1	SENATE BILL 428
2	56TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2023
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Joseph Cervantes
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO FIREARMS; INCLUDING FIREARMS AND DESTRUCTIVE
12	DEVICES IN THE UNFAIR PRACTICES ACT; EXPANDING PRIVATE REMEDIES
13	FOR UNFAIR, DECEPTIVE AND UNCONSCIONABLE TRADE PRACTICES;
14	MAKING TECHNICAL CHANGES.
15	
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
17	SECTION 1. Section 57-12-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967,
18	Chapter 268, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read:
19	"57-12-2. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Unfair Practices
20	Act:
21	A. "destructive device" means any:
22	(1) explosive, incendiary or poison gas:
23	<u>(a) bomb;</u>
24	<u>(b)</u> grenade;
25	(c) rocket having a propellant charge of
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1	more than four ounces;
2	(d) missile having an explosive or
3	incendiary charge of more than one-fourth ounce;
4	<u>(e) mine; or</u>
5	<u>(f) similar device;</u>
6	(2) type of weapon by whatever name known that
7	will, or that may be readily converted to, expel a projectile
8	by the action of an explosive or other propellant, the barrel
9	or barrels of which have a bore of more than one-half inch in
10	diameter, except a shotgun shell that is generally recognized
11	as particularly suitable for sporting purposes;
12	(3) combination of parts either designed or
13	intended for use in converting a device into a destructive
14	device as defined in Paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection
15	and from which a destructive device may be readily assembled;
16	and
17	(4) device that is designed to convert a
18	semiautomatic firearm to fire more than one round through the
19	single activation of a trigger;
20	B. "destructive device" does not include any device
21	that is neither designed nor redesigned for use as a weapon or
22	any device, although originally designed for use as a weapon,
23	that is redesigned for use as a signaling, pyrotechnic, line-
24	throwing, safety or similar device;
25	C. "firearm" means any weapon that will or is
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1	designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile
2	by the action of an explosion; the frame or receiver of any
3	such weapon; or any firearm muffler or firearm silencer.
4	"Firearm" includes any handgun, rifle or shotgun; but does not
5	include an antique firearm as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section
6	921(16), a powder-actuated tool or other device designed to be
7	used for construction purposes, an emergency flare or a firearm
8	in permanently inoperable condition;
9	D. "online marketplace" means any person or entity
10	that operates an electronically based or accessed platform
11	<u>that:</u>
12	(1) includes features that allow for,
13	facilitate or enable third-party sellers to engage in the sale,
14	purchase, payment, storage, shipping or delivery of a consumer
15	product in New Mexico; and
16	(2) is used by one or more third-party sellers
17	<u>for such purposes;</u>
18	[A.] <u>E.</u> "person" means, where applicable, natural
19	persons, corporations, trusts, partnerships, associations,
20	cooperative associations, clubs, companies, firms, joint
21	ventures or syndicates;
22	F. "seller" means any person who sells, offers to
23	sell or contracts to sell a consumer product in New Mexico
24	<u>through an online marketplace;</u>
25	[B.] <u>G.</u> "seller-initiated telephone <u>or internet</u>
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sale" means a sale, lease or rental of goods or services in 1 2 which the seller or the seller's representative solicits the 3 sale by telephoning, [the] sending electronic mail, soliciting 4 through a website or computer program or application a 5 prospective purchaser and in which the sale is consummated entirely by telephone, [or] mail, electronic mail or other 6 7 online communication but does not include a transaction: 8 in which a person solicits a sale from a (1)9 prospective purchaser who has previously made an authorized 10 purchase from the seller's business; or 11 (2) in which the purchaser is accorded the 12 right of rescission by the provisions of the federal Consumer 13 Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. 1635, or regulations issued 14 pursuant thereto; 15 H. "third-party seller" means any seller, 16 independent of an online marketplace, who sells, offers to sell 17 or contracts to sell a consumer product in New Mexico through 18 an online marketplace; 19 [C.] I. "trade" or "commerce" includes the 20 manufacturing, advertising, offering for sale or distribution 21 of any services and any property and any other article, 22 commodity or thing of value, including any trade or commerce 23 directly or indirectly affecting the people of this state;

[D.] <u>J.</u> "unfair or deceptive trade practice" means an act specifically declared unlawful pursuant to the Unfair .223432.2 - 4 -

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1 Practices Act, a false or misleading oral or written statement, 2 visual description or other representation of any kind 3 knowingly made in connection with the sale, lease, rental or 4 loan of goods or services or in the extension of credit or in 5 the collection of debts by a person in the regular course of 6 the person's trade or commerce, that may, tends to or does 7 deceive or mislead any person and includes: 8 representing goods or services as those of (1) 9 another when the goods or services are not the goods or 10 services of another; 11 (2) representing goods or services as legal to 12 purchase under the laws of New Mexico or the United States when 13 the goods or services are not legal to purchase under the laws 14 of New Mexico or the United States; 15 [(2)] (3) causing confusion or 16 misunderstanding as to the source, sponsorship, approval or 17 certification of goods or services; 18 $\left[\frac{(3)}{(4)}\right]$ (4) causing confusion or 19 misunderstanding as to affiliation, connection or association 20 with or certification by another; 21 [(4)] (5) using deceptive representations or 22 designations of geographic origin in connection with goods or 23 services; 24 [(5)] (6) representing that goods or services 25 have sponsorship, approval, characteristics, ingredients, uses, .223432.2

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1 benefits or quantities that they do not have or that a person 2 has a sponsorship, approval, status, affiliation or connection 3 that the person does not have; 4 [(6)] (7) representing that goods are original 5 or new if they are deteriorated, altered, reconditioned, reclaimed, used or secondhand; 6 7 [(7)] (8) representing that goods or services are of a particular standard, quality or grade or that goods 8 9 are of a particular style or model if they are of another; 10 [(8)] (9) disparaging the goods, services or 11 business of another by false or misleading representations; 12 [(9)] (10) offering goods or services with 13 intent not to supply them in the quantity requested by the 14 prospective buyer to the extent of the stock available, unless 15 the purchaser is purchasing for resale; 16 [(10)] (11) offering goods or services with 17 intent not to supply reasonable expectable public demand; 18 [(11)] (12) making false or misleading 19 statements of fact concerning the price of goods or services, 20 the prices of competitors or one's own price at a past or 21 future time or the reasons for, existence of or amounts of 22 price reduction; 23 [(12)] (13) making false or misleading 24 statements of fact for the purpose of obtaining appointments 25 for the demonstration, exhibition or other sales presentation .223432.2

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1 of goods or services; 2 [(13)] (14) packaging goods for sale in a 3 container that bears a trademark or trade name identified with 4 goods formerly packaged in the container, without 5 authorization, unless the container is labeled or marked to 6 disclaim a connection between the contents and the trademark or 7 trade name; 8 [(14)] (15) using exaggeration, innuendo or 9 ambiguity as to a material fact or failing to state a material 10 fact if doing so deceives or tends to deceive; 11 [(15)] (16) stating that a transaction 12 involves rights, remedies or obligations that it does not 13 involve; 14 [(16)] (17) stating that services, 15 replacements or repairs are needed if they are not needed; 16 [(17)] (18) failing to deliver the quality or 17 quantity of goods or services contracted for; 18 [(18)] (19) violating the Tobacco Escrow Fund 19 Act; [or] 20 [(19)] (20) offering or providing unposted or 21 unadvertised pricing or service based on the buyer's gender or 22 perceived gender identity; provided, however, that this 23 provision does not apply to persons regulated by the office of 24 superintendent of insurance pursuant to the New Mexico 25 Insurance Code; [and] or .223432.2

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1	(21) knowingly manufacturing, advertising,
2	distributing or offering for sale a firearm, destructive
3	device, firearm part or firearm accessory contrary to the laws
4	of New Mexico or the United States; and
5	$[E_{\cdot}]$ <u>K.</u> "unconscionable trade practice" means an
6	act or practice in connection with the sale, lease, rental or
7	loan, or in connection with the offering for sale, lease,
8	rental or loan, of any goods or services, <u>including goods or</u>
9	services offered for sale by an online marketplace whether
10	directly or by a third-party seller, and including services
11	provided by licensed professionals, or in the extension of
12	credit or in the collection of debts that to a person's
13	detriment:
14	(1) takes advantage of the lack of knowledge,
14	(1) Lakes advantage of the fack of knowledge,
15	ability, experience or capacity of a person to a grossly unfair
15	ability, experience or capacity of a person to a grossly unfair
15 16	ability, experience or capacity of a person to a grossly unfair degree; [or]
15 16 17	ability, experience or capacity of a person to a grossly unfair degree; [or] (2) results in a gross disparity between the
15 16 17 18	ability, experience or capacity of a person to a grossly unfair degree; [or] (2) results in a gross disparity between the value received by a person and the price paid; <u>or</u>
15 16 17 18 19	ability, experience or capacity of a person to a grossly unfair degree; [or] (2) results in a gross disparity between the value received by a person and the price paid; <u>or</u> (3) violates state or federal law."
15 16 17 18 19 20	ability, experience or capacity of a person to a grossly unfair degree; [or] (2) results in a gross disparity between the value received by a person and the price paid; <u>or</u> (3) violates state or federal law." SECTION 2. Section 57-12-3.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1991,
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ability, experience or capacity of a person to a grossly unfair degree; [or] (2) results in a gross disparity between the value received by a person and the price paid; <u>or</u> (3) violates state or federal law." SECTION 2. Section 57-12-3.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1991, Chapter 28, Section 1) is amended to read:
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	ability, experience or capacity of a person to a grossly unfair degree; [or] (2) results in a gross disparity between the value received by a person and the price paid; <u>or</u> (3) violates state or federal law." SECTION 2. Section 57-12-3.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1991, Chapter 28, Section 1) is amended to read: "57-12-3.1. UNAUTHORIZED USE OF DELIVERY CONTAINER
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	ability, experience or capacity of a person to a grossly unfair degree; [or] (2) results in a gross disparity between the value received by a person and the price paid; <u>or</u> (3) violates state or federal law." SECTION 2. Section 57-12-3.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1991, Chapter 28, Section 1) is amended to read: "57-12-3.1. UNAUTHORIZED USE OF DELIVERY CONTAINER PROHIBITED
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	ability, experience or capacity of a person to a grossly unfair degree; [or] (2) results in a gross disparity between the value received by a person and the price paid; <u>or</u> (3) violates state or federal law." SECTION 2. Section 57-12-3.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1991, Chapter 28, Section 1) is amended to read: "57-12-3.1. UNAUTHORIZED USE OF DELIVERY CONTAINER PROHIBITED A. It [shall be] <u>is</u> an unlawful practice within the

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1 remove [the] an owner's container from the (1) 2 owner's or a recipient's premises or parking area without the 3 permission of the owner or recipient; (2) possess or use [the] an owner's container 4 5 if it has been removed from the owner's or recipient's premises or parking area without the permission of the owner or 6 7 recipient; 8 alter, convert, destroy or tamper with (3) 9 [the] an owner's container without permission of the owner or 10 recipient; or 11 (4) sell [the] an owner's container to or 12 purchase [the] an owner's container from someone other than the 13 owner without the permission of the owner. 14 [B. As used in this section: 15 (1) "bakery rack" means a metal frame that 16 holds bakery trays or other bakery products and that is used by 17 a bakery, distributor or retailer or its agent as a means to 18 transport, store or carry bakery products; 19 (2) "bakery tray" means a wire or plastic 20 receptacle that holds bread, buns or other baked goods and that 21 is used by a bakery, distributor or retailer or its agent as a 22 means to transport, store or carry bakery products; 23 (3) "container" means a bakery rack, bakery 24 tray, dairy case, egg basket, poultry box, shopping cart or 25 pallet; .223432.2 - 9 -

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1	(4) "dairy case" means a plastic receptacle
2	that holds sixteen quarts or more of beverage and that is used
3	by a dairy, distributor or retailer or its agent as a means to
4	transport, store or carry dairy products;
5	(5) "pallet" means a wooden or plastic base
6	that allows stacks of merchandise to be placed upon it and that
7	provides a space and support beneath the stack for forklift
8	handling;
9	(6) "parking area" means a lot or other
10	property provided by a recipient for the use of its customers
11	to park vehicles while at the recipient's establishment;
12	(7) "poultry box" means a permanent type of
13	container that is used by a processor, distributor, retailer or
14	food service establishment or an agent of one of those persons
15	to transport, store or carry poultry;
16	(8) "recipient" means a person, firm,
17	corporation or association that is authorized by the owner to
18	use an owner's container; and
19	(9) "shopping cart" means a basket that is
20	mounted on wheels, or a similar device, that is generally used
21	in a retail establishment by a customer to transport goods of
22	any kind.
23	G_{\bullet}] B. No civil action shall be maintained pursuant
24	to this section against any person who returns to its owner
25	within sixty days after the effective date of this section a
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container that was unlawfully obtained."

2 SECTION 3. Section 57-12-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, 3 Chapter 268, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read: 4 "57-12-7. EXEMPTIONS. -- Nothing in the Unfair Practices 5 Act shall apply to actions or transactions expressly permitted 6 under laws administered by a regulatory body of New Mexico or 7 the United States, but all actions or transactions forbidden by 8 the regulatory body, [and] about which the regulatory body 9 remains silent, or which violate the laws of New Mexico or the 10 United States, are subject to the Unfair Practices Act. An 11 action brought pursuant to the Unfair Practices Act against a 12 manufacturer, advertiser, distributor, seller, online 13 marketplace seller or third-party seller of a firearm, 14 destructive device, firearm part or firearm accessory shall be 15 maintained only upon an allegation that the acts complained of 16 violated the laws of New Mexico or the United States applicable 17 to manufacturing, advertising, distribution, offering for sale 18 or sale of a firearm, destructive device, firearm part or 19 firearm accessory. No action brought pursuant to the Unfair 20 Practices Act against a manufacturer, advertiser, distributor, 21 seller, online marketplace seller or third-party seller of a 22 firearm, destructive device, firearm part or firearm accessory 23 shall be maintained if the acts complained of began and 24 occurred wholly outside of New Mexico or if the acts complained 25 of did not violate the laws of New Mexico or the United .223432.2

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SECTION 4. Section 57-12-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, Chapter 268, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:

"57-12-8. RESTRAINT OF PROHIBITED ACTS--REMEDIES FOR VIOLATIONS.--

Whenever the attorney general has reasonable Α. belief that [any] a person is using, has used or is about to use any method, act or practice [which] that is declared by the Unfair Practices Act to be unlawful and that proceedings would be in the public interest, [he] the attorney general may bring an action in the name of the state alleging violations of the Unfair Practices Act. The action may be brought in the district court of the county in which the person resides or has [his] the person's principal place of business or in the district court in [any] a county in which the person is using, has used or is about to use the practice [which] that has been alleged to be unlawful under the Unfair Practices Act. The attorney general acting on behalf of the state [of New Mexico] shall not be required to post bond when seeking a temporary or permanent injunction in such action.

B. In [any] an action filed pursuant to the Unfair Practices Act, including an action with respect to unimproved real property, the attorney general may petition the district court for temporary or permanent injunctive relief and restitution."

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SECTION 5. Section 57-12-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, Chapter 240, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"57-12-9. SETTLEMENTS.--

In lieu of beginning or continuing an action Α. pursuant to the Unfair Practices Act, the attorney general may accept a written assurance of discontinuance of any practice in violation of the Unfair Practices Act from the person who has engaged in the unlawful practice. The attorney general may require an agreement by the person engaged in the unlawful practice that, by the date set by the attorney general and stated in the assurance, [he] the person will make restitution to all persons of money, property or other things received from them in any transaction related to the unlawful practice. All settlements are a matter of public record but are not admissible against [any] a defendant in [any] an action brought by any other person or public body against [such] the defendant under the Unfair Practices Act [and do not constitute a basis for the introduction of the assurance of discontinuance as prima facie evidence against such defendant in any action or proceeding].

B. A person need not accept restitution pursuant to an assurance. [His] Acceptance of restitution bars recovery of [any] damages in [any] an action by [him] the person or on [his] the person's behalf against the same defendant on account of the same unlawful practice <u>unless the defendant fails to</u> .223432.2

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make restitution as agreed.

C. A violation of an assurance entered into pursuant to this section is a violation of the Unfair Practices Act."

SECTION 6. Section 57-12-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, Chapter 268, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read: "57-12-10. PRIVATE REMEDIES.--

A. A person <u>aware of or</u> likely to be damaged by an unfair or deceptive trade practice or by an unconscionable trade practice of another may be granted an injunction against it under the principles of equity and on terms that the court considers reasonable. Proof of monetary damage, loss of profits or intent to deceive or take unfair advantage of [any] <u>a</u> person is not required. Relief granted for the copying of an article shall be limited as to the prevention of confusion or misunderstanding as to source.

B. Any person who [suffers any loss of money or property, real or personal, as a result of any employment by another person of a method, act or practice declared unlawful by the Unfair Practices Act may bring an action] is aware of or likely to be damaged by an unfair or deceptive trade practice or by an unconscionable trade practice of another and who prevails in an action pursuant to the Unfair Practices Act shall be entitled to recover actual damages or the sum of [one hundred dollars (\$100)] one thousand dollars (\$1,000),

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1 whichever is greater. Where the trier of fact finds that the 2 party charged with an unfair or deceptive trade practice or an 3 unconscionable trade practice has willfully engaged in the 4 trade practice, the court may award up to three times actual 5 damages or [three hundred dollars (\$300)] three thousand 6 dollars (\$3,000), whichever is greater, to the party 7 complaining of the practice. Where the trier of fact finds 8 that the party charged with an unfair or deceptive trade 9 practice or an unconscionable trade practice manufactured, 10 marketed, distributed or offered for sale a firearm, 11 destructive device, firearm part or firearm accessory and 12 knowingly engaged in the trade practice or unconscionable trade 13 practice that violated New Mexico or federal law, the court 14 shall award three times actual damages or two hundred fifty 15 thousand dollars (\$250,000) per violation, whichever is 16 greater, to the party complaining of the practice.

C. The court shall award attorney fees and costs to the party complaining of an unfair or deceptive trade practice or unconscionable trade practice if the party prevails. The court shall award attorney fees and costs to the party charged with an unfair or deceptive trade practice or an unconscionable trade practice if it finds that the party complaining of such trade practice brought an action that <u>the party knew</u> was groundless <u>at the time it was initiated</u>.

D. The relief provided in this section is in .223432.2

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addition to remedies otherwise available against the same conduct under the common law or other statutes of this state.

E. In [any] <u>a</u> class action filed under this section, the court may award damages to the named plaintiffs as provided in Subsection B of this section and may award members of the class such actual damages as were suffered by each member of the class as a result of the unlawful method, act or practice.

9 F. A party to a court action for a private remedy 10 pursuant to this section may request in writing during the 11 thirty-day period following service of the summons and 12 complaint on all parties named in the action that the parties 13 attempt to settle the claim in early mediation. If a request 14 for mediation is made and the parties agree to mediate, the 15 parties shall choose a mutually acceptable mediator and enter 16 into mediation within sixty days of the appointment of an 17 acceptable mediator unless otherwise agreed by the parties. A 18 request for mediation may be rescinded at any time if agreed to 19 by all parties.

G. If the parties do not agree on a mutually acceptable mediator, the court shall appoint the mediator. If the early mediation pursuant to this section is entered into within sixty days following the appointment of the mediator, the parties suing on the basis of unfair, deceptive or unconscionable trade practices or acts under the Unfair

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1 Practices Act shall be required to pay no more than fifty dollars (\$50.00) toward the cost of the mediation and the other 2 party shall pay the remainder of such cost, unless otherwise 3 4 agreed by the parties. If a person is seeking injunctive 5 relief in accordance with Subsection A of this section, the 6 person may pursue the claim for injunctive relief without 7 following the mediation requirements of this subsection and 8 Subsection F of this section.

H. Multiple parties acting in concert to manufacture, advertise, distribute or offer for sale a firearm, destructive device, firearm part or firearm accessory, which would violate the laws of New Mexico or the United States, shall be jointly and severally liable for any violations of the Unfair Practices Act.

I. An online marketplace that offers for sale or allows third-party sellers to offer for sale a firearm, destructive device, firearm part or firearm accessory, the manufacture, advertising, distribution or sale of which would violate the laws of New Mexico or the United States, shall be jointly and severally liable for any violations of the Unfair Practices Act that occurred on the online marketplace.

J. In any action brought pursuant to the Unfair Practices Act against a third-party seller on an online marketplace, the online marketplace shall provide the name, physical address, mailing address, tax identification number or .223432.2

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1	other tax information that may assist in identifying the third-
2	party seller, any email addresses, telephone numbers and a copy
3	of any government-issued identification that the third-party
4	seller provided to the online marketplace, upon request of the
5	party bringing the Unfair Practices Act suit. The information
6	<u>shall be provided not later than fourteen days after a request</u>
7	is made. The fourteen-day period may be extended by written
8	agreement with the party requesting the information or by an
9	order of the district court in which the Unfair Practices Act
10	case is pending. Failure to provide this information shall
11	itself be a violation of the Unfair Practices Act, for which
12	the court shall award the requesting party one thousand dollars
13	(\$1,000) and attorney fees and costs associated with the
14	request for information, unless the Unfair Practices Act case
15	involves an allegation that an unfair or deceptive trade
16	practice or an alleged unconscionable trade practice occurred
17	by a third-party seller who knowingly violated the laws of New
18	Mexico or the United States in the manufacturing, advertising,
19	distributing or offering for sale a firearm, destructive
20	device, firearm part or firearm accessory, in which case the
21	court shall award two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000)
22	and attorney fees and costs associated with the request for
23	information."

SECTION 7. Section 57-12-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1970, Chapter 38, Section 2) is amended to read:

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1	"57-12-11. CIVIL PENALTYIn any action brought under
2	Section [49-15-7 NMSA 1953] 57-12-8 NMSA 1978, if the court
3	finds that a person is willfully using or has willfully used a
4	method, act or practice declared unlawful by the Unfair
5	Practices Act, the attorney general, upon petition to the
6	court, may recover on behalf of the state [of New Mexico] a
7	civil penalty [of] not exceeding five thousand dollars (\$5,000)
8	per violation, unless the violation involved the manufacturing,
9	advertising, distribution or sale of a firearm, in which case
10	the attorney general may petition the court for a civil penalty
11	not exceeding two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) per
12	violation."

SECTION 8. Section 57-12-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, Chapter 268, Section 10) is amended to read:

"57-12-12. CIVIL INVESTIGATIVE DEMAND.--

A. Whenever the attorney general has reason to believe that [any] <u>a</u> person may be in possession, custody or control of an original or copy of [any] <u>a</u> book, record, report, memorandum, paper, communication, tabulation, map, chart, photograph, mechanical transcription or other tangible document or recording [which he] <u>that the attorney general</u> believes to be relevant to the subject matter of an investigation of a probable violation of the Unfair Practices Act, [he] <u>the</u> <u>attorney general</u> may, prior to the institution of a civil proceeding, execute in writing and cause to be served upon the .223432.2

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2 to produce documentary material and permit the inspection and 3 copying of the material. The demand of the attorney general shall not be a matter of public record and shall not be 4 5 published by [him] the attorney general except by order of the 6 court. 7 Each demand shall: Β. state the general subject matter of the 8 (1)9 investigation; 10 describe the classes of documentary (2)11 material to be produced with reasonable certainty; and 12 prescribe the return date within which the (3) 13 documentary material is to be produced, which in no case shall 14 be less than ten days after the date of service. [and 15 (4) identify the members of the attorney 16 general's staff to whom such documentary material is to be made 17 available for inspection and copying. 18 C. No demand shall: 19 (1)contain [any] a requirement [which] that 20 would be unreasonable or improper if contained in a subpoena 21 duces tecum issued by a court of this state; [or] 22 require the disclosure of any documentary (2) 23 material [which] that would be privileged or [which] that for 24 any other reason would not be required by a subpoena duces

person a civil investigative demand requiring [such] the person

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tecum issued by a court of this state; or

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(3) require the removal of any documentary material from the custody of the person upon whom the demand is served except in accordance with the provisions of Subsection E of this section.

D. Service of the demand may be made by:

(1) delivering a duly executed copy [thereof] to the person to be served or, if the person is not a natural person, to the statutory agent for the person or to [any] an officer of the person to be served; [or]

10 (2) delivering a duly executed copy [thereof]
11 to the principal place of business in this state of the person
12 to be served; or

(3) mailing by registered or certified mail a duly executed copy of the demand addressed to the person to be served at [his] the person's principal place of business in this state or, if the person has no place of business in this state, to [his] the person's principal office or place of business.

E. Documentary material demanded pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be produced for inspection and copying during normal business hours at the principal office or place of business of the person served or may be inspected and copied at such other times and places as may be agreed upon by the person served and the attorney general.

F. [No documentary] Documentary material produced .223432.2

<u>underscored material = new</u> [bracketed material] = delete 1

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1 pursuant to a demand, or copies thereof, shall, unless 2 otherwise ordered by the district court in the county in which 3 the person resides or has [his] the person's principal place of business or is about to perform or is performing the practice 4 5 [which] that is alleged to be unlawful under the Unfair 6 Practices Act, [for good cause shown] be [produced for 7 inspection or copying by anyone other than an authorized 8 employee of the attorney general nor shall the contents thereof 9 be disclosed to anyone other than an authorized employee of the 10 attorney general or in court in an action relating to a 11 violation of the] subject to the Inspection of Public Records 12 Act and discoverable by any party to an action brought pursuant 13 to the Unfair Practices Act.

G. At any time before the return date of the demand, a petition to set aside the demand, modify the demand or extend the return date [thereon] on the demand may be filed in the district court in the county in which the person resides or has [his] the person's principal place of business or is about to perform or is performing the practice [which] that is alleged to be unlawful under the Unfair Practices Act, and the court upon a showing of good cause may set aside the demand, modify it or extend the return date of the demand.

H. After service of the investigative demand upon [him] <u>the person</u>, if [any] <u>the</u> person neglects or refuses to comply with the demand, the attorney general may invoke the aid .223432.2

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of the court in the enforcement of the demand. In appropriate cases, the court shall issue its order requiring the person to appear and produce the documentary material required in the demand and may, upon failure of the person to comply with the order, punish the person for contempt.

I. This section shall not be applicable to criminal prosecutions."

SECTION 9. Section 57-12-15 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, Chapter 268, Section 12) is amended to read:

"57-12-15. ENFORCEMENT.--In order to promote the uniform administration of the Unfair Practices Act in New Mexico, the attorney general is to be responsible for its enforcement, but [he] the attorney general may in appropriate cases delegate this authority to the district attorneys of the state, and when this is done, the district attorneys shall have every power conferred upon the attorney general by the Unfair Practices Act."

SECTION 10. Section 57-12-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, Chapter 268, Section 13, as amended) is amended to read:

"57-12-16. ADVERTISING MEDIA EXCLUDED.--The Unfair Practices Act does not apply to publishers, broadcasters, printers or other persons engaged in the dissemination of information or reproduction of printed or pictorial matters who publish, broadcast or reproduce material without knowledge of its deceptive or unconscionable character, <u>unless the</u> .223432.2

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Mexico or the United	<u>States</u> ."			
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underscored material = new
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