NOTE: As provided in LFC policy, this report is intended for use by the standing finance committees of the legislature. The Legislative Finance Committee does not assume responsibility for the accuracy of the information in this report when used in any other situation.

Only the most recent FIR version, excluding attachments, is available on the Intranet. Previously issued FIRs and attachments may be obtained from the LFC office in Suite 101 of the State Capitol Building North.

#### FISCAL IMPACT REPORT

SPONSOR: H	HJC	DATE TYPED:	03/06/01	HB	77/HJCS
SHORT TITLE: Amend NM Subdivis		on Act		SB	
			ANALY	YST:	Dotson

## **APPROPRIATION**

Appropriation Contained		Estimated Additional Impact		Recurring	Fund
FY01	FY02	FY01	FY02	or Non-Rec	Affected
	None		None		None

(Parenthesis ( ) Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

#### SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) Attorney General (AG) Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Department (EMNRD) Commissioner of Public Lands Department of the Environment (DOE)

## **SUMMARY**

# Synopsis of Bill

House Bill 77 revises the New Mexico Subdivision Act. The bill creates an additional exemption to the definition of "subdivision" that would preclude a County from regulating the division of land for oil and natural gas gathering, processing or transportation systems or for disposal of wastewater created during production or refining of natural gas, oil or other hydrocarbons.

According to the Attorney General, the proposed amendment to exemption 13 (NMSA 1978, §47-6-2(J)(13) appears intended to clarify the somewhat confusing language of the current exemption.

# Significant Issues

According to Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Department, the bill may beneficially affect the state's oil and gas lessees. However according to the Attorney General, the principal issues raised by the bill are whether it is good public policy to weaken the Subdivision Act.

## House Bill 77/HJCS -- Page 2

#### FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

An unspecified financial burden may impact Counties if development of newly created parcels results in demand for services.

# **TECHNICAL ISSUES**

According to the Attorney General, the proposed language creating a new exemption for the creation of parcels that are used for facilities to process or transport oil and gas or dispose of wastewater created during the refining process is flawed because it does not contain any holding period or other restriction limiting the parcels to the uses contemplated by the exemption after they are divided. Without holding periods and restrictions, adding this exemption is an invitation to subterfuge.

## OTHER SUBSTANTIVE ISSUES

No county has requested this legislation. Providing another exemptions takes away the ability of a county to determine which exemptions, if any, are appropriate. When land is divided and sold into separate ownerships, certain impacts are foreseeable. Roads must be built to access the divided parcels, provision must be made for water and for liquid and solid waste. Generally, these matters can most efficiently be addressed by the common owner before the land is divided and sold, and the divider/developer can pass the cost through to the lot purchasers. This is the result the Subdivision Act is designed to achieve.

# **POSSIBLE QUESTIONS**

How can the interests of the oil and gas activities be balanced with the desire of the Counties to regulate development?

PD/njw:ar