 one-third of the number of signatures that would otherwise be 5 required, and for a judicial office, nominating petitions shall 6 be signed by two-thirds of the number of signatures that would 7 otherwise be required.

The petition shall contain a statement that the voters signing the petition are residents of the area to be represented by the office for which the person being nominated is a candidate.

C. The names certified to the county clerk shall be filed on the twenty-third day following the primary election in the year of the general election and shall be accompanied by a nominating petition containing the signatures of voters totaling not less than one percent of the total number of votes cast for governor at the last preceding general election at which a governor was elected:

(1) in the county for countywide offices; and

(2) in the district for offices other than countywide offices; provided that if there are fewer members of the minor party registered to vote in the county for countywide offices or registered to vote in the district for offices other than countywide offices than the number of signatures required for that office, nominating petitions shall contain the

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signatures of voters totaling not less than the required number of signatures of voters for independent candidates for the same office; and provided further that for a judicial office, nominating petitions shall be signed by two-thirds of the number of signatures that would otherwise be required.

The petition shall contain a statement that the voters signing the petition are residents of the area to be represented by the office for which the person being nominated is a candidate.

D. Except in the case of a political party certified in the year of the election, persons certified as candidates shall be members of that party on the day the secretary of state issues the general election proclamation.

E. When a political party is certified in the year of the general election, and after the day the secretary of state issues the general election proclamation, a person certified as a candidate shall be:

(1) a member of that party not later than the date the political party filed its rules and qualifying petitions pursuant to Sections 1-7-2 and 1-7-4 NMSA 1978; and

(2) a resident in the district of the office for which the person is a candidate on the date of the secretary of state's proclamation for the general election or in the case of a person seeking the office of United States senator or United States representative, a resident within New .221175.6

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Mexico on the date of the secretary of state's proclamation for the general election. No person who is a candidate for a party in a primary election may be certified as a candidate for a different party in the general election in the same election cycle.

F. No voter shall sign a petition prescribed by this section for more persons than the number of candidates necessary to fill the office at the next ensuing general election."

SECTION 44. Section 1-8-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 153, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-3. NOMINATION BY MINOR POLITICAL PARTY--OTHER METHODS.--If the rules and regulations of a minor political party require nomination by a method other than a political convention:

A. the state [chairman] chair and the governing board of the state party shall certify to the secretary of state the names of their party's nominees for United States senator, United States representative, all elective state offices, legislative offices elected from multicounty districts, [public regulation commission] all elective judicial officers in the judicial department and all offices representing a district composed of more than one county;

B. the county [chairman] <u>chair</u> and the governing board of the county party shall certify to the county clerk the .221175.6 - 95 -

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names of their party's nominees for elected county offices and for legislative offices elected from a district located wholly within one county or that is composed of only one county; and

C. the names of such nominees shall be filed in the same time and manner prescribed by the Election Code for convention-designated nominees of minor political parties, and each list of names certified shall be accompanied by the petition containing a list of signatures and addresses of voters as prescribed for convention-designated nominees."

SECTION 45. Section 1-8-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 156, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-6. VACANCY ON PRIMARY BALLOT.--Regardless of the cause, no vacancy on the primary election ballot occurring after the period for filing a declaration of candidacy [or the date of filing with the secretary of state a certificate of designation by state convention, whichever the case may be] shall be filled."

SECTION 46. Section 1-8-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 157, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-7. VACANCY ON GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT--DEATH OF CANDIDATE OR RESIGNATION OR DEATH OF OFFICE HOLDER BEFORE PRIMARY.--

A. Vacancies on the general election ballot may be filled as provided in Subsection B of this section if after a primary election there is no nominee of a major political party .221175.6

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1 for a public office to be filled in the general election and if 2 the vacancy was caused by: the death of a candidate after filing of 3 (1)4 the declaration of candidacy [or after certification as a 5 convention-designated nominee] and before the primary election; the failure of a major political party to 6 (2)7 nominate a candidate for lieutenant governor; provided that the 8 major political party nominated a candidate for governor; or 9 the resignation or death of a person (3) 10 holding a public office after the last Friday before the first 11 Tuesday in March, when such office was not included in the 12 general election proclamation and is required by law to be 13 filled at the next succeeding general election after the 14 vacancy is created. 15 The vacancy may be filled subsequent to the Β. 16 primary election by the central committee of the state or 17 county political party, as the case may be, as provided by 18 Subsection A of Section 1-8-8 NMSA 1978. 19 C. [The name of the person to fill the vacancy on 20 the general election ballot shall be Appointments to fill 21 vacancies in the list of a party's nominees shall be made and 22 filed with the proper filing officer [on a form approved by the 23 secretary of state] on the twenty-third day after the primary 24 election using the form prescribed by the secretary of state, 25 along with $[\frac{1}{2}]$ the declaration of candidacy subscribed and

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sworn by the selected nominee and the required form for candidates pursuant to the Campaign Reporting Act.

D. When the name of a nominee is filed as provided in this section, the name shall be placed on the general election ballot as the party's candidate for that office."

SECTION 47. Section 1-8-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 158, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-8. VACANCY ON GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT--OCCURRING AFTER PRIMARY.--

A. If after a primary election, but [seventy] <u>ninety</u> or more days before the general election, a vacancy occurs, for any cause, in the list of the nominees of a qualified political party for any public office to be filled in the general election, or a vacancy occurs because of the resignation or death of a person holding a public office not included in the secretary of state's general election proclamation and which office is required by law to be filled at the next succeeding general election, or a vacancy occurs because a new public office is created and was not included in the secretary of state's general election proclamation but is capable by law of being filled at the next succeeding general election, the vacancy on the general election ballot may be filled by:

(1) the central committee of the state
political party filing the name of its nominee for the office
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with the proper filing officer when the office is a federal office, state office, district office or multicounty legislative district office; and

(2) the central committee of the county political party filing the name of its nominee for the office with the proper filing officer when the office is a magistrate office, county office or legislative district office where the district is entirely within the boundaries of a single county.

B. Appointments made pursuant to Subsection A of this section shall qualify pursuant to Section 1-8-18 NMSA 1978.

C. The county or state central committee members making the appointment pursuant to Subsection A of this section shall be as provided for in the rules of the respective party; provided that, at a minimum, the committee shall include those members residing within the boundaries of the area to be represented by the public office.

D. Appointments to fill vacancies in the list of a party's nominees shall be made and filed with the proper filing officer <u>on or before the seventieth day prior to a general</u> <u>election using [a] the form [approved] prescribed</u> by the secretary of state [at least sixty-three days prior to the general election], along with [a] <u>the</u> declaration of candidacy <u>form</u> subscribed and sworn by the selected nominee and the [required] form for candidates pursuant to the Campaign .221175.6

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1 Reporting Act.

2	E. When the name of a nominee is filed as provided
3	in this section, the name shall be placed on the general
4	election ballot as the party's candidate for that office."
5	SECTION 48. A new Section 1-8-10.1 NMSA 1978 is enacted
6	to read:
7	"1-8-10.1. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] SHORT TITLESections 1-8-10.1
8	through 1-8-52 NMSA 1978 may be cited as the "Primary Election
9	Law"."
10	SECTION 49. Section 1-8-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
11	Chapter 240, Section 162, as amended) is amended to read:
12	"1-8-13. PRIMARY [ELECTION LAW] AND GENERAL ELECTIONS
13	CONTENTS OF PROCLAMATIONThe general election proclamation
14	calling a primary and general election shall contain:
15	A. the names of the major political parties
16	participating in the primary election;
17	B. the offices to be elected at the general
18	election and for which each political party shall nominate
19	candidates; provided that if any law is enacted by the
20	legislature in the year in which the primary election is held
21	and the law does not take effect until after the date to amend
22	the proclamation but prior to the date to fill vacancies
23	pursuant to Section 1-8-7 or 1-8-8 NMSA 1978, the secretary of
24	state shall conform the proclamation to the intent of the law
25	with respect to the offices for which each political party
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shall nominate candidates;

C. 2 the date on which declarations of candidacy and 3 nominating petitions for United States representative, any 4 office voted upon by all the voters of the state, a legislative 5 office, the office of district judge, district attorney, public education commission [public regulation commission] or 6 7 magistrate shall be filed and the places where they shall be 8 filed in order to have the candidates' names printed on the 9 official ballot of their party at the primary election or in 10 order to have the candidates' names printed on the official 11 ballot at the general election, as applicable;

D. the date on and place at which declarations of candidacy shall be filed for any other office and filing fees paid or, in lieu thereof, a [pauper's statement of inability to pay] nominating petition;

E. the final date on and place at which candidates for the office of United States representative and for any statewide office seeking preprimary convention designation by the major parties shall file petitions and declarations of candidacy;

[F. the final date on which the major political parties shall hold state preprimary conventions for the designation of candidates;

G. the final date on and place at which certificates of designation of primary election candidates .221175.6 - 101 -

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2 state;

H-] <u>F.</u> the date on which declarations of candidacy for minor party candidates shall be filed and the places where the declarations of candidacy shall be filed in order to have the minor party candidate names printed on the official ballot of the general election;

 $[\pm \cdot]$ <u>G.</u> the date on which declarations of candidacy for unaffiliated candidates shall be filed and the places where the declarations of candidacy shall be filed in order to have the unaffiliated candidate names printed on the official ballot of the general election;

 $[J_{\cdot}]$ <u>H</u>. the date on which declarations of candidacy for nonpartisan judicial retention shall be filed and the places where the declarations of candidacy shall be filed in order to have the judicial retention names printed on the official ballot of the general election; and

[K.] I. the date on which declarations to be a write-in candidate are to be filed and the places where the declarations of candidacy shall be filed in order to have write-in votes counted and canvassed at the political party primary or general election."

SECTION 50. Section 1-8-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 165, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-16. PRIMARY [ELECTION LAW] AND GENERAL ELECTIONS--.221175.6

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1 PROCLAMATION--AMENDMENT.--The [governor] secretary of state may 2 amend the proclamation between the time of its issuance and the 3 first Tuesday in March to include a newly created public office 4 that is capable by law of being filled at the next succeeding 5 general election, or any existing office becoming vacant by 6 removal, resignation or death when such vacancy occurs no later 7 than the last Friday before the first Tuesday in March, or to 8 provide for any corrections or omissions."

SECTION 51. Section 1-8-18 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 167, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-18. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--WHO MAY BECOME A CANDIDATE.--

A. No person shall become a candidate for nomination by a political party or have the person's name printed on the primary election ballot unless the person's record of voter registration shows:

(1) affiliation with that political party on the date of the secretary of state's general election proclamation; and

(2) residence in the district of the office for which the person is a candidate on the date of the secretary of state's general election proclamation or in the case of a person seeking the office of United States senator or United States representative, residence within New Mexico on the date of the secretary of state's general election .221175.6

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1 proclamation.

2 Β. A voter may challenge the candidacy of a person 3 seeking nomination by a political party for the reason that the 4 person does not meet the requirements of Subsection A of this section by filing a petition in the district court within ten 5 6 days after the last day for filing a declaration of candidacy 7 [or a statement of candidacy for convention designation]. The district court shall hear and render a decision on the matter 8 9 within ten days after the filing of the petition. The decision 10 of the district court may be appealed to the supreme court 11 within five days after the decision is rendered. The supreme 12 court shall hear and render a decision on the appeal 13 forthwith."

SECTION 52. Section 1-8-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1996, Chapter 20, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-21. PRIMARY ELECTION--METHODS OF PLACING NAMES ON PRIMARY BALLOT.--

[A. All candidates seeking primary election nomination to a statewide office or the office of United States representative shall file declarations of candidacy with the proper filing officer. Candidates shall file nominating petitions at the time of filing their declarations of candidacy. Candidates who seek, but do not obtain, preprimary convention designation by a major political party may file new declarations of candidacy and nominating petitions pursuant to .221175.6

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Section 1-8-33 NMSA 1978.

2 B. Except as provided in Subsection C of this 3 section] A. Candidates for any [other] state office listed in the proclamation issued pursuant to Section [1-8-136] 1-8-13 4 NMSA 1978 shall have their names placed on the primary election 5 6 ballot by filing declarations of candidacy and nominating 7 petitions with the proper filing officer. 8 [G.] B. Candidates for any county office listed in 9 the proclamation issued pursuant to Section 1-8-13 NMSA 1978 10 shall have their names placed on the primary election ballot by 11 filing declarations of candidacy and paying a fifty-dollar 12 (\$50.00) filing [fees] fee or filing [the proper paupers'

statements] a nominating petition containing no fewer than ten signatures for offices elected by district or twenty signatures for offices elected countywide at the time of filing declarations of candidacy with the proper filing officer."

SECTION 53. Section 1-8-26 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, Chapter 295, Section 12, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-26. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--TIME OF FILING--DOCUMENTS NECESSARY TO QUALIFY FOR BALLOT--CHALLENGE.--

[A. Declarations of candidacy by preprimary convention designation for any statewide office or for the office of United States representative shall be filed with the proper filing officer on the first Tuesday in February of each even-numbered year between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. .221175.6 B.] <u>A.</u> Declarations of candidacy for any [other] office to be nominated in the primary election shall be filed with the proper filing officer on the second Tuesday of March of each even-numbered year between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.

[C. Certificates of designation shall be submitted to the secretary of state on the first Tuesday following the preprimary convention at which the candidate's designation took place between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.

 $\overline{\mathbf{p}}$, $\overline{\mathbf{p}}$. No name shall be placed on the ballot until the person has been notified in writing by the proper filing officer that the certificate of registration on file, the declaration of candidacy and the petition, if required, are in proper order and that the person, based on those documents, is qualified to be a candidate. The proper filing officer shall mail the notice [no later than 5:00 p.m.] on the Tuesday following the filing date.

 $[E_{\tau}]$ <u>C.</u> If a person is notified by the proper filing officer that the person is not qualified to be a candidate, the person may challenge that decision by filing a petition with the district court within ten days of the notification. The district court shall hear and render a decision on the matter within ten days after the petition is filed. The decision of the district court may be appealed to the supreme court within five days after the decision is .221175.6

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rendered. The supreme court shall hear and render a decision on the appeal forthwith."

SECTION 54. Section 1-8-27 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 172, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-27. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY--MANNER OF FILING.--Each declaration of candidacy [by nominating petition or by preprimary convention designation] shall be delivered for filing in person by the candidate therein named or by a person acting, by virtue of written authorization, solely on the candidate's behalf. The proper filing officer shall not accept for filing more than one declaration of candidacy from any one individual [except that candidates who seek but fail to receive preprimary convention designation shall file a declaration of candidacy by nomination, according to provisions of the Primary Election Law, to have their names placed on the primary election ballot]."

SECTION 55. Section 1-8-29 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973, Chapter 228, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-29. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY--FORM.--In making a declaration of candidacy [by nominating petition or by pre-primary convention designation], the candidate shall submit substantially the following form <u>as</u> <u>approved by the secretary of state for that election</u>:

"DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY

[BY PRE-PRIMARY CONVENTION DESIGNATION

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1 (OR BY NOMINATING PETITION)] I, , (candidate's name on certificate 2 3 of registration) being first duly sworn, say that I reside at 4 , as shown by my certificate of registration as a voter of Precinct No. of the county of 5 6 , State of New Mexico; I am a member of the _____ party as shown 7 8 by my certificate of registration and I have not changed such 9 party affiliation subsequent to the secretary of state's 10 general election proclamation calling the primary in which I 11 seek to be a candidate; 12 I desire to become a candidate for the office of 13 at the primary election to be held on 14 the date set by law for this year, and [if the office be that 15 of a member of the legislature or that of a member of the 16 public education commission] that I actually reside at the 17 address designated on my certificate of voter registration; 18 I will be eligible and legally qualified to hold this 19 office at the beginning of its term; 20 If a candidate for any office for which a nominating 21 petition is required, I am submitting with this statement a 22 nominating petition in the form and manner as prescribed by the 23 Primary Election Law; and 24 I make the foregoing affidavit under oath, knowing that 25 any false statement herein constitutes a felony punishable

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1	under the criminal laws of New Mexico.
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3	(Declarant)
4	
5	(Mailing Address)
6	
7	(Residence Address)
8	Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of, 20
9	
10	(Notary Public)
11	My commission expires:
12	"•"
13	SECTION 56. Section 1-8-33 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973,
14	Chapter 228, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:
15	"1-8-33. PRIMARY ELECTION LAWNOMINATING PETITION
16	NUMBER OF SIGNATURES REQUIRED
17	A. As used in this section, "total vote" means the
18	sum of all votes cast for all of the party's candidates for
19	governor at the last preceding primary election at which the
20	party's candidate for governor was nominated.
21	[B. Candidates who seek preprimary convention
22	designation shall file nominating petitions at the time of
23	filing declarations of candidacy. Nominating petitions for
24	those candidates shall be signed by a number of voters equal to
25	at least two percent of the total vote of the candidate's party
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in the state or congressional district, or the following number of voters, whichever is greater: for statewide offices, two hundred thirty voters; and for congressional candidates, seventy-seven voters.

5 G.] B. Nominating petitions for candidates for [any
6 other] an office to be voted on at the primary election for
7 which nominating petitions are required shall be signed by a
8 number of voters equal to at least the greater of:

9 (1) for the public education commission, one 10 percent of the total vote of the candidate's party in the 11 district; for judicial candidates, two percent of the total 12 vote of the candidate's party in the district or division; and 13 for all other candidates, three percent of the total vote of 14 the candidate's party in the district [or division or the 15 following number of voters, whichever is greater]; or

(2) for metropolitan court and magistrate courts, ten voters; [for the public regulation commission, fifty voters] for the public education commission, twenty-five voters; for state representative, ten voters; for state senator, seventeen voters; and for district attorney and district judge, fifteen voters.

[D. A candidate who fails to receive the preprimary convention designation that the candidate sought may collect additional signatures to total at least four percent of the total vote of the candidate's party in the state or .221175.6

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1 congressional district, whichever applies to the office the 2 candidate seeks, and file a new declaration of candidacy and 3 nominating petitions for the office for which the candidate 4 failed to receive a preprimary designation. The declaration of candidacy and nominating petitions shall be filed with the 5 6 secretary of state either ten days following the date of the 7 preprimary convention at which the candidate failed to receive the designation or on the date all declarations of candidacy 8 9 and nominating petitions are due pursuant to the provisions of 10 the Primary Election Law, whichever is later.]"

SECTION 57. Section 1-8-36.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1981, Chapter 156, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-36.1. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--WRITE-IN CANDIDATES.--

A. Write-in candidates are permitted in the primary election only for the offices of United States representative, members of the legislature, district judges, district attorneys, [public regulation commission] public education commission, magistrates and any office voted upon by all voters of the state.

B. A person may be a write-in candidate only for nomination by the major political party with which the person is affiliated as shown by the certificate of registration, and such person shall have the <u>same</u> qualifications to be a candidate in the primary election for the political party for which the person is a write-in candidate.

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1	C. A person desiring to be a write-in candidate for
2	one of the offices listed in Subsection A of this section in
3	the primary election shall file with the proper filing officer
4	a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate, accompanied
5	by a nominating petition containing the same number of
6	signatures required of other candidates for major party
7	nomination for the same office. Such declaration of intent
8	shall be filed between 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. on the third
9	Tuesday in March.
10	D. [At the time of filing the declaration of intent
11	to be a write-in candidate, the] <u>A person shall not be a</u>
12	declared write-in candidate until the person has been notified
13	in writing by the proper filing officer that the certificate of
14	registration on file, the declaration of candidacy and the
15	nominating petition, if required, are in proper order and that
16	the person, based on those documents, is qualified to be a
17	candidate. The proper filing officer shall mail the notice on
18	the Friday following the filing date. The determination by the
19	proper filing officer that a person is a declared write-in
20	candidate is subject to the provisions of Section 1-8-18 NMSA
21	<u>1978.</u>
22	E. If a person is notified by the proper filing
23	officer that the person is not qualified to be a write-in
24	candidate, the person may challenge that decision by filing a
25	petition with the district court within ten days of the

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notification. The district court shall hear and render a decision on the matter within ten days after the petition is filed. The decision of the district court may be appealed to the supreme court within five days after the decision is rendered. The supreme court shall hear and render a decision on the appeal forthwith.

F. A write-in candidate shall be considered a candidate for all purposes and provisions relating to candidates in the Election Code, including the obligations to report pursuant to the Campaign Reporting Act, except that the write-in candidate's name shall not be printed on the ballot."

SECTION 58. Section 1-8-40 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 175, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-40. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY--FALSE STATEMENT. -- Any person knowingly making a false statement in [his] the person's declaration of candidacy by nominating petition [or by preprimary convention designation] is guilty of a fourth degree felony."

SECTION 59. Section 1-8-51 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 322, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-51. INDEPENDENT CANDIDATES FOR GENERAL OR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE ELECTIONS -- NOMINATING PETITIONS -- REQUIRED NUMBER OF SIGNATURES.--

Α. The basis of percentage for the total number of votes cast in each instance referred to in this section shall .221175.6 - 113 -

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be the total vote cast for governor at the last preceding
 general election at which a governor was elected.

B. Nominating petitions for an independent candidate for president of the United States shall be signed by a number of voters equal to the number of signatures required to form a new political party.

C. Nominating petitions for an independent candidate for United States senator or any other statewide elective office shall be signed by a number of voters equal to at least two percent of the total number of votes cast in the state.

D. Nominating petitions for an independent candidate for United States representative shall be signed by a number of voters equal to at least two percent of the total number of votes cast in the district.

E. Nominating petitions for an independent candidate for a member of the legislature, [public regulation commission, district judge] district attorney [member of the public education commission, magistrate] or county office shall be signed by a number of voters equal to at least two percent of the total number of votes cast in the district, division or county, as the case may be; provided that for the public education commission, nominating petitions shall be signed by at least one-third of the number of signatures that would otherwise be required, and for a judicial office, nominating .221175.6

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petitions shall be signed by two-thirds of the number of signatures that would otherwise be required.

F. When a vacancy for any office occurs on the general election ballot pursuant to Section 1-8-7 or 1-8-8 NMSA 1978 in which all political parties may name a general election candidate or when a vacancy occurs in the office of United States representative pursuant to Section 1-15-18.1 NMSA 1978, an independent candidate may file a declaration of candidacy on or by the same deadline applicable to the political parties. The nominating petitions for an independent candidate in such circumstances shall be signed by the number of voters provided in this section, unless there are fewer than:

(1) sixty days from the announcement of the vacancy to the last day to file a declaration of candidacy, in which case an independent candidate shall submit nominating petitions signed by a number of voters equal to two-thirds the number of voters otherwise required by this section for an independent candidate; or

(2) thirty days from the announcement of the vacancy to the last day to file a declaration of candidacy, in which case an independent candidate shall submit nominating petitions signed by a number of voters equal to one-third the number of voters otherwise required by this section for an independent candidate.

G. A voter shall not sign a petition for an .221175.6

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independent candidate as provided in this section if the voter has signed a petition for another independent candidate for the same office."

SECTION 60. Section 1-8-66 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1981, Chapter 156, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read: "1-8-66. GENERAL ELECTIONS--WRITE-IN CANDIDATES.--

7 A person desiring to be a write-in candidate in Α. a general election shall file with the proper filing officer 8 9 between 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. on the twenty-third day after 10 the primary election a declaration of intent to be a write-in 11 candidate, accompanied by a petition signed by a number of 12 voters equal to at least one percent of the total number of 13 votes cast in the area sought to be represented as were cast 14 for governor at the last preceding general election at which a 15 governor was elected.

B. [The form of the declaration of intent shall be prescribed by the secretary of state and shall contain a sworn statement by the person that the person is qualified to be a candidate for and to hold the office for which the person is filing] A person shall not be a declared write-in candidate until the person has been notified in writing by the proper filing officer that the certificate of registration on file, the declaration of candidacy and the nominating petition, if required, are in proper order and that the person, based on those documents, is qualified to be a candidate. The proper .221175.6

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filing officer shall mail the notice on the Friday following the filing date. The determination by the proper filing officer that a person is a declared write-in candidate is subject to the provisions of Section 1-8-18 NMSA 1978. C. If a person is notified by the proper filing

6 officer that the person is not qualified to be a write-in 7 candidate, the person may challenge that decision by filing a 8 petition with the district court within ten days of the 9 notification. The district court shall hear and render a 10 decision on the matter within ten days after the petition is 11 filed. The decision of the district court may be appealed to 12 the supreme court within five days after the decision is 13 rendered. The supreme court shall hear and render a decision 14 on the appeal forthwith.

[C. At the time of filing the declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate, the] <u>D. A</u> write-in candidate shall be considered a candidate for all purposes and provisions relating to candidates in the Election Code, including the obligation to report under the Campaign Reporting Act, except that the candidate shall not be entitled to have the candidate's name printed on the ballot.

 $[\underline{D}_{\cdot}]$ <u>E</u>. The secretary of state shall, not more than ten days after the filing date, certify the names of the declared write-in candidates to the county clerks of every county affected by such candidacy.

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1 [E.] F. No person shall be a write-in candidate in 2 the general election who was a candidate or who filed a 3 declaration of candidacy in the primary election immediately 4 prior to the general election. A write-in candidate for 5 governor or lieutenant governor in the general election shall have a companion write-in candidate, and they shall be 6 7 candidates to be elected jointly by the casting by a voter of a 8 single vote applicable to both offices." 9 SECTION 61. Section 1-9-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 10 Chapter 240, Section 184, as amended) is amended to read: 11 "1-9-1. SECRETARY OF STATE--DUTIES--VOTING SYSTEM 12 DEFINED.--13 The secretary of state shall study, examine and Α. 14 certify all voting systems used in elections for public office 15 in New Mexico. The secretary of state shall maintain a current 16 list of certified voting systems and copies of filed testing 17 and evaluation reports accessible by the public on the 18 secretary of state's [web site] website. Only certified voting 19 systems [certified] that are also approved for use by the 20 secretary of state and acquired pursuant to a competitive bid 21 process in accordance with the provisions of the Procurement 22 Code shall be used in any election for public office in New

B. As used in Chapter 1, Article 9 NMSA 1978, "voting system" means a combination of mechanical,

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electromechanical or electronic equipment, including the 2 software and firmware required to program and control the 3 equipment, that is used to cast and count votes, and also 4 including any type of system that is designed to print or to mark ballots at a polling location; equipment that is not an integral part of a voting system but that can be used as an 7 adjunct to it is considered to be a component of the system."

SECTION 62. Section 1-9-7.10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2010, Chapter 28, Section 8) is amended to read:

"1-9-7.10. VOTING SYSTEMS--BALLOT HANDLING AND PROCESSING REQUIREMENTS.--Voting systems certified for use in state elections shall:

accept a ballot that is a minimum of six inches Α. wide and a maximum of [twenty-four] twenty-two inches long, in dual columns and printed on both sides;

accept a ballot in any orientation when inserted Β. by a voter;

C. have the capability to reject a ballot on which a voter has made more than the allowable number of selections in any contest;

be designed to accommodate the maximum number of D. ballot styles or ballot variations encountered in the largest New Mexico election jurisdiction; [and]

Ε. be able to read a single ballot with at least four hundred twenty voting positions; and

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1 F. tabulate as a vote only the human-readable marks in the voter response area of a ballot." 2 SECTION 63. Section 1-10-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, 3 4 Chapter 222, Section 27, as amended) is amended to read: "1-10-4. 5 BALLOTS -- PREPARATION. --6 Α. In a primary election, not less than sixty days 7 before the election, each county clerk shall group each 8 candidate who has been qualified by a proper filing officer and 9 a space for any offices with a declared write-in candidate, 10 separated by political party and certify in writing a separate 11 ballot for each precinct in the county for each major political 12 party to be voted on at the primary election. 13 In a general election, not less than sixty days Β. 14 before the election, each county clerk shall certify in writing 15 the ballot for each precinct in the county containing the name 16 of each candidate that has been certified as the nominee of a 17 qualified political party, each unaffiliated candidate who has 18 been qualified by a proper filing officer, a space for any

offices with a declared write-in candidate and any ballot questions to be voted on at the general election.

C. In a regular local election, not less than [sixty] <u>fifty-six</u> days before the election, each county clerk shall certify in writing the ballot for each precinct in the county containing the name of each candidate who has been qualified by a proper filing officer, a space for any offices .221175.6

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with a declared write-in candidate and any ballot questions to be voted on at the regular local election.

D. In a special local election, not less than sixty days before the election, each county clerk shall certify in writing the ballot for each precinct in the county containing any ballot questions to be voted on at the special election.

E. In a special state election, not less than sixty days before the election, the secretary of state shall certify in writing the ballot containing any ballot questions to be voted on at the special state election.

F. In an election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States representative and except as provided in Subsection G of this section, not less than fifty-three days before the election, the secretary of state shall certify in writing the ballot containing the name of each candidate that has been certified as the nominee of a qualified political party, each unaffiliated candidate who has been qualified and a space for any declared write-in candidate to be voted on at the election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States representative.

G. In an election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States representative in extraordinary circumstances pursuant to 2 U.S.C. Section 8(b), not more than seventeen days after the announcement of a vacancy in the office of United States representative, the secretary of state shall certify in .221175.6

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writing the ballot containing the name of each candidate that has been certified as the nominee of a qualified political party, each unaffiliated candidate who has been qualified and a space for any declared write-in candidate to be voted on at the election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States representative.

On the date specified for each election in this н. section, each ballot certified pursuant to this section shall be sent to the ballot printer or other person preparing the ballot for use by voters and sent to the secretary of state to keep on file for twelve months, after which the certified 12 ballot shall be transferred to be a permanent record at the state records center. Upon request of the county chair of a political party participating in a partisan election, the county clerk shall furnish proof sheets or a copy of the proof sheets of the certified ballot as soon as they become available."

SECTION 64. Section 1-10-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 222, Section 29, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-10-6. BALLOTS--NAME TO BE PRINTED--ORDER OF NAMES--SIMILAR NAMES--NAMES NOT TO BE PRINTED.--

In the preparation of ballots for a statewide Α. election, the candidate's name shall be printed on the ballot as it appears on the candidate's certificate of registration that is on file in the county clerk's office on the day the .221175.6 - 122 -

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1 secretary of state issues the proclamation for that election; 2 provided that: 3 the last name printed on the ballot shall (1)4 match the candidate's legal last name; academic, honorific and elected titles 5 (2)6 shall not be printed; 7 periods after initials shall not be (3) 8 printed; 9 punctuation common to names, other than a (4) 10 period, shall be printed as it appears on the candidate's 11 certificate of registration; and 12 only letters and punctuation used in roman (5) 13 typefaces shall be printed. 14 B. The order of candidates for the same office in a 15 statewide election shall be determined using a randomization 16 method provided by rule. 17 $[B_{\cdot}]$ C. If it appears that the names of two or more 18 candidates for any office to be voted on at the election are 19 the same or are so similar as to tend to confuse the voter as 20 to the candidates' identities, the occupation and, if further 21 differentiation is necessary, the year of birth, of each such 22 candidate shall be printed immediately under the candidate's 23 name on the ballot. 24 [G.] D. A candidate's name shall not be printed on 25 the ballot if at least seventy days before a general election,

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1 sixty-three days before a primary election or regular local 2 election or seven days after the filing day for declarations of candidacy for any other election: 3 4 (1)the candidate files with the proper filing 5 officer a signed and notarized statement of withdrawal as a candidate in that election; 6 7 a judicial determination is made that the (2) candidate does not qualify to be a candidate for the office 8 9 sought; 10 the voter registration of the candidate is (3) 11 updated by the candidate in such manner that the candidate does 12 not qualify to be a candidate for the office sought; or 13 the voter registration of the candidate is (4) 14 canceled for any reason provided in Chapter 1, Article 4 NMSA 1978." 15 16 SECTION 65. Section 1-10-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, 17 Chapter 212, Section 103) is amended to read: 18 "1-10-8. BALLOTS--ORDER OF OFFICES AND BALLOT 19 QUESTIONS .--20 Α. In the year in which the president of the United 21 States is elected, the ballot in a primary election and general 22 election shall contain, when applicable, partisan offices to be 23 voted on in the following order: 24 in a presidential primary, president; (1) 25 (2) in a general election, president and vice .221175.6 - 124 -

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1	president as a ticket;
2	(3) United States senator;
3	(4) United States representative;
4	(5) state senator;
5	(6) state representative;
6	(7) supreme court;
7	(7) supreme court;(8) court of appeals;
, 8	
	[(9) public regulation commission districts
9	with odd-numbered designations;
10	(10) (9) public education commission
11	[districts with odd-numbered designations];
12	(10) district attorney;
13	(11) district court;
14	(12) metropolitan court;
15	(13) county clerk;
16	(14) county treasurer; [and]
17	(15) county commission; [districts and
18	positions with odd-numbered designations] and
19	(16) when applicable:
20	(a) county sheriff;
21	(b) county assessor; and
22	<u>(c) probate judge</u> .
23	B. In the year in which the governor is elected,
24	the ballot in a primary election and general election shall
25	contain, when applicable, partisan offices to be voted on in
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1 the following order: 2 (1) United States senator; 3 (2) United States representative; 4 (3) in a major political party primary, 5 governor; (4) 6 in a major political party primary, 7 lieutenant governor; 8 in a general election, governor and (5) 9 lieutenant governor as a ticket; 10 (6) secretary of state; 11 (7) attorney general; 12 state auditor; (8) 13 (9) state treasurer; 14 (10) commissioner of public lands; 15 (11) state representative; 16 supreme court; (12)17 court of appeals; (13) 18 [(14) public regulation commission districts 19 with even-numbered designations; 20 (15)] (14) public education commission; 21 [districts with even-numbered designations; 22 (16)] (15) district court; 23 [(17) district attorney; 24 (18)] (16) metropolitan court; 25 [(19)] (17) magistrate court; .221175.6

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1	[(20)] <u>(18)</u> county sheriff;
2	[(21)] <u>(19)</u> county assessor;
3	[(22)] <u>(20)</u> county commission; [districts and
4	positions with even-numbered designations; and
5	(23)] <u>(21)</u> probate judge; <u>and</u>
6	(22) when applicable:
7	(a) county clerk; and
8	(b) county treasurer.
9	C. The ballot in a regular local election shall
10	contain, when applicable, nonpartisan offices to be voted on in
11	the following order:
12	(1) municipal, with elective executive
13	officers listed first, governing board members listed second
14	and judicial officers listed third;
15	(2) board of education of a school district;
16	(3) community college, branch community
17	college, technical and vocational institute district or
18	learning center district; and
19	(4) special districts listed in order by
20	voting population of each special district, with the most
21	populous listed first and the least populous listed last.
22	D. The ballot in a statewide election shall
23	contain, when applicable, nonpartisan judicial retention and in
24	a statewide or special election, when applicable, ballot
25	questions to be voted on in the following order, unless a
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1 different order is prescribed by the secretary of state: 2 (1)judicial retention; 3 (2) proposed state constitutional amendments; 4 (3) other state ballot questions; 5 county ballot questions; and (4) 6 (5) local government ballot questions listed 7 in the same order as the list of local governments in 8 Subsection C of this section. 9 E. When multiple positions for the same 10 nondistricted, nonjudicial office are to be elected on the same 11 ballot and the qualifications for each of those positions are 12 the same, the nondistricted, nonjudicial district shall be 13 elected at large in the next election in a single contest on 14 the ballot in which voters shall be given the instruction to "vote for no more than X". If two or more positions for the 15 16 same office are to be elected to represent the same area but 17 with terms of different lengths of time, the candidate 18 receiving the highest number of votes shall be elected to the 19 position with the longest term length, and the candidate 20 receiving the next highest number of votes shall be elected to 21 the position with the next longest term length, with additional 22 candidates elected to positions accordingly. 23 $[E_{\cdot}]$ F. When multiple positions for the same 24 districted, nonjudicial office are listed on the same ballot 25 [and each position is to be elected individually] or the

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1 qualifications for one or more at-large positions are distinct 2 from the qualifications of the rest: 3 offices designated by district number (1)4 shall appear on the ballot in ascending numerical order of the 5 districts; and 6 (2)offices not designated by district number 7 shall appear on the ballot in ascending numerical order of the position; provided that the secretary of state shall 8 9 numerically designate the positions on the ballot as "position 10 one", "position two" and such additional consecutively numbered 11 positions as are necessary, and only one member shall be 12 elected for each position [and 13 (3) whenever two or more positions for the 14 same office are to be elected to represent the same area with 15 terms of different lengths of time, the secretary of state 16 shall first group the offices with the shorter length of time 17 and shall designate each position with "for a term expiring 18 19 $[F_{\cdot}]$ G. When multiple positions for the same 20 judicial office are listed on the same ballot, [and] each 21 position is to be elected or voted on individually as follows: 22 district, metropolitan and magistrate (1) 23 court positions, either for partisan election or for 24 nonpartisan judicial retention, shall appear on the ballot in 25 ascending numerical order of the division number assigned to .221175.6 - 129 -

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l each position;

2 (2) supreme court and court of appeals for 3 partisan election shall appear on the ballot in ascending 4 numerical order of the position number designated by the 5 secretary of state for that election, based on the date of the 6 vacancy causing the position to be listed on the ballot; 7 provided that if multiple vacancies occurred on the same day, 8 the positions shall appear on the ballot based on the order of 9 seniority of the justice or judge who vacated the position, 10 with the highest seniority listed first; and

(3) supreme court and court of appeals for nonpartisan judicial retention shall appear on the ballot in ascending numerical order of the position number designated by the secretary of state for that election, based on the seniority of the justice or judge seeking retention, with the highest seniority listed first."

SECTION 66. A new Section 1-11-4.1 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"1-11-4.1. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] VOTER NOTIFICATION.--

A. At least forty-two days prior to each statewide election, the secretary of state, on behalf of each county clerk, shall mail a voter notification of the election. The voter notification shall include:

(1) the date and purpose of the election;(2) an internet web address where a voter may

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1 apply for a mailed ballot;

2 (3) a telephone number where a voter may call 3 to request the paper form of the mailed ballot application; 4 a list of the days and times and addresses (4) 5 of early voting locations and voter convenience centers where a 6 voter may vote in person; and 7 a list of the locations of monitored (5) 8 secured containers where a voter may return a mailed ballot. 9 At least forty-nine days prior to each special Β. 10 election, the county clerk shall mail a voter notification of 11 the election. The voter notification shall include: 12 the date and purpose of the election; (1) 13 notification that the election will be (2)14 conducted by mail and that no polling places will be available 15 for the special election; 16 the deadline for voted mailed ballots to (3) 17 be received by the county clerk and the recommended deadline to 18 deposit the voted mailed ballot with the United States postal 19 service for return by mail, which shall be seven days before 20 the election; 21 the address and the telephone number of (4) 22 the county clerk's office for a voter requiring a replacement 23 ballot or returning a mailed ballot; and 24 a list of the monitored secured containers (5) 25 where a voter may return a mailed ballot. .221175.6

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1 C. The voter notification shall be sent to each 2 voter, except the voter notification shall not be sent to a 3 voter whose: 4 election mail has been returned as (1)5 undeliverable and who has not updated the voter's certificate of registration with a new address; 6 7 ballot is delivered pursuant to the (2) 8 provisions of the Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act; 9 ballot is delivered pursuant to the (3) 10 provisions of the Intimate Partner Violence Survivor Suffrage 11 Act; or 12 ballot, in a statewide election, is (4) 13 delivered pursuant to the provisions of Section 1-6-22.1 NMSA 14 1978." 15 SECTION 67. Section 1-11-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 16 Chapter 240, Section 215, as amended) is amended to read: 17 "1-11-5. VOTING DEVICE--PREPARATION--CERTIFICATION.--18 Forty-two days before the election, the county Α. 19 clerk may begin to prepare, inspect, certify and seal 20 electronic voting machines that are to be used in the election, 21 and such preparation, inspection, certification and sealing 22 shall continue until all machines are prepared, inspected, 23 certified and sealed. The process of preparing, inspecting, 24 certifying and sealing electronic voting machines shall be open 25 to observation by the public.

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1	B. The county clerk shall certify to the secretary
2	of state and the county chair of each political party
3	represented on the ballot the type and serial number of each
4	voting machine to be used."
5	SECTION 68. Section 1-11-19 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018,
6	Chapter 79, Section 33, as amended) is amended to read:
7	"1-11-19. COSTS OF ELECTIONS[LOCAL ELECTION ASSESSMENT]
8	STATE ELECTION FUND [ESTABLISHED]
9	A. There is created in the state treasury the
10	" <u>state</u> election fund" solely for the purposes of:
11	(1) paying the costs of conducting and
12	administering statewide elections required by the Election
13	Code;
14	(2) reimbursing the counties for the costs of
15	conducting and administering statewide elections required by
16	the Election Code;
17	(3) paying the administrative costs of the
18	office of the secretary of state for administering elections
19	required by the Election Code and for administering the <u>state</u>
20	election fund; and
21	(4) carrying out all other specified
22	provisions of the Election Code not already covered by another
23	fund administered by the secretary of state.
24	B. The state treasurer shall invest the state
25	election fund as other state funds are invested, and all income
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1	derived from the fund shall be credited directly to the fund.
2	Remaining balances at the end of a fiscal year shall remain in
3	the fund and not revert to the general fund. Money in the fund
4	is appropriated to the office of the secretary of state for the
5	purposes authorized in Subsection A of this section. Money in
6	the fund shall only be expended on warrants of the department
7	of finance and administration pursuant to vouchers signed by
8	the secretary of state or the secretary's designee.
9	C. Money received from the following sources shall
10	be deposited directly into the state election fund:
11	(1) money appropriated to the fund by the
12	legislature;
13	(2) reimbursements from the state or a local
14	government for elections costs; [and]
15	(3) federal funds received by the state that
16	are designated by the federal government or the state executive
17	for elections or that have been appropriated by the legislature
18	for election purposes;
19	(4) grants or capital outlay funds received by
20	a county clerk for which the secretary of state has agreed to
21	serve as the fiscal agent; and
22	[(3)] <u>(5)</u> grants <u>or capital outlay funds</u>
23	received by the secretary of state <u>for the purposes of</u>
24	Subsection A of this section and not designated for any other
25	<u>fund.</u>
	.221175.6 - 134 -

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1	D. The secretary of state may submit a budget
2	adjustment request to use money in the state election fund for
3	the purposes authorized in Subsection A of this section beyond
4	a five percent variance from the approved elections budget for
5	the current fiscal year.
6	[D. In the event that] <u>E. If the</u> current year
7	balances in the <u>state</u> election fund do not cover the costs of
8	elections, the secretary of state may apply to the state board
9	of finance for an emergency grant to cover those costs pursuant
10	to Section 6-1-2 NMSA 1978."
11	SECTION 69. A new Section 1-11-20 NMSA 1978 is enacted to
12	read:
13	"1-11-20. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] COSTS OF ELECTIONSCOUNTY
14	ELECTION FUND
15	A. A "county election fund" is created within the
16	county treasury of each county.
17	B. Expenditures from the county election fund shall
18	be determined by the county clerk and shall be used exclusively
19	for purposes relating to the administration of elections
20	pursuant to the provisions of the Election Code and rules
21	issued by the secretary of state. Remaining balances at the
22	end of a fiscal year shall remain in the fund and not revert to
23	the county general fund.
24	C. Money received from the following sources shall
25	be deposited directly into the county election fund:

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1	(1) county general funds appropriated for the
2	costs of elections;
3	(2) other money appropriated to the fund by
4	the board of county commissioners;
5	(3) filing fees paid for elections;
6	(4) money received from the state or a local
7	public body for the costs of conducting a special election
8	pursuant to the Special Election Act;
9	(5) grants and reimbursements from the state
10	for elections costs;
11	(6) federal funds received by the county that
12	are designated for elections or that have been appropriated for
13	election purposes; and
14	(7) grants or capital outlay funds received by
15	a county for election purposes from any source and not
16	designated to any other county fund.
17	D. The county election fund is subject to being
18	audited in the same manner as other funds in the county. The
19	county clerk shall prepare a report detailing the source of
20	funds deposited into the county election fund, the use of funds
21	and the remaining balances within the county election fund
22	during the annual county budgeting process. The county clerk
23	shall report to the secretary of state the use and remaining
24	balances of state funds within the county election fund as
25	required by the secretary of state."
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SECTION 70. Section 1-12-25.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 356, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-12-25.2. CONDUCT OF ELECTION--PROVISIONAL VOTING--INFORMATION TO VOTER--STATUS OF VOTER'S BALLOT.--

A. If a voter is required to vote on a provisional paper ballot, the presiding judge or election judge shall give the voter written instructions on how the voter may determine whether the vote was counted and, if the vote was not counted, the reason it was not counted.

B. The secretary of state shall provide a free access system, such as a toll-free telephone number or internet website, that a voter who casts a provisional paper ballot may access to ascertain whether the voter's ballot was counted and, if the vote was not counted, the reason it was not counted and how to appeal the decision pursuant to rules issued by the secretary of state. Access to information about an individual voter's provisional paper ballot through the free access system is restricted to the voter who cast the ballot.

C. Beginning with the closing of the polls on election day through the tenth day following the election, the county clerk shall notify by mail each person whose provisional paper ballot was not counted of the reason the ballot was not counted. The voter shall have until the Friday prior to the meeting of the state canvassing board to appeal to the county clerk a decision to reject the voter's ballot. <u>At any time up</u> .221175.6

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to and including the appeal, the voter may provide information 2 or documentation to satisfy the reason the ballot was rejected."

SECTION 71. Section 1-12-65 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 222, Section 68, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-12-65. [EMERGENCY SITUATIONS] PAPER BALLOTS--COUNTING AND TALLYING PROCEDURES .--

The presiding judge and the election judges, Α. assisted by the election clerks, shall count the number of paper ballots that were not tabulated by the electronic vote tabulator, write the number of such ballots on each copy of the certificate of returns for that polling place and place the paper ballots that were not tabulated by the electronic vote tabulator in an envelope provided for that purpose. The envelope shall not be locked in the ballot box but shall instead be transmitted directly to the county clerk for machine-tabulation or hand-tallying of the ballots.

Β. The presiding judge and the election judges, assisted by the election clerks, shall count the number of machine-tabulated paper ballots with write-in votes, write the number of such ballots on each copy of the certificate of returns for that polling place and place those paper ballots with write-in votes in an envelope provided for that purpose. The envelope shall not be locked in the ballot box but shall instead be transmitted directly to the county clerk for manual .221175.6

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counting of the write-in votes.

2 [C. The tallying of paper ballots that were not 3 tabulated by the electronic vote tabulator at the polling place 4 and the counting of ballots with write-in votes shall be in 5 accordance with procedures prescribed by the secretary of 6 state.]

7 C. If the county clerk receives an envelope pursuant to Subsection A or B of this section and the absent 8 9 voter election board has not adjourned, the envelope shall be 10 logged and transmitted to the absent voter election board to be 11 tallied immediately. If the envelope is received by the county 12 clerk after the absent voter election board has adjourned, the 13 envelope shall be logged and transmitted to be tallied by an 14 election board appointed to assist in the preparation of the 15 county canvass report."

SECTION 72. Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 222, Section 72, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"1-12-69. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] DISPOSITION OF PAPER BALLOTS AND RECORDS RELATED TO VOTING.--

A. Paper ballots marked by voters and records related to voting in any election shall be retained and preserved for the greater of:

(1) twenty-two months from the date of the election for any election in which a federal office appears on .221175.6

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(2) ten months from the date of the election
for all other elections; or

(3) four months following resolution of a contest or other judicial inquiry, including all appeals, for any election, precinct or polling place that is the subject of the contest or other judicial inquiry.

Following the retention period, paper ballots Β. marked by voters and records related to voting retained and preserved in the county may be destroyed at a time and in a manner as determined by the county clerk; provided that the county clerk shall use one of the destruction methods approved by the state records administrator for destruction of public records. Any interested person shall be permitted to be present during the destruction of paper ballots marked by a voter and records related to voting by the county clerk. At least seven days prior to a destruction, the clerk shall post on the county website a notice of destruction of paper ballots and records related to voting and shall provide notice to the county chair of each political party participating in that election. The notice shall include information regarding the election that is the subject of the records destruction and the date, time and place where marked ballots and records related to voting will be destroyed.

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C. During the retention period, the county clerk

may determine that paper ballots marked by voters and physical 2 records related to voting from an election should be retained and preserved by the state records administrator. 3 The state records administrator shall receive for storage paper ballots marked by voters and physical records related to voting and, following the retention periods required by this section, may 7 destroy the ballots and physical records pursuant to the 8 procedures used by the state records administrator for destruction of public records following a retention period. 10 The state records administrator may enter into a memorandum of 11 understanding with the secretary of state to cover the costs of 12 storage through the state election fund. The county clerk 13 shall post on the county website a notice at least seven days prior to sending ballots and physical records related to voting 15 to the state records administrator.

Paper ballots marked by voters, their digitized D. equivalents and records related to voting are exempt from third-party inspection except as otherwise provided in the Election Code until the later of sixty days following adjournment of the state or county canvassing board for that election or sixty days following any recount, contest or other judicial inquiry for any election, precinct or polling place that is the subject of the recount, contest or judicial inquiry. Thereafter, during the retention period and prior to destruction of the ballots or records, a third-party inspection .221175.6

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1 not otherwise provided for in the Election Code shall be 2 conducted for good cause shown and upon order of the district 3 court. When a third-party inspection is ordered, a county 4 clerk, the clerk's agent, the state records administrator or 5 the state records administrator's agent shall be present during 6 the inspection to ensure that all ballots and records are 7 properly catalogued and returned in proper order. An 8 inspection of paper ballots marked by voters, their digitized 9 equivalents or records related to voting shall be conducted in 10 such a manner as to secure the secrecy of the ballot."

SECTION 73. Section 1-13-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 303, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-13-1. POST-ELECTION DUTIES--COUNTY CANVASSING BOARD.--

A. The board of county commissioners is ex officio the county canvassing board in each county.

B. The board of county commissioners may designate the board of registration to serve as the county canvassing board for the county. The designation shall be made in the polling place resolution adopted pursuant to Section 1-3-2 NMSA 1978 and is valid for all statewide and special elections conducted within the county until the expiration of the resolution.

C. The county canvass report prepared by the county clerk and approved by the county canvassing board shall consist of:

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1	(1) the certificate of canvass to be signed by
2	the county clerk and the county canvassing board members;
3	(2) a report of the final vote counts for each
4	candidate contest and ballot question voted on by voters of the
5	county separated by mailed ballots, early voting and election
6	<u>day voting;</u>
7	(3) a report of the total ballots requested,
8	returned, accepted and rejected from uniformed-service voters
9	or overseas voters; and
10	(4) a report of all provisional ballots
11	accepted and rejected.
12	D. Immediately after the meeting of the county
13	canvassing board, the county clerk shall transmit a copy of the
14	county canvass report, along with any hand tally sheets, to the
15	secretary of state."
16	SECTION 74. Section 1-13-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
17	Chapter 240, Section 306, as amended) is amended to read:
18	"1-13-4. POST-ELECTION DUTIESCOUNTY CANVASSMETHOD
19	The county clerk shall:
20	A. appoint an election board to conduct a machine-
21	tabulation or hand-tally if the county clerk has received and
22	logged any:
23	(1) paper ballots not previously tabulated;
24	(2) absentee ballots delivered to an election
25	board not previously tabulated;
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1 (3) provisional paper ballots that have been qualified and contain votes that are to be counted; or 2 3 (4) ballots with write-in votes not previously 4 counted; 5 $[A_{\cdot}]$ B. prepare the report of the canvass of the election returns by carefully examining the returns of each 6 7 precinct to ascertain if they contain the properly executed 8 certificates required by the Election Code and to ascertain 9 whether any discrepancy, omission or error appears on the face 10 of the election returns; [and 11 B_{\cdot}] C. present the report of the canvass to the 12 county canvassing board for the board's consideration and 13 approval; and 14 D. provide the county canvassing board a summary 15 report of the ballots tallied by the election board pursuant to 16 Subsection A of this section and deliver directly to the 17 secretary of state a cumulative report to be used in the event 18 of a recount." 19 SECTION 75. Section 1-13-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 20 Chapter 240, Section 310, as amended) is amended to read: 21 "1-13-8. POST-ELECTION DUTIES--COUNTY CANVASS--SEARCH FOR 22 MISSING RETURNS.--If it is necessary to open a ballot box on election night through the adjournment of the state canvass to ascertain if missing election returns are enclosed in the 25 ballot box, the ballot box shall be opened in the presence of a .221175.6 - 144 -

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1 presiding judge and two election judges of an election board by 2 the county clerk [and the district judge] or [someone] a deputy 3 clerk designated by the [district judge. In the presence of 4 the district judge or the designated representative of the 5 district judge] county clerk. The county clerk or deputy clerk 6 may remove the missing returns necessary to canvass the 7 election. [When such omission or negligence of the precinct board causes an additional expense to be incurred, no 8 9 compensation shall be paid to the precinct board for its 10 services on election day] The presiding judge and election 11 judges shall document the search for missing returns using a 12 form prescribed by the secretary of state."

SECTION 76. Section 1-14-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, Chapter 249, Section 2) is amended to read:

"1-14-9. IMPOUNDING BALLOTS--APPLICATION FOR COURT ORDER--DEPOSIT REQUIRED.--

A. Upon an order of the district court, ballots may be impounded during the period of time between the completion of the county canvass and the last day to file a candidate contest in that election.

<u>B.</u> Any candidate in an election may petition the district court for an order impounding ballots in one or more precincts <u>or polling places</u> within which [he is a candidate] <u>the candidate's name appeared on the ballot</u>. The action shall be brought in the district court for the county in which the .221175.6

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1 precincts or polling places are located. The petition shall 2 state what specific items of ballots are requested to be 3 impounded. Upon receipt of the petition, along with a 4 sufficient cash deposit [of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) per 5 precinct] or a sufficient surety bond, to cover the costs of each precinct or polling place for which impoundment is 6 7 demanded, the court shall issue an order of impoundment. 8 C. Ballots shall be impounded in the county 9 courthouse or secured in the county clerk's office. When 10 impounded ballots are being handled, a county clerk or the 11 clerk's agent shall be present to ensure that all documents are 12 properly catalogued and returned in proper order.

D. The state canvassing board shall determine the estimated actual cost of impoundment per polling place and for mailed ballots no later than March 15 of even-numbered years. The secretary of state shall post the impoundment cost determinations on the secretary of state's website when the state canvassing board issues its cost determinations."

SECTION 77. Section 1-14-13.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2009, Chapter 233, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-14-13.2. POST-ELECTION DUTIES--VOTING SYSTEM CHECK.--

A. At least ninety days prior to each [general] statewide election or as soon as practicable prior to an election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States representative, the secretary of state shall contract with an .221175.6

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1 auditor qualified by the state auditor to audit state agencies 2 to oversee a check on the accuracy of precinct electronic vote 3 tabulators, alternate voting location electronic vote tabulators and absent voter precinct electronic vote 4 5 tabulators. The voting system check shall be conducted for all federal offices, for governor and for the statewide elective 6 7 office, other than the office of the governor, for which the 8 winning candidate won by the smallest percentage margin of all 9 candidates for statewide office in New Mexico. The voting 10 system check is waived for any office for which [a] an automatic recount is conducted. 11

Β. For each selected office, the auditor shall publicly select a random sample of precincts from a pool of all precincts in the state no later than twelve days after the election. The random sample shall be chosen in a process that will ensure, with at least ninety percent probability for the selected offices, that faulty tabulators would be detected if they would change the outcome of the election for a selected office. The auditor shall select precincts starting with the statewide office with the largest winning margin and ending with the precincts for the statewide office with the smallest winning margin and then, in the same manner, select precincts from each congressional district. The size of the random sample for each office shall be determined as provided in Table l of this subsection. When a precinct is selected for one .221175.6

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1	office, it shall be used in lie	u of selecting a different
2	precinct when selecting precinc	ts for another office in the
3	same congressional district, or	for any statewide office. If
4	the winning margin in none of t	he offices for which a voting
5	system check is required is les	s than fifteen percent, a voting
6	system check for that general e	lection shall not be required.
7	Table l	
8	Winning margin between top	Number of precincts in the
9	two candidates for the	state to be tested for that
10	office according to the	office
11	county canvasses	
12	Percent	
13	greater than 15	no precincts for that
14		office
15	greater than 14	
16	but less than or equal to 15	4
17	greater than 13	
18	but less than or equal to 14	4
19	greater than 12	
20	but less than or equal to 13	5
21	greater than ll	
22	but less than or equal to 12	5
23	greater than 10	
24	but less than or equal to ll	6
25	greater than 9.0	
	.221175.6	
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1	but less than or equal to 10	6
2	greater than 8.0	
3	but less than or equal to 9.0	7
4	greater than 7.0	
5	but less than or equal to 8.0	9
6	greater than 6.0	
7	but less than or equal to 7.0	10
8	greater than 5.5	
9	but less than or equal to 6.0	11
10	greater than 5.0	
11	but less than or equal to 5.5	13
12	greater than 4.5	
13	but less than or equal to 5.0	14
14	greater than 4.0	
15	but less than or equal to 4.5	16
16	greater than 3.5	
17	but less than or equal to 4.0	18
18	greater than 3.0	
19	but less than or equal to 3.5	22
20	greater than 2.5	
21	but less than or equal to 3.0	26
22	greater than 2.0	
23	but less than or equal to 2.5	32
24	greater than 1.8	
25	but less than or equal to 2.0	37
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1	greater than 1.6	
2	but less than or equal to 1.8	42
3	greater than 1.4	
4	but less than or equal to 1.6	47
5	greater than 1.2	
6	but less than or equal to 1.4	54
7	greater than l.l	
8	but less than or equal to 1.2	59
9	greater than 1.0	
10	but less than or equal to 1.1	65
11	greater than 0.9	
12	but less than or equal to 1.0	73
13	greater than 0.8	
14	but less than or equal to 0.9	82
15	greater than 0.7	
16	but less than or equal to 0.8	93
17	greater than 0.6	
18	but less than or equal to 0.7	109
19	greater than 0.5	
20	but less than or equal to 0.6	130
21	0.5 or less	165.
22	C. After selecting the random s	ample of precincts
23	pursuant to Subsection B of this section or	as required for a
24	regular local election, the auditor shall a	<u>llso randomly select</u>
25	one precinct from each county where a preci	nct was not selected
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1 <u>in the random sample.</u>

2	$[G_{\bullet}]$ <u>D.</u> The auditor shall notify the appropriate
3	county clerks of the precincts that are to be included in the
4	voting system check upon their selection. The auditor shall
5	direct the appropriate county clerks to open the locked ballot
6	boxes <u>and</u> remove ballots from the selected precincts and:
7	(1) in a primary or general election, the
8	auditor shall direct the appropriate county clerks to compare
9	the original machine count precinct vote totals [including
10	early absentee and absentee by mail machine count vote totals]
11	for candidates for offices subject to the voting system check
12	from the selected precincts for each office with the respective
13	vote totals of a hand recount of the paper ballots from those
14	precincts;
15	(2) in a regular local election, the size of
15 16	(2) in a regular local election, the size of the random sample shall be the largest number of precincts that
16	the random sample shall be the largest number of precincts that
16 17	the random sample shall be the largest number of precincts that were used for the random sample in the previous general
16 17 18	the random sample shall be the largest number of precincts that were used for the random sample in the previous general election. The auditor shall direct the appropriate county
16 17 18 19	the random sample shall be the largest number of precincts that were used for the random sample in the previous general election. The auditor shall direct the appropriate county clerks to compare the original machine count precinct vote
16 17 18 19 20	the random sample shall be the largest number of precincts that were used for the random sample in the previous general election. The auditor shall direct the appropriate county clerks to compare the original machine count precinct vote totals for the three contests with the closest margin between
16 17 18 19 20 21	the random sample shall be the largest number of precincts that were used for the random sample in the previous general election. The auditor shall direct the appropriate county clerks to compare the original machine count precinct vote totals for the three contests with the closest margin between the two candidates receiving the greatest number of votes
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	the random sample shall be the largest number of precincts that were used for the random sample in the previous general election. The auditor shall direct the appropriate county clerks to compare the original machine count precinct vote totals for the three contests with the closest margin between the two candidates receiving the greatest number of votes affecting the final outcome for an office from each of the
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	the random sample shall be the largest number of precincts that were used for the random sample in the previous general election. The auditor shall direct the appropriate county clerks to compare the original machine count precinct vote totals for the three contests with the closest margin between the two candidates receiving the greatest number of votes affecting the final outcome for an office from each of the selected precincts with the respective vote totals of a hand
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	the random sample shall be the largest number of precincts that were used for the random sample in the previous general election. The auditor shall direct the appropriate county clerks to compare the original machine count precinct vote totals for the three contests with the closest margin between the two candidates receiving the greatest number of votes affecting the final outcome for an office from each of the selected precincts with the respective vote totals of a hand recount of the paper ballots from those precincts; provided

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2 contests so that three contests are included in the sample from 3 that precinct; and 4 (3) in an election called to fill a vacancy in 5 United States representative, the auditor shall direct the 6 appropriate county clerks to compare the original machine count 7 precinct vote totals for candidates for United States 8 representative from the selected precincts with the respective 9 vote totals of a hand recount of the paper ballots from those 10 precincts.

precinct, the auditor shall randomly select one or more

<u>E.</u> The county clerks shall report their results to the auditor within [ten] <u>fourteen</u> days of the notice to conduct the voting system check unless a county clerk is aware of a recount in any office that includes one or more precincts in the county, in which case the county clerk shall report the results of the post-election audit to the auditor within [ten] <u>fourteen</u> days following the conclusion of the recount.

 $[\underline{\mathfrak{P}}\cdot]$ <u>F</u>. Based on the results of the voting system check and any other auditing results, the auditor shall determine the error rate in the sample for each office. If the winning margin decreases and the error rate based on the difference between the vote totals of hand recounts of the paper ballots and the original precinct vote totals exceeds ninety percent of the winning margin for an office, another sample equal in size to the original sample shall be selected .221175.6

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and the original precinct vote totals compared to the vote 2 totals of hand recounts. The error rate based on the first and 3 second sample shall be reported, and if it exceeds ninety percent of the winning margin for the office, the state canvassing board shall order that a full hand recount of the ballots for that office be conducted.

 $[\underline{E_{\cdot}}]$ <u>G.</u> The auditor shall report the results of the voting system check to the secretary of state upon completion of the voting system check and release the results to the public.

[F.] H. Persons designated as county canvass observers may observe the hand recount described in Subsection [C] D of this section. Observers shall comply with the procedures governing county canvass observers as provided in Section 1-2-31 NMSA 1978.

[G.] I. If a recount for an office selected for a voting system check is conducted pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 1, Article 14 NMSA 1978, the vote totals from the hand count of ballots for that office in precincts selected for the voting system check may be used in lieu of recounting the same ballots for the recount.

[H.] J. All costs of a voting system check or required hand recount shall be paid in the same manner as automatic recounts."

SECTION 78. Section 1-14-15 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1978, .221175.6

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1 2 Chapter 48, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-14-15. RECOUNTS--RECHECKS--COST OF PROCEEDINGS.--

3 An applicant for a recount shall deposit with Α. 4 the proper canvassing board or, in the case of an office for 5 which the state canvassing board issues a certificate of 6 nomination or election, with the secretary of state sufficient 7 cash, or a sufficient surety bond, to cover the cost of a 8 recount for each precinct for which a recount is demanded. An 9 applicant for a recheck shall deposit with the proper 10 canvassing board or, in the case of an office for which the 11 state canvassing board issues a certificate of nomination or 12 election, with the secretary of state sufficient cash, or a 13 sufficient surety bond, to cover the cost of the recheck for 14 each voting machine to be rechecked. The state canvassing 15 board shall determine the estimated actual cost of a recount 16 per [precinct] polling place and for mailed ballots and a 17 recheck per voting machine no later than March 15 of even-18 numbered years. The secretary of state shall post the recount 19 and recheck cost determinations on the secretary of state's 20 [web site] website when the state canvassing board issues its 21 cost determinations.

B. The deposit or surety bond shall be security for the payment of the costs and expenses of the recount or recheck in case the results of the recount or recheck are not sufficient to change the results of the election.

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C. If it appears that error or fraud sufficient to change the winner of the election has been committed, the costs and expenses of the recount or recheck shall be paid by the state upon warrant issued by the secretary of finance and administration supported by a voucher of the secretary of state, or shall be paid by the county upon warrant of the county clerk from the general fund of the county, as the case may be.

D. If no error or fraud appears to be sufficient to change the winner, the costs and expenses for the recount or recheck shall be paid by the applicant. Costs shall consist of any docket fees, mileage of the sheriff in serving summons and fees and mileage of [precinct] election board members, at the same rates allowed witnesses in civil actions. If error or fraud has been committed by [a precinct] an election board, the board members shall not be entitled to such mileage or fees."

SECTION 79. Section 1-14-24 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2008, Chapter 41, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-14-24. AUTOMATIC RECOUNTS--[ELECTIONS FOR STATE AND FEDERAL OFFICES] PROCEDURES.--

A. An automatic recount of the vote is required when the canvass of returns indicates that the margin between the two candidates receiving the greatest number of votes for an office, the margin between those supporting and those opposing a ballot question or the margin affecting the outcome .221175.6

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1 of a nonpartisan judicial retention election is less than: 2 one-fourth percent of the total votes cast (1)3 in that election: for that office in the case of a 4 (a) 5 federal or statewide office; (b) on a ballot question in the case of 6 7 a state ballot question; or 8 (c) on a nonpartisan judicial retention 9 election in the case of the supreme court or the court of 10 appeals; 11 (2) one-half percent of the total votes cast 12 in that election: 13 for that office in the case of a (a) 14 [public regulation commissioner] public education commissioner, 15 district attorney or any office elected countywide in a county 16 with more than one hundred fifty thousand registered voters; 17 (b) on a ballot question in the case of 18 a local ballot question; or 19 (c) on a nonpartisan judicial retention 20 election in the case of a district court or the metropolitan 21 court; or 22 one percent of the total votes cast in (3) 23 that election or five or fewer votes between the two candidates 24 receiving the greatest number of votes for that office in the 25 case of any other office. .221175.6 - 156 -

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1 Β. For an office for which ballots were cast in 2 more than one county, the secretary of state shall file notice 3 with the state canvassing board upon the completion of the 4 state canvass that an automatic recount is required, and the 5 state canvassing board shall order a recount of the ballots for 6 the specified office. For an office in which ballots were cast 7 solely within one county, the secretary of state shall file 8 notice with the state canvassing board within seven days after 9 receiving notice from the county clerk following the completion 10 of the county canvass that an automatic recount is required, 11 and the state canvassing board shall order a recount of the 12 ballots for the specified office.

C. Automatic recounts shall be conducted pursuant to the recount procedures established in Sections 1-14-16 and 1-14-18 through 1-14-23 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 80. Section 1-15-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 371) is amended to read:

"1-15-21. EXPIRING TERM AND NEXT SUCCEEDING TERM--NOMINATION.--

A. If a vacancy in the office of United States representative occurs for an expiring term after the last day to amend a general election proclamation, no election shall be held pursuant to Section 1-15-18.1 NMSA 1978.

[A.] <u>B.</u> If any political party [convention] nominates any individual to be placed on the general election .221175.6 - 157 -

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ballot for the term next succeeding the expiring term, then [such] the person nominated by the party [convention] shall be deemed to also be designated by the [convention] party for the expiring term. No candidate may be designated by the [convention] party for the expiring term only.

[B.] C. Any candidate whose name is placed on the [direct primary] general election ballot [in the primary election] for the term next succeeding the expiring term shall be conclusively presumed to have declared as a candidate for both the expiring term and the succeeding term."

SECTION 81. Section 1-15A-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 230, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-15A-9. <u>CERTIFICATION OF PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY VOTE FOR</u> NATIONAL CONVENTION.--[A.] Upon the completion of the state canvass of the results of the presidential primary, the secretary of state shall forthwith certify to the state [chairman] chair of each political party participating in the primary and to the credentials committee of the national convention of each [such] political party [the following:

candidates [or uncommitted category] received.

[B. Each political party shall select as many .221175.6 - 158 -

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1	delegates and alternates to the national party convention in
2	the manner prescribed by the rules of that party and as are
3	allotted to it by the national committee of that party.
4	C. The vote of the delegates or their alternates to
5	the national convention from each such political party from New
6	Mexico shall be cast on the first presidential nomination
7	ballot of the national convention by the chairman of the
8	delegation. The manner of casting the vote of each party
9	delegation shall be as follows:
10	(1) each candidate and the uncommitted
11	category shall be entitled to a share of the total vote
12	allotted to the delegation that is equal to the proportion that
13	the vote he received in the presidential primary bears to the
14	total combined vote received by all qualified candidates;
15	provided that no candidate shall be excluded who has received
16	at least fifteen percent of the total vote cast for candidates
17	for president of that party, and no candidate shall be excluded
18	in violation of any political party rule; and
19	(2) the method used to compute the total votes
20	allowed to a candidate or the uncommitted category shall be
21	determined by the party rules on file in the office of the
22	secretary of state.
23	D. The provisions of this section with regard to
24	the manner of voting by the New Mexico delegations at the
25	national party conventions apply only to the first nominating
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ballot cast at such conventions. Such delegations may be released prior to the first ballot from voting in the manner provided by this section upon death of the candidate or upon his written unconditional release of such votes allotted to him. Any votes so released shall be cast in the manner of votes allotted to the uncommitted category.]"

SECTION 82. Section 1-17-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 393) is amended to read:

9 "1-17-8. REFERENDUM PETITIONS--APPROVAL BEFORE
10 CIRCULATION.--

A. Before any referendum petition is circulated for signatures, the sponsors shall submit the original draft thereof to the secretary of state to determine whether or not it meets the requirements of law for referendum petitions. At the same time the original draft is submitted to the secretary of state, the sponsors shall also submit a suggested popular name for the law [which] that is the object of the petition.

B. Within [ten] <u>thirty</u> days after submission of the original draft and suggested popular name, the secretary of state shall:

(1) approve and certify the original draft of the petition and approve and certify the suggested popular name or a more suitable and correct popular name; or

(2) disapprove the original draft and specify each deficiency not in compliance with the law."

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1 SECTION 83. Section 1-17-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 2 Chapter 240, Section 395) is amended to read: "1-17-10. REFERENDUM PETITIONS--SUFFICIENCY OR 3 4 INSUFFICIENCY .-- The secretary of state shall ascertain and 5 declare the sufficiency or insufficiency of each complete 6 referendum petition within [fifteen] thirty days after it is 7 filed in [his] the secretary's office." 8 SECTION 84. Section 1-19-26 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1979, 9 Chapter 360, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read: 10 "1-19-26. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Campaign Reporting 11 Act: 12 "advertisement" means a communication referring Α. 13 to a candidate or ballot question that is published, 14 disseminated, distributed or displayed to the public by print, 15 broadcast, satellite, cable or electronic media, including 16 recorded phone messages, or by printed materials, including 17 mailers, handbills, signs and billboards, but "advertisement" 18 does not include: 19 (1) a communication by a membership 20 organization or corporation to its current members, 21 stockholders or executive or administrative personnel; 22 (2) a communication appearing in a news story 23 or editorial distributed through a print, broadcast, satellite, 24 cable or electronic medium; 25 a candidate debate or forum or a (3) .221175.6

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communication announcing a candidate debate or forum paid for on behalf of the debate or forum sponsor; provided that two or more candidates for the same position have been invited to participate or, in the case of an uncontested election, that the single candidate for the position has been invited to participate;

7 (4) nonpartisan voter guides allowed by the
8 federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for Section
9 501(c)(3) organizations; or

10 (5) statements made to a court or 11 administrative board in the course of a formal judicial or 12 administrative proceeding;

B. "anonymous contribution" means a contribution the contributor of which is unknown to the candidate or the candidate's agent or the political committee or its agent who accepts the contribution;

C. "ballot question" means a constitutional amendment or other question submitted to the voters in an election;

D. "bank account" means an account in a financial institution regulated by the United States or a state of the United States;

E. "campaign committee" means an association of two or more persons authorized by a candidate to act on the candidate's behalf for the purpose of electing the candidate to .221175.6

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1 office; provided that a candidate shall not authorize more than
2 one campaign committee;

F. "campaign expenditure" means an expenditure that is made by a campaign committee or by a candidate in support of the candidate's campaign in an election;

G. "candidate" means an individual who seeks or considers an office in an election covered by the Campaign Reporting Act, including a public official, who has filed a declaration of candidacy and has not subsequently filed a statement of withdrawal or:

(1) for a nonstatewide office, has received contributions or made expenditures of more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or authorized another person or campaign committee to receive contributions or make expenditures of more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for the purpose of seeking election to the office; or

(2) for a statewide office, has received contributions or made expenditures of more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000) or authorized another person or campaign committee to receive contributions or make expenditures of more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for the purpose of seeking election to the office or for candidacy exploration purposes in the years prior to the year of the election;

H. "contribution":

(1)

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means a gift, subscription, loan, advance

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1 or deposit of money or other thing of value, including the 2 estimated value of an in-kind contribution, that is made or received for a political purpose, including payment of a debt 3 4 incurred in an election campaign; 5 includes a coordinated expenditure; (2)does not include the value of services 6 (3) 7 provided without compensation or unreimbursed travel or other 8 personal expenses of individuals who volunteer a portion or all 9 of their time on behalf of a candidate or political committee 10 nor does it include the administrative or solicitation expenses of a political committee that are paid by an organization that 11 12 sponsors the committee; and 13 does not include the value of the (4) 14 incidental use of the candidate's personal property, home or 15 business office for campaign purposes; 16 "coordinated expenditure" means an expenditure I. 17 that is made: 18 (1)by a person other than a candidate or 19 campaign committee; 20 at the request or suggestion of, or in (2) 21 cooperation, consultation or concert with, a candidate, 22 campaign committee or political party or any agent or 23 representative of a candidate, campaign committee or 24 political party; and 25 for the purpose of: (3) .221175.6

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(a) supporting or opposing the
 nomination or election of a candidate; or

(b) paying for an advertisement that refers to a clearly identified candidate and is published and disseminated to the relevant electorate in New Mexico within thirty days before the primary election or sixty days before the general election in which the candidate is on the ballot;

8 J. "deliver" or "delivery" means to deliver by
9 certified or registered mail, telecopier, electronic
10 transmission or facsimile or by personal service;

K. "election" means any primary, general or statewide special election in New Mexico and includes county and judicial retention elections but excludes federal, municipal, school board and special district elections;

L. "election year" means an even-numbered year in which an election covered by the Campaign Reporting Act is held;

M. "expenditure" means a payment, transfer or distribution or obligation or promise to pay, transfer or distribute any money or other thing of value for a political purpose, including payment of a debt incurred in an election campaign [or pre-primary convention];

N. "independent expenditure" means an expenditure that is:

(1) made by a person other than a candidate or.221175.6

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1 campaign committee; 2 (2) not a coordinated expenditure as defined 3 in the Campaign Reporting Act; and 4 (3) made to pay for an advertisement that: 5 (a) expressly advocates the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate or the passage or 6 7 defeat of a clearly identified ballot question; 8 is susceptible to no other (b) 9 reasonable interpretation than as an appeal to vote for or 10 against a clearly identified candidate or ballot question; or 11 (c) refers to a clearly identified 12 candidate or ballot question and is published and disseminated 13 to the relevant electorate in New Mexico within thirty days 14 before the primary election or sixty days before the general 15 election at which the candidate or ballot question is on the 16 ballot; 17 "legislative caucus committee" means a political 0. 18 committee established by the members of a political party in a 19 chamber of the legislature; 20 Ρ. "person" means an individual or entity; 21 "political committee" means: Q. 22 (1) a political party; 23 a legislative caucus committee; (2) 24 an association that consists of two or (3) 25 more persons whose primary purpose is to make contributions to .221175.6 - 166 -

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1 candidates, campaign committees or political committees or make 2 coordinated expenditures or any combination thereof; or 3 an association that consists of two or (4) 4 more persons whose primary purpose is to make independent 5 expenditures and that has received more than five thousand 6 dollars (\$5,000) in contributions or made independent 7 expenditures of more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) in the 8 election cycle; 9 R. "political party" means an association that has 10 qualified as a political party pursuant to the provisions of 11 Section 1-7-2 NMSA 1978; 12 s. "political purpose" means for the purpose of

supporting or opposing a ballot question or the nomination or election of a candidate;

T. "prescribed form" means a form or electronic format prepared and prescribed by the secretary of state;

U. "public official" means a person elected to an office in an election covered by the Campaign Reporting Act or a person appointed to an office that is subject to an election covered by that act; and

V. "reporting individual" means a public official, candidate or treasurer of a campaign committee or a treasurer of a political committee."

SECTION 85. Section 1-19-29 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 46, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read: .221175.6 - 167 -

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"1-19-29. TIME AND PLACE OF FILING REPORTS.--

2 Α. Except as otherwise provided in this section, 3 all reporting individuals shall file with the secretary of 4 state no later than the second Monday in April and October a 5 report of all expenditures made and contributions received on 6 or before the first Monday in those months and not previously 7 reported; provided that, if the date falls on a state holiday, 8 the report shall be filed no later than the next business day. 9 The report shall be filed biannually until the provisions 10 specified in Subsection F or G [or H] of this section have been 11 satisfied.

B. In an election year, instead of the biannual reports provided for in Subsection A of this section, all reporting individuals, except for public officials who are not candidates in an election that year, shall file reports of all expenditures made and contributions received or, if applicable, statements of no activity, according to the following schedule:

(1) no later than the second Monday in April, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before the first Monday in April and not previously reported;

(2) no later than the second Monday in May, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before the first Monday in May and not previously reported;

(3) no later than the second Monday in

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September, a report of all expenditures made and contributions 2 received on or before the first Monday in September and not 3 previously reported;

4 no later than the second Monday in (4) 5 October, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before the first Monday in October and not 6 7 previously reported; provided that if the second Monday of 8 October is a state holiday, the report shall be made on the 9 following day;

no later than the Thursday before a (5) primary, general or statewide special election, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received by 5:00 p.m. on the Tuesday before the election and not previously reported. Any contribution or pledge to contribute that is received after 5:00 p.m. on the Tuesday before the election and that is for more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) in a nonstatewide election, or more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000) in a statewide election, shall be reported to the secretary of state either in a supplemental report on a prescribed form within twenty-four hours of receipt or in the report to be filed no later than the Thursday before a primary, general or statewide special election, except that any such contribution or pledge to contribute that is received after 5:00 p.m. on the Friday before the election may be reported by 12:00 noon on the Monday before the election;

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(6) no later than the thirtieth day after a primary election, a report by all reporting individuals, except those individuals that become candidates after the primary election, of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before the twenty-fifth day after the primary election and not previously reported;

no later than the thirtieth day after a (7) 8 statewide special election, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before the twenty-fifth day after the statewide special election and not previously 11 reported; and

no later than January 7 after a general (8) election, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before December 31 after the general election and not previously reported.

If a candidate, political committee, campaign C. committee or public official has not received any contributions and has not made any expenditures since the candidate's, committee's or official's last report was filed with the proper filing officer, the candidate, committee or official shall only be required to file a statement of no activity, which shall not be required to be notarized, in lieu of a full report when that report would otherwise be due and shall not be required to file a full report until the next required filing date occurring after an expenditure is made or a contribution is received. .221175.6

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D. In an election year, a public official who is not a candidate shall file biannual reports of expenditures made and contributions received or statements of no activity in accordance with the schedule provided for in Subsection A of this section.

E. A report of expenditures and contributions filed after a deadline set forth in this section shall not be deemed to have been timely filed.

9 F. Except for candidates, campaign committees and 10 public officials who file a statement of no activity, each 11 candidate, campaign committee or public official shall file a 12 report of expenditures and contributions pursuant to the filing 13 schedules set forth in this section, regardless of whether any 14 expenditures were made or contributions were received during 15 the reporting period. Reports shall be required until the 16 reporting individual delivers a report to the secretary of 17 state stating that:

(1) there are no outstanding campaign debts;
(2) all money has been expended in accordance
with the provisions of Section 1-19-29.1 NMSA 1978; and

(3) the bank accounts have been closed. [6. If, during a nonelection year, a political committee has not received any contributions or made any coordinated or independent expenditures since it filed its last report pursuant to this section, it need not file any report .221175.6

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1 under this section until the next reporting period, if any, in 2 which it receives contributions or makes expenditures. A 3 political committee that has not received any contributions or 4 made any coordinated or independent expenditures for a continuous period of at least one year may cancel its 5 registration as a political committee by submitting an 6 7 appropriate request in writing to the secretary of state. The committee shall retain the obligation to submit a new 8 9 registration pursuant to Section 1-19-26.1 NMSA 1978 in the 10 event that its future activities meet the requisites for 11 registration under that section.

H-] <u>G.</u> A reporting individual who is a candidate within the meaning of the Campaign Reporting Act because of the amount of contributions the candidate receives or expenditures the candidate makes and who does not ultimately file a declaration of candidacy or a nominating petition with the secretary of state and does not file a statement of no activity shall file biannual reports in accordance with Subsection A of this section.

[I.] <u>H.</u> Reports required by this section shall be subscribed and sworn to by the candidate or the treasurer of the political committee or, in the case of candidates for judicial office, by the treasurer of the candidate's campaign committee. A report filed electronically shall be electronically authenticated by the candidate or the treasurer .221175.6

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1 of the committee using an electronic signature in conformance 2 with the Electronic Authentication of Documents Act and the 3 Uniform Electronic Transactions Act. For the purposes of the Campaign Reporting Act, a report that is electronically 4 5 authenticated in accordance with the provisions of this subsection shall be deemed to have been subscribed and sworn to 6 7 by the candidate or the treasurer of the committee who was required to file the report. 8

9 [J.] I. Reports required by this section shall be
10 filed electronically by all reporting individuals.

[K.] J. Reporting individuals may apply to the secretary of state for exemption from electronic filing in case of hardship, which shall be defined by the secretary of state." SECTION 86. Section 1-19-34.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 46, Section 12, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-19-34.1. LEGISLATIVE SESSION FUNDRAISING PROHIBITION.--

A. It is unlawful during the prohibited period for [a state legislator, the attorney general, the secretary of state, the state treasurer, the commissioner of public lands or the state auditor or a candidate for state legislator, attorney general, secretary of state, state treasurer, commissioner of public lands or state auditor, or any agent on behalf of the attorney general, the secretary of state, the state treasurer, the commissioner of public lands or the state auditor or a .221175.6

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1 candidate for attorney general, the secretary of state, state 2 treasurer, commissioner of public lands or state auditor] an 3 incumbent or candidate for a proscribed office or a political 4 committee other than a political party to [knowingly]: (1) solicit a contribution governed by the 5 6 Campaign Reporting Act; [For purposes of this subsection, 7 "prohibited period" means that period beginning January 1 prior 8 to any regular session of the legislature or, in the case of a 9 special session, after the proclamation has been issued, and 10 ending on adjournment of the regular or special session; 11 B. It is unlawful during the prohibited period for 12 the governor or the lieutenant governor, or any agent on the 13 governor's or the lieutenant governor's behalf, to knowingly 14 solicit a contribution governed by the Campaign Reporting Act; 15 For purposes of this subsection, "prohibited period" means that 16 period beginning January 1 prior to any regular session of the 17 legislature or, in the case of a special session, after the 18 proclamation has been issued, and ending on the twentieth day 19 following the adjournment of the regular or special session.] 20 (2) accept a contribution from a lobbyist, 21 lobbyist's employer, incumbent or candidate, campaign committee 22 or political committee; 23 (3) accept a contribution from any person, 24 other than a person excluded by Paragraph (2) of this 25 subsection, who prior to the start of a prohibited period .221175.6 - 174 -

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1	signed up with a political committee to have an automated,
2	recurring contribution of less than two hundred dollars (\$200)
3	per month; or
4	(4) accept a contribution from any person,
5	other than a person excluded by Paragraph (2) of this
6	subsection or allowed by Paragraph (3) of this subsection, of
7	more than one hundred dollars (\$100); provided that the
8	aggregate of contributions of one hundred dollars (\$100) or
9	less accepted during the prohibited period shall not exceed:
10	<u>(a) two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for a</u>
11	political committee other than a political party or an
12	incumbent or candidate for a statewide office; and
13	<u>(b) five hundred dollars (\$500) for any</u>
14	other incumbent or candidate for a proscribed office.
15	B. Any contribution received during the prohibited
16	period in excess of the limits established in this section
17	shall be returned to the donor or donated to the public
18	election fund prior to the end of the reporting period in which
19	the excess donation was received.
20	C. As used in this section:
21	(1) "incumbent or candidate" means:
22	(a) a person currently holding an office
23	subject to election;
24	<u>(b) a person who is a candidate for an</u>
25	office subject to election;
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1	<u>(c) a campaign committee; or</u>
2	(d) an agent on behalf of a person or a
3	committee described in Subparagraphs (a) through (c) of this
4	paragraph;
5	(2) "lobbyist" means a person who is required
6	to register as a lobbyist pursuant to the provisions of the
7	Lobbyist Regulation Act;
8	(3) "lobbyist's employer" means the person
9	whose interests are being represented and by whom a lobbyist is
10	directly or indirectly retained, compensated or employed;
11	(4) "prohibited period" means:
12	(a) for an incumbent or candidate for
13	any proscribed office other than governor or lieutenant
14	governor and for a political committee other than a political
15	party, the period beginning January l prior to any regular
16	session of the legislature or, in the case of a special or
17	extraordinary session, the lesser of the period beginning after
18	the proclamation has been issued or seventy-two hours prior to
19	the start of the special or extraordinary session, and ending
20	<u>on the first calendar day after adjournment of the regular,</u>
21	special or extraordinary session; and
22	(b) for an incumbent or candidate for
23	governor or lieutenant governor, the period beginning January l
24	prior to any regular session of the legislature or, in the case
25	of a special or extraordinary session, the lesser of the period
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1	beginning after the proclamation has been issued or seventy-two
2	hours prior to the start of the special or extraordinary
3	session, and ending on the earlier of the twenty-first day
4	following adjournment of the regular, special or extraordinary
5	session or the first calendar day after all bills passed by the
6	legislature have been signed or vetoed and deposited with the
7	secretary of state; and
8	(5) "proscribed office" means:
9	<u>(a) governor;</u>
10	(b) lieutenant governor;
11	(c) secretary of state;
12	(d) attorney general;
13	<u>(e) state auditor;</u>
14	<u>(f) state treasurer;</u>
15	(g) commissioner of public lands;
16	(h) state senator; and
17	<u>(i) state representative.</u> "
18	SECTION 87. Section 1-19A-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003,
19	Chapter 14, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:
20	"1-19A-7. GUIDELINES AND RESTRICTIONS FOR CONTRIBUTIONS
21	TO AND EXPENDITURES OF CERTIFIED CANDIDATES
22	A. All money distributed to a certified candidate
23	shall be used only for that candidate's campaign-related
24	purposes in the election in which the money was distributed.
25	B. Money from the fund received by a candidate
	.221175.6
	- 177 -

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1 shall not be used for: 2 (1) the candidate's personal living expenses 3 or compensation to the candidate or the candidate's spouse, 4 domestic partner, children or stepchildren; 5 a contribution to another campaign of the (2) 6 candidate or a payment to retire debt from another such 7 campaign; 8 a contribution to the campaign of another (3) 9 candidate or to a political party or political committee or to 10 a campaign supporting or opposing a ballot proposition; 11 (4) an expenditure supporting the election of 12 another candidate or the passage or defeat of a ballot 13 proposition or the defeat of any candidate other than an 14 opponent of the certified candidate; provided that a certified 15 candidate may purchase joint advertisements or services with 16 other certified candidates; 17 payment of a fine levied by a court or the (5) 18 secretary; or 19 (6) a gift or transfer for which compensating 20 value is not received. 21 C. A certified candidate shall return to the fund 22 any amount that is unspent or unencumbered at the time that 23 person ceases to be a candidate before a primary or general 24 election for which the fund money was distributed. 25 D. A certified candidate shall limit total campaign .221175.6 - 178 -

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1 expenditures to the amount of money distributed to that 2 candidate from the fund, money received from a political party pursuant to Section 1-19A-8 NMSA 1978 and contributions 3 4 collected pursuant to Section [8 of this 2019 act] 1-19A-4.1 5 NMSA 1978. A certified candidate shall not accept 6 contributions from any other source except the certified 7 candidate's political party, as specified in Section 1-19A-8 8 NMSA 1978 and contributions collected pursuant to Section [8 of 9 this 2019 act] 1-19A-4.1 NMSA 1978.

E. A certified candidate who does not remain a candidate in the general election shall, within thirty days after the primary election, transfer to the secretary for deposit in the fund any amount received from the fund, from a political party pursuant to Section 1-19A-8 NMSA 1978 or from private contributors pursuant to Section [8 of this 2019 act] <u>1-19A-4.1 NMSA 1978</u> that remains unspent or unencumbered by the date of the primary election.

F. A certified candidate shall, within thirty days after the general election, transfer to the secretary for deposit in the fund any amount received from the fund, from a political party pursuant to Section 1-19A-8 NMSA 1978 or from private contributors pursuant to Section [8 of this 2019 act] <u>1-19A-4.1 NMSA 1978</u> that remains unspent or unencumbered by the date of the general election.

G. If a certified candidate ceases to be a
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certified candidate for any reason, the previously certified candidate or candidate's campaign committee shall, within thirty days thereafter, transfer to the secretary for deposit in the fund any amount received from the fund, from a political party pursuant to Section 1-19A-8 NMSA 1978 or from private contributors pursuant to Section [8 of this 2019 act] <u>1-19A-4.1</u> <u>NMSA 1978</u> that remains unspent or unencumbered by the date the candidate ceases to be a certified candidate."

9 SECTION 88. Section 1-20-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
10 Chapter 240, Section 431) is amended to read:

"1-20-6. UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF KEYS.--Unlawful possession of keys consists of the possession at any time of any key to a voting machine, [or] ballot box <u>or monitored</u> <u>secured container</u>, or possession of an imitation or duplicate thereof, or making or causing to be made any imitation or duplicate thereof, unless authorized by the Election Code. Whoever commits unlawful possession of keys is guilty of a fourth degree felony."

SECTION 89. Section 1-20-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, Chapter 111, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-20-7. UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF ABSENTEE BALLOT.--Unlawful possession of absentee ballot consists of the possession at any time of absentee ballot materials when not authorized by the Election Code to be in possession of such materials, or when such materials were obtained in an unlawful .221175.6

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1	manner, and includes the establishment, designation or
2	operation of any container or receptacle to receive voted
3	ballots by a person who is not authorized by the Election Code
4	and entering information into or altering the absentee ballot
5	register. As used in this section, "absentee ballot materials"
6	means an absentee ballot, absentee ballot envelopes, the
7	absentee ballot register or an absentee ballot return. Whoever
8	commits unlawful possession of absentee ballot is guilty of a
9	fourth degree felony."
10	SECTION 90. Section 1-20-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
11	Chapter 240, Section 441, as amended) is amended to read:
12	"1-20-17. OBSTRUCTING THE POLLING PLACE
13	A. Obstructing the polling place consists of
14	[(l) any person other than a voter offering to
15	vote, a member of the precinct board, a lawfully appointed
16	challenger or watcher, an election observer, an election
17	official having business in the polling place or a person
18	authorized by the Election Code to give assistance to a voter
19	who, during the conduct of the election, approaches nearer than
20	fifty feet from the door through which voters may enter to vote
21	at the office of the county clerk, an alternate voting
22	location, a mobile voting site or any location used as a
23	polling place; or
24	(2) any] <u>a person other than an authorized</u>
25	individual approaching nearer than fifty feet from the door
	.221175.6
	- 181 -

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1 through which voters may enter to vote at a polling place or a 2 person who willfully blocks the entrance to a polling place so 3 as to prevent free ingress and egress. 4 A person conducting lawful, non-election-related B. 5 business nearer than fifty feet from the door through which 6 voters may enter to vote is not guilty of obstructing a polling 7 place, provided the person does not willfully block the 8 entrance to the polling place. 9 C. As used in this section, "authorized individual" means an individual who is not electioneering and who is: 10 11 (1) a voter offering to vote; 12 (2) a member of the election board; 13 (3) a lawfully appointed watcher, challenger 14 or election observer; 15 (4) an individual giving assistance to a 16 specific person offering to vote; 17 (5) an election official or contractor having 18 business in the polling place; 19 (6) an attorney representing the county or 20 state, a political party or a candidate having business in the 21 polling place; or 22 (7) a language translator where required by 23 federal law. 24 [G.] D. Whoever obstructs the polling place is 25 guilty of a petty misdemeanor." .221175.6 - 182 -

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דמרצב

1 SECTION 91. Section 1-22-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, 2 Chapter 79, Section 18, as amended) is amended to read: "1-22-3. REGULAR LOCAL ELECTIONS--SPECIAL LOCAL 3 4 ELECTIONS--BALLOT QUESTIONS--QUALIFICATIONS OF CANDIDATES.--5 A regular local election shall be held on the Α. 6 first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each odd-7 numbered year. A regular local election shall be held to elect 8 qualified persons to membership on a local governing body and, 9 where applicable, to elective municipal executive office and to 10 municipal judicial office. 11 Β. A regular local election shall be a nonpartisan 12 election, and the names of all candidates shall be listed on 13 the ballot with no party or slate designation. No person shall 14 become a candidate in a regular local election unless the 15 person physically resides within the boundaries of the district 16 or districted area in which the person desires to be elected or 17 to represent, unless otherwise allowed pursuant to Section 18 1-3-13.1 NMSA 1978, and the person's record of voter 19 registration shows that the person is both a qualified elector 20 of the state and was registered to vote in the area to be 21 elected to represent on the date the proclamation calling a 22 local election is filed in the office of the secretary of 23 state.

C. A local government may propose a ballot question to be considered by the voters of the local government: .221175.6

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1 (1) at a regular local election or a general 2 election as provided by Subsection B of Section 1-16-3 NMSA 3 1978; or 4 at a special local election called, (2) 5 conducted and canvassed as provided in the Special Election 6 Act. 7 Except as otherwise provided in the Local D. Election Act, local elections shall be called, conducted and 8 9 canvassed as provided in the Election Code." 10 SECTION 92. Section 1-22-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, 11 Chapter 79, Section 19, as amended) is amended to read: 12 "1-22-4. REGULAR LOCAL ELECTION--PROCLAMATION--13 PUBLICATION. --14 [A. Between one hundred twenty and one hundred 15 fifty days before the next regular local election, each local 16 government shall notify the county clerk of the county in which 17 the primary administrative office of the local government is 18 situate of all local government positions that are to be filled 19 at the next regular local election. Each county clerk shall 20 inform the secretary of state of all positions to be filled no 21 later than one hundred twelve days before the regular local 22 election. 23 **B.**] <u>A.</u> The secretary of state shall by resolution 24 issue a public proclamation in Spanish and English calling a 25 regular local election. The proclamation shall be issued and

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1 filed by the secretary of state in the office of the secretary 2 of state [ninety] twenty-one days preceding the filing date 3 [of] for the regular local election, and upon filing the 4 proclamation, the secretary of state shall post the 5 proclamation and certify it to each county clerk. The proclamation may be amended no later than eleven days before 6 7 the filing date for the regular local election. 8 [G.] B. The proclamation shall specify: 9 (1)the date when the election will be held; 10 each elective office, local governing body (2)11 and judicial position to be filled; 12 (3) the date on which declarations of 13 candidacy are to be filed; 14 (4) the date on which declarations of intent to be a write-in candidate are to be filed; and 15 16 the municipalities subject to a ranked-(5) 17 choice voting runoff election and those subject to a top-two 18 runoff election and the date of the top-two runoff election 19 should one be necessary. 20 [D.] C. After receipt of the proclamation from the 21 secretary of state, the county clerk shall post the entire 22 proclamation on the county clerk's website and, not less than 23 seventy-five days before the date of the election, shall 24 publish portions of the proclamation relevant to the county at 25 least once in a newspaper of general circulation within the .221175.6

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1	county. The publication of the proclamation shall conform to
2	the requirements of the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965, as
3	amended, and shall specify:
4	(1) the date when the election will be held;
5	(2) for each local government situated in
6	whole or in part in the county, each elective executive, local
7	governing body and judicial position to be filled by voters of
8	any precinct in the county;
9	(3) the date on which declarations of
10	candidacy are to be filed and the date on which declarations of
11	intent to be a write-in candidate are to be filed;
12	(4) the location, days and hours for voting at
13	the office of the county clerk;
14	(5) the location, days and hours for early
15	voting at each alternate voting location and mobile alternate
16	voting location;
17	(6) the location, date and hours for voting at
18	each election day polling place; and
19	(7) the date certificates of registration
20	shall be subscribed and sworn as required by law.
21	[E. Whenever two or more members of a local
22	governing body are to be elected at large for terms of the same
23	length of time, the secretary of state shall numerically
24	designate the positions on the ballot as "position one",
25	"position two" and such additional consecutively numbered
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1	positions as are necessary, but only one member shall be
2	elected for each position. Whenever two or more members of a
3	local governing body are to be elected to represent the same
4	area with terms of different lengths of time, the secretary of
5	state shall list the office with the shorter length of time
6	first and shall designate each position with "for a term
7	expiring".]
8	D. To assist the secretary of state with
9	preparation of the proclamation, during the month of June
10	preceding a regular local election, each county clerk shall
11	communicate with each local government whose primary
12	administrative office is located in the county. The county
13	clerk shall inquire as to which local government positions are
14	to be filled at the next regular local election and whether the
15	position is to be filled for a full term or a partial term, as
16	well as the expiration date of each term. Each county clerk
17	shall inform the secretary of state of all known positions to
18	be filled no later than the last business day in June preceding
19	<u>a regular local election.</u> "
20	SECTION 93. Section 1-22-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018,
21	Chapter 79, Section 20, as amended) is amended to read:
22	"1-22-7. DECLARATION OF CANDIDACYFILING DATE
23	PENALTY
24	A. A candidate for a position that will be filled

led at a regular local election shall file a declaration of .221175.6

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candidacy with the proper filing officer between 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. on the seventieth day before the date of the regular local election.

B. A candidate shall file for only one position in the same local government but may file for a position in more than one local government on the same filing day.

C. A declaration of candidacy shall not be amended after it has been filed with the proper filing officer.

9 D. Each declaration of candidacy shall be
10 accompanied by a nominating petition containing at least the
11 number of signatures as required by law for the specific
12 office. If not otherwise required by law for the specific
13 office, the declaration of candidacy shall be accompanied by a
14 nominating petition containing no fewer than ten signatures or
15 a fifty-dollar (\$50.00) filing fee.

 $[\underline{\partial} \cdot \cdot] \underline{E} \cdot$ Each declaration of candidacy shall be delivered for filing in person by the eligible candidate or by a person acting by virtue of written authorization. The proper filing officer shall not accept for filing from any one individual more than one declaration of candidacy.

 $[E_{\cdot}]$ <u>F.</u> Whoever knowingly makes a false statement in a declaration of candidacy is guilty of a fourth degree felony and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 94. Section 1-22-8.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, .221175.6

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1 Chapter 79, Section 22, as amended) is amended to read: "1-22-8.1. WRITE-IN CANDIDATES.--2 3 Write-in candidates shall be permitted in Α. regular local elections. 4 5 A person may be a write-in candidate only if the Β. 6 person has the qualifications to be a candidate for the 7 position for which the person is running. 8 A person desiring to be a write-in candidate for C. 9 an office shall file with the proper filing officer a 10 declaration of [candidacy] intent to be a write-in candidate. 11 The declaration shall be filed between 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. 12 on the sixty-third day preceding the date of the election. 13 [The county clerk shall ensure that a declaration of candidacy 14 filed pursuant to this section specifies that it is for a 15 write-in candidate.] 16 [At the time of filing the declaration of D. 17 candidacy] The declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate 18 shall be accompanied by a nominating petition containing the 19 same number of signatures or the filing fee required of other 20 candidates for the same office. 21 E. A write-in candidate shall be considered a 22 candidate for all purposes and provisions relating to 23 candidates in the Local Election Act, except that the write-in 24 candidate's name shall not be printed on the ballot nor posted 25 in any polling place." .221175.6

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SECTION 95. Section 1-22-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, Chapter 79, Section 24, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-22-10. CANDIDATE QUALIFICATION--CHALLENGES--BALLOTS.--

A. The proper filing officer shall determine whether a candidate filing a declaration of candidacy is registered to vote within the area to be elected to represent and, if required for the office being sought, whether the candidate's nominating petition for that office has been filed with a number of signatures that is equal to or greater than the number required for that office. If the candidate is so qualified and no withdrawal of candidacy has been filed as provided in the Local Election Act, the proper filing officer shall place the candidate's name on the ballot for the position specified in the declaration of candidacy and notify each candidate in writing no later than [5:00 p.m. on the sixtieth] the sixty-seventh day before the local election.

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B. Any voter may challenge the candidacy of any person seeking election at the regular local election for the reason that the person does not meet the requirements for the office sought by filing a petition in the district court within seven days after the day for filing a declaration of candidacy. The district court shall hear and render a decision on the matter within ten days after the filing of the petition. The decision of the district court may be appealed to the supreme court within five days after the decision is rendered. The .221175.6 supreme court shall hear and render a decision on the appeal
 forthwith.

C. Ballots for the regular local election shall be prepared by the proper filing officer and printed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1-10-5 NMSA 1978.

D. The printed ballot shall contain the name of each person who is a candidate and the position for which the person is a candidate.

E. The ballot shall also contain all ballot questions that are to be submitted to the voters as certified by a local governing body to the county clerk in each county in which the local government is situate and shall conform to the requirements for ballot questions on the regular local election ballot as provided in Chapter 1, Article 16 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 96. Section 1-22-18 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, Chapter 79, Section 31) is amended to read:

"1-22-18. LOCAL ELECTION--DATE TERM OF OFFICE BEGINS.--

A. A candidate to whom a certificate of election has been issued shall take the oath of office before entering upon the duties of the office to which the person was elected.

<u>B.</u> The term of office of a candidate elected in a regular local election [or ensuing top-two runoff election] shall begin on January 1 following the candidate's election [and the candidate to whom a certificate of election has been issued shall take the oath of office before entering upon the .221175.6

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C. A candidate elected in a regular local election 2 to serve the remainder of an unexpired term shall enter upon 3 4 the duties of that office on or after January 1 following the 5 candidate's election."

SECTION 97. Section 1-24-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 212, Section 156) is amended to read:

"1-24-3. SPECIAL ELECTION PROCEDURES--CONDUCT.--

All special elections in this state shall be Α. conducted absentee. Mailed ballots shall be used exclusively for voting in special elections. Except as otherwise provided 12 in the Special Election Act, all special elections in this state shall be conducted and canvassed as provided in the Election Code.

Without requiring a voter to file an application Β. to receive a ballot, the county clerk shall send a mailed ballot to every voter of the county or local public body, except a voter:

(1) who was sent a notice pursuant to Subsection C of Section 1-4-28 NMSA 1978 and who has not returned the prepaid and pre-addressed return card sent pursuant to that section and has not filed a new certificate of registration with a new address; [or]

(2) whose voter notification pursuant to Section 1-11-4.1 NMSA 1978 was returned to the county clerk as .221175.6 - 192 -

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1 undeliverable and the voter has not communicated with the county that the voter notification was returned as 2 undeliverable in error or filed a certificate of registration 3 4 with a new address; 5 [(2)] (3) whose official election-related mail 6 sent through a uniform, nondiscriminatory process was returned 7 to the county clerk or the secretary of state as undeliverable 8 and the voter has not communicated with the county clerk that 9 the official election-related mail was returned as 10 undeliverable in error or filed a certificate of registration 11 with a new address; or 12 (4) whose ballot is delivered pursuant to the 13 provisions of the Intimate Partner Violence Survivor Suffrage 14 Act. 15 Forty-two days before the election or in the C. 16 case of a voter notification returned to the county clerk, as 17 soon thereafter as practicable, the county clerk shall send to 18 each voter of the county or local public body described in 19 Paragraphs (1) [and (2)] through (3) of Subsection B of this 20 section notice, sent by forwardable mail, that the voter will 21 not be sent a ballot for the special election unless the voter 22 updates the voter's address as provided by the Election Code or 23 informs the county clerk that the address on the certificate of 24 registration is valid. The notice shall include contact 25 information for the office of the county clerk and an internet .221175.6

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address where the voter may update the voter's address or communicate with the county clerk. The mailed ballot register shall note which voters were sent a notice pursuant to this subsection.

Between the twenty-seventh and twenty-fifth day 5 D. before the election, pursuant to Subsection B of this section, 6 7 the county clerk shall send to each voter a ballot for the 8 special election, along with a postage-paid return envelope, a 9 notice that there will be no traditional polling places for the 10 election, the recommended deadline to deposit the voted mailed 11 ballot with the United States postal service for return by 12 mail, the deadline for the ballot to be received by the county 13 clerk and a list of the times and locations of monitored 14 secured containers available in [addition to the United States 15 postal service for a voter to return the ballot] the county.

E. Beginning twenty-two days before the election, the county clerk shall issue replacement and provisional ballots as provided in the Absent Voter Act for the mailed ballot process. In addition, the county clerk shall send a ballot to any voter described in Paragraphs (1) [and (2)] <u>through (3)</u> of Subsection B of this section who has not previously been sent a ballot if the voter submits an application pursuant to Section 1-6-4 NMSA 1978.

F. When required by federal law, if the voter has on file with the county a valid certificate of registration .221175.6 - 194 -

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that indicates that the voter is a new registrant in the state and who registered by mail without submitting the required [voter] documentary identification, the county clerk shall notify the voter that the voter must submit with the mailed ballot the required documentary identification from the list in Paragraph (3) of Subsection I of Section 1-4-5.1 NMSA 1978. The county clerk shall note on the mailed ballot register and signature roster that the applicant's mailed ballot must be returned with the required [voter] documentary identification." SECTION 98. Section 2-11-8.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 46, Section 23, as amended) is amended to read:

"2-11-8.1. RESTRICTIONS ON CAMPAIGN ACTIVITIES AND CONTRIBUTIONS.--

A. [No] <u>A</u> lobbyist [may] <u>shall not</u> serve as a campaign chair, treasurer or fundraising chair for a candidate for the legislature or other state office.

B. It is unlawful during the prohibited period, <u>as</u> <u>that term is defined in Section 1-19-34.1 NMSA 1978</u>, for any lobbyist or lobbyist's employer to contribute to or act as an agent or intermediary for political contributions to or arrange for the making of political contributions to the campaign funds of any statewide elected official or legislator or any candidate for those offices.

[C. For purposes of this section, "prohibited period" is that period beginning January 1 prior to any regular .221175.6 - 195 -

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1	session of the legislature or, in the case of a special
2	session, after the proclamation has been issued, and ending on:
3	(1) the day the session ends for:
4	(a) any statewide elected official or
5	candidate for statewide office except the governor; and
6	(b) a legislator or any candidate for
7	the legislature; and
8	(2) the twentieth day following the
9	adjournment of the regular or special session for the governor
10	or candidate for governor.]"
11	SECTION 99. Section 3-11-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965,
12	Chapter 300, Section 14-10-5, as amended) is amended to read:
13	"3-11-5. MAYORAPPOINTMENT OF OFFICERS AFTER [ELECTION]
14	<u>NEW TERMS BEGIN</u>
15	A. At the organizational meeting of the governing
16	body, the mayor shall submit, for confirmation by the governing
17	body, the names of persons who shall fill the appointive
18	offices of the municipality and the names of persons who shall
19	be employed by the municipality. If the governing body fails
20	to confirm any person as an appointive official or employee of
21	the municipality, the mayor at the next regular meeting of the
22	governing body shall submit the name of another person to fill
23	the appointed office or to be employed by the municipality.
24	B. The organizational meeting shall be held within
25	the first thirty days following the commencement of new terms

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<u>underscored material = new</u> [bracketed material] = delete of office after each regular municipal election. The
 organizational meeting may be a special meeting or a regular
 meeting of the governing body.

4 [B.] C. Any person holding an appointed office at
5 the time of the municipal election shall continue in that
6 office until the person's successor has been appointed and is
7 qualified."

SECTION 100. Section 3-12-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 300, Section 14-11-2, as amended) is amended to read: "3-12-2. GOVERNING BODY--CORPORATE AUTHORITY--LEGISLATIVE BODY--MEMBERS OF COUNCIL AND BOARDS OF TRUSTEES--QUORUM.--

A. The corporate authority of a municipality is vested in the governing body that shall constitute the legislative branch of the municipality and shall not perform any executive functions except those functions assigned to it by law.

B. A majority of the members of the governing body is a quorum for the purpose of transacting business.

C. Unless otherwise provided by law, a question before the governing body shall be decided by a majority vote of the members present.

D. The governing body of a municipality having a mayor-council form of government is the council or board of trustees whose members are the mayor and not less than four or .221175.6

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1 more than ten [councilmen] council members or trustees. Anv 2 governing body of more than six [councilmen] council members or 3 trustees may provide by ordinance for the election of two [councilmen] council members or trustees for each ward or 4 5 district or create or abolish wards or districts or alter the boundary of existing wards or districts; provided that only one 6 7 [councilman] council member or trustee shall be elected from a ward or district at any one election. 8

E. In those municipalities with a mayor-council form of government, when there is a requirement that a certain fraction or percentage of the members of the entire governing body or of all the members of the governing body or of the entire membership of the governing body or other similar language other than the requirement of a simple majority vote for the measure, the mayor shall not be counted in determining the actual number of votes needed but [he] shall vote to break a tie vote as provided in Section 3-11-3 NMSA 1978 unless [he] the mayor has declared a conflict of interest.

[F. The governing body of a municipality may redistrict the municipality whenever redistricting is warranted. Upon petition signed by qualified electors equal in number to the votes cast for the councilman or trustee receiving the greatest number of votes at the last regular municipal election, the governing body of the municipality shall redistrict the municipality.]"

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1 SECTION 101. Section 3-14-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, 2 Chapter 300, Section 14-13-10) is amended to read: 3 "3-14-10. COMMISSION-MANAGER--SELECTION OF MAYOR--4 DUTIES.--5 A. At the [first] organizational meeting of the new 6 commission [after each election or as soon thereafter as 7 practical] held within the first thirty days following the 8 commencement of new terms of office after each regular 9 municipal election, the commissioners shall select one of their 10 number as mayor to act for two years or until a successor is 11 selected and qualified unless sooner removed by death, 12 resignation or removal from office. 13 Β. The mayor shall preside at all meetings of the 14 commission and perform other duties consistent with [his] the 15 office as imposed by the commission. The mayor has all powers 16 and duties of a commissioner, including the right to vote upon 17 all questions considered by the commission. [He] The mayor is 18 the official head of the municipality for all ceremonial 19 purposes, for the purpose of civil process and for military 20 purposes. During [his] the mayor's absence or disability, 21

[his] the mayor's duties shall be performed by another member of the commission appointed by a majority of the commission and designated as mayor pro tem.

<u>C. The commission shall meet at least twice each</u> <u>month.</u>"

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1 SECTION 102. Section 7-1-8.8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, 2 Chapter 87, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read: INFORMATION THAT MAY BE REVEALED TO OTHER STATE 3 "7-1-8.8. AGENCIES.--An employee of the department may reveal to: 4 5 a committee of the legislature for a valid Α. 6 legislative purpose, return information concerning any tax or 7 fee imposed pursuant to the Cigarette Tax Act; 8 the attorney general, return information Β. 9 acquired pursuant to the Cigarette Tax Act for purposes of 10 Section 6-4-13 NMSA 1978 and the master settlement agreement 11 defined in Section 6-4-12 NMSA 1978; 12 C. the commissioner of public lands, return 13 information for use in auditing that pertains to rentals, 14 royalties, fees and other payments due the state under land sale, land lease or other land use contracts; 15 16 the secretary of human services or the D. 17 secretary's delegate under a written agreement with the 18 department, the last known address with date of all names 19 certified to the department as being absent parents of children 20 receiving public financial assistance, but only for the purpose 21 of enforcing the support liability of the absent parents by the 22 child support enforcement division or any successor 23 organizational unit; 24 the department of information technology, by Ε. 25 electronic media, a database updated quarterly that contains

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the names, addresses, county of address and taxpayer identification numbers of New Mexico personal income tax filers, but only for the purpose of producing the random jury list for the selection of petit or grand jurors for the state courts pursuant to Section 38-5-3 NMSA 1978;

F. the state courts, the random jury lists produced by the department of information technology under Subsection E of this section;

9 G. the director of the New Mexico department of
10 agriculture or the director's authorized representative, upon
11 request of the director or representative, the names and
12 addresses of all gasoline or special fuel distributors,
13 wholesalers and retailers;

H. the public regulation commission, return information with respect to the Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act required to enable the commission to carry out its duties;

I. the state racing commission, return information with respect to the state, municipal and county gross receipts taxes paid by racetracks;

J. the gaming control board, tax returns of license applicants and their affiliates as provided in Subsection E of Section 60-2E-14 NMSA 1978;

K. the director of the workers' compensation administration or to the director's representatives authorized .221175.6

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for this purpose, return information to facilitate the identification of taxpayers that are delinquent or noncompliant in payment of fees required by Section 52-1-9.1 or 52-5-19 NMSA 1978;

L. the secretary of workforce solutions or the secretary's delegate, return information for use in enforcement of unemployment insurance collections pursuant to the terms of a written reciprocal agreement entered into by the department with the secretary of workforce solutions for exchange of information;

M. the New Mexico finance authority, information with respect to the amount of municipal and county gross receipts taxes collected by municipalities and counties pursuant to any local option municipal or county gross receipts taxes imposed, and information with respect to the amount of governmental gross receipts taxes paid by every agency, institution, instrumentality or political subdivision of the state pursuant to Section 7-9-4.3 NMSA 1978;

N. the secretary of human services or the secretary's delegate; provided that a person who receives the confidential return information on behalf of the human services department shall not reveal the information and shall be subject to the penalties in Section 7-1-76 NMSA 1978 if the person fails to maintain the confidentiality required:

(1) that return information needed for reports.221175.6

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1 required to be made to the federal government concerning the 2 use of federal funds for low-income working families; 3 the names and addresses of low-income (2) 4 taxpayers for the limited purpose of outreach to those 5 taxpayers; provided that the human services department shall 6 pay the department for expenses incurred by the department to 7 derive the information requested by the human services 8 department if the information requested is not readily 9 available in reports for which the department's information 10 systems are programmed; and 11 (3) return information required to administer 12 the Health Care Quality Surcharge Act; 13 0. the superintendent of insurance, return 14 information with respect to the premium tax and the health 15 insurance premium surtax; 16 the secretary of finance and administration or Ρ. 17 the secretary's designee, return information concerning a 18 credit pursuant to the Film Production Tax Credit Act; 19 0. the secretary of economic development or the 20 secretary's designee, return information concerning a credit 21 pursuant to the Film Production Tax Credit Act; 22 the secretary of public safety or the R. 23 secretary's designee, return information concerning the Weight 24 Distance Tax Act; 25 S. the secretary of transportation or the .221175.6 - 203 -

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secretary's designee, return information concerning the Weight
 Distance Tax Act;

T. the secretary of energy, minerals and natural resources or the secretary's designee, return information concerning tax credits or deductions for which eligibility is certified or otherwise determined by the secretary or the secretary's designee; [and]

8 U. the secretary of environment or the secretary's
9 designee, return information concerning tax credits for which
10 eligibility is certified or otherwise determined by the
11 secretary or the secretary's designee; and

V. the secretary of state or the secretary's designee, taxpayer information required to maintain voter registration records and as otherwise provided in the Election Code."

SECTION 103. Section 8-4-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 272, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"8-4-4. FEES OF SECRETARY OF STATE.--

<u>A.</u> The secretary of state shall collect the following fees to be deposited with the state treasurer for credit to the general fund:

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1	[C. filing each official oath
2	three dollars (\$3.00);
3	$[\overline{D_{\tau}}]$ (3) search of records where another fee
4	is not prescribed, per hour of search
5	ten dollars (\$10.00);
6	$[E_{\cdot}]$ (4) duplicate commission of office or
7	certificate three dollars (\$3.00);
8	$[F_{\cdot}]$ (5) service of process where another fee
9	is not prescribed
10	twenty-five dollars (\$25.00);
11	[G.] <u>(6)</u> computer printout of Uniform
12	Commercial Code records, per page
13	one dollar (\$1.00); and
14	[H.] (7) computer generated records other than
15	voter registration records, per record
16	ten cents (\$.10).
17	B. The secretary of state shall not collect a fee
18	for the following documents when filed in the office of the
19	secretary of state:
20	(1) oath of office; and
21	(2) notice of appointment to a vacancy in
22	<u>office.</u> "
23	SECTION 104. Section 14-8-12.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws
24	1985, Chapter 122, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:
25	"14-8-12.2. COUNTY CLERK RECORDING AND FILING FUND
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USES.--

A. A "county clerk recording and filing fund" is established in each county.

B. Expenditures from the county clerk recording and filing fund shall be determined [annually] by the county clerk [and approved by the board of county commissioners].

C. Expenditures from the county clerk recording and filing fund may be expended only:

9 (1) to rent, purchase, lease or lease-purchase
10 recording, redaction and archiving equipment and services and
11 for supplies, training and maintenance for such equipment;
12 provided that equipment acquired pursuant to this paragraph may
13 be used for other regular duties in the county clerk's office
14 as long as the primary purpose of the equipment is recordation,
15 redaction and archiving;

(2) to rent, purchase, lease or lease-purchase vehicles associated with all regular duties in the county clerk's office and for supplies, training and maintenance for such vehicles; provided that the county clerk shall report annually to the board of county commissioners the usage, mileage and necessity of any vehicle acquired pursuant to this paragraph;

(3) for technical assistance or for training associated with all regular duties of the county clerk's office; or

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1	(4) for staff travel associated with all
2	regular duties of the county clerk's office pursuant to the Per
3	Diem and Mileage Act.
4	D. The county clerk recording and filing fund is
5	subject to being audited in the same manner as other funds in
6	the county. The county clerk shall prepare a report detailing
7	the source of funds deposited into the county clerk recording
8	and filing fund, the use of funds and remaining balances within
9	the county clerk recording and filing fund during the annual
10	county budgeting process."
11	SECTION 105. Section 40-13B-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018,
12	Chapter 40, Section 1) is amended to read:
13	"40-13B-1. SHORT TITLE[This act] <u>Chapter 40, Article</u>
14	<u>13B NMSA 1978</u> may be cited as the "Confidential Substitute
15	Address Act"."
16	SECTION 106. Section 40-13B-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018,
17	Chapter 40, Section 3) is amended to read:
18	"40-13B-3. CONFIDENTIAL SUBSTITUTE ADDRESS PROGRAM
19	APPLICATION
20	A. The "confidential substitute address program" is
21	created in the office of the secretary of state to provide a
22	process by which a victim of domestic violence may protect the
23	confidentiality of the victim's residential and delivery
24	addresses in public records.
25	B. An applicant, with the assistance of an
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1 application assistant, shall submit an application to the 2 secretary of state on a form prescribed by the secretary of 3 The application assistant's signature shall serve as state. 4 recommendation that the applicant participate in the 5 confidential substitute address program. 6 C. An application shall be signed and dated by the 7 applicant and the application assistant and shall include: 8 the applicant's name; (1) 9 (2) the applicant's statement that the 10 applicant fears for the safety of the applicant, the

applicant's child or another person in the applicant's household because of a threat of immediate or future harm;

(3) the applicant's statement that the disclosure of the applicant's residential or delivery address would endanger the applicant, the applicant's child or another person in the applicant's household;

(4) the applicant's statement that the applicant has confidentially relocated in the past ninety days or will relocate within the state in the next ninety days;

(5) a designation of the secretary of state as
the applicant's agent for the purpose of receiving mail,
deliveries and service of process, notice or demand;

(6) the names and ages of those persons in the applicant's household who will also be participants in the program if the applicant is admitted into the program. Each .221175.6

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1 person in an applicant's household listed in the application 2 shall be considered a separate participant in the program; 3 [(6)] (7) the applicant's residential and 4 delivery addresses, if different, the confidentiality of which 5 the applicant seeks to protect; [(7)] <u>(8)</u> the applicant's telephone number and 6 7 email address; and 8 [(8)] (9) the applicant's statement under 9 penalty of perjury that the information contained in the 10 application is true." SECTION 107. Section 40-13B-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, 11 12 Chapter 40, Section 6) is amended to read: 13 "40-13B-6. CHANGE OF PARTICIPANT NAME, ADDRESS OR 14 TELEPHONE NUMBER--REQUIREMENTS.--15 A participant shall notify the secretary of Α. 16 state within ten days of legally changing the participant's 17 name and shall provide the secretary of state with a certified 18 copy of documentation of the legal name change. 19 Β. A participant shall notify the secretary of 20 state within ten days of a change to the participant's 21 residential address, delivery address, telephone number or 22 email address. 23 C. A participant shall notify the secretary of 24 state within ten days if a new person in the participant's 25 household needs to become a participant in the program." .221175.6

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1	SECTION 108. Section 40-13B-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018,
2	Chapter 40, Section 7) is amended to read:
3	"40-13B-7. PARTICIPANT DECERTIFICATION
4	A. A participant shall be decertified from the
5	confidential substitute address program if:
6	(1) the participant submits a request to
7	withdraw from the confidential substitute address program to
8	the secretary of state;
9	(2) the participant fails to notify the
10	secretary of state of a legal name change or a change to the
11	participant's residential address, delivery address, telephone
12	number or email address; [or]
13	(3) mail that is forwarded by the secretary of
14	state to the participant's delivery address is returned as
15	undeliverable; <u>or</u>
16	(4) the participant does not comply with the
17	provisions of the Intimate Partner Violence Survivor Suffrage
18	<u>Act</u> .
19	B. If the secretary of state determines that one or
20	more of the causes for decertification provided in Subsection A
21	of this section exist, the secretary of state shall send notice
22	of the participant's decertification to the participant's
23	delivery and residential addresses and shall attempt to notify
24	the participant by telephone and email. The participant shall
25	be given ten days from the date of decertification to appeal
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1 the decertification.

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2 C. A person who is decertified from the 3 confidential substitute address program shall not continue to 4 use the person's confidential substitute address.

For six months after a participant has been D. decertified, the secretary of state shall forward mail and 7 deliveries to an address provided by the former participant. 8 Upon receipt of mail and deliveries pursuant to this 9 subsection, a former participant shall provide an updated 10 address to the sender."

SECTION 109. Section 40-13B-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, Chapter 40, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:

"40-13B-8. PARTICIPANT RECORDS--CONFIDENTIALITY--DISCLOSURE PROHIBITED. --

The secretary of state and an agency shall not Α. disclose the residential address, delivery address, telephone number or email address of a participant unless the information is required to be disclosed pursuant to a court order. A person or agency that receives a participant's residential address, delivery address, telephone number or email address pursuant to a court order shall not in turn disclose that information unless pursuant to a court order or unless the person who was a participant has been decertified.

Β. The secretary of state shall maintain the confidentiality of all records relating to an applicant for or .221175.6 - 211 -

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1 participant in the confidential substitute address program 2 while the person is a participant and shall: 3 (1) store all tangible copies of program 4 records in locked equipment; 5 store all electronic copies of program (2)records in a password-protected system; 6 7 restrict access to all program records to (3) secretary of state staff members who are approved to access the 8 9 records as provided in this section; and 10 release program records only on a court's (4) 11 order. 12 С. The secretary of state shall establish a system 13 for restricting access to program records to approved staff 14 members. Before being approved and granted access to program 15 records, the staff member shall: 16 submit to a criminal background check (1)17 performed by the department of public safety; 18 (2) not have a record of a sex offense, felony 19 or a misdemeanor violation related to domestic violence or 20 sexual assault on the results of the person's criminal 21 background check; and 22 complete forty hours of training, (3) 23 including a domestic violence training course provided by the 24 children, youth and families department and sexual assault 25 training provided by the department of health or the crime .221175.6 - 212 -

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victims reparation commission or its successor.

2 D. The secretary of state shall appoint a person to 3 be the administrator of the election component of the 4 confidential substitute address program in accordance with the 5 Intimate Partner Violence Survivor Suffrage Act. The 6 administrator shall meet the requirements of Subsection C of 7 this section, and administration of the Intimate Partner 8 Violence Survivor Suffrage Act shall conform to the 9 requirements of Subsections A and B of this section and 10 Subsection E of Section 40-13B-5 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 110. Section 73-1-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1931, Chapter 97, Section 13) is amended to read:

"73-1-13. <u>COMMISSIONERS--DIRECTORS' DISTRICTS--</u> <u>COMPENSATION--EMPLOYEES--EXPENSES</u>.--

<u>A.</u> Within ten [(10)] days after entering the decree declaring the district organized, the court shall appoint three [(3)] owners of lands within the district, representative of all parts of the district, to determine and define the boundaries of [such] <u>the</u> district and to make up a list of the property to be embraced and included in the district. The persons so appointed [to be hereinafter] <u>shall be</u> referred to as the "commissioners". [Said]

<u>B. The</u> commissioners shall include all property in the district [which] <u>that</u> has within four years received some benefit, either directly or indirectly, from the artesian .221175.6

<u>underscored material = new</u> [bracketed material] = delete 1 waters underlying the district or [which] that may be benefited 2 in some degree by the improvements to be made by the district. 3 Property benefited by the artesian waters and the improvements to be made by the district shall include property upon which 4 5 waters from [such] the basin [or basins] is or may be used for irrigation, domestic, public or commercial purposes and shall 7 include any such property, whether [the same be] it is owned by 8 an individual, corporation, village, town, city or other 9 municipality or public corporation.

C. The commissioners, in making up a description of the property and list of owners [thereof] to be embraced in or affected by the district, shall have access to the assessment or tax rolls of the county or counties [wherein] where the lands are situated and may hear and determine all protests concerning any particular tract or parcel of land to be included in the district, at such time, [and] in such manner and upon such notice as they may prescribe, subject to the right of appeal to the district court, which appeal shall be heard and determined by [said] the court at the time provided for the entering of the final decree respecting the boundaries of the district and property to be embraced [therein as herein provided and] in the district. After completing [such] the list and defining the boundaries of the district and the lands to be embraced [therein, said] in the district, the commissioners shall, with the approval of the court, divide .221175.6

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1 [said] the district into five [(5)] sections or divisions, 2 having due regard for the value and amount of acreage to be 3 included in each, so that there will be an equitable 4 relationship in value and acreage between the several sections or subdivisions of the district. [Said] The subdivisions shall 5 be numbered one to five and shall be known as "directors' 6 7 districts". [The commissioners shall draft an election code to govern the method and prescribe the procedure for the election 8 9 of directors from each of the directors' districts. Said code 10 shall provide for the election of a director from each of said 11 districts by popular vote of the property owners in the same, 12 respectively, owning property affected by the district, and 13 whether residing therein, or not.]

<u>D.</u> Each director so elected, at the time of [his] election, [must] shall be a freeholder in the district from which [he] the director is elected. [After being approved by the court, as hereinafter provided the said election code may be changed only by unanimous consent of the directors elected pursuant thereto. Said]

<u>E. The</u> list of property [and the election code] shall be approved by the court by entering a decree as [herein] provided, but [said] the list shall be subject to the correction of errors in description of the property affected at any time upon order of the court. [A copy of the election code, as approved, shall be filed in the original court .221175.6

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1 proceeding and the same ordered printed for use of those 2 desiring copies, the cost of which shall be taxed as costs in 3 the proceeding.] The commissioners so appointed are [hereby] vested with full power and authority to employ, with the 4 5 approval of the court, legal counsel and clerical and 6 stenographic help necessary for carrying out their duties [as 7 herein prescribed], the compensation of such employees to be 8 fixed by the court. The commissioners shall [each receive five 9 (\$5.00) dollars for each day's service in performing their 10 duties, but not to exceed one hundred and fifty (\$150.00) 11 dollars each] be reimbursed for per diem and mileage pursuant 12 to the Per Diem and Mileage Act. The expenses incurred by 13 [said] the commissioners and the salaries of their employees 14 and their compensation shall also be taxed as costs in the 15 original proceeding [and said]. The commissioners are [hereby] 16 authorized to borrow, with the approval of the court, an amount 17 sufficient to pay all costs of the proceeding so taxed, at a 18 rate of interest not to exceed eight [(8%)] percent, which 19 [said] loan shall be a debt, charge and valid obligation of the 20 district, to be paid out of the proceeds from the first tax 21 levy [hereinafter provided for]."

SECTION 111. Section 73-1-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1931, Chapter 97, Section 14) is amended to read:

"73-1-16. <u>ELECTIONS--DIRECTORS--TERMS--VACANCIES</u>.--[The directors elected pursuant to such election code] .221175.6

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A. All elections shall be conducted pursuant to the provisions of the Local Election Act.

3 B. Directors shall be elected for a term of six years Each director shall hold office for the term for which each. [he] the director was elected and until [his] a successor is duly appointed or elected and has qualified, except as 7 hereinafter provided, being removable [therefrom] only for 8 cause after a hearing upon a motion filed by any interested person in the original proceeding in which the district was 10 [Unless otherwise provided by the Election Code] organized. 11 Vacancies shall be filled by appointment of the district court 12 having jurisdiction. Upon the election of the first board of 13 directors, the directors shall draw numbers by lot: numbers one [(1)] and two [(2)] shall serve two [(2)] years; numbers 15 three [(3)] and four [(4)] shall serve four [(4)] years; and 16 number five [(5)] shall serve six [(6)] years."

SECTION 112. Section 73-1-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1931, Chapter 97, Section 15) is amended to read:

"73-1-17. DIRECTORS--OATH--OFFICERS--SEAL--RECORDS--<u>BYLAWS</u>.--[As soon as practical after the]

A. At the first meeting in January following an election, the directors shall meet for the purpose of organizing the board of directors. Each director, before entering upon [his] official duties, shall take and subscribe to an oath before an officer authorized to administer oaths .221175.6 - 217 -

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that [he] <u>the director</u> will honestly, faithfully and impartially perform the duties of [his] office and that [he] <u>the director</u> will not be interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract let by [said] <u>the</u> district, which [said] oath shall be filed in the original court proceeding for the formation of the district.

<u>B.</u> Upon taking the oath, the board shall choose one of [their] its members [chairman] as chair of the board and president of the district and shall elect some suitable person secretary and treasurer of the board, who may or may not be a member of the board, and shall require of the [said] secretary and treasurer a bond conditioned for the faithful performance of [his] the secretary's and treasurer's duties, in such amount as [to] the directors may [be deemed] deem to be adequate for the protection of the district. [Such]

<u>C. The</u> board shall adopt a seal and shall keep, in a well-bound book, a record of all its proceedings, minutes of all meetings, certificates, contracts, bonds given by employees and all corporate acts [which shall be open to the inspection of all owners of property in the district as well as to all other interested parties]. It shall adopt a set of bylaws not inconsistent with the provisions of [this Act] Chapter 73, <u>Article 1 NMSA 1978</u> for the conduct of the business and affairs of the district [and, when adopted, the same shall not be altered, amended or repealed except upon three (3) days' notice .221175.6

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to each member of the board, service to be had by personal delivery or by mailing a copy of such notice in a sealed envelope, postage fully prepaid, to the address of the director to be served or at a regular or called meeting at which all directors are present]."

SECTION 113. Section 73-14-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1927, Chapter 45, Section 103, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-14-3. [DEFINITION OF TERMS] DEFINITIONS.--

[(1) This Act] <u>A. Chapter 73, Articles 14, 15, 16 and</u> <u>17 NMSA 1978</u> may be [known and] cited as the "Conservancy Act [of New Mexico]". The districts created [hereunder] <u>pursuant</u> <u>to that act</u> may be termed "conservancy districts". [and] The bonds [which may be] issued [hereunder] <u>pursuant to that act</u> may be called "conservancy bonds" and [such] <u>that</u> designation may be [engraved or] printed on their face. The tax books and records provided [hereunder] <u>pursuant to that act</u> shall be termed "conservancy books" or "conservancy records" and [such] <u>the</u> title shall be printed, stamped or written [thereon (2) Whenever the term] <u>on them.</u>

<u>B. As used in the Conservancy Act</u>: ["person" is used, and not otherwise specified, it shall be taken to mean a person, firm, copartnership association or corporation, other than a county, town, city or other political subdivision. Similarly, the words]

<u>(1)</u> "public corporation" [shall be taken to .221175.6 - 219 - 1 mean] means counties; towns; villages; cities; community land 2 grants; community ditches or acequias; water users' 3 associations; school, drainage, irrigation, water, park 4 improvement or conservancy districts; and all governmental 5 agencies [clothed with the power of levying or providing] 6 empowered to levy or provide for the levy of general or special 7 taxes or special assessments;

[(3) Whenever the term] (2) "land" or "real property" [is used, and not otherwise specified, it shall be taken to mean] means real estate as [the words] real estate [are] is defined by the laws of the state [of New Mexico] and [shall embrace] includes all railroads, electric railroads, street and interurban railroads, highways, roads, streets and street improvements; electric, telephone, telegraph and transmission lines; gas, electric, sewer and water systems; water rights; irrigation, drainage and community ditches or acequias; pipelines and [rights-of-way] rights of way of public or private corporations; and all other real property, whether held for public or private use;

[(4) Whenever the term] (3) "land" or "property", [is] when used with reference to benefits, appraisals, assessments or taxes, includes public corporations, which shall, as political entities, be considered as included in [such] the reference in the same manner as land or property;

[(5) Whenever the term] <u>(4)</u> "tax" or "taxes", .221175.6

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[is] when used [and not otherwise specified] with reference to levies for benefits, damages, construction, improvements or maintenance, [it shall be taken to mean] means special taxes or special assessments;

[(6) Whenever the term] (5) "publication" [is 5 used and no manner specified therefor, it shall be taken to 6 7 mean] means publication, in both English and Spanish, once a 8 week for three [(3)] consecutive weeks in at least one 9 newspaper of general circulation in each county [wherein such] 10 in which publication is to be made. It shall not be necessary 11 that publication [shall] be made on the same days of the week 12 in each of the three [(3)] weeks, but not less than fourteen 13 [(14)] days, excluding the day of the first publication, shall 14 intervene between the first publication and the last 15 publication, and publication shall be complete on the date of 16 the last publication;

[(7) In case of a conservancy district or proposed conservancy district lying in one judicial district, whenever the term] (6) "court" or "conservancy court" [is used, and not otherwise specified, it shall be taken to mean] means the district court of that judicial district of the state [of New Mexico wherein] in which the petition for the organization of a conservancy district [shall be] is filed, or a judge thereof in vacation; [In case of a conservancy district, or proposed conservancy district lying in more than .221175.6

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one judicial district then for the purposes of this Act, the words "court" or "conservancy court" shall have the same significance

(8) Whenever the term] (7) "clerk" [is used, 4 and not otherwise specified, it shall be taken to mean] means 5 6 the clerk of the county [of the State of New Mexico wherein] in 7 which the petition for the organization of a conservancy district [shall be] is filed; 8

[(9) Whenever the term] (8) "district" [is used, and not otherwise specified, it shall be taken to mean] means a conservancy district organized [or ratified and 12 continued] under the provisions of [this] the Conservancy Act and [to include] includes only the lands described in the order of the court establishing [said] the district and [such] additional lands [therein] within it, if any, on record in the office of the clerk and property and rights acquired by the district;

[(10) Whenever the term] (9) "board" or "directors" [is used, and not otherwise specified, it shall be taken to mean] means the board of directors appointed by the court for a conservancy district organized under the provisions of [this] the Conservancy Act;

[(11) Whenever the term] (10) "president" [is used, and not otherwise specified, it shall be taken to mean] means the [chairman] chair of the board of directors and the .221175.6 - 222 -

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1 president of a conservancy district organized under the 2 provisions of [this] the Conservancy Act; 3 [(12) Whenever the term] (11) "secretary" [is 4 used, and not otherwise specified, it shall be taken to mean] means the secretary of the board of directors of a conservancy 5 6 district organized under the provisions of [this] the 7 Conservancy Act; [(13) Whenever the term] (12) "treasurer" [is 8 9 used, and not otherwise specified, it shall be taken to mean] 10 means the treasurer of a conservancy district organized under 11 the provisions of [this] the Conservancy Act; 12 [(14) Whenever the term] (13) "appraisers" [is 13 used, and not otherwise specified, it shall be taken to mean] 14 means the board of appraisers appointed by the court for a 15 conservancy district organized under the provisions of [this] 16 the Conservancy Act; 17 [(15) Whenever the term] (14) "public health" 18 [is used in this Act, it shall be construed to include] 19 includes any act or thing tending to improve the general 20 sanitary condition of the community, whether by way of 21 drainage, relieving low or wet land of stagnant and unhealthy 22 conditions or by preventing the flooding of any lands producing 23 or tending to produce unhealthful conditions; 24 [(16) Whenever the terms] (15) "public welfare" 25 or "public benefit" [are used, they shall be construed to

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1 extend to and include] means any act or thing tending to 2 improve or benefit the general public or benefit the 3 inhabitants of the district; and 4 (16) "benefited area" means an area described by 5 a property appraisal that receives a benefit from the creation of a district for any of the purposes for which a district may 6 7 be established." 8 SECTION 114. Section 73-14-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1927, 9 Chapter 45, Section 201) is amended to read: 10 "73-14-4. JURISDICTION OF THE CONSERVANCY COURT.--11 [(1)] A. The conservancy court is [hereby] vested 12 with jurisdiction, power and authority, when the conditions 13 stated in Section [202] 73-14-5 NMSA 1978 are found to exist, 14 to establish conservancy districts for [all or any of] the 15 following purposes: 16 [(a) preventing floods] (1) providing flood 17 protection from a mainstream river channel; 18 [(b)] (2) regulating [stream] river channels by 19 changing, widening or deepening [the same] them; 20 [(c)] (3) regulating the flow of streams; 21 [(d)] (4) diverting, controlling or in whole or 22 in part eliminating water courses; 23 [(e)] (5) reclaiming, draining or filling wet 24 and overflowed lands; 25 [(f) of] (6) providing for irrigation where it .221175.6 - 224 -

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may be needed and otherwise benefiting and developing agricultural lands or lands susceptible of irrigation or agricultural development;

4 [(g)] (7) protecting public and private property
5 from inundation; or

6 (8) pursuant to agreements with local
7 governments, providing for multi-use recreational opportunities
8 within district lands and facilities or other public access
9 areas located within the benefited area; provided that the
10 recreational opportunities do not interfere with any other
11 purpose enumerated in this subsection.

Incident to the foregoing purposes and to enable B. their accomplishment, [any] a district so established [shall have] has the power to straighten, widen, deepen, divert or change the course or terminus of any natural or artificial water course, drainage, irrigation or community ditches or acequias; to build reservoirs, canals, drainage, irrigation or community ditches or acequias, levees, walls, embankments, bridges or dams; to drain, reclaim or fill low lands and lands subject to overflow; to make improvements, to remove and to regulate and prescribe the location of improvements upon land; to maintain, operate and repair any of the construction [herein named] provided for in the Conservancy Act; to sink wells; to purchase, develop and reclaim waters for the purpose of using, distributing, selling or leasing [the same] them; to construct, .221175.6

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1 operate, lease and control plants for the generation, 2 distribution, sale, lease and use of electric energy; to 3 construct, maintain and operate irrigation and drainage works 4 or systems, necessary to maintain the irrigability of lands 5 within the district or to purchase, extend, improve, operate 6 and maintain constructed works; to cooperate and contract with 7 the federal or any state government or agent or department 8 [thereof]; to promote the agricultural resources and marketing 9 facilities of the district; to levy assessments, issue bonds 10 and make appropriations of money; and to do all things 11 necessary to effectuate and fulfill the purposes of [this] the 12 Conservancy Act [and]. Such powers shall also be appraised as 13 [herein] provided in that act.

[(2)] <u>C.</u> The conservancy court shall [thereafter], for all purposes of [this] the Conservancy Act, except as [heretofore or hereinafter] otherwise provided, maintain and have original and exclusive jurisdiction coextensive with the boundaries of [said] the district and of lands and other property proposed to be included in [said] the district or affected by [said] the district, without regard to the usual limits of its jurisdiction.

[(3) No] <u>D. A</u> judge of [such] <u>a</u> court [wherein such] <u>in which a</u> petition is filed or other judge exercising administrative or judicial functions under the provisions of [this] <u>the Conservancy</u> Act shall <u>not</u> be disqualified to perform .221175.6

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any duty imposed by [this] that act by reason of ownership of property within any district or proposed district or by reason of ownership of any property that may be benefited, taxed or assessed [therein]."

SECTION 115. Section 73-14-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 76, Section 2) is amended to read:

"73-14-10. NOTICE OF [ELECTION] ORDER--PUBLICATION.--Upon entry of the order of the court, the board of county commissioners of any county within which the proposed district lies shall cause to be published a notice of the [election] order in a newspaper of general circulation in the proposed conservancy district at least once a week for three consecutive weeks."

SECTION 116. Section 73-14-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 76, Section 4) is amended to read:

"73-14-12. CONDUCT OF ELECTION.--

A. The election on the issue of whether the proposed conservancy district will be created shall be conducted and canvassed [in the same manner in the territory of the proposed district as elections for municipal school board members are carried out] pursuant to the Local Election Act. Only persons who are qualified electors [and landowners] of the district shall be eligible to vote in the election.

B. The cost of conducting the election within each county in which the district is proposed shall be borne by that .221175.6 - 227 -

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county.

[C. Election officials shall count the votes cast, and as soon as all the ballots have been counted, they shall certify the total number of votes cast and the number cast for the creation of the district and the number cast against the creation of the district within the territory of the proposed district.

8 D.] C. The results of the election after being
9 canvassed shall be certified to the court by the county
10 canvassing board [of county commissioners] if the proposed
11 district is entirely within one county or by the state
12 canvassing board if the proposed district is within two or more
13 counties."

SECTION 117. Section 73-14-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1927, Chapter 45, Section 301, as amended) is amended to read: "73-14-17. APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS.--

[(1)] <u>A.</u> Within thirty [(30)] days after entering the decree incorporating [said] <u>the</u> district or, in cases of conservancy districts [heretofore] previously created under the laws of the state [of New Mexico], within thirty [(30)] days after the passage and approval of [this] <u>the Conservancy</u> Act [(Secs. 77-2701--77-2928, 77-3001--77-3024)], the conservancy court shall appoint, as a board of directors of the district, five [(5)] persons. Directors [must] shall be residents of and owners of property in the district; provided, however, in .221175.6

districts embracing lands situate in four or more counties, the 1 2 number of directors appointed shall be seven [(7)], and at 3 least one [(1)] director shall be a resident of and appointed 4 from each county [therein and]. No more than two [(2)] 5 directors so appointed shall be residents of the same county Provided further that in districts embracing lands 6 [and]. 7 situate in four [(4)] or more counties, at least one [(1)]8 director shall be appointed from each county having land within 9 [such] the district, and each director so appointed shall be a 10 person who is a resident of and owner of land within the 11 district and who derives not less than [75%] seventy-five 12 percent of [his] income from irrigation farming. [Said] The 13 directors shall be appointed for terms of six [(6)] years. The 14 court shall fill all vacancies [which] that may occur on [said] 15 the board. Each director shall hold office during the term for 16 which [he] the director is appointed and until [his] a 17 successor is duly appointed and has qualified, being removable 18 [therefrom] from the board only for cause after a hearing upon 19 a motion filed by any interested person in the original 20 proceeding in which the district was organized [and]. Each 21 <u>director</u> shall furnish a corporate surety bond at the expense 22 of the district in amount and form fixed and approved by the 23 court, conditioned upon the faithful performance of [his] 24 duties as [such] director, which bond shall be filed in the 25 office of the clerk.

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1 [(2)] <u>B.</u> All of the provisions of [this] the 2 Conservancy Act [(Secs. 77-2701--77-2928, 77-3001--77-3024)] 3 and of proceedings [thereunder] under that act and relating to the qualification, powers and duties of "director" and 4 5 "[boards] board of directors" shall apply to the "commissioners" and "board of commissioners" provided for in 6 7 this section [and]. Whenever the term "director" or "board of 8 directors" is used in [this] the Conservancy Act [(Secs. 9 77-2701--77-2928,77-3001--77-3024)] with reference to [their] 10 its organization, powers and duties, it [shall be taken and 11 construed to mean and include] means and includes the 12 "commissioners" and "board of commissioners" created by this Vacancies on the board by expiration of term or 13 section. 14 otherwise shall be filled in the same manner as original 15 The office of director and the board of directors appointment. 16 created under Laws 1923, Chapter 140 [of the Laws of 1923], so 17 far as [it relates] they relate to any conservancy district 18 organized [thereunder] for the protection and conservation of 19 lands in the Rio Grande valley, extending into two [(2)] or 20 more judicial districts is [hereby] terminated [and 21 abolished]."

SECTION 118. Section 73-14-19 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, Chapter 262, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-14-19. BOARDS OF DIRECTORS--MEMBERSHIP--QUALIFICATIONS.--The boards of directors created [by] <u>pursuant</u> .221175.6 - 230 -

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1	<u>to</u> Sections 73-14-18 through [73-14-32] <u>73-14-31</u> NMSA 1978
2	shall consist of [three directors from and representing that
3	portion of the most populous county within the conservancy
4	district, one director each from and representing those
5	portions of each of the remaining counties within the
6	conservancy district and one director from and representing the
7	district at large] seven or nine directors, as determined by
8	the directors in the year following receipt of the results of
9	the federal decennial census; provided that each director:
10	A. is a qualified elector of the conservancy
11	district; and
12	B. resides within the [conservancy district and the
13	county from which he is elected or, if representing the
14	district at large, resides within one of the four counties of
15	the conservancy district] districted area of the conservancy
16	district from which the director is elected."
17	SECTION 119. Section 73-14-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975,
18	Chapter 262, Section 4) is amended to read:
19	"73-14-21. BOARD OF DIRECTORSELECTIONTERMS
20	A. Each member of the board of directors shall be
21	elected for a term of four years and, unless removed from
22	office, shall serve until [his] \underline{a} successor is duly elected and
23	has qualified [provided that in the first election immediately
24	following the effective date of the provisions of this act,
25	candidates for positions 1, 2 and 5 shall be elected for two-
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year terms each, and candidates for positions 3, 4, 6 and 7 shall be elected for four-year terms each]. In the year following a presidential election, the odd-numbered districts shall be elected, and in the year following a gubernatorial election, the even-numbered districts shall be elected.

B. Vacancies on the board of directors shall be filled by the remaining members of the board of directors for the unexpired term of the director whose office becomes vacant. The person appointed to fill the vacancy shall have the same qualifications as the member whose unexpired term [he] the person is completing."

SECTION 120. Section 73-14-25 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, Chapter 262, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-14-25. DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY--SIGNATURES OF ELECTORS.--

A. [Any] <u>A</u> person who desires to become a candidate for election as a member of the conservancy district board of directors shall file [his] <u>a</u> written declaration of candidacy with the [election director or with the election officer at least sixty days before the election. The election officer or the election director shall certify the candidates to the board of directors] proper filing officer pursuant to the Local Election Act.

> B. The declaration of candidacy shall [contain: (1) a statement that the candidate is a

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1 qualified elector of the district and meets the qualifications 2 of a director as required by law; 3 (2) the candidate's name, address, county of 4 residence and date of declaration of candidacy; (3) the numerical designation of the position on 5 the board of directors for which he desires to be a candidate; 6 7 (4) if a candidate for a position representing a county in the conservancy district] be accompanied by a 8 9 petition signed by at least seventy-five qualified electors of 10 the [district who reside in that county; 11 (5) if a candidate for the position at large in 12 the conservancy district, a petition signed by at least one 13 hundred twenty-five qualified electors; and 14 (6) a statement that the candidate resides 15 within the conservancy district and in the county for which he 16 desires to be a candidate on the board of directors] districted 17 area of the district in which the person resides and seeks to 18 represent." 19 SECTION 121. Section 73-14-26 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, 20 Chapter 262, Section 9) is amended to read: 21 DESIGNATION OF POSITIONS FOR PURPOSES OF "73-14-26. 22 ELECTION.--For purposes of election to the board of directors 23 of the conservancy district, each office on the board shall be 24 assigned a position number in numerical sequence [beginning 25 with the at-large position, and then next those positions .221175.6

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within the most populous county]. At all elections the same 1 2 position numbers shall be used to designate the same offices." 3 SECTION 122. Section 73-14-55 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1943, Chapter 126, Section 2) is amended to read: 4 "73-14-55. BOARDS OF DIRECTORS--MEMBERSHIP--5 QUALIFICATIONS.--The boards of directors [hereby] created in 6 7 Sections 73-14-54 through 73-14-69 NMSA 1978 shall consist of 8 five [(5)] directors, each of whom [must] shall own real 9 property within the conservancy district [which] that is 10 subject to conservancy district appraisals, assessments, levies 11 and taxes, and each of whom [must] shall actually reside within 12 the conservancy district [and also within the county from which 13 he shall be elected as hereinafter provided]."

SECTION 123. Section 73-14-61 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1943, Chapter 126, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-14-61. NOTICE OF CANDIDACY--SIGNATURES OF ELECTORS.--[Any] <u>A</u> qualified elector [as herein defined] who desires to become a candidate for election as a director shall [at least forty days prior to the election] file with [the secretary of the board of directors then in office his] the proper filing officer pursuant to the Local Election Act a written notice of candidacy, [which shall state his name and residence and the term for which he is a candidate for election within the conservancy district. If he is a candidate at large, his notice of candidacy must be] accompanied by a petition signed .221175.6

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1 by twenty qualified electors [resident] who reside within that 2 particular portion of the district from which the candidate 3 seeks to be elected. [If he is a candidate only from that 4 portion of the district which lies within one county, his notice of candidacy must be signed by ten qualified electors 5 who reside within that particular portion of the district and 6 7 county from which the candidate seeks to be elected. No person who has not filed his notice of candidacy as and within the 8 9 time required in this section shall be placed on the ballot.]" 10 SECTION 124. Section 73-16-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1961, 11 Chapter 123, Section 1) is amended to read: 12 "73-16-5. [ELECTION FOR APPROVAL OF] DISTRICT 13 CONSTRUCTION FUND ASSESSMENT LEVY [OF CERTAIN DISTRICTS] 14 ELECTION--FORM OF BALLOT--SUPPLEMENTAL LEVIES.--15 In all cases, excepting those [hereinafter] Α. 16 excluded by the provisions of the Conservancy Act, as soon as 17 the first construction fund assessment levy is made, the board 18 shall call an election [to be held not less than sixty days 19 after notice of the election is completed by publication. The 20 procedure for and conduct of the election shall be that 21 provided for election of boards of directors who are elected] 22 pursuant to the Local Election Act. The question to be 23 referred to the voters shall be the approval or rejection of 24 the construction fund assessment levy resolved by the board. 25 The form of ballots shall be substantially as follows: .221175.6

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CONSTRUCTION FUND ASSESSMENT LEVY FOR

2 DISTRICT 3 [(Name of District)] FOR the construction fund assessment levy [of the district 4 5 in the maximum total sum of \$ -1 6 7 AGAINST the construction fund assessment levy [of the district in the maximum total sum of \$ 8 9 10 B. If the majority of voters are against the levy, 11 upon exhibit to the court of the returns so proving, the 12 district shall be dissolved after insuring payment of all 13 outstanding debts. If the majority of voters are for the levy, 14 upon exhibit to the court of the returns so proving, the levy 15 shall be ordered executed and the secretary shall prepare the 16 construction fund assessment record of the district. 17 C. Thereafter, from time to time, as the affairs of 18 the district may demand, the board may make supplemental levies 19 for the construction fund; provided that the aggregate of all 20 these supplemental levies shall not exceed ten percent of the 21 first levy approved in the election or, in principal, the 22 appraised benefits adjudicated, whichever is less; provided

further that if for any reason the affairs of the district [shall] demand a supplemental levy in excess of ten percent, an election as [herein] provided <u>in this section</u> shall be required .221175.6

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to approve and order [them] the levy into execution [and]. In the event [they are] that the levy is rejected, the district shall not execute supplemental levies in excess of the limits [above stated] provided in this subsection; and provided further that in no case shall a levy be submitted to election where the amount [thereof] of the levy exceeds in principal the appraised benefits adjudicated.

D. Nothing in this section applies to any district
 [which] that has commenced or completed any phase of
 improvements pursuant to official plans or to any district
 containing between fifteen thousand to thirty thousand acres."
 SECTION 125. Section 73-16-29 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1927,
 Chapter 45, Section 528) is amended to read:

"73-16-29. COMPENSATION OF OFFICIALS.--

[(1) Each] <u>A. A</u> member of the board of directors shall receive [five (\$5.00) dollars per day and his necessary expenses for the time actually employed in the performance of his duties] compensation pursuant to the Per Diem and Mileage <u>Act</u>.

[(2) Each] <u>B. An</u> appraiser shall receive [ten (\$10.00) dollars per day and his expenses for the time actually employed in the performance of his duties] compensation as set by the board of directors.

[(3)] <u>C.</u> Before any duties devolve upon the county treasurers under [this] the Conservancy Act, the board shall .221175.6 - 237 -

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1 consult them and agree upon the salaries for the extra clerical 2 force, if any, required in their respective offices to carry 3 out the requirements of [the] law by reason of the 4 establishment of a district [and]. The [said] board shall 5 provide for and pay [said] the salaries to [said clerk or] the 6 clerks while engaged on the work of the district, which clerks 7 shall be selected and appointed by each of [said] the county 8 officers for their respective offices. In case of disagreement 9 as to the compensation of [such] the extra clerical force, the 10 matter shall be referred to the court for its determination." 11 SECTION 126. Section 73-18-29 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1955, 12 Chapter 281, Section 5) is amended to read: 13 "73-18-29. CONSERVANCY DISTRICT BOARD--HOW CONSTITUTED.--14 [After the election herein provided, boards] 15 A. The board of directors of [such districts] a 16 district organized pursuant to Sections 73-18-25 through 17 73-18-43 NMSA 1978 shall consist of either three or five 18 elected directors, [one representing each election precinct of 19 such district and one director-at-large] as determined by the 20 directors in the year following receipt of the results of the 21 federal decennial census; provided that each elected director: 22 (1) is a qualified elector of the conservancy 23 district; and 24 (2) resides within the districted area of the 25 conservancy district from which the director is elected. .221175.6

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1	<u>B.</u> All [of such] <u>elected</u> directors shall have equal
2	powers and responsibilities. In case of vacancy through death,
3	resignation, removal from the district or failure of any
4	elected director to qualify, the remaining members of the board
5	shall by majority vote fill [such] <u>the</u> vacancy. The person
6	selected to fill [such] <u>the</u> vacancy shall hold [such] <u>the</u>
7	position until the next election of directors in [such] <u>the</u>
8	district. At the next <u>regular local</u> election [of directors of
9	such district] following a vacancy, a director shall be elected
10	to fill [such] <u>the unexpired term of the</u> vacancy.
11	C. In the year following receipt of the results of
12	the federal decennial census, the directors shall determine if
13	the elected directors shall be:
14	(1) elected at large by candidates who reside
15	anywhere in the district;
16	(2) elected at large by candidates who reside
17	within a districted area of the district; or
18	(3) elected for a districted area of the
19	district by candidates who reside in the districted area.
20	D. The directors may by resolution restrict candidacy
21	to qualified electors who reside in the unincorporated areas of
22	the district; provided that a resolution adopted pursuant to
23	this subsection shall also provide that no tax, fee or
24	assessment shall be levied on the municipal areas of the
25	
	<u>district.</u>

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1	E. In addition to the elected board members, in the
2	year following receipt of the results of the federal decennial
3	census, the board may by resolution designate two board
4	positions to serve by appointment. The appointment of board
5	<u>members shall be for a term of two years beginning July 1 of</u>
6	each even-numbered year and ending June 30 of the following
7	even-numbered year. Appointed board members are not required
8	to be qualified electors nor residents of the district.
9	F. An appointed board member may vote on all matters
10	except for a tax or assessment of any kind proposed or approved
11	pursuant to authority granted by Article 8, Section 9 of the
12	constitution of New Mexico, which is limited to a vote of the
13	elected members only."
14	SECTION 127. Section 73-18-34 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1955,
15	Chapter 281, Section 10, as amended) is amended to read:
16	"73-18-34. BECOMING A CANDIDATE FOR DIRECTORAny person
17	wishing to become a candidate for the office of director in any
18	district shall [by the last Friday of July before the election]
19	file [in the office of the secretary of the district] <u>with the</u>
20	proper filing officer pursuant to the Local Election Act a
21	declaration of candidacy, [stating the election precinct for
22	which the person is a candidate] accompanied by a petition
23	signed by not less than ten qualified electors of the [election
24	precinct] area for which the person is a candidate to
25	represent. [No declaration of candidacy shall be accepted by
	.221175.6

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the secretary unless accompanied by such petition, signed by electors.]"

SECTION 128. Section 73-20-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1957, Chapter 210, Section 12, as amended) is amended to read: "73-20-12. DIRECTORS--[ELECTION] APPOINTMENT.--

Α. [At the next regular local election held pursuant to the Local Election Act after a watershed district is created] The board of supervisors of the soil and water conservation district [involved] shall [cause an election to be held for the election of a] appoint the board of directors of the watershed district. The board shall consist of five members, with one member being a current or former elected supervisor of the watershed district. The [first] board of supervisors shall [determine by lot from among its membership] choose two members to serve terms of two years and three members to serve terms of four years. Thereafter, as these initial terms expire, their replacements shall be [elected] appointed for terms of four years. Vacancies occurring before the expiration of a term shall be filled by the [remaining] members of the board of supervisors for the unexpired term. [Two or more vacancies occurring simultaneously shall be filled by appointment by the board of supervisors.] The board of directors shall, under the supervision of the board of supervisors, be the governing body of the watershed district.

B. If the territory embraced within a watershed .221175.6

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1 district lies within more than one soil and water conservation 2 district, each additional soil and water conservation district 3 having a minority of the land involved in the watershed shall be entitled to [elect] appoint three additional directors, 4 5 [These additional directors after their election shall 6 determine by lot one of whom shall be a current or former 7 elected supervisor of the watershed district. One of their 8 number [to] shall serve a term of two years and two a term of 9 four years. Thereafter, their successors shall be [elected] 10 appointed for terms of four years. The [representatives] board 11 of supervisors of each of these minority districts shall fill 12 vacancies in the district's membership for the unexpired term.

C. The board of directors shall annually elect from its membership a chair, secretary and treasurer. The treasurer shall execute an official bond for the faithful performance of the duties of office to be approved by the board of directors. The bond shall be executed with at least three solvent personal sureties whose solvency shall exceed the amount of the bond, or by a surety company authorized to do business in this state, and shall be in an amount determined by the board of directors. If the treasurer is required to execute a surety company bond, the premium of the bond shall be paid by the board of directors.

D. The board of directors shall prepare and submit to the department of finance and administration such reports as it .221175.6 - 242 -

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may require from among those required to be submitted by other political subdivisions.

[E. Each person desiring to be a director of a watershed district shall file a nominating petition with the proper filing office in accordance with the provisions of the Local Election Act, signed by ten or more qualified electors.]"

SECTION 129. TEMPORARY PROVISION--VOTER EDUCATION AND ELECTIONS TASK FORCE--CREATED--DUTIES--REPORTING.--

A. The "voter education and elections task force" is created to study and provide recommendations on best practices to educate the voters of New Mexico on electoral procedures, voter registration and election safeguards. The voter education and elections task force shall evaluate opportunities for improvements to the electoral process to maximize voter accessibility and accurate voter rolls while continuing to maintain efficient and secure elections. The task force shall function from the date of its appointment until December 31, 2022. Staff and administrative support for the task force shall be jointly coordinated and provided by the secretary of state and the legislative council service.

B. By April 20, 2022, the members of the voter education and elections task force shall be appointed as follows:

(1) six members who are legislators, with the two political parties with the most members in the state being
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	1	represented in equal numbers, appointed as follows:
	2	(a) three members of the house of
	3	representatives appointed by the speaker of the house of
	4	representatives; and
	5	(b) three members of the senate appointed by
	6	the senate committees' committee or, if the legislature is not
	7	in session at the time of appointment, appointed by the
	8	president pro tempore of the senate in consultation with and
	9	agreement of a majority of the members who served on the senate
	10	committees' committee during the second session of the
	11	fifty-fifth legislature;
	12	(2) the secretary of state or the secretary's
	13	designee;
	14	(3) the secretary of taxation and revenue, or a
	15	designee of the secretary who has oversight or knowledge of
	16	data collection and system operations within the taxation and
	17	revenue department;
	18	(4) four public members, with the two political
-	19	parties with the most members in the state being represented in
5	20	equal numbers, who have expertise in elections, campaigns and
	21	private sector organizational structure and operations and who
j L	22	reflect the ethnic, cultural and geographic diversity of the
í.		
	23	state, two appointed by the speaker of the house and two
	23 24	state, two appointed by the speaker of the house and two appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate; and

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C. One representative each from the state registrar and the administrative office of the courts and one representative of the county assessors, appointed by the director of the property tax division of the taxation and revenue department, shall serve as advisory members of the task force, and the voter education and elections task force shall invite the United States postal service in New Mexico to appoint a representative to participate as an advisory member of the task force.

D. Public members of the voter education and elections task force are entitled to receive per diem and mileage pursuant to the Per Diem and Mileage Act but shall receive no other compensation, perquisite or allowance.

E. The voter education and elections task force shall be co-chaired by the secretary of state, or the secretary's designee, and one of the legislator-appointed members from the minority political party, elected by the membership of the task force to serve as co-chair. The task force shall meet at the call of a co-chair or at the request of one-third of its membership, and as necessary to carry out its duties, but no less than once and no more than twice a month. The first meeting of the task force shall be held no later than May 1, .221175.6

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2022, and the first meeting of the task force shall be an organizational meeting for the task force to develop a work plan to carry out the task force's duties.

F. A vacancy on the voter education and elections task force shall be filled by the original appointing authority. A member who misses three meetings shall be removed from the task force and upon the request of the co-chairs, the appointing authority shall replace the member who has failed to attend three meetings.

G. A majority of the members constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business. The support of a majority of the members is required for adoption of any action; provided that the final report of the voter education and elections task force, including its recommendations and proposed legislation, shall have, at minimum, the support of a majority of the legislative members.

H. The voter education and elections task force may create subcommittees by a majority vote of the members. A subcommittee shall be composed of at least one member from the senate and one member from the house of representatives, including at least one member of a minority political party that is represented in either the senate or house of representatives.

I. Meetings of the voter education and elections task force shall be subject to the Open Meetings Act, and the task .221175.6 - 246 -

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force shall actively solicit public input.

2 J. The voter education and elections task force shall 3 develop policy recommendations and proposed legislation to 4 educate voters on electoral procedures, voter registration and 5 election safeguards. The task force shall also consider improvements to the Election Code to make electoral processes 6 7 more efficient and accessible to all voters while continuing to 8 maintain election integrity. In developing its policy 9 recommendations and proposed legislation, the task force shall 10 review and consider:

(1) how to educate voters on why a voter's certificate of registration must be kept up to date and, overall, how to effectively disseminate information and engage the public in the electoral process;

(2) federal and state law, constitutional provisions, rules and court decisions governing elections, voter registration and the maintenance of voter rolls;

(3) the accessibility and ease of use of currently used election systems, including the online voter registration system, the vote tabulation systems, election websites and other systems used by voters;

(4) use of voting best practices and
 implementation of additional voting modernizations used in
 other states, including automatic voter registration, same-day
 registration, geo-enabling the voter rolls, absentee voting,
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residency requirements and risk-limiting audits that may promote improved voting accessibility and election security;

(5) best practices and standards for maintaining accurate voter rolls, including how best to ensure the ease by which voters cancel registrations in one state and register in another and ensure the integrity of the voter rolls;

(6) best practices and standards for the prompt removal of deceased persons from the voter rolls;

(7) the impacts of issues relating to the United States postal service on ballot tracking, ballot delivery and addressing, inconsistent or non-delivery to valid addresses and how best to use intelligent mail bar codes, the national change of address database and standard addressing to improve election procedures; and

(8) how to improve data collection and sharing between the taxation and revenue department and the secretary of state and county clerks for the purposes of improving election efficiencies and updating certificates of registration.

K. No later than December 1, 2022, the voter education and elections task force shall draft a report of its findings and recommendations for consideration by the governor and the legislature and shall present its report to the New Mexico legislative council, the legislative finance committee, the interim committee that studies courts, corrections and .221175.6

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justice issues and the county clerks affiliate of the New Mexico association of counties. The task force shall provide a final report, including any proposed legislation, to the governor and all legislators by December 31, 2022.

L. The secretary of state, county clerks and other relevant state agencies shall cooperate with the voter education and elections task force and provide the task force with information regarding databases, information technology systems, cybersecurity, budget, staffing, organizational structure and other information as relevant to the duties of the task force and as requested by the task force.

SECTION 130. TEMPORARY PROVISION--CONSERVANCY DISTRICTS--EXPIRATION OF MEMBER TERMS--LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.--

A. The term of a conservancy district board member that was set to expire on or before June 30, 2024 shall expire on December 31, 2023, and that member's successor shall be elected in the regular local election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November 2023 for a term beginning on January 1, 2024.

B. The term of a conservancy district board member that was set to expire on or after July 1, 2024 but on or before June 30, 2026 shall expire on December 31, 2025, and that member's successor shall be elected in the local election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November 2025 for a term beginning on January 1, 2026.

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C. The term of a conservancy district board member not impacted by Subsections A and B of this section that was set to expire on or after July 1, 2026 shall expire on December 31, 2025, and that member's successor shall be elected in the local election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November 2025 for a term beginning on January 1, 2026.

D. Pursuant to Article 20, Section 3 of the
constitution of New Mexico, the legislature finds that the
conservancy district term adjustments provided for in this 2022
act are necessary to align the conservancy district elections
with the Local Election Act, passed and signed into law in
2018, to ensure the efficient administration of elections and
to increase clarity for voters.

SECTION 131. TEMPORARY PROVISION--TERMS OF DIRECTORS PRIOR TO EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT.--

A. The term of a director elected prior to the effective date of this act pursuant to Section 73-1-16 NMSA 1978 or the Watershed District Act shall continue and expire on December 31, 2023, and the term of that member's successor shall begin on January 1, 2024.

B. Pursuant to Article 20, Section 3 of the constitution of New Mexico, the legislature finds that the term adjustments provided for in this 2022 act are necessary to align the elections with the Local Election Act, passed and signed into law in 2018, to ensure the efficient administration .221175.6

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of elections and to increase clarity for voters.

SECTION 132. TEMPORARY PROVISION--2021 POLLING PLACE RESOLUTION--VOTER CONVENIENCE CENTER FOR ALL STATEWIDE ELECTIONS IN CALENDAR YEARS 2022 AND 2023.--Each election day polling place established in the 2021 polling place resolution for each county or any election day polling place established by any subsequent amendment to such a resolution shall operate as a voter convenience center for all statewide elections in calendar years 2022 and 2023.

SECTION 133. TEMPORARY PROVISION--2022 MAJOR PARTY NOMINATIONS--STATEWIDE AND FEDERAL CANDIDATES.--Notwithstanding nominating petition signature requirements pursuant to Section 1-8-33 NMSA 1978, for statewide and federal candidates seeking major party nomination in 2022, a candidate qualifies for the primary election ballot for a statewide or federal office if:

A. the candidate submits on February 1, 2022 a nominating petition containing signatures equaling at least two percent of the total number of votes for all candidates for governor in that major party's last primary for governor statewide or, for federal office, in the congressional district in which a candidate files a declaration of candidacy; or

B. the candidate submits on March 8, 2022 a nominating petition containing signatures equaling at least four percent of the total number of votes cast for all candidates for governor in that major party's last primary for .221175.6

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1 governor statewide or, for federal office, in the congressional 2 district in which the candidate files a declaration of 3 candidacy. 4 TEMPORARY PROVISION--RECOMPILATION.--SECTION 134. 5 Section 2-21-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 262, Section 6 15) is recompiled as a section of the Campaign Reporting Act. 7 SECTION 135. TEMPORARY PROVISION--COMPILER'S 8 INSTRUCTION. --9 The compiler shall rename in tables of contents Α. 10 and headings Chapter 2, Article 21 NMSA 1978 as "Recompiled". 11 Β. The compiler shall change the title of Chapter 12, 12 Article 4 NMSA 1978 to "Repealed". 13 SECTION 136. APPROPRIATION. -- Three hundred thousand 14 dollars (\$300,000) is appropriated from the general fund to the 15 office of the secretary of state for expenditure in fiscal year 16 2023 and subsequent fiscal years to support elections security. 17 Any unexpended or unencumbered balance remaining at the end of 18 a fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund. 19 SECTION 137. REPEAL.--20 Α. Sections 1-6-9.2, 1-8-21.1, 1-8-39.1, 1-8-41, 21 1-10-8.1, 1-15A-8, 1-15A-10, 1-15A-11, 1-20-21, 3-12-1.1, 22 3-14-11, 4-38-3, 12-4-1 through 12-4-3, 22-5-1.1, 73-14-20, 23 73-14-20.1, 73-14-22, 73-14-57, 73-14-67, 73-14-71, 73-14-88 24 through 73-14-92, 73-18-26, 73-18-28, 73-18-30 through 25 73-18-32, 73-18-33, 73-18-41 and 73-18-43 NMSA 1978 (being Laws

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1 1999, Chapter 267, Section 1; Laws 1993, Chapter 55, Section 2 11; Laws 1993, Chapter 55, Section 10; Laws 1973, Chapter 228, 3 Section 11; Laws 1981, Chapter 166, Section 1; Laws 1977, 4 Chapter 230, Section 7; Laws 1977, Chapter 230, Section 9; Laws 5 1977, Chapter 230, Section 11; Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 6 445; Laws 1985, Chapter 203, Section 1; Laws 1965, Chapter 300, 7 Section 14-13-11; Laws 1876, Chapter 1, Section 10; Laws 1951, 8 Chapter 157, Sections 1 through 3; Laws 1985, Chapter 202, 9 Section 1; Laws 1975, Chapter 262, Section 3; Laws 1990, 10 Chapter 48, Section 1; Laws 1975, Chapter 262, Section 5; Laws 11 1943, Chapter 126, Sections 4 and 14; Laws 1961, Chapter 67, 12 Sections 3 and 20; Laws 1996, Chapter 42, Sections 1 through 4; 13 and Laws 1955, Chapter 281, Sections 2, 4, 6 through 9, 17 and 14 19, as amended) are repealed.

B. Laws 2020, Chapter 9, Sections 1 through 9 and Laws 2018, Chapter 79, Sections 139, 140, 142, 144, 145, 147, 149, 154, 155, 156 and 158 are repealed.

SECTION 138. APPLICABILITY.--The provisions of this act relating to the procedures for conducting elections shall not apply to the 2022 municipal officer election.

SECTION 139. EFFECTIVE DATE.--

A. The effective date of the provisions of Sections 17, 86 and 98 of this act is July 1, 2022.

B. The effective date of the provisions of Section 22 of this act is July 1, 2023.

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	1	SECTION 140. EMERGENCYIt is necessary for the public
	2	peace, health and safety that this act take effect immediately.
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