1	BILL
2	52ND LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2015
3	INTRODUCED BY
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6	DISCUSSION DRAFT
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8	FOR THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE REFORM SUBCOMMITTEE
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO CORRECTIONS; REQUIRING THAT EVIDENCE-BASED
12	BEHAVIORAL HEALTH TREATMENT PROGRAMS BE INCORPORATED INTO
13	COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS AND INTENSIVE SUPERVISION PROGRAMS.
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
16	SECTION 1. Section 31-21-13.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1988,
17	Chapter 62, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:
18	"31-21-13.1. INTENSIVE SUPERVISION PROGRAMS
19	A. As used in this section:
20	(1) "cost beneficial" means that the cost
21	savings realized over a reasonable period of time are greater
22	than the costs of implementation;
23	(2) "evidence-based program" means a
24	behavioral health treatment program that:
25	(a) incorporates methods demonstrated to
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1 be effective for the intended population through scientifically 2 based research, including statistically controlled evaluations or randomized trials; 3 (b) can be implemented with a set of 4 procedures to allow successful replication in New Mexico; and 5 (c) when possible, has been determined 6 7 to be cost beneficial; and (3) "intensive supervision programs" means 8 9 programs that provide highly structured and intense supervision, with stringent reporting requirements, of certain 10 individuals who represent an excessively high assessment of 11 12 risk of violation of probation or parole, emphasize meaningful rehabilitative activities and reasonable alternatives without 13 seriously increasing the risk of recidivist crime and 14 facilitate the payment of restitution by the offender to the 15 "Intensive supervision programs" [include] includes victim. 16 house arrest programs or electronic surveillance programs or 17 18 both. Β. The corrections department shall implement and operate intensive supervision programs in various local The programs shall provide services for communities. appropriate individuals by probation and parole officers of the corrections department. The corrections department shall

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promulgate rules and regulations to provide that the officers

providing these services have a maximum caseload of forty

1	offenders and to provide for offender selection and other
2	criteria. The corrections department may cooperate with all
3	recognized law enforcement authorities and share all necessary
4	and pertinent information, records or documents regarding
5	probationers or parolees in order to implement and operate
6	these intensive supervision programs.
7	C. The corrections department shall incorporate
8	evidence-based programs as follows:
9	(1) by January 1, 2016, twenty percent of
10	intensive supervision program funding shall be spent on
11	evidence-based programs;
12	(2) by January 1, 2017, thirty percent of
13	intensive supervision program funding shall be spent on
14	evidence-based programs;
15	(3) by January 1, 2018, forty percent of
16	intensive supervision program funding shall be spent on
17	evidence-based programs; and
18	(4) by January 1, 2019, fifty percent of
19	intensive supervision program funding shall be spent on
20	evidence-based programs.
21	[C.] <u>D.</u> For purposes of this section, a judge
22	contemplating imposition of an intensive supervision program
23	for an individual shall consult with the adult probation and
24	parole division of the corrections department and consider the
25	recommendations before imposing such probation. The adult

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probation and parole division of the corrections department shall recommend only those individuals who would have otherwise been recommended for incarceration for intensive supervision programs. A judge has discretion to impose an intensive supervision program for an individual, regardless of recommendations made by the adult probation and parole division. Inmates eligible for parole, or within twelve months of eligibility for parole, or inmates who would otherwise remain in a correctional institution for lack of a parole plan or those parolees whose parole the board would otherwise revoke are eligible for intensive supervision programs. The provisions of this section do not limit or reduce the statutory authority vested in probation and parole supervision as defined by any other section of the Probation and Parole Act.

[D-] E. There is created in the state treasury the "corrections department intensive supervision fund" to be administered by the corrections department upon vouchers signed by the secretary of corrections. Balances in the corrections department intensive supervision fund shall not revert to the general fund. Beginning July 1, 1988, the intensive supervision programs established pursuant to this section shall be funded by those supervision costs collected pursuant to the provisions of Sections 31-20-6 and 31-21-10 NMSA 1978. The corrections department is specifically authorized to hire additional permanent or term full-time-equivalent positions for .197897.1

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1 the purpose of implementing the provisions of this section." 2 SECTION 2. A new section of the Adult Community 3 Corrections Act is enacted to read: 4 "[NEW MATERIAL] EVIDENCE-BASED PROGRAMS.--5 The department shall incorporate evidence-based Α. programs as follows: 6 7 (1) by January 1, 2016, twenty percent of community corrections program funding shall be spent on 8 9 evidence-based programs; (2) by January 1, 2017, thirty percent of 10 community corrections program funding shall be spent on 11 12 evidence-based programs; (3) by January 1, 2018, forty percent of 13 14 community corrections program funding shall be spent on evidence-based programs; and 15 (4) by January 1, 2019, fifty percent of 16 community corrections program funding shall be spent on 17 evidence-based programs. 18 19 Β. As used in this section: 20 (1) "cost beneficial" means that the cost savings realized over a reasonable period of time are greater 21 than the costs of implementation; and 22 "evidence-based program" means a 23 (2) behavioral health treatment program or practice that: 24 25 (a) incorporates methods demonstrated to .197897.1 - 5 -

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1	be effective for the intended population through scientifically
2	based research, including statistically controlled evaluations
3	or randomized trials;
4	(b) can be implemented with a set of
5	procedures to allow successful replication in New Mexico; and
6	(c) when possible, has been determined
7	to be cost beneficial."
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