1	SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL 6
2	55TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2022
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO ELECTIONS; AMENDING THE ELECTION CODE; REMOVING
12	REFERENCES TO PUBLIC REGULATION COMMISSIONER AS AN ELECTED
13	OFFICE THROUGHOUT THE ELECTION CODE; CREATING THE VOTER
14	EDUCATION AND ELECTIONS TASK FORCE; SPECIFYING WHEN THE
15	INSPECTION OF PUBLIC RECORDS ACT APPLIES TO DISCLOSURES
16	PURSUANT TO THE ELECTION CODE; AMENDING AND ENACTING
17	DEFINITIONS; CREATING AN ELECTIONS SECURITY PROGRAM; REQUIRING
18	THE USE OF FORMS APPROVED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE; REQUIRING
19	SERVICE OF PROCESS ON THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR ELECTION-
20	RELATED LITIGATION; ADDRESSING QUALIFICATIONS OF ELECTION BOARD
21	MEMBERS; REVISING ELECTION BOARD AND MESSENGER COMPENSATION;
22	REQUIRING TRAINING FOR CHALLENGERS, WATCHERS AND ELECTION
23	OBSERVERS; REQUIRING VOTER CONVENIENCE CENTERS; PROVIDING FOR A
24	PROGRAM TO RECONCILE VOTER REGISTRATION LISTS; ALLOWING FOR AN
25	ELECTRONIC POLL BOOK ALTERNATIVE; ADJUSTING VOTER REGISTRATION
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1 PROCESSING PROCEDURES; AMENDING REQUIREMENTS FOR REGISTRATION 2 AT VOTING LOCATION PRIOR TO VOTING; REVISING PROCEDURES AND 3 REQUIREMENTS FOR MAILED BALLOTS, ABSENTEE BALLOTS AND MILITARY-4 OVERSEAS BALLOTS; AMENDING THE INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE 5 SURVIVOR SUFFRAGE ACT; ADJUSTING TIME FRAMES TO FILL A VACANCY 6 ON THE GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT; REINSTATING THE PRIMARY 7 ELECTION LAW SHORT TITLE ACT; AMENDING THE PRIMARY ELECTION 8 LAW; REVISING REQUIREMENTS FOR NOMINATIONS AND CANDIDATES; 9 ELIMINATING PRE-PRIMARY CONVENTION DESIGNATIONS; AMENDING 10 VOTING SYSTEMS REQUIREMENTS; ADDRESSING BALLOT PREPARATION; 11 ADDRESSING MAINTENANCE OF BALLOT BOXES AND MONITORED SECURED 12 CONTAINERS; CORRECTING AND PRESCRIBING THE ORDER OF OFFICES ON 13 BALLOTS; REQUIRING THE SENDING OF A NOTICE OF ELECTION; 14 REQUIRING THE CERTIFICATION OF VOTING MACHINES; AMENDING THE 15 ELECTION FUND; DIRECTING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF COUNTY ELECTION 16 FUNDS; ADDRESSING PROVISIONAL BALLOTS; ADDRESSING THE COUNTING 17 AND DISPOSITION OF PAPER BALLOTS; ADDRESSING POST-ELECTION 18 DUTIES; REVISING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE IMPOUNDMENT OF BALLOTS, 19 AUDITS AND RECOUNTS; AMENDING THE PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY ACT; 20 REVISING PROVISIONS RELATED TO FILLING A VACANCY IN THE OFFICE 21 OF UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE; REVISING TIME FRAMES FOR 22 REFERENDUM PETITIONS; AMENDING THE CAMPAIGN REPORTING ACT; 23 RECOMPILING A SECTION AUTHORIZING LEGISLATIVE CAUCUS COMMITTEES 24 INTO THE CAMPAIGN REPORTING ACT; AMENDING THE LEGISLATIVE 25 SESSION FUNDRAISING PROHIBITION; CONFORMING THE MEANINGS OF .222281.1

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1 UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF KEYS AND UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF ABSENTEE 2 BALLOT; AMENDING THE CRIME OF OBSTRUCTING THE POLLING PLACE; 3 AMENDING THE CRIME OF UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS; 4 AMENDING THE LOCAL ELECTION ACT; AMENDING THE LOBBYIST 5 **REGULATION ACT; PROVIDING REQUIREMENTS FOR MUNICIPALITIES TO** 6 HOLD ORGANIZATIONAL MEETINGS AFTER NEW TERMS BEGIN; DIRECTING 7 DEPOSITS INTO THE COUNTY ELECTION FUND; DIRECTING THE 8 ESTABLISHMENT OF REQUIREMENTS FOR CLERK'S CERTIFICATES AND 9 AUTHORIZING ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION FOR HOLDING A CERTIFICATE; 10 AUTHORIZING TAXPAYER INFORMATION TO BE REVEALED TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR PURPOSES OF MAINTAINING VOTER 11 12 REGISTRATION RECORDS; AMENDING THE CONFIDENTIAL SUBSTITUTE 13 ADDRESS ACT; CONFORMING PROVISIONS RELATING TO CERTAIN SPECIAL 14 DISTRICTS TO THE LOCAL ELECTION ACT; PROVIDING FOR THE ELECTION OF LOCAL PUBLIC BODIES AT LARGE OR FROM DISTRICTS; REVISING 15 16 ELECTION PROCEDURES AND BOARD OF DIRECTORS REQUIREMENTS FOR delete 17 ARTESIAN CONSERVANCY DISTRICTS, CONSERVANCY DISTRICTS AND SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICTS; AMENDING THE CONSERVANCY ACT 18 19 OF NEW MEXICO; AMENDING THE CONSERVANCY DISTRICT-RECLAMATION 20 CONTRACT ACT; AMENDING THE WATERSHED DISTRICT ACT; MAKING CONFORMING AND TECHNICAL CHANGES; AMENDING, REPEALING, ENACTING 21 22 AND RECOMPILING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978; REPEALING SESSION LAWS; DECLARING AN EMERGENCY. 23 24

> BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO: .222281.1

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1 SECTION 1. A new section of Chapter 1, Article 1 NMSA 2 1978 is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] REAL-TIME SYNCHRONIZATION .-- As used in the Election Code, "real-time synchronization" means that the internet connection at a voting location is able to synchronize voting data with the office of the county clerk in real time."

SECTION 2. A new Section 1-1-3.4 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"1-1-3.4. [NEW MATERIAL] ELECTION-RELATED ORGANIZATION--REGISTRATION REQUIRED. -- An election-related organization shall register with the secretary of state at least seventy days 12 before a regularly scheduled statewide election or forty-two 13 days before a special election or an election to fill a vacancy 14 in the United States house of representatives."

SECTION 3. Section 1-1-5.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 356, Section 9, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-1-5.2. DEFINITION OF A VOTE--MACHINE-TABULATED--HAND-TALLIED--WRITE-IN.--

For a [paper ballot] candidate contest or ballot Α. question that is machine-tabulated on a vote tabulation system certified for use in this state, a vote shall be counted if the:

(1) voter's selection of a candidate or answer to a ballot question is indicated in the voting response area of the paper ballot; and

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1	(2) ballot is marked in accordance with the
2	instructions for that ballot type.
3	B. For a [paper ballot] <u>candidate contest or ballot</u>
4	question that is hand-tallied, a vote shall be counted if:
5	(1) the ballot is marked in accordance with
6	the instructions for that ballot type;
7	(2) the preferred candidate's name or answer
8	to a ballot question is circled;
9	(3) there is a distinct marking, such as a
10	cross or check, within the voting response area for the
11	preferred candidate or answer to a ballot question; or
12	(4) the presiding judge and election judges
13	hand-tallying the ballot unanimously agree that the voter's
14	intent is clearly discernable.
15	C. For a [paper ballot that is machine-tabulated or
16	hand-tallied and that contains] candidate contest in which
17	<u>there is a declared write-in candidate and</u> a write-in vote <u>is</u>
18	cast, the write-in vote shall be counted if the name is:
19	(1) the name of a declared write-in candidate
20	for that office and position and is on the proper line provided
21	for a write-in vote for that office and position; and
22	(2) written as first and last name; first
23	name, middle name or initial and last name; one or two initials
24	and last name; or last name alone if there is no other declared
25	write-in candidate for the office or position that is the same
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1 or so similar as to tend to confuse the candidates' identities;
2 provided that:

3 (a) when the presiding judge and
4 election judges reviewing the write-in vote unanimously agree
5 that the voter's intent is clearly discernable, an
6 abbreviation, misspelling or other minor variation in the form
7 of the name of a declared write-in candidate shall be accepted
8 as a valid vote; and

9 (b) as used in this subsection, "write-10 in" and "written" do not include the imprinting of any name by 11 stamp or similar method or device or the use of a stencil or a 12 preprinted sticker or label."

SECTION 4. Section 1-1-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 16, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-1-16. REGISTRATION OFFICER.--As used in the Election Code, "registration officer" means the secretary of state, a county clerk, [or] a clerk's authorized deputy, a <u>clerk-</u> <u>authorized</u> member of [the] <u>an election</u> board [of registration] or a state employee performing registration duties in accordance with the federal National Voter Registration Act of 1993 or Section 1-4-5.2 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 5. A new Section 1-1-27 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

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"1-1-27. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] PUBLIC RECORDS--DISCLOSURE--PROCEDURE.--

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A. Where the Election Code provides for disclosure or nondisclosure of public records relating to elections, the provisions of the Election Code shall apply, and the provisions of the Inspection of Public Records Act shall not be applicable to the disclosure or nondisclosure.

B. For any public records relating to elections where the Election Code does not provide for disclosure or nondisclosure of the public records, the provisions of the Inspection of Public Records Act shall apply."

SECTION 6. A new section of Chapter 1, Article 2 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"[<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] ELECTIONS SECURITY PROGRAM--GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES.--

A. The secretary of state shall maintain an elections security program within the bureau of elections. The program shall have the general responsibility of advising the secretary of state, county clerks and the voting system certification committee regarding voting system and cybersecurity requirements and ensuring their implementation and shall be the primary liaison working with federal oversight and intelligence agencies regarding elections-critical infrastructure.

B. The elections security program may conduct assessments, inspections and incident response in relation to networks and equipment deemed to be elections-critical

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1 infrastructure, both at the state and county levels. 2 C. The elections security program shall monitor the 3 functionality of voting systems certified for use in the state 4 to ensure compliance with the security requirements provided 5 for in Chapter 1, Article 9 NMSA 1978 and administrative rules 6 adopted pursuant to that article. 7 Documents and communications related to election D. 8 security or that could put elections-critical infrastructure at 9 risk are exempt from disclosure. 10 E. As used in this section, "elections-critical 11 infrastructure" means those assets, systems and networks, 12 whether physical or virtual, that are considered so vital to elections in this state that their infiltration, incapacitation 13 14 or destruction would have a debilitating effect on the 15 administration of elections, the secrecy of the ballot and the 16 efficient reporting of accurate results for any election bracketed material] = delete 17 conducted pursuant to the Election Code." 18 SECTION 7. Section 1-2-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 19 Chapter 240, Section 22, as amended) is amended to read: 20 "1-2-1. SECRETARY OF STATE--CHIEF ELECTION OFFICER--21 RULES.--22 Α. The secretary of state is the chief election officer of the state. 23 24 Β. The secretary of state shall: 25 obtain and maintain uniformity in the (1)

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1 application, operation and interpretation of the Election Code;
2 and

(2) subject to the State Rules Act, make rules pursuant to the provisions of, and necessary to carry out the purposes of, the Election Code and shall furnish to the county clerks copies of such rules; provided that no rule is adopted or amended within the sixty-three days before a primary or a general election.

9 C. No forms or procedures shall be used in any
10 election held pursuant to the Election Code without prior
11 approval of the secretary of state. If a form is authorized or
12 required by the Election Code and issued or approved by the
13 secretary of state, only the form issued or approved by the
14 secretary may be used."

SECTION 8. A new Section 1-2-1.2 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"1-2-1.2. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] SECRETARY OF STATE--SERVICE OF PROCESS--ACTIONS RELATED TO ELECTIONS.--For the purposes of any action filed in court challenging a procedure or provision of the Election Code, a petition or a candidacy or a post-election action initiated by any person, the secretary of state shall receive service of process, regardless of whether the secretary of state is a party to the action."

SECTION 9. Section 1-2-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 29, as amended) is amended to read: .222281.1

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1	"1-2-7. ELECTION BOARDQUALIFICATION OF MEMBERS
2	QUALIFICATION OF PRESIDING JUDGESQUALIFICATION OF [MINORS]
3	QUALIFIED RESIDENTS
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	<u>county clerk</u> as a member of the election board, a person shall:
6	(1) be a voter of the county in which the
7	person is appointed to serve;
8	(2) be able to read and write;
9	(3) have the necessary capacity to carry out
10	an election board member's functions with acceptable skill and
11	dispatch; and
12	(4) execute the election board member's oath
13	of office.
14	B. Before serving as a presiding judge of an
15	election board, a person shall receive training in the duties
16	of that position [and be certified for the position] by the
17	county clerk.
18	C. No person shall be qualified for appointment or
19	service on an election board:
20	(1) who is a candidate to be voted for at the
21	election;
22	(2) who is a spouse, <u>domestic partner</u> , parent,
23	child, brother or sister of any candidate to be voted for at
24	the election;
25	(3) who is married to a parent, child, brother
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	1	or sister of any candidate to be voted for at the election or
	2	who is the parent of the spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> of any
	3	candidate to be voted for at the election; or
	4	(4) who is a sheriff, deputy sheriff, marshal,
	5	deputy marshal or state or municipal police officer.
	6	D. A county clerk may appoint [not more than two
	7	minors] qualified residents to serve on an election board under
	8	the direct supervision of the presiding judge. A [minor]
	9	qualified resident appointed by the county clerk shall:
	10	(1) meet the qualifications set forth in
	11	Paragraphs (2) through (4) of Subsection A of this section
	12	[except the minor need not be eligible to vote];
	13	(2) be registered to vote; and
	14	[(2)] <u>(3)</u> be sixteen or seventeen years of age
	15	at the time of the election in which the [minor] qualified
	16	resident is serving as a member of an election board
delete	17	[(3) be a citizen at the time of the election
	18	for which the minor will be serving as a member of an election
+ +	19	board;
eria	20	(4) have the approval of the minor's parent or
bracketed material	21	legal guardian, unless the minor is emancipated;
	22	(5) attend at least one school of instruction
	23	in accordance with the provisions of Section 1-2-17 NMSA 1978;
[] 1	24	and
	25	(6) be appointed to an election board in the
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1	county in which the minor's parent or legal guardian resides,
2	in accordance with the provisions of Section 1-2-11 NMSA 1978].
3	E. A [minor] qualified resident appointed to an
4	election board shall not serve as the presiding judge or as an
5	election judge."
6	SECTION 10. Section 1-2-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
7	Chapter 240, Section 32, as amended) is amended to read:
8	"1-2-12. ELECTION BOARDPOSITIONS ON EACH BOARD
9	A. Each election board shall consist of:
10	(1) a presiding judge;
11	(2) two election judges; and
12	(3) election clerks who are appointed to
13	assist the presiding judge and election judges.
14	B. The county clerk shall appoint presiding judges
15	and election judges so that not more than two of the three
16	judges belong to the same political party at the time of their
17	appointment; provided that:
18	(1) a judge of an election board shall not
19	have changed party registration in the two years next preceding
20	the judge's appointment in such a manner that the judge's prior
21	party registration would make the judge ineligible to serve on
22	the assigned election board; and
23	(2) a judge of an election board shall not
24	continue to serve on an election board if the judge changes
25	party registration after the date of appointment in such a
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1 manner to make the judge ineligible to serve on the assigned 2 election board.

3 C. The county clerk may appoint teams of [presiding 4 judges and] election judges under the supervision of one or 5 more presiding judges for [alternate voting locations] absent 6 voter precincts, recounts and special elections; provided that 7 each team shall consist of two election judges and that each election judge on a team [meets the requirements of Subsection 8 9 <u>B of this section</u>] shall not belong to the same political party 10 as any other election judge on the team at the time of the appointment; and provided further that an election judge shall 11 12 not have changed party registration in the two years next preceding the judge's appointment in such manner that the 13 14 judge's prior party registration would make the judge ineligible to serve on the assigned team. 15

D. The county clerk may appoint election clerks to [the] an election board as necessary to assist the presiding judge and election judges if the county clerk determines that additional election board members are needed.

E. County clerk employees may be assigned by the county clerk to provide support to an election board or polling location."

SECTION 11. Section 1-2-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 36, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-2-16. ELECTION BOARD--<u>MESSENGERS</u>--COMPENSATION.--

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1 Members of an election board and messengers Α. 2 shall be compensated for their services at an hourly rate set 3 by the secretary of state; provided that the rate [of] in each 4 county shall not be less than twice the [federal] minimum 5 hourly wage rate [nor more than two hundred dollars (\$200) for an election day] set by federal or state law or by the laws of 6 7 the county or of the municipality in which the county seat is 8 situated, whichever is highest; and provided further that the 9 rate may differentiate among the presiding judge, election 10 judges, election clerks and messengers. Election board members 11 and messengers shall be paid for training and may additionally 12 be paid mileage as provided in the Per Diem and Mileage Act 13 each way over the usually traveled route when an election board 14 member or messenger travels by private vehicle.

[B. Members of an election board assigned to alternate voting or alternate mobile voting locations or absent voter precincts may be compensated at an hourly rate set by the county clerk.

C.] B. Compensation shall be paid by the secretary of state within thirty days following the date of election.

C. The secretary of state shall determine if payment is made to each county through a direct payment process to election board members and messengers or by means of a grant or reimbursement to the county election fund.

For purposes of determining eligibility for D. .222281.1

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membership in the public employees retirement association and pursuant to the provisions of Subsection B of Section 10-11-3 NMSA 1978, election board members <u>and messengers</u> are designated as seasonal employees."

SECTION 12. Section 1-2-20 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 39, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-2-20. MESSENGERS--[COMPENSATION] APPOINTMENT.--

A. The county clerk may appoint messengers to deliver ballot boxes, poll books, keys, election supplies and other materials pertaining to the election. Messengers may also be authorized to collect [absentee] mailed ballots from polling places or secured containers and removable media storage devices from polling places and deliver [them] each to locations designated by the county clerk.

[B. Messengers may be compensated at the same daily or hourly rate as provided for election board members or at a rate established by the county clerk. Messengers may be paid mileage as provided in the Per Diem and Mileage Act each way over the usually traveled route when the messenger travels by private vehicle. The compensation and mileage shall be paid within thirty days following the date of election.

C.] <u>B.</u> Messengers shall take an oath of office before entering into service as a messenger. Messengers may be appointed to serve solely in that capacity or may be election board members or county employees also appointed to serve as .222281.1

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1 messengers."

2	SECTION 13. Section 1-2-22 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
3	Chapter 240, Section 41, as amended) is amended to read:
4	"1-2-22. CHALLENGERS, WATCHERS AND ELECTION OBSERVERS
5	TRAININGQUALIFICATIONSRESTRICTIONS[Challengers and
6	watchers shall be voters of a precinct located in that county
7	to which they are appointed. No]
8	A. Before accepting an appointment or entering into
9	service as a challenger or watcher for an election, a person
10	shall attend a training session in advance of that election.
11	The training shall be provided by the county clerk based on a
12	uniform curriculum provided by the secretary of state. The
13	county clerk shall offer the training between thirty-six and
14	twenty-nine days before the election and at least once per week
15	prior to the election through the Thursday before election day.
16	At the end of the training session, each person in attendance
17	shall sign a form provided by the secretary of state indicating
18	an understanding of the permitted and prohibited activities by
19	challengers and watchers. The county clerk shall provide a
20	certificate to each person who completes the training in
21	advance of an election and shall keep and maintain in the
22	office of the county clerk a list of those voters who have
23	completed the training in advance of each election. The list
24	shall be available to be viewed in the office of the county
25	clerk at any time during the regular hours and days of business
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1 beginning with the first day following the first training for 2 an election and concluding with the adjournment of the state or 3 county canvass board for that election, whichever is later. 4 The training shall be open to any interested person, and the 5 county clerk shall post notice of each training at least four 6 days before the training is to be held. 7 B. Challengers shall be voters of a precinct located in the county to which the challenger is appointed. 8 9 Watchers shall be voters of a precinct in this state. 10 C. A person shall not be qualified for appointment 11 or service as a challenger, watcher or election observer if the 12 person: 13 [A. who] (1) is a candidate for any office to 14 be voted for at the election; [B. who] (2) is a spouse, domestic partner, 15 parent, child, brother or sister of any candidate to be voted 16 for at the election; 17 [C. who] (3) is married to a parent, child, 18 19 brother or sister of any candidate to be voted for at the 20 election or [who] is the parent of the spouse or domestic partner of any candidate to be voted for at the election; [or 21 D. who] (4) is a sheriff, deputy sheriff, 22 marshal, deputy marshal or state or municipal police officer; 23 (5) has accepted an appointment to serve as an 24 25 election board member in the same election; .222281.1

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1	(6) has been removed from service as a
2	challenger, watcher, election observer or county canvass
3	observer in the current or immediately preceding election cycle
4	by unanimous vote of the presiding judge and election judges of
5	an election board for violating the permitted or prohibited
6	activities of challengers, watchers, election observers or
7	county canvass observers; provided that the election board
8	detailed with reasonable specificity the conduct that led to
9	the violation on a form prescribed by the secretary of state
10	and the form is retained by the county clerk; or
11	(7) has not completed the training and
12	received a certificate from the county clerk pursuant to
13	Subsection A of this section."
14	SECTION 14. Section 1-2-25 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
15	Chapter 240, Section 44, as amended) is amended to read:
16	"1-2-25. CHALLENGERS, WATCHERS, COUNTY CANVASS
17	OBSERVERSPERMITTED AND PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES
18	A. Challengers, watchers and county canvass
19	observers shall:
20	(1) not be permitted to perform any duty of an
21	election board member;
22	(2) not handle the ballots, signature rosters,
23	checklist of voters or voting machines or take any part in the
24	counting or tallying of the ballots or the county canvass;
25	(3) not be allowed to view a voter's full date
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1	of birth or any portion of the voter's social security number;
2	provided that a challenger, watcher or observer shall be
3	allowed to see the presence of a signature and the last four
4	digits of a social security number on an official mailing
5	envelope containing a voted ballot;
6	(4) not interfere with the orderly conduct of
7	the election, the counting or tallying of the ballots or the
8	county canvass;
9	(5) not be allowed to photograph ballots or
10	protected information of any voter and shall not be allowed to
11	make any audio or video recording in a polling place;
12	(6) be allowed to be within sufficient sight
13	and sound of an election board for a reasonable person to see
14	and hear the election board in the conduct of the board's
15	<u>duties;</u>
16	(7) be permitted to speak with the presiding
17	judge or an election judge designated by the presiding judge to
18	ask a question or to advise of a potential breach of the
19	Election Code; provided that doing so does not interfere with
20	the orderly conduct of the election; and in the case of a
21	challenger, to interpose a challenge;
22	[(5)] <u>(8)</u> be allowed in the room in which the
23	voting is being conducted at a polling location; provided that
24	at any given time, each political party, candidate or election-
25	related organization may have no more than one person present;
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1 and 2 [(6)] (9) be allowed in the room in which the 3 absent voter election board, the recount election board or the 4 election board for a special election conducts its business or, 5 in the case of county canvass observers, in which the county 6 canvass is conducted; provided that each political party, 7 candidate or election-related organization shall have no more 8 than: 9 (a) two persons present at any given 10 time in counties with more than ten thousand registered voters; 11 (b) four persons present at any given 12 time in counties with more than fifty thousand registered 13 voters; or 14 fifteen persons present at any given (c) 15 time in counties with more than one hundred fifty thousand 16 registered voters. 17 Subject to permission granted by the county Β. 18 clerk, additional challengers may be present in the room in 19 which the absent voter election board, the recount election 20 board or the election board for a special election conducts its 21 business in a partisan election; provided that the number of 22 additional challengers allowed pursuant to this subsection is 23 identical for each political party participating in the election." 24 25 SECTION 15. Section 1-3-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, .222281.1

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1 Chapter 255, Section 30, as amended) is amended to read: 2 "1-3-4. CONSOLIDATION OF PRECINCTS--VOTER CONVENIENCE 3 CENTERS . --4 Α. The board of county commissioners [may permit 5 voters in the county to cast ballots in statewide elections at] 6 shall establish voter convenience centers through the use of 7 consolidated precincts [authorized pursuant to this section] 8 for voting in a statewide election. 9 Β. When precincts are consolidated and voter 10 convenience centers are established for statewide elections: 11 (1) the resolution required by Section 1-3-212 NMSA 1978, in addition to the other matters required by law, shall state therein which precincts have been consolidated and 13 14 the location of the voter convenience center within that 15 consolidated precinct; 16 (2) any voter of the county shall be allowed 17 to vote on a regular ballot at any voter convenience center in 18 the county; 19 (3) each voter convenience center shall be a 20 consolidated precinct composed of no more than ten precincts; (4) each voter convenience center shall comply 21 with the provisions of Section 1-3-7 NMSA 1978; 22 (5) each voter convenience center shall have a 23 broadband internet connection and real-time synchronization to 24 25 access [to] the voter registration electronic management .222281.1 - 21 -

system;

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2 the county clerk may maintain any (6) 3 alternate voting locations or mobile alternate voting locations 4 previously used in the same election open for voting on 5 election day as a voter convenience center, in addition to the voter convenience center established within each consolidated 6 7 precinct; provided that the locations otherwise meet the 8 requirements of a voter convenience center; and 9 the board of county commissioners may (7) 10 permit certain precincts to be exempted from operating as a 11 voter convenience center or being a part of a consolidated 12 precinct [provided that] if the precinct is [not] designated as 13 a mail ballot election precinct pursuant to Section 1-6-22.1 14 NMSA 1978 [and the polling place for that precinct does not have real-time access to the voter registration electronic 15 16 management system, voters registered in a precinct as described 17 in this paragraph are permitted to vote at any voter 18 convenience center on election day only by use of a provisional 19 paper ballot, which shall be counted after the county clerk 20 confirms that the voter did not also vote in the same election 21 on any other ballot].

C. Unless the county clerk receives a written waiver from the secretary of state specifying the location and specific provision being waived, each voter convenience center shall:

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1 have ballots available for voters from (1)2 every precinct authorized to vote at that voter convenience 3 center; 4 (2) have at least one optical scan tabulator 5 programmed to read every ballot style able to be cast at that voter convenience center: 6 7 (3) have at least one voting system available to assist disabled voters to cast and record their votes: 8 9 (4) have sufficient spaces for at least five 10 voters to simultaneously and privately mark their ballots, with at least one of those spaces wheelchair-accessible; 11 12 (5) have sufficient check-in stations to accommodate voters throughout the day as provided in Section 13 14 1-9-5 NMSA 1978; (6) have a secure area for storage of 15 16 preprinted ballots or for storage of paper ballot stock and a 17 system designed to print ballots [at a polling location]; issue a ballot to voters who have provided 18 (7) 19 the required voter identification after the voter has signed a 20 signature roster or an electronic equivalent approved by the voting system certification committee or after the voter has 21 22 subscribed an application to vote on a form approved by the secretary of state; and 23 (8) be in a location that is accessible and 24 25 compliant with the requirements of the federal Americans with

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1 Disabilities Act of 1990.

2	[D. As a prerequisite to consolidation, the
3	authorizing resolution must find that consolidation will make
4	voting more convenient and accessible to voters of the
5	consolidated precinct and will not result in delays for voters
6	in the voting process and that the voter convenience center
7	will be centrally located within the consolidated precinct.
8	The board of county commissioners shall give due consideration
9	to input received from any local public body in the county
10	regarding the location of voter convenience centers.]"
11	SECTION 16. A new Section 1-3-13.1 NMSA 1978 is enacted
12	to read:
13	"1-3-13.1. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] LOCAL PUBLIC BODIESRESIDENCE
14	IN DISTRICTSELECTION AT LARGE
15	A. Every political subdivision of the state with an
16	elected governing body and a population of:
17	(1) ten thousand residents or more according
18	to the most recent federal decennial census shall be districted
19	into as many single-member districts as there are board members
20	to be elected; and
21	(2) fewer than ten thousand residents
22	according to the most recent federal decennial census may be
23	districted into as many single-member districts as there are
24	board members to be elected.
25	B. Members of elected governing bodies of a

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political subdivision of the state with a population of ten thousand residents or more according to the most recent federal decennial census shall be elected from districts by the voters of the district and shall be a resident of the districted area from which the member is elected. If a member permanently removes residence from or maintains no residence in the districted area from which the person was elected, or to which 8 the person was appointed in the case of an appointment, the 9 member shall be deemed to have resigned.

C. Members of elected governing bodies of a political subdivision of the state with a population of fewer than ten thousand residents according to the most recent federal decennial census are not required to be districted, and if not districted, the members may reside at any location within the political subdivision and be elected at large by the voters of the political subdivision. If the political subdivision is districted, the members shall be elected at large by the voters of the political subdivision but shall be a resident of the districted area for which the member is elected. If the political subdivision is districted, a member who permanently removes residence from or maintains no residence in the districted area from which the person was elected, or to which the person was appointed in the case of an appointment, the member shall be deemed to have resigned.

D. Members of the elected governing body of an H .222281.1

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1 class county are not required to be districted and, if not 2 districted, may reside at any location within the county and be 3 elected at large by the voters of the county. If an H class 4 county is districted, the members may be elected at large by 5 the voters of the political subdivision but shall be residents 6 of the districted area for which the members are elected, or 7 may be elected from each district by the voters of the district 8 and shall be residents of the districted area from which the 9 members are elected. If an H class county is districted, a 10 member who permanently removes residence from or maintains no 11 residence in the districted area from which the person was 12 elected, or to which the person was appointed in the case of an 13 appointment, the member shall be deemed to have resigned.

E. When a new districting or redistricting plan is adopted by a political subdivision of the state:

(1) the new districting plan is effective following the expiration of the term of office for each seat on the governing body;

(2) a person serving as a member of the governing body when a new districting plan is adopted shall continue to serve the area the person was elected to represent for the remainder of the term of office for which the person was elected, or in the case of an appointee, to represent the area the person was appointed to represent until the next election at which the position is subject to election; and .222281.1

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(3) where the terms of office of the elected governing body of a political subdivision of the state are staggered, a person serving as a member of the governing body who, at the time a new districting or redistricting plan is adopted, has more than two years remaining in the term of office to which the person was elected, but where the plan places the person's residence into a districted area for which the next election for the new district is less than two years away, the person may be a candidate in the new district and if elected, upon being sworn in, shall be deemed to have resigned from the old district seat, creating a vacancy subject to appointment pursuant to the laws applicable to that political subdivision of the state.

F. The provisions of this section shall not apply to mayors of municipalities with a population of ten thousand residents or more according to the most recent federal decennial census. Any municipal governing body of more than six members may provide by ordinance for the election of two members for each districted area of the municipality from which members are to be elected; provided that only one governing body member shall be elected from a districted area at any one election.

G. The provisions of this section are to be carried out once per decade following each federal decennial census and as provided in Section 1-3-13 NMSA 1978. After concluding the

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1 redistricting, each political subdivision in the state shall
2 provide to the county clerk of the county in which the
3 administrative office of the subdivision is situate and to the
4 secretary of state updated street file maps in a format
5 provided for by the secretary of state."

SECTION 17. Section 1-4-1.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2015, Chapter 145, Section 19, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-4-1.1. AUTHORIZATION TO VERIFY VOTER REGISTRATION INFORMATION--INVESTIGATION AND RECONCILIATION.--

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A. The secretary of state may:

(1) provide to the chief election officer of another state or a consortium of chief election officers of other states information that is requested, including social security numbers, dates of birth, driver's licenses and identification card numbers and other information that the secretary of state deems necessary for the chief election officer of that state or for the consortium to maintain a voter registration list, if the secretary of state is satisfied that the information provided pursuant to this paragraph will be used only for the maintenance of that voter registration list; and

(2) request from the chief election officer of another state or a consortium of chief election officers of other states information that the secretary of state deems necessary to maintain the statewide voter registration list. .222281.1

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1 Β. The secretary of state may enter into a written 2 agreement with an agency or political subdivision of this state 3 or with a department of the federal government pursuant to 4 which the state agency, political subdivision or federal 5 department shall provide to the secretary of state information 6 that is in the possession of the state agency, political 7 subdivision or federal department and that the secretary of 8 state deems necessary to maintain the statewide voter 9 registration list.

C. The secretary of state shall enter into a written agreement with the secretary of taxation and revenue to match information in the database of the voter registration electronic management system with information in the database of the motor vehicle division of the taxation and revenue department to the extent required to enable each official to verify the accuracy of the information provided on applications for voter registration. Upon the execution of the written agreement, the secretary of taxation and revenue shall enter into an agreement with the federal commissioner of social security pursuant to [42 U.S.C. Section 15483 (now] 52 U.S.C. Section [21083)] 21083, for the purpose of verifying applicable information.

D. The secretary of state shall provide to the appropriate county clerk in this state and to no other person necessary information or documentation received by the

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1 secretary of state from or through an agency or political 2 subdivision of this state, a federal department, the chief 3 election officer of another state or a consortium of chief 4 election officers of other states that calls into question the 5 information provided on a certificate of registration; that 6 raises questions regarding the status of a person registered to 7 vote in this state; or that suggests that a voter may have 8 voted in two states during the same election. The county clerk 9 shall [only] not disclose information received from the 10 secretary of state pursuant to this subsection except as 11 necessary to complete an investigation pursuant to this 12 [E.] The county clerk shall investigate or reconcile section. 13 the information received from the secretary of state.

E. The secretary of state shall develop [and maintain a manual for county clerks that describes] a general program that is uniform and nondiscriminatory for county clerks to investigate and reconcile the information received from the secretary of state and to identify voters who may be eligible for cancellation from the statewide voter registration list. The general program shall describe the best practices [in] and requirements for investigating and reconciling information that is derived from comparisons of different databases, including safeguards to ensure that eligible voters are not removed in error from the official list of voters, and provide a procedure to:

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1	(1) cancel certificates of registration for
2	voters:
3	(a) confirmed to have voted in another
4	state requiring residence in that state if previous to the out-
5	of-state vote, the voter was registered to vote in this state;
6	<u>or</u>
7	(b) confirmed to be on the social
8	security master death index file; and
9	(2) identify voters who have obtained a
10	driver's license or identification card in another state
11	requiring residence in that state or voters who have taken
12	other action as reasonably recognized to establish residence in
13	another state; provided that voters identified pursuant to this
14	paragraph shall be included among the voters identified
15	pursuant to Section 1-4-28 NMSA 1978 and processed in
16	accordance with the procedures of that section."
17	SECTION 18. Section 1-4-5.7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019,
18	Chapter 67, Section 1, as amended) is repealed and a new
19	Section 1-4-5.7 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:
20	"1-4-5.7. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] REGISTRATION AT VOTING LOCATION
21	PRIOR TO VOTING
22	A. In addition to the provisions in Section 1-4-8
23	NMSA 1978 providing for the closing of registration prior to an
24	election, a qualified elector seeking to register to vote or
25	update an existing certificate of registration in the state
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shall be allowed to do so at a voting location immediately before voting in that election after signing an affidavit under oath that the elector has not voted in the election in this state or elsewhere and as further provided in this section.

B. During a statewide election, a qualified elector may register to vote or update an existing certificate of registration at the county clerk's office or any early or election day voting location; provided that the secretary of state shall establish procedures to ensure that a registration officer has an opportunity to review the information of a qualified elector who registers to vote or updates an existing certificate of registration immediately before the qualified elector votes.

C. A voter whose political party affiliation on the voter's certificate of registration is with a major political party shall not be allowed to change party affiliation when updating an existing certificate of registration or registering to vote at a voting location immediately before voting in a primary election.

D. During a special election, a qualified elector may register to vote or update an existing certificate of registration at the county clerk's office during the regular hours and days of business beginning on the twenty-eighth day preceding the election until 7:00 p.m. on election day; provided that the county clerk shall provide the voter with a .222281.1 ballot and balloting materials immediately after the qualified
 elector registers to vote or updates the existing certificate
 of registration.

E. A qualified elector seeking to register to vote or update an existing certificate of registration pursuant to this section shall provide a physical form of identification that is issued by the federal government, a state government or a federally recognized Indian nation, tribe or pueblo and that:

9 (1) contains the name of the qualified
10 elector, which shall reasonably match the name provided on the
11 certificate of registration;

(2) contains a photograph of the qualifiedelector, which shall resemble the qualified elector;

(3) need not contain an expiration date, and if it does, the expiration date is not required to be a date on or after the date of the election; and

(4) shall either:

(a) contain an address that matches the address provided for the certificate of registration; or

(b) be accompanied by an original or copy of a utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck or other document issued by an educational institution or government, including a document issued by a federally recognized Indian nation, tribe or pueblo, dated within the ninety days prior to the qualified elector registering to vote .222281.1

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or updating an existing certificate of registration and that contains the name of the qualified elector, which shall reasonably match the name provided on the certificate of registration, and an address that matches the address provided for the certificate of registration.

F. If a voting location does not have real-time synchronization with the voting data at the office of the county clerk, a voter desiring to update an existing certificate of registration or to register to vote shall be issued a provisional paper ballot. A provisional paper ballot issued pursuant to this section shall be qualified and tabulated once the county clerk determines that the voter did not vote any other ballot in the same election and if no challenge is successfully interposed."

SECTION 19. Section 1-4-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 66, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-4-8. DUTIES OF COUNTY CLERK--ACCEPTANCE OF REGISTRATION--CLOSE OF REGISTRATION--LATE REGISTRATION.--Except for qualified electors who register to vote or update a certificate of registration at a voting location prior to voting pursuant to Section 1-4-5.7 NMSA 1978, for qualified electors seeking to register to vote or update an existing voter registration in the state, the following provisions shall apply:

to participate in an election, the deadline to Α. .222281.1 - 34 -

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1 register to vote or update an existing voter registration is 2 twenty-eight days prior to that election; 3 Β. the county clerk shall receive certificates of 4 registration at all times during normal working hours, except 5 that the clerk shall not process any certificate of 6 registration subscribed and sworn beginning the first business 7 day after the deadline to register to vote or update an 8 existing voter registration before an election if the 9 residential address on the certificate of registration 10 indicates that the registration is for a: statewide election, within the county; or 11 (1)12 special election, within any precinct in (2) 13 the county in which votes may be cast in the special election; 14 C. between the deadline to register to vote or update an existing voter registration through the day of the 15 16 election, the county clerk shall process all: bracketed material] = delete 17 (1) new voter registrations that meet the requirements of this section; 18 19 (2) updates to existing voter registrations in 20 this state that meet the requirements of this section; provided that an update to an existing registration in this state shall 21 22 not be processed if the voter has requested or been sent a ballot in the election, unless the voter executes an affidavit 23 stating that the voter has not and will not vote the ballot 24 25 that was issued and the ballot register does not show that a .222281.1 - 35 -

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ballot from the voter has been cast in the election; and

pending cancellations of existing voter (3) registrations in this state through the day of the election; provided that a cancellation of an existing voter registration shall not be processed if the voter has requested or been sent a ballot in the election;

D. certificates of registration and cancellations of existing voter registrations not processed pursuant to Subsection B or C of this section [shall] may be processed beginning [thirty-five days after] the Monday following an election and shall be processed beginning no later than the first business day after the approval of the county canvass report for that election, at which time a voter information document shall be mailed to the registrant at the address shown on the certificate of registration; provided that if there is a subsequent election scheduled at which a qualified elector or voter would be eligible to vote if the certificate of registration were processed on an earlier date, the certificate of registration for that qualified elector or voter shall be processed by the county clerk on a day and in a manner to ensure the ability of the qualified elector or voter to vote in the subsequent election;

when the deadline to register to vote or update Ε. an existing voter registration prior to an election referred to in this section is a Saturday, Sunday or state holiday,

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registration certificates shall be accepted through the next succeeding business day for the office of the county clerk; and

F. the county clerk shall accept for filing and process any certificate of registration that is subscribed and dated on or before the deadline to register to vote or update an existing voter registration prior to an election and:

(1) received by the county clerk by the end of the last regular business day of the week for the office of the county clerk immediately following the deadline to register to vote or update an existing voter registration prior to an election;

(2) mailed and postmarked on or before the day of the deadline to register to vote or update an existing voter registration prior to any election referred to in this section; or

(3) accepted at a state agency designated
pursuant to Section 1-4-5.2 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 20. Section 1-4-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 67, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-4-11. DUTIES OF COUNTY CLERK--UPON RECEIPT OF CERTIFICATES.--

A. Upon receipt of a complete certificate of registration, if the certificate of registration is in proper form, the county clerk shall determine if the qualified elector applying for registration is already registered in the .222281.1 - 37 -

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registration records of the county. If the qualified elector is not already registered in the county and if the certificate of registration is received within the time allowed by law for filing certificates of registration in the county clerk's office, the county clerk shall sign or stamp, in the space provided therefor on each copy of the certificate, the qualified elector's name and the date the certificate was accepted for filing in the county registration records. Voter information shall be handed or mailed immediately to the qualified elector and to no other person.

B. If the applicant's certificate of registration is rejected for any reason, the county clerk shall stamp or write the word "rejected" on the new certificate of registration and hand or mail it, if possible, to the applicant with an explanation of why the new certificate of registration was rejected and what remedial action, if any, the applicant must take to bring the registration up to date or into compliance with the Election Code.

C. The county clerk shall reject any certificate of registration that does not contain the qualified elector's name, address and date of birth, along with a signature or usual mark. If the qualified elector is a new voter, the county clerk shall reject any certificate of registration that does not contain the qualified elector's driver's license or state identification number issued by the motor vehicle .222281.1

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division of the taxation and revenue department, social security number or last four digits of the qualified elector's social security number. The county clerk shall reject any certificate of registration in which the question regarding citizenship is not answered or is answered in the negative.

D. A <u>full</u> social security number is required to finish processing a new voter registration in this state. If the certificate of registration does not contain a social security number, the county clerk shall ascertain the qualified elector's social security number from the qualified elector's previous certificate of registration, from the motor vehicle division of the taxation and revenue department or from the secretary of state.

E. If the county clerk rejects a certificate of registration because required information is not provided on the certificate or cannot ascertain the qualified elector's social security number, the county clerk shall indicate this on the qualified elector's certificate of registration and shall make the appropriate notation in the voter file, indicating that the voter <u>is required to provide the full social security</u> <u>number prior to receiving a ballot and, until it is provided</u>, may only vote on a provisional ballot. The provisional ballot shall be counted [once] <u>if</u> the required information is provided or the voter's <u>full</u> social security number is ascertained <u>during the period for counting provisional ballots, including</u> .222281.1

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1 any appeals provided for in the Election Code. 2 If the qualified elector does not register in F. 3 person, has not previously voted in an election in New Mexico 4 and does not provide the registration officer with the required 5 documentary identification, the registration officer shall 6 indicate this on the qualified elector's certificate of 7 registration and the county clerk shall note this on the 8 appropriate precinct signature roster." 9 SECTION 21. Section 1-4-34 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 10 Chapter 240, Section 90, as amended) is amended to read: "1-4-34. BOARD OF REGISTRATION--BOARD OF COUNTY 11 12 COMMISSIONERS--APPOINTMENT .--13 Α. The board of county commissioners shall, [at its 14 first regular scheduled meeting] in June or July of each odd-15 numbered year, appoint five voters who shall constitute the 16 board of registration for the county; provided that a [class B] 17 county [as defined in Section 4-44-1 NMSA 1978 shall] with 18 fewer than five thousand residents as of the last federal 19 decennial census may appoint three voters who shall constitute 20 the board of registration for the county. 21 Β. Members of the board of registration shall not 22 during their service be county employees, elected officials or 23 candidates for public office, and not more than two members of 24

the board of registration shall be members of the same political party at the time of their appointment; provided .222281.1

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2 a member of the board of registration (1)3 shall not have changed party registration in the two years next 4 preceding the member's appointment in such a manner that the 5 member's prior party registration would make the member 6 ineligible to serve on the board of registration; and 7 a member of the board of registration (2) 8 shall not continue to serve on the board of registration if the 9 member changes party registration after the date of appointment 10 in such a manner to make the member ineligible to serve on the 11 board of registration. 12 C. In the event that a position on the board of 13 registration becomes vacant for any of the reasons described in 14 Section 10-3-1 NMSA 1978, the board of county commissioners shall appoint a replacement who shall qualify pursuant to 15 16 Subsection B of this section and serve until the expiration of 17 the original term." SECTION 22. Section 1-4-47 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1991, 18 19 Chapter 80, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read: "1-4-47. DRIVER'S LICENSE VOTER REGISTRATION.--20 21 Α. Every person who is a qualified elector and is 22 applying for a driver's license, to renew a driver's license or 23 for an identification card shall, if qualified to register to vote, with the consent of the applicant be simultaneously 24 25 registered to vote. .222281.1

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B. The secretary of taxation and revenue shall
select certain employees of the motor vehicle division of the
taxation and revenue department or employees of entities on
contract to provide field services to the motor vehicle
division to provide assistance to any applicant requesting
voter registration assistance.

C. Every motor vehicle division office, field office or contract field office of the division shall display within the offices clearly visible signs stating "voter registration assistance available" and:

(1) personnel in each office shall advise each person who is a qualified elector and an applicant for licensure or renewal or for an identification card that initial voter registration or a change of address for voter registration may be made simultaneously with the motor vehicle application;

(2) voter registration shall be conducted in a manner such that the applicant completes the full certificate of registration electronically; [and]

(3) the applicant's digital signature shall be affixed to the certificate of registration using an electronic signature in conformance with the Electronic Authentication of Documents Act and the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, <u>and</u> <u>the form and signature shall be transmitted to the secretary of</u> <u>state along with any other available images of the voter's</u> .222281.1

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1 signature contained in the motor vehicle division's records for 2 the secretary of state to include in a database of signatures; 3 and 4 (4) every certificate of registration 5 completed electronically shall include the applicant's full 6 social security number and shall be transmitted by means of a 7 secured electronic transmission to the secretary of state for 8 delivery to the appropriate county clerk. 9 D. A motor vehicle division employee or contractor 10 shall not intentionally influence the prospective registrant in the selection of political party, or independent status, by 11 12 word or act. A motor vehicle division employee or contractor 13 shall not reveal the existence of or the nature of the voter 14 registration to anyone other than a registration officer. Any certificate of voter registration completed 15 Ε. 16 on a paper form and made or accepted at a motor vehicle 17 division office, [or motor vehicle division] field office or contract field office shall be transmitted to the secretary of 18 19 state [and] <u>or</u> the [appropriate registration officer] <u>county</u> 20 clerk of the county in which the office is located within seven [calendar] days. 21 22

F. The secretary of state shall work with the motor vehicle division to:

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1 Registration Act of 1993; 2 ensure consistent implementation in the (2) 3 various counties, based on county classification and developing 4 technology; and 5 develop procedures to ensure that, once (3) 6 voter registration information is transmitted to the 7 appropriate registration officer, the voter's certificate of 8 registration is printed and placed in the county's register of 9 voters." 10 SECTION 23. Section 1-5-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 108, as amended) is amended to read: 11 12 "1-5-6. PRECINCT VOTER LISTS--SIGNATURE ROSTER 13 PREPARATION--ELECTRONIC POLL BOOK ALTERNATIVE .--14 The county clerk shall provide for preparation Α. 15 of precinct voter lists and signature rosters generated from 16 the official state voter file for any precincts or an 17 electronic poll book alternative approved by the voting system 18 certification committee and certified by the secretary of 19 state. 20 The precinct voter lists and signature rosters Β. 21 or an electronic poll book alternative shall be used at any 22 election for which registration of voters is required in lieu 23 of bound original certificates of registration and poll books." SECTION 24. Section 1-6-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 24 25 Chapter 240, Section 130, as amended) is amended to read:

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"1-6-4. MAILED BALLOT APPLICATION.--

2 In a statewide election, application by a voter Α. 3 for a mailed ballot shall be made only on [a] the official 4 paper form approved by the secretary of state or its online equivalent accessed through a website authorized by the 5 6 secretary of state. The form shall identify the applicant and 7 contain information to establish the applicant's qualification 8 for issuance of a mailed ballot under the Absent Voter Act. 9 [provided that only on the application form for a primary 10 election ballot there shall be a box, space or place provided 11 for designation of the voter's political party affiliation] 12 The address for the website authorized by the secretary of 13 state to submit an online application for a mailed ballot may 14 be disseminated by any election official, campaign or thirdparty individual or organization. The official paper form to 15 16 apply for a mailed ballot shall be provided to a voter only by 17 the county clerk for the county in which the voter is registered to vote and by no other person; provided that a 18 19 federal qualified elector may apply for a mailed ballot using any of the methods described in the Uniform Military and 20 Overseas Voters Act. 21

B. Each application on a paper form for a mailed ballot shall be signed by the applicant and shall require the applicant's printed name, registration address and year of birth [to be supplied by the applicant, which shall constitute .222281.1

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1 the required form of identification]. When submitted by the 2 voter, the county clerk shall accept an application for a 3 mailed ballot pursuant to this subsection regardless of whether 4 the application for a mailed ballot is delivered to the county 5 clerk on paper or by electronic means. [When submitted by a 6 third party, the county clerk shall not accept an application 7 for a mailed ballot pursuant to this subsection if the 8 application for a mailed ballot is delivered by electronic 9 means.]

C. The secretary of state shall allow a voter to submit an online application for a mailed ballot through a website authorized by the secretary of state; provided that the voter shall have a current or expired New Mexico driver's license or state identification card issued by the motor vehicle division of the taxation and revenue department. An online request for a mailed ballot shall contain all of the information that is required for a paper form. The voter shall also provide the person's full New Mexico driver's license number or state identification card number.

D. When a voter requests a mailed ballot pursuant to this section, the voter shall mark the box associated with the following statement, which shall be included as part of the online mailed ballot request form:

"By clicking the boxes below, I swear or affirm all of the following:

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[] I am the person whose name and identifying information is provided on this form and I desire to request a mailed ballot to vote in the state of New Mexico; and

[] All of the information that I have provided on this form is true and correct as of the date I am submitting this form.".

E. Online applications for mailed ballots shall retain the dates of submission by the qualified elector and of acceptance by the county clerk. For purposes of deadlines contained in the Election Code, the time and date of the submission by the voter shall be considered the time and date when the application for a mailed ballot is received by the county clerk.

F. New registrants who registered for the first time in this state by mail and at that time did not provide acceptable documentary identification as required by federal law shall be informed of the need to comply with federal identification requirements when returning the requested ballot and notified that if the registrant votes for the first time in <u>New Mexico by mail and does not follow the instructions for</u> returning the required documentary identification, the registrant waives the right to secrecy in that mailed ballot. The secretary of state shall issue rules to exempt voters from submitting identification only as required by federal law and shall review and, if necessary, update these rules no later .222281.1 1 than March 15 of even-numbered years.

2 A person who willfully and with knowledge and G. 3 intent to deceive or mislead any voter, election board, 4 canvassing board, county clerk or other election official and 5 who falsifies any information on an absentee ballot request 6 form or who affixes a signature or mark other than the person's 7 own on a mailed ballot request form is guilty of a fourth 8 degree felony." 9 SECTION 25. Section 1-6-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 10 Chapter 240, Section 131, as amended) is amended to read: 11 "1-6-5. PROCESSING APPLICATION--ISSUANCE OF BALLOT.--12 The county clerk shall mark each completed Α. 13 application for a mailed ballot with the date and time of 14 receipt in the clerk's office and enter the required 15 information in the ballot register. The county clerk shall 16 then determine if the applicant is a voter and if the voter is 17 a uniformed-service voter or an overseas voter. If the 18 applicant is a uniformed-service voter or overseas voter, the 19 application shall be processed pursuant to the Uniform Military 20 and Overseas Voters Act. An application for a mailed ballot 21 from a voter who is not a federal qualified elector is timely 22 if received by the county clerk no later than fourteen days 23 prior to election day.

B. If the applicant does not have a valid certificate of registration on file in the county, a mailed .222281.1 - 48 -

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ballot shall not be issued and the county clerk shall mark the application "rejected" <u>and</u> file the application in a separate file from those accepted [and notify the applicant in writing with an explanation why the application was rejected].

C. When required by federal law, if the applicant has on file with the county a valid certificate of registration that indicates that the applicant is a voter who is a new registrant in the state and who registered by mail without submitting the required documentary identification, the county clerk shall notify the voter that the voter must submit with the mailed ballot a form of documentary identification from the list in Paragraph (3) of Subsection I of Section 1-4-5.1 NMSA 1978. The county clerk shall note on the ballot register and signature roster that the applicant's mailed ballot must be returned with the required voter identification.

D. If the applicant has on file with the county a valid certificate of registration, the county clerk shall mark the application "accepted" and deliver a mailed ballot to the voter and the required envelopes for use in returning the ballot.

E. Upon the mailing of a mailed ballot to an applicant who is a voter, an appropriate designation shall be made [on the signature line of the signature roster next to the name of the voter] in the absentee ballot register.

F. A mailed ballot shall not be delivered by the .222281.1

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1 county clerk to any person other than the applicant for the 2 ballot. Mailed ballots shall be sent to applicants beginning 3 twenty-eight days before the election. For each application 4 for a mailed ballot received twenty-three or more days before 5 the election, the county clerk shall send either the ballot or 6 a notice of rejection to the applicant as soon as practicable; 7 provided that the ballot or a notice of rejection is sent not 8 later than twenty-two days before the election. For each 9 application for a mailed ballot received within twenty-two days 10 of election day, the county clerk shall send either the mailed 11 ballot or a notice of rejection to the applicant within twenty-12 four hours after receipt of the voter's application for a 13 mailed ballot. [A mailed ballot shall be requested not later 14 than the Thursday immediately prior to the date of the election 15 and shall be sent to the voter not later than the Friday 16 immediately prior to the date of the election.

G. If the application for a mailed ballot from a voter who is not a federal qualified elector indicates that the mailed ballot is to be delivered to an address other than an address listed on the voter's certificate of registration, the county clerk shall prepare a notice of requested mailed ballot. The notice of requested mailed ballot shall inform the voter of the address to which the ballot was mailed along with the phone number of the county clerk's office and the internet address of the voter web portal provided by the secretary of state. The .222281.1

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notice of requested mailed ballot shall be sent to the address provided on the voter's certificate of registration on the same day the county clerk sends the mailed ballot to the address requested by the voter.

5 H. When an application for a mailed ballot is rejected pursuant to this section, the county clerk shall send 6 7 a notice of rejection to the mailing address on the voter's 8 certificate of registration and the address listed on the 9 voter's application for mailed ballot, if different. The 10 notice of rejection shall indicate the reason for the rejection and, if applicable, information on how to satisfy the 11 12 rejection. If an application is rejected because it was not 13 timely received, the county clerk shall, within twenty-four 14 hours of receipt of the application, send a rejection notice to 15 the voter that shall include a list of the early voting 16 locations and election day polling places in the county.

I. The county clerk shall only accept applications for a mailed ballot made through the official web portal operated by the secretary of state or submitted on the official paper form sent to the voter by the county clerk. If a voter submits more than one application for a mailed ballot containing the same information, subsequent applications containing the same information shall not be processed."

SECTION 26. Section 1-6-5.7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2005, Chapter 270, Section 40, as amended) is amended to read: .222281.1

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"1-6-5.7. EARLY VOTING--USE OF ABSENTEE VOTING PROCEDURES--COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE--ALTERNATE VOTING LOCATIONS.--

A. Commencing on the twenty-eighth day preceding the election during the regular hours and days of business at the county clerk's office and [from 10:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.] on the Saturday immediately prior to the date of the election, early voting shall be conducted in each office of the county clerk; provided that:

(1) when marking a ballot in person at the county clerk's office, the voter shall provide the required voter identification to the county clerk or the clerk's authorized representative. If the voter does not provide the required voter identification, the voter shall be allowed to vote on a provisional ballot. If the voter provides the required voter identification, the voter, after subscribing an application for an absentee ballot, shall be allowed to vote by inserting the ballot into an optical scan tabulator certified for in-person absentee voting at the county clerk's office. The county clerk or the clerk's authorized representative shall make an appropriate designation indicating that the voter has voted. In marking the ballot, the voter may be assisted pursuant to the provisions of Section 1-12-15 NMSA 1978;

(2) the act of marking the ballot in the office of the county clerk shall be a convenience to the voter
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in the delivery of the ballot and does not make the office of the county clerk a polling place subject to the requirements of a polling place in the Election Code; [and]

4 (3) in addition to the regular business hours 5 and days of business of the county clerk's office and on the 6 Saturday immediately prior to the date of the election, early 7 voting may be conducted in each office of the county clerk no 8 earlier than 7:00 a.m. and shall close no later than 9:00 p.m. 9 and shall be available for at least eight consecutive hours 10 each day; and not later than ninety days before each statewide election, the county clerk shall post the location and hours of 11 12 operation at the county clerk's office and shall not modify the location or hours of operation of early voting at the county 13 14 clerk's office except with the written approval of the secretary of state and upon posting the approved changes; and 15

[(3)] (4) if the county clerk establishes an additional alternate voting location near the clerk's office, ballots may be marked in person at that location during the regular hours and days of business beginning on the twentyeighth day preceding the election and during the hours for voting at alternate voting locations commencing on the third Saturday prior to the election through the Saturday immediately prior to the election. The additional alternate voting location may be operated by the county clerk and the county clerk's staff.

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1	B. Commencing on the third Saturday prior to a
2	statewide election and ending on the Saturday immediately prior
3	to the date of the election, an early voter may vote in person
4	on a voting system at alternate voting locations that may be
5	established by the county clerk; provided that:
6	(1) the county clerk shall establish:
7	(a) in counties with more than ten
8	thousand voters, not fewer than one alternate voting location;
9	(b) in counties with more than fifty
10	thousand voters, not fewer than four alternate voting
11	locations; and
12	(c) in counties with more than one
13	hundred fifty thousand voters, not fewer than fifteen alternate
14	voting locations; and
15	(2) not later than ninety days before each
16	statewide election, the county clerk shall post the location
17	and hours of operation for early voting locations in the
18	county, which shall open no earlier than 7:00 a.m. and shall
19	close no later than 9:00 p.m. Within ninety days of a
20	statewide election, a county clerk [may] shall not modify the
21	location or hours of operation of early voting locations except
22	with the written approval of the secretary of state and upon
23	posting the approved changes. Early voting locations shall be
24	open each day of early voting for at least eight consecutive
25	hours. Alternate voting locations may be closed Sundays and
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1 Mondays during the early voting period. 2 Each early voting location shall comply with the C. 3 following provisions, unless the county clerk receives a 4 written waiver from the secretary of state specifying the 5 location and specific provision being waived: have ballots available for voters from 6 (1)7 every precinct in the county; 8 (2) have at least one optical scan tabulator 9 programmed to read every ballot style in the county; 10 (3) have at least one voting system available to assist disabled voters to cast and record their votes; 11 12 (4) have a broadband internet connection; 13 have sufficient spaces for at least five (5) 14 voters to simultaneously and privately mark their ballots, with at least one of those spaces wheelchair-accessible; 15 16 (6) have a secure area for storage of pre-17 printed ballots or for storage of a paper ballot stock and a system designed to print ballots at a polling location; and 18 19 (7) be in a location that is accessible and 20 compliant with the requirements of the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990. 21 22 When voting at an early voting location, the D. voter shall provide the required voter identification to the 23 election board, county clerk or the clerk's authorized 24 25 representative. If the voter does not provide the required .222281.1

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1	voter identification, the voter shall be allowed to vote on a
2	provisional ballot. If the voter provides the required voter
3	identification, the voter shall be allowed to vote after
4	subscribing an application to vote on a form approved by the
5	secretary of state or its electronic equivalent approved by the
6	voting system certification committee. The county clerk or the
7	clerk's authorized representative shall make an appropriate
8	designation on the signature roster or register next to the
9	voter's name indicating that the voter has voted early."
10	SECTION 27. Section 1-6-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
11	Chapter 240, Section 132, as amended) is amended to read:
12	"1-6-6. BALLOT REGISTER
13	A. For each statewide election, the county clerk
14	shall keep an "absentee ballot register", in which the county
15	clerk shall enter:
16	(1) the name and address of each absentee
17	ballot applicant;
18	(2) the date [and time] of receipt of the
19	application;
20	(3) whether the application was accepted or
21	rejected;
22	(4) the date of issue of an absentee ballot at
23	an early voting location or the mailing of an absentee ballot
24	to the applicant;
25	(5) the applicant's precinct;
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1 (6) whether the applicant is a voter and 2 whether the voter is a uniformed-service voter or an overseas 3 voter; 4 (7) whether the voter is required to submit 5 documentary identification pursuant to Section 1-6-5 NMSA 1978; 6 and 7 the date [and time] the completed mailed (8) 8 ballot was received from the voter by the county clerk or the 9 absent voter registered a ballot early in person in the county 10 clerk's office or at an alternate location. For each special election, the county clerk 11 Β. 12 shall keep a "mailed ballot register", in which the county 13 clerk shall enter: 14 (1)the name and address of each voter to whom a mailed ballot was sent; 15 16 (2) the date of mailing of a mailed ballot to 17 the voter; the applicant's precinct; 18 (3) 19 (4) whether the voter is a uniformed-service 20 voter or an overseas voter; (5) whether the voter is required to submit a 21 22 documentary identification pursuant to Section 1-6-5 NMSA 1978; 23 and the date and time the completed mailed 24 (6) 25 ballot was received from the voter by the county clerk. .222281.1 - 57 -

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C. Each ballot register is a public record open to 2 public inspection in the county clerk's office during regular 3 office hours. The county clerk shall have an updated ballot 4 register available for public inspection Monday through Friday during regular office hours.

D. The county clerk shall deliver to the absent voter election board on election day a complete list of all absentee ballot applicants and early voters with applicable information shown in the absentee ballot register for each applicant and early voter up to 6:00 p.m. on the Saturday preceding a statewide election. The county clerk shall deliver a signature roster containing the same information as the lists to the absent voter election board.

Ε. Upon request [the county clerk shall transmit to] by a candidate, a political committee or the state or county chair of [each of the political parties participating] a political party represented on the ballot in [a partisan] an election, [in the county] the secretary of state or county clerk shall transmit without charge to an electronic address provided in the request a complete copy of entries made in the absentee ballot register statewide or in the county. Such transmissions shall be made [once each week] daily beginning four weeks immediately prior to the election [A final copy shall be transmitted on] through the Saturday immediately following the election.

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1	[F. If the county clerk has available the
2	technology to do so, at the request of a candidate or chair of
3	a political party of the county, the county clerk shall
4	electronically transmit to the candidate or chair via the
5	internet the information, when updated, on the absentee ballot
6	register indicating voters who have requested absentee ballots,
7	returned their absentee ballots or voted early in person.]"
8	SECTION 28. Section 1-6-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
9	Chapter 240, Section 134, as amended) is amended to read:
10	"1-6-8. MAILED BALLOT ENVELOPES
11	A. The secretary of state shall prescribe the form
12	of, procure and distribute to each county clerk a supply of:
13	(1) official inner envelopes for use in
14	sealing the completed mailed ballot;
15	(2) official mailing envelopes for use in
16	returning the official inner envelope to the county clerk,
17	which shall be postage-paid; provided that only the official
18	mailing envelope for absentee ballots in a political party
19	primary shall contain a designation of party affiliation;
20	(3) mailed ballot instructions, describing
21	proper methods for completion of the ballot and returning it;
22	and
23	(4) official transmittal envelopes for use by
24	the county clerk in sending mailed ballot materials.
25	B. Official transmittal envelopes and official
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mailing envelopes for transmission of mailed ballot materials to and from the county clerk and voters shall be printed in black in substantially similar form. All official inner envelopes shall be printed in black.

5 The reverse of each official mailing envelope C. 6 shall contain a form to be executed under penalty of perjury by 7 the voter completing the mailed ballot. The form shall 8 identify the voter and shall contain the pre-printed name of 9 the voter to whom the ballot was sent and the following 10 statement to be affirmed by the voter: "I attest under penalty 11 of perjury that I am the voter identified on this official 12 mailing envelope and that I have not and will not vote any 13 other ballot in this election.". The official mailing envelope 14 shall contain a space for the voter to record the voter's 15 [name, registration address and year of birth] signature and 16 the last four digits of the voter's social security number, 17 which shall constitute the required voter identification. 18 Under the space for the voter's signature shall be the 19 following statement: "NOTICE: The only people who may 20 lawfully mail or deliver this ballot to the county clerk are 21 the voter, a member of the voter's immediate family or 22 household or the voter's caregiver.". The envelope shall have 23 a security flap to cover this information."

SECTION 29. A new Section 1-6-8.1 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

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"1-6-8.1. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] MAILED BALLOTS--NOTICE TO VOTERS.--

A. In a statewide election, each mailed ballot sent to a voter in the election shall contain the following notice: "This ballot may be returned to the office of the county clerk or any open voting location or monitored secured container in the county where you are registered to vote at any time up to 7:00 p.m. on the day of the election. If this ballot is returned by mail, to ensure timely postal delivery to the county clerk, the ballot should be mailed no later than

B. In a special election, each mailed ballot sent to a voter in the election shall contain the following notice: "This ballot may be returned to the office of the county clerk or a monitored secured container in the county where you are registered to vote at any time up to 7:00 p.m. on the day of the election. If this ballot is returned by mail, to ensure timely postal delivery to the county clerk, the ballot should be mailed no later than .".

C. The date used in the notice shall be seven days prior to the election day."

SECTION 30. Section 1-6-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 135, as amended) is amended to read:

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"1-6-9. MAILED BALLOTS--MANNER OF VOTING--DELIVERY METHODS.--

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1 Α. When voting a mailed ballot, the voter shall 2 secretly mark the mailed ballot in the manner provided in the 3 Election Code for marking paper ballots, place it in the 4 official inner envelope and securely seal the envelope. The 5 voter shall then place the official inner envelope inside the 6 official mailing envelope and securely seal the envelope. The 7 voter shall then complete the form on the reverse of the 8 official mailing envelope [which shall include a statement by 9 the voter under penalty of perjury that the facts stated in the 10 form are true and the voter's name, registration address and 11 year of birth] under the privacy flap. The voter or another 12 person authorized by law shall then return the official mailing 13 envelope containing the voted ballot to the county clerk of the 14 voter's county of residence. If returned by a person other 15 than the voter, the official mailing envelope shall contain the 16 signature, printed name and relationship to the voter of the 17 person returning the ballot.

B. The official mailing envelope may be returned by mail using the United States postal service. The secretary of state shall implement a free-access tracking system for each voter to be able to see the status of the voter's mailed ballot while en route to the voter as well as when returned to the county clerk.

C. The official mailing envelope may be returned using a commercial delivery service; provided that unless the .222281.1 - 62 -

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secretary of state has approved the use of a specific commercial delivery service, the voter shall be responsible for the costs of delivery by means of such service.

D. The official mailing envelope may be returned in
person to the office of the county clerk or, <u>in a statewide</u>
<u>election</u>, to an alternate voting location, mobile alternate
voting location, [or] election day voting location <u>or other</u>
<u>location where the receipt and storage of the official mailing</u>
<u>envelope containing a voted ballot is under the supervision of</u>
an election official or county employee.

E. The official mailing envelope may be returned by depositing the official mailing envelope in a <u>monitored</u> secured container made available by the county clerk to receive <u>an</u> <u>official mailing envelope containing a</u> voted [mailed ballots] ballot for that election; provided that:

(1) the location of the containers and the days and times the containers will be available to receive ballots are posted by the county clerk at least [ninety days before a statewide election or] forty-two days before [a special] an election;

(2) the location of a <u>monitored</u> secured container is considered a polling place for purposes of electioneering too close to the polling place in violation of Section 1-20-16 NMSA 1978;

(3) all secured containers shall be monitored.222281.1

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by video surveillance cameras and the video recorded by that system shall be retained by the county clerk as a record related to voting pursuant to the provisions of Section 1-12-69 MMSA 1978;

5 (4) signage at the location of a monitored
6 secured container shall inform voters and those dropping off
7 ballots at the location:

8 (a) that it is a violation of law for
9 any person [who is not an immediate family member] to collect
10 and deliver a ballot for another person <u>except as authorized by</u>
11 <u>the Election Code;</u>

12 (b) that electioneering is prohibited 13 within one hundred feet of the monitored secured container; and 14 (c) of the range of dates and 15 approximate time the ballots will be collected for that 16 election; and

(5) at least [once a day] every three days and on election day after the polls close, the county clerk, [or a full-time] deputy county clerk, election board member or messenger shall collect the ballots from the monitored secured containers and register the date [and time stamp] and container location on each official mailing envelope [and identify the location of the secured container in the ballot register].

F. It is a violation of Section 1-20-6 NMSA 1978 for any person to possess a key to a monitored secured .222281.1

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1 container without authorization from the county clerk. It is a 2 violation of Section 1-20-7 NMSA 1978 for any person other than 3 the county clerk to provide and operate a monitored secured 4 container or other receptacle to receive voted ballots." 5 SECTION 31. Section 1-6-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 136, as amended) is amended to read: 6 7 "1-6-10. RECEIPT OF MAILED BALLOTS BY CLERK. --8 [A. The county clerk shall mark on each completed 9 official mailing envelope the date and time of receipt in the 10 clerk's office, record this information in the absentee or 11 mailed ballot register and safely keep the official mailing 12 envelope unopened in a locked and number-sealed ballot box 13 until it is delivered to the proper election board, counted in 14 the county canvass or canceled and destroyed in accordance with law.] 15 16 A. A completed official mailing envelope containing 17 a voted ballot shall be accepted until 7:00 p.m. on election day. A completed official mailing envelope received after that 18 19 time shall not be qualified or opened but shall be preserved by 20 the county clerk for the applicable retention period provided in Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978. The county clerk shall report 21 22 the number of late ballots from voters, uniformed-service voters and overseas voters and report the number from each 23 category to date on the final mailed ballot report and as part 24 of the county canvass report. If additional late ballots are 25 .222281.1

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1 received, the county clerk shall update the number of late 2 ballots from each category to the secretary of state. 3 B. On the day a returned mailed ballot is received 4 by the county clerk, the county clerk shall mark the date of 5 receipt on the outside of the official mailing envelope. 6 Within one business day of receiving a returned official 7 mailing envelope, the county clerk shall remove the privacy 8 flap to verify that the voter signed the official mailing 9 envelope and to confirm that the last four digits of the social 10 security number provided by the voter match the information 11 available to the county clerk. 12 C. If the voter's signature is present and the last 13 four digits of the voter's social security number match, the 14 county clerk shall note in the absentee ballot register that 15 the information required to be provided by the voter under the 16 privacy flap has been verified and shall safely keep the 17 official mailing envelope unopened in a locked and number-18 sealed ballot box until it is delivered to the absent voter 19 election board. 20 D. If either the voter's signature is missing or 21 the last four digits of the voter's social security number are 22 not provided or do not match, the county clerk shall make the 23 appropriate notation in the absentee ballot register and shall 24 safely keep the official mailing envelope unopened in a secured 25 ballot box designated for those official mailing envelopes .222281.1

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1	received that are missing the voter's signature or the last
2	four digits of the voter's social security number or where the
3	last four digits of the social security number do not match the
4	information available to the county clerk. The county clerk
5	shall immediately send the voter a notice to cure containing
6	information regarding how the voter may provide documentation
7	to cure the missing or incorrect information.
8	E. If, pursuant to Subsection F of Section 1-6-4
9	NMSA 1978, the voter was notified of the need to comply with
10	federal identification requirements when returning the
11	requested ballot and failed to comply, the county clerk shall
12	preserve the inner envelope with the official mailing envelope
13	and write "Rejected" on the front of the official mailing
14	envelope, and the county clerk shall update the ballot register
15	accordingly and immediately send the voter a notice to cure
16	containing information regarding how the voter may provide the
17	missing or incorrect information. The county clerk shall place
18	the official mailing envelope with the attached inner envelope
19	in a container provided for rejected ballots; provided that if
20	the county clerk was required to open the inner envelope to
21	determine that the required documentary identification was not
22	included, the untallied ballot shall be returned to the inner
23	envelope and preserved along with the official mailing envelope
24	<u>in a container for this purpose.</u>
25	F. The voter may provide the missing or corrected

F. The voter may provide the missing or corrected
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1	information at any time up to the conclusion of the appeal
2	process for rejected ballots. If a voter provides the missing
3	or corrected information:
4	(1) before the absent voter election board has
5	been convened, the county clerk shall attach the documentation
6	to the unopened official mailing envelope, update the ballot
7	register accordingly and transfer the ballot to the locked and
8	number-sealed ballot box until it is delivered to the absent
9	voter election board;
10	(2) after the absent voter election board has
11	been convened, the county clerk shall attach the documentation
12	to the unopened official mailing envelope, update the ballot
13	register accordingly and transfer the ballot to the absent
14	voter election board;
15	(3) after the adjournment of the absent voter
16	election board but before the conclusion of the county canvass
17	process, the county clerk shall attach the documentation to the
18	unopened official mailing envelope, update the ballot register
19	accordingly and transfer the ballot to an election board
20	convened to assist in preparation of the county canvass report;
21	and
22	(4) after approval of the county canvass
23	report, the voter may appeal in accordance with appeal
24	procedures for provisional ballots established by rule of the
25	secretary of state pursuant to Section 1-12-25.2 NMSA 1978.
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[B.] G. In a statewide election, if the unopened official mailing envelope is received by the county clerk from an election board before the absent voter election board has adjourned, the unopened official mailing envelope shall be [logged and] transmitted to the absent voter election board to be tallied immediately. If the unopened official mailing envelope is received by the county clerk from an election board after the absent voter election board has adjourned, the unopened official mailing envelope shall be [logged and] transmitted to an election board convened to assist in preparation of the county canvass report to be tallied and included in the canvass report of that county for the

[C. Completed official mailing envelopes shall be accepted until 7:00 p.m. on election day.

D. Any completed official mailing envelope received after that time shall not be qualified or opened but shall be preserved by the county clerk for the applicable retention period provided in Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978. The county clerk shall report the number of late ballots from voters, uniformedservice voters and overseas voters and report the number from each category to date on the final absentee ballot report and as part of the county canvass report. If additional late ballots are received, the county clerk shall update the number of late ballots from each category to the secretary of state.]" .222281.1

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1	SECTION 32. Section 1-6-10.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003,
2	Chapter 357, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:
3	"1-6-10.1. ABSENTEE BALLOTDELIVERY TO COUNTY CLERK
4	A. A voter, caregiver to that voter or member of
5	that voter's immediate family <u>or household</u> may deliver that
6	voter's absentee ballot to the county clerk in person or by
7	mail; provided that the voter has subscribed the official
8	mailing envelope of the absentee ballot.
9	B. As used in this section, "immediate family"
10	means the spouse, children, parents, <u>domestic partner,</u>
11	<u>grandchildren, grandparents</u> or siblings of a voter <u>or a person</u>
12	with whom the voter has a continuing personal relationship."
13	SECTION 33. Section 1-6-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971,
14	Chapter 317, Section 11, as amended) is amended to read:
15	"1-6-14. HANDLING MAILED BALLOTS
16	A. [At any time after mailed ballots have been sent
17	to voters and until the fifth day before the election, the
18	county clerk may convene an election board to meet during the
19	normal business hours of the office of the county clerk to
20	qualify the mailed ballots that are returned.] An absent voter
21	election board may convene as provided in this section to
22	process the official mailing envelopes that have been returned.
23	Before opening an official mailing envelope, the presiding
24	judge and the election judges shall determine that the county
25	<u>clerk has verified</u> the required information [has been
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1 completed] on the reverse side of the official mailing
2 envelope.

3 [B. If the voter's signature or the required voter 4 identification is missing, the presiding judge shall write "Rejected" on the front of the official mailing envelope. The 5 6 judge or election clerk shall enter the voter's name in the 7 signature rosters or register and shall write the notation 8 "Rejected--Missing Signature" or "Rejected--Missing Required 9 Voter Identification" in the "Notations" column of the 10 register. The presiding judge shall place the official mailing 11 envelope unopened in a container provided for rejected 12 ballots.] The verification of the county clerk is subject 13 Β. to the interposition of a challenge by or before the absent 14 voter election board. 15 C. At a convening of the absent voter election 16 17 board that shall take place no earlier than thirteen days prior to election day, the absent voter election board shall confirm 18 19 the verification process of official mailing envelopes 20 conducted by the county clerk using a sampling of official mailing envelopes equal to two percent of mailed ballots 21 requested or twenty mailed ballots, whichever is greater. If 22 the verification process is confirmed by the absent voter 23 election board, the official mailing envelopes containing voted 24 ballots shall be deemed qualified, subject to the interposition 25 .222281.1

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of a challenge to the ballot of any specified individual mailed ballot voter. If the verification by the county clerk is not confirmed by the absent voter election board, the board shall qualify each official mailing envelope returned with a voted ballot in that election.

D. No sooner than the Monday before the election 6 7 and before the absent voter election board adjourns, the board 8 shall review each uncured returned official mailing envelope 9 that the county clerk determined was missing a signature or the 10 last four digits of the voter's social security number or for 11 which the social security number did not match the information 12 available to the county clerk and determine if the official 13 mailing envelope should be qualified or rejected. An official 14 mailing envelope rejected by the absent voter election board 15 may be qualified if the reason for the rejection is cured at 16 any time before the approval of the county canvass report or 17 prior to the conclusion of an appeal by the voter.

[C.] <u>E. Subject to the limitations in Subsection A</u> of Section 1-2-25 NMSA 1978, a lawfully appointed challenger may view the official mailing envelope and may challenge the ballot of any mailed ballot voter for the following reasons:

(1) the official mailing envelope has beenopened by someone other than the voter prior to being receivedby the absent voter election board;

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(2) the official mailing envelope does not

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1 contain a signature;

2 the official mailing envelope does not (3) 3 contain the required voter identification; [or] 4 (4) the official mailing envelope does not contain the required documentary identification; or 5 6 [(4)] (5) the person offering to vote is not a 7 voter as provided in the Election Code. 8 $[D_{\cdot}]$ <u>F</u>. If a challenge is upheld by unanimous vote 9 of the presiding judge and the election judges, the official 10 mailing envelope shall not be opened but shall be placed in a container provided for challenged ballots. If the reason for 11 12 the challenge is satisfied by the voter before the conclusion 13 of the county canvass or as part of an appeal, the official 14 mailing envelope shall be opened and the vote counted. $[E_{\bullet}]$ G. If the form on the reverse of the official 15 16 mailing envelope has been [properly subscribed] completed by 17 the voter with the voter's correct information, as verified by the county clerk, and the [voter] ballot has not been 18 19 successfully challenged, the judges or election clerks shall 20 [enter the voter's name and residence address as shown on the official mailing envelope and shall] make the appropriate 21 22 notation [opposite the voter's name in the "Notations" column of] in the ballot register. 23

[F.] <u>H.</u> For any election in which fewer than ten thousand mailed ballots were sent to the voters of a county, .222281.1 - 73 -

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1 only between 8:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. on the five days 2 preceding the election, and beginning at 7:00 a.m. on election 3 day, under the personal supervision of the presiding election 4 judge, shall the election judges open the official mailing 5 envelope and the official inner envelope and insert the 6 enclosed ballot into an electronic voting machine to be 7 registered and retained until votes are counted [and canvassed 8 following the closing of the polls on election night] by 9 generating the report of the ballot results beginning no sooner 10 than 9:00 a.m. on election day.

[G-] <u>I.</u> For any election in which ten thousand or more mailed ballots were sent to the voters of a county, only during the regular business hours of the office of the county clerk during the two weeks preceding the election, between 8:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. on the four days preceding the election and beginning at 7:00 a.m. on election day, under the personal supervision of the presiding election judge, shall the election judges open the official mailing envelope and the official inner envelope and insert the enclosed ballot into an electronic voting machine to be registered and retained until votes are counted [and canvassed following the closing of the polls on election night] by generating the report of the ballot results beginning no sooner than 9:00 a.m. on election day.

[H.] J. It is unlawful for a person to disclose the results of a count and tally or the registration on a voting .222281.1

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machine of mailed ballots prior to the later of the closing of the polls or the deadline for receiving mailed ballots pursuant 3 to Section 1-6-10 NMSA 1978.

[1.] K. Mailed ballots shall be counted and tallied, where possible, on an electronic voting machine as provided in the Election Code.

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7 [J.] L. If a mailed ballot is rejected for any 8 reason and not cured by the Friday following election day, it 9 shall be handled by the county clerk in the same manner as a 10 disqualified provisional paper ballot in accordance with the 11 Election Code.

12 M. On election night, the absent voter election board shall recess upon the earlier of completion of its work 13 14 or 11:00 p.m. An absent voter election board that recesses at 11:00 p.m. shall continue its work only between the hours of 15 16 9:30 a.m. and 9:30 p.m. on each subsequent day until the board has completed its work. If the absent voter election board 17 does not complete its work by 11:00 p.m. on election night, the 18 19 county clerk shall notify the county sheriff's office that a 20 deputy is required to be present to secure the room or facility where uncounted ballots are locked overnight. If the sheriff 21 indicates that a sheriff's deputy is unavailable, the county 22 clerk shall notify the secretary of state, who shall request 23 state police to assign a state police officer or other 24 25 certified law enforcement officer to secure the ballots. The .222281.1

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1	county clerk shall provide as much notice as is practicable in
2	order to secure law enforcement personnel to secure the
3	uncounted ballots overnight. Beginning at 11:00 p.m. on
4	election night, a sheriff's deputy, state police officer or
5	other certified law enforcement officer is required for
6	overnight watch any time the absent voter election board is not
7	present until the return of the absent voter election board.
8	If a sheriff's deputy, a state police officer or other
9	certified law enforcement officer is not available, the county
10	<u>clerk or chief deputy shall remain on-site with or near the</u>
11	uncounted ballots until the return of the absent voter election
12	board and shall allow any watcher or observer to remain present
13	as well. A class A county shall also have video surveillance
14	in the area containing uncounted ballots, which shall be
15	considered a record related to voting pursuant to Section
16	<u>1-12-69 NMSA 1978.</u> "
17	SECTION 34. Section 1-6-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019,

Chapter 212, Section 74) is amended to read:

"1-6-16. MAILED BALLOTS--REPLACEMENT AND PROVISIONAL PAPER BALLOTS.--

A. A voter who has applied for a mailed ballot or who has been sent a mailed ballot may execute an affidavit stating that the person did not and will not vote the mailed ballot that was issued. Upon receipt of the sworn affidavit, if the ballot register does not show that a ballot from the .222281.1

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	1	voter has been cast in that election, the county clerk shall
	2	void the mailed ballot that was previously issued to the voter.
	3	B. A voter shall be mailed a replacement ballot to
	4	be returned to the county clerk for tabulation by the absent
	5	ballot election board if the voter:
	6	(1) communicates with the office of the county
	7	clerk and requests a replacement mailed ballot be delivered to
	8	the voter; and
	9	(2) has executed the affidavit required by
	10	Subsection A of this section and the county clerk has voided
	11	the mailed ballot previously issued to the voter.
	12	C. A replacement ballot is not subject to the
	13	<u>deadline for issuing a mailed ballot pursuant to Subsection F</u>
	14	of Section 1-6-5 NMSA 1978.
	15	[C.] <u>D.</u> A voter shall be issued a replacement
	16	ballot to be filled out and fed by the voter into the
delete	17	electronic vote tabulator if the voter:
"	18	(1) appears at the office of the county clerk,
	19	an alternate voting location or a mobile alternate voting
	20	location:
mate	21	(a) at any time during the period for
[bracketed materia]	22	early voting if the county clerk has real-time synchronization
	23	between the early voting locations and the qualification of
[br e	24	mailed ballots; or
	25	(b) during the period for early voting
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until the time the county clerk begins qualifying mailed ballots if the county clerk does not have real-time synchronization between the early voting locations and the qualification of mailed ballots; and

(2) has executed the affidavit required by Subsection A of this section and the county clerk has voided the mailed ballot previously issued to the voter.

 $[\underline{\mathcal{P}}_{\cdot}]$ <u>E</u>. If the county clerk does not have real-time synchronization between the early voting locations and the qualification of mailed ballots, a voter shall be issued a provisional paper ballot to be filled out and delivered to the county clerk for tabulation during the county canvass if:

(1) the voter appears at an early voting location after the time the county clerk begins qualifying mailed ballots; and

(2) the voter has executed the affidavit required by Subsection A of this section and the county clerk has voided the mailed ballot previously issued to the voter.

 $[\underline{E} \cdot] \underline{F} \cdot A$ provisional paper ballot issued pursuant to this section shall be qualified and tabulated once the county clerk determines that the voter did not vote any other ballot in the same election and if no challenge is successfully interposed.

 $[F_{\bullet}]$ <u>G.</u> The secretary of state shall prescribe the form of the affidavit and the manner in which the county clerk .222281.1

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shall void the previously requested absentee ballot."

SECTION 35. Section 1-6-16.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 368, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-6-16.1. ABSENTEE BALLOT--CONDUCT OF ELECTION--WHEN NOT TIMELY RECEIVED--EMERGENCY PROCEDURE FOR VOTING AND COUNTING.--

A. A voter who applies for a mailed ballot <u>or who</u> <u>was sent a mailed ballot pursuant to Section 1-6-22.1 NMSA 1978</u> but [has not received or returned the ballot by mail] <u>whose</u> <u>voted ballot has not been received by the county clerk</u> as of the date of the election may go to [the voter's assigned <u>polling place or</u>] a voter convenience center and, after executing an affidavit stating that the person [did not and will not vote the] <u>wishes to void any previous</u> mailed ballot that was issued, shall be permitted to vote [on a provisional paper ballot].

<u>underscored material = new</u> [bracketed material] = delete B. If the county clerk has real-time synchronization between the [election-day polling places] voter <u>convenience centers</u> and the qualification of ballots received by mail, the voter shall be issued a replacement ballot to be filled out and fed by the voter into the electronic vote tabulator. If the county clerk does not have real-time <u>synchronization between the voter convenience centers and the</u> <u>qualification of ballots received by mail, the voter shall be</u> <u>issued a provisional paper ballot, which shall be counted if no</u> <u>challenge is interposed and once the county clerk has verified</u> .222281.1

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1 that no other ballot from the same voter has been processed in
2 that election."

SECTION 36. Section 1-6-22.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2009, Chapter 251, Section 1 and Laws 2009, Chapter 274, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-6-22.1. MAIL BALLOT ELECTION PRECINCT--ABSENTEE VOTING IN LIEU OF POLLING PLACE.--

A. Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 1-1-11 and 1-1-12 NMSA 1978, not later than the first Monday in November of each odd-numbered year, a board of county commissioners may designate a precinct as a mail ballot election precinct if, upon a written request of the county clerk, it finds that the precinct has fewer than one hundred voters and the nearest polling place for an adjoining precinct is more than twenty miles driving distance from the boundary for the precinct in question.

B. If a precinct is designated a mail ballot election precinct, in addition to the notice required pursuant to Section 1-3-8 NMSA 1978, the county clerk shall notify by mail with delivery confirmation all voters in that precinct at least forty-two days before an election that each voter will be sent an absentee ballot twenty-eight days before the election and that there will be no polling place for the precinct on election day. The county clerk shall include in the notice a card informing the voter that if the voter does not want to .222281.1

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1 receive an absentee ballot for that election, the voter should 2 return the card before the date the county clerk is scheduled 3 to mail out absentee ballots. The notice shall also inform the 4 voter that a voting system equipped for persons with 5 disabilities will be available at all early voting [sites] 6 locations before election day and in the office of the county 7 clerk on election day in case the voter prefers to vote in 8 person and not by mail. In addition, the notice shall inform 9 the voter [if the county is consolidating precincts on election day and, if so of the ability of the voter to cast a ballot at any [consolidated precinct] voter convenience center on election day if the voter chooses not to receive an absentee ballot, or to cast a [provisional] replacement ballot at any [consolidated precinct] early voting location or voter convenience center if the voter does not receive an absentee ballot, which will be counted upon confirmation that the voter has not returned the absentee ballot. The notice shall also contain the information required in the voter notification sent by the secretary of state on behalf on each county clerk in advance of a statewide election pursuant to Section 1-11-4.1 NMSA 1978.

С. The county clerk shall mail each voter in the mail ballot election precinct an absentee ballot on the twentyeighth day before an election, unless the voter has requested otherwise, along with a notice that there will be no polling .222281.1

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1 place in that precinct on election day. 2 [D. The county clerk shall keep a sufficient number 3 of ballots from a mail ballot election precinct such that a 4 voter from that precinct may vote on a replacement or 5 provisional paper ballot pursuant to Section 1-6-16 NMSA 1978 or on an emergency paper ballot pursuant to Section 1-6-16.2 6 7 NMSA 1978.]" 8 SECTION 37. Section 1-6B-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2015, 9 Chapter 145, Section 29, as amended) is amended to read: 10 "1-6B-5. METHODS OF REGISTERING TO VOTE.--11 Α. A federal qualified elector may register to vote 12 using any of the following methods; provided that the document 13 is received by the county clerk by the deadline for registering 14 to vote as provided in Section 1-4-8 NMSA 1978: 15 (1) using the procedures provided in Chapter 16 1, Article 4 NMSA 1978; or 17 (2) using a federal postcard application or 18 the application's approved electronic equivalent. 19 A voter's certificate of registration completed Β. 20 pursuant to the Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act shall 21 remain valid until canceled in accordance with the procedures 22 specified in Chapter 1, Article 4 NMSA 1978. 23 In registering to vote, a federal qualified C. elector shall use and must be assigned to the voting precinct 24 25 of the address of: .222281.1 - 82 -

1	(1) the residence of the voter, if the voter
2	resides in this state; or
3	(2) the last place of residence of the voter
4	in this state, or the last place of residence in this state of
5	the parent or legal guardian of the voter if the voter did not
6	reside in this state; provided that if that address is no
7	longer a recognized residential address, the voter shall be
8	assigned an address or other location within that precinct.
9	D. A federal qualified elector who registered for
10	the first time in this state by mail is exempt pursuant to
11	federal law from the requirement to provide documentary
12	identification as otherwise required by Subsection F of Section
13	<u>1-6-4 NMSA 1978.</u> "
14	SECTION 38. Section 1-6B-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2015,
15	Chapter 145, Section 30, as amended) is amended to read:
16	"1-6B-6. METHODS OF APPLYING FOR MILITARY-OVERSEAS
17	BALLOTTIMELINESSSCOPE OF APPLICATION FOR MILITARY-OVERSEAS
18	BALLOT
19	A. A federal qualified elector who is currently
20	registered to vote in this state may [by the deadline specified
21	in the Absent Voter Act for receipt of mailed ballot
22	applications] apply for a military-overseas ballot by:
23	(1) using a mailed ballot application pursuant
24	to the Absent Voter Act; or
25	(2) using the federal postcard application or
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1 the application's electronic equivalent.

B. A federal qualified elector who is not currently registered to vote in this state may, by the deadline in the Election Code for registering to vote, simultaneously register to vote and apply for a military-overseas ballot by using a federal postcard application or the application's electronic equivalent.

C. An application for a military-overseas ballot
for [a primary election] any election conducted pursuant to the
<u>Election Code</u>, whether or not timely, is effective as an
automatic application for a military-overseas ballot for [the
general election] all subsequent elections the voter is
eligible to participate in through the conclusion of the
election cycle.

D. An application [for a military-overseas ballot is effective as an automatic application for a militaryoverseas ballot for a top-two runoff election necessary to conclude the election for which the application was submitted] from a federal qualified elector who provides information permitting secured electronic delivery of the ballot is timely if received by the county clerk no later than three days prior to election day. An application from a federal qualified elector who does not provide information permitting secured electronic delivery of the ballot is timely if received by the county clerk by the ballot is timely if received by the county clerk by the deadline specified in the Absent Voter Act .222281.1

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for receipt of mailed ballot applications."

SECTION 39. Section 1-6B-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2015, Chapter 145, Section 34, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-6B-10. USE OF FEDERAL WRITE-IN ABSENTEE BALLOT--QUALIFICATION.--

A. A federal qualified elector may use a federal write-in absentee ballot to vote for all offices and ballot questions in an election.

B. In completing the federal write-in absentee ballot, the federal qualified elector may designate a candidate by writing in the name of the candidate. In a general election when voting for a specified office, a federal qualified elector may in the alternate complete the federal write-in absentee ballot by writing in the name of a political party, in which case the ballot shall be counted for the candidate of that political party.

C. A qualified federal write-in absentee ballot shall be processed [by] <u>during</u> the [canvassing board] <u>county</u> <u>canvass</u> in the same manner as a provisional ballot. A federal write-in absentee ballot from a federal qualified elector shall not be qualified if the federal qualified elector voted on any other type of ballot. A federal write-in absentee ballot of an overseas voter shall not be qualified if the ballot is submitted from any location in the United States."

SECTION 40. Section 1-6C-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, .222281.1

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Chapter 226, Section 2) is amended to read:

"1-6C-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Intimate Partner Violence Survivor Suffrage Act:

A. "administrator" means the person appointed by the secretary of state to administer the election component of the confidential substitute address program;

B. "appropriate county clerk" means the county clerk of the county in which the residential address on a voter registration certificate is located and includes the elected official, the county clerk's chief deputy, an appointed election board and employees or agents of the county clerk with duties related to the Intimate Partner Violence Survivor Suffrage Act;

C. "certification" means the procedure provided by the Confidential Substitute Address Act for a person to be certified as a participant in the confidential substitute address program;

D. "confidential substitute address program" means the program administered by the secretary of state pursuant to the Confidential Substitute Address Act;

E. "decertification" means the procedure provided by the Confidential Substitute Address Act for a person to be decertified as a participant in the confidential substitute address program;

F. "delivery address" means the address where a .222281.1

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1	voter-participant receives mail;
2	G. "election" means a statewide or special election
3	called, conducted and canvassed pursuant to the provisions of
4	the Election Code;
5	H. "participant" means a person certified to
6	participate in the confidential substitute address program
7	pursuant to the procedures of the Confidential Substitute
8	Address Act; and
9	I. "voter-participant" means a participant who is
10	also a voter <u>or a participant who is also a qualified resident</u>
11	who may be considered a voter pursuant to Section 1-4-2 NMSA
12	<u>1978</u> ."
13	SECTION 41. Section 1-6C-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019,
14	Chapter 226, Section 6) is amended to read:
15	"1-6C-6. TRANSMISSION OF BALLOTS TO VOTER-PARTICIPANTS
16	A. On the thirty-fifth day before an election, on
17	behalf of each voter-participant eligible to vote in that
18	election, the administrator shall request from each appropriate
19	county clerk the ballot to be used by each voter-participant
20	registered to vote in that county.
21	B. The request shall not reveal the name or address
22	of the voter-participant. In place of a voter-participant's
23	name and address, the administrator shall provide the
24	appropriate county clerk the random identifier and verification
25	code associated with the voter-participant for that election.
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The request made pursuant to this section is a record related to voting subject to the disclosure and retention procedures of Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978.

C. No later than thirty-two days before the election, the appropriate county clerk shall transmit to the administrator the ballot for each voter-participant registered to vote in that county.

8 Twenty-eight days before the election, the D. 9 administrator shall mail a ballot and balloting materials to a 10 voter-participant's delivery address, along with a return 11 envelope necessary to return the voted ballot to the 12 appropriate county clerk. The return envelope shall be the 13 same as for all other voters, except that in place of the 14 required voter identification to be written under the privacy 15 flap, the administrator shall provide the random identifier 16 assigned to that voter-participant for that election. The 17 return envelope for the voted ballot shall be postage-paid and 18 the return address shall be the address for the appropriate 19 county clerk.

E. When a participant registers to vote or updates a voter registration after the thirty-fifth day before an election but before the deadline to register to vote or to update an existing registration pursuant to Section 1-4-8 NMSA 1978, the administrator shall:

(1) request from the appropriate county clerk,.222281.1

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and the appropriate county clerk shall transmit to the administrator as soon as practicable, a ballot and balloting materials; and

(2) send a voter-participant the ballot and balloting materials within twenty-four hours of receipt from the appropriate county clerk.

F. When an unvoted ballot is transmitted to the 8 administrator on behalf of a voter-participant, the appropriate county clerk shall note in the ballot register the random identifier in place of the voter-participant's name and the address of the confidential substitute address program in place of the voter-participant's address and shall not note the voter-participant's gender or year of birth.

G. A voter-participant needing a replacement ballot may appear in person only at the office of the county clerk and execute an affidavit stating that the voter-participant wishes to void any previous mailed ballot that was mailed in that election. When completing the affidavit, the voter-participant shall use the random identifier in place of the voterparticipant's name and the verification code in place of the voter-participant's signature. Upon receipt of the sworn affidavit, if the ballot register does not show that a ballot from the voter-participant has been received in that election, the county clerk shall void the ballot that was previously issued and issue to the voter-participant a replacement ballot .222281.1

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and ballot materials, which shall include the voterparticipant's random identifier, but the county clerk shall not provide to the voter-participant the verification code when issuing a replacement ballot pursuant to this subsection." SECTION 42. Section 1-6C-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 226, Section 7) is amended to read:

"1-6C-7. RECEIPT OF VOTED BALLOTS FROM VOTER-PARTICIPANTS.--

A. A voted ballot shall be returned by the voterparticipant to the appropriate county clerk. A voted ballot from a voter-participant shall be considered timely if it is received no later than the deadline for receiving mailed absentee ballots or mailed ballots pursuant to Section 1-6-10 NMSA 1978.

B. When a voted ballot is received from a voterparticipant, the appropriate county clerk or election board shall compare the random identifier provided by the voterparticipant under the privacy flap to the list of random identifiers provided by the administrator for that election. If the random identifier appears in both places, the appropriate county clerk shall verify that the verification code assigned to that random identifier for that election matches the verification code provided by the voter-participant under the privacy flap in lieu of the voter's signature. If the verification code is on the list provided by the .222281.1

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administrator for use in that election and matches the random identifier assigned by the administrator to identify the voterparticipant, the ballot shall be qualified and processed in the same manner as mailed absentee ballots or mailed ballots received and qualified in that election.

C. If either the random identifier or the verification code is missing, or if the random identifier and verification code under the privacy flap do not match, the ballot shall not be qualified and shall be disposed of in the same manner as mailed absentee ballots or mailed ballots received in that election and not qualified.

D. Following an election and within the time frames provided in the Election Code, the appropriate county clerk shall provide to the administrator using the random identifier for that election the voter credit information for each voterparticipant who voted [and the appropriate notations for any voter-participant whose election mail was returned as undeliverable]."

SECTION 43. Section 1-8-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 152, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-2. NOMINATION BY MINOR POLITICAL PARTY--CONVENTION--DESIGNATED NOMINEES.--

A. If the rules of a minor political party require nomination by political convention:

(1) the chair and secretary of the state.222281.1

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political convention shall certify to the secretary of state the names of their party's nominees for United States senator, United States representative, all elective state offices, legislative offices elected from multicounty districts, [the public regulation commission] all elective judicial officers in the judicial department and all offices representing a district composed of more than one county; and

(2) the chair and secretary of the county political convention shall certify to the county clerk the names of their party's nominees for elected county offices and for legislative offices elected from a district located wholly within one county or that is composed of only one county.

B. The names certified to the secretary of state shall be filed on the twenty-third day following the primary election in the year of the general election and shall be accompanied by nominating petitions containing the signatures of voters totaling not less than one percent of the total number of votes cast for governor at the last preceding general election at which a governor was elected:

(1)

(2) in the district for offices other than statewide offices; provided that if there are fewer members of the minor party registered to vote in the state for statewide offices or registered to vote in the district for offices other than statewide offices than the number of signatures required .222281.1

in the state for statewide offices; and

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1 for that office, nominating petitions shall contain the 2 signatures of voters totaling not less than the required number 3 of signatures of voters for independent candidates for the same 4 office; and provided further that for the public education 5 commission, nominating petitions shall be signed by at least 6 one-third of the number of signatures that would otherwise be 7 required, and for a judicial office, nominating petitions shall 8 be signed by two-thirds of the number of signatures that would 9 otherwise be required.

The petition shall contain a statement that the voters signing the petition are residents of the area to be represented by the office for which the person being nominated is a candidate.

C. The names certified to the county clerk shall be filed on the twenty-third day following the primary election in the year of the general election and shall be accompanied by a nominating petition containing the signatures of voters totaling not less than one percent of the total number of votes cast for governor at the last preceding general election at which a governor was elected:

(1) in the county for countywide offices; and

(2) in the district for offices other than countywide offices; provided that if there are fewer members of the minor party registered to vote in the county for countywide offices or registered to vote in the district for offices other .222281.1

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than countywide offices than the number of signatures required for that office, nominating petitions shall contain the signatures of voters totaling not less than the required number of signatures of voters for independent candidates for the same office; and provided further that for a judicial office, nominating petitions shall be signed by two-thirds of the number of signatures that would otherwise be required.

8 The petition shall contain a statement that the voters
9 signing the petition are residents of the area to be
10 represented by the office for which the person being nominated
11 is a candidate.

D. Except in the case of a political party certified in the year of the election, persons certified as candidates shall be members of that party on the day the secretary of state issues the general election proclamation.

E. When a political party is certified in the year of the general election, and after the day the secretary of state issues the general election proclamation, a person certified as a candidate shall be:

(1) a member of that party not later than the date the political party filed its rules and qualifying petitions pursuant to Sections 1-7-2 and 1-7-4 NMSA 1978; and

(2) a resident in the district of the office for which the person is a candidate on the date of the secretary of state's proclamation for the general election or .222281.1

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in the case of a person seeking the office of United States senator or United States representative, a resident within New Mexico on the date of the secretary of state's proclamation for the general election. No person who is a candidate for a party in a primary election may be certified as a candidate for a different party in the general election in the same election cycle.

8 F. No voter shall sign a petition prescribed by
9 this section for more persons than the number of candidates
10 necessary to fill the office at the next ensuing general
11 election."

SECTION 44. Section 1-8-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 153, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-3. NOMINATION BY MINOR POLITICAL PARTY--OTHER METHODS.--If the rules and regulations of a minor political party require nomination by a method other than a political convention:

A. the state [chairman] chair and the governing board of the state party shall certify to the secretary of state the names of their party's nominees for United States senator, United States representative, all elective state offices, legislative offices elected from multicounty districts, [public regulation commission] all elective judicial officers in the judicial department and all offices representing a district composed of more than one county; .222281.1

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1 Β. the county [chairman] chair and the governing 2 board of the county party shall certify to the county clerk the 3 names of their party's nominees for elected county offices and 4 for legislative offices elected from a district located wholly 5 within one county or that is composed of only one county; and 6 C. the names of such nominees shall be filed in the 7 same time and manner prescribed by the Election Code for 8 convention-designated nominees of minor political parties, and 9 each list of names certified shall be accompanied by the 10 petition containing a list of signatures and addresses of 11 voters as prescribed for convention-designated nominees." 12 SECTION 45. Section 1-8-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 13 Chapter 240, Section 156, as amended) is amended to read: 14 "1-8-6. VACANCY ON PRIMARY BALLOT.--Regardless of the 15 cause, no vacancy on the primary election ballot occurring 16 after the period for filing a declaration of candidacy [or the 17 date of filing with the secretary of state a certificate of 18 designation by state convention, whichever the case may be] 19 shall be filled." 20 SECTION 46. Section 1-8-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 21 Chapter 240, Section 157, as amended) is amended to read: 22 "1-8-7. VACANCY ON GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT--DEATH OF 23 CANDIDATE OR RESIGNATION OR DEATH OF OFFICE HOLDER BEFORE 24 PRIMARY. --

A. Vacancies on the general election ballot may be .222281.1 - 96 -

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filled as provided in Subsection B of this section if after a primary election there is no nominee of a major political party for a public office to be filled in the general election and if the vacancy was caused by:

5 (1) the death of a candidate after filing of
6 the declaration of candidacy [or after certification as a
7 convention-designated nominee] and before the primary election;
8 (2) the failure of a major political party to

nominate a candidate for lieutenant governor; provided that the major political party nominated a candidate for governor; or

(3) the resignation or death of a person holding a public office after the last Friday before the first Tuesday in March, when such office was not included in the general election proclamation and is required by law to be filled at the next succeeding general election after the vacancy is created.

B. The vacancy may be filled subsequent to the primary election by the central committee of the state or county political party, as the case may be, as provided by Subsection A of Section 1-8-8 NMSA 1978.

C. [The name of the person to fill the vacancy on the general election ballot shall be] Appointments to fill vacancies in the list of a party's nominees shall be made and filed with the proper filing officer [on a form approved by the secretary of state] on the twenty-third day after the primary .222281.1

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election <u>using the form prescribed by the secretary of state</u>,
 along with [a] <u>the</u> declaration of candidacy subscribed and
 sworn by the selected nominee and the required form for
 candidates pursuant to the Campaign Reporting Act.

D. When the name of a nominee is filed as provided in this section, the name shall be placed on the general election ballot as the party's candidate for that office."

SECTION 47. Section 1-8-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 158, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-8. VACANCY ON GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT--OCCURRING AFTER PRIMARY.--

A. If after a primary election, but [seventy] <u>ninety</u> or more days before the general election, a vacancy occurs, for any cause, in the list of the nominees of a qualified political party for any public office to be filled in the general election, or a vacancy occurs because of the resignation or death of a person holding a public office not included in the secretary of state's general election proclamation and which office is required by law to be filled at the next succeeding general election, or a vacancy occurs because a new public office is created and was not included in the secretary of state's general election proclamation but is capable by law of being filled at the next succeeding general election, the vacancy on the general election ballot may be filled by:

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underscored material = new [bracketed material] = delete (1) the central committee of the state political party filing the name of its nominee for the office with the proper filing officer when the office is a federal office, state office, district office or multicounty legislative district office; and

(2) the central committee of the county political party filing the name of its nominee for the office with the proper filing officer when the office is a magistrate office, county office or legislative district office where the district is entirely within the boundaries of a single county.

B. Appointments made pursuant to Subsection A of this section shall qualify pursuant to Section 1-8-18 NMSA 1978.

C. The county or state central committee members making the appointment pursuant to Subsection A of this section shall be as provided for in the rules of the respective party; provided that, at a minimum, the committee shall include those members residing within the boundaries of the area to be represented by the public office.

D. Appointments to fill vacancies in the list of a party's nominees shall be made and filed with the proper filing officer <u>on or before the seventieth day prior to a general</u> <u>election</u> using [a] <u>the</u> form [approved] <u>prescribed</u> by the secretary of state [at least sixty-three days prior to the general election], along with [a] <u>the</u> declaration of candidacy .222281.1

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<u>form</u> subscribed and sworn by the selected nominee and the
 [required] form for candidates pursuant to the Campaign
 Reporting Act.

E. When the name of a nominee is filed as provided in this section, the name shall be placed on the general election ballot as the party's candidate for that office."

SECTION 48. A new Section 1-8-10.1 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

9 "1-8-10.1. [NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE.--Sections 1-8-10.1 10 through 1-8-52 NMSA 1978 may be cited as the "Primary Election 11 Law"."

SECTION 49. Section 1-8-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 162, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-13. PRIMARY [ELECTION LAW] AND GENERAL ELECTIONS--CONTENTS OF PROCLAMATION.--The general election proclamation calling a primary and general election shall contain:

A. the names of the major political parties participating in the primary election;

B. the offices to be elected at the general election and for which each political party shall nominate candidates; provided that if any law is enacted by the legislature in the year in which the primary election is held and the law does not take effect until after the date to amend the proclamation but prior to the date to fill vacancies pursuant to Section 1-8-7 or 1-8-8 NMSA 1978, the secretary of .222281.1

<u>underscored material = new</u> [bracketed material] = delete state shall conform the proclamation to the intent of the law with respect to the offices for which each political party shall nominate candidates;

4 C. the date on which declarations of candidacy and 5 nominating petitions for United States representative, any 6 office voted upon by all the voters of the state, a legislative 7 office, the office of district judge, district attorney, public education commission [public regulation commission] or 8 9 magistrate shall be filed and the places where they shall be 10 filed in order to have the candidates' names printed on the official ballot of their party at the primary election or in 11 12 order to have the candidates' names printed on the official 13 ballot at the general election, as applicable;

D. the date on and place at which declarations of candidacy shall be filed for any other office and filing fees paid or, in lieu thereof, a [pauper's statement of inability to pay] nominating petition;

[E. the final date on and place at which candidates for the office of United States representative and for any statewide office seeking preprimary convention designation by the major parties shall file petitions and declarations of candidacy;

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F. the final date on which the major political parties shall hold state preprimary conventions for the designation of candidates;

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G. the final date on and place at which certificates of designation of primary election candidates shall be filed by political parties with the secretary of state;

H.] <u>E.</u> the date on which declarations of candidacy for minor party candidates shall be filed and the places where the declarations of candidacy shall be filed in order to have the minor party candidate names printed on the official ballot of the general election;

 $[\pm,]$ <u>F</u>. the date on which declarations of candidacy for unaffiliated candidates shall be filed and the places where the declarations of candidacy shall be filed in order to have the unaffiliated candidate names printed on the official ballot of the general election;

 $[J_{\cdot}]$ <u>G.</u> the date on which declarations of candidacy for nonpartisan judicial retention shall be filed and the places where the declarations of candidacy shall be filed in order to have the judicial retention names printed on the official ballot of the general election; and

[K.] <u>H.</u> the date on which declarations to be a write-in candidate are to be filed and the places where the declarations of candidacy shall be filed in order to have write-in votes counted and canvassed at the political party primary or general election."

SECTION 50. Section 1-8-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, .222281.1 - 102 -

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Chapter 240, Section 165, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-16. PRIMARY [ELECTION LAW] AND GENERAL ELECTIONS--PROCLAMATION--AMENDMENT.--The [governor] secretary of state may amend the proclamation between the time of its issuance and the first Tuesday in March to include a newly created public office that is capable by law of being filled at the next succeeding general election, or any existing office becoming vacant by removal, resignation or death when such vacancy occurs no later than the last Friday before the first Tuesday in March, or to provide for any corrections or omissions."

SECTION 51. Section 1-8-18 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 167, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-18. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--WHO MAY BECOME A CANDIDATE.--

A. No person shall become a candidate for nomination by a political party or have the person's name printed on the primary election ballot unless the person's record of voter registration shows:

(1) affiliation with that political party on the date of the secretary of state's general election proclamation; and

(2) residence in the district of the office for which the person is a candidate on the date of the secretary of state's general election proclamation or in the case of a person seeking the office of United States senator or .222281.1

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1 United States representative, residence within New Mexico on 2 the date of the secretary of state's general election 3 proclamation.

A voter may challenge the candidacy of a person Β. seeking nomination by a political party for the reason that the person does not meet the requirements of Subsection A of this 7 section by filing a petition in the district court within ten 8 days after the last day for filing a declaration of candidacy 9 [or a statement of candidacy for convention designation]. The 10 district court shall hear and render a decision on the matter 11 within ten days after the filing of the petition. The decision 12 of the district court may be appealed to the supreme court 13 within five days after the decision is rendered. The supreme court shall hear and render a decision on the appeal forthwith." 15

SECTION 52. Section 1-8-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1996, Chapter 20, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-21. PRIMARY ELECTION--METHODS OF PLACING NAMES ON PRIMARY BALLOT .--

[A. All candidates seeking primary election nomination to a statewide office or the office of United States representative shall file declarations of candidacy with the proper filing officer. Candidates shall file nominating petitions at the time of filing their declarations of candidacy. Candidates who seek, but do not obtain, preprimary .222281.1

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convention designation by a major political party may file new declarations of candidacy and nominating petitions pursuant to Section 1-8-33 NMSA 1978.

B. Except as provided in Subsection C of this section] <u>A.</u> Candidates for any [other] state office listed in the proclamation issued pursuant to Section [1-8-13C] 1-8-13 <u>NMSA 1978</u> shall have their names placed on the primary election ballot by filing declarations of candidacy and nominating petitions with the proper filing officer.

[C.] <u>B.</u> Candidates for <u>any</u> county office <u>listed in</u> <u>the proclamation issued pursuant to Section 1-8-13 NMSA 1978</u> shall have their names placed on the primary election ballot by filing declarations of candidacy and paying <u>a fifty-dollar</u> <u>(\$50.00)</u> filing [fees] <u>fee</u> or filing [the proper paupers' <u>statements</u>] <u>a nominating petition containing no fewer than ten</u> <u>signatures for offices elected by district or twenty signatures</u> <u>for offices elected countywide</u> at the time of filing declarations of candidacy with the proper filing officer."

SECTION 53. Section 1-8-26 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, Chapter 295, Section 12, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-26. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--TIME OF FILING--DOCUMENTS NECESSARY TO QUALIFY FOR BALLOT--CHALLENGE.--

[A. Declarations of candidacy by preprimary convention designation for any statewide office or for the office of United States representative shall be filed with the .222281.1

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proper filing officer on the first Tuesday in February of each even-numbered year between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.

B.] <u>A.</u> Declarations of candidacy for any [other] office to be nominated in the primary election shall be filed with the proper filing officer on the second Tuesday of March of each even-numbered year between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.

[C. Certificates of designation shall be submitted to the secretary of state on the first Tuesday following the preprimary convention at which the candidate's designation took place between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m.

 \mathbb{D} . No name shall be placed on the ballot until the person has been notified in writing by the proper filing officer that the certificate of registration on file, the declaration of candidacy and the petition, if required, are in proper order and that the person, based on those documents, is qualified to be a candidate. The proper filing officer shall mail the notice [no later than 5:00 p.m.] on the Tuesday following the filing date.

[E.] C. If a person is notified by the proper filing officer that the person is not qualified to be a candidate, the person may challenge that decision by filing a petition with the district court within ten days of the notification. The district court shall hear and render a decision on the matter within ten days after the petition is .222281.1

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filed. The decision of the district court may be appealed to the supreme court within five days after the decision is rendered. The supreme court shall hear and render a decision on the appeal forthwith."

SECTION 54. Section 1-8-27 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 172, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-27. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY--MANNER OF FILING.--Each declaration of candidacy [by nominating petition or by preprimary convention designation] shall be delivered for filing in person by the candidate therein named or by a person acting, by virtue of written authorization, solely on the candidate's behalf. The proper filing officer shall not accept for filing more than one declaration of candidacy from any one individual [except that candidates who seek but fail to receive preprimary convention designation shall file a declaration of candidacy by nomination, according to provisions of the Primary Election Law, to have their names placed on the primary election ballot]."

SECTION 55. Section 1-8-29 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973, Chapter 228, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-29. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY--FORM.--In making a declaration of candidacy [by nominating petition or by pre-primary convention designation], the candidate shall submit substantially the following form <u>as</u> <u>approved by the secretary of state for that election</u>:

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1 "DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY 2 **BY PRE-PRIMARY CONVENTION DESIGNATION** 3 (OR BY NOMINATING PETITION)] 4 , (candidate's name on certificate I. 5 of registration) being first duly sworn, say that I reside at 6 , as shown by my certificate of registration 7 as a voter of Precinct No. of the county of 8 , State of New Mexico; I am a member of the _____ party as shown 9 10 by my certificate of registration and I have not changed such 11 party affiliation subsequent to the secretary of state's 12 general election proclamation calling the primary in which I 13 seek to be a candidate; 14 I desire to become a candidate for the office of 15 at the primary election to be held on 16 the date set by law for this year, and [if the office be that 17 of a member of the legislature or that of a member of the 18 public education commission] that I actually reside at the 19 address designated on my certificate of voter registration; 20 I will be eligible and legally qualified to hold this 21 office at the beginning of its term; 22 If a candidate for any office for which a nominating 23 petition is required, I am submitting with this statement a nominating petition in the form and manner as prescribed by the 24 25 Primary Election Law; and .222281.1

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1	I make the foregoing affidavit under oath, knowing that
2	any false statement herein constitutes a felony punishable
3	under the criminal laws of New Mexico.
4	
5	(Declarant)
6	
7	(Mailing Address)
8	
9	(Residence Address)
10	Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of, 20
11	
12	(Notary Public)
13	My commission expires:
14	" . "
15	SECTION 56. Section 1-8-33 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973,
16	Chapter 228, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:
17	"1-8-33. PRIMARY ELECTION LAWNOMINATING PETITION
18	NUMBER OF SIGNATURES REQUIRED
19	A. As used in this section, "total vote" means the
20	sum of all votes cast for all of the party's candidates for
21	governor at the last preceding primary election at which the
22	party's candidate for governor was nominated.
23	[B. Candidates who seek preprimary convention
24	designation shall file nominating petitions at the time of
25	filing declarations of candidacy. Nominating petitions for
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1 those candidates shall be signed by a number of voters equal to 2 at least two percent of the total vote of the candidate's party 3 in the state or congressional district, or the following number 4 of voters, whichever is greater: for statewide offices, two 5 hundred thirty voters; and for congressional candidates, 6 seventy-seven voters.

6.] <u>B.</u> Nominating petitions for candidates for [any other] <u>an</u> office to be voted on at the primary election for which nominating petitions are required shall be signed by a number of voters equal to at least <u>the greater of</u>:

(1) for the public education commission, one percent of the total vote of the candidate's party in the district; for judicial candidates, two percent of the total vote of the candidate's party in the district or division; and for all other candidates, three percent of the total vote of the candidate's party in the district [or division or the following number of voters, whichever is greater]; or

(2) for metropolitan court and magistrate courts, ten voters; [for the public regulation commission, fifty voters] for the public education commission, twenty-five voters; for state representative, ten voters; for state senator, seventeen voters; and for district attorney and district judge, fifteen voters.

[D. A candidate who fails to receive the preprimary convention designation that the candidate sought may collect .222281.1 - 110 -

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1 additional signatures to total at least four percent of the 2 total vote of the candidate's party in the state or 3 congressional district, whichever applies to the office the 4 candidate seeks, and file a new declaration of candidacy and 5 nominating petitions for the office for which the candidate 6 failed to receive a preprimary designation. The declaration of 7 candidacy and nominating petitions shall be filed with the 8 secretary of state either ten days following the date of the 9 preprimary convention at which the candidate failed to receive 10 the designation or on the date all declarations of candidacy 11 and nominating petitions are due pursuant to the provisions of 12 the Primary Election Law, whichever is later.]"

SECTION 57. Section 1-8-36.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1981, Chapter 156, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-36.1. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--WRITE-IN CANDIDATES.--

A. Write-in candidates are permitted in the primary election only for the offices of United States representative, members of the legislature, district judges, district attorneys, [public regulation commission] public education commission, magistrates and any office voted upon by all voters of the state.

B. A person may be a write-in candidate only for nomination by the major political party with which the person is affiliated as shown by the certificate of registration, and such person shall have the <u>same</u> qualifications to be a

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candidate in the primary election for the political party for
 which the person is a write-in candidate.

3 C. A person desiring to be a write-in candidate for 4 one of the offices listed in Subsection A of this section in 5 the primary election shall file with the proper filing officer a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate, accompanied 6 7 by a nominating petition containing the same number of signatures required of other candidates for major party 8 9 nomination for the same office. Such declaration of intent 10 shall be filed between 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. on the third 11 Tuesday in March.

D. [At the time of filing the declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate, the] A person shall not be a declared write-in candidate until the person has been notified in writing by the proper filing officer that the certificate of registration on file, the declaration of candidacy and the nominating petition, if required, are in proper order and that the person, based on those documents, is qualified to be a candidate. The proper filing officer shall mail the notice on the Friday following the filing date. The determination by the proper filing officer that a person is a declared write-in candidate is subject to the provisions of Section 1-8-18 NMSA 1978.

E. If a person is notified by the proper filing officer that the person is not qualified to be a write-in .222281.1 - 112 -

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1 candidate, the person may challenge that decision by filing a 2 petition with the district court within ten days of the 3 notification. The district court shall hear and render a 4 decision on the matter within ten days after the petition is 5 filed. The decision of the district court may be appealed to 6 the supreme court within five days after the decision is 7 rendered. The supreme court shall hear and render a decision 8 on the appeal forthwith.

<u>F. A</u> write-in candidate shall be considered a candidate for all purposes and provisions relating to candidates in the Election Code, including the obligations to report pursuant to the Campaign Reporting Act, except that the write-in candidate's name shall not be printed on the ballot."

SECTION 58. Section 1-8-40 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 175, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-40. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY--FALSE STATEMENT.--Any person knowingly making a false statement in [his] the person's declaration of candidacy [by nominating petition or by preprimary convention designation] is guilty of a fourth degree felony."

SECTION 59. Section 1-8-51 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 322, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-51. INDEPENDENT CANDIDATES FOR GENERAL OR UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE ELECTIONS--NOMINATING PETITIONS--REQUIRED NUMBER OF SIGNATURES.--

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1 Α. The basis of percentage for the total number of 2 votes cast in each instance referred to in this section shall 3 be the total vote cast for governor at the last preceding 4 general election at which a governor was elected. 5 Nominating petitions for an independent Β. 6 candidate for president of the United States shall be signed by 7 a number of voters equal to the number of signatures required to form a new political party. 8 9 Nominating petitions for an independent C. 10 candidate for United States senator or any other statewide 11 elective office shall be signed by a number of voters equal to 12 at least two percent of the total number of votes cast in the 13 state. 14 Nominating petitions for an independent D. 15 candidate for United States representative shall be signed by a 16 number of voters equal to at least two percent of the total number of votes cast in the district. 17 18 Nominating petitions for an independent Ε. 19 candidate for a member of the legislature, [public regulation 20 commission, district judge] district attorney [member of the 21 public education commission, magistrate] or county office shall 22 be signed by a number of voters equal to at least two percent 23 of the total number of votes cast in the district, division or county, as the case may be; provided that for the public 24 25 education commission, nominating petitions shall be signed by .222281.1

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at least one-third of the number of signatures that would otherwise be required, and for a judicial office, nominating petitions shall be signed by two-thirds of the number of signatures that would otherwise be required.

F. When a vacancy for any office occurs on the general election ballot pursuant to Section 1-8-7 or 1-8-8 NMSA 1978 in which all political parties may name a general election candidate or when a vacancy occurs in the office of United States representative pursuant to Section 1-15-18.1 NMSA 1978, an independent candidate may file a declaration of candidacy on or by the same deadline applicable to the political parties. The nominating petitions for an independent candidate in such circumstances shall be signed by the number of voters provided in this section, unless there are fewer than:

(1) sixty days from the announcement of the vacancy to the last day to file a declaration of candidacy, in which case an independent candidate shall submit nominating petitions signed by a number of voters equal to two-thirds the number of voters otherwise required by this section for an independent candidate; or

(2) thirty days from the announcement of the vacancy to the last day to file a declaration of candidacy, in which case an independent candidate shall submit nominating petitions signed by a number of voters equal to one-third the number of voters otherwise required by this section for an

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1 independent candidate.

A voter shall not sign a petition for an G. independent candidate as provided in this section if the voter has signed a petition for another independent candidate for the same office."

SECTION 60. Section 1-8-66 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1981, Chapter 156, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

> "1-8-66. GENERAL ELECTIONS--WRITE-IN CANDIDATES.--

A person desiring to be a write-in candidate in Α. a general election shall file with the proper filing officer between 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. on the twenty-third day after 12 the primary election a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate, accompanied by a petition signed by a number of voters equal to at least one percent of the total number of votes cast in the area sought to be represented as were cast for governor at the last preceding general election at which a governor was elected.

[The form of the declaration of intent shall be Β. prescribed by the secretary of state and shall contain a sworn statement by the person that the person is qualified to be a candidate for and to hold the office for which the person is filing] A person shall not be a declared write-in candidate until the person has been notified in writing by the proper filing officer that the certificate of registration on file, the declaration of candidacy and the nominating petition, if .222281.1

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1	required, are in proper order and that the person, based on
2	those documents, is qualified to be a candidate. The proper
3	filing officer shall mail the notice on the Friday following
4	the filing date. The determination by the proper filing
5	officer that a person is a declared write-in candidate is
6	subject to the provisions of Section 1-8-18 NMSA 1978.
7	C. If a person is notified by the proper filing
8	officer that the person is not qualified to be a write-in
9	candidate, the person may challenge that decision by filing a
10	petition with the district court within ten days of the
11	notification. The district court shall hear and render a
12	decision on the matter within ten days after the petition is
13	filed. The decision of the district court may be appealed to
14	the supreme court within five days after the decision is
15	rendered. The supreme court shall hear and render a decision
16	on the appeal forthwith.

[C. At the time of filing the declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate, the] <u>D. A</u> write-in candidate shall be considered a candidate for all purposes and provisions relating to candidates in the Election Code, including the obligation to report under the Campaign Reporting Act, except that the candidate shall not be entitled to have the candidate's name printed on the ballot.

 $[D_{\cdot}]$ <u>E.</u> The secretary of state shall, not more than ten days after the filing date, certify the names of the .222281.1

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1 declared write-in candidates to the county clerks of every 2 county affected by such candidacy.

3 [E.] F. No person shall be a write-in candidate in 4 the general election who was a candidate or who filed a 5 declaration of candidacy in the primary election immediately 6 prior to the general election. A write-in candidate for 7 governor or lieutenant governor in the general election shall 8 have a companion write-in candidate, and they shall be 9 candidates to be elected jointly by the casting by a voter of a 10 single vote applicable to both offices."

SECTION 61. Section 1-9-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 184, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-9-1. SECRETARY OF STATE--DUTIES--VOTING SYSTEM DEFINED.--

A. The secretary of state shall study, examine and certify all voting systems used in elections for public office in New Mexico. The secretary of state shall maintain a current list of certified voting systems and copies of filed testing and evaluation reports accessible by the public on the secretary of state's [web site] website. Only certified voting systems [certified] that are also approved for use by the secretary of state and acquired pursuant to a competitive bid process in accordance with the provisions of the Procurement Code shall be used in any election for public office in New Mexico.

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1 As used in Chapter 1, Article 9 NMSA 1978, Β. 2 "voting system" means a combination of mechanical, 3 electromechanical or electronic equipment, including the 4 software and firmware required to program and control the 5 equipment, that is used to cast and count votes, and also 6 including any type of system that is designed to print or to 7 mark ballots at a polling location; equipment that is not an 8 integral part of a voting system but that can be used as an 9 adjunct to it is considered to be a component of the system." 10 SECTION 62. Section 1-9-7.10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2010, 11 Chapter 28, Section 8) is amended to read: 12 "1-9-7.10. VOTING SYSTEMS--BALLOT HANDLING AND PROCESSING 13 REQUIREMENTS.--Voting systems certified for use in state 14 elections shall: 15 accept a ballot that is a minimum of six inches Α. 16 wide and a maximum of [twenty-four] twenty-two inches long, in 17 dual columns and printed on both sides; 18 Β. accept a ballot in any orientation when inserted 19 by a voter; 20 have the capability to reject a ballot on which C. a voter has made more than the allowable number of selections 21 22 in any contest; 23 be designed to accommodate the maximum number of D. ballot styles or ballot variations encountered in the largest 24 25 New Mexico election jurisdiction; [and] .222281.1 - 119 -

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1 Ε. be able to read a single ballot with at least 2 four hundred twenty voting positions; and 3 F. tabulate as a vote only the human-readable marks 4 in the voter response area of a ballot." 5 SECTION 63. Section 1-10-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, 6 Chapter 222, Section 27, as amended) is amended to read: 7 "1-10-4. BALLOTS -- PREPARATION .--8 In a primary election, not less than sixty days Α. 9 before the election, each county clerk shall group each 10 candidate who has been qualified by a proper filing officer and 11 a space for any offices with a declared write-in candidate, 12 separated by political party and certify in writing a separate 13 ballot for each precinct in the county for each major political 14 party to be voted on at the primary election. 15 In a general election, not less than sixty days Β. 16 before the election, each county clerk shall certify in writing 17 the ballot for each precinct in the county containing the name 18 of each candidate that has been certified as the nominee of a 19 qualified political party, each unaffiliated candidate who has 20 been qualified by a proper filing officer, a space for any 21 offices with a declared write-in candidate and any ballot 22 questions to be voted on at the general election. 23 In a regular local election, not less than C.

[sixty] <u>fifty-six</u> days before the election, each county clerk shall certify in writing the ballot for each precinct in the .222281.1 - 120 -

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county containing the name of each candidate who has been qualified by a proper filing officer, a space for any offices with a declared write-in candidate and any ballot questions to be voted on at the regular local election.

D. In a special local election, not less than sixty days before the election, each county clerk shall certify in writing the ballot for each precinct in the county containing any ballot questions to be voted on at the special election.

E. In a special state election, not less than sixty days before the election, the secretary of state shall certify in writing the ballot containing any ballot questions to be voted on at the special state election.

F. In an election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States representative and except as provided in Subsection G of this section, not less than fifty-three days before the election, the secretary of state shall certify in writing the ballot containing the name of each candidate that has been certified as the nominee of a qualified political party, each unaffiliated candidate who has been qualified and a space for any declared write-in candidate to be voted on at the election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States representative.

G. In an election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States representative in extraordinary circumstances pursuant to 2 U.S.C. Section 8(b), not more than seventeen days .222281.1

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after the announcement of a vacancy in the office of United States representative, the secretary of state shall certify in writing the ballot containing the name of each candidate that has been certified as the nominee of a qualified political party, each unaffiliated candidate who has been qualified and a space for any declared write-in candidate to be voted on at the election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States representative.

H. On the date specified for each election in this section, each ballot certified pursuant to this section shall be sent to the ballot printer or other person preparing the ballot for use by voters and sent to the secretary of state to keep on file for twelve months, after which the certified ballot shall be transferred to be a permanent record at the state records center. Upon request of the county chair of a political party participating in a partisan election, the county clerk shall furnish proof sheets or a copy of the proof sheets of the certified ballot as soon as they become available."

SECTION 64. Section 1-10-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 222, Section 29, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-10-6. BALLOTS--NAME TO BE PRINTED--<u>ORDER OF</u> <u>NAMES</u>--SIMILAR NAMES--NAMES NOT TO BE PRINTED.--

A. In the preparation of ballots for a statewide election, the candidate's name shall be printed on the ballot .222281.1

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1 as it appears on the candidate's certificate of registration 2 that is on file in the county clerk's office on the day the 3 secretary of state issues the proclamation for that election; provided that: 4 5 the last name printed on the ballot shall (1)6 match the candidate's legal last name; 7 academic, honorific and elected titles (2) 8 shall not be printed; 9 periods after initials shall not be (3) 10 printed; 11 (4) punctuation common to names, other than a 12 period, shall be printed as it appears on the candidate's 13 certificate of registration; and 14 (5) only letters and punctuation used in roman 15 typefaces shall be printed. B. The order of candidates for the same office in a 16 statewide election shall be determined using a randomization 17 method provided by rule. 18 19 $[B_{\cdot}]$ C. If it appears that the names of two or more 20 candidates for any office to be voted on at the election are the same or are so similar as to tend to confuse the voter as 21 22 to the candidates' identities, the occupation and, if further differentiation is necessary, the year of birth, of each such 23 candidate shall be printed immediately under the candidate's 24 25 name on the ballot. .222281.1

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1	$[\mathbf{C}_{\bullet}]$ D. A candidate's name shall not be printed on
2	the ballot if at least seventy days before a general election,
3	sixty-three days before a primary election or regular local
4	election or seven days after the filing day for declarations of
5	candidacy for any other election:
6	(1) the candidate files with the proper filing
7	officer a signed and notarized statement of withdrawal as a
8	candidate in that election;
9	
	(2) a judicial determination is made that the
10	candidate does not qualify to be a candidate for the office
11	sought;
12	(3) the voter registration of the candidate is
13	updated by the candidate in such manner that the candidate does
14	not qualify to be a candidate for the office sought; or
15	(4) the voter registration of the candidate is
16	canceled for any reason provided in Chapter 1, Article 4 NMSA
17	1978."
18	SECTION 65. Section 1-10-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019,
19	Chapter 212, Section 103) is amended to read:
20	"1-10-8. BALLOTSORDER OF OFFICES AND BALLOT
21	QUESTIONS
22	A. In the year in which the president of the United
23	States is elected, the ballot in a primary election and general
24	election shall contain, when applicable, partisan offices to be
25	voted on in the following order:
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1	(1) in a presidential primary, president;
2	(2) in a general election, president and vice
3	president as a ticket;
4	(3) United States senator;
5	(4) United States representative;
6	(5) state senator;
7	(6) state representative;
8	(7) supreme court;
9	(8) court of appeals;
10	[(9) public regulation commission districts
11	with odd-numbered designations;
12	(10) <u>(9)</u> public education commission
13	[districts with odd-numbered designations];
14	(10) district attorney;
15	(11) district court;
16	(12) metropolitan court;
17	(13) county clerk;
18	(14) county treasurer; [and]
19	(15) county commission; [districts and
20	positions with odd-numbered designations] and
21	(16) when applicable:
22	<u>(a) county sheriff;</u>
23	(b) county assessor; and
24	<u>(c) probate judge</u> .
25	B. In the year in which the governor is elected,
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1 the ballot in a primary election and general election shall 2 contain, when applicable, partisan offices to be voted on in 3 the following order: 4 United States senator; (1) 5 (2) United States representative; 6 (3) in a major political party primary, 7 governor; 8 (4) in a major political party primary, 9 lieutenant governor; 10 in a general election, governor and (5) 11 lieutenant governor as a ticket; 12 (6) secretary of state; 13 attorney general; (7) 14 (8) state auditor; 15 (9) state treasurer; 16 (10) commissioner of public lands; 17 (11) state representative; 18 supreme court; (12) 19 (13) court of appeals; 20 [(14) public regulation commission districts 21 with even-numbered designations; 22 (15)] (14) public education commission; 23 [districts with even-numbered designations; 24 (16)] (15) district court; 25 [(17) district attorney; .222281.1 - 126 -

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1	(18)] (16) metropolitan court;
2	[(19)] <u>(17)</u> magistrate court;
3	[(20)] <u>(18)</u> county sheriff;
4	[(21)] <u>(19)</u> county assessor;
5	[(22)] <u>(20)</u> county commission; [districts and
6	positions with even-numbered designations; and
7	(23)] <u>(21)</u> probate judge; <u>and</u>
8	(22) when applicable:
9	(a) county clerk; and
10	(b) county treasurer.
11	C. The ballot in a regular local election shall
12	contain, when applicable, nonpartisan offices to be voted on in
13	the following order:
14	(1) municipal, with elective executive
15	officers listed first, governing board members listed second
16	and judicial officers listed third;
17	(2) board of education of a school district;
18	(3) community college, branch community
19	college, technical and vocational institute district or
20	learning center district; and
21	(4) special districts listed in order by
22	voting population of each special district, with the most
23	populous listed first and the least populous listed last.
24	D. The ballot in a statewide election shall
25	contain, when applicable, nonpartisan judicial retention and in
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1 a statewide or special election, when applicable, ballot 2 questions to be voted on in the following order, unless a 3 different order is prescribed by the secretary of state: 4 (1) judicial retention; 5 proposed state constitutional amendments; (2) 6 (3) other state ballot questions; 7 county ballot questions; and (4) 8 local government ballot questions listed (5) 9 in the same order as the list of local governments in 10 Subsection C of this section. 11 E. When multiple positions for the same 12 nondistricted, nonjudicial office are to be elected on the same 13 ballot and the qualifications for each of those positions are 14 the same, the nondistricted, nonjudicial district shall be 15 elected at large in the next election in a single contest on 16 the ballot in which voters shall be given the instruction to 17 "vote for no more than X". If two or more positions for the 18 same office are to be elected to represent the same area but 19 with terms of different lengths of time, the candidate 20 receiving the highest number of votes shall be elected to the position with the longest term length, and the candidate 21 22 receiving the next highest number of votes shall be elected to 23 the position with the next longest term length, with additional 24 candidates elected to positions accordingly. 25 $[\underline{E_{\cdot}}]$ <u>F</u>. When multiple positions for the same

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<u>districted</u>, nonjudicial office are listed on the same ballot [and each position is to be elected individually] or the qualifications for one or more at-large positions are distinct from the qualifications of the rest:

(1) offices designated by district number shall appear on the ballot in ascending numerical order of the districts; and

8 (2) offices not designated by district number
9 shall appear on the ballot in ascending numerical order of the
10 position; provided that the secretary of state shall
11 numerically designate the positions on the ballot as "position
12 one", "position two" and such additional consecutively numbered
13 positions as are necessary, and only one member shall be
14 elected for each position [and

[F.] <u>G.</u> When multiple positions for the same judicial office are listed on the same ballot, [and] each position is to be elected or voted on individually <u>as follows</u>:

(1) district, metropolitan and magistratecourt positions, either for partisan election or for.222281.1

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1 nonpartisan judicial retention, shall appear on the ballot in 2 ascending numerical order of the division number assigned to 3 each position;

supreme court and court of appeals for (2) partisan election shall appear on the ballot in ascending numerical order of the position number designated by the 7 secretary of state for that election, based on the date of the 8 vacancy causing the position to be listed on the ballot; 9 provided that if multiple vacancies occurred on the same day, 10 the positions shall appear on the ballot based on the order of 11 seniority of the justice or judge who vacated the position, 12 with the highest seniority listed first; and

supreme court and court of appeals for (3) nonpartisan judicial retention shall appear on the ballot in ascending numerical order of the position number designated by the secretary of state for that election, based on the seniority of the justice or judge seeking retention, with the highest seniority listed first."

SECTION 66. A new Section 1-11-4.1 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"1-11-4.1. [NEW MATERIAL] VOTER NOTIFICATION .--

A. At least forty-two days prior to each statewide election, the secretary of state, on behalf of each county clerk, shall mail a voter notification of the election. The voter notification shall include:

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1 the date and purpose of the election; (1) 2 (2) an internet web address where a voter may 3 apply for a mailed ballot; 4 (3) a telephone number where a voter may call 5 to request the paper form of the mailed ballot application; 6 (4) a list of the days and times and addresses 7 of early voting locations and voter convenience centers where a voter may vote in person; and 8 9 (5) a list of the locations of monitored 10 secured containers where a voter may return a mailed ballot. At least forty-nine days prior to each special 11 Β. 12 election, the county clerk shall mail a voter notification of The voter notification shall include: 13 the election. 14 (1)the date and purpose of the election; notification that the election will be 15 (2) 16 conducted by mail and that no polling places will be available for the special election; 17 the deadline for voted mailed ballots to 18 (3) 19 be received by the county clerk and the recommended deadline to 20 deposit the voted mailed ballot with the United States postal service for return by mail, which shall be seven days before 21 the election; 22 (4) the address and the telephone number of 23 the county clerk's office for a voter requiring a replacement 24 25 ballot or returning a mailed ballot; and .222281.1

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1	(5) a list of the monitored secured containers
2	where a voter may return a mailed ballot.
3	C. The voter notification shall be sent to each
4	voter, except the voter notification shall not be sent to a
5	voter whose:
6	(1) election mail has been returned as
7	undeliverable and who has not updated the voter's certificate
8	of registration with a new address;
9	(2) ballot is delivered pursuant to the
10	provisions of the Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act;
11	(3) ballot is delivered pursuant to the
12	provisions of the Intimate Partner Violence Survivor Suffrage
13	Act; or
14	(4) ballot, in a statewide election, is
15	delivered pursuant to the provisions of Section 1-6-22.1 NMSA
16	1978."
17	SECTION 67. Section 1-11-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
18	Chapter 240, Section 215, as amended) is amended to read:
19	"1-11-5. VOTING DEVICEPREPARATIONCERTIFICATION
20	<u>A.</u> Forty-two days before the election, the county
21	clerk may begin to prepare, inspect, certify and seal
22	electronic voting machines that are to be used in the election,
23	and such preparation, inspection, certification and sealing
24	shall continue until all machines are prepared, inspected,
25	certified and sealed. <u>The process of preparing, inspecting,</u>
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1	certifying and sealing electronic voting machines shall be open
2	to observation by the public.
3	B. The county clerk shall certify to the secretary
4	of state and the county chair of each political party
5	represented on the ballot the type and serial number of each
6	voting machine to be used."
7	SECTION 68. Section 1-11-19 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018,
8	Chapter 79, Section 33, as amended) is amended to read:
9	"1-11-19. COSTS OF ELECTIONS[LOCAL ELECTION ASSESSMENT]
10	STATE ELECTION FUND [ESTABLISHED]
11	A. There is created in the state treasury the
12	" <u>state</u> election fund" solely for the purposes of:
13	(1) paying the costs of conducting and
14	administering statewide elections required by the Election
15	Code;
16	(2) reimbursing the counties for the costs of
17	conducting and administering statewide elections required by
18	the Election Code;
19	(3) paying the administrative costs of the
20	office of the secretary of state for administering elections
21	required by the Election Code and for administering the state
22	election fund; and
23	(4) carrying out all other specified
24	provisions of the Election Code not already covered by another
25	fund administered by the secretary of state.
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1	B. The state treasurer shall invest the <u>state</u>
2	election fund as other state funds are invested, and all income
3	derived from the fund shall be credited directly to the fund.
4	Remaining balances at the end of a fiscal year shall remain in
5	the fund and not revert to the general fund. Money in the fund
6	is appropriated to the office of the secretary of state for the
7	purposes authorized in Subsection A of this section. Money in
8	the fund shall only be expended on warrants of the department
9	of finance and administration pursuant to vouchers signed by
10	the secretary of state or the secretary's designee.
11	C. Money received from the following sources shall
12	be deposited directly into the state election fund:
13	(1) money appropriated to the fund by the
14	legislature;
15	(2) reimbursements from the state or a local
16	government for elections costs; [and]
17	(3) federal funds received by the state that
18	are designated by the federal government or the state executive
19	for elections or that have been appropriated by the legislature
20	for election purposes;
21	(4) grants or capital outlay funds received by
22	a county clerk for which the secretary of state has agreed to
23	serve as the fiscal agent; and
24	[(3)] <u>(5)</u> grants <u>or capital outlay funds</u>
25	received by the secretary of state for the purposes of
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1 Subsection A of this section and not designated for any other 2 fund.

D. The secretary of state may submit a budget adjustment request to use money in the state election fund for the purposes authorized in Subsection A of this section beyond a five percent variance from the approved elections budget for 7 the current fiscal year.

8 [D. In the event that] E. If the current year 9 balances in the state election fund do not cover the costs of 10 elections, the secretary of state may apply to the state board 11 of finance for an emergency grant to cover those costs pursuant 12 to Section 6-1-2 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 69. A new Section 1-11-20 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"1-11-20. [NEW MATERIAL] COSTS OF ELECTIONS--COUNTY ELECTION FUND .--

A. A "county election fund" is created within the county treasury of each county.

Expenditures from the county election fund shall Β. be determined by the county clerk and shall be used exclusively for purposes relating to the administration of elections pursuant to the provisions of the Election Code and rules issued by the secretary of state. Remaining balances at the end of a fiscal year shall remain in the fund and not revert to the county general fund.

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1	C. Money received from the following sources shall
2	be deposited directly into the county election fund:
3	(1) county general funds appropriated for the
4	costs of elections;
5	(2) other money appropriated to the fund by
6	the board of county commissioners;
7	(3) filing fees paid for elections;
8	(4) money received from the state or a local
9	public body for the costs of conducting a special election
10	pursuant to the Special Election Act;
11	(5) grants and reimbursements from the state
12	for elections costs;
13	(6) federal funds received by the county that
14	are designated for elections or that have been appropriated for
15	election purposes; and
16	(7) grants or capital outlay funds received by
17	a county for election purposes from any source and not
18	designated to any other county fund.
19	D. The county election fund is subject to being
20	audited in the same manner as other funds in the county. The
21	county clerk shall prepare a report detailing the source of
22	funds deposited into the county election fund, the use of funds
23	and the remaining balances within the county election fund
24	during the annual county budgeting process. The county clerk
25	shall report to the secretary of state the use and remaining
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balances of state funds within the county election fund as required by the secretary of state."

SECTION 70. Section 1-12-25.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 356, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-12-25.2. CONDUCT OF ELECTION--PROVISIONAL VOTING--INFORMATION TO VOTER--STATUS OF VOTER'S BALLOT.--

A. If a voter is required to vote on a provisional paper ballot, the presiding judge or election judge shall give the voter written instructions on how the voter may determine whether the vote was counted and, if the vote was not counted, the reason it was not counted.

B. The secretary of state shall provide a free access system, such as a toll-free telephone number or internet website, that a voter who casts a provisional paper ballot may access to ascertain whether the voter's ballot was counted and, if the vote was not counted, the reason it was not counted and how to appeal the decision pursuant to rules issued by the secretary of state. Access to information about an individual voter's provisional paper ballot through the free access system is restricted to the voter who cast the ballot.

C. Beginning with the closing of the polls on election day through the tenth day following the election, the county clerk shall notify by mail each person whose provisional paper ballot was not counted of the reason the ballot was not counted. The voter shall have until the Friday prior to the .222281.1

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SECTION 71. Section 1-12-65 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 222, Section 68, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-12-65. [EMERGENCY SITUATIONS] PAPER BALLOTS--COUNTING AND TALLYING PROCEDURES.--

A. The presiding judge and the election judges, assisted by the election clerks, shall count the number of paper ballots that were not tabulated by the electronic vote tabulator, write the number of such ballots on each copy of the certificate of returns for that polling place and place the paper ballots that were not tabulated by the electronic vote tabulator in an envelope provided for that purpose. The envelope shall not be locked in the ballot box but shall instead be <u>sealed either with a numbered seal or a locking</u> <u>device and</u> transmitted directly to the county clerk for machine-tabulation or hand-tallying of the ballots.

B. The presiding judge and the election judges, assisted by the election clerks, shall count the number of machine-tabulated paper ballots with write-in votes, write the number of such ballots on each copy of the certificate of returns for that polling place and place those paper ballots .222281.1

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with write-in votes in an envelope provided for that purpose. The envelope shall not be locked in the ballot box but shall instead be <u>sealed either with a numbered seal or a locking</u> <u>device and</u> transmitted directly to the county clerk for manual counting of the write-in votes.

[C. The tallying of paper ballots that were not tabulated by the electronic vote tabulator at the polling place and the counting of ballots with write-in votes shall be in accordance with procedures prescribed by the secretary of state.]

C. If the county clerk receives a sealed envelope pursuant to Subsection A or B of this section and the absent voter election board has not adjourned, the sealed envelope shall be logged and transmitted to the absent voter election board to be opened and tallied immediately. If the sealed envelope is received by the county clerk after the absent voter election board has adjourned, the sealed envelope shall be logged and transmitted to be opened and tallied by an election board appointed to assist in the preparation of the county canvass report."

SECTION 72. Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 222, Section 72, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 1-12-69 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"1-12-69. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] DISPOSITION OF PAPER BALLOTS AND RECORDS RELATED TO VOTING.--

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1 Α. Paper ballots marked by voters and records 2 related to voting in any election shall be retained and 3 preserved for the greater of: 4 (1) twenty-two months from the date of the 5 election for any election in which a federal office appears on 6 the ballot; 7 ten months from the date of the election (2)8 for all other elections; or 9 four months following resolution of a (3) 10 contest or other judicial inquiry, including all appeals, for 11 any election, precinct or polling place that is the subject of 12 the contest or other judicial inquiry. 13 Β. Following the retention period, paper ballots 14 marked by voters and records related to voting retained and 15 preserved in the county may be destroyed at a time and in a 16 manner as determined by the county clerk; provided that the 17 county clerk shall use one of the destruction methods approved 18 by the state records administrator for destruction of public 19 records. Any interested person shall be permitted to be 20 present during the destruction of paper ballots marked by a 21

voter and records related to voting by the county clerk. At least seven days prior to a destruction, the clerk shall post on the county website a notice of destruction of paper ballots and records related to voting and shall provide notice to the county chair of each political party participating in that

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election. The notice shall include information regarding the
 election that is the subject of the records destruction and the
 date, time and place where marked ballots and records related
 to voting will be destroyed.
 C. During the retention period, the county clerk

During the retention period, the county clerk C. may determine that paper ballots marked by voters and physical records related to voting from an election should be retained and preserved by the state records administrator. The state records administrator shall receive for storage paper ballots marked by voters and physical records related to voting and, following the retention periods required by this section, may destroy the ballots and physical records pursuant to the procedures used by the state records administrator for destruction of public records following a retention period. The state records administrator may enter into a memorandum of understanding with the secretary of state to cover the costs of storage through the state election fund. The county clerk shall post on the county website a notice at least seven days prior to sending ballots and physical records related to voting to the state records administrator.

D. Paper ballots marked by voters, their digitized equivalents and records related to voting are exempt from third-party inspection except as otherwise provided in the Election Code until the later of sixty days following adjournment of the state or county canvassing board for that .222281.1

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1 election or sixty days following any recount, contest or other 2 judicial inquiry for any election, precinct or polling place 3 that is the subject of the recount, contest or judicial 4 inquiry. Thereafter, during the retention period and prior to 5 destruction of the ballots or records, a third-party inspection 6 not otherwise provided for in the Election Code shall be 7 conducted for good cause shown and upon order of the district 8 court. When a third-party inspection is ordered, a county 9 clerk, the clerk's agent, the state records administrator or 10 the state records administrator's agent shall be present during 11 the inspection to ensure that all ballots and records are 12 properly catalogued and returned in proper order. An 13 inspection of paper ballots marked by voters, their digitized 14 equivalents or records related to voting shall be conducted in 15 such a manner as to secure the secrecy of the ballot."

SECTION 73. Section 1-13-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 303, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-13-1. POST-ELECTION DUTIES--COUNTY CANVASSING BOARD.--

A. The board of county commissioners is ex officio the county canvassing board in each county.

B. The board of county commissioners may designate the board of registration to serve as the county canvassing board for the county. The designation shall be made in the polling place resolution adopted pursuant to Section 1-3-2 NMSA 1978 and is valid for all statewide and special elections .222281.1

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1	conducted within the county until the expiration of the
2	resolution.
3	C. The county canvass report prepared by the county
4	clerk and approved by the county canvassing board shall consist
5	<u>of:</u>
6	(1) the certificate of canvass to be signed by
7	the county clerk and the county canvassing board members;
8	(2) a report of the final vote counts for each
9	candidate contest and ballot question voted on by voters of the
10	county separated by mailed ballots, early voting and election
11	<u>day voting;</u>
12	(3) a report of the total ballots requested,
13	returned, accepted and rejected from uniformed-service voters
14	or overseas voters; and
15	(4) a report of all provisional ballots
16	accepted and rejected.
17	D. Immediately after the meeting of the county
18	canvassing board, the county clerk shall transmit a copy of the
19	county canvass report, along with any hand tally sheets, to the
20	secretary of state."
21	SECTION 74. Section 1-13-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
22	Chapter 240, Section 306, as amended) is amended to read:
23	"1-13-4. POST-ELECTION DUTIESCOUNTY CANVASSMETHOD
24	The county clerk shall:
25	A. appoint an election board to conduct a machine-
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1	tabulation or hand-tally if the county clerk has received and
2	logged any:
3	(1) paper ballots not previously tabulated;
4	(2) absentee ballots delivered to an election
5	board not previously tabulated;
6	(3) provisional paper ballots that have been
7	qualified and contain votes that are to be counted; or
8	(4) ballots with write-in votes not previously
9	counted;
10	$[A_{\bullet}]$ <u>B.</u> prepare the report of the canvass of the
11	election returns by carefully examining the returns of each
12	precinct to ascertain if they contain the properly executed
13	certificates required by the Election Code and to ascertain
14	whether any discrepancy, omission or error appears on the face
15	of the election returns; [and
16	B.] C. present the report of the canvass to the
17	county canvassing board for the board's consideration and
18	approval; <u>and</u>
19	D. provide the county canvassing board a summary
20	report of the ballots tallied by the election board pursuant to
21	Subsection A of this section and deliver directly to the
22	secretary of state a cumulative report to be used in the event
23	<u>of a recount</u> ."
24	SECTION 75. Section 1-13-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
25	Chapter 240, Section 310, as amended) is amended to read:
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1	"1-13-8. POST-ELECTION DUTIESCOUNTY CANVASSSEARCH FOR
2	MISSING RETURNSIf it is necessary to open a ballot box on
3	election night <u>through the adjournment of the state canvass</u> to
4	ascertain if missing election returns are enclosed in the
5	ballot box, the ballot box shall be opened <u>in the presence of a</u>
6	presiding judge and two election judges of an election board by
7	the county clerk [and the district judge] or [someone] <u>a deputy</u>
8	<u>clerk</u> designated by the [district judge. In the presence of
9	the district judge or the designated representative of the
10	district judge] county clerk. The county clerk or deputy clerk
11	may remove the missing returns necessary to canvass the
12	election. [When such omission or negligence of the precinct
13	board causes an additional expense to be incurred, no
14	compensation shall be paid to the precinct board for its
15	services on election day] The presiding judge and election
16	judges shall document the search for missing returns using a
17	form prescribed by the secretary of state."
18	SECTION 76. Section 1-14-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971,
19	Chapter 249, Section 2) is amended to read:
20	"1-14-9. IMPOUNDING BALLOTSAPPLICATION FOR COURT
21	ORDERDEPOSIT REQUIRED
22	A. Upon an order of the district court, ballots may
23	be impounded during the period of time between the completion
24	of the county canvass and the last day to file a candidate
25	contest in that election.
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1	<u>B.</u> Any candidate in an election may petition the
2	district court for an order impounding ballots in one or more
3	precincts or polling places within which [he is a candidate]
4	the candidate's name appeared on the ballot. The action shall
5	be brought in the district court for the county in which the
6	precincts or polling places are located. The petition shall
7	state what specific items of ballots are requested to be
8	impounded. Upon receipt of the petition, along with a
9	<u>sufficient</u> cash deposit [of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) per
10	precinct] or a sufficient surety bond, to cover the costs of
11	each precinct or polling place for which impoundment is
12	demanded, the court shall issue an order of impoundment.
13	C. Ballots shall be impounded in the county
14	courthouse or secured in the county clerk's office. When
15	impounded ballots are being handled, a county clerk or the
16	clerk's agent shall be present to ensure that all documents are
17	properly catalogued and returned in proper order.
18	D. The state canvassing board shall determine the
19	estimated actual cost of impoundment per polling place and for
20	mailed ballots no later than March 15 of even-numbered years.
21	The secretary of state shall post the impoundment cost
22	determinations on the secretary of state's website when the
23	state canvassing board issues its cost determinations."
24	SECTION 77. Section 1-14-13.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2009,
25	Chapter 233, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

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"1-14-13.2. POST-ELECTION DUTIES--VOTING SYSTEM CHECK.--

2 At least ninety days prior to each [general] Α. 3 statewide election or as soon as practicable prior to an election to fill a vacancy in the office of United States 4 5 representative, the secretary of state shall contract with an 6 auditor qualified by the state auditor to audit state agencies 7 to oversee a check on the accuracy of precinct electronic vote 8 tabulators, alternate voting location electronic vote 9 tabulators and absent voter precinct electronic vote 10 tabulators. The voting system check shall be conducted for all 11 federal offices, for governor and for the statewide elective 12 office, other than the office of the governor, for which the 13 winning candidate won by the smallest percentage margin of all 14 candidates for statewide office in New Mexico. The voting system check is waived for any office for which [a] an 15 16 automatic recount is conducted.

17 Β. For each selected office, the auditor shall publicly select a random sample of precincts from a pool of all 18 19 precincts in the state no later than twelve days after the 20 election. The random sample shall be chosen in a process that will ensure, with at least ninety percent probability for the 21 selected offices, that faulty tabulators would be detected if 22 they would change the outcome of the election for a selected 23 The auditor shall select precincts starting with the 24 office. 25 statewide office with the largest winning margin and ending .222281.1

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1	with the precincts for the statewide office with the smallest		
2	winning margin and then, in the same manner, select precincts		
3	from each congressional district. The size of the random		
4	sample for each office shall be	determined as provided in Table	
5	l of this subsection. When a pr	recinct is selected for one	
6	office, it shall be used in lieu	1 of selecting a different	
7	precinct when selecting precinct	s for another office in the	
8	same congressional district, or	for any statewide office. If	
9	the winning margin in none of th	ne offices for which a voting	
10	system check is required is less than fifteen percent, a voting		
11	system check for that general election shall not be required.		
12	Table l		
13	Winning margin between top	Number of precincts in the	
14	two candidates for the	state to be tested for that	
15	office according to the	office	
16	county canvasses		
17	Percent		
18	greater than 15	no precincts for that	
19		office	
20	greater than 14		
21	but less than or equal to 15	4	
22	greater than 13		
23	but less than or equal to 14	4	
24	greater than 12		
25	but less than or equal to 13	5	
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1	greater than ll	
2	but less than or equal to 12	5
3	greater than 10	
4	but less than or equal to ll	6
5	greater than 9.0	
6	but less than or equal to 10	6
7	greater than 8.0	
8	but less than or equal to 9.0	7
9	greater than 7.0	
10	but less than or equal to 8.0	9
11	greater than 6.0	
12	but less than or equal to 7.0	10
13	greater than 5.5	
14	but less than or equal to 6.0	11
15	greater than 5.0	
16	but less than or equal to 5.5	13
17	greater than 4.5	
18	but less than or equal to 5.0	14
19	greater than 4.0	
20	but less than or equal to 4.5	16
21	greater than 3.5	
22	but less than or equal to 4.0	18
23	greater than 3.0	
24	but less than or equal to 3.5	22
25	greater than 2.5	
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1	but less than or equal to 3.0	26
2	greater than 2.0	
3	but less than or equal to 2.5	32
4	greater than 1.8	
5	but less than or equal to 2.0	37
6	greater than 1.6	
7	but less than or equal to 1.8	42
8	greater than 1.4	
9	but less than or equal to 1.6	47
10	greater than 1.2	
11	but less than or equal to 1.4	54
12	greater than l.l	
13	but less than or equal to 1.2	59
14	greater than 1.0	
15	but less than or equal to 1.1	65
16	greater than 0.9	
17	but less than or equal to 1.0	73
18	greater than 0.8	
19	but less than or equal to 0.9	82
20	greater than 0.7	
21	but less than or equal to 0.8	93
22	greater than 0.6	
23	but less than or equal to 0.7	109
24	greater than 0.5	
25	but less than or equal to 0.6	130
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0.5 or less

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C. After selecting the random sample of precincts pursuant to Subsection B of this section or as required for a regular local election, the auditor shall also randomly select one precinct from each county where a precinct was not selected in the random sample.

7 [G.] D. The auditor shall notify the appropriate
8 county clerks of the precincts that are to be included in the
9 voting system check upon their selection. The auditor shall
10 direct the appropriate county clerks to open the locked ballot
11 boxes and remove ballots from the selected precincts and:

(1) in a primary or general election, the auditor shall direct the appropriate county clerks to compare the original machine count precinct vote totals [including early absentee and absentee by mail machine count vote totals] for candidates for offices subject to the voting system check from the selected precincts for each office with the respective vote totals of a hand recount of the paper ballots from those precincts;

(2) in a regular local election, the size of the random sample shall be the largest number of precincts that were used for the random sample in the previous general election. The auditor shall direct the appropriate county clerks to compare the original machine count precinct vote totals for the three contests with the closest margin between .222281.1

1	the two candidates receiving the greatest number of votes
2	affecting the final outcome for an office from each of the
3	selected precincts with the respective vote totals of a hand
4	recount of the paper ballots from those precincts; provided
5	that if there are fewer than three contested contests in a
6	precinct, the auditor shall randomly select one or more
7	contests so that three contests are included in the sample from
8	that precinct; and
9	(3) in an election called to fill a vacancy in
10	United States representative, the auditor shall direct the
11	appropriate county clerks to compare the original machine count
12	precinct vote totals for candidates for United States
13	representative from the selected precincts with the respective
14	vote totals of a hand recount of the paper ballots from those
15	precincts.
16	<u>E.</u> The county clerks shall report their results to
17	the auditor within [ten] <u>fourteen</u> days of the notice to conduct
18	the voting system check unless a county clerk is aware of a
19	recount in any office that includes one or more precincts in
20	the county, in which case the county clerk shall report the

results of the post-election audit to the auditor within [ten] <u>fourteen</u> days following the conclusion of the recount.

[D.] <u>F.</u> Based on the results of the voting system check and any other auditing results, the auditor shall determine the error rate in the sample for each office. If the .222281.1

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winning margin decreases and the error rate based on the difference between the vote totals of hand recounts of the paper ballots and the original precinct vote totals exceeds ninety percent of the winning margin for an office, another sample equal in size to the original sample shall be selected and the original precinct vote totals compared to the vote totals of hand recounts. The error rate based on the first and second sample shall be reported, and if it exceeds ninety percent of the winning margin for the office, the state canvassing board shall order that a full hand recount of the ballots for that office be conducted.

 $[E_{\cdot}]$ <u>G.</u> The auditor shall report the results of the voting system check to the secretary of state upon completion of the voting system check and release the results to the public.

[F.] <u>H.</u> Persons designated as county canvass observers may observe the hand recount described in Subsection [6] <u>D</u> of this section. Observers shall comply with the procedures governing county canvass observers as provided in Section 1-2-31 NMSA 1978.

[G.] <u>I.</u> If a recount for an office selected for a voting system check is conducted pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 1, Article 14 NMSA 1978, the vote totals from the hand count of ballots for that office in precincts selected for the voting system check may be used in lieu of recounting the same .222281.1

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1 ballots for the recount.

[H.] J. All costs of a voting system check or required hand recount shall be paid in the same manner as automatic recounts."

SECTION 78. Section 1-14-15 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1978, Chapter 48, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-14-15. RECOUNTS--RECHECKS--COST OF PROCEEDINGS.--

An applicant for a recount shall deposit with Α. the proper canvassing board or, in the case of an office for which the state canvassing board issues a certificate of nomination or election, with the secretary of state sufficient cash, or a sufficient surety bond, to cover the cost of a recount for each precinct for which a recount is demanded. An applicant for a recheck shall deposit with the proper canvassing board or, in the case of an office for which the state canvassing board issues a certificate of nomination or election, with the secretary of state sufficient cash, or a sufficient surety bond, to cover the cost of the recheck for each voting machine to be rechecked. The state canvassing board shall determine the estimated actual cost of a recount per [precinct] polling place and for mailed ballots and a recheck per voting machine no later than March 15 of evennumbered years. The secretary of state shall post the recount and recheck cost determinations on the secretary of state's [web site] website when the state canvassing board issues its .222281.1

1 cost determinations.

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B. The deposit or surety bond shall be security for the payment of the costs and expenses of the recount or recheck in case the results of the recount or recheck are not sufficient to change the results of the election.

C. If it appears that error or fraud sufficient to change the winner of the election has been committed, the costs and expenses of the recount or recheck shall be paid by the state upon warrant issued by the secretary of finance and administration supported by a voucher of the secretary of state, or shall be paid by the county upon warrant of the county clerk from the general fund of the county, as the case may be.

D. If no error or fraud appears to be sufficient to change the winner, the costs and expenses for the recount or recheck shall be paid by the applicant. Costs shall consist of any docket fees, mileage of the sheriff in serving summons and fees and mileage of [precinct] election board members, at the same rates allowed witnesses in civil actions. If error or fraud has been committed by [a precinct] an election board, the board members shall not be entitled to such mileage or fees."

SECTION 79. Section 1-14-24 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2008, Chapter 41, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-14-24. AUTOMATIC RECOUNTS--[ELECTIONS FOR STATE AND FEDERAL OFFICES] PROCEDURES.--

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1	A. An automatic recount of the vote is required
2	when the canvass of returns indicates that the margin between
3	the two candidates receiving the greatest number of votes for
4	an office, the margin between those supporting and those
5	opposing a ballot question or the margin affecting the outcome
6	of a nonpartisan judicial retention election is less than:
7	(1) one-fourth percent of the total votes cast
8	in that election:
9	(a) for that office in the case of a
10	federal or statewide office;
11	(b) on a ballot question in the case of
12	a state ballot question; or
13	(c) on a nonpartisan judicial retention
14	election in the case of the supreme court or the court of
15	appeals;
16	(2) one-half percent of the total votes cast
17	in that election:
18	(a) for that office in the case of a
19	[public regulation commissioner] public education commissioner,
20	district attorney or any office elected countywide in a county
21	with more than one hundred fifty thousand registered voters;
22	(b) on a ballot question in the case of
23	a local ballot question; or
24	(c) on a nonpartisan judicial retention
25	election in the case of a district court or the metropolitan
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court; or

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(3) one percent of the total votes cast in that election or five or fewer votes between the two candidates receiving the greatest number of votes for that office in the case of any other office.

6 Β. For an office for which ballots were cast in 7 more than one county, the secretary of state shall file notice 8 with the state canvassing board upon the completion of the 9 state canvass that an automatic recount is required, and the 10 state canvassing board shall order a recount of the ballots for 11 the specified office. For an office in which ballots were cast 12 solely within one county, the secretary of state shall file 13 notice with the state canvassing board within seven days after 14 receiving notice from the county clerk following the completion of the county canvass that an automatic recount is required, 15 16 and the state canvassing board shall order a recount of the 17 ballots for the specified office.

C. Automatic recounts shall be conducted pursuant to the recount procedures established in Sections 1-14-16 and 1-14-18 through 1-14-23 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 80. Section 1-15-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 371) is amended to read:

"1-15-21. EXPIRING TERM AND NEXT SUCCEEDING TERM--NOMINATION.--

A. If a vacancy in the office of United States .222281.1

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1 representative occurs for an expiring term after the last day 2 to amend a general election proclamation, no election shall be 3 held pursuant to Section 1-15-18.1 NMSA 1978. 4 [A.] B. If any political party [convention] 5 nominates any individual to be placed on the general election 6 ballot for the term next succeeding the expiring term, then 7 [such] the person nominated by the party [convention] shall be 8 deemed to also be designated by the [convention] party for the 9 expiring term. No candidate may be designated by the 10 [convention] party for the expiring term only. 11 [B.] C. Any candidate whose name is placed on the 12 [direct primary] general election ballot [in the primary] 13 election] for the term next succeeding the expiring term shall 14 be conclusively presumed to have declared as a candidate for 15 both the expiring term and the succeeding term." 16 SECTION 81. Section 1-15A-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, 17 Chapter 230, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read: 18 "1-15A-9. CERTIFICATION OF PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY VOTE FOR 19 NATIONAL CONVENTION.--[A.] Upon the completion of the state 20 canvass of the results of the presidential primary, the 21 secretary of state shall forthwith certify to the state 22 [chairman] chair of each political party participating in the 23 primary and to the credentials committee of the national convention of each [such] political party [the following: 24 25 (1)] the names of all candidates [and

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1	uncommitted category; and
2	(2)] in that party's presidential primary, the
3	total vote and the percentage of the total vote [of such] <u>the</u>
4	candidates [or uncommitted category] received.
5	[B. Each political party shall select as many
6	delegates and alternates to the national party convention in
7	the manner prescribed by the rules of that party and as are
8	allotted to it by the national committee of that party.
9	C. The vote of the delegates or their alternates to
10	the national convention from each such political party from New
11	Mexico shall be cast on the first presidential nomination
12	ballot of the national convention by the chairman of the
13	delegation. The manner of casting the vote of each party
14	delegation shall be as follows:
15	(1) each candidate and the uncommitted
16	category shall be entitled to a share of the total vote
17	allotted to the delegation that is equal to the proportion that
18	the vote he received in the presidential primary bears to the
19	total combined vote received by all qualified candidates;
20	provided that no candidate shall be excluded who has received
21	at least fifteen percent of the total vote cast for candidates
22	for president of that party, and no candidate shall be excluded
23	in violation of any political party rule; and
24	(2) the method used to compute the total votes
25	allowed to a candidate or the uncommitted category shall be

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determined by the party rules on file in the office of the secretary of state.

3 D. The provisions of this section with regard to 4 the manner of voting by the New Mexico delegations at the 5 national party conventions apply only to the first nominating 6 ballot cast at such conventions. Such delegations may be 7 released prior to the first ballot from voting in the manner provided by this section upon death of the candidate or upon 8 9 his written unconditional release of such votes allotted to 10 him. Any votes so released shall be cast in the manner of 11 votes allotted to the uncommitted category.]"

SECTION 82. Section 1-17-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 393) is amended to read:

"1-17-8. REFERENDUM PETITIONS--APPROVAL BEFORE CIRCULATION.--

A. Before any referendum petition is circulated for signatures, the sponsors shall submit the original draft thereof to the secretary of state to determine whether or not it meets the requirements of law for referendum petitions. At the same time the original draft is submitted to the secretary of state, the sponsors shall also submit a suggested popular name for the law [which] that is the object of the petition.

B. Within [ten] <u>thirty</u> days after submission of the original draft and suggested popular name, the secretary of state shall:

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1	(1) approve and certify the original draft of
2	the petition and approve and certify the suggested popular name
3	or a more suitable and correct popular name; or
4	(2) disapprove the original draft and specify
5	each deficiency not in compliance with the law."
6	SECTION 83. Section 1-17-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
7	Chapter 240, Section 395) is amended to read:
8	"1-17-10. REFERENDUM PETITIONSSUFFICIENCY OR
9	INSUFFICIENCYThe secretary of state shall ascertain and
10	declare the sufficiency or insufficiency of each complete
11	referendum petition within [fifteen] <u>thirty</u> days after it is
12	filed in [his] <u>the secretary's</u> office."
13	SECTION 84. Section 1-19-26 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1979,
14	Chapter 360, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:
15	"1-19-26. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Campaign Reporting
16	Act:
17	A. "advertisement" means a communication referring
18	to a candidate or ballot question that is published,
19	disseminated, distributed or displayed to the public by print,
20	broadcast, satellite, cable or electronic media, including
21	recorded phone messages, or by printed materials, including
22	mailers, handbills, signs and billboards, but "advertisement"
23	does not include:
24	(1) a communication by a membership
25	organization or corporation to its current members,

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	1	stockholders or executive or administrative personnel;			
	2	(2) a communication appearing in a news story			
	3	or editorial distributed through a print, broadcast, satellite,			
	4	cable or electronic medium;			
	5	(3) a candidate debate or forum or a			
	6	communication announcing a candidate debate or forum paid for			
	7	on behalf of the debate or forum sponsor; provided that two or			
	8	more candidates for the same position have been invited to			
	9	participate or, in the case of an uncontested election, that			
	10	the single candidate for the position has been invited to			
	11	participate;			
	12	(4) nonpartisan voter guides allowed by the			
	13	federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for Section			
	14	501(c)(3) organizations; or			
	15	(5) statements made to a court or			
	16	administrative board in the course of a formal judicial or			
	17	administrative proceeding;			
	18	B. "anonymous contribution" means a contribution			
•	19	the contributor of which is unknown to the candidate or the			
	20	candidate's agent or the political committee or its agent who			
	21	accepts the contribution;			
	22	C. "ballot question" means a constitutional			
	23	amendment or other question submitted to the voters in an			
	24	election;			
	25	D. "bank account" means an account in a financial			
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1 institution regulated by the United States or a state of the
2 United States;

E. "campaign committee" means an association of two or more persons authorized by a candidate to act on the candidate's behalf for the purpose of electing the candidate to office; provided that a candidate shall not authorize more than one campaign committee;

8 F. "campaign expenditure" means an expenditure that
9 is made by a campaign committee or by a candidate in support of
10 the candidate's campaign in an election;

G. "candidate" means an individual who seeks or considers an office in an election covered by the Campaign Reporting Act, including a public official, who has filed a declaration of candidacy and has not subsequently filed a statement of withdrawal or:

(1) for a nonstatewide office, has received contributions or made expenditures of more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or authorized another person or campaign committee to receive contributions or make expenditures of more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for the purpose of seeking election to the office; or

(2) for a statewide office, has received contributions or made expenditures of more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000) or authorized another person or campaign committee to receive contributions or make expenditures of more .222281.1

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1 than three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for the purpose of seeking 2 election to the office or for candidacy exploration purposes in 3 the years prior to the year of the election;

> н. "contribution":

means a gift, subscription, loan, advance (1)or deposit of money or other thing of value, including the estimated value of an in-kind contribution, that is made or 8 received for a political purpose, including payment of a debt 9 incurred in an election campaign;

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includes a coordinated expenditure; (2)

(3) does not include the value of services provided without compensation or unreimbursed travel or other personal expenses of individuals who volunteer a portion or all of their time on behalf of a candidate or political committee nor does it include the administrative or solicitation expenses of a political committee that are paid by an organization that sponsors the committee; and

does not include the value of the (4) incidental use of the candidate's personal property, home or business office for campaign purposes;

"coordinated expenditure" means an expenditure I. that is made:

(1) by a person other than a candidate or campaign committee;

at the request or suggestion of, or in (2) .222281.1 - 164 -

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1 cooperation, consultation or concert with, a candidate, 2 campaign committee or political party or any agent or 3 representative of a candidate, campaign committee or 4 political party; and 5 (3) for the purpose of: supporting or opposing the 6 (a) 7 nomination or election of a candidate; or 8 (b) paying for an advertisement that 9 refers to a clearly identified candidate and is published and 10 disseminated to the relevant electorate in New Mexico within thirty days before the primary election or sixty days before 11 12 the general election in which the candidate is on the ballot; "deliver" or "delivery" means to deliver by 13 J. 14 certified or registered mail, telecopier, electronic transmission or facsimile or by personal service; 15 16 "election" means any primary, general or Κ. 17 statewide special election in New Mexico and includes county and judicial retention elections but excludes federal, 18 19 municipal, school board and special district elections; 20 "election year" means an even-numbered year in L. which an election covered by the Campaign Reporting Act is 21 22 held; "expenditure" means a payment, transfer or М. 23 distribution or obligation or promise to pay, transfer or 24 25 distribute any money or other thing of value for a political .222281.1 - 165 -

1 purpose, including payment of a debt incurred in an election 2 campaign [or pre-primary convention]; 3 "independent expenditure" means an expenditure N. 4 that is: 5 made by a person other than a candidate or (1)6 campaign committee; 7 (2) not a coordinated expenditure as defined 8 in the Campaign Reporting Act; and 9 made to pay for an advertisement that: (3) 10 (a) expressly advocates the election or 11 defeat of a clearly identified candidate or the passage or 12 defeat of a clearly identified ballot question; 13 (b) is susceptible to no other 14 reasonable interpretation than as an appeal to vote for or 15 against a clearly identified candidate or ballot question; or 16 (c) refers to a clearly identified 17 candidate or ballot question and is published and disseminated 18 to the relevant electorate in New Mexico within thirty days 19 before the primary election or sixty days before the general 20 election at which the candidate or ballot question is on the 21 ballot; 22 "legislative caucus committee" means a political 0. 23 committee established by the members of a political party in a 24 chamber of the legislature; 25 Ρ. "person" means an individual or entity; .222281.1

1	Q. "political committee" means:
2	(1) a political party;
3	(2) a legislative caucus committee;
4	(3) an association that consists of two or
5	more persons whose primary purpose is to make contributions to
6	candidates, campaign committees or political committees or make
7	coordinated expenditures or any combination thereof; or
8	(4) an association that consists of two or
9	more persons whose primary purpose is to make independent
10	expenditures and that has received more than five thousand
11	dollars (\$5,000) in contributions or made independent
12	expenditures of more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) in the
13	election cycle;
14	R. "political party" means an association that has
15	qualified as a political party pursuant to the provisions of
16	Section 1-7-2 NMSA 1978;
17	S. "political purpose" means for the purpose of
18	supporting or opposing a ballot question or the nomination or
19	election of a candidate;
20	T. "prescribed form" means a form or electronic
21	format prepared and prescribed by the secretary of state;
22	U. "public official" means a person elected to an
23	office in an election covered by the Campaign Reporting Act or
24	a person appointed to an office that is subject to an election
25	covered by that act; and
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1 V. "reporting individual" means a public official, 2 candidate or treasurer of a campaign committee or a treasurer 3 of a political committee." 4 SECTION 85. Section 1-19-29 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, 5 Chapter 46, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read: "1-19-29. TIME AND PLACE OF FILING REPORTS .--6 7 Except as otherwise provided in this section, Α. 8 all reporting individuals shall file with the secretary of 9 state no later than the second Monday in April and October a 10 report of all expenditures made and contributions received on 11 or before the first Monday in those months and not previously 12 reported; provided that, if the date falls on a state holiday, 13 the report shall be filed no later than the next business day. 14 The report shall be filed biannually until the provisions specified in Subsection F or G [or H] of this section have been 15 16 satisfied. 17 Β. In an election year, instead of the biannual 18 reports provided for in Subsection A of this section, all 19 reporting individuals, except for public officials who are not 20 candidates in an election that year, shall file reports of all

expenditures made and contributions received or, if applicable, statements of no activity, according to the following schedule:

(1) no later than the second Monday in April, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before the first Monday in April and not previously

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1 reported; 2 (2) no later than the second Monday in May, a 3 report of all expenditures made and contributions received on 4 or before the first Monday in May and not previously reported; 5 no later than the second Monday in (3) 6 September, a report of all expenditures made and contributions 7 received on or before the first Monday in September and not 8 previously reported; 9 (4) no later than the second Monday in 10 October, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before the first Monday in October and not 11 12 previously reported; provided that if the second Monday of 13 October is a state holiday, the report shall be made on the 14 following day; (5) no later than the Thursday before a 15 16 primary, general or statewide special election, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received by 5:00 p.m. on 17 the Tuesday before the election and not previously reported. 18 19 Any contribution or pledge to contribute that is received after 20 5:00 p.m. on the Tuesday before the election and that is for more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) in a nonstatewide 21 election, or more than three thousand dollars (\$3,000) in a 22 statewide election, shall be reported to the secretary of state 23

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either in a supplemental report on a prescribed form within

twenty-four hours of receipt or in the report to be filed no

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later than the Thursday before a primary, general or statewide
 special election, except that any such contribution or pledge
 to contribute that is received after 5:00 p.m. on the Friday
 before the election may be reported by 12:00 noon on the Monday
 before the election;

(6) no later than the thirtieth day after a primary election, a report by all reporting individuals, except those individuals that become candidates after the primary election, of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before the twenty-fifth day after the primary election and not previously reported;

(7) no later than the thirtieth day after a statewide special election, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before the twenty-fifth day after the statewide special election and not previously reported; and

(8) no later than January 7 after a general election, a report of all expenditures made and contributions received on or before December 31 after the general election and not previously reported.

C. If a candidate, political committee, campaign committee or public official has not received any contributions and has not made any expenditures since the candidate's, committee's or official's last report was filed with the proper filing officer, the candidate, committee or official shall only .222281.1

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be required to file a statement of no activity, which shall not be required to be notarized, in lieu of a full report when that report would otherwise be due and shall not be required to file a full report until the next required filing date occurring after an expenditure is made or a contribution is received.

D. In an election year, a public official who is not a candidate shall file biannual reports of expenditures made and contributions received or statements of no activity in accordance with the schedule provided for in Subsection A of this section.

E. A report of expenditures and contributions filed after a deadline set forth in this section shall not be deemed to have been timely filed.

F. Except for candidates, campaign committees and public officials who file a statement of no activity, each candidate, campaign committee or public official shall file a report of expenditures and contributions pursuant to the filing schedules set forth in this section, regardless of whether any expenditures were made or contributions were received during the reporting period. Reports shall be required until the reporting individual delivers a report to the secretary of state stating that:

(1) there are no outstanding campaign debts;
(2) all money has been expended in accordance
with the provisions of Section 1-19-29.1 NMSA 1978; and
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(3) the bank accounts have been closed. [G. If, during a nonelection year, a political committee has not received any contributions or made any coordinated or independent expenditures since it filed its last report pursuant to this section, it need not file any report under this section until the next reporting period, if any, in which it receives contributions or makes expenditures. A political committee that has not received any contributions or made any coordinated or independent expenditures for a continuous period of at least one year may cancel its registration as a political committee by submitting an appropriate request in writing to the secretary of state. The committee shall retain the obligation to submit a new registration pursuant to Section 1-19-26.1 NMSA 1978 in the event that its future activities meet the requisites for

registration under that section.

H-] <u>G.</u> A reporting individual who is a candidate within the meaning of the Campaign Reporting Act because of the amount of contributions the candidate receives or expenditures the candidate makes and who does not ultimately file a declaration of candidacy or a nominating petition with the secretary of state and does not file a statement of no activity shall file biannual reports in accordance with Subsection A of this section.

[I.] <u>H.</u> Reports required by this section shall be

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1 subscribed and sworn to by the candidate or the treasurer of 2 the political committee or, in the case of candidates for 3 judicial office, by the treasurer of the candidate's campaign 4 committee. A report filed electronically shall be electronically authenticated by the candidate or the treasurer of the committee using an electronic signature in conformance with the Electronic Authentication of Documents Act and the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act. For the purposes of the Campaign Reporting Act, a report that is electronically authenticated in accordance with the provisions of this subsection shall be deemed to have been subscribed and sworn to by the candidate or the treasurer of the committee who was required to file the report.

[J.] I. Reports required by this section shall be filed electronically by all reporting individuals.

[K.] J. Reporting individuals may apply to the secretary of state for exemption from electronic filing in case of hardship, which shall be defined by the secretary of state."

SECTION 86. Section 1-19-34.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 46, Section 12, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-19-34.1. LEGISLATIVE SESSION FUNDRAISING PROHIBITION.--

A. It is unlawful during the prohibited period for [a state legislator, the attorney general, the secretary of state, the state treasurer, the commissioner of public lands or .222281.1

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1 the state auditor or a candidate for state legislator, attorney 2 general, secretary of state, state treasurer, commissioner of 3 public lands or state auditor, or any agent on behalf of the 4 attorney general, the secretary of state, the state treasurer, 5 the commissioner of public lands or the state auditor or a 6 candidate for attorney general, the secretary of state, state 7 treasurer, commissioner of public lands or state auditor] an 8 incumbent or candidate for a proscribed office, a campaign 9 committee or a legislative caucus committee to [knowingly]: 10 (1) solicit a contribution governed by the

Campaign Reporting Act; [For purposes of this subsection, "prohibited period" means that period beginning January 1 prior to any regular session of the legislature or, in the case of a special session, after the proclamation has been issued, and ending on adjournment of the regular or special session;

B. It is unlawful during the prohibited period for the governor or the lieutenant governor, or any agent on the governor's or the lieutenant governor's behalf, to knowingly solicit a contribution governed by the Campaign Reporting Act; For purposes of this subsection, "prohibited period" means that period beginning January 1 prior to any regular session of the legislature or, in the case of a special session, after the proclamation has been issued, and ending on the twentieth day following the adjournment of the regular or special session.] (2) accept a contribution from a lobbyist,

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	1	lobbyist's employer, incumbent or candidate, campaign committee
	2	or political committee;
	3	(3) accept a contribution from any person,
	4	other than a person excluded by Paragraph (2) of this
	5	subsection, who prior to the start of a prohibited period
	6	signed up to have an automated, recurring contribution of more
	7	<u>than two hundred dollars (\$200) per month; or</u>
	8	(4) accept a contribution from any person,
	9	other than a person excluded by Paragraph (2) of this
	10	subsection or allowed by Paragraph (3) of this subsection, of
	11	more than one hundred dollars (\$100); provided that the
	12	aggregate of contributions of one hundred dollars (\$100) or
	13	less accepted during the prohibited period shall not exceed:
	14	<u>(a) two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for a</u>
	15	campaign committee, a legislative caucus committee or an
	16	incumbent or candidate for a statewide office; and
<u>new</u> delete	17	<u>(b) five hundred dollars (\$500) for any</u>
	18	other incumbent or candidate for a proscribed office.
a <u>1</u> = +] =	19	B. Any contribution received during the prohibited
<u>materia</u> Material	20	period in excess of the limits established in this section
	21	shall be returned to the donor or donated to the public
underscored [bracketed	22	election fund prior to the end of the reporting period in which
<u>ersco</u>	23	the excess donation was received.
unde [bre	24	C. As used in this section:
	25	(1) "incumbent or candidate" means:
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SFC/SB 6 1 (a) a person currently holding an office 2 subject to election; 3 (b) a person who is a candidate for an 4 office subject to election; 5 (c) a campaign committee; or 6 (d) an agent on behalf of a person or a 7 committee described in Subparagraphs (a) through (c) of this 8 paragraph; 9 (2) "lobbyist" means a person who is required 10 to register as a lobbyist pursuant to the provisions of the 11 Lobbyist Regulation Act; 12 (3) "lobbyist's employer" means the person 13 whose interests are being represented and by whom a lobbyist is 14 directly or indirectly retained, compensated or employed; 15 (4) "prohibited period" means: 16 (a) for an incumbent or candidate for 17 any proscribed office other than governor or lieutenant 18 governor and for a campaign committee or a legislative caucus 19 committee, the period beginning January 1 prior to any regular 20 session of the legislature or, in the case of a special or 21 extraordinary session, the lesser of the period beginning after 22 the proclamation has been issued or seventy-two hours prior to 23 the start of the special or extraordinary session, and ending 24 on the first calendar day after adjournment of the regular, 25 special or extraordinary session; and .222281.1

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1	(b) for an incumbent or candidate for
2	governor or lieutenant governor, the period beginning January l
3	prior to any regular session of the legislature or, in the case
4	of a special or extraordinary session, the lesser of the period
5	beginning after the proclamation has been issued or seventy-two
6	hours prior to the start of the special or extraordinary
7	session, and ending on the earlier of the twenty-first day
8	following adjournment of the regular, special or extraordinary
9	session or the first calendar day after all bills passed by the
10	legislature have been signed or vetoed and deposited with the
11	secretary of state; and
12	(5) "proscribed office" means:
13	<u>(a) governor;</u>
14	(b) lieutenant governor;
15	<u>(c) secretary of state;</u>
16	(d) attorney general;
17	<u>(e) state auditor;</u>
18	<u>(f) state treasurer;</u>
19	(g) commissioner of public lands;
20	(h) state senator; and
21	<u>(i) state representative.</u> "
22	SECTION 87. Section 1-19A-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003,
23	Chapter 14, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:
24	"1-19A-7. GUIDELINES AND RESTRICTIONS FOR CONTRIBUTIONS
25	TO AND EXPENDITURES OF CERTIFIED CANDIDATES
	.222281.1 - 177 -

1	A. All money distributed to a certified candidate
2	shall be used only for that candidate's campaign-related
3	purposes in the election in which the money was distributed.
4	B. Money from the fund received by a candidate
5	shall not be used for:
6	(1) the candidate's personal living expenses
7	or compensation to the candidate or the candidate's spouse,
8	domestic partner, children or stepchildren;
9	(2) a contribution to another campaign of the
10	candidate or a payment to retire debt from another such
11	campaign;
12	(3) a contribution to the campaign of another
13	candidate or to a political party or political committee or to
14	a campaign supporting or opposing a ballot proposition;
15	(4) an expenditure supporting the election of
16	another candidate or the passage or defeat of a ballot
17	proposition or the defeat of any candidate other than an
18	opponent of the certified candidate; provided that a certified
19	candidate may purchase joint advertisements or services with
20	other certified candidates;
21	(5) payment of a fine levied by a court or the
22	secretary; or
23	(6) a gift or transfer for which compensating
24	value is not received.
25	C. A certified candidate shall return to the fund
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any amount that is unspent or unencumbered at the time that person ceases to be a candidate before a primary or general election for which the fund money was distributed.

4 D. A certified candidate shall limit total campaign 5 expenditures to the amount of money distributed to that 6 candidate from the fund, money received from a political party 7 pursuant to Section 1-19A-8 NMSA 1978 and contributions 8 collected pursuant to Section [8 of this 2019 act] 1-19A-4.1 9 NMSA 1978. A certified candidate shall not accept 10 contributions from any other source except the certified candidate's political party, as specified in Section 1-19A-8 11 12 NMSA 1978 and contributions collected pursuant to Section [8 of 13 this 2019 act] 1-19A-4.1 NMSA 1978.

E. A certified candidate who does not remain a candidate in the general election shall, within thirty days after the primary election, transfer to the secretary for deposit in the fund any amount received from the fund, from a political party pursuant to Section 1-19A-8 NMSA 1978 or from private contributors pursuant to Section [8 of this 2019 act] 1-19A-4.1 NMSA 1978 that remains unspent or unencumbered by the date of the primary election.

F. A certified candidate shall, within thirty days after the general election, transfer to the secretary for deposit in the fund any amount received from the fund, from a political party pursuant to Section 1-19A-8 NMSA 1978 or from .222281.1

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private contributors pursuant to Section [8 of this 2019 act] <u>1-19A-4.1 NMSA 1978</u> that remains unspent or unencumbered by the date of the general election.

G. If a certified candidate ceases to be a certified candidate for any reason, the previously certified candidate or candidate's campaign committee shall, within thirty days thereafter, transfer to the secretary for deposit in the fund any amount received from the fund, from a political party pursuant to Section 1-19A-8 NMSA 1978 or from private contributors pursuant to Section [8 of this 2019 act] 1-19A-4.1 NMSA 1978 that remains unspent or unencumbered by the date the candidate ceases to be a certified candidate."

SECTION 88. Section 1-20-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 431) is amended to read:

"1-20-6. UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF KEYS.--Unlawful possession of keys consists of the possession at any time of any key to a voting machine, [or] ballot box <u>or monitored</u> <u>secured container</u>, or possession of an imitation or duplicate thereof, or making or causing to be made any imitation or duplicate thereof, unless authorized by the Election Code. Whoever commits unlawful possession of keys is guilty of a fourth degree felony."

SECTION 89. Section 1-20-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, Chapter 111, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-20-7. UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF ABSENTEE BALLOT.--

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1 Unlawful possession of absentee ballot consists of the 2 possession at any time of absentee ballot materials when not 3 authorized by the Election Code to be in possession of such 4 materials, or when such materials were obtained in an unlawful manner, and includes the establishment, designation or 5 6 operation of any container or receptacle to receive voted 7 ballots by a person who is not authorized by the Election Code 8 and entering information into or altering the absentee ballot 9 register. As used in this section, "absentee ballot materials" 10 means an absentee ballot, absentee ballot envelopes, the 11 absentee ballot register or an absentee ballot return. Whoever 12 commits unlawful possession of absentee ballot is guilty of a 13 fourth degree felony." 14 SECTION 90. Section 1-20-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 441, as amended) is amended to read: 15 16 "1-20-17. OBSTRUCTING THE POLLING PLACE.--Obstructing the polling place consists of 17 Α. 18 [(1) any person other than a voter offering to 19 vote, a member of the precinct board, a lawfully appointed 20 challenger or watcher, an election observer, an election 21 official having business in the polling place or a person 22 authorized by the Election Code to give assistance to a voter 23 who, during the conduct of the election, approaches nearer than fifty feet from the door through which voters may enter to vote 24 25 at the office of the county clerk, an alternate voting

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1	location, a mobile voting site or any location used as a
2	polling place; or
3	(2) any] <u>a person other than an authorized</u>
4	individual approaching nearer than fifty feet from the door
5	through which voters may enter to vote at a polling place or a
6	person who willfully blocks the entrance to a polling place so
7	as to prevent free ingress and egress.
8	B. A person conducting lawful, non-election-related
9	business nearer than fifty feet from the door through which
10	voters may enter to vote is not guilty of obstructing a polling
11	place, provided the person does not willfully block the
12	entrance to the polling place.
13	C. As used in this section, "authorized individual"
14	means an individual who is not electioneering and who is:
15	(1) a voter offering to vote;
16	(2) a member of the election board;
17	(3) a lawfully appointed watcher, challenger
18	or election observer;
19	(4) an individual giving assistance to a
20	specific person offering to vote;
21	(5) an election official or contractor having
22	business in the polling place;
23	(6) an attorney representing the county or
24	state, a political party or a candidate having business in the
25	polling place; or
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1 (7) a language translator where required by 2 federal law. 3 [G.] D. Whoever obstructs the polling place is 4 guilty of a petty misdemeanor." 5 SECTION 91. Section 1-20-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, 6 Chapter 240, Section 445) is amended to read: 7 UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS .--"1-20-21. 8 Unlawful possession of alcoholic liquors consists of the use or 9 possession of any alcoholic liquor by any member of the 10 [precinct] election board while performing [his] official 11 duties on election day. [Unlawful possession also consists of 12 the use, possession or carrying of alcoholic liquor within two 13 hundred feet of the polling place during any election.] 14 Whoever commits unlawful possession of alcoholic liquors is guilty of a petty misdemeanor." 15 16 SECTION 92. Section 1-22-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, 17 Chapter 79, Section 18, as amended) is amended to read: "1-22-3. REGULAR LOCAL ELECTIONS--SPECIAL LOCAL 18 19 ELECTIONS--BALLOT QUESTIONS--QUALIFICATIONS OF CANDIDATES.--20 A regular local election shall be held on the Α. 21 first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each odd-22 numbered year. A regular local election shall be held to elect 23 qualified persons to membership on a local governing body and, where applicable, to elective municipal executive office and to 24 25 municipal judicial office.

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1	B. A regular local election shall be a nonpartisan
2	election, and the names of all candidates shall be listed on
3	the ballot with no party or slate designation. No person shall
4	become a candidate in a regular local election unless the
5	person physically resides within the boundaries of the district
6	or districted area in which the person desires to be elected or
7	to represent, <u>unless otherwise allowed pursuant to Section</u>
8	<u>1-3-13.1 NMSA 1978</u> , and the person's record of voter
9	registration shows that the person is both a qualified elector
10	of the state and was registered to vote in the area to be
11	elected to represent on the date the proclamation calling a
12	local election is filed in the office of the secretary of
13	state.
14	C. A local government may propose a ballot question
14 15	C. A local government may propose a ballot question to be considered by the voters of the local government:
15	to be considered by the voters of the local government:
15 16	to be considered by the voters of the local government: (1) at a regular local election or a general
15 16 17	to be considered by the voters of the local government: (1) at a regular local election or a general election as provided by Subsection B of Section 1-16-3 NMSA
15 16 17 18	to be considered by the voters of the local government: (1) at a regular local election or a general election as provided by Subsection B of Section 1-16-3 NMSA 1978; or
15 16 17 18 19	to be considered by the voters of the local government: (1) at a regular local election or a general election as provided by Subsection B of Section 1-16-3 NMSA 1978; or (2) at a special local election called,
15 16 17 18 19 20	to be considered by the voters of the local government: (1) at a regular local election or a general election as provided by Subsection B of Section 1-16-3 NMSA 1978; or (2) at a special local election called, conducted and canvassed as provided in the Special Election
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	to be considered by the voters of the local government: (1) at a regular local election or a general election as provided by Subsection B of Section 1-16-3 NMSA 1978; or (2) at a special local election called, conducted and canvassed as provided in the Special Election Act.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	to be considered by the voters of the local government: (1) at a regular local election or a general election as provided by Subsection B of Section 1-16-3 NMSA 1978; or (2) at a special local election called, conducted and canvassed as provided in the Special Election Act. D. Except as otherwise provided in the Local
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<pre>to be considered by the voters of the local government:</pre>

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Chapter 79, Section 19, as amended) is amended to read: "1-22-4. REGULAR LOCAL ELECTION--PROCLAMATION--PUBLICATION.--A [A. Between one hundred twenty and one hundred]

fifty days before the next regular local election, each local government shall notify the county clerk of the county in which the primary administrative office of the local government is situate of all local government positions that are to be filled at the next regular local election. Each county clerk shall inform the secretary of state of all positions to be filled no later than one hundred twelve days before the regular local election.

B--] <u>A.</u> The secretary of state shall by resolution issue a public proclamation in Spanish and English calling a regular local election. The proclamation shall be issued and filed by the secretary of state in the office of the secretary of state [ninety] twenty-one days preceding the <u>filing</u> date [of] for the regular local election, and upon filing the proclamation, the secretary of state shall post the proclamation and certify it to each county clerk. <u>The</u> <u>proclamation may be amended no later than eleven days before</u> <u>the filing date for the regular local election.</u> [G--] <u>B.</u> The proclamation shall specify:

(1) the date when the election will be held;(2) each elective office, local governing body

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1 and judicial position to be filled; 2 (3) the date on which declarations of 3 candidacy are to be filed; 4 the date on which declarations of intent (4) 5 to be a write-in candidate are to be filed; and 6 (5) the municipalities subject to a ranked-7 choice voting runoff election and those subject to a top-two 8 runoff election and the date of the top-two runoff election 9 should one be necessary. 10 $[D_{\cdot}]$ C. After receipt of the proclamation from the 11 secretary of state, the county clerk shall post the entire 12 proclamation on the county clerk's website and, not less than 13 seventy-five days before the date of the election, shall 14 publish portions of the proclamation relevant to the county at 15 least once in a newspaper of general circulation within the 16 county. The publication of the proclamation shall conform to 17 the requirements of the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965, as 18 amended, and shall specify: 19 (1) the date when the election will be held; 20 (2) for each local government situated in 21 whole or in part in the county, each elective executive, local 22 governing body and judicial position to be filled by voters of 23 any precinct in the county; the date on which declarations of 24 (3) 25 candidacy are to be filed and the date on which declarations of .222281.1

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1	intent to be a write-in candidate are to be filed;
2	(4) the location, days and hours for voting at
3	the office of the county clerk;
4	(5) the location, days and hours for early
5	voting at each alternate voting location and mobile alternate
6	voting location;
7	(6) the location, date and hours for voting at
8	each election day polling place; and
9	(7) the date certificates of registration
10	shall be subscribed and sworn as required by law.
11	[E. Whenever two or more members of a local
12	governing body are to be elected at large for terms of the same
13	length of time, the secretary of state shall numerically
14	designate the positions on the ballot as "position one",
15	"position two" and such additional consecutively numbered
16	positions as are necessary, but only one member shall be
17	elected for each position. Whenever two or more members of a
18	local governing body are to be elected to represent the same
19	area with terms of different lengths of time, the secretary of
20	state shall list the office with the shorter length of time
21	first and shall designate each position with "for a term
22	expiring".]
23	D. To assist the secretary of state with
24	preparation of the proclamation, during the month of June
25	preceding a regular local election, each county clerk shall

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1	communicate with each local government whose primary
2	administrative office is located in the county. The county
3	clerk shall inquire as to which local government positions are
4	to be filled at the next regular local election and whether the
5	position is to be filled for a full term or a partial term, as
6	well as the expiration date of each term. Each county clerk
7	shall inform the secretary of state of all known positions to
8	be filled no later than the last business day in June preceding
9	<u>a regular local election.</u> "
10	SECTION 94. Section 1-22-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018,
11	Chapter 79, Section 20, as amended) is amended to read:
12	"1-22-7. DECLARATION OF CANDIDACYFILING DATE
13	PENALTY
14	A. A candidate for a position that will be filled
15	at a regular local election shall file a declaration of
16	candidacy with the proper filing officer between 9:00 a.m. and
17	5:00 p.m. on the seventieth day before the date of the regular
18	local election.
19	B. A candidate shall file for only one position in
20	the same local government but may file for a position in more
21	than one local government on the same filing day.
22	C. A declaration of candidacy shall not be amended
23	after it has been filed with the proper filing officer.
24	D. Each declaration of candidacy shall be
25	accompanied by a nominating petition containing at least the
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number of signatures as required by law for the specific office. If not otherwise required by law for the specific office, the declaration of candidacy shall be accompanied by a nominating petition containing no fewer than ten signatures or a fifty-dollar (\$50.00) filing fee.

[Đ.] <u>E.</u> Each declaration of candidacy shall be delivered for filing in person by the eligible candidate or by a person acting by virtue of written authorization. The proper filing officer shall not accept for filing from any one individual more than one declaration of candidacy.

[E.] <u>F.</u> Whoever knowingly makes a false statement in a declaration of candidacy is guilty of a fourth degree felony and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 95. Section 1-22-8.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, Chapter 79, Section 22, as amended) is amended to read: "1-22-8.1. WRITE-IN CANDIDATES.--

A. Write-in candidates shall be permitted in regular local elections.

B. A person may be a write-in candidate only if the person has the qualifications to be a candidate for the position for which the person is running.

C. A person desiring to be a write-in candidate for an office shall file with the proper filing officer a declaration of [candidacy] intent to be a write-in candidate. .222281.1

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The declaration shall be filed between 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. on the sixty-third day preceding the date of the election. [The county clerk shall ensure that a declaration of candidacy filed pursuant to this section specifies that it is for a write-in candidate.]

D. [At the time of filing the declaration of
candidacy] The declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate
shall be accompanied by a nominating petition containing the
same number of signatures or the filing fee required of other
candidates for the same office.

<u>E. A</u> write-in candidate shall be considered a candidate for all purposes and provisions relating to candidates in the Local Election Act, except that the write-in candidate's name shall not be printed on the ballot nor posted in any polling place."

SECTION 96. Section 1-22-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, Chapter 79, Section 24, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-22-10. CANDIDATE QUALIFICATION--CHALLENGES--BALLOTS.--

A. The proper filing officer shall determine whether a candidate filing a declaration of candidacy is registered to vote within the area to be elected to represent and, if required for the office being sought, whether the candidate's nominating petition for that office has been filed with a number of signatures that is equal to or greater than the number required for that office. If the candidate is so .222281.1

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qualified and no withdrawal of candidacy has been filed as provided in the Local Election Act, the proper filing officer shall place the candidate's name on the ballot for the position specified in the declaration of candidacy and notify each candidate in writing no later than [5:00 p.m. on the sixtieth] the sixty-seventh day before the local election.

B. Any voter may challenge the candidacy of any person seeking election at the regular local election for the reason that the person does not meet the requirements for the office sought by filing a petition in the district court within seven days after the day for filing a declaration of candidacy. The district court shall hear and render a decision on the matter within ten days after the filing of the petition. The decision of the district court may be appealed to the supreme court within five days after the decision is rendered. The supreme court shall hear and render a decision on the appeal forthwith.

C. Ballots for the regular local election shall be prepared by the proper filing officer and printed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1-10-5 NMSA 1978.

D. The printed ballot shall contain the name of each person who is a candidate and the position for which the person is a candidate.

E. The ballot shall also contain all ballot questions that are to be submitted to the voters as certified .222281.1

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by a local governing body to the county clerk in each county in which the local government is situate and shall conform to the requirements for ballot questions on the regular local election ballot as provided in Chapter 1, Article 16 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 97. Section 1-22-18 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, Chapter 79, Section 31) is amended to read:

"1-22-18. LOCAL ELECTION--DATE TERM OF OFFICE BEGINS.--

A. A candidate to whom a certificate of election has been issued shall take the oath of office before entering upon the duties of the office to which the person was elected.

<u>B.</u> The term of office of a candidate elected in a regular local election [or ensuing top-two runoff election] shall begin on January 1 following the candidate's election [and the candidate to whom a certificate of election has been issued shall take the oath of office before entering upon the duties of office].

C. A candidate elected in a regular local election to serve the remainder of an unexpired term shall enter upon the duties of that office on or after January 1 following the candidate's election."

SECTION 98. Section 1-24-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 212, Section 156) is amended to read:

"1-24-3. SPECIAL ELECTION PROCEDURES--CONDUCT.--

A. All special elections in this state shall be conducted absentee. Mailed ballots shall be used exclusively .222281.1

for voting in special elections. Except as otherwise provided in the Special Election Act, all special elections in this state shall be conducted and canvassed as provided in the Election Code.

B. Without requiring a voter to file an application
to receive a ballot, the county clerk shall send a mailed
ballot to every voter of the county or local public body,
except a voter:

9 (1) who was sent a notice pursuant to
10 Subsection C of Section 1-4-28 NMSA 1978 and who has not
11 returned the prepaid and pre-addressed return card sent
12 pursuant to that section and has not filed a new certificate of
13 registration with a new address; [or]

(2) whose voter notification pursuant to Section 1-11-4.1 NMSA 1978 was returned to the county clerk as undeliverable and the voter has not communicated with the county that the voter notification was returned as undeliverable in error or filed a certificate of registration with a new address;

[(2)] (3) whose official election-related mail sent through a uniform, nondiscriminatory process was returned to the county clerk or the secretary of state as undeliverable and the voter has not communicated with the county clerk that the official election-related mail was returned as undeliverable in error or filed a certificate of registration .222281.1

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1 with a new address; or

(4) whose ballot is delivered pursuant to the provisions of the Intimate Partner Violence Survivor Suffrage <u>Act</u>.

5 Forty-two days before the election or in the C. case of a voter notification returned to the county clerk, as 6 7 soon thereafter as practicable, the county clerk shall send to 8 each voter of the county or local public body described in 9 Paragraphs (1) [and (2)] through (3) of Subsection B of this 10 section notice, sent by forwardable mail, that the voter will 11 not be sent a ballot for the special election unless the voter 12 updates the voter's address as provided by the Election Code or 13 informs the county clerk that the address on the certificate of 14 registration is valid. The notice shall include contact 15 information for the office of the county clerk and an internet 16 address where the voter may update the voter's address or 17 communicate with the county clerk. The mailed ballot register 18 shall note which voters were sent a notice pursuant to this 19 subsection.

D. Between the twenty-seventh and twenty-fifth day before the election, pursuant to Subsection B of this section, the county clerk shall send to each voter a ballot for the special election, along with a postage-paid return envelope, a notice that there will be no traditional polling places for the election, <u>the recommended deadline to deposit the voted mailed</u> .222281.1

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ballot with the United States postal service for return by

<u>mail</u>, the deadline for the ballot to be received by the county clerk and a list of the times and locations of <u>monitored</u> secured containers available in [addition to the United States postal service for a voter to return the ballot] the county.

E. Beginning twenty-two days before the election, the county clerk shall issue replacement and provisional ballots as provided in the Absent Voter Act for the mailed ballot process. In addition, the county clerk shall send a ballot to any voter described in Paragraphs (1) [and (2)] through (3) of Subsection B of this section who has not previously been sent a ballot if the voter submits an application pursuant to Section 1-6-4 NMSA 1978.

F. When required by federal law, if the voter has on file with the county a valid certificate of registration that indicates that the voter is a new registrant in the state and who registered by mail without submitting the required [voter] documentary identification, the county clerk shall notify the voter that the voter must submit with the mailed ballot the required documentary identification from the list in Paragraph (3) of Subsection I of Section 1-4-5.1 NMSA 1978. The county clerk shall note on the mailed ballot register and signature roster that the applicant's mailed ballot must be returned with the required [voter] documentary identification." SECTION 99. Section 2-11-8.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993,

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1 Chapter 46, Section 23, as amended) is amended to read: 2 "2-11-8.1. RESTRICTIONS ON CAMPAIGN ACTIVITIES AND 3 CONTRIBUTIONS . --4 [No] <u>A</u> lobbyist [may] <u>shall not</u> serve as a Α. 5 campaign chair, treasurer or fundraising chair for a candidate 6 for the legislature or other state office. 7 It is unlawful during the prohibited period, as Β. 8 that term is defined in Section 1-19-34.1 NMSA 1978, for any 9 lobbyist or lobbyist's employer to contribute to or act as an 10 agent or intermediary for political contributions to or arrange for the making of political contributions to the campaign funds 11 12 of any statewide elected official or legislator or any 13 candidate for those offices. 14 [C. For purposes of this section, "prohibited 15 period" is that period beginning January 1 prior to any regular 16 session of the legislature or, in the case of a special 17 session, after the proclamation has been issued, and ending on: 18 (1) the day the session ends for: 19 (a) any statewide elected official or 20 candidate for statewide office except the governor; and (b) a legislator or any candidate for 21 22 the legislature; and 23 (2) the twentieth day following the adjournment of the regular or special session for the governor 24 25 or candidate for governor.]" .222281.1 - 196 -

1 SECTION 100. Section 3-11-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, 2 Chapter 300, Section 14-10-5, as amended) is amended to read: 3 "3-11-5. MAYOR--APPOINTMENT OF OFFICERS AFTER [ELECTION] 4 NEW TERMS BEGIN. --5 At the organizational meeting of the governing Α. 6 body, the mayor shall submit, for confirmation by the governing 7 body, the names of persons who shall fill the appointive 8 offices of the municipality [and the names of persons who shall 9 be employed by the municipality]. If the governing body fails 10 to confirm any person as an appointive official [or employee] 11 of the municipality, the mayor at the next regular meeting of 12 the governing body shall submit the name of another person to 13 fill the appointed office [or to be employed by the 14 municipality]. 15 B. The organizational meeting shall be held within 16 the first thirty days following the commencement of new terms 17 of office after each regular municipal election. The organizational meeting may be a special meeting or a regular 18 19 meeting of the governing body. 20 [B.] C. Any person holding an appointed office at 21 the time of the municipal election shall continue in that 22 office until the person's successor has been appointed and is qualified." 23 SECTION 101. Section 3-12-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, 24

Chapter 300, Section 14-11-2, as amended) is amended to read: .222281.1

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1 "3-12-2. GOVERNING BODY--CORPORATE AUTHORITY--2 LEGISLATIVE BODY--MEMBERS OF COUNCIL AND BOARDS OF TRUSTEES--3 OUORUM. --4 The corporate authority of a municipality is Α. 5 vested in the governing body that shall constitute the 6 legislative branch of the municipality and shall not perform 7 any executive functions except those functions assigned to it 8 by law. 9 A majority of the members of the governing body Β. 10 is a quorum for the purpose of transacting business. 11 C. Unless otherwise provided by law, a question 12 before the governing body shall be decided by a majority vote 13 of the members present. 14 D. The governing body of a municipality having a 15 mayor-council form of government is the council or board of 16 trustees whose members are the mayor and not less than four or 17 more than ten [councilmen] council members or trustees. Any 18 governing body of more than six [councilmen] council members or 19 trustees may provide by ordinance for the election of two 20 [councilmen] council members or trustees for each ward or 21 district or create or abolish wards or districts or alter the 22 boundary of existing wards or districts; provided that only one 23 [councilman] council member or trustee shall be elected from a ward or district at any one election. 24

E. In those municipalities with a mayor-council .222281.1

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form of government, when there is a requirement that a certain fraction or percentage of the members of the entire governing body or of all the members of the governing body or of the entire membership of the governing body or other similar language other than the requirement of a simple majority vote for the measure, the mayor shall not be counted in determining the actual number of votes needed but [he] shall vote to break a tie vote as provided in Section 3-11-3 NMSA 1978 unless [he] <u>the mayor</u> has declared a conflict of interest.

[F. The governing body of a municipality may redistrict the municipality whenever redistricting is warranted. Upon petition signed by qualified electors equal in number to the votes cast for the councilman or trustee receiving the greatest number of votes at the last regular municipal election, the governing body of the municipality shall redistrict the municipality.]"

SECTION 102. Section 3-14-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 300, Section 14-13-10) is amended to read:

"3-14-10. COMMISSION-MANAGER--SELECTION OF MAYOR--DUTIES.--

<u>A.</u> At the [first] <u>organizational</u> meeting of the new commission [after each election or as soon thereafter as <u>practical</u>] <u>held within the first thirty days following the</u> <u>commencement of new terms of office after each regular</u> <u>municipal election</u>, the commissioners shall select one of their .222281.1

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1 number as mayor to act for two years or until a successor is 2 selected and qualified unless sooner removed by death, 3 resignation or removal from office.

The mayor shall preside at all meetings of the Β. commission and perform other duties consistent with [his] the office as imposed by the commission. The mayor has all powers and duties of a commissioner, including the right to vote upon 8 all questions considered by the commission. [He] The mayor is the official head of the municipality for all ceremonial purposes, for the purpose of civil process and for military purposes. During [his] the mayor's absence or disability, [his] the mayor's duties shall be performed by another member of the commission appointed by a majority of the commission and designated as mayor pro tem.

C. The commission shall meet at least twice each month."

SECTION 103. A new Section 4-38-17.2 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"4-38-17.2. [NEW MATERIAL] APPROPRIATIONS FOR ELECTIONS.--The board of county commissioners shall appropriate from the county general fund all funds necessary for the administration of elections. Such funds shall be deposited into the county election fund for election-related expenses as provided by law."

SECTION 104. A new Section 4-40-11 NMSA 1978 is enacted .222281.1

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1	to read:
2	"4-40-11. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] QUALIFICATIONS FOR CLERK'S
3	CERTIFICATESThe secretary of state, in cooperation and in
4	keeping with the standards of accredited educational programs,
5	shall establish by rule the qualifications that are
6	prerequisite to the issuance of each grade of clerk's
7	certificate."
8	SECTION 105. A new Section 4-40-12 NMSA 1978 is enacted
9	to read:
10	"4-40-12. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION TO
11	CLERKSIn addition to the salaries provided for county clerks
12	in Chapter 4, Article 44 NMSA 1978, county clerks may receive:
13	A. an additional five hundred dollars (\$500) a year
14	for holding a "clerk l" certificate;
15	B. an additional one thousand dollars (\$1,000) a
16	year for holding a "clerk 2" certificate;
17	C. an additional one thousand dollars (\$1,000) a
18	year for holding a "clerk 3" certificate; and
19	D. an additional one thousand dollars (\$1,000) a
20	year for holding a "clerk 4" certificate."
21	SECTION 106. A new Section 4-40-13 NMSA 1978 is enacted
22	to read:
23	"4-40-13. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION TO
24	DEPUTY CLERKSA board of county commissioners may provide
25	additional cumulative increments to the salary of any chief
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1 deputy or deputy clerk employed in the office of the clerk as 2 an incentive for obtaining greater qualification levels up to 3 the following amounts:

A. an additional five hundred dollars (\$500) a year for holding a "clerk 1" certificate;

B. an additional one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) a year for holding a "clerk 2" certificate;

C. an additional two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) a year for holding a "clerk 3" certificate; and

D. an additional three thousand dollars (\$3,000) a year for holding a "clerk 4" certificate."

SECTION 107. Section 7-1-8.8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 87, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:

"7-1-8.8. INFORMATION THAT MAY BE REVEALED TO OTHER STATE AGENCIES.--An employee of the department may reveal to:

A. a committee of the legislature for a valid legislative purpose, return information concerning any tax or fee imposed pursuant to the Cigarette Tax Act;

B. the attorney general, return information acquired pursuant to the Cigarette Tax Act for purposes of Section 6-4-13 NMSA 1978 and the master settlement agreement defined in Section 6-4-12 NMSA 1978;

C. the commissioner of public lands, return information for use in auditing that pertains to rentals, royalties, fees and other payments due the state under land .222281.1

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sale, land lease or other land use contracts;

2 the secretary of human services or the D. 3 secretary's delegate under a written agreement with the 4 department, the last known address with date of all names 5 certified to the department as being absent parents of children 6 receiving public financial assistance, but only for the purpose 7 of enforcing the support liability of the absent parents by the 8 child support enforcement division or any successor 9 organizational unit;

E. the department of information technology, by electronic media, a database updated quarterly that contains the names, addresses, county of address and taxpayer identification numbers of New Mexico personal income tax filers, but only for the purpose of producing the random jury list for the selection of petit or grand jurors for the state courts pursuant to Section 38-5-3 NMSA 1978;

F. the state courts, the random jury lists produced by the department of information technology under Subsection E of this section;

G. the director of the New Mexico department of agriculture or the director's authorized representative, upon request of the director or representative, the names and addresses of all gasoline or special fuel distributors, wholesalers and retailers;

H. the public regulation commission, return .222281.1

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information with respect to the Corporate Income and Franchise
 Tax Act required to enable the commission to carry out its
 duties;

I. the state racing commission, return information with respect to the state, municipal and county gross receipts taxes paid by racetracks;

J. the gaming control board, tax returns of license
applicants and their affiliates as provided in Subsection E of
Section 60-2E-14 NMSA 1978;

K. the director of the workers' compensation administration or to the director's representatives authorized for this purpose, return information to facilitate the identification of taxpayers that are delinquent or noncompliant in payment of fees required by Section 52-1-9.1 or 52-5-19 NMSA 1978;

L. the secretary of workforce solutions or the secretary's delegate, return information for use in enforcement of unemployment insurance collections pursuant to the terms of a written reciprocal agreement entered into by the department with the secretary of workforce solutions for exchange of information;

M. the New Mexico finance authority, information with respect to the amount of municipal and county gross receipts taxes collected by municipalities and counties pursuant to any local option municipal or county gross receipts .222281.1 - 204 -

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taxes imposed, and information with respect to the amount of governmental gross receipts taxes paid by every agency, institution, instrumentality or political subdivision of the state pursuant to Section 7-9-4.3 NMSA 1978;

N. the secretary of human services or the secretary's delegate; provided that a person who receives the confidential return information on behalf of the human services department shall not reveal the information and shall be subject to the penalties in Section 7-1-76 NMSA 1978 if the person fails to maintain the confidentiality required:

(1) that return information needed for reports required to be made to the federal government concerning the use of federal funds for low-income working families;

(2) the names and addresses of low-income taxpayers for the limited purpose of outreach to those taxpayers; provided that the human services department shall pay the department for expenses incurred by the department to derive the information requested by the human services department if the information requested is not readily available in reports for which the department's information systems are programmed; and

(3) return information required to administerthe Health Care Quality Surcharge Act;

0. the superintendent of insurance, return information with respect to the premium tax and the health .222281.1

1 insurance premium surtax;

2 the secretary of finance and administration or Ρ. 3 the secretary's designee, return information concerning a 4 credit pursuant to the Film Production Tax Credit Act; 5 the secretary of economic development or the 0. 6 secretary's designee, return information concerning a credit 7 pursuant to the Film Production Tax Credit Act; 8 the secretary of public safety or the R. 9 secretary's designee, return information concerning the Weight 10 Distance Tax Act: 11 S. the secretary of transportation or the 12 secretary's designee, return information concerning the Weight 13 Distance Tax Act; 14 т. the secretary of energy, minerals and natural 15 resources or the secretary's designee, return information 16 concerning tax credits or deductions for which eligibility is 17 certified or otherwise determined by the secretary or the 18 secretary's designee; [and] 19 the secretary of environment or the secretary's U. 20 designee, return information concerning tax credits for which 21 eligibility is certified or otherwise determined by the 22 secretary or the secretary's designee; and 23 V. the secretary of state or the secretary's designee, taxpayer information required to maintain voter 24

registration records and as otherwise provided in the Election

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1	<u>Code</u> ."
2	SECTION 108. Section 8-4-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969,
3	Chapter 272, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:
4	"8-4-4. FEES OF SECRETARY OF STATE
5	<u>A.</u> The secretary of state shall collect the
6	following fees to be deposited with the state treasurer for
7	credit to the general fund:
8	[A.] <u>(1)</u> photocopies of records, per page
9	twenty-five cents (\$.25);
10	[B.] <u>(2)</u> each certification
11	three dollars (\$3.00);
12	[C. filing each official oath
13	three dollars (\$3.00);
14	$[\underline{P_{\cdot}}]$ (3) search of records where another fee
15	is not prescribed, per hour of search
16	ten dollars (\$10.00);
17	$[E_{\bullet}]$ (4) duplicate commission of office or
18	certificate three dollars (\$3.00);
19	$[F_{\bullet}]$ (5) service of process where another fee
20	is not prescribed
21	twenty-five dollars (\$25.00);
22	[G.] <u>(6)</u> computer printout of Uniform
23	Commercial Code records, per page
24	one dollar (\$1.00); and
25	$[H_{\bullet}]$ (7) computer generated records other than
	.222281.1 - 207 -

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1	voter registration records, per record
2	ten cents (\$.10).
3	B. The secretary of state shall not collect a fee
4	for the following documents when filed in the office of the
5	secretary of state:
6	(1) oath of office; and
7	(2) notice of appointment to a vacancy in
8	<u>office.</u> "
9	SECTION 109. Section 14-8-12.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws
10	1985, Chapter 122, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:
11	"14-8-12.2. COUNTY CLERK RECORDING AND FILING FUND
12	USES
13	A. A "county clerk recording and filing fund" is
14	established in each county.
15	B. Expenditures from the county clerk recording and
16	filing fund shall be determined [annually] by the county clerk
17	[and approved by the board of county commissioners].
18	C. Expenditures from the county clerk recording and
19	filing fund may be expended only:
20	(1) to rent, purchase, lease or lease-purchase
21	recording, <u>redaction and archiving</u> equipment <u>and services</u> and
22	for supplies, training and maintenance for such equipment;
23	provided that equipment acquired pursuant to this paragraph may
24	be used for other regular duties in the county clerk's office
25	as long as the primary purpose of the equipment is recordation,
	.222281.1 - 208 -

paragraph; (3) office; or (4) for staff travel associated with all Diem and Mileage Act. D. The county clerk recording and filing fund is county budgeting process." Chapter 40, Section 1) is amended to read: "40-13B-1. .222281.1 - 209 -

redaction and archiving;

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2 (2) to rent, purchase, lease or lease-purchase 3 vehicles associated with all regular duties in the county 4 clerk's office and for supplies, training and maintenance for 5 such vehicles; provided that the county clerk shall report 6 annually to the board of county commissioners the usage, 7 mileage and necessity of any vehicle acquired pursuant to this 8

9 for technical assistance or for training 10 associated with all regular duties of the county clerk's 11

12 regular duties of the county clerk's office pursuant to the Per 13 14

subject to being audited in the same manner as other funds in the county. The county clerk shall prepare a report detailing the source of funds deposited into the county clerk recording and filing fund, the use of funds and remaining balances within the county clerk recording and filing fund during the annual

SECTION 110. Section 40-13B-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018,

SHORT TITLE.--[This act] Chapter 40, Article 13B NMSA 1978 may be cited as the "Confidential Substitute

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Address Act"."

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SECTION 111. Section 40-13B-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, Chapter 40, Section 3) is amended to read:

"40-13B-3. CONFIDENTIAL SUBSTITUTE ADDRESS PROGRAM--APPLICATION.--

A. The "confidential substitute address program" is created in the office of the secretary of state to provide a process by which a victim of domestic violence may protect the confidentiality of the victim's residential and delivery addresses in public records.

B. An applicant, with the assistance of an application assistant, shall submit an application to the secretary of state on a form prescribed by the secretary of state. The application assistant's signature shall serve as recommendation that the applicant participate in the confidential substitute address program.

C. An application shall be signed and dated by the applicant and the application assistant and shall include:

(1) the applicant's name;

(2) the applicant's statement that the applicant fears for the safety of the applicant, the applicant's child or another person in the applicant's household because of a threat of immediate or future harm;

(3) the applicant's statement that the disclosure of the applicant's residential or delivery address .222281.1

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1	would endanger the applicant, the applicant's child or another
2	person in the applicant's household;
3	(4) the applicant's statement that the
4	applicant has confidentially relocated in the past ninety days
5	or will relocate within the state in the next ninety days;
6	(5) a designation of the secretary of state as
7	the applicant's agent for the purpose of receiving mail,
8	deliveries and service of process, notice or demand;
9	(6) the names and ages of those persons in the
10	applicant's household who will also be participants in the
11	program if the applicant is admitted into the program. Each
12	person in an applicant's household listed in the application
13	shall be considered a separate participant in the program;
14	[(6)] <u>(7)</u> the applicant's residential and
15	delivery addresses, if different, the confidentiality of which
16	the applicant seeks to protect;
17	[(7)] <u>(8)</u> the applicant's telephone number and
18	email address; and
19	[(8)] <u>(9)</u> the applicant's statement under
20	penalty of perjury that the information contained in the
21	application is true."
22	SECTION 112. Section 40-13B-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018,
23	Chapter 40, Section 6) is amended to read:
24	"40-13B-6. CHANGE OF PARTICIPANT NAME, ADDRESS OR
25	TELEPHONE NUMBERREQUIREMENTS
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1	A. A participant shall notify the secretary of
2	state within ten days of legally changing the participant's
3	name and shall provide the secretary of state with a certified
4	copy of documentation of the legal name change.
5	B. A participant shall notify the secretary of
6	state within ten days of a change to the participant's
7	residential address, delivery address, telephone number or
8	email address.
9	C. A participant shall notify the secretary of
10	state within ten days if a new person in the participant's
11	household needs to become a participant in the program."
12	SECTION 113. Section 40-13B-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018,
13	Chapter 40, Section 7) is amended to read:
14	"40-13B-7. PARTICIPANT DECERTIFICATION
15	A. A participant shall be decertified from the
16	confidential substitute address program if:
17	(1) the participant submits a request to
18	withdraw from the confidential substitute address program to
19	the secretary of state;
20	(2) the participant fails to notify the
21	secretary of state of a legal name change or a change to the
22	participant's residential address, delivery address, telephone
23	number or email address; [or]
24	(3) mail that is forwarded by the secretary of
25	state to the participant's delivery address is returned as
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1 undeliverable; or

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(4) the participant does not comply with the provisions of the Intimate Partner Violence Survivor Suffrage <u>Act</u>.

B. If the secretary of state determines that one or more of the causes for decertification provided in Subsection A of this section exist, the secretary of state shall send notice of the participant's decertification to the participant's delivery and residential addresses and shall attempt to notify the participant by telephone and email. The participant shall be given ten days from the date of decertification to appeal the decertification.

C. A person who is decertified from the confidential substitute address program shall not continue to use the person's confidential substitute address.

D. For six months after a participant has been decertified, the secretary of state shall forward mail and deliveries to an address provided by the former participant. Upon receipt of mail and deliveries pursuant to this subsection, a former participant shall provide an updated address to the sender."

SECTION 114. Section 40-13B-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2018, Chapter 40, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:

"40-13B-8. PARTICIPANT RECORDS--CONFIDENTIALITY--DISCLOSURE PROHIBITED.--

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1	A. The secretary of state and an agency shall not
2	disclose the residential address, delivery address, telephone
3	number or email address of a participant unless the information
4	is required to be disclosed pursuant to a court order. A
5	person or agency that receives a participant's residential
6	address, delivery address, telephone number or email address
7	pursuant to a court order shall not in turn disclose that
8	information unless pursuant to a court order or unless the
9	person who was a participant has been decertified.
10	B. The secretary of state shall maintain the
11	confidentiality of all records relating to an applicant for or
12	participant in the confidential substitute address program
13	while the person is a participant and shall:
14	(1) store all tangible copies of program
15	records in locked equipment;
16	(2) store all electronic copies of program
17	records in a password-protected system;
18	(3) restrict access to all program records to
19	secretary of state staff members who are approved to access the
20	records as provided in this section; and
21	(4) release program records only on a court's
22	order.
23	C. The secretary of state shall establish a system
24	for restricting access to program records to approved staff
25	members. Before being approved and granted access to program
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1 records, the staff member shall: 2 submit to a criminal background check (1)3 performed by the department of public safety; 4 (2) not have a record of a sex offense, felony or a misdemeanor violation related to domestic violence or 5 sexual assault on the results of the person's criminal 6 7 background check; and 8 complete forty hours of training, (3) 9 including a domestic violence training course provided by the 10 children, youth and families department and sexual assault 11 training provided by the department of health or the crime 12 victims reparation commission or its successor. 13 D. The secretary of state shall appoint a person to 14 be the administrator of the election component of the confidential substitute address program in accordance with the 15 16 Intimate Partner Violence Survivor Suffrage Act. The 17 administrator shall meet the requirements of Subsection C of this section, and administration of the Intimate Partner 18 19 Violence Survivor Suffrage Act shall conform to the 20 requirements of Subsections A and B of this section and 21 Subsection E of Section 40-13B-5 NMSA 1978." 22 SECTION 115. Section 73-1-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1931, 23 Chapter 97, Section 13) is amended to read: "73-1-13. COMMISSIONERS--DIRECTORS' DISTRICTS--24 25 COMPENSATION--EMPLOYEES--EXPENSES.--

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1 Α. Within ten [(10)] days after entering the decree 2 declaring the district organized, the court shall appoint three 3 [(3)] owners of lands within the district, representative of 4 all parts of the district, to determine and define the 5 boundaries of [such] the district and to make up a list of the property to be embraced and included in the district. 6 The 7 persons so appointed [to be hereinafter] shall be referred to 8 as the "commissioners". [Said] 9 B. The commissioners shall include all property in 10 the district [which] that has within four years received some 11 benefit, either directly or indirectly, from the artesian 12 waters underlying the district or [which] that may be benefited in some degree by the improvements to be made by the district. 13 14 Property benefited by the artesian waters and the improvements 15 to be made by the district shall include property upon which 16 waters from [such] the basin [or basins] is or may be used for 17 irrigation, domestic, public or commercial purposes and shall 18 include any such property, whether [the same be] it is owned by 19 an individual, corporation, village, town, city or other 20 municipality or public corporation. 21 C. The commissioners, in making up a description of 22 the property and list of owners [thereof] to be embraced in or 23 affected by the district, shall have access to the assessment or tax rolls of the county or counties [wherein] where the 24

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lands are situated and may hear and determine all protests

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1 concerning any particular tract or parcel of land to be 2 included in the district, at such time, [and] in such manner 3 and upon such notice as they may prescribe, subject to the 4 right of appeal to the district court, which appeal shall be 5 heard and determined by [said] the court at the time provided for the entering of the final decree respecting the boundaries 6 7 of the district and property to be embraced [therein as herein provided and] in the district. After completing [such] the 8 9 list and defining the boundaries of the district and the lands 10 to be embraced [therein, said] in the district, the commissioners shall, with the approval of the court, divide [said] the district into five [(5)] sections or divisions, having due regard for the value and amount of acreage to be 14 included in each, so that there will be an equitable relationship in value and acreage between the several sections 15 or subdivisions of the district. [Said] The subdivisions shall 16 be numbered one to five and shall be known as "directors' 17 districts". [The commissioners shall draft an election code to 18 19 govern the method and prescribe the procedure for the election 20 of directors from each of the directors' districts. Said code shall provide for the election of a director from each of said 21 22 districts by popular vote of the property owners in the same, respectively, owning property affected by the district, and 23 whether residing therein, or not.] 24

<u>D.</u> Each director so elected, at the time of [his] .222281.1

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election, [must] shall be a freeholder in the district from 2 which [he] the director is elected. [After being approved by 3 the court, as hereinafter provided the said election code may be changed only by unanimous consent of the directors elected pursuant thereto. Said]

6 E. The list of property [and the election code] shall 7 be approved by the court by entering a decree as [herein] 8 provided, but [said] the list shall be subject to the 9 correction of errors in description of the property affected at 10 any time upon order of the court. [A copy of the election 11 code, as approved, shall be filed in the original court 12 proceeding and the same ordered printed for use of those 13 desiring copies, the cost of which shall be taxed as costs in 14 the proceeding.] The commissioners so appointed are [hereby] 15 vested with full power and authority to employ, with the 16 approval of the court, legal counsel and clerical and 17 stenographic help necessary for carrying out their duties [as 18 herein prescribed], the compensation of such employees to be 19 fixed by the court. The commissioners shall [each receive five 20 (\$5.00) dollars for each day's service in performing their 21 duties, but not to exceed one hundred and fifty (\$150.00) 22 dollars each] be reimbursed for per diem and mileage pursuant 23 to the Per Diem and Mileage Act. The expenses incurred by [said] the commissioners and the salaries of their employees 24 25 and their compensation shall also be taxed as costs in the .222281.1

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original proceeding [and said]. <u>The</u> commissioners are [hereby] authorized to borrow, with the approval of the court, an amount sufficient to pay all costs of the proceeding so taxed, at a rate of interest not to exceed eight [(8%)] percent, which [said] loan shall be a debt, charge and valid obligation of the district, to be paid out of the proceeds from the first tax levy [hereinafter provided for]."

SECTION 116. Section 73-1-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1931, Chapter 97, Section 14) is amended to read:

"73-1-16. <u>ELECTIONS--DIRECTORS--TERMS--VACANCIES</u>.--[The directors elected pursuant to such election code]

A. All elections shall be conducted pursuant to the provisions of the Local Election Act.

B. Directors shall be elected for a term of six years each. Each director shall hold office for the term for which [he] the director was elected and until [his] a successor is duly appointed or elected and has qualified, except as hereinafter provided, being removable [therefrom] only for cause after a hearing upon a motion filed by any interested person in the original proceeding in which the district was organized. [Unless otherwise provided by the Election Code] Vacancies shall be filled by appointment of the district court having jurisdiction. Upon the election of the first board of directors, the directors shall draw numbers by lot: numbers one [(1)] and two [(2)] shall serve two [(2)] years; numbers .222281.1

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1 three [(3)] and four [(4)] shall serve four [(4)] years; and 2 number five [(5)] shall serve six [(6)] years." 3 SECTION 117. Section 73-1-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1931, 4 Chapter 97, Section 15) is amended to read: 5 "73-1-17. DIRECTORS--OATH--OFFICERS--SEAL--RECORDS--<u>BYLAWS</u>.--[As soon as practical after the] 6 7 A. At the first meeting in January following an 8 election, the directors shall meet for the purpose of 9 organizing the board of directors. Each director, before 10 entering upon [his] official duties, shall take and subscribe to an oath before an officer authorized to administer oaths 11 12 that [he] the director will honestly, faithfully and 13 impartially perform the duties of [his] office and that [he] 14 the director will not be interested, directly or indirectly, in 15 any contract let by [said] the district, which [said] oath 16 shall be filed in the original court proceeding for the 17 formation of the district. 18 B. Upon taking the oath, the board shall choose one 19 of [their] its members [chairman] as chair of the board and 20 president of the district and shall elect some suitable person 21 secretary and treasurer of the board, who may or may not be a 22 member of the board, and shall require of the [said] secretary 23 and treasurer a bond conditioned for the faithful performance of [his] the secretary's and treasurer's duties, in such amount 24 25 as [to] the directors may [be deemed] deem to be adequate for .222281.1

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the protection of the district. [Such]

2 C. The board shall adopt a seal and shall keep, in a 3 well-bound book, a record of all its proceedings, minutes of 4 all meetings, certificates, contracts, bonds given by employees 5 and all corporate acts [which shall be open to the inspection 6 of all owners of property in the district as well as to all 7 other interested parties]. It shall adopt a set of bylaws not inconsistent with the provisions of [this Act] Chapter 73, 8 9 Article 1 NMSA 1978 for the conduct of the business and affairs 10 of the district [and, when adopted, the same shall not be 11 altered, amended or repealed except upon three (3) days' notice 12 to each member of the board, service to be had by personal 13 delivery or by mailing a copy of such notice in a sealed 14 envelope, postage fully prepaid, to the address of the director 15 to be served or at a regular or called meeting at which all 16 directors are present]."

SECTION 118. Section 73-14-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1927, Chapter 45, Section 301, as amended) is amended to read: "73-14-17. APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS.--

[(1)] <u>A.</u> Within thirty [(30)] days after entering the decree incorporating [said] <u>the</u> district or, in cases of conservancy districts [heretofore] <u>previously</u> created under the laws of the state [of New Mexico], within thirty [(30)] days after the passage and approval of [this] <u>the Conservancy</u> Act [(Secs. 77-2701--77-2928, 77-3001--77-3024)], the conservancy .222281.1

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1 court shall appoint, as a board of directors of the district, 2 five [(5)] persons. Directors [must] shall be residents of and 3 owners of property in the district; provided, however, in 4 districts embracing lands situate in four or more counties, the 5 number of directors appointed shall be seven [(7)], and at 6 least one [(1)] director shall be a resident of and appointed 7 from each county [therein and]. No more than two [(2)] 8 directors so appointed shall be residents of the same county 9 [and]. Provided further that in districts embracing lands 10 situate in four [(4)] or more counties, at least one [(1)]11 director shall be appointed from each county having land within 12 [such] the district, and each director so appointed shall be a 13 person who is a resident of and owner of land within the 14 district and who derives not less than [75%] seventy-five 15 percent of [his] income from irrigation farming. [Said] The 16 directors shall be appointed for terms of six [(6)] years. The 17 court shall fill all vacancies [which] that may occur on [said] 18 the board. Each director shall hold office during the term for 19 which [he] the director is appointed and until [his] a 20 successor is duly appointed and has qualified, being removable 21 [therefrom] from the board only for cause after a hearing upon 22 a motion filed by any interested person in the original 23 proceeding in which the district was organized [and]. Each 24 <u>director</u> shall furnish a corporate surety bond at the expense 25 of the district in amount and form fixed and approved by the .222281.1

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court, conditioned upon the faithful performance of [his] duties as [such] director, which <u>bond</u> shall be filed in the office of the clerk.

4 [(2)] B. All of the provisions of [this] the 5 Conservancy Act [(Secs. 77-2701--77-2928, 77-3001--77-3024)] and of proceedings [thereunder] under that act and relating to 6 7 the qualification, powers and duties of "director" and 8 "[boards] board of directors" shall apply to the 9 "commissioners" and "board of commissioners" provided for in 10 this section [and]. Whenever the term "director" or "board of 11 directors" is used in [this] the Conservancy Act [(Secs. 12 77-2701--77-2928,77-3001--77-3024)] with reference to [their] 13 its organization, powers and duties, it [shall be taken and 14 construed to mean and include] means and includes the "commissioners" and "board of commissioners" created by this 15 16 section. Vacancies on the board by expiration of term or otherwise shall be filled in the same manner as original 17 The office of director and the board of directors 18 appointment. 19 created under Laws 1923, Chapter 140 [of the Laws of 1923], so 20 far as [it relates] they relate to any conservancy district organized [thereunder] for the protection and conservation of 21 lands in the Rio Grande valley, extending into two [(2)] or 22 more judicial districts is [hereby] terminated [and 23 abolished]." 24

SECTION 119. Section 73-14-19 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, .222281.1 - 223 -

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1	Chapter 262, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:
2	"73-14-19. BOARDS OF DIRECTORSMEMBERSHIP
3	QUALIFICATIONSThe boards of directors created [by] <u>pursuant</u>
4	<u>to</u> Sections 73-14-18 through [73-14-32] <u>73-14-31</u> NMSA 1978
5	shall consist of [three directors from and representing that
6	portion of the most populous county within the conservancy
7	district, one director each from and representing those
8	portions of each of the remaining counties within the
9	conservancy district and one director from and representing the
10	district at large] seven or nine directors, as determined by
11	the directors in the year following receipt of the results of
12	the federal decennial census; provided that each director:
13	A. is a qualified elector of the conservancy
14	district; and
14 15	district; and B. resides within the [conservancy district and the
15	B. resides within the [conservancy district and the
15 16	B. resides within the [conservancy district and the county from which he is elected or, if representing the
15 16 17	B. resides within the [conservancy district and the county from which he is elected or, if representing the district at large, resides within one of the four counties of
15 16 17 18	B. resides within the [conservancy district and the county from which he is elected or, if representing the district at large, resides within one of the four counties of the conservancy district] <u>districted area of the conservancy</u>
15 16 17 18 19	B. resides within the [conservancy district and the county from which he is elected or, if representing the district at large, resides within one of the four counties of the conservancy district] districted area of the conservancy district from which the director is elected."
15 16 17 18 19 20	B. resides within the [conservancy district and the county from which he is elected or, if representing the district at large, resides within one of the four counties of the conservancy district] districted area of the conservancy district from which the director is elected." SECTION 120. Section 73-14-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975,
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	B. resides within the [conservancy district and the county from which he is elected or, if representing the district at large, resides within one of the four counties of the conservancy district] districted area of the conservancy district from which the director is elected." SECTION 120. Section 73-14-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, Chapter 262, Section 4) is amended to read:
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 21 22	B. resides within the [conservancy district and the county from which he is elected or, if representing the district at large, resides within one of the four counties of the conservancy district] districted area of the conservancy district from which the director is elected." SECTION 120. Section 73-14-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, Chapter 262, Section 4) is amended to read: "73-14-21. BOARD OF DIRECTORSELECTIONTERMS
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 B. resides within the [conservancy district and the county from which he is elected or, if representing the district at large, resides within one of the four counties of the conservancy district] districted area of the conservancy district from which the director is elected." SECTION 120. Section 73-14-21 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, Chapter 262, Section 4) is amended to read: "73-14-21. BOARD OF DIRECTORSELECTIONTERMS A. Each member of the board of directors shall be

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1 has qualified [provided that in the first election immediately 2 following the effective date of the provisions of this act, 3 candidates for positions 1, 2 and 5 shall be elected for two-4 year terms each, and candidates for positions 3, 4, 6 and 7 5 shall be elected for four-year terms each]. In the year following a presidential election, the odd-numbered districts 6 7 shall be elected, and in the year following a gubernatorial election, the even-numbered districts shall be elected. 8

B. Vacancies on the board of directors shall be filled by the remaining members of the board of directors for the unexpired term of the director whose office becomes vacant. The person appointed to fill the vacancy shall have the same qualifications as the member whose unexpired term [he] <u>the</u> <u>person</u> is completing."

SECTION 121. Section 73-14-25 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, Chapter 262, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-14-25. DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY--SIGNATURES OF ELECTORS.--

A. [Any] \underline{A} person who desires to become a candidate for election as a member of the conservancy district board of directors shall file [his] \underline{a} written declaration of candidacy with the [election director or with the election officer at least sixty days before the election. The election officer or the election director shall certify the candidates to the board of directors] proper filing officer pursuant to the Local .222281.1

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1 <u>Election Act</u>.

2	B. The declaration of candidacy shall [contain:
3	(1) a statement that the candidate is a
4	qualified elector of the district and meets the qualifications
5	of a director as required by law;
6	(2) the candidate's name, address, county of
7	residence and date of declaration of candidacy;
8	(3) the numerical designation of the position on
9	the board of directors for which he desires to be a candidate;
10	(4) if a candidate for a position representing a
11	county in the conservancy district] be accompanied by a
12	petition signed by at least seventy-five qualified electors of
13	the [district who reside in that county;
14	(5) if a candidate for the position at large in
15	the conservancy district, a petition signed by at least one
16	hundred twenty-five qualified electors; and
17	(6) a statement that the candidate resides
18	within the conservancy district and in the county for which he
19	desires to be a candidate on the board of directors] districted
20	area of the district in which the person resides and seeks to
21	represent."
22	SECTION 122. Section 73-14-26 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975,
23	Chapter 262, Section 9) is amended to read:
24	"73-14-26. DESIGNATION OF POSITIONS FOR PURPOSES OF
25	ELECTIONFor purposes of election to the board of directors
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of the conservancy district, each office on the board shall be assigned a position number in numerical sequence [beginning with the at-large position, and then next those positions within the most populous county]. At all elections the same position numbers shall be used to designate the same offices."

SECTION 123. Section 73-14-55 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1943, Chapter 126, Section 2) is amended to read:

"73-14-55. <u>BOARDS OF DIRECTORS--MEMBERSHIP--</u> <u>QUALIFICATIONS</u>.--The boards of directors [hereby] created <u>in</u> <u>Sections 73-14-54 through 73-14-69 NMSA 1978</u> shall consist of five [(5)] directors, each of whom [must] <u>shall</u> own real property within the conservancy district [which] <u>that</u> is subject to conservancy district appraisals, assessments, levies and taxes, and each of whom [must] <u>shall</u> actually reside within the conservancy district [and also within the county from which he shall be elected as hereinafter provided]."

SECTION 124. Section 73-14-61 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1943, Chapter 126, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-14-61. NOTICE OF CANDIDACY--SIGNATURES OF ELECTORS.--[Any] <u>A</u> qualified elector [as herein defined] who desires to become a candidate for election as a director shall [at least forty days prior to the election] file with [the secretary of the board of directors then in office his] the proper filing officer pursuant to the Local Election Act a written notice of candidacy, [which shall state his name and residence and the .222281.1

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1 term for which he is a candidate for election within the 2 conservancy district. If he is a candidate at large, his 3 notice of candidacy must be] accompanied by a petition signed 4 by twenty qualified electors [resident] who reside within that 5 particular portion of the district from which the candidate 6 seeks to be elected. [If he is a candidate only from that 7 portion of the district which lies within one county, his 8 notice of candidacy must be signed by ten qualified electors 9 who reside within that particular portion of the district and county from which the candidate seeks to be elected. No person who has not filed his notice of candidacy as and within the time required in this section shall be placed on the ballot.]"

SECTION 125. Section 73-16-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1961, Chapter 123, Section 1) is amended to read:

"73-16-5. [ELECTION FOR APPROVAL OF] <u>DISTRICT</u> CONSTRUCTION FUND ASSESSMENT LEVY [OF CERTAIN DISTRICTS] ELECTION--FORM OF BALLOT--SUPPLEMENTAL LEVIES.--

A. In all cases, excepting those [hereinafter] excluded by the provisions of the Conservancy Act, as soon as the first construction fund assessment levy is made, the board shall call an election [to be held not less than sixty days after notice of the election is completed by publication. The procedure for and conduct of the election shall be that provided for election of boards of directors who are elected] pursuant to the Local Election Act. The question to be .222281.1

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referred to the voters shall be the approval or rejection of the construction fund assessment levy resolved by the board. The form of ballots shall be substantially as follows: CONSTRUCTION FUND ASSESSMENT LEVY FOR

DISTRICT

[(Name of District)]

FOR the construction fund assessment levy [of the district in the maximum total sum of \$_____]

AGAINST the construction fund assessment levy [of the district in the maximum total sum of §_____] . . .

B. If the majority of voters are against the levy, upon exhibit to the court of the returns so proving, the district shall be dissolved after insuring payment of all outstanding debts. If the majority of voters are for the levy, upon exhibit to the court of the returns so proving, the levy shall be ordered executed and the secretary shall prepare the construction fund assessment record of the district.

C. Thereafter, from time to time, as the affairs of the district may demand, the board may make supplemental levies for the construction fund; provided that the aggregate of all these supplemental levies shall not exceed ten percent of the first levy approved in the election or, in principal, the appraised benefits adjudicated, whichever is less; provided .222281.1

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1 further that if for any reason the affairs of the district 2 [shall] demand a supplemental levy in excess of ten percent, an 3 election as [herein] provided in this section shall be required 4 to approve and order [them] the levy into execution [and]. In 5 the event [they are] that the levy is rejected, the district shall not execute supplemental levies in excess of the limits 6 7 [above stated] provided in this subsection; and provided 8 further that in no case shall a levy be submitted to election 9 where the amount [thereof] of the levy exceeds in principal the 10 appraised benefits adjudicated.

<u>D.</u> Nothing in this section applies to any district [which] that has commenced or completed any phase of improvements pursuant to official plans or to any district containing between fifteen thousand to thirty thousand acres."

SECTION 126. Section 73-16-29 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1927, Chapter 45, Section 528) is amended to read:

"73-16-29. COMPENSATION OF OFFICIALS.--

[(1) Each] <u>A. A</u> member of the board of directors shall receive [five (\$5.00) dollars per day and his necessary expenses for the time actually employed in the performance of his duties] compensation pursuant to the Per Diem and Mileage <u>Act</u>.

[(2) Each] <u>B. An</u> appraiser shall receive [ten (\$10.00) dollars per day and his expenses for the time actually employed in the performance of his duties] compensation as set .222281.1

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by the board of directors.

2 [(3)] C. Before any duties devolve upon the county 3 treasurers under [this] the Conservancy Act, the board shall 4 consult them and agree upon the salaries for the extra clerical 5 force, if any, required in their respective offices to carry 6 out the requirements of [the] law by reason of the 7 establishment of a district [and]. The [said] board shall 8 provide for and pay [said] the salaries to [said clerk or] the 9 clerks while engaged on the work of the district, which clerks 10 shall be selected and appointed by each of [said] the county 11 officers for their respective offices. In case of disagreement 12 as to the compensation of [such] the extra clerical force, the 13 matter shall be referred to the court for its determination." 14 SECTION 127. Section 73-18-29 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1955, Chapter 281, Section 5) is amended to read: 15 16 "73-18-29. CONSERVANCY DISTRICT BOARD--HOW CONSTITUTED.--[After the election herein provided, boards] 17 18 A. The board of directors of [such districts] a 19 district organized pursuant to Sections 73-18-25 through 20 73-18-43 NMSA 1978 shall consist of either three or five 21 elected directors, [one representing each election precinct of 22 such district and one director-at-large] as determined by the 23 directors in the year following receipt of the results of the federal decennial census; provided that each elected director: 24 25 (1) is a qualified elector of the conservancy

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district; and

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2 (2) resides within the districted area of the 3 conservancy district from which the director is elected. 4 B. All [of such] elected directors shall have equal 5 powers and responsibilities. In case of vacancy through death, 6 resignation, removal from the district or failure of any 7 elected director to qualify, the remaining members of the board 8 shall by majority vote fill [such] the vacancy. The person 9 selected to fill [such] the vacancy shall hold [such] the 10 position until the next election of directors in [such] the 11 district. At the next regular local election [of directors of 12 such district | following a vacancy, a director shall be elected 13 to fill [such] the unexpired term of the vacancy. 14 C. In the year following receipt of the results of the federal decennial census, the directors shall determine if 15 16 the elected directors shall be: 17 (1) elected at large by candidates who reside 18 anywhere in the district; 19 (2) elected at large by candidates who reside 20 within a districted area of the district; or 21 (3) elected for a districted area of the 22 district by candidates who reside in the districted area. 23 D. The directors may by resolution restrict candidacy to qualified electors who reside in the unincorporated areas of 24 25 the district; provided that a resolution adopted pursuant to .222281.1 - 232 -

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this subsection shall also provide that no tax, fee or assessment shall be levied on the municipal areas of the district.

4 E. In addition to the elected board members, in the 5 year following receipt of the results of the federal decennial 6 census, the board may by resolution designate two board 7 positions to serve by appointment. The appointment of board 8 members shall be for a term of two years beginning July 1 of 9 each even-numbered year and ending June 30 of the following 10 even-numbered year. Appointed board members are not required 11 to be qualified electors nor residents of the district.

<u>F. An appointed board member may vote on all matters</u> <u>except for a tax or assessment of any kind proposed or approved</u> <u>pursuant to authority granted by Article 8, Section 9 of the</u> <u>constitution of New Mexico, which is limited to a vote of the</u> <u>elected members only.</u>"

SECTION 128. Section 73-18-34 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1955, Chapter 281, Section 10, as amended) is amended to read:

"73-18-34. BECOMING A CANDIDATE FOR DIRECTOR.--Any person wishing to become a candidate for the office of director in any district shall [by the last Friday of July before the election] file [in the office of the secretary of the district] with the proper filing officer pursuant to the Local Election Act a declaration of candidacy, [stating the election precinct for which the person is a candidate] accompanied by a petition .222281.1

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1 signed by not less than ten qualified electors of the [election 2 precinct] area for which the person is a candidate to 3 represent. [No declaration of candidacy shall be accepted by 4 the secretary unless accompanied by such petition, signed by 5 electors.]" 6 SECTION 129. Section 73-20-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1957, 7 Chapter 210, Section 12, as amended) is amended to read: 8 "73-20-12. DIRECTORS--[ELECTION] APPOINTMENT.--9 [At the next regular local election held pursuant Α. 10 to the Local Election Act after a watershed district is 11 created] The board of supervisors of the soil and water 12 conservation district [involved] shall [cause an election to be 13 held for the election of a appoint the board of directors of 14 the watershed district. The board shall consist of five 15 members, with one member being a current or former elected 16 supervisor of the watershed district. The [first] board of 17 supervisors shall [determine by lot from among its membership] 18 choose two members to serve terms of two years and three 19 members to serve terms of four years. Thereafter, as these 20 initial terms expire, their replacements shall be [elected] 21 appointed for terms of four years. Vacancies occurring before 22 the expiration of a term shall be filled by the [remaining] 23 members of the board of supervisors for the unexpired term. [Two or more vacancies occurring simultaneously shall be filled 24 25 by appointment by the board of supervisors.] The board of .222281.1

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directors shall, under the supervision of the board of supervisors, be the governing body of the watershed district.

3 Β. If the territory embraced within a watershed 4 district lies within more than one soil and water conservation 5 district, each additional soil and water conservation district having a minority of the land involved in the watershed shall 6 7 be entitled to [elect] appoint three additional directors, 8 [These additional directors after their election shall 9 determine by lot one] one of whom shall be a current or former 10 elected supervisor of the soil and water conservation district. One of their number [to] shall serve a term of two years and 11 12 two a term of four years. Thereafter, their successors shall be [elected] appointed for terms of four years. 13 The 14 [representatives] board of supervisors of each of these minority districts shall fill vacancies in the district's 15 16 membership for the unexpired term.

17 C. The board of directors shall annually elect from its membership a chair, secretary and treasurer. The treasurer 18 19 shall execute an official bond for the faithful performance of 20 the duties of office to be approved by the board of directors. The bond shall be executed with at least three solvent personal 21 22 sureties whose solvency shall exceed the amount of the bond, or by a surety company authorized to do business in this state, 23 and shall be in an amount determined by the board of directors. 24 25 If the treasurer is required to execute a surety company bond, .222281.1

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1 the premium of the bond shall be paid by the board of 2 directors.

D. The board of directors shall prepare and submit to the department of finance and administration such reports as it may require from among those required to be submitted by other political subdivisions.

[E. Each person desiring to be a director of a watershed district shall file a nominating petition with the proper filing office in accordance with the provisions of the Local Election Act, signed by ten or more qualified electors.]"

SECTION 130. TEMPORARY PROVISION--VOTER EDUCATION AND ELECTIONS TASK FORCE--CREATED--DUTIES--REPORTING.--

A. The "voter education and elections task force" is created to study and provide recommendations on best practices to educate the voters of New Mexico on electoral procedures, voter registration and election safeguards. The voter education and elections task force shall evaluate opportunities for improvements to the electoral process to maximize voter accessibility and accurate voter rolls while continuing to maintain efficient and secure elections. The task force shall function from the date of its appointment until December 31, 2022. Staff and administrative support for the task force shall be jointly coordinated and provided by the secretary of state and the legislative council service.

B. By April 20, 2022, the members of the voter .222281.1 - 236 -

1	education and elections task force shall be appointed as
2	follows:
3	(1) six members who are legislators, with the
4	two political parties with the most members in the state being
5	represented in equal numbers, appointed as follows:
6	(a) three members of the house of
7	representatives appointed by the speaker of the house of
8	representatives; and
9	(b) three members of the senate appointed by
10	the senate committees' committee or, if the legislature is not
11	in session at the time of appointment, appointed by the
12	president pro tempore of the senate in consultation with and
13	agreement of a majority of the members who served on the senate
14	committees' committee during the second session of the
15	fifty-fifth legislature;
16	(2) the secretary of state or the secretary's
17	designee;
18	(3) the secretary of taxation and revenue, or a
19	designee of the secretary who has oversight or knowledge of
20	data collection and system operations within the taxation and
21	revenue department;
22	(4) four public members, with the two political
23	parties with the most members in the state being represented in
24	equal numbers, who have expertise in elections, campaigns and
25	private sector organizational structure and operations and who
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reflect the ethnic, cultural and geographic diversity of the state, two appointed by the speaker of the house and two appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate; and

(5) four county clerks, with the two political parties with the most members in the state being represented in equal numbers, appointed by the county clerks affiliate of the New Mexico association of counties.

C. One representative each from the state registrar and the administrative office of the courts and one representative of the county assessors, appointed by the director of the property tax division of the taxation and revenue department, shall serve as advisory members of the task force, and the voter education and elections task force shall invite the United States postal service in New Mexico to appoint a representative to participate as an advisory member of the task force.

D. Public members of the voter education and elections task force are entitled to receive per diem and mileage pursuant to the Per Diem and Mileage Act but shall receive no other compensation, perquisite or allowance.

E. The voter education and elections task force shall be co-chaired by the secretary of state, or the secretary's designee, and one of the legislator-appointed members from the minority political party, elected by the membership of the task force to serve as co-chair. The task force shall meet at the .222281.1

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call of a co-chair or at the request of one-third of its membership, and as necessary to carry out its duties, but no less than once and no more than twice a month. The first meeting of the task force shall be held no later than May 1, 2022, and the first meeting of the task force shall be an organizational meeting for the task force to develop a work plan to carry out the task force's duties.

F. A vacancy on the voter education and elections task force shall be filled by the original appointing authority. A member who misses three meetings shall be removed from the task force and upon the request of the co-chairs, the appointing authority shall replace the member who has failed to attend three meetings.

G. A majority of the members constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business. The support of a majority of the members is required for adoption of any action; provided that the final report of the voter education and elections task force, including its recommendations and proposed legislation, shall have, at minimum, the support of a majority of the legislative members.

H. The voter education and elections task force may create subcommittees by a majority vote of the members. A subcommittee shall be composed of at least one member from the senate and one member from the house of representatives, including at least one member of a minority political party .222281.1

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1 that is represented in either the senate or house of 2 representatives.

I. Meetings of the voter education and elections task force shall be subject to the Open Meetings Act, and the task force shall actively solicit public input.

J. The voter education and elections task force shall develop policy recommendations and proposed legislation to educate voters on electoral procedures, voter registration and election safeguards. The task force shall also consider improvements to the Election Code to make electoral processes more efficient and accessible to all voters while continuing to maintain election integrity. In developing its policy recommendations and proposed legislation, the task force shall review and consider:

(1) how to educate voters on why a voter's certificate of registration must be kept up to date and, overall, how to effectively disseminate information and engage the public in the electoral process;

(2) federal and state law, constitutional provisions, rules and court decisions governing elections, voter registration and the maintenance of voter rolls;

(3) the accessibility and ease of use of currently used election systems, including the online voter registration system, the vote tabulation systems, election websites and other systems used by voters;

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(4) use of voting best practices and implementation of additional voting modernizations used in other states, including automatic voter registration, same-day registration, geo-enabling the voter rolls, absentee voting, residency requirements and risk-limiting audits that may promote improved voting accessibility and election security;

(5) best practices and standards for maintaining accurate voter rolls, including how best to ensure the ease by which voters cancel registrations in one state and register in another and ensure the integrity of the voter rolls;

(6) best practices and standards for the prompt
removal of deceased persons from the voter rolls;

(7) the impacts of issues relating to the United States postal service on ballot tracking, ballot delivery and addressing, inconsistent or non-delivery to valid addresses and how best to use intelligent mail bar codes, the national change of address database and standard addressing to improve election procedures; and

(8) how to improve data collection and sharing between the taxation and revenue department and the secretary of state and county clerks for the purposes of improving election efficiencies and updating certificates of registration.

K. No later than December 1, 2022, the voter education and elections task force shall draft a report of its .222281.1

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findings and recommendations for consideration by the governor and the legislature and shall present its report to the New Mexico legislative council, the legislative finance committee, the interim committee that studies courts, corrections and justice issues and the county clerks affiliate of the New Mexico association of counties. The task force shall provide a final report, including any proposed legislation, to the 8 governor and all legislators by December 31, 2022.

The secretary of state, county clerks and other L. relevant state agencies shall cooperate with the voter education and elections task force and provide the task force with information regarding databases, information technology systems, cybersecurity, budget, staffing, organizational structure and other information as relevant to the duties of the task force and as requested by the task force.

SECTION 131. TEMPORARY PROVISION--CONSERVANCY DISTRICTS--EXPIRATION OF MEMBER TERMS--LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.--

The term of a conservancy district board member Α. that was set to expire on or before June 30, 2024 shall expire on December 31, 2023, and that member's successor shall be elected in the regular local election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November 2023 for a term beginning on January 1, 2024.

The term of a conservancy district board member Β. that was set to expire on or after July 1, 2024 but on or .222281.1 - 242 -

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before June 30, 2026 shall expire on December 31, 2025, and that member's successor shall be elected in the local election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November 2025 for a term beginning on January 1, 2026.

C. The term of a conservancy district board member not impacted by Subsections A and B of this section that was set to expire on or after July 1, 2026 shall expire on December 31, 2025, and that member's successor shall be elected in the local election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November 2025 for a term beginning on January 1, 2026.

D. Pursuant to Article 20, Section 3 of the constitution of New Mexico, the legislature finds that the conservancy district term adjustments provided for in this 2022 act are necessary to align the conservancy district elections with the Local Election Act, passed and signed into law in 2018, to ensure the efficient administration of elections and to increase clarity for voters.

SECTION 132. TEMPORARY PROVISION--TERMS OF DIRECTORS PRIOR TO EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT.--

A. The term of a director elected prior to the effective date of this act pursuant to Section 73-1-16 NMSA 1978 or the Watershed District Act shall continue and expire on December 31, 2023, and the term of that member's successor shall begin on January 1, 2024.

B. Pursuant to Article 20, Section 3 of the .222281.1 - 243 -

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constitution of New Mexico, the legislature finds that the term adjustments provided for in this 2022 act are necessary to align the elections with the Local Election Act, passed and signed into law in 2018, to ensure the efficient administration of elections and to increase clarity for voters.

SECTION 133. TEMPORARY PROVISION--2021 POLLING PLACE RESOLUTION--VOTER CONVENIENCE CENTER FOR ALL STATEWIDE ELECTIONS IN CALENDAR YEARS 2022 AND 2023.--Each election day polling place established in the 2021 polling place resolution for each county or any election day polling place established by any subsequent amendment to such a resolution shall operate as a voter convenience center for all statewide elections in calendar years 2022 and 2023.

SECTION 134. TEMPORARY PROVISION--RECOMPILATION.--Section 2-21-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2019, Chapter 262, Section 15) is recompiled as a section of the Campaign Reporting Act.

SECTION 135. TEMPORARY PROVISION--COMPILER'S INSTRUCTION.--

A. The compiler shall rename in tables of contents and headings Chapter 2, Article 21 NMSA 1978 as "Recompiled".

B. The compiler shall change the title of Chapter 12, Article 4 NMSA 1978 to "Repealed".

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SECTION 136. REPEAL.--

A. Sections 1-6-9.2, 1-8-41, 1-10-8.1, 1-15A-8, 1-15A-10, 1-15A-11, 3-12-1.1, 3-14-11, 4-38-3, 22-5-1.1, .222281.1

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1	73-14-20, 73-14-20.1, 73-14-22, 73-14-57, 73-14-67, 73-14-71,
2	73-14-88 through 73-14-92, 73-18-26, 73-18-28, 73-18-30 through
3	73-18-32, 73-18-33, 73-18-41 and 73-18-43 NMSA 1978 (being Laws
4	1999, Chapter 267, Section 1; Laws 1973, Chapter 228, Section
5	ll; Laws 1981, Chapter 166, Section 1; Laws 1977, Chapter 230,
6	Section 7; Laws 1977, Chapter 230, Section 9; Laws 1977,
7	Chapter 230, Section 11; Laws 1985, Chapter 203, Section 1;
8	Laws 1965, Chapter 300, Section 14-13-11; Laws 1876, Chapter 1,
9	Section 10; Laws 1985, Chapter 202, Section 1; Laws 1975,
10	Chapter 262, Section 3; Laws 1990, Chapter 48, Section 1; Laws
11	1975, Chapter 262, Section 5; Laws 1943, Chapter 126, Sections
12	4 and 14; Laws 1961, Chapter 67, Sections 3 and 20; Laws 1996,
13	Chapter 42, Sections 1 through 4; and Laws 1955, Chapter 281,
14	Sections 2, 4, 6 through 9, 17 and 19, as amended) are
15	repealed.
16	B. Laws 2020, Chapter 9, Sections 1 through 9 and

B. Laws 2020, Chapter 9, Sections 1 through 9 and Laws 2018, Chapter 79, Sections 139, 140, 142, 144, 145, 147, 149, 154, 155, 156 and 158 are repealed.

SECTION 137. DELAYED REPEAL.--Sections 1-8-21.1 and 1-8-39.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 55, Sections 11 and 10, as amended) are repealed effective July 1, 2023. SECTION 138. APPLICABILITY.--

A. The provisions of this act relating to the procedures for conducting elections shall not apply to the 2022 municipal officer election.

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1	B. The provisions of this act that remove references
2	to a pre-primary convention shall not apply to the 2022 primary
3	election.
4	SECTION 139. EFFECTIVE DATE
5	A. The effective date of the provisions of Sections
6	17, 86 and 99 of this act is July 1, 2022.
7	B. The effective date of the provisions of Sections
8	22 and 56 of this act is July 1, 2023.
9	SECTION 140. EMERGENCYIt is necessary for the public
10	peace, health and safety that this act take effect immediately.
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