1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO COURTS; CLARIFYING PROBATE COURT ADMINISTRATION
3	AND JURISDICTION; PROVIDING PROCEDURES FOR DESIGNATING A
4	DISTRICT JUDGE OR OTHER PROBATE JUDGE WHEN A PROBATE JUDGE
5	HAS RECUSED OR BEEN DISQUALIFIED; PROVIDING FOR CLERKS OF THE
6	PROBATE COURT AND THEIR DUTIES; SPECIFYING EACH COUNTY'S
7	FINANCIAL OBLIGATION FOR SUPPORT OF THE PROBATE COURT;
8	SPECIFYING RECORDS RETENTION; PROVIDING A FILING FEE;
9	PROVIDING WHEN CERTAIN CASES ARE TRANSFERRED TO DISTRICT
10	COURT; ALIGNING THE TERMS OF PROBATE JUDGES STATEWIDE;
11	REPEALING OUT-OF-DATE PROBATE COURT STATUTES.
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13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
14	SECTION 1. Section 34-7-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1865,
15	Chapter 21, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:
16	"34-7-1. PROBATE COURTPROBATE JUDGE
17	A. There shall be a probate judge in each county
18	of this state, and each county is a probate court district.
19	B. The position of probate judge is a part-time
20	position."
21	SECTION 2. Section 34-7-2 NMSA 1978 (being
22	Laws 1851-1852, p.198, as amended) is amended to read:
23	"34-7-2. PROBATE JUDGEELECTIONA probate judge

shall be elected at each general election at which the

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governor is elected."

SECTION 3. Section 34-7-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1865, Chapter 93, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"34-7-3. PROBATE COURTS--SEAL.--The probate courts shall procure and keep a seal with emblems and devices as the supreme court determines."

SECTION 4. Section 34-7-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1869-1870, Chapter 51, Section 1, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 34-7-4 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"34-7-4. PLACE OF HOLDING COURT--QUARTERS--SALARY.--

- A. The probate court shall be located at the county seat unless another location is designated by ordinance of the board of county commissioners.
- B. The board of county commissioners shall provide adequate quarters for the probate court, including necessary furnishings, equipment, books, supplies, utilities, upkeep and maintenance.
- C. Except as otherwise specifically provided by law, all expenses of the probate court, including salary and benefits of the judge, shall be paid from the county general fund in accordance with the court budget approved by the board of county commissioners."
- SECTION 5. Section 34-7-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1865-1866, Chapter 41, Section 2, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 34-7-7 NMSA 1978 is enacted to

read:

"34-7-7. CUSTODY OF RECORDS.--The records, archives, documents and books of the probate court shall be under the charge of the clerk of the probate court in accordance with standards established by the supreme court. The records, archives and documents shall be kept in a separate book maintained for that purpose and may be kept in physical or electronic form."

SECTION 6. Section 34-7-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1935, Chapter 63, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"34-7-8. PROBATE COURT--HOURS OF BUSINESS.--

- A. The probate court shall be open at such times as determined by the clerk of the probate court and published on the county's website.
- B. The probate judge in each county shall conduct business during those times as necessary for the proper discharge of duties and may set regular hours."

SECTION 7. Section 34-7-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1889, Chapter 132, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"34-7-9. PROBATE JUDGE DISQUALIFICATION--TRANSFER.--

A. Whenever a probate judge shall, for any reason, be interested or disqualified from acting in any proceeding coming within the jurisdiction of the probate court, the judge shall, upon the judge's own motion or that of any interested party, immediately enter an order transferring the

proceeding and file the order with the clerk of the probate court.

- disqualification, the clerk of the probate court shall give written notice to the district court of the county in which the probate court is situate, and the district court shall transfer the case to the district court or designate another probate judge to conduct further proceedings. If designating another probate judge, the district court shall give preference to probate judges serving within the same judicial district. Upon receipt by the clerk of the probate court of a district court designation, the clerk of the probate court shall send a copy of the designation to the parties or their counsel, to the designated district or probate judge and to the recused or disqualified judge.
- C. A probate judge who has accepted a designation by the district court has jurisdiction to sit in any action arising in any other probate district when designated for a specific case or for a specific period of time. A probate judge acting in another probate district by designation shall include the cases heard by designation in the probate judge's own reports to the district court, indicating on the reports that the probate court's jurisdiction is by designation.
- D. The board of county commissioners of the county of the recused or disqualified probate judge shall reimburse

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the district judge or probate judge sitting by designation for expenses incurred pursuant to the Per Diem and Mileage Act."

SECTION 8. Section 34-7-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1933, Chapter 102, Section 2) is amended to read:

"34-7-10. PROCEEDINGS IN DISTRICT COURT.--

A. All proceedings transferred from the probate court to the district court shall be docketed as other causes in that court, which court shall exercise the same authority and take the same steps and proceedings as would have otherwise been taken in the probate court.

B. If a case was properly filed within the jurisdiction of the probate court and later transferred to the district court, no filing fee shall be charged in the district court."

SECTION 9. Section 34-7-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1933, Chapter 101, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"34-7-11. PROBATE JUDGE ABSENT OR UNABLE TO ATTEND TO DUTIES.--

A. Whenever a probate judge is absent, incapacitated or unable to attend to the probate judge's duties from any cause whatsoever, the probate judge shall enter a notice of unavailability and file the order with the clerk of the probate court; provided that if the judge is unable to prepare the notice due to incapacity, the clerk of

the probate court shall prepare and file a notice of incapacitation.

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Upon receipt of a notice of unavailability or after preparing a notice of incapacitation, the clerk of the probate court shall give written notice to the district court of the county in which the probate court is situate and the district court shall designate a district judge or another probate judge to hold court in the county and do all things that could otherwise be done by the probate judge of that county, without the necessity of having the matters or proceedings transferred from the docket of the probate court to the docket of the district court or the other probate court. If designating another probate judge, the district court shall give preference to probate judges serving within the same judicial district. Upon receipt by the clerk of the probate court of the designation by the district court, the clerk of the probate court shall send a copy of the designation to the parties or their counsel, to the designated district or probate judge and to the unavailable or incapacitated probate judge.

C. A probate judge acting in another probate district by designation as provided in this section shall include the cases heard by designation in the probate judge's own reports to the district court, indicating on the reports that the probate court's jurisdiction is by designation.

D. The board of county commissioners of the county of the unavailable or incapacitated probate judge shall reimburse the district judge or probate judge sitting by designation for expenses incurred pursuant to the Per Diem and Mileage Act."

SECTION 10. Section 34-7-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1887, Chapter 66, Section 1, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 34-7-13 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"34-7-13. ADMINISTRATION--SUPREME COURT RULES.--

A. The supreme court shall promulgate rules to regulate pleading, practice and procedure in the probate courts to simplify and promote the speedy determination of probate. The rules shall not abridge, enlarge or modify the substantive rights of any party.

B. The supreme court shall cause all rules to be printed and distributed to all probate judges and to all members of the bar, and no rule shall become effective until thirty days after the rule has been printed and distributed."

SECTION 11. Section 34-7-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1923, Chapter 29, Section 1, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 34-7-14 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"34-7-14. FEES OF PROBATE COURT.--Clerks of the probate courts shall receive a filing fee of thirty dollars (\$30.00) for each probate case."

SECTION 12. Section 34-7-17 NMSA 1978 (being

Laws 1860-1861, p. 80, as amended) is amended to read:

"34-7-17. PROBATE COURT TO KEEP ACCOUNTS.--The clerk of each probate court shall keep the accounts of the probate court and a record of all warrants issued against the county treasury and for what purpose."

SECTION 13. Section 34-7-18 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1860-1861, p. 80, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 34-7-18 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"34-7-18. PUBLIC MONEY--WHEN CASES TRANSFERRED TO DISTRICT COURT.--

- A. All money collected by a probate court in connection with any probate case is public money of the county held in trust until disbursed in accordance with law.
- B. If a party informs the probate court that distribution to a decedent's estate is required by federal law or other regulatory provision and there is no other account of the estate established to receive the money, the probate judge shall transfer the case to the district court.
- C. If a will requires a bond to be deposited with the court, the probate judge shall transfer the case to the district court."
- SECTION 14. Section 34-7-22 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1866-1867, Chapter 24, Section 1, as amended) is repealed and a new Section 34-7-22 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

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The term of a probate court judge that was set

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1	to expire on December 31, 2024 shall expire on December 31,	
2	2026.	
3	SECTION 16. REPEALSections 34-7-5, 34-7-6, 34-7-15,	
4	34-7-16, 34-7-19 through 34-7-21, 34-7-23 through 34-7-25 and	
5	45-1-307 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1869-1870, Chapter 51,	
6	Section 2, Laws 1887, Chapter 66, Section 3, Laws 1923,	
7	Chapter 29, Sections 2 and 4, Laws 1860-1861, page 80,	
8	Laws 1889, Chapter 90, Sections 42 and 43, Laws 1866-1867,	
9	Chapter 24, Sections 2 through 4 and Laws 1975, Chapter 257,	
10	Section 1-307, as amended) are repealed.	SB 248
11	SECTION 17. EFFECTIVE DATEThe effective date of the	Page 10
12	provisions of this act is July 1, 2023	
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