Fiscal impact reports (FIRs) are prepared by the Legislative Finance Committee (LFC) for standing finance committees of the Legislature. LFC does not assume responsibility for the accuracy of these reports if they are used for other purposes.

FISCAL IMPACT REPORT

			LAST UPDATED	2/22/2023
SPONSOR Brown		n	ORIGINAL DATE	2/9/2023
			BILL	House Bill
SHORT TIT	LE	Educational Retirement Board Change	s NUMBER	189/aHEC
			ANALYST	Simon

REVENUE* (dollars in thousands)

	Recurring	Fund		
FY23	FY24	FY25	or Nonrecurring	Affected
	Up to (\$10.0)	Up to (\$10.0)	Recurring	Educational Retirement Fund

Parentheses () indicate revenue decreases.

Relates to appropriation in the General Appropriation Act Duplicates Senate Bill 20 Relates to Senate Bill 76

Sources of Information

LFC Files

Responses Received From
Educational Retirement Board (ERB)
Department of Information Technology (DoIT)
Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA)
General Services Department (GSD)
Southeast New Mexico College

SUMMARY

Synopsis of HEC Amendment to House Bill 189

The House Education Committee Amendment to House Bill 189 (HB189/aHEC) strikes the proposed amendment to the Procurement Code.

Synopsis of Original Bill

House Bill 189 (HB189) makes three changes to state law, as follows:

Section 1 of the bill amends the Procurement Code to allow the Educational Retirement Board (ERB) to enter into a professional services contract to operate the agency's pension administration system for more than the four years currently allowed by law.

Sections 2 and 4 of the bill amend the Educational Retirement Act to allow employees of

^{*}Amounts reflect most recent version of this legislation.

House Bill 189/aHEC - Page 2

Southeast New Mexico College to participate in alternative retirement plans offered by ERB.

Section 3 of the bill amends the Educational Retirement Act to align the age at which an ERB member is required to take a minimum distribution with the age specified in federal law.

HB189 does not contain an effective date and, as a result, would go into effect June 16, 2023, (90 days after the Legislature adjourns) if signed into law.

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

Under current law, employees of Southeast New Mexico College are not allowed to join ERB's alternative retirement plan (ARP), a defined contribution alternative to ERB's traditional, defined benefit pension plan. As a result, all employees must join the defined benefit plan, with currently requires employer contributions of 17.15 percent of salary. (This amount is scheduled to increase to 18.15 percent of salary, effective July 1, 2023). However, the college must only contribute 6.25 percent of salary to the educational retirement fund (scheduled to increase to 7.25, effective July 1, 2023), and the remainder of 10.9 percent must be directed to the employee's individual accounts.

If Southeast New Mexico College employees choose the alternative retirement plan, contributions to the educational retirement fund could decrease, however, any amount would be de minimus and is not expected to significantly impact the fund. The fund would also not be liable to provide future benefits to the employee opting for the alternative plan.

SIGNIFICANT ISSUES

Southeast New Mexico College

Sections 1 and 3 of the bill address an oversight of Laws 2021, Chapter 104, which transitioned the Carlsbad branch campus of New Mexico State University into an independent community college, now known as Southeast New Mexico College. Provisions of the Educational Retirement Act list each college or university whose employees are eligible to participate. Currently, employees of all public colleges and universities, except for Southeast New Mexico College, are eligible to join the alternative retirement plan. The bill would allow employees hired after July 1, 2023 to participate in the alternative retirement plan.

Required Minimum Distributions

Section 2 of the bill would amend the Educational Retirement Act to remove the specific age an ERB member would be required to take a minimum distribution from the fund. The statute states that distributions are required for members beginning at age 70.5. However, federal law has been amended twice, increasing that age to between ages 73 and 75, depending on an individual's circumstances. The proposed amendment would reference the federal law, eliminating the need for future amendments to this section if the minimum age for a required distribution is changed in the future.

JWS/al/ne/rl