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2017



FIFTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE, FIRST SESSION, 2017  
FIFTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE, SECOND SPECIAL SESSION, 2016  
FIFTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE, FIRST SPECIAL SESSION, 2017

# HIGHLIGHTS

OF THE  
FIFTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE  
FIRST SESSION, 2017

AND

FIFTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE  
SECOND SPECIAL SESSION, 2016

FIFTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE  
FIRST SPECIAL SESSION, 2017

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NEW MEXICO LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL SERVICE  
JULY 2017  
REVISED DECEMBER 2017

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## *Effective Dates*

- ▶ *All general appropriation acts and acts carrying an emergency clause - immediately upon signature by the governor*
- ▶ *All other acts -*

*Fifty-Third Legislature, First Session: June 16, 2017 (or at a date specified in the act)*

*Fifty-Second Legislature, Second Special Session: January 4, 2017 (or at a date specified in the act)*

*Fifty-Third Legislature, First Special Session: August 28, 2017 (or at a date specified in the act)*

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Revision 12/11/17: On page 15, "House Joint Resolution 8" was re-designated as "House Judiciary Committee Substitute for House Joint Resolution 8".

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*"Money's tight, there's none to be found  
so don't think that I'm tight if I don't buy a round  
I'm on a low budget."*

*- Low Budget, The Kinks*

In order to understand any legislative session, it helps to understand New Mexico's legislative and fiscal calendars. One of the primary tasks when the legislature convenes in January is to develop a budget for the fiscal year that begins the following July. That rhythm was upset in 2017, however.

The story of the 2017 session, and the two special sessions that bookended it, begins in 2015, as the legislature crafted the fiscal year (FY) 2016 budget – one heavily dependent on oil and gas revenues. As oil and gas prices steadily declined and revenue failed to meet projections, it became clear that the state had not collected sufficient revenue to fund the FY 2016 budget. Worse still, FY 2017 revenue was proving to be inadequate to support that year's appropriations.

In late September 2016, the governor called lawmakers into a special session to address revenue shortfalls in both FY 2016 and FY 2017. The legislature obliged by sweeping unspent funds to cover FY 2016, and it began to address FY 2017 by cutting some appropriations and sweeping yet more unspent funds.

In a move critics claimed was politically motivated, the governor also called on lawmakers to increase some criminal penalties and reinstate the death penalty, which the house voted to do, but the senate did not.

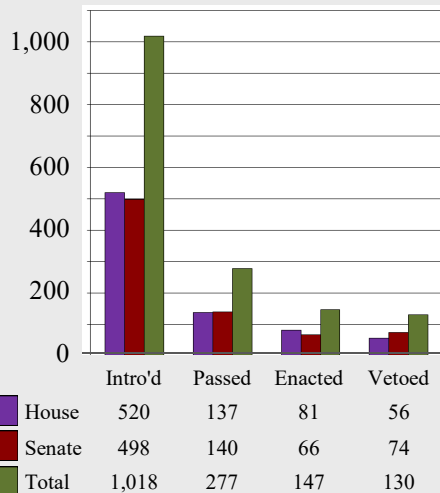
The 2016 special session left a fair amount of the heavy lifting for FY 2017 to the incoming Fifty-Third Legislature. About a month after the 2016 special session concluded, an especially contentious general election campaign that was headlined by an even more contentious presidential race resulted in a change in political control in the house of representatives – from Republican to Democrat – and the defeat of the long-time senate majority floor leader.

Thus, the curtain lifted on the 2017 legislative session with new leadership in the house, a new majority floor leader in the senate and a fiscal year already halfway over that was in need of solvency. Instead of easing into their new roles, leadership in both chambers hit the ground running, quickly facing fiscal and political challenges.



## BILL ACTION SUMMARIES

### ►Regular Session, 2017



### ►Second Special Session, 2016

Introduced:  
House bills - 9      Senate bills - 12  
Passed - 7  
Enacted - 7

### ►First Special Session, 2017

Introduced:  
House bills - 8      Senate bills - 8  
Passed - 4  
Enacted - 3  
Vetoed - 1

A little over a week into the session, the legislature passed a package of bills addressing FY 2017 solvency, again by identifying, sweeping and transferring nonrecurring money into the General Fund. The legislature had less success with what is one of the more routine tasks each year: passage of a bill to fund the session itself and the year-round operations of the legislature. That became a bone of contention as the governor insisted that the legislature cut more than it already had from its budget, foreshadowing an unprecedented showdown.

While most bills tend to pass both chambers in the final days of a session, a handful of noncontroversial measures usually reach the governor's desk earlier. Because they are mostly noncontroversial and often enjoy overwhelming bipartisan support, governors typically sign these bills into law without much fanfare or protest. Not so in 2017. The governor vetoed 10 of these bills without explanation. The legislature's position is that each of those 10 bills became "law without signature" because the Constitution of New Mexico requires that a vetoed bill be returned to the legislature with the governor's

objections. The dispute was pending in court at the time this *Highlights* was published.

After spending significant effort during the 2016 special session and the first week of the regular session fixing FY 2016 and FY 2017, the legislature approached the job of crafting the FY 2018 budget carefully. The legislature sent the governor a \$6.1 billion budget along with a \$350 million companion package of tax increases, crafted in such a way as to allow the governor to line-item veto those tax increases she could not support and leave intact those she could.

Instead, the governor vetoed the entire tax package and used her line-item-veto power in a way that had never been used before, in any state: she struck about \$770 million from the General Appropriation Act of 2017 by vetoing all funding for the legislative branch of government and all funding for higher education institutions.

The legislature's response, through the New Mexico Legislative Council, was to ask the New Mexico Supreme Court to declare those vetoes unconstitutional. The court, noting the governor had just

called a special session for late May, declined to hear the case.

The May special session began with veto override attempts in both chambers, each of which fell short of the required number of votes. Within two days, bills had passed to restore funding initially vetoed by the governor for the legislature and educational institutions, along with another tax package and a complex bond swap to shore up the General Fund. The governor signed the funding for higher education and the legislature but vetoed the tax package, leaving the budget barely balanced.

While budget concerns dominated the regular and two special sessions, other legislation did manage to pass, including a proposed constitutional amendment creating a state ethics commission.

As with any session, the legislature debated a number of high-profile bills that did not pass. One of those was an overhaul of the state's gross receipts tax, a measure that was considered in both the 2017 regular and special sessions.

The *Highlights* is an annual publication of the Legislative Council Service (LCS) that summarizes much, but not all, of the legislative action during each session. The omission of certain legislation or issues should not be interpreted as an indication that those are not important; each is important to someone. Many issues in the *Highlights* defy single-topic categorization, so every effort has been made to organize and cross-reference the contents. A complete listing of bills that passed is included in the Concordance located in [Appendix E](#).



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FIFTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE  
FIRST SESSION, 2017

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## ***AGING***

The legislature passed two bills this session that enhance or provide new protections for the elderly in the areas of financial exploitation, decision-making, confidentiality and informed consent.

The Protecting Vulnerable Adults from Financial Exploitation Act, enacted in **House Judiciary Committee Substitute for House Judiciary Committee Substitute for House Bill 326 (Chapter 106)**, addresses the responsibilities of certain persons who are involved with "vulnerable adults", defined in the act as individuals 65 years of age or older or individuals 18 years of age or older who are incapacitated. Broker-dealers, investment advisers and certain other persons who reasonably believe that financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult has occurred must report the suspected exploitation to the Securities Division of the Regulation and Licensing Department and to the Adult Protective Services Division of the Aging and Long-Term Services Department. A person who reports financial exploitation will have immunity from liability for the disclosure if the report is made with reasonable care. The bill allows broker-dealers and investment advisers to delay disbursements and transactions where financial exploitation is suspected. The bill also requires the director of the Securities Division of the Regulation and Licensing Department to promulgate rules to establish financial exploitation identification and reporting guidelines for broker-dealers and investment advisers.

The legislature made several changes to the Long-Term Care Ombudsman Act in **Senate Bill 171 (Chapter 81)** to align it with the federal Older Americans Act of 1965 and define what a resident's "surrogate decision-maker" is and what it means when a nursing facility resident gives "informed consent". The act now establishes protocols for protecting resident confidentiality and specifying when a long-term care ombudsman may refer incidents of abuse or neglect to authorities. It also clarifies that an "ombudsman" is an individual employee or volunteer of the Office of the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman who is trained and certified to act as a representative of the office. The act no longer includes a requirement that a third-party witness be present when a nursing facility resident who is unable to provide written consent instead provides oral consent for an ombudsman to obtain the resident's medical, personal or financial or other nonmedical records.

### ***Related Bills***

**House Bill 77** - transportation services for seniors - see [Motor Vehicles and Transportation](#)

**House Bill 274** - flu immunizations for inpatients 65 years of age and older - see [Health](#)

**Senate Bill 75** - Deferred Compensation Act changes - see [Public Officers and Employees](#)

## ***AGRICULTURE***

Much of the media attention on agriculture bills during the session covered the legislature's latest efforts to allow farmers to grow hemp. Other agriculture bills that became law include one that strengthens state enforcement of food safety laws and another that restructures fees and assessments in the

state's organic certification program.

The federal Agricultural Act of 2014, commonly referred to as the "Farm Bill", authorizes states to use their departments of agriculture and institutions of higher learning to cultivate industrial hemp to study the growth, cultivation and marketing of hemp. **House Labor and Economic Development Committee Substitute for House Bills 144, 154 and 280 (LWS)**<sup>1</sup> and **Senate Bill 6 (LWS)**<sup>2</sup> implement the federal authorization by instituting industrial hemp research and development programs through New Mexico State University (NMSU) and the New Mexico Department of Agriculture (NMDA). Through participation in the research and development programs, persons and institutions of higher learning are allowed to grow industrial hemp in accordance with the rules of the programs. Industrial hemp is defined in both laws as the plant *Cannabis sativa L.* and any part of the plant, whether growing or not, containing a delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no more than 0.3% on a dry weight basis. Both pieces of legislation create an exemption from the Controlled Substances Act for industrial hemp cultivated pursuant to the research and development programs, while Senate Bill 6 also declassifies industrial hemp as a controlled substance by removing it from the definition of "marijuana" under that act.

**House Bill 305 (Chapter 105)** authorizes the NMDA to enter public or private property to collect physical or documentary samples and to review the records and documents of agricultural producers and businesses involved in food production to verify compliance with the federal Food Safety Modernization Act.

The fee structure for the organic certification program has been too low to cover the costs of the program, resulting in substantial annual operating gaps. **House Bill 387 (Chapter 113)** repeals the section of the Organic Production Act that set fees and assessments for certification and registration of organic producers and products. The change will allow the NMDA to set the fees and assessments by rule, ensuring that revenues will be sufficient to cover operating expenses of the program. The bill also adds a requirement that all money received by the NMDA from fees and assessments be expended only to carry out the provisions of the Organic Production Act.

## ALCOHOL

Changes to the state's liquor control policies were proposed in several bills that passed the legislature, but only two of those bills were signed into law. Both newly enacted laws address the hours during which alcoholic beverages may be sold.

A provision of the Liquor Control Act allows local option districts to limit liquor sales on Sundays. In the 22 districts where Sunday sales are allowed, the law requires service of alcoholic beverages

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<sup>1,2</sup>This bill has been designated as becoming "law without signature" and has not been assigned a chapter number. The New Mexico Legislative Council has filed a petition over the validity of the purported veto of this bill. The case is pending as of the *Highlights* publication date.

to stop at midnight; however, the changes made in **House Bill 262 (Chapter 49)** extend service hours when December 31 falls on a Sunday to allow sales of alcoholic beverages until 2:00 a.m. on January 1.

**House Bill 162 (Chapter 9)** allows a governing body in certain areas of the state to pass an ordinance to restrict the retail sale of packaged alcoholic beverages between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 a.m. Because the new law applies only to Class B counties with populations between 70,000 and 76,000 and to municipalities within those counties, it currently affects only McKinley and Valencia counties.

## *ANIMALS AND LIVESTOCK*

In addition to a bill concerning livestock running at large, described below, the only other bill affecting animals that was signed into law eliminates the Animal Sheltering Board. The latter bill is described in the [Reorganization](#) subsection of the [State Government](#) section.

Under The Livestock Code, it is a misdemeanor for an owner to allow livestock to run at large within a town, conservancy district, irrigation district or military reservation or enclave. **Senate Bill 349 (Chapter 129)** retains that prohibition but removes a requirement that the prohibition be published and posted by the county commission. The bill adds language pertaining to willfulness on the part of the livestock owner, and it increases the fine per head from \$5.00 to \$10.00. The bill also repeals several old sections of The Livestock Code, some of which were enacted during territorial days and addressed conditions that no longer exist.

### *Related Bill*

HCPAC/House Bill 219 - Animal Sheltering Board transfer to Board of Veterinary Medicine - see [State Government](#)

## *APPROPRIATIONS AND FINANCE*

Leading up to the session, coming out of its starting gate, in its final hours and at many points in between, legislators in committee and on the floor debated scores of measures for coping with the state's unrelenting fiscal challenges. Still reeling from the previous year's abrupt revenue plunge and facing another period of depressed revenue levels<sup>3</sup>, lawmakers were again forced to make difficult choices concerning revenue generation, savings and spending.

The state's financial picture started growing bleak about a year earlier, when consecutive forecasts developed by the state's chief economists showed revenue levels tumbling. The oil and gas sector, on

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<sup>3</sup>In its forecast leading up to session, the Consensus Revenue Estimating Group, which consists of economists from the Legislative Finance Committee, the Taxation and Revenue Department, the Department of Finance and Administration and the Department of Transportation, estimated that the amount of new money for fiscal year 2018 was negative \$93 million. "New money" refers to the recurring spending power lawmakers gain year-over-year. The new-money figure is computed as the difference between the current fiscal year's recurring General Fund appropriations and the amount of recurring General Fund revenue expected to materialize in the coming year.

which the state is heavily dependent for revenue, had taken a mighty hit. Measures enacted by lawmakers in the 2016 regular and special sessions chipped away at, but failed to solve, the problem.

With many of the options for improving solvency exhausted – including budget slashing, fund sweeping and law tightening – and with the governor holding firm in her stand to refuse tax increases, lawmakers' viable choices for escaping budget imbalance dwindled. Still, legislators proposed and debated ideas for relief. They considered putting various infrastructure programs on hold, raising taxes and fees, reducing past and future appropriations and sweeping what little accessible money remained in state funds. In the end, the governor signed a handful of loose solvency measures passed by the legislature.

The chief plan, however, for setting the state on a more stable fiscal course took the form of the session's general appropriation act and a companion bill. If fully enacted, the companion bill would raise about \$350 million. The legislature intended the additional revenue – or, if the bill were partially vetoed, some part of it – to offset General Fund spending in excess of revenue expected to materialize under current law.

In a dramatic move, the governor vetoed the companion bill and two major parts of the general appropriation act: all funding for higher education institutions and for legislative agencies – combined, about \$766 million in General Fund appropriations. Her main rationale for the strikes was twofold: that the legislature should not have preserved itself from budget cuts as deep as those made to most executive agencies and that the senate failed in its duty to hold confirmation hearings for nominees to higher education institution board of regents posts.

At that moment, the scope of major issues confronting the legislature shifted.

### *General Appropriation Act*

Once it was stripped by veto of all appropriations for higher education institutions<sup>4</sup> and for the legislature, this year's general appropriations bill, **House Appropriations and Finance Committee Substitute for House Bills 2 and 3 (Chapter 135, p.v.) (GAA)**, showed an incomplete picture of the state's spending plan for the remainder of FY 2017 and for FY 2018.

Shortly after the governor executed the sweeping vetoes, the legislature appealed to the state supreme court to deem them unconstitutional and to mandate their restoration. But the court declined to hear the case.

Consequently, the GAA, as enacted, still represents only part of the year's spending plan. The 2017 special session's House Bill 1 – a supplemental general appropriations bill discussed in the [Fifty-Third Legislature, First Special Session](#) section – details much of the rest.

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<sup>4</sup>In this context, higher education institutions refers to educational institutions that are funded under the "higher education" heading in general appropriation acts. The category includes institutions that do not primarily offer post-secondary educational services, such as the New Mexico Military Institute, the New Mexico School for the Blind and Visually Impaired and the Carrie Tingley Hospital.



With revenue projections for FY 2018 looking grim, the GAA portion of the spending plan relies heavily on further General Fund budget cuts to achieve balance between anticipated revenue and spending levels.

Following are highlights of policymakers' priorities for General Fund spending – in the form of recurring appropriations and special, nonrecurring appropriations – as represented in the GAA.

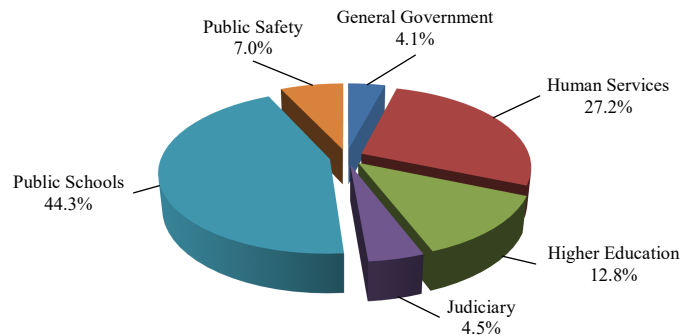
For the most part, the recurring appropriations are designated for funding agencies' FY 2018 operating budgets. In most cases, the special appropriations are made for the current and next fiscal years. Where year-over-year comparisons are noted, they represent the difference between the act's FY 2018 appropriations and adjusted FY 2017 appropriations – that is, FY 2017 appropriations as reduced by measures taken to improve the state's FY 2017 fiscal solvency.

◆ *Public School Support; Other Education*

Because of the high concentration of General Fund spending on public schools – kindergarten through grade 12 – much of the General Fund savings realized by recent across-the-board funding cuts came at the expense of those institutions. The GAA makes up for some of that recurring funding deficiency. Compared with the FY 2017 state equalization guarantee<sup>5</sup> appropriation, the appropriation made in the act for that purpose grows in FY 2018 by about \$20.6 million<sup>6</sup>, or .8%. Factoring in appropriations to cover transportation, instructional materials<sup>7</sup> and other locally controlled expenses, appropriations under the bill section titled "Public School Support" constitute almost \$2.6 billion of the state's \$5.95 billion in projected FY 2018 General Fund revenue.

Despite this enhancement in core funding for schools, lawmakers acknowledged the possibility that appropriations would nonetheless fall short: they made available, through special appropriations, \$1 million for the current and next fiscal years, as well as \$2 million for the next fiscal year, to cover shortfalls that school districts and charter schools might experience.

**GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATIONS  
Fiscal Year 2018  
\$6,078,439,100\***



\*Includes appropriations in the General Appropriation Act of 2017 (Laws 2017, Chapter 135, p.v.) and the Supplemental General Appropriation Act of 2017 (Laws 2017 (S.S.), Chapter 2, p.v.).

<sup>5</sup>The state equalization guarantee refers to the money distributed to school districts and charter schools. These institutions rely almost exclusively for their funding on distributions from the state, which are computed using a formula based on student population and characteristics.

<sup>6</sup>\$8.55 million of that amount is in the form of a special, nonrecurring appropriation made in Section 5 of the GAA.

<sup>7</sup>New this year, the general appropriations bill contains appropriations from the Public School Capital Outlay Fund for school district and charter school transportation and instructional materials. A law from the 2016 special session temporarily allows for those non-General Fund appropriations. The shift eases some of the pressure on the General Fund to meet school districts' and charter schools' funding needs.

Meanwhile, under the GAA, year-over-year General Fund appropriations for related programs that the Public Education Department (PED) administers, such as K-3 Plus and pre-kindergarten, shrink by almost \$3 million, or 3.2%. The department's funding for its operating expenses remains the same.

Overall, General Fund spending under the GAA for public school support and other non-higher education public school needs reaches almost \$2.7 billion.

◆ *Health, Hospitals and Human Services*

Combined, appropriations to agencies that administer the provision of health and human services rank second in overall General Fund spending. That spending is mostly concentrated in the joint state-federal medical assistance program, or Medicaid, administered by the Human Services Department (HSD); the program receives over \$814 million from the General Fund under the GAA. Other high-spending areas include the Developmental Disabilities Support Program of the Department of Health (DOH), which receives over \$146 million, and the Medicaid Behavioral Health Program of the HSD, which receives over \$115 million.

Overall, funding for the Medicaid program is up by .2%. The figure reflects, in part, the increased financial obligation, resulting from a phased decline in the federal match rate, that the state assumed by expanding Medicaid coverage under the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act. It also reflects projected decreases in program expenditures that are based on external trends and on internal cost-savings measures implemented by the HSD.

The DOH's overall funding decreases by \$5.1 million, or 1.8%, under the GAA. The drop is attributed largely to cost-savings measures undertaken by the department and expected increases in federal contributions. Meanwhile, funding for department-administered rural and primary health care clinics falls by \$1.1 million.

The HSD and the DOH each receive special, nonrecurring General Fund appropriations related to lawsuits against the agencies. In the case of the HSD, \$700,000 is appropriated for an ongoing lawsuit challenging the department's adherence to federal and state requirements for the food assistance and Medicaid programs. The DOH, meanwhile, receives \$1 million for challenges to its implementation of the Medicaid-based developmental disability services program.

Funding for the Children, Youth and Families Department (CYFD), which was spared some of the emergency, across-the-board General Fund reductions recently implemented, increases by 1.7%. A portion of the increase is appropriated to the Protective Services Program to reduce caseloads and turnover rates. Some of it represents not an increase in a particular program's funding, but rather a shift in how two youth mentoring programs are funded, which was previously through special appropriations to the Department of Finance and Administration (DFA). Meanwhile, the GAA continues a recently instated funding boost of \$1.5 million for early childhood services.

◆ *Public Safety*

Most smaller agencies with public safety missions will experience relatively minimal declines in their year-over-year General Fund spending capacities. The decreases range from .4% (the Crime Victims Reparation Commission) to 4.5% (the Homeland Security and Emergency Management Department).

On the other hand, the largest public safety agency, the Corrections Department, will have over \$3.6 million more in recurring funding for the coming fiscal year. That difference equals 1.2% of the department's FY 2017 General Fund appropriations. The increase is intended to cover, among other growing expenses, salary raises and rises in the cost of contract services.

Two special appropriations from the General Fund of \$2 million each will further strengthen the Corrections Department's FY 2018 spending power. The appropriations are earmarked for prison population growth, hepatitis C treatment and custodial staff overtime pay.

◆ *Judicial*

No agency under the bill section titled "Judicial" – which includes the Administrative Office of the Courts, the Public Defender Department, the district and metropolitan courts and the district attorney offices – receives a cut to its recurring funding. Rather, the agencies will collectively receive almost \$6.7 million, or an average of 2.5%, more in recurring funding. The agency appropriated the largest share – over one-third – of that total, the Administrative Office of the Courts, is to use the funding boost to avoid what have been recent shortfalls in jury and witness fees, court-appointed attorney expenses and magistrate court leases.

◆ *General Control*

In contrast, and aside from the agencies whose appropriations the governor vetoed wholesale, agencies classified as "general control" take the biggest hit in terms of year-over-year reductions to recurring funding levels. They receive 6.7% less in General Fund appropriations. Agencies in this category include the Taxation and Revenue Department, the DFA and the General Services Department (GSD). Much of that decrease, however, reflects factors that make the comparison between FY 2018 and FY 2017 appropriations unsuitable.

For instance, the GAA newly provides for an appropriation of \$6 million from the State Road Fund to the Motor Vehicle Division of the Taxation and Revenue Department. The appropriation reduces by that amount the recurring funding needed by the department from the General Fund.

In the case of the DFA, the decrease in General Fund appropriations is partly attributable to changes in how some appropriations are classified and to reductions to, or vetoes of, the agency's special appropriations<sup>8</sup>. Specifically, as discussed, some programs formerly funded as DFA special appropriations

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<sup>8</sup>DFA special appropriations are those used not for operations, but rather those that pass through the agency for transfer out of it. Many of these appropriations are for the payment of membership dues and fees. Most of the special appropriations vetoed relate to the legislature and were presumably executed as part of an effort to strike all funding for the legislature.

are funded now through appropriations to the CYFD.

The GSD and the Office of the Attorney General, on the other hand, receive more in General Fund appropriations than they did in FY 2017. The GSD's 5.7% bump is partly due to a shift in how money is appropriated: the department is assuming the costs of maintenance of the Department of Public Safety's (DPS's) Santa Fe campus. For the Office of the Attorney General, a substantial 18.1% increase is intended to make up for a slack in revenue to the Consumer Settlement Fund. The office will also receive \$1 million in special, nonrecurring appropriations – \$400,000 from the General Fund and \$600,000 from the Improvement of Rio Grande Income Fund – to defend the state against Texas in a lawsuit alleging violation of the compact governing the distribution of water from the Rio Grande.

The appropriations to several offices under the bill section titled "General Control", including those of the governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state and state treasurer, remain unchanged from their FY 2017 levels.

◆ *Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources*

On the whole, agencies under the bill section titled "Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources" receive a 3.1% decrease in recurring funding. The appropriation to the largest of those agencies, the Cultural Affairs Department, stays flat, while those to the New Mexico Livestock Board and the Intertribal Ceremonial Office each drop by 35.1%. In the first case, the drop corresponds to an increase in funding from the board's own general fund. In the second, the act does not provide for another source to fill the void.

Special, nonrecurring appropriations in the same amounts and from the same sources as those made to the attorney general for defending the state in Rio Grande Compact litigation are made also to the state engineer.

◆ *Commerce and Industry*

Most agencies under the bill section titled "Commerce and Industry", including the Tourism Department, the Economic Development Department and the Regulation and Licensing Department, will experience relatively minor recurring funding decreases. Others, like the Public Regulation Commission (PRC), the Gaming Control Board and the State Racing Commission, will see no change in their recurring funding levels. Only the Office of Military Base Planning and Support will receive more recurring funding than it did in FY 2017 – a relatively sizable increase of \$45,000, or 24.7%.

In contrast, the Spaceport Authority will experience a pronounced decrease of 10.4% in its recurring funding. The drop signifies a gradual realization of the aim that the authority shift away from dependence on the General Fund and toward reliance on revenue from its commercial enterprises. It further reflects the hope – if not the expectation – that Virgin Galactic commercial flights from the spaceport will begin in FY 2018.

Notably, lawmakers continue the trend of making considerable investments in economic

development and job-creation programs. The act makes special, nonrecurring appropriations to the Economic Development Department for the Job Training Incentive Program and for projects undertaken in compliance with the Local Economic Development Act. Specifically, it appropriates \$10 million for the Job Training Incentive Program, up to \$1 million of which may be used for the department's nascent Solo-Worker Program. Meanwhile, \$7 million is earmarked for local economic development projects.

◆ *Higher Education*

As discussed, most appropriations to institutions under the "Higher Education" section of the act were vetoed. The only one preserved from veto is one for nearly \$34.5 million to the Higher Education Department (HED). The figure represents a .3% decrease in the agency's recurring funding.

◆ *Other Appropriations, Adjustments and Transfers*

Relying instead on federal funding (about \$401.5 million), money from other state sources (about \$467.5 million) and internal service funds (about \$1.4 million), the Department of Transportation (DOT), as in the past, receives no General Fund money for its operations.

◆ *Contingencies*

One appropriation from the General Fund would have been made, but for its contingency on legislation that failed: \$9 million to the Taxation and Revenue Department. The appropriation was conditioned on the enactment of comprehensive tax reform legislation and would have been used to implement the changes that the reform required.

Also subject to a contingency is an appropriation of \$250,000 from the General Fund to the Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department (EMNRD) to begin remediation of a brine well in Carlsbad that is prone to imminent collapse. The appropriation depends on matching funding from the City of Carlsbad and from Eddy County.

◆ *Governor's Vetoes*

The governor exercised her veto power to strike parts, in addition to those discussed, of the GAA. All vetoes to the act are summarized in [Appendix B](#).

***Feed Bill***

**House Bill 1 (Chapter 4, p.v.)**, commonly known as the "feed bill" because of its yield of funding for the legislative session, followed an unusually rocky course this year. Ordinarily the first bill passed and signed into law, this year's feed bill was the fourth bill enacted. Also in a break from feed bills in previous years, which have contained appropriations for virtually all of the legislative branch's expenses, this year's version was stripped of its funding for interim costs and for agencies, including the LCS, the Legislative Education Study Committee (LESC) and the Legislative Finance Committee (LFC). Instead, the legislature proposed – but the governor vetoed – funding for those costs and agencies in the GAA.

Nonetheless, the feed bill appropriates \$9.5 million from the General Fund for legislative

purposes. Of that amount, \$8.6 million provides for the operations of the 2017 regular session and \$850,800 for costs associated with the Legislative Information System during the current and next fiscal years. The governor vetoed an \$800,000 appropriation for the Administrative Office of the Courts that had been added to the bill as an emergency measure to cover jury and witness fees and the office's operations.

*Other Appropriations*

Following a recent event in which the use of a tourniquet saved a police officer's life, lawmakers changed the schedule of distributions from the Law Enforcement Protection Fund with amendments made in **House Bill 9 (Chapter 35)**. Distributions from the fund now include one that allows the New Mexico Law Enforcement Academy to buy tourniquets and provide trauma kit training. The law entitles the academy to an annual distribution of \$24,500 from the fund for those purposes and for producing training videos.

*Public Finance*

Lawmakers dedicated much of the session, especially its first several days, to addressing the state's financial troubles. The first three bills signed into law, **House Bill 4 (Chapter 1)**, **Senate Bill 113 (Chapter 2, p.v.)** and **Senate Finance Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 114 (Chapter 3)** (Senate Bill 114), take an array of approaches to improving the state's fiscal situation.

House Bill 4 affects four funds and the entities that receive distributions from them. The bill:

- ▶ puts fire districts and municipalities on an accrual accounting basis in regard to the Fire Protection Fund, the Fire Protection Grant Fund and the Law Enforcement Protection Fund;
- ▶ aligns revenue and expenditures of a given fiscal year by putting those funds, along with the Insurance Operations Fund, on a periodic allotment schedule;
- ▶ requires that balances in the funds revert to the General Fund each year; and
- ▶ eliminates the transfer of money from the Fire Protection Fund to the Fire Protection Grant Fund for FY 2017 and FY 2018.

The LFC estimates that, with these changes, the General Fund will receive \$78.3 million in FY 2017 and \$10.7 million in FY 2018 – windfall revenues that, though nonrecurring, will help balance those years' budgets and strengthen the state's cash reserves.

A second measure for helping balance the current fiscal year budget redirects portions of certain school districts' and charter schools' cash balances to the General Fund. Senate Bill 114 requires the secretary of public education to apply portions of those balances as credits toward the districts' and schools' FY 2017 state equalization guarantee distributions. The amount of each affected entity's credit is based on the entity's share of the total statewide program cost. The most financially strained school

districts and charter schools are held harmless from the cuts.

The third in the string of early-in-session efforts to shore up revenue and fortify reserves – Senate Bill 113 – reduces by \$8 million the year's appropriations to the PED for department-sponsored initiatives. The law also sweeps money in a variety of state funds, including the Tobacco Settlement Permanent Fund, for transfer to the General Fund.

**House Bill 261 (Chapter 5)**, another swiftly enacted bill, fills the funding void that remained after the governor's veto of judiciary-related funding in House Bill 1. The law addresses anticipated FY 2017 shortfalls for the state's court system. It makes a supplemental appropriation of approximately \$1.6 million to the Administrative Office of the Courts for operational needs and for the Jury and Witness Fee Fund. To ward off concerns about the possible need for staff furloughs at the New Mexico Supreme Court, the legislation also makes a supplemental appropriation of \$80,000 to the court.

With the enactment of **House Bill 259 (Chapter 47)**, counties may now use revenue from two gross receipts tax increments for emergency communications equipment for certain emergency communications centers. In addition, counties may pledge the revenue to repay bonds issued to buy that equipment. The bill also makes technical changes to statute text.

**Senate Bill 154 (Chapter 80)** temporarily revises distributions from the Tobacco Settlement Permanent Fund, which receives distributions from tobacco manufacturers pursuant to the Master Settlement Agreement. In FY 2018, 100% of the amount distributed to the permanent fund will be distributed to the Tobacco Settlement Program Fund, up from the 50% distribution originally established in statute. This is the seventh fiscal year in the past decade in which the permanent fund's entire distribution was temporarily passed on to the program fund.

The Wastewater Facility Construction Loan Fund, which is administered by the Department of Environment, was the topic of two bills signed into law. **House Bill 64 (Chapter 100)** appropriates \$1.3 million to the fund as state matching funds that will make available a \$6.5 million allocation in federal funding to finance wastewater and storm water projects. Until now, only local authorities were eligible for financing from the fund; however, **House Bill 415 (Chapter 114)** authorizes state agencies to apply for wastewater and storm water project financing from the fund as well.

**Senate Bill 43 (Chapter 120)** allows public bodies, in a public meeting, to delegate authority to make bond pricing decisions and to serve in a fiduciary capacity for the body to ensure accountability. The delegation authority benefits the DOT, which can schedule pricing for bond offerings based on favorable market conditions rather than based on the meeting schedule for the New Mexico Finance Authority (NMFA) board, which approves bond sales for the department. In addition to possibly reducing borrowing costs, this change brings New Mexico into conformance with national standards and expectations on how public securities are sold and sales are approved.



*New Mexico Finance Authority*

As required in statute, the NMFA received legislative approval during the session to make loans and grants for public infrastructure projects statewide. **House Bill 268 (Chapter 50)** gives authorization to the NMFA to make loans from the Public Project Revolving Fund to 101 projects around the state. **Senate Bill 44 (Chapter 22)** authorizes the NMFA to make loans and grants from the Water Project Fund for 32 qualifying projects recommended to the legislature by the Water Trust Board. Lists of the projects authorized in these bills may be found in [Appendix B](#).

**House Bill 256 (Chapter 29)** appropriates \$1.8 million from the Public Project Revolving Fund to the Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund. The appropriation matches \$8.8 million in federal grant funds available under the Safe Drinking Water Act program administered by the federal Environmental Protection Agency.

*Capital Outlay*

For the first time since 2001, the year's omnibus capital outlay bill was vetoed in its entirety by the governor. Senate Finance Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 462 (Senate Bill 462) would have allocated roughly \$46 million in severance tax bonding capacity to restore public school cash balances that were swept away in Senate Bill 114 earlier in the session. Senate Bill 462 would have:

- ▶ transferred balances from numerous other state funds to the 2017 appropriation account of the General Fund;
- ▶ made a \$6 million transfer from the Capitol Buildings Repair Fund to the General Fund to restore prior year allotments; and
- ▶ suspended a portion of the severance tax bonding capacity allocation for water infrastructure projects in FY 2017, while preserving a portion of the severance tax bonding capacity for water rights adjudication.

The bill included roughly \$26.2 million in severance tax bond funding and more than \$10 million in appropriations from other state funds to address critical statewide infrastructure needs for senior centers, roads, public schools, airports and state and judicial buildings and facilities. The bill did not include any individual district capital project appropriations.

The year's capital outlay reauthorization bill, **Senate Finance Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 362 (Chapter 133)**, survived the governor's veto pen unscathed. The bill reauthorizes 130 prior-year appropriations to extend project expenditure or certification periods; change, expand or clarify project purposes; and change project locations or administering agencies. The bill includes two transfers of \$1 million each from the Fire Protection Fund and the Fire Protection Grant Fund to the General Fund to restore reserves. In addition, the bill appropriates more than \$1.5 million of severance tax bond appropriations that were set aside in the Art in Public Places Fund to: 1) the Cultural Affairs Department

to upgrade exhibits at the Museum of Indian Arts and Culture in Santa Fe; and 2) the State Museums Improvements and Exhibits Fund for repairs and upgrades to state museum facilities and exhibitions statewide. Details on reauthorized projects may be found in [Appendix C](#).

***Related Bills***

**House Bill 8** - cigarette tax distribution to NMFA - see [Taxation](#)

**House Bill 29** - Carlsbad Brine Well Remediation Fund - see [Law Enforcement and Public Safety](#)

**HAFC/HJC/House Bill 536** - Sexual Assault Examination Kit Processing Grant Fund - see [Law Enforcement and Public Safety](#)

**Senate Bill 4** - Carlsbad Brine Well Remediation Fund - see [Law Enforcement and Public Safety](#)

**Senate Bill 65** - Language Access Fund - see [Courts](#)

**Senate Bill 222** - local public body definition exemption - see [Local Government and Special Districts](#)

***BUSINESS AND CONSUMERS***

Consumer protection is the focus of the session's business-related bills that passed and were signed into law. New Mexicans gained protections in the realm of personal data security and increased coverage under the laws that govern service contracts. In addition, certain disclosures to consumers are now required from businesses that sell residential solar rooftop electric systems.

The Data Breach Notification Act, enacted in **House Judiciary Committee Substitute for House Bill 15 (Chapter 36)**, addresses concerns about violations of privacy, identity theft and consumer fraud through the internet. The act requires any person that owns or licenses records containing personal identifying information to arrange for the proper disposal of those records when they are no longer needed for business purposes. The act further requires the person to protect the personal identifying information from unauthorized access, destruction, use, modification or disclosure by implementing and maintaining reasonable security procedures and practices appropriate to the nature of the information. If a security breach occurs, a person that owns or licenses data elements that include personal identifying information of New Mexico residents is required to notify each resident whose personal identifying information is reasonably believed to have been breached.

**Senate Corporations and Transportation Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 220 (Chapter 125)** amends the Service Contract Regulation Act to expand the scope of service contracts covered by that act. Providers of service contracts will now have the option of insuring those contracts through a reimbursement insurance policy rather than through a cash or surety deposit with the superintendent of insurance.

In recent years, some purchasers and lessees of solar rooftop electric systems – also known as "distributed energy generation systems" – have found that long-term loans for their systems are attached to their property, thus limiting resale potential and creating unforeseen financial burdens. The Distributed Generation Disclosure Act, enacted by **House Judiciary Committee Substitute for House Bill 199**

(Chapter 102), addresses this situation by requiring detailed disclosures to be included in agreements to sell, finance or lease distributed energy generation systems. The act enumerates 19 elements to be disclosed in the agreements, including long-term financial obligations and tax liabilities. The act also requires that the attorney general adopt rules to implement and enforce its provisions.

### *Related Bills*

House Bill 147 - Job Training Incentive Program - see [Economic Development](#)

HBIC/House Bill 260 - biosimilars regulation - see [Health](#)

HSIVC/House Bill 276 - Uniform Money Services Act amendments - see [Financial Institutions](#)

HJC/HJC/House Bill 326 - Protecting Vulnerable Adults from Financial Exploitation Act - see [Aging](#)

HJC/HBIC/House Bill 347 - New Mexico Bank Installment Loan Act of 1959 and New Mexico Small Loan Act of 1955 amendments - see [Financial Institutions](#)

SPAC/Senate Bills 82 & 128 - health care services contract restrictions - see [Health](#)

SCORC/Senate Bill 155 - workers' compensation benefits - see [Employment and Labor](#)

Senate Bill 229 - occupational health and safety - see [Employment and Labor](#)

SCORC/Senate Bill 411 - telecommunications services tax - see [Taxation](#)

## CHILDREN

Bills that were enacted to provide protections for children cover a range of issues and are described in various sections. Of the two bills described below, one eases access to informal caregiver supports, and the other protects children against certain professional treatments deemed harmful to young people. Please see the [Education](#) section for a description of the Hunger-Free Students' Bill of Rights Act and the [Health](#) section for a bill on shaken baby syndrome prevention training.

Informal caregivers are those who, in the absence of a parent and without the involvement of the court or other authorities, have assumed responsibility for a child. Because they do not have custody under a court order, these caregivers have limited rights to make decisions regarding a child. A "caregiver's authorization affidavit" enables an informal caregiver to enroll a child in school and make school-related medical decisions, such as obtaining vaccinations and school-enrollment medical examinations, but statute only authorizes certain relatives to complete these affidavits. **House Bill 394 (Chapter 62)** removes the requirement that an informal caregiver be a relative of the child and allows an informal caregiver to obtain medical or dental services other than those required for participation in school, regardless of the child's age. It also authorizes informal caregivers to enroll children of pre-kindergarten age for services, including early intervention, child care, Head Start and preschool services.

With amendments made by **Senate Bill 121 (Chapter 132)**, the practice of "conversion therapy" on individuals under 18 years of age is now grounds for disciplinary action against professionals licensed pursuant to the Nursing Practice Act, the Medical Practice Act, the Professional Psychologist Act, the Osteopathic Medicine Act, the Counseling and Therapy Practice Act and the Social Work Practice Act. Conversion therapy is defined, with certain exclusions, as any practice or treatment designed to change a

person's sexual orientation or gender identity. The bill also amends a provision of the Nursing Practice Act to provide immunity from liability arising out of a civil action for anyone who files a disciplinary complaint with the Board of Nursing "with reasonable care" instead of "without actual malice".

***Related Bills***

**House Bill 411** - point of contact for children in foster care and juvenile justice system - see [Education](#)

**Senate Bill 21** - shaken baby syndrome prevention training - see [Health](#)

**SJC/Senate Bill 91** - childhood sexual abuse statute of limitations - see [Law Enforcement and Public Safety](#)

**Senate Bill 374** - Hunger-Free Students' Bill of Rights Act - see [Education](#)

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

This year's legislative actions concerning constitutional amendments touched on not only the state constitution but, in a rare occurrence, the federal constitution as well. The LCS publishes an analysis of and arguments for and against proposed amendments to the Constitution of New Mexico prior to any election in which they appear. The next publication, titled *Summary of and Arguments For and Against the Constitutional Amendments Proposed by the Legislature in 2017 and 2018*, will be released by the LCS in the summer of 2018.

A number of bills proposing some type of independent administrative body to oversee various statutes governing the conduct of public officers and employees, as well as political campaigns, lobbyists and government contractors, have been introduced over the past 10 years, but none has passed both houses of the legislature. This year, proponents of such a body took a different tack and managed to pass **House Judiciary Committee Substitute for House Joint Resolution 8 (C.A. 2)**, which proposes an amendment to the Constitution of New Mexico to establish a seven-member state ethics commission, whose duties and jurisdiction would be provided by law.

Article 6, Sections 13 and 27 of the Constitution of New Mexico currently restrict the authority of the legislature to regulate the appellate jurisdiction of courts inferior to the Court of Appeals. **Senate Rules Committee Substitute for Senate Joint Resolution 1 (C.A. 1)** proposes to amend those sections of the constitution by removing the restrictions that currently limit the legislature's ability to enact statutory adjustments to processes for appealing lower court decisions.

Article 5 of the United States Constitution provides an alternative mechanism for proposing amendments to the constitution in which, upon application of at least two-thirds of the state legislatures, Congress must call a convention – commonly referred to as a "constitutional convention" – for proposing amendments. Any proposed amendments that come out of a constitutional convention still require concurrence by three-fourths of the states before ratification.

In 1951, 1965 and 1976, the New Mexico Legislature passed joint resolutions applying to Congress to call a constitutional convention. The resolutions specified particular purposes to which the convention should be limited, including: 1) requiring the national currency to be set to a gold standard;

2) specifying a dollar amount limitation on personal income taxes; 3) letting each state determine the basis for establishing state senate districts instead of requiring population-based district boundaries; 4) restrictions on overseas military deployments; and 5) restrictions on overall federal expenditures. **House Joint Resolution 10** rescinds the joint resolutions, thereby eliminating the state's application for a constitutional convention.

## *CORRECTIONS*

The legislature passed several bills to address how inmates are housed in correctional facilities. Those bills placed restrictions on the use of solitary confinement in certain cases and provided guidance related to lactating inmates. Only one bill affecting the corrections system was signed into law, however, and it focuses on the sale of goods produced by inmates.

Prior to the enactment of **Senate Bill 298 (Chapter 88)**, the Corrections Industries Division of the Corrections Department was allowed to sell items manufactured by inmates through programs provided for in the Corrections Industries Act, but with the restriction that sales to the general public take place only twice a year and include only items valued at no more than \$300. This year's measure removes the restrictions on the number of sales that may be held and on the maximum value of those items. The bill also clarifies that inmate labor used to produce items is voluntary; requires that sales of those items to the general public take place on Corrections Industries Division property; and restricts sales via the internet and through the mail.

## *COURTS*

Several changes to operations in the state's courts were put in place in five bills that passed and were signed into law. Some of the changes allow for greater efficiency in court operations while others are aimed at reducing court costs — a focus of many measures introduced during the session.

Jurisdiction for the service of process and for arrests related to violations of municipal ordinances is expanded in **House Bill 110 (Chapter 27)**. The law allows a law enforcement officer with jurisdiction in the county in which a municipal ordinance is alleged to be violated and in a county adjacent to that county, with respect to certain violations, to serve process and make arrests related to the alleged violation.

**Senate Bill 65 (Chapter 74)** creates a new Language Access Fund to be used by the Administrative Office of the Courts to provide language access services, including oral interpretation and translation of written documents, funded through appropriations, fees and revenue collected by the New Mexico Center for Language Access. Prior to this change in the law, those services were furnished through funding in the Jury and Witness Fee Fund. The Language Access Fund is a nonreverting fund, which will allow unspent money in the fund to remain in the fund to meet the courts' fluctuating needs for language access services.

With the closure of two magistrate courts, as provided in **House Bill 12 (Chapter 8)**, the Administrative Office of the Courts estimates that the annual cost of operating magistrate courts will be reduced by at least \$26,400. The magistrate courts in Quemado in Catron County and Questa in Taos County – neither of which is permanently staffed – will be closed, and cases that would have been filed in those courts will now be filed in Reserve in Catron County and Taos in Taos County.

Another cost-saving measure is implemented in **House Bill 385 (Chapter 61)**, which allows for a juror to be reimbursed for mileage expenses related to service only if the juror travels more than 40 miles roundtrip. Prior to this change, a juror would receive mileage reimbursement for travel between the juror's residence and the court.

**House Bill 131 (Chapter 39)** enables a district court to impose a fee on parties that use the court's alternative dispute resolution programs, excluding domestic relations mediation programs. The fee will be based on a sliding fee scale approved by the New Mexico Supreme Court and on a party's ability to pay.

#### *Related Bills*

**House Bill 261** - court funding - see [Appropriations and Finance](#)

**House Bill 411** - point of contact for children in foster care and juvenile justice system - see [Education](#)

## *CRIMINAL LAW*

In contrast to the regular and special legislative sessions of 2016, during which crime bills were a major focus, the 2017 session saw significantly fewer crime-related initiatives introduced, passed and signed by the governor. Two of the three crime-related bills that became law are nearly identical measures that relate to licensing a driver previously convicted of driving while intoxicated (DWI). The third bill creates a process for termination of the parental rights of a person convicted of rape.

A driver who has only one previous conviction for DWI and whose conviction was in a jurisdiction outside New Mexico will no longer have to obtain an ignition interlock license, with a few conditions. **Senate Bill 136 (Chapter 79)** and **House Bill 31 (Chapter 17)** create the exception to the ignition interlock license requirement, but only if:

- ▶ the driver's conduct that led to the DWI conviction did not result in great bodily harm or death of another person;
- ▶ the DWI conviction was at least 12 months before the driver seeks a New Mexico driver's license; and
- ▶ the driver provides proof that all sentencing requirements for the previous DWI were fulfilled.

After considering similar legislation in several previous sessions, the legislature passed **Senate Bill 45 (Chapter 121)** to establish a process for a person whose child was conceived through rape to request termination of the perpetrator's parental rights if the perpetrator is convicted of that rape. Under the new

law, a court is required to terminate the parental rights as requested in a petition if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence – or evidence beyond a reasonable doubt, if the child is subject to the federal Indian Child Welfare Act of 1978 – that the child at issue in the case was conceived as a result of the rape for which the perpetrator was convicted.

## *ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT*

With New Mexico's economy still recovering from the Great Recession, the state's unemployment rate recently rated one of the worst in the nation and the state's budget of pressing concern, it is no surprise that the session's measures to expand and support economic development were numerous. In studies statewide, business leaders have cited a lack of adequate high-speed internet coverage and an underdeveloped workforce as barriers to the state's further economic growth. Legislation was enacted to address these concerns and strengthen the economic contribution of bioscience industries.

High-speed internet access was the subject of several interim committee hearings during 2016. At those hearings, concerns were raised that businesses and individuals would not relocate to New Mexico without broadband services comparable to the quality of those services in competing states. **House Bill 60 (Chapter 6)** expands the definition of "economic development project" in the Local Economic Development Act to include rights-of-way infrastructure for new broadband telecommunications network facilities, thus making these projects eligible for state funding under the act. In a similar measure, **Senate Bill 24 (LWS)**<sup>9</sup> amends the Infrastructure Development Zone Act to add "any broadband technology infrastructure" to the definition of services eligible for funding under that act. **House State Government, Indian and Veterans Affairs Committee Substitute for House Bill 113 (Chapter 7)** amends the Department of Information Technology Act to require the department to coordinate the development of a statewide telecommunications network. The bill requires the state's chief information officer to develop a statewide broadband network and apply for reimbursements from the federal Universal Service Fund on behalf of state agencies, political subdivisions and educational institutions that request to be included in the network. Under the bill's provisions, the state will not be the organization responsible for build-out of the system or services; rather, the state will contract with commercial telecommunications providers. The chief information officer is required to partner with the PED, the HED, state universities, other educational institutions and the Public School Facilities Authority in implementing the provisions of the bill.

The Job Training Incentive Program is designed to improve the state's economic and workforce development. **House Bill 147 (Chapter 40)** temporarily relaxes the residency requirement for participants

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<sup>9</sup>This bill has been designated as becoming "law without signature" and has not been assigned a chapter number. The New Mexico Legislative Council has filed a petition over the validity of the purported veto of this bill. The case is pending as of the *Highlights* publication date.



in the program and establishes a preference for training and instruction geared toward higher-wage jobs. Under the new law, for five years, the board that awards funding for job preparation must employ a preference for jobs that meet certain wage and location criteria, even if the trainees for those jobs have resided in the state for less than one year. The bill further makes technical changes to clarify statute text.

**Senate Judiciary Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 478 (Chapter 134)** enacts the Bioscience Development Act, which creates the New Mexico Bioscience Authority as a nonprofit corporation and public-private partnership among state government, research institutions, national laboratories and private industry. The authority's duties include providing advice on initiatives that may stimulate investment in bioscience industries and creating programs to expand bioscience economic opportunities and jobs in the state.

## *EDUCATION*

With the state's financial straits a priority on legislators' minds, education policy may have seemed to be on the legislative "back burner". Despite those concerns and the governor's vetoes, several bills became law that address issues discussed by the LESC and the LFC during the 2016 interim, such as expansion of the K-3 Plus program. A few other bills survived the legislative and executive gauntlet, including measures to provide certain school districts with more options for transporting students; provide relief for university students from articulation and credit-transfer problems when moving between higher education institutions; and minimize disruptions for high school students whose studies are interrupted by forces beyond their control. With the passage of a bill that received national attention, students whose families have fallen behind paying for meals at school will no longer be denied a meal or held responsible for the debt.

Some of the education measures that were introduced have seen the light of day many times before and, yet again, failed to survive. For the seventh consecutive session, a measure was introduced to eliminate so-called "social promotion" for third graders who do not read at grade level, but the measure did not pass. Legislation on teacher and administrator evaluation policies did pass, but ultimately did not escape the governor's veto pen.

### *Public Education*

The first law of its kind in the nation, **Senate Bill 374 (Chapter 117)** enacts the Hunger-Free Students' Bill of Rights Act, which requires that students be provided meals regardless of their ability to pay. Public school districts and public, private and religious schools that participate in the national school lunch program or school breakfast program are prohibited from stigmatizing or discriminating against a student through public identification of a meal debt, forced disposal of served meals or the imposition of chores or other work not required of other students. Schools must ensure that all eligible students are

enrolled in a free or reduced-fee meal program and must direct all communications about a meal debt to parents and guardians, not to the student.

In 2007, the legislature provided funding to establish K-3 Plus, a pilot project for schools with high numbers of at-risk students to demonstrate that additional instructional time in kindergarten through grade three would narrow the achievement gap between at-risk and other students, increase cognitive skills and lead to higher achievement. **Senate Bill 32 (Chapter 19)** revises eligibility for the program to include students in elementary schools that serve students in specific grade levels between kindergarten and third grade, if those schools receive students from or transfer students to other elementary schools eligible for and participating in K-3 Plus. The bill requires the PED to prioritize funding for school districts and charter schools that keep K-3 Plus students with the same teacher and cohort of students for the school year. It also repeals statutes to clean up outdated language regarding the K-3 Plus pilot project.

Beginning with the 2017-2018 school year, a student entering high school who takes a computer science course may count it toward one of the student's graduation requirements. **Senate Education Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 134 (LWS)**<sup>10</sup> provides that successful completion of a computer science course may satisfy one of the mathematics graduation requirements if the course is taken after the student demonstrates competence in mathematics. In the same way, a computer science course may fulfill a science unit required for graduation.

Since 2010, New Mexico has required school coaches and, more recently, coaches in non-school athletic activities to be trained to recognize signs that a young athlete has sustained a brain injury and to follow certain protocols to prevent further injuries. **Senate Bill 38 (Chapter 69)** requires that the athletes themselves receive the same training on how to recognize brain injuries, including information on the health risks presented by these injuries.

**House Bill 477 (Chapter 66)** changes and expands requirements of the Community Schools Act pertaining to public schools that undertake "community schools" initiatives and to schools that receive state grant money for those initiatives. Under the bill's provisions, community schools are no longer required to offer before-school programs, but their initiatives must include opportunities for students, families and the community to foster early learning and childhood development, as well as support in academics and social, physical and mental health. The amended act also requires that initiatives be independently evaluated and based on models proven to increase student achievement.

Like many who must deal with bureaucratic requirements and procedures, teachers and school administrators sometimes complain about burdensome reporting requirements. **House Bill 453 (Chapter**

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<sup>10</sup>This bill has been designated as becoming "law without signature" and has not been assigned a chapter number. The New Mexico Legislative Council has filed a petition over the validity of the purported veto of this bill. The case is pending as of the *Highlights* publication date.

65) eliminates three such requirements, including:

- ▶ the requirement for a parent survey from school district and charter school accountability reports, along with the required involvement of the schools, the PED and the LESC in developing the survey;
- ▶ the requirement for elementary physical education program plans to be submitted to the PED; and
- ▶ the requirement that public schools annually evaluate and report on their Even Start Family Literacy programs and that the PED compile and present those results in an annual report to the LESC.

**House Judiciary Committee Substitute for House Education Committee Substitute for House Bill 75 (Chapter 33)** defines and limits the uses of restraint and seclusion by school personnel in most school settings. "Restraint" includes the use of mechanical devices or physical force that restricts the free movement of all or a portion of a student's body. "Seclusion" means the involuntary confinement of a student alone in a room from which egress is prevented. All other forms of restraint or seclusion, including chemical restraint or prone restraint, are banned. The bill provides reporting and review protocols to be followed after any use of restraint or seclusion, as well as on occasions that require law enforcement assistance in lieu of using restraint or seclusion.

Some students, through no fault of their own, experience disruptions in their education as a result of homelessness or adjudication based on abuse or neglect, or as part of a family in need of court-ordered services voluntary placement. **House Bill 301 (Chapter 53)** and **Senate Bill 213 (Chapter 85)** are identical bills that require that these students receive priority placement in courses they need for graduation, elective classes comparable to those in which the students were previously enrolled, extracurricular activities, career and technical programs and any other programs for which the students qualify.

**House Bill 411 (Chapter 64)** requires each school district and charter school to designate a person to serve as a "point of contact" for a student who is in foster care or who is involved in the juvenile justice system. A person designated as a point of contact is responsible for several tasks aimed at ensuring that a child's education is disrupted as little as possible. The bill requires cooperation and sharing of information among all agencies involved to ensure that the child does not "fall through cracks". For consistency in treatment of children in the juvenile justice system and the foster care system, the bill adds a section to the Abuse and Neglect Act that requires the court to appoint an educational decision-maker at the child's custody hearing and at every subsequent proceeding. The educational decision-maker must be the respondent parent unless the court finds that it would not be in the best interests of the child; in that case, the court must appoint another qualified individual as educational decision-maker.

Superintendents of geographically expansive school districts have raised concerns about the cost

of sending a full-sized school bus as far as 40 miles each day, and each way, to pick up and drop off one or two students. **Senate Finance Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 381 (Chapter 94)** allows a school district with a demonstrated need to use a district-owned sport utility vehicle, driven by a properly licensed and insured school district employee, to transport students living in isolated, far-flung areas of the district.

### *Public School Capital Outlay*

When the Public School Capital Improvements Act and the Public School Buildings Act were enacted in 1975 and 1983, respectively, possibilities for using proceeds from the mill levies authorized in the acts for education technology were either limited or nonexistent. Since the mid-1980s, however, the need for education technology funding has substantially increased. **Senate Bill 63 (Chapter 73)** amends both acts to include education technology improvements in the definition of "capital improvements", thus providing a clear and consistent definition across the two acts and allowing school districts to allocate mill levy proceeds to these expenses.

In 2014, the legislature established an education technology infrastructure deficiency corrections initiative and provided that, for FY 2014 through FY 2019, up to \$10 million annually from the Public School Capital Outlay Fund may be used for the initiative. **Senate Bill 64 (LWS)**<sup>11</sup> makes this temporary use of the fund permanent by eliminating the time limitation language.

### *Public School Finance*

Federal law provides financial assistance, or "impact aid", to local school districts that bear a financial burden because of federal ownership of property that would otherwise be taxed or to local school districts that serve federally connected children, such as those who reside in public housing, on military bases or on tribal lands. In calculating the state equalization guarantee, the federal government allows the state to take credit for 75% of noncategorical types of impact aid; however, the PED has not been taking credit for impact aid generated by students in charter schools. **Senate Education Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 135 (Chapter 78)** requires the PED to take the credit for charter schools in the same way that the PED takes the credit for school districts.

### *Public School Employees*

When the legislature established career ladders and salary levels for teachers and administrators more than a decade ago, one group of educational professionals was not included in this reform measure: instructional support providers. These include school counselors, school social workers, school nurses, speech-language pathologists, psychologists, physical therapists, physical therapy assistants, occupational

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<sup>11</sup>This bill has been designated as becoming "law without signature" and has not been assigned a chapter number. The New Mexico Legislative Council has filed a petition over the validity of the purported veto of this bill. The case is pending as of the *Highlights* publication date.

therapists, occupational therapy assistants, recreational therapists, marriage and family therapists, interpreters for the deaf and diagnosticians. **House Bill 41 (Chapter 68)** establishes an alternative level 3-B licensure track for instructional support providers. It also establishes a minimum salary of \$50,000 for an alternative level 3-B licensed school principal or assistant school principal, multiplied by the applicable responsibility factor.

**Senate Bill 28 (Chapter 21)** enacts several "clean-up" amendments to the Educational Retirement Act to provide consistency and to bring the act up to date. The bill:

- ▶ deletes references to "provisional" members for employees of employers covered by the Educational Retirement Board (ERB), such as custodial and maintenance staff, school bus drivers and cafeteria workers who have been considered provisional members when they actually are regular members;
- ▶ allows applicants for disability benefits to see their own medical providers to determine eligibility rather than one employed by or contracted with the ERB;
- ▶ allows the ERB to accept payment for allowed service credit in installments rather than a lump sum; and
- ▶ makes other clarifying and technical changes to the act.

### *Post-Secondary Education*

Articulation between and among New Mexico institutions has long been a problem, especially the transfer of credits for graduation requirements from one institution to another. **Senate Bill 103 (Chapter 18)** amends the Post-Secondary Education Articulation Act in several areas to address this problem, including articulation and transferability of credits. The bill requires the HED to develop, in consultation with college and university faculty, statewide general education core curricula for an associate degree and a baccalaureate degree and to review and approve future proposed requirements for the curricula. The bill also eliminates the requirement that the HED annually report to the LESC on transfer rates, persistence rates after transfer and graduation rates, but it maintains the requirement that the HED report these outcomes to the LFC and the governor.

**Senate Bill 181 (Chapter 82)** amends the Tax Refund Intercept Program Act to add the HED as a claimant under the act. With this change, the amount of a debt owed to the HED for an educational loan may be offset against the debtor's state income tax refund.

New Mexico has several programs to encourage health care professionals to practice in the state. One program authorizes the HED to make loans to medical students who are both U.S. citizens and New Mexico residents and who declare their intent to practice medicine as doctors within certain areas of the state. **House Bill 126 (LWS)**<sup>12</sup> amends provisions of the program to give a preference to loan applicants

<sup>12</sup>This bill has been designated as becoming "law without signature" and has not been assigned a chapter number. The New Mexico Legislative Council has filed a petition over the validity of the purported veto of this bill. The case is pending as of the *Highlights* publication date.

who are attending an accredited New Mexico medical school. Another program, which is available to all health professionals, provides monetary awards to professionals who have health professional education debt and who declare their intent to practice in underserved areas of the state. The bill amends the program to include a preference for individuals who have graduated from a New Mexico post-secondary educational institution, regardless of whether that institution is public or private.

**Senate Finance Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 197 (Chapter 83)** renames and revises the Minority Doctoral Assistance Loan for Service Program Act. Now known as the "Minority Doctoral Loan Repayment Assistance Act", the bill converts its doctoral assistance program from a pre-degree loan-for-service program to a post-degree loan repayment program. To qualify for loan repayment assistance, a recipient must be a U.S. citizen and be a member of an ethnic minority or a woman and have successfully completed a doctoral degree-granting program at an accredited institution of higher education in the field of engineering, physical or life sciences or mathematics or another academic discipline in which ethnic minorities or women are underrepresented. The recipient also must have been hired by a public post-secondary educational institution in the state for a full-time, tenure-track faculty position prior to applying for loan repayment assistance. Up to \$25,000 in payments per year may be made to a lender on behalf of a recipient. A lender may include the federal government, a bank or the state. Certain debts are not eligible for repayment under the act, including:

- ▶ loan-for-service or other programs that exchange service for financial assistance;
- ▶ scholarships that have a service component or obligation;
- ▶ personal loans from individuals;
- ▶ loans that exceed individual standard school expense levels; and
- ▶ loans that are eligible for another state or federal loan repayment program.

Amendments made to the Legislative Lottery Tuition Scholarship Act in **Senate Bill 420 (Chapter 97)** expand eligibility for legislative lottery scholarships to include students who do not enter college immediately following high school, including those who may take what has come to be known as a "gap year". Prior to this change, the law required students to begin their post-secondary education within 120 days of having graduated from high school or earning a high school equivalency credential, sometimes called a "G.E.D.". Students may now qualify for a scholarship if they take up to 16 months after graduation, earning a G.E.D. or being discharged from military service before they enroll in a post-secondary institution.

### ***Related Bills***

**HSIVC/House Bill 113** - statewide telecommunications network - see [Economic Development](#)

**House Bill 249** - nonathletic special events governmental gross receipts tax deduction - see [Taxation](#)

**House Bill 394** - informal caregiver authorizations - see [Children](#)

**SFC/Senate Bill 114** - school district and charter school cash balances - see [Appropriations and Finance](#)

**Senate Bill 333** - Health Professional Loan Repayment Act - see [Health](#)

## *ELECTIONS*

The only bill on elections that was signed into law from the session, **House Bill 98 (Chapter 101)**, makes a variety of changes to the Election Code. The bill includes provisions regarding:

- ▶ online application for absentee ballots;
- ▶ requirements to establish procedures to allow blind or visually impaired voters to mark their ballots, including absentee ballots, without assistance;
- ▶ the adjustment of deadlines for making changes to ballots;
- ▶ procedures for filling ballot vacancies;
- ▶ the extension of certain voter registration closure deadlines to the end of the day;
- ▶ requirements for invalidation of nominating petitions;
- ▶ requirements for the provision of replacement ballots for absentee voters; and
- ▶ changes to the certification process for new voting systems.

## *EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR*

Two bills were passed and signed into law that alter the rights and responsibilities of employees and employers with regard to injuries on the job and occupational safety. One bill addresses long-standing concerns about the rights of an employee returning to work after a workplace injury, and the other enacts a statutory update to ensure New Mexico's compliance with the federal Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970.

**Senate Corporations and Transportation Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 155 (Chapter 32)** amends two sections of the Workers' Compensation Act. Starting July 1, 2017, changes are in store for workers who are injured during the course of employment and who, because of injury, are no longer able to fulfill the requirements of a job. Under the bill's provisions, a worker is entitled to temporary total disability compensation at the rate of two-thirds of the worker's pre-injury wage if the employer does not make a reasonable work offer at the worker's pre-injury wage; however, a worker is not entitled to that compensation if the worker refuses a reasonable work offer, takes another job that pays the same or more or is fired for misconduct unrelated to the workplace injury. In addition, the bill establishes a penalty for employers who fire workers for pretextual reasons and sets a reasonable standard to assess the employer's return to work offer and the worker's refusal to accept that offer.

Changes in federal law pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act of 2015 require federal agencies, including the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, to adjust their penalties to account for inflation. Because the Occupational Health and Safety Bureau of the state's Department of Environment operates with federal approval under the provisions of the federal Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, the state was required to update its

statutes to reflect the new penalty limits as well. **Senate Bill 229 (Chapter 126)** makes these changes.

### *Related Bills*

**House Bill 83** - National Guard member employment protections - see [Military and Veterans' Affairs](#)

**House Bill 147** - Job Training Incentive Program - see [Economic Development](#)

## *ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES*

Under the session's new enactments, the commissioner of public lands has more tools to restore and remediate damage to state trust lands, the Dusty Roadrunner litter bag disappears, definitions and penalties in the LPG and CNG Act are changed and the PRC's enforcement capabilities for pipeline safety are enhanced.

State trust lands are leased by the commissioner of public lands for the benefit of the educational institutions of New Mexico and other enumerated public beneficiaries. The condition of those lands and, therefore, their value as generators of revenue is ultimately the responsibility of the commissioner. Some members of the public have seen these public lands as convenient repositories of waste, and some lessees have been less-than-scrupulous stewards of lands they lease but do not own. **House Bill 24 (Chapter 24)** creates the State Trust Lands Restoration and Remediation Fund to restore damaged public lands. In order to use the money in the fund, the commissioner of public lands is required to make efforts to recover costs of restoration and remediation from responsible parties under law.

Established in 1985, the Litter Control Council included more than 30 members representing specified industries, organizations, state agencies and local governments. **House Bill 218 (Chapter 30)** replaces the council with the New Mexico Clean and Beautiful Advisory Committee, consisting of 11 members who must have knowledge or experience in areas such as blight reduction, tourism, litter eradication and economic development. Committee members are geographically dispersed: one member must be appointed from each of the six state tourism districts, and no two members may be residents of the same county. The bill also repeals the mandate for the state-produced Dusty Roadrunner litter bag.

**House Bill 322 (Chapter 57)** adds "liquefied natural gases" and "LNG" as defined terms parallel to "compressed natural gases" and "CNG" in the LPG and CNG Act and clarifies that the terms include liquids as well as vapors. Because penalties in the act conflicted with the criminal sentencing provisions in Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978, the bill resolves the conflict and increases penalties for violation of the act from a petty misdemeanor to a misdemeanor.

Operators of oil and gas pipelines in New Mexico must comply with safety regulations adopted by the PRC pursuant to the Pipeline Safety Act. **Senate Bill 303 (Chapter 128)** increases the maximum penalty for safety violations under that act from \$25,000 to \$100,000 for each day that a violation persists and increases the overall maximum penalty for a violation from \$500,000 to \$1 million.



*Related Bills*

**House Bill 29** - Carlsbad Brine Well Remediation Advisory Authority and Carlsbad Brine Well Remediation Fund - see [Law Enforcement and Public Safety](#)

**HJC/House Bill 199** - Distributed Generation Disclosure Act - see [Business and Consumers](#)

**Senate Bill 4** - Carlsbad Brine Well Remediation Advisory Authority and Carlsbad Brine Well Remediation Fund - see [Law Enforcement and Public Safety](#)

## ***FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS***

Non-traditional financial services, such as "payday lending" and check-cashing services, fill a niche for persons and communities that do not readily have access to the loans and other services provided by banking institutions, but these services are also the subject of great debate. Attempts have been made in recent years to impose stricter regulation on the industry. Legislation was passed during the session that addresses concerns of both individuals who rely on these services and those who provide them. Other measures that passed and were signed into law affect the composition of boards of directors of state-chartered banks and the classification of securities issued by federal home loan banks.

**House Judiciary Committee Substitute for House Business and Industry Committee Substitute for House Bill 347 (Chapter 110)** expands the scope of the New Mexico Bank Installment Loan Act of 1959 and the New Mexico Small Loan Act of 1955 from loans of \$2,500 or less to loans of \$5,000 or less. All such loans must be made pursuant to the provisions of those acts and cannot have an annual interest rate of more than 175%. Except for tax refund anticipation loans: 1) single payment loans and balloon loans are prohibited, as are so-called "payday loans"; and 2) loans must have a minimum term of 120 days and be payable in at least four substantially equal payments of principal and interest. Lenders must report loans to consumer reporting agencies and must pay an annual \$200 fee to develop and implement a financial literacy program.

The Uniform Money Services Act was enacted in 2016 to create standardized licensure requirements for individuals and their delegates who engage in money transmission, check cashing or currency exchange businesses. In recognition of the value of small businesses that provide a low volume of check-cashing services, **House State Government, Indian and Veterans Affairs Committee Substitute for House Bill 276 (Chapter 104)** amends the Uniform Money Services Act to increase the amount of money received from check-cashing services that triggers the licensure requirements. Under this revision, an individual is required to be licensed to provide check-cashing services if the individual received in a 30-day period at least \$2,500 from providing those services, up from the threshold amount of \$500 required under the 2016 law.

**House Business and Industry Committee Substitute for House Bill 513 (Chapter 67)** amends the law governing the deposit and investment of federal funds to clarify that securities issued by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, or issued by its agencies, includes securities issued by federal

home loan banks. Securities issued by federal home loan banks are included in the local government investment pool.

**House Bill 361 (Chapter 111)** amends the Banking Act by removing the requirement that at least two-thirds of the membership of the board of directors of a New Mexico state-chartered bank be residents of New Mexico, instead requiring that a minimum of one director be a resident of the state.

## GAME AND FISH

Penalties for wasting game were the focus of enacted legislation pertaining to game and fish. Killing certain game animals only for trophy purposes is already illegal under New Mexico law. In order to bring the law into conformance with other game law penalties and the Criminal Code for sentencing purposes, **House Judiciary Committee Substitute for House Bill 92 (Chapter 38)** makes it a fourth degree felony to wastefully take or kill certain game animals. "Waste" is defined as removing only the head, antlers or horns of an animal or leaving any of the four quarters, backstraps or tenderloins of a carcass. The bill makes it a misdemeanor to hunt or fish any other game mammal, bird or fish other than for eating or to wound a game mammal and fail to make a reasonable attempt to track the mammal. It also makes any violation of game and fish rules a misdemeanor punishable pursuant to Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978.

## GAMING

All of the gaming bills that passed and were signed into law this session concern licensing issues at horse racetracks in the state.

To engage in any aspect of horse racing in New Mexico, a person must be licensed under the Horse Racing Act, which is amended by identical bills **House Business and Industry Committee Substitute for House Bill 229 (Chapter 28)** and **Senate Corporations and Transportation Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 184 (LWS)**<sup>13</sup>. The bills align the State Racing Commission's authority to impose fines and suspend licenses with national standards in the horse racing industry. They also address issues surrounding illegal substances that can affect a racehorse's performance. The bills:

- ▶ rename the "official chemist", who performs tests for illegal substances, as the "equine health and testing advisor";
- ▶ require that the advisor be a doctor of veterinary medicine or have a doctorate in chemistry or a related field;
- ▶ provide a source of funding to compensate the advisor; and

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<sup>13</sup>This bill has been designated as becoming "law without signature" and has not been assigned a chapter number. The New Mexico Legislative Council has filed a petition over the validity of the purported veto of this bill. The case is pending as of the *Highlights* publication date.

► change how testing samples taken from horses at different stages in the racing process are handled and maintained.

Under the Gaming Control Act, a racetrack's gaming operator license automatically becomes void if the racetrack fails to meet certain conditions. **House Bill 230 (Chapter 10)** changes the formula for voiding those licenses to allow racetracks that are combined with casinos – known as "racinos" – to reduce the number of race days from the current mandate of four live race days per week to three live race days per week if certain conditions are met.

## *HEALTH*

During the session, there was considerable focus in health-related legislation on drugs, including pharmaceuticals purchasing and scheduling, pharmacy benefits management, the state's opioid dependence crisis and the state's medical cannabis program. Four of those bills were signed into law. Among several introduced bills relating to public health matters, one omnibus bill was enacted related to DOH powers and duties. A number of introduced bills focused on aspects of health professional licensure and the health workforce pipeline, and one of the bills that was signed into law concerns jurisdictional matters related to health care service contracts. In addition to a bill relating to nursing licensure fees mentioned below, descriptions of other bills relating to health professional licensure legislation may be found in the [Professional and Occupational Licensure](#) section.

Pharmacy benefits managers (PBMs) act as administrative intermediaries among pharmaceutical manufacturers and distributors, health coverage plans and pharmacists. Pharmacies have raised concerns about the PBMs' practice of imposing fees on pharmacies. **House Business and Industry Committee Substitute for House Bill 122 (Chapter 16)** prohibits PBMs from imposing on pharmacies any fees related to the adjudication, receipt and processing or the development or management of a pharmacy claim, as well as fees for participating in a claim processing or claim adjudication network.

**House Business and Industry Committee Substitute for House Bill 260 (Chapter 48)** aligns state law with current provisions of federal law that regulate the substitution of "biosimilars". Biosimilars are a subclassification of drugs called "biological products" that may be substituted for other biological products with predictable results, though they cannot be legally classified as *identical* as in the case of other drugs whose chemical composition is the same or nearly the same.

Naloxone hydrochloride, or "naloxone", is an opioid antagonist drug that reverses opioid overdose. In light of the ongoing crisis in numbers of New Mexicans who are addicted to opioids, **House Health and Human Services Committee Substitute for House Bill 370 (Chapter 59)** requires, as agency finances and supplies of naloxone permit, three types of agencies to make naloxone and overdose education available. Methadone opioid replacement therapy clinics and correctional facilities are required

to provide naloxone rescue kits and education on how to use the drug. State and local law enforcement agencies are required to provide law enforcement officers with naloxone rescue kits and related education in accordance with agency procedures to assist them in preventing opioid overdoses.

With the passage of **Senate Bill 333 (Chapter 91)**, the Board of Nursing will now collect nursing license surcharges when renewing licenses. The board will then distribute the proceeds of these surcharges to the HED for the department to provide loans pursuant to the Health Professional Loan Repayment Act to certified nurse practitioners, certified registered nurse anesthetists, clinical nurse specialists and certified nurse-midwives who work in primary health care settings in designated underserved areas of the state.

**Senate Bill 21 (Chapter 119)** requires that hospitals and freestanding birthing centers provide training and education to parents of newborns to prevent shaken baby syndrome, which can have devastating health effects. The training must be provided to parents before their newborn is discharged from the facility. The DOH is required to adopt rules for the training by the end of 2017.

Contingent on the availability of the vaccine, **House Bill 274 (Chapter 51)** requires that hospitals licensed by the DOH offer, from October 1 through March 1 each year, immunizations against the influenza virus and pneumococcal disease to all inpatients 65 years of age and older. The offer must be made prior to a patient's discharge from a hospital, though an offer is not required for patients for whom the immunizations are contraindicated.

**Senate Bill 223 (Chapter 87)** updates various provisions of the Public Health Act. Many of these relate to "conditions of public health importance", which include health conditions that pose a public health threat. These conditions include exposure to toxic substances or other pathogens or conditions, as well as sexually transmitted infections, references to which are updated from "sexually transmitted diseases". The bill updates protocols and the rights of affected individuals relating to these conditions and clarifies the DOH's role as public health regulator, including its relationship to sovereign tribes, nations and pueblos.

**Senate Public Affairs Committee Substitute for Senate Bills 82 and 128 (Chapter 123)** disallows provisions in contracts for clinical health care services that make the contracts subject to the laws of another state or that require litigation arising from an agreement to be conducted in another state. The measure also incorporates certified nurse practitioners and certified nurse-midwives in the laws governing health care practitioner agreements.

#### ***Related Bills***

**House Bill 126** - medical student loan for service program - see [Education](#)

**HSIVC/HHHC/House Bill 138** - Lactation Care Provider Act - see [Professional and Occupational Licensure](#)

**HJC/HHHC/House Bill 215** - physician and physician assistant collaboration - see [Professional and Occupational Licensure](#)

**House Bill 259** - gross receipts tax for emergency communications equipment - see [Appropriations and Finance](#)

**House Bill 336** - stop loss liability insurance - see [Insurance](#)

House Bill 394 - informal caregiver authorizations - see [Children](#)  
 House Bill 477 - Community Schools Act amendments - see [Education](#)  
 HAFC/HJC/House Bill 536 - Sexual Assault Examination Kit Processing Grant Fund income tax refund contribution - see [Law Enforcement and Public Safety](#)  
 Senate Bill 38 - young athlete brain injury training - see [Education](#)  
 SCORC/Senate Bill 46 - telecommunications service 911 surcharges - see [Law Enforcement and Public Safety](#)  
 Senate Bill 121 - conversion therapy prohibition - see [Children](#)  
 SCORC/Senate Bill 155 - workers' compensation benefits - see [Employment and Labor](#)  
 Senate Bill 171 - Long-Term Care Ombudsman Act amendments - see [Aging](#)  
 Senate Bill 204 - New Mexico State Veterans' Home transfer to Veterans' Services Department - see [Military and Veterans' Affairs](#)  
 SCORC/Senate Bill 411 - telecommunications services tax - see [Taxation](#)

## INSURANCE

In addition to an omnibus bill that makes various revisions to insurance statutes, enacted insurance-related measures address life insurance benefits trusts, posthumous payment of insurance agent or broker commissions, stop loss insurance, claim payments and public insurance adjusters.

With the passage of **House Bill 97 (Chapter 14)**, a municipality, with the advice and consent of its municipal board of finance, may create a post-employment life insurance benefits trust. The municipal treasurer would serve as the trustee, and money in the trust must be invested pursuant to the Uniform Prudent Investor Act and used exclusively for post-employment life insurance benefits.

**House Bill 80 (Chapter 37)** enacts a provision that addresses payments of commissions or other things of value after an agent or broker has died. The new provision specifies that the New Mexico Insurance Code does not prohibit making such payments to an entity receiving the agent or broker's property after death.

"Stop loss liability insurance" is coverage intended to protect insurer solvency by limiting the amount of financial risk, or "loss", that an insurer incurs. **House Bill 336 (Chapter 58)** removes "stop loss insurance" from the definition of "health insurance". This change effectively makes stop loss insurance exempt from any medical loss ratio requirement of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act. It also allows accident and health insurers and managed care organizations to write stop loss liability insurance.

In keeping with current practice, **House Bill 127 (Chapter 15)**, explicitly allows insurers to pay claims via electronic funds transfer rather than solely by check or draft.

**Senate Bill 367 (Chapter 130)**, an omnibus bill, makes a range of technical changes to the New Mexico Insurance Code. The bill:

- ▶ changes some requirements related to insurer examination and financial statements, bringing New Mexico law into conformity with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners'

model laws on examinations and risk-based capital;

- ▶ amends provisions of the Insurance Fraud Act relating to fees and penalties;
- ▶ revises several requirements related to surplus lines insurance;
- ▶ clarifies that individual health insurance requirements apply to student health policies;
- ▶ extends the period of time in which the superintendent of insurance is required to

review credit life and credit health filings; and

- ▶ repeals the Surplus Lines Insurance Multistate Compliance Compact.

Senate Bill 367 also includes provisions identical to House Bill 336 and House Bill 127, described above, regarding stop loss insurance and electronic funds transfers.

When a homeowner experiences an insurable loss and files a claim with an insurance company, the insurance company may employ an adjuster to negotiate and settle the claim on behalf of the company. The New Mexico Insurance Code regulates the qualifications and activities of insurance adjusters. Currently, the homeowner may either independently manage the insurance claim, working directly with the insurance agency, or request assistance from contractors; however, adjusters work for the insurance company. **Senate Judiciary Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 88 (Chapter 76)** creates a "public adjuster" whose job is to act on behalf of the homeowner. Public adjusters must meet certain qualifications to obtain a license, which is issued by the Office of Superintendent of Insurance. The bill also sets standards of conduct, continuing education requirements and other requirements for all insurance adjusters. To prevent conflicts of interest, a public adjuster who is a contractor may not act as an adjuster for a claim for which the contractor will perform work. Although in most cases adjusters who work in New Mexico must be licensed in the state, the bill includes provisions for insurance companies and homeowners to use adjusters not licensed in New Mexico to handle claims on an emergency basis, such as when a natural disaster has resulted in a higher than normal number of claims.

### ***Related Bills***

**House Bill 122** - pharmacy benefits manager fees - see [Health](#)

**SCORC/Senate Bill 220** - Service Contract Regulation Act amendments - see [Business and Consumers](#)

## *LAW ENFORCEMENT AND PUBLIC SAFETY*

A number of bills that relate to sexual abuse and sexual assault became law this session. As is the case in many states throughout the nation, New Mexico law enforcement agencies and forensic laboratories have a backlog of untested evidence gathered from victims of sexual assault – evidence that is sometimes referred to as a "rape kit" or "sexual assault examination kit". Policies intended to reduce the backlog of thousands of untested kits are included in three new laws. In addition, public safety concerns related to a brine well in Carlsbad and 911 services statewide were the subjects of other signed bills.

To date, New Mexico has approximately 5,400 sexual assault examination kits that have not been

tested due to a lack of funding and personnel. The backlog of unprocessed kits hinders law enforcement in prosecuting crimes and victims from obtaining justice. **House Appropriations and Finance Committee Substitute for House Judiciary Committee Substitute for House Bill 536 (Chapter 116)** creates a mechanism to fund the processing of sexual assault examination kits and the delivery of services to survivors of sexual assault by allowing taxpayers to voluntarily contribute a portion of their tax refunds to the Sexual Assault Examination Kit Processing Grant Fund, which is created in the bill, and to the DOH for the provision of services to survivors.

For a period of three years beginning in 2018, **Senate Public Affairs Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 474 (Chapter 98)** requires the DPS's forensic laboratory to assist the Albuquerque Police Department's forensic laboratory with testing sexual assault examination kits. The DPS is authorized to charge up to \$800 for each kit that it tests, and those fees are to be used for expenses related to the testing of kits.

**Senate Bill 475 (Chapter 99)** requires law enforcement agencies to develop policies addressing how sexual assault examination kits are handled and sent for testing and to have those policies in place by October 1, 2017. In an effort to avoid future backlogs of untested sexual assault examination kits, the bill also requires every law enforcement agency to inform the legislature every year if the agency possesses 300 or more untested kits.

The statute of limitations that applies to a civil lawsuit brought by a person who survived childhood sexual abuse is revised in **Senate Judiciary Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 91 (Chapter 77)**. The law now allows a person to sue for damages stemming from abuse either before the person reaches 24 years of age or three years from the date the person first disclosed the abuse to a health care provider while being treated by the provider, whichever date is later.

Public safety concerns have arisen in Carlsbad over a brine well that was drilled inside the city limits several decades ago. The site of the well, which was operated for a number of years, is now a potential sinkhole in need of remediation to avoid catastrophic failure and potential public damages in the millions of dollars. **House Bill 29 (Chapter 11)** and **Senate Bill 4 (Chapter 118)** create the Carlsbad Brine Well Remediation Advisory Authority and the Carlsbad Brine Well Remediation Fund to address these dangers. While neither of these bills contains an appropriation, \$250,000 is appropriated in the GAA for a design-build request for proposals for remediation of the brine well, contingent upon receipt of \$125,000 each in matching funds from Carlsbad and from Eddy County.

When an emergency occurs, a call to 911 prompts a response from fire department, ambulance or law enforcement personnel. This service is made possible through fees and surcharges on conventional telephone services; however, since the advent of cellular phones, voice-over-internet protocol and satellite and other telecommunications services, conventional "land-line" connections have declined, threatening the revenue stream for 911 dispatch services. **Senate Corporations and Transportation Committee**

**Substitute for Senate Bill 46 (Chapter 122)** expands the types of telecommunications services subject to 911 surcharges to help pay for emergency responder services in the state.

### *Related Bills*

**House Bill 9** - New Mexico Law Enforcement Academy tourniquets and trauma kit training - see

[Appropriations and Finance](#)

**House Bill 259** - gross receipts tax for emergency communications equipment - see [Appropriations and Finance](#)

**House Bill 321** - county delegation of sheriff powers - see [Local Government and Special Districts](#)

**HHHC/House Bill 370** - naloxone rescue kits and education - see [Health](#)

**Senate Bill 76** - move over law - see [Motor Vehicles and Transportation](#)

**Senate Bill 357** - honoring fallen officers motor vehicle registration plate - see [Motor Vehicles and Transportation](#)

## LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND SPECIAL DISTRICTS

In addressing issues faced by local governments during the session, the legislature passed bills that affect relatively new local entities, such as public improvement districts and tax increment development districts. It also passed a bill concerning counties and their sheriffs to fill what could be considered a "hole" that has existed in statute since 1855.

Since territorial days, deputy sheriffs have only been authorized to discharge duties belonging to the office of sheriff when those duties are placed under their charge by the sheriff. When a county sheriff died in a motor vehicle accident early in the session, the district attorney of that county and the county commissioners realized there was no statutory provision allowing a deputy to assume a sheriff's duties during the time between the sheriff's death and the county commission's appointment of a new sheriff.

**House Bill 321 (Chapter 56)** provides that, in the event of a vacancy in the office of sheriff, the highest-ranking deputy sheriff or undersheriff, who is qualified to hold the office of sheriff, shall exercise those powers until a new sheriff is appointed.

Tax increment development districts and public improvement districts are special districts approved by and formed within counties or municipalities to generate revenue for infrastructure development. When voters approve the formation of such a district, a notice must be sent to various local and state agencies. **Senate Bill 67 (LWS)**<sup>14</sup> requires that notice of the formation of a tax increment development district be sent to the office of the county treasurer in addition to those local and state agencies. **Senate Bill 356 (LWS)**<sup>15</sup> requires that notice of the formation of a public improvement district also be sent to the county treasurer's office.

**Senate Bill 222 (LWS)**<sup>16</sup> amends the definition of "local public body" to exclude certain political subdivisions of the state from reporting and budget oversight requirements of the Local Government Division of the DFA. Political subdivisions with annual revenue of less than \$50,000 are now exempt

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<sup>14, 15, 16</sup> This bill has been designated as becoming "law without signature" and has not been assigned a chapter number. The New Mexico Legislative Council has filed a petition over the validity of the purported veto of this bill. The case is pending as of the *Highlights* publication date.



from these requirements. The previous threshold for the exemption had been set at less than \$10,000 in annual revenue.

*Related Bills*

**House Bill 97** - municipal post-employment life insurance benefits trusts - see [Insurance](#)

**House Bill 259** - gross receipts tax for emergency communications equipment - see [Appropriations and Finance](#)

**House Bill 317** - professional services procurement contracts - see [State Government](#)

## *MILITARY AND VETERANS' AFFAIRS*

A number of bills related to military and veterans' affairs were introduced during the session, and six of them were signed into law, while a seventh – a bill relating to license plates for veterans – was vetoed. Notably, and for the first time in the state's history, a standing legislative committee was named to include veterans' affairs: the House State Government, Indian and Veterans Affairs Committee was created by a rule change on the opening day of the session.

Two new laws emerging from the session concern the state's militia, or national guard. In 2015, the secretary of the federal Department of Defense signed a policy officially removing any barriers for women serving in combatant roles in the U.S. armed forces. **House Bill 209 (Chapter 43)** amends statute to allow women to serve in any capacity in the New Mexico National Guard that is consistent with current Department of Defense policy. **Senate Bill 380 (Chapter 93)** allows the governor to call members of the guard into service in non-emergency situations for limited periods of time to address cybersecurity threats.

Three pieces of legislation transfer ownership and operation of the Vietnam Veterans Memorial State Park near Angel Fire in Colfax County. **Senate Joint Resolution 20** transfers control of the park's real property from the State Parks Division of the EMNRD to the Facilities Management Division of the GSD. In conjunction, **Senate Bill 320 (Chapter 90)** transfers operations and all contractual obligations from the EMNRD to the Veterans' Services Department (VSD). **House Bill 444 (Chapter 115)** reroutes the optional income tax refund contribution for the operation, maintenance and improvement of the park, a contribution option that was first enacted in 2009. Those contributions will now go to the VSD rather than to the State Parks Division.

Another transfer of oversight from one executive department to another was accomplished in **Senate Bill 204 (Chapter 84)**. The bill shifts oversight of the New Mexico State Veterans' Home in Truth or Consequences from the DOH to the VSD. It also alters the makeup of the New Mexico Veterans' Home Advisory Board and expands eligibility for residency at the home to include veterans' qualifying spouses, surviving spouses and "gold star parents", who are defined as parents of a member of the U.S. armed forces who is missing or who died on active duty. The bill revises, renames and consolidates a number of the tasks to be carried out by the department pursuant to the Veterans' Services Department Act by creating a new Health Care Coordination Division, changing the State Approving Division into a

bureau and repealing the Veterans' Services Advisory Board.

**House Bill 83 (Chapter 26)** extends employment protection for members of the National Guard of any U.S. territory or state who left their employment to serve on active duty. The bill includes several requirements for guard members and employers in order to guarantee employment protection.

## *MOTOR VEHICLES AND TRANSPORTATION*

Though few in number, newly enacted laws regarding motor vehicles and transportation cover a breadth of topics. Those laws address new issues that have arisen in the state, such as exemption of commuter groups from certain rules. The laws also address recurring topics like transportation network company oversight and the issuance of special motor vehicle license plates.

The Transportation Network Company Services Act was enacted in 2016 to provide a regulatory framework, separate from the rules governing taxi and bus companies, for transportation services that are arranged through direct online communications between customers and drivers. **House Bill 77 (Chapter 13)** clarifies that the Transportation Network Company Services Act does not apply to federally subsidized transportation services for seniors, even if those services are arranged online.

Workplace commuter groups using a vehicle with a capacity of seven to 15 passengers have been subject to PRC regulation, including required drug testing for their volunteer drivers, under the Motor Carrier Act. **House Bill 345 (Chapter 109)** exempts these groups from regulation under the act as long as any fees collected from the passengers merely cover operational costs and do not generate a profit.

In 2016, the legislature passed legislation that allows local governments or the State Transportation Commission to authorize off-highway motor vehicles that meet specified equipment standards to be used on paved roads under their jurisdiction. **Senate Bill 51 (Chapter 70)** clarifies that, when they are used on paved roads, standard traffic laws apply to off-highway motor vehicles and their operators. The bill also allows an off-highway motor vehicle owner to purchase a vehicle plate to signify the owner's intent to use a vehicle on paved roads.

**House Bill 302 (Chapter 54)** expands the definition of an "autocycle", or three-wheeled motorcycle. While the original definition was restricted to three-wheeled motorcycles on which the driver and all passengers ride in a complete enclosure, the definition now includes those with only partial enclosures, as well as those that do not have airbag protection and those that have "non-straddle" seating. The new definition also states that an autocycle is manufactured in compliance with applicable federal standards, regulations and laws.

New Mexico's "move over law" requires that drivers exercise a heightened level of caution when passing public safety vehicles that display flashing emergency lights while stopped on roadsides. **Senate Bill 76 (Chapter 75)** expands the requirement to apply to stopped recovery or repair vehicles that are

displaying flashing hazard lights. The bill also prohibits recovery and repair vehicles from using flashing red lights in those situations.

As has often been the case in recent years, several bills were introduced to create special motor vehicle registration plates or decals; however, only one was enacted. Pursuant to **Senate Bill 357 (Chapter 23)**, for an additional fee of \$10.00, a vehicle owner may now obtain an "Honoring Fallen Officers" registration plate to commemorate police officers who have died in the line of duty.

***Related Bill***

**House Bill 377** - Weight Distance Tax Identification Permit Fund uses - see [Taxation](#)

***PROFESSIONAL AND OCCUPATIONAL LICENSURE***

In addition to the biennial bill that delays sunset dates for various licensing boards, bills from the session also enacted new definitions governing certain professions, added powers for certain professionals and enacted new penalties. Among those whose area of expertise will be affected by the provisions going into effect this year are accountants, crane operators, engineers, physician assistants, lactation consultants, athletic trainers, real estate brokers and architects.

**House Bill 197 (Chapter 12)** clarifies the definition of "attest" in the 1999 Public Accountancy Act to align the act with national standards that require that attest services be restricted to certified public accountants. The bill establishes reciprocity for out-of-state certified public accountancy firms to provide an easier and more accountable process for those firms to offer or render services to clients in New Mexico without a permit from the state.

**House Bill 257 (Chapter 31)** updates and modernizes the Hoisting Operators Safety Act to reflect best practices in the training and licensure of crane operators. In addition to changing the name of the act to the "Crane Operators Safety Act", the bill:

- ▶ requires the Regulation and Licensing Department to adopt rules to meet crane operator certification requirements set by the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration;
- ▶ exempts propane tank installation and maintenance from licensure requirements under the act; and
- ▶ makes technical changes to the act and corrects a clerical error: the new language requires a class II crane operator to accumulate only 50 hours of seat time under the direct supervision of a class I crane operator in order to be licensed as a class I crane operator, instead of 500 hours as previously stated in law.

Various technical and conforming changes are made to the Engineering and Surveying Practice Act in **House Bill 188 (Chapter 42)**. Educational requirements for licensure as a professional engineer now must be satisfied through programs accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of the Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology, Incorporated, or a program that fulfills the required

content of the Engineering Education Standard as defined by the National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying. If professional engineers or surveyors perform engineering or surveying work through a business entity, the professional engineer or surveyor and an authorized company officer must file a signed affidavit with the State Board of Licensure for Professional Engineers and Professional Surveyors. Construction of any public works involving engineering must, without exception, be under the responsible charge of a licensed professional engineer. In addition to imposing these requirements, the bill extends the sunset date of the State Board of Licensure for Professional Engineers and Professional Surveyors to July 1, 2023 and delays the repeal of the Engineering and Surveying Practice Act to July 1, 2024.

**House Judiciary Committee Substitute for House Health and Human Services Committee Substitute for House Bill 215 (Chapter 103)** offers an alternative relationship between a physician assistant and a physician other than a supervisory relationship. A physician assistant who has completed three years of clinical practice under the supervision of a licensed physician and whose practice is primary care may now enter into a "collaborative" relationship with a licensed physician in which the physician assistant is not required to be in the physical presence of the physician. The bill clarifies liability provisions concerning supervising physicians and any acts or omissions on the part of their supervised physician assistants, and it requires that a physician assistant who is in a collaborative relationship with a physician have malpractice liability insurance. The bill provides physician assistants with the authority to dispense dangerous drugs alongside their existing authority to prescribe, administer and distribute dangerous drugs other than controlled substances in Schedule I of the Controlled Substances Act. The bill also requires that the New Mexico Medical Board promulgate rules regarding the approved scope of practice for physician assistants and the collaborative relationship between a physician assistant and a physician.

The Lactation Care Provider Act, enacted in **House State Government, Indian and Veterans Affairs Committee Substitute for House Health and Human Services Committee Substitute for House Bill 138 (Chapter 136)**, allows the Board of Nursing to license and oversee lactation care providers, who provide lactation assessments, plans of care, education and other services to nursing mothers and pregnant women. Licensed lactation care providers are individuals who have been certified through a board-certification program accredited by any nationally or internationally recognized accrediting agency. The bill restricts the use of the title "licensed lactation provider" to those licensed in accordance with the act. It does not restrict the practice of lactation care and services by licensed professionals or other persons.

**House Bill 375 (Chapter 112)** revises the Barbers and Cosmetologists Act to include a separate definition of and license for hairstylists. The bill establishes license fees as well as education and other requirements, and it modifies the membership of the Board of Barbers and Cosmetologists to include a licensed hairstylist. Another bill revising the Barbers and Cosmetologists Act, **House Bill 341 (Chapter**

108), defines "eyebrow threading" and exempts persons who provide only eyebrow threading services from the act's licensing requirements.

**Senate Public Affairs Committee**  
**Substitute for Senate Bill 221 (Chapter 86)**

amends the scope of practice for athletic trainers, who work according to the advice or orders of a licensed physician and who are often the first to tend to a sports-related injury. Their expanded scope of practice now includes preventive services and therapeutic intervention.

Until they possess sufficient recent experience, real estate brokers must work as associate brokers under the management of qualified brokers. Prior to becoming a qualified broker, a person must work as an associate broker for two out of the previous five years. Under amendments made in **Senate Bill 387 (Chapter 131)**, while a person may still become an independent qualifying broker with two years of experience, starting in 2018, four years of experience will be required to become a qualifying broker who can manage associate brokers. Also starting in 2018, the New Mexico Real Estate Commission may promulgate rules to require additional training beyond the current 30-hour brokerage office administration course.

As established by the Sunset Act, various state entities automatically lose their statutory authorization every few years, and the legislature must review those authorizations and update them if necessary. This year the Architectural Act, which authorizes the Board of Examiners for Architects, was up for renewal. **House Bill 330 (Chapter 107)** extends the sunset date for the act to 2024. It also updates registration requirements, allows the board to promulgate rules for additional registration requirements and clarifies when a registered architect must be legally responsible for a business in order for that business to provide architectural services for a project.

**BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS SUNSET BILL**  
 (HBIC/HB 295)

- Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine, Board of  
*extends sunset to July 1, 2023*  
*provides civil penalty for practicing without a license*
  
- Architects, Board of Examiners for  
*extends sunset to July 1, 2023*  
*requires that one architect member be from the public sector*
  
- Athletic Commission, New Mexico  
*extends sunset to July 1, 2023*  
*provides civil penalty for unlicensed activity*
  
- Engineers and Professional Surveyors, State Board of Licensure for Professional  
*extends sunset to July 1, 2023*
  
- Funeral Services, Board of  
*extends sunset to July 1, 2023*  
*deletes the \$5,000 fine for violations of the Funeral Services Act*  
*allows the board to establish by rule a schedule of reasonable fees and fines*  
*clarifies that all fines go to the Current School Fund as required by the Constitution of New Mexico*
  
- Interior Design Board  
*extends sunset to July 1, 2023*
  
- Private Investigations Advisory Board  
*extends sunset to July 1, 2023*  
*eliminates one private investigator and replaces with an additional public member*  
*increases penalty for practicing without a license*
  
- Public Accountancy Board, New Mexico  
*extends sunset to July 1, 2023*  
*provides civil penalty for practicing without a license*
  
- Real Estate Appraisers Board  
*extends sunset to July 1, 2023*  
*increases civil penalty for acting without a license*

Individuals who violate the Architectural Act are now subject to a civil penalty of up to \$7,500 for each violation – the same potential penalty imposed on engineers and surveyors for violations of the Engineering and Surveying Practice Act.

**House Business and Industry Committee Substitute for House Bill 295 (Chapter 52)** is the biennial sunset extension bill for boards and commissions. This year, along with the sunset date extension to July 1, 2023, the bill includes other provisions related to certain boards and their professions or occupations, particularly in creating or increasing the civil penalty for practicing without a license, now set at \$2,000. The boards included in the bill, as well as the bill's provisions concerning each board, appear in the chart on the previous page. The bill also includes a temporary provision that specifies how current members of the Board of Examiners for Architects and Private Investigations Advisory Board will be replaced by the governor.

### ***Related Bill***

**Senate Bill 333** - nursing license surcharges - see [Health](#)

## *PROPERTY*

The year's two property-related bills that passed and were signed into law deal with assets after an owner either has died or has lost the ability to manage them. Both are "uniform laws" that were developed by the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws and have been enacted in other states.

Ownership in real property such as land or a building is sometimes willed to a group of people to own as tenants-in-common, as in the case of a farm left to the farmer's children in an effort to "keep it in the family". In some cases, the heirs may wish to partition and sell the property, but cannot agree on how the property should be divided or valued. **House Bill 181 (Chapter 41)** creates the Uniform Partition of Heirs Property Act, which provides a method for a court to divide inherited property interests and determine their individual value. It also provides a method for an heir to buy out the interests of other heirs.

A significant percentage of the population now has at least some property or communications stored as data on a computer server and accessed via the internet. Traditional property and probate laws have not fully addressed these digital assets; further, access to digital assets varies and is usually controlled by a private service provider or company. In particular, issues about management and control of these assets can arise when their owner dies or loses the ability to manage them. **Senate Bill 60 (Chapter 72)** enacts a new Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act as part of the Uniform Probate Code to provide authority and guidance for the owner's fiduciary to access and manage these assets if the owner has not provided clear and consistent instructions regarding them.

*Related Bills*

House Bill 80 - real estate agent or broker posthumous payments - see [Insurance](#)

Senate Bill 391 - captive real estate trust expense deduction - see [Taxation](#)

***PUBLIC OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES***

Both of the bills that were enacted from the session concerning public officers and employees have to do with retirement matters. One addresses payment of retirement benefits to retirees who earned service credit through more than one retirement system, while the other makes administrative and technical changes to an optional retirement savings program for employees.

**House Bill 34 (Chapter 25)** provides that a person who retires from either the state or an educational institution and who has earned service credit from both systems will now receive separate pension distribution checks, one from the Public Employees Retirement Association and another from the ERB. Prior to this change, one check was issued that covered benefits from both retirement systems, and the issuance was made under the plan to which the retiree had been contributing at the time of retirement.

The Deferred Compensation Act, which is amended in **Senate Bill 75 (Chapter 20)**, enables the Public Employees Retirement Association to offer to public employees a supplemental retirement savings program. One of the bill's amendments allows the use of electronic transactions for enrollment and account management. The other amendments, generally, are technical changes to improve the clarity of the statutory text and to bring some Public Employees Retirement Act provisions in line with current practice.

*Related Bills*

House Bill 41 - instructional support provider alternative level 3-B licensure - see [Education](#)

Senate Bill 28 - Educational Retirement Act amendments - see [Education](#)

***STATE GOVERNMENT***

Accessibility, transparency and budget concerns were common themes in much of the session's enacted legislation affecting how the state conducts itself and manages its assets. The legislature passed measures that improve public access to the rulemaking process in executive branch agencies and to the legislature's work during sessions, as well as measures to consolidate functions across certain agencies where responsibilities were duplicated.

*Legislature*

During the 2016 session, the house changed its rules to allow for archiving of house webcasts for five years. Through its opening day script in the 2017 regular session, the senate changed its rules by unanimous consent to mirror the house's archiving rules.

The house changed its rules during the session with three resolutions, two of which reflect practices that began during the 2016 session. **House Resolution 2**, passed on opening day, changes the name, number and scope of house standing committees. **House Resolution 1** allows for posting of floor amendments and floor substitutes on the legislative website immediately upon their introduction, making it easier for members, staff and the public to view proposed changes to bills while they are on final passage. **House Resolution 3**, which will not take effect until the 2018 session, directs the house chief clerk to post a document on the legislative website incorporating all committee and floor amendments adopted on a bill, memorial or resolution into that legislation's text, noting original text, amendments and which body or committee adopted the amendments.

### *Operations*

The long and winding path to creating a consistent rulemaking process across all state agencies began with a joint memorial proposed in 2010. Though the memorial failed, the lieutenant governor subsequently formed a task force that examined the revised Model State Administrative Procedure Act drafted by the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws and opted to limit any legislation that emerged to those aspects of rulemaking on which task force members could agree. After six years of bills being introduced on the topic but not passing, **House State Government, Indian and Veterans Affairs Committee Substitute for House Bill 58 (Chapter 137)** passed and was signed into law. The bill creates a uniform agency rulemaking process, sets out a timeline for rule proposal and the various types of public notice required and provides several options for public involvement. In the event that the rulemaking timeline would cause imminent peril or cause an agency to lose funding or violate federal law, the bill allows an agency to adopt an emergency rule, though it limits the validity period of emergency rules to six months.

### *Property and Procurement*

When a public entity enters into a contract for professional services, such as those provided by attorneys, certified public accountants, physicians, architects and engineers, the Procurement Code limits the contract term to four years, including extensions and renewals. The code includes a few exceptions to the four-year limit, and **House Bill 317 (Chapter 55)** adds a new exception to address situations in which public works projects will take longer than four years to complete. In those cases, contracts related to design and engineering for a project may now be for a term up to the period of time needed to complete the project and for a subsequent warranty period. These longer contracts are subject to approval by the secretary of finance and administration.

**Senate Corporations and Transportation Committee Substitute for Senate Bills 339 and 419 (Chapter 92)** amends the Procurement Code to increase caps on certain contracts. The bill increases the cap:



▶ for all contracts to a single contractor from \$2 million to \$6 million over four years;  
and

▶ for multiple indefinite quantity construction contracts based on a price agreement for multiple projects under a single request from \$2 million to \$10 million over three years, although a single purchase order cannot exceed \$1 million.

Like state agencies, local public bodies may now also solicit multiple source architectural, engineering or construction contracts through a single request for proposals. When procured through a single request, the terms of each of the contracts for architectural or engineering services are limited to four years, while the terms of each of the construction contracts are reduced to three years.

### *Reorganization*

Concerns about the state budget and fiscal condition drew attention to opportunities for consolidating or combining agencies or entities for cost savings and to eliminate overlapping duties. To that end, **House Consumer and Public Affairs Committee Substitute for House Bill 219 (Chapter 44)** transfers functions and policymaking duties of the Animal Sheltering Board to the Board of Veterinary Medicine, and it converts the Animal Sheltering Board to the Animal Sheltering Committee.

**House Bill 231 (Chapter 45)** terminates the Information Technology Commission effective July 1, 2017 and, effective July 1, 2018, repeals the statute that creates the commission. The commission has not met on a regular basis for several years, and when it has met, it has struggled to achieve a quorum and fulfill its statutory duties. The bill transfers the commission's policymaking duties to the secretary of information technology and the Department of Information Technology, which has served as the fiscal agent for the commission.

### *Related Bills*

**Senate Bill 204** - New Mexico State Veterans' Home transfer to VSD - see [Military and Veterans' Affairs](#)

**Senate Bill 320** - Vietnam Veterans Memorial State Park transfer to VSD - see [Military and Veterans' Affairs](#)

**Senate Joint Resolution 20** - Vietnam Veterans Memorial State Park transfer to VSD - see [Military and Veterans' Affairs](#)

## TAXATION

As in the 2016 regular session, few tax bills passed the legislature during the 2017 regular session, and even fewer made it past the governor's veto pen. Most bills that became law relate to tax administration, though one successful bill extends the life of a tax expenditure that was scheduled to expire this year. All of the tax-related bills vetoed by the governor included tax increases.

The tax expenditure that had its life extended is a deduction allowed from governmental gross receipts for nonathletic special events held at certain universities, a deduction that primarily benefits the Pan American Center at NMSU. The deduction was scheduled to expire on June 30, 2017, but **House**

**Bill 249 (Chapter 46)** extends the expiration date to June 30, 2022.

The advent of new telecommunications technologies and trends has led to lower revenues from the telecommunications services tax, which is imposed by the Telecommunications Access Act and used to fund telecommunications relay services for hearing-impaired and speech-impaired New Mexicans. **Senate Corporations and Transportation Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 411 (Chapter 96)** counteracts that revenue decline by expanding the types of services to which the act's surcharge applies. The new law subjects the sales of certain interconnected voice-over-internet protocol services and prepaid wireless communications services to the surcharge. It also exempts from the surcharge customers who, under the Low Income Telephone Service Assistance Act, receive reduced rates for land-line intrastate telecommunications services.

The session's various tax administration bills include **House Bill 377 (Chapter 60)**, which adds the DPS and the DOT as agencies that may receive funding from the Weight Distance Tax Identification Permit Fund. The fund is used to cover the cost of issuing and administering the permits, as well as for enforcement of the Weight Distance Tax Act.

**House Bill 8 (Chapter 34)** eliminates a distribution of the cigarette tax to the NMFA that is used to make bond payments for a bond that will be paid off by October 2017. After that date, revenue from the distribution will be deposited in the General Fund.

**Senate Bill 391 (Chapter 95)** amends the definition of "base income" in the Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act to add back any deduction claimed in calculating federal taxable income of a corporation for expenses and costs paid to a captive real estate trust. This type of trust is a subset of a real estate trust that is not regularly traded on an established securities market and the shares of which are more than 50% owned by the reporting corporation, trust or real estate investment trust.

The multiple changes made to the Tax Administration Act by **House Bill 408 (Chapter 63)** revise outdated statutory references and make other clean-up revisions to the act. One revision enacts a new Section 7-1-8.11 NMSA 1978 to codify confidentiality provisions that became law in 2009 but were not compiled due to the enactment of multiple amendments to a single section of law in that year. The bill also clarifies audit selection criteria; extends the time period of an installment agreement to make monthly payments of tax owed; clarifies certain protest procedures and requirements and procedures for claims for refunds; and includes penalties and interest in the meaning of "tax" as used in statutes that relate to successors in business.

Four bills that would have enacted significant changes to the tax code, including some tax increases that would have benefited both local government and state coffers, were vetoed by the governor. House Bill 266 and Senate Bill 254, which were identical, would have removed an exemption from the occupancy tax for certain short-term rentals – an attempt to capture revenue for municipalities from homeowners who rent rooms through third-party websites. House Taxation and Revenue

Committee Substitute for House Bill 202 (House Bill 202) was considered the "revenue raiser" for the state, and House Bill 191 provided moderate tax reform and addressed oil and gas revenue volatility. One provision in House Bill 202 received significant media attention: the bill would have clarified the state's ability to tax internet sellers and allowed the taxation of third-party sales made over marketplace platforms. Other provisions in the bill would have allowed the taxation of net patient care receipts from all hospitals; delayed the reduction in the corporate income tax rates and single sale apportionment for manufacturers; increased the gasoline tax, special fuel excise tax and motor vehicle excise tax and temporarily distributed most of the revenue from those increases to the state reserves until the reserves reach 5%; and created a new weight distance tax identification permit tax, with the revenue from the tax being distributed to the General Fund. House Bill 191 attempted to address the volatility of oil and gas revenue by distributing revenue in excess of a five-year average of the oil and gas emergency school tax to the tax stabilization reserve. Among the provisions added to the bill by amendment were delayed repeals of numerous credits, deductions and exemptions and a requirement that the interim Revenue Stabilization and Tax Policy Committee study tax reform and the effects of pyramiding.

House Floor Substitute for House Bill 412 (House Bill 412), which also received a great deal of attention but did not make it past the house, would have made significant changes primarily to the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act. The act would have been renamed the "Sales and Use Tax Act", while the gross receipts tax and the compensating tax would have become the "state sales tax" and the "use tax", respectively. With the intent of expanding the tax base, the bill would have repealed numerous deductions and exemptions and added expiration dates to several recently enacted deductions. It also would have created or expanded several deductions intended to reduce the effects of pyramiding. The bill would not have set a tax rate for the new sales tax but, rather, would have required the Taxation and Revenue Department, in consultation with the DFA and the LFC, to conservatively estimate what the department expected the new tax base would be after the changes to the deductions and exemptions, and to calculate a revenue-neutral rate based on the estimate. The department would make a one-time adjustment to the tax rate after the new tax base was in effect for one year. Local option gross receipts taxes – renamed "local option sales taxes" – would have been de-earmarked to allow municipalities and counties to use the revenue for any purpose, and the rates would have been determined similarly to how the state sales tax would have been determined. The majority of the provisions of the bill would have been effective July 1, 2018.

#### ***Related Bills***

**House Bill 259** - gross receipts tax for emergency communications equipment - see [Appropriations and Finance](#)

**House Bill 444** - Vietnam Veterans Memorial State Park income tax refund contribution - see [Military and Veterans' Affairs](#)

**HAFC/HJC/House Bill 536** - Sexual Assault Examination Kit Processing Grant Fund income tax refund contribution - see [Law Enforcement and Public Safety](#)

Senate Bill 181 - HED as claimant under Tax Refund Intercept Program Act - see [Education](#)

## *TELECOMMUNICATIONS*

Rural issues are a shared theme in the telecommunications bills that were enacted this year, as are concerns over fostering economic development statewide. In addition to the bills described in this section, there are bills described in the [Economic Development](#) section concerning broadband infrastructure in the state and development of a statewide telecommunications network.

Until now, statutory language provided for three tiers of regulation for telephone service providers, or "incumbent local exchange carriers". Incumbent carriers that serve fewer than 50,000 access lines in the state have been regulated under the Rural Telecommunications Act of New Mexico. That act imposes a less rigorous regulatory structure than the New Mexico Telecommunications Act, which regulates incumbent carriers that serve more than 50,000 access lines, including Windstream and CenturyLink. The third category of regulation applies to carriers with 375,000 or more access lines in the state; however, because CenturyLink lost almost half of its customers to wireless services over the past 10 years, there is no longer an incumbent carrier in the state subject to this third-tier regulatory scheme. **Senate Bill 53 (Chapter 71)** reduces the three-tier framework to a two-tier framework by incorporating the Rural Telecommunications Act of New Mexico rules that apply to non-rural incumbent local exchange carriers, i.e., those with more than 50,000 lines, into the New Mexico Telecommunications Act. The bill also changes one word in a key sentence – "may" becomes "shall" – to require that the PRC regulate basic local exchange service.

The need for high-speed internet access that has driven other economic development bills also generated a constituency for the creation of a broadband fund by the PRC. That action by the PRC, however, was challenged in court as being beyond the PRC's statutory authority. **Senate Bill 308 (Chapter 89)** gives the PRC such explicit authority. The bill also addresses the mechanism by which the State Rural Universal Service Fund derives revenue. All carriers are required to collect a surcharge to the credit of the fund; however, that surcharge had been based on a percentage of intrastate minutes of use, which have been declining. Senate Bill 308 bases the surcharge on the number of access lines. This will establish a more stable revenue stream for an estimated \$30 million annual capacity of the fund, with a minimum of \$5 million available annually from the fund for broadband rollout in rural areas. The bill also provides for competitively and technologically neutral surcharges. Telecommunications carriers receiving support from the fund will be required to dedicate at least 60% of that support to broadband deployment or maintenance.

### *Related Bills*

HSIVC/House Bill 113 - statewide telecommunications network - see [Economic Development](#)

SCORC/Senate Bill 411 - telecommunications services tax - see [Taxation](#)

## **WATER**

Successful water legislation this year focused on issues surrounding the regulation and regionalization of domestic water systems that serve the state's smaller communities, as well as how those systems may recover money owed to them.

New mutual domestic water consumers associations formed under the Sanitary Projects Act must serve at least 15 connections or 25 people for at least six months of the year in accordance with the provisions of **Senate Bill 233 (Chapter 127)**. This limitation meets the regulatory threshold above which associations must monitor and report on the quality of water they produce to protect public health and prevent unsanitary conditions.

**Senate Bill 110 (Chapter 124)** enacts procedures for filing and enforcing liens for nonpayment of money owed to the Lower Rio Grande Public Water Works Authority. The bill also clarifies how entities that merge with the authority will combine and commingle their water rights with the authority.

### ***Related Bill***

**Senate Bill 44** - Water Project Fund project authorizations - see [Appropriations and Finance](#)

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FIFTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE  
SECOND SPECIAL SESSION, 2016

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At the end of FY 2016, the state had spent \$617 million more than it took in. While most of this gap was closed through transfers from the state's cash reserves that occur automatically in the event of such a shortfall, a gap of about \$131 million remained. The governor called a special session on September 30, 2016, and the legislature met for six days to address this shortfall, while also beginning to address solvency for FY 2017 and subsequent fiscal years.

One of the legislature's approaches to the problem included transfers from various funds to the General Fund. **Senate Bill 2 (Chapter 4)** transfers a total of \$219.4 million from the Tobacco Settlement Permanent Fund to the FY 2016 and FY 2017 appropriation accounts of the General Fund. While the transfer to the FY 2016 appropriation account addresses the shortfall for that fiscal year and partially addresses FY 2017 solvency, the legislation sweeps cash balances from several other funds to begin to address solvency for FY 2017. A list of funds from which cash balances were swept may be found in [Appendix B](#).

The legislature passed other bills taking various approaches to replenishing or otherwise strengthening General Fund balances. One such bill, **Senate Bill 7 (Chapter 1)**, reduces transfers from the General Fund, while increasing reversions to that fund. The legislation suspends a 12% increase in transfers from the General Fund to the Retiree Health Care Fund until July 1, 2019. The legislation also halts gradual increases in a transfer from the Fire Protection Fund to the Fire Protection Grant Fund. Money remaining in the Fire Protection Fund at the end of each fiscal year is transferred to the General Fund, and that amount would be decreased to zero by FY 2024 if the increased transfers to the Fire Protection Grant Fund were to continue.

The legislature also passed **Senate Bill 8 (Chapter 5, p.v.)**, which reverts about \$56 million in unspent balances from a number of capital outlay projects initially funded with General Fund appropriations and funds some of those projects with balances resulting from other capital project reauthorizations. The legislation reauthorizes certain unspent balances from severance tax bond proceeds, supplemental severance tax bond proceeds and the Public School Capital Outlay Fund to allow those funds to be used to restore allotments to the General Fund. In addition, the legislation reduces percentages of severance tax bonding capacity allowed for water projects and tribal and colonias infrastructure projects.

Beyond the decisions it faced with respect to fund sweeps and transfers, the legislature faced tough decisions about how existing spending must be restricted or otherwise changed to provide adequate General Fund balances. **Senate Bill 9 (Chapter 6, p.v.)** cuts state spending by reducing FY 2017 appropriations to state agencies. After vetoes by the governor, FY 2017 General Fund appropriations are reduced by \$149.1 million<sup>17</sup>, including appropriation reductions between 1.5% and 5.5% for most state

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<sup>17</sup>LFC Post-Special Session Review, October 25, 2016.

agencies. However, a few agencies, such as the CYFD and the DPS, are held harmless. To assist agencies experiencing financial hardships resulting from the appropriation reductions, the legislation appropriates \$1 million to the DFA for distribution as approved by the State Board of Finance. A table enumerating the agency budget reductions may be found in [Appendix B](#).

The legislature also examined expenditures from the Public School Capital Outlay Fund. **Senate Bill 4 (Chapter 2)** reserves \$25 million of that fund for appropriation to the Instructional Material Fund or to the transportation distribution of the Public School Fund to meet needs for instructional materials or school transportation. An immediate FY 2017 appropriation of \$12.5 million from the Public School Capital Outlay Fund to the Instructional Material Fund is included. In addition, the legislation removes a \$15 million spending cap for building system repair, renovation or replacement initiatives.

Measures to raise new revenue for the General Fund were also examined, and, ultimately, the special session was marked by the passage of **Senate Bill 6 (Chapter 3, p.v.)**, dubbed the "tax package". That legislation makes changes to the tax code intended to raise revenue for the state, such as reducing a distribution to the Legislative Retirement Fund, but also includes an appropriation to the CYFD for the purpose of preventing child abuse. Other changes intended to raise revenue include amending certain health care industry deductions from gross receipts to ensure that the deductions are properly claimed and ensuring that the deductions may only be claimed by the health care providers originally intended by the legislature to be the beneficiaries of the deductions. A civil penalty is provided for failure to correctly file for those deductions. The legislation also provides additional eligibility requirements for the high-wage jobs tax credit, requires annual filing for the credit rather than filing multiple qualifying periods at once and excludes benefits from the calculation of the credit amount.

Legislation is necessary to cover the costs of any legislative session, including special sessions. **Senate Bill 12 (Chapter 7)** – the session's so-called "feed bill" – appropriates \$264,400 from legislative cash balances for the expenses of the second special session of the Fifty-Second Legislature.

Although fiscal solvency, the budget and other financial matters dominated discussion for much of the special session, the governor's proclamation also included certain measures to toughen criminal penalties. While, as a whole, the legislature did not approve any bills on these topics that were introduced and debated, three of them passed in the house. House Bill 7 would have allowed the death penalty to be imposed for first degree murder of a law enforcement officer, a corrections officer or a child. House Bill 5 proposed to expand from 13 to 48 the number of violent criminal acts for which a defendant would be sentenced to an additional 30 years in prison before being eligible for parole. House Bill 6 proposed to toughen penalties for abuse of a child between 12 and 18 years old when that abuse results in the death of the child.

**FIFTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE  
FIRST SPECIAL SESSION, 2017**

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Following the 2017 regular legislative session, the governor vetoed the budgets of the legislature, higher education institutions and special schools from the General Appropriation Act of 2017. In a special session that convened two months after the regular session adjourned, the legislature passed a supplemental general appropriation act that provided nearly identical funding to that which had been vetoed, and this time, it was signed into law. The legislature also passed three bills intended to raise revenue and increase state reserve balances.

The Supplemental General Appropriation Act of 2017, enacted in **House Bill 1 (Chapter 2, p.v.)**, fills in the voids left by the governor's sweeping vetoes to the General Appropriation Act of 2017. With one exception – a \$500,000 appropriation from the Water Conservation Fund to the Water Resource Research Institute of NMSU, which was vetoed for a second time – the recurring appropriations to higher education institutions in House Bill 1 mirror those from the legislature's original attempt at funding the institutions. Likewise, the appropriations for the legislature's and legislative agencies' operating expenses almost completely match those in the version originally sent to the governor following the regular session. The exception is an appropriation of \$120,000 to the LFC, which, like the Water Resource Research Institute appropriation, was vetoed.

Also meeting gubernatorial approval the second time around is a set of appropriations for dues and membership fees to organizations that relate to the legislative and judicial branches. In previous years, these appropriations had been made to the DFA. Under the supplemental act, four appropriations for dues and fees related to the legislature are made to the LCS to administer while one that relates to the judiciary is made to the Administrative Office of the Courts.

House Bill 1 includes some appropriations that had not been included in the general appropriation act. Among these special appropriations are: 1) a \$400,000 appropriation from the General Fund for a tax study to help the legislature explore the potential results of, rather than dive head-first into, tax reform; 2) a \$500,000 appropriation from the General Fund – along with one in that amount from the Special Programs Fund – to the HED for student financial aid; and 3) a \$1 million appropriation from the University of New Mexico's (UNM's) unrestricted fund balances for cancer research at the UNM Health Sciences Center.

Lawmakers further provided for a possible increase in public schools' state equalization guarantee distributions. The act's special appropriation section includes language allowing the PED to increase the preliminary unit value, on which the amount of each school's distribution is based, by up to \$16.00.

All told, the recurring General Fund appropriations made in the feed bill and the general and supplemental appropriation acts from the 2017 regular and special sessions equal about \$6.082 billion, or less than 1% less than the adjusted recurring General Fund appropriations made in the prior year (about \$6.088 billion). It is projected that, once the spending authorized by the 2017 acts is complete, about \$23

million, or 0.4% of FY 2018 recurring General Fund spending, will be left in General Fund reserves for FY 2018. Given the pressure on the legislature to make do with less<sup>18</sup>, the fact that the legislature had so few viable options for raising new revenue and the bumpy course to enactment for the feed bill and the general and supplemental appropriations acts, lawmakers' FY 2018 spending plan represents the product of a particularly high degree of strain and struggle.

**Senate Finance Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 1 (Chapter 1, p.v.)** (Senate Bill 1) is the legislature's second attempt to employ a trio of measures for easing the state's fiscal distress. The measures include a senior supplemental severance tax bond swap, a one-year suspension of funding for water infrastructure projects and one-time transfers from various funds to the General Fund. The governor vetoed the first attempt, which was Senate Bill 462 from the regular 2017 session. But she signed, and left largely intact, Senate Bill 1. Primarily, the bill redirects the year's funding for capital outlay projects and for NMFA-administered water infrastructure projects – \$81.4 million – to the General Fund for FY 2017. Likewise, it redirects about \$8.73 million from other sources to the General Fund for FY 2017 and FY 2018. The bulk of that amount, \$8 million, is money that otherwise would be used for the NMFA-administered public infrastructure projects program.

A modified version of two bills that were vetoed after the previous regular session – House Bill 191 and House Bill 202, which are discussed in the [Taxation](#) section – was passed in the special session with **House Bill 2 (Chapter 3, p.v.)**. After line-item vetoes, the only provisions to survive are those that make a distribution to the tax stabilization reserve of revenue in excess of a five-year average of the oil and gas emergency school tax; suspend a distribution to the Legislative Retirement Fund; and provide technical cleanup of a few sections of the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act. Provisions that were vetoed in the bill include those that would have imposed the gross receipts tax on all hospitals, including nonprofit and government hospitals that are currently exempt from paying the tax; made a distribution to the County-Supported Medicaid Fund; clarified the state's existing authority to tax internet sellers and third-party sales made over marketplace platforms; and required reporting for certain gross receipts tax deductions.

Senate Bill 2, which was vetoed in its entirety, would have raised additional revenue by delaying a reduction in corporate income tax rates and single sales apportionment for manufacturers; increasing the gasoline tax, special fuel excise tax and motor vehicle excise tax; imposing a weight distance tax identification permit tax; and distributing the revenue from those increases and the new tax to the tax stabilization reserve until state reserve funds reach 5%.

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<sup>18</sup> State agencies' requests for FY 2018 recurring General Fund funding totaled about \$6.248 billion. Going into the regular session, it was projected that General Fund revenue for that period would total about \$5.929 billion, a difference of about \$319 million.

## APPENDICES

**DATA ON LEGISLATION**  
**Fifty-Third Legislature, First Session, 2017**

<b>TOTAL LEGISLATION<sup>1,2</sup></b>	<b>HOUSE</b>	<b>SENATE</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
Bills	632	602	1,234
Joint Resolutions	14	22	36
Joint Memorials	22	29	51
Memorials	127	151	278
Concurrent Resolutions	0	0	0
Resolutions	6	0	6
<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>801</b>	<b>804</b>	<b>1,605</b>
 <b>PREFILED</b>			
Bills	118	109	227
Joint Resolutions	3	7	10
Joint Memorials	2	5	7
Memorials	4	2	6
Concurrent Resolutions	0	0	0
Resolutions	2	0	2
<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>252</b>
 <b>INTRODUCTIONS<sup>3</sup></b>			
Bills & Generics Substituted	520	498	1,018
Joint Resolutions	12	21	33
Joint Memorials	22	28	50
Memorials	124	147	271
Concurrent Resolutions	0	0	0
Resolutions	4	0	4
<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>682</b>	<b>694</b>	<b>1,376</b>
 <b>PASSAGE</b>			
Bills	137	140	277
Joint Resolutions	2	2	4
Joint Memorials	3	20	23
Memorials	95	105	200
Concurrent Resolutions	0	0	0
Resolutions	3	0	3
<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>507</b>
 <b>PERCENTAGE OF INTRODUCTIONS PASSED</b>			
Bills	26.3%	28.1%	27.2%
Joint Resolutions	16.7%	9.5%	12.1%
Joint Memorials	13.6%	71.4%	46.0%
Memorials	76.6%	71.4%	73.8%
Concurrent Resolutions	N/A	N/A	N/A
Resolutions	75.0%	0.0%	75.0%
<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>35.2%</b>	<b>38.5%</b>	<b>36.8%</b>
 <b>ENACTED</b>			
Signed by Governor	77	57	134
Signed by Governor With Partial Vetoes	2	1	3
Law Without Signature	2	8	10
<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>147</b>



**DATA ON LEGISLATION**  
**Fifty-Third Legislature, First Session, 2017 (continued)**

**VETOED**

Vetoed by Governor's Message	37	37	74
Pocket Vetoed <sup>4</sup>	19	37	56
<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>130</b>

<b>PERCENTAGE OF PASSED BILLS VETOED</b>	<b>40.9%</b>	<b>52.9%</b>	<b>46.9%</b>
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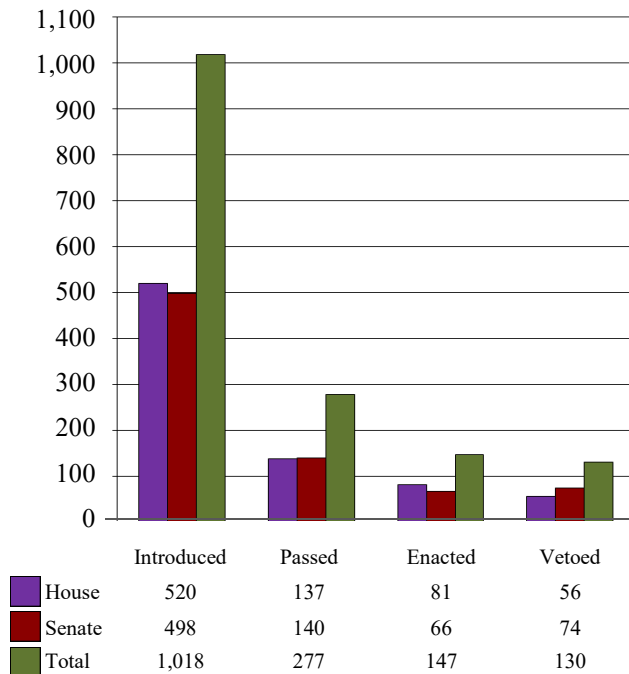
<sup>1</sup> There were 64 generic bills introduced in the house and 49 in the senate; however, if they were not substituted into substantive bills they are not counted in these statistics.

<sup>2</sup> Includes substitutes counted as separate bills.

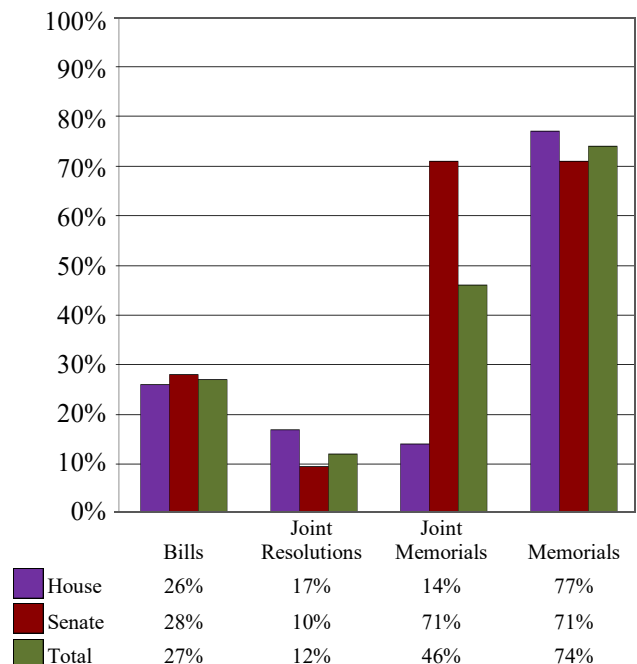
<sup>3</sup> Does not count substitutes, with the exception of generic substitutes.

<sup>4</sup> Pursuant to Article IV, Section 22 of the Constitution of New Mexico.

**BILL ACTION SUMMARY**



**PERCENTAGE PASSED**



**Fifty-Second Legislature, Second Special Session, 2016**

<b>Introduced:</b>	<b>Passed:</b>	<b>Enacted:</b>
House bills - 9	House bills - 0	House bills - 0
Senate bills - 12	Senate bills - 7	Senate bills - 7

*Note: No bills were prefiled, substituted or vetoed.*

**Fifty-Third Legislature, First Special Session, 2017**

<b>Introduced:</b>	<b>Passed:</b>	<b>Enacted:</b>
House bills - 8	House bills - 2	House bills - 2
Senate bills - 8	Senate bills - 2	Senate bills - 1

*Note: No bills were prefiled, one senate bill was substituted and one senate bill was vetoed.*

**TABLE 1**  
**SUMMARY OF GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATIONS**  
**Fifty-Third Legislature, First Session and First Special Session, 2017**  
**(in thousands)**

	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2018
<b>GENERAL APPROPRIATION ACT (GAA) OF 2017</b> Laws 2017, Ch. 135 (p.v.)		
<b>Section 4. Operating Expenses</b>		
A. Legislative		
B. Judiciary		274,352.4
C. General Control		114,837.2
D. Commerce and Industry		47,948.6
E. Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources		62,795.2
F. Health, Hospitals and Human Services		1,651,295.8
G. Public Safety		428,201.6
H. Other Education		99,250.3
I. Higher Education		34,496.2
J. Public School Support		2,585,724.2
<b>Subtotal for Fiscal Year 2018 Operating Expenses</b>		<b>\$5,298,901.5</b>
<b>Section 5. Special Appropriations (Nonrecurring)</b>	<b>\$18,274.0</b>	<b>\$19,550.0</b>
<b>Section 6. Supplemental and Deficiency Appropriations (Nonrecurring)</b>	<b>\$1,003.4</b>	
<b>FISCAL YEAR TOTALS - GAA</b>	<b>\$19,277.4</b>	<b>\$5,318,451.5</b>
<b>FISCAL YEARS 2017 AND 2018 - GAA</b>	<b>\$5,337,728.9</b>	
<b>SPECIAL APPROPRIATION BILLS (Laws 2017)</b>		
HB 1 (Chapter 4) Feed Bill	9,479.6	
HB 261 (Chapter 5) Additional Court Funding	1,683.4	
<b>TOTAL - SPECIAL APPROPRIATION BILLS</b>	<b>\$11,163.0</b>	
<b>FISCAL YEAR TOTALS - GAA AND SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS</b>	<b>\$30,440.4</b>	<b>\$5,318,451.5</b>
<b>FISCAL YEARS 2017 AND 2018 - GAA AND SPECIALS</b>	<b>\$5,348,891.9</b>	

**TABLE 1 (continued)**

	<b>Fiscal Year 2017</b>	<b>Fiscal Year 2018</b>
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL APPROPRIATION ACT (SGAA) of 2017</b>		
<b>Laws 2017 (S.S.), Ch. 2 (p.v.)</b>		
<b>Section 4. Fiscal Year 2018 Appropriations</b>		
A. Legislative		18,896.8
B. Higher Education		744,848.9
<b>Subtotal for Fiscal Year 2018 Operating Expenses</b>		<b>\$763,745.7</b>
 <b>Section 5. Special Appropriations (Nonrecurring)</b>	 <b>\$999.6</b>	
 <b>Section 6. Supplemental Appropriation (Nonrecurring)</b>	 <b>\$1,233.0</b>	
 <b>FISCAL YEAR TOTALS - SGAA</b>	 <b>\$2,232.6</b>	 <b>\$763,745.7</b>
<b>FISCAL YEARS 2017 AND 2018 - SGAA</b>	<b>\$765,978.3</b>	
 <b>FISCAL YEARS 2017 AND 2018 - GAA, SPECIALS AND SGAA</b>	 <b>\$32,673.0</b>	 <b>\$6,082,197.2</b>
	<b>\$6,114,870.2</b>	

**TABLE 2**  
**GENERAL APPROPRIATION ACT OF 2017**  
**Fifty-Third Legislature, First Session, 2017**

**House Appropriations and Finance Committee Substitute for House Bills 2 and 3 (Chapter 135, p.v.)**  
**(in thousands)**

	<b>General Fund FY 2018</b>	<b>Other State Funds FY 2018</b>	<b>Internal Svc Funds/ Inter-Agency Transfers FY 2018</b>	<b>Federal Funds FY 2018</b>	<b>Vetoes</b>	<b>Net Approp. FY 2018</b>
<b>SECTION 4 - OPERATING EXPENSES</b>						
<b>Legislative</b>						
Legislative Council Service	5,660.0				(5,660.0)	
Legislature	1,386.0				(1,386.0)	
Legislative Finance Committee	4,220.3				(4,220.3)	
Senate Chief Clerk	1,130.3				(1,130.3)	
House Chief Clerk	1,097.7				(1,097.7)	
Legislative Education Study Committee	1,233.4				(1,233.4)	
Legislative Building Services	4,054.9				(4,054.9)	
<b>Total Legislative</b>	<b>\$18,782.6</b>				<b>(\$18,782.6)</b>	
<b>Judicial</b>						
Supreme Court Law Library	1,507.6	2.2				1,509.8
New Mexico Compilation Commission		1,453.4	400.0			1,853.4
Judicial Standards Commission	818.3					818.3
Court of Appeals	5,718.5	1.0				5,719.5
Supreme Court	3,302.0					3,302.0
Administrative Office of the Courts	51,026.5	11,125.6	2,532.8	837.9		65,522.8
Supreme Court Building Commission	930.7					930.7
First Judicial District Court	6,904.2	464.4	676.0			8,044.6
Second Judicial District Court	22,721.8	3,071.7	1,231.7	88.4		27,113.6
Third Judicial District Court	6,471.4	187.7	860.8			7,519.9
Fourth Judicial District Court	2,302.9	25.0	166.8			2,494.7
Fifth Judicial District Court	6,555.5	125.0	509.1			7,189.6
Sixth Judicial District Court	3,229.6	34.0	242.1			3,505.7
Seventh Judicial District Court	2,347.6	30.0	404.1			2,781.7
Eighth Judicial District Court	2,954.4	106.0	178.9			3,239.3
Ninth Judicial District Court	3,365.7	70.5	707.4			4,143.6
Tenth Judicial District Court	911.0	42.8				953.8
Eleventh Judicial District Court	6,355.3	149.0	730.9			7,235.2
Twelfth Judicial District Court	3,369.7	108.2	121.4			3,599.3
Thirteenth Judicial District Court	7,096.9	406.9	717.9	66.0		8,287.7
Bernalillo County Metropolitan Court	23,011.8	2,377.0	494.9	114.0		25,997.7
First Judicial District Attorney	5,307.1		118.2	120.1		5,545.4
Second Judicial District Attorney	18,192.4	459.2	116.8	186.9		18,955.3
Third Judicial District Attorney	4,678.8	242.2	99.9	417.6		5,438.5
Fourth Judicial District Attorney	3,098.3					3,098.3
Fifth Judicial District Attorney	4,931.7	57.5	128.3	98.0		5,215.5
Sixth Judicial District Attorney	2,847.4	53.5	93.4	93.6		3,087.9

	General Fund FY 2018	Other State Funds FY 2018	Internal Svc Funds/ Inter-Agency Transfers FY 2018	Federal Funds FY 2018	Vetoed	Net Approp. FY 2018
<b>Judicial (continued)</b>						
Seventh Judicial District Attorney	2,475.0					2,475.0
Eighth Judicial District Attorney	2,682.5					2,682.5
Ninth Judicial District Attorney	2,957.3	24.6				2,981.9
Tenth Judicial District Attorney	1,248.9					1,248.9
Eleventh Judicial District Attorney, Div I	3,913.7	251.5	181.8	106.5		4,453.5
Eleventh Judicial District Attorney, Div II	2,268.0	149.0				2,417.0
Twelfth Judicial District Attorney	3,041.7	35.6	167.3	114.9		3,359.5
Thirteenth Judicial District Attorney	4,994.7	147.7	52.8			5,195.2
Administrative Office of the District Attorneys	2,238.8	260.9	12.0			2,511.7
Public Defender Department	48,574.7	275.0				48,849.7
<b>Total Judicial</b>	<b>\$274,352.4</b>	<b>\$21,737.1</b>	<b>\$10,945.3</b>	<b>\$2,243.9</b>		<b>\$309,278.7</b>
<b>General Control</b>						
Attorney General	10,600.4	8,359.5	1.2	3,284.4		22,245.5
State Auditor	2,690.4	755.0				3,445.4
Taxation and Revenue Department	44,701.7	28,251.1	6,620.6	1,506.8		81,080.2
State Investment Council		52,231.8				52,231.8
Administrative Hearings Office	1,503.7	155.0				1,658.7
Department of Finance and Administration <sup>1</sup>	19,722.2	83,590.0	39,000.0	10,203.3	(510.8)	152,004.7
Public School Insurance Authority		396,582.7	1,299.9			397,882.6
Retiree Health Care Authority		320,065.8	2,936.8			323,002.6
General Services Department	13,827.8	475,085.6	12,139.8			501,053.2
Educational Retirement Board		29,152.4				29,152.4
New Mexico Sentencing Commission	499.6		52.0			551.6
Governor	3,260.0					3,260.0
Lieutenant Governor	532.4					532.4
Department of Information Technology <sup>1</sup>	845.1	57,585.5	8,050.6	444.0		66,925.2
Public Employees Retirement Association		35,391.7				35,391.7
State Commission of Public Records	2,476.4	235.6				2,712.0
Secretary of State	7,233.1	35.0	640.0			7,908.1
Personnel Board	3,812.9		269.1			4,082.0
Public Employees Labor Relations Board	213.7					213.7
State Treasurer	3,428.6	122.3		4.0		3,554.9
<b>Total General Control</b>	<b>\$115,348.0</b>	<b>\$1,487,599.0</b>	<b>\$71,010.0</b>	<b>\$15,442.5</b>	<b>(\$510.8)</b>	<b>\$1,688,888.7</b>
<b>Commerce and Industry</b>						
Board of Examiners for Architects		386.8				386.8
Border Authority	299.5	201.8				501.3
Tourism Department	12,615.6	4,439.6				17,055.2
Economic Development Department	8,544.6					8,544.6
Regulation and Licensing Department	11,967.9	8,612.5	6,813.2	17.5		27,411.1
Public Regulation Commission	6,666.8		5,591.8	953.0		13,211.6
Office of Superintendent of Insurance		21,739.7	9,004.0	823.2		31,566.9

	General Fund FY 2018	Other State Funds FY 2018	Internal Svc Funds/ Inter-Agency Transfers FY 2018	Federal Funds FY 2018	Vetoed	Net Approp. FY 2018
<b>Commerce and Industry (continued)</b>						
New Mexico Medical Board		1,900.0				1,900.0
Board of Nursing		2,075.8				2,075.8
New Mexico State Fair		11,977.0				11,977.0
State Board of Licensure for Professional Engineers and Professional Surveyors		797.9				797.9
Gaming Control Board	5,157.7					5,157.7
State Racing Commission	1,981.9		880.0			2,861.9
Board of Veterinary Medicine		332.2				332.2
Cumbres and Toltec Scenic Railroad Commission	111.8	3,643.2				3,755.0
Office of Military Base Planning and Support	226.9					226.9
Spaceport Authority	375.9	5,466.6				5,842.5
<b>Total Commerce and Industry</b>	<b>\$47,948.6</b>	<b>\$61,573.1</b>	<b>\$22,289.0</b>	<b>\$1,793.7</b>		<b>\$133,604.4</b>
<b>Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources</b>						
Cultural Affairs Department	27,915.2	6,300.5	125.0	3,252.7	(75.0)	37,518.4
New Mexico Livestock Board	553.7	5,322.2				5,875.9
Department of Game and Fish		26,043.1		14,058.6		40,101.7
Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department	17,043.6	23,958.2	3,934.7	23,200.3		68,136.8
Youth Conservation Corps		3,860.8				3,860.8
Intertribal Ceremonial Office	50.0					50.0
Commissioner of Public Lands		15,894.7				15,894.7
State Engineer	17,307.7	4,611.8	17,364.0	183.4		39,466.9
<b>Total Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources</b>	<b>\$62,870.2</b>	<b>\$85,991.3</b>	<b>\$21,423.7</b>	<b>\$40,695.0</b>	<b>(\$75.0)</b>	<b>\$210,905.2</b>
<b>Health, Hospitals and Human Services</b>						
Office on African American Affairs	729.1					729.1
Commission for Deaf and Hard-of- Hearing Persons	319.4	768.6	1,875.0			2,963.0
Martin Luther King, Jr. Commission	293.1					293.1
Commission for the Blind	1,938.8	4,654.0	280.2	5,930.5		12,803.5
Indian Affairs Department	2,240.5		249.3			2,489.8
Aging and Long-Term Services Department	44,398.7	353.4	3,508.9	12,496.4		60,757.4
Human Services Department <sup>1</sup>	1,033,096.5	62,162.8	215,288.9	5,611,233.8	(241.9)	6,921,540.1
Workforce Solutions Department	8,832.6		8,850.0	43,563.7		61,246.3
Workers' Compensation Administration		12,164.5				12,164.5
Vocational Rehabilitation Division	5,647.6	550.0	191.5	43,702.9		50,092.0
Governor's Commission on Disability	1,167.3	100.0		444.5		1,711.8
Developmental Disabilities Planning Council	5,072.4	258.3	625.0	483.9		6,439.6
Miners' Hospital of New Mexico		23,662.6	6,000.0	474.6	(500.0)	29,637.2
Department of Health	283,288.5	122,835.3	32,161.3	110,149.2		548,434.3
Department of Environment	11,372.5	20,637.0	34,497.8	24,740.2		91,247.5

	General Fund FY 2018	Other State Funds FY 2018	Internal Svc Funds/ Inter-Agency Transfers FY 2018	Federal Funds FY 2018	Vetoed	Net Approp. FY 2018
<b>Health, Hospitals and Human Services</b>						
<b>(continued)</b>						
Office of Natural Resources Trustee	247.5	2,052.4				2,299.9
Veterans' Services Department	3,676.1	239.7		459.0		4,374.8
Children, Youth and Families Department	249,217.1	5,678.7	52,570.4	171,454.3		478,920.5
<b>Total Health, Hospitals and Human Services</b>	<b>\$1,651,537.7</b>	<b>\$256,117.3</b>	<b>\$356,098.3</b>	<b>\$6,025,133.0</b>	<b>(\$741.9)</b>	<b>\$8,288,144.4</b>
<b>Public Safety</b>						
Department of Military Affairs	6,557.2	91.7	153.3	15,920.7		22,722.9
Parole Board	476.2					476.2
Juvenile Public Safety Advisory Board	13.2					13.2
Corrections Department	297,280.8	28,071.6	1,335.3	300.0		326,987.7
Crime Victims Reparation Commission	2,324.0	899.2		16,634.4		19,857.6
Department of Public Safety	119,068.8	8,299.4	5,051.5	13,662.3		146,082.0
Homeland Security and Emergency Management Department	2,481.4	110.0	150.8	13,487.2		16,229.4
<b>Total Public Safety</b>	<b>\$428,201.6</b>	<b>\$37,471.9</b>	<b>\$6,690.9</b>	<b>\$60,004.6</b>		<b>\$532,369.0</b>
<b>Transportation</b>						
Department of Transportation		467,472.8	1,471.0	401,451.8		870,395.6
<b>Total Transportation</b>		<b>\$467,472.8</b>	<b>\$1,471.0</b>	<b>\$401,451.8</b>		<b>\$870,395.6</b>
<b>Other Education</b>						
Public Education Department	11,065.3	4,100.1	36.0	28,075.1		43,276.5
Regional Education Cooperatives		16,234.1		5,124.6		21,358.7
Public Education Department Special Appropriations <sup>1</sup>	88,185.0	500.0	3,500.0		(500.0)	91,685.0
Public School Facilities Authority		5,647.4				5,647.4
<b>Total Other Education</b>	<b>\$99,250.3</b>	<b>\$26,481.6</b>	<b>\$3,536.0</b>	<b>\$33,199.7</b>	<b>(\$500.0)</b>	<b>\$161,967.6</b>
<b>Higher Education</b>						
Higher Education Department <sup>1,2</sup>	34,496.2	18,957.5	44,235.7	9,527.5	(18,499.4)	88,717.5
University of New Mexico	291,882.3	866,238.8		249,104.8	(1,407,225.9)	
New Mexico State University	190,633.5	241,798.5	10,977.5	131,743.8	(575,153.3)	
New Mexico Highlands University	29,090.9	26,216.7		9,672.5	(64,980.1)	
Western New Mexico University	19,000.6	20,402.0		7,200.0	(46,602.6)	
Eastern New Mexico University	42,893.4	44,435.0		39,790.0	(127,118.4)	
New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology	35,537.1	50,600.0		60,900.0	(147,037.1)	
Northern New Mexico College	10,438.3	8,100.0		8,900.0	(27,438.3)	
Santa Fe Community College	13,629.9	27,847.0		21,377.0	(62,853.9)	
Central New Mexico Community College	52,995.4	104,500.0		47,300.0	(204,795.4)	
Luna Community College	7,910.9	5,860.5		3,018.0	(16,789.4)	
Mesalands Community College	4,114.8	1,562.0		1,250.0	(6,926.8)	
New Mexico Junior College	6,078.0	18,600.0		2,800.0	(27,478.0)	
San Juan College	22,907.4	34,000.0		20,400.0	(77,307.4)	

	General Fund FY 2018	Other State Funds FY 2018	Internal Svc Funds/ Inter-Agency Transfers FY 2018	Federal Funds FY 2018	Vetoed	Net Approp. FY 2018
<b>Higher Education (continued)</b>						
Clovis Community College	9,367.0	6,000.0		7,100.0	(22,467.0)	
New Mexico Military Institute	2,856.4	33,200.0		1,000.0	(37,056.4)	
New Mexico School for the Blind and Visually Impaired	1,457.1	13,600.0		150.0	(15,207.1)	
New Mexico School for the Deaf	4,055.9	12,100.0		300.0	(16,455.9)	
<b>Total Higher Education</b>	<b>\$779,345.1</b>	<b>\$1,534,018.0</b>	<b>\$55,213.2</b>	<b>\$621,533.6</b>	<b>(\$2,901,392.4)</b>	<b>\$88,717.5</b>
<b>Public School Support</b>						
State Equalization Guarantee Distribution <sup>1</sup>	2,493,258.7	5,000.0			(700.0)	2,497,558.7
Transportation Distribution	82,340.9	14,500.0				96,840.9
Supplemental Distribution	1,300.0					1,300.0
Federal Flow Through				414,202.3		414,202.3
Instructional Materials	1,000.0	10,500.0				11,500.0
Indian Education Fund	1,824.6	675.4				2,500.0
Standards-Based Assessments	6,000.0					6,000.0
<b>Total Public School Support</b>	<b>\$2,585,724.2</b>	<b>\$30,675.4</b>		<b>\$414,202.3</b>	<b>(\$700.0)</b>	<b>\$3,029,901.9</b>
<b>Total Section 4 - FY 2018 Appropriations</b>	<b>\$6,063,360.7</b>	<b>\$4,009,137.5</b>	<b>\$548,677.4</b>	<b>\$7,615,700.1</b>	<b>(\$2,922,702.7)</b>	<b>\$15,314,173.0</b>



	General Fund FY 2017	Other State Funds FY 2017	Internal Svc Funds/ Inter-Agency Transfers FY 2017	Federal Funds FY 2017	Vetoed	Net Approp. FY 2017
<b>SECTION 5 - SPECIAL</b>						
<b>APPROPRIATIONS (FY 2017)</b>						
Legislative Council Service	150.0	1,000.0			(1,150.0)	
Attorney General	400.0		600.0			1,000.0
Taxation and Revenue Department <sup>1,2</sup>	9,000.0					
Department of Finance and Administration	800.0				(50.0)	750.0
Economic Development Department	10,000.0					10,000.0
Cultural Affairs Department <sup>1</sup>		1,555.2				1,555.2
Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department <sup>1</sup>	250.0					250.0
Commissioner of Public Lands		550.0				550.0
State Engineer	400.0	600.0				1,000.0
Human Services Department <sup>1,2</sup>	700.0	26,400.0		523.6	(26,400.0)	1,223.6
Workers' Compensation Administration		188.0				188.0
Department of Health	1,000.0		230.0			1,230.0
Department of Environment		1,000.0				1,000.0
Corrections Department	2,000.0					2,000.0
Department of Public Safety		200.0			(200.0)	
Public Education Department	2,250.0					2,250.0
Computer System Enhancement Fund	524.0					524.0
<b>Total Section 5 - FY 2017 Appropriations (Nonrecurring)</b>	<b>\$27,474.0</b>	<b>\$31,493.2</b>	<b>\$830.0</b>	<b>\$523.6</b>	<b>(\$27,800.0)</b>	<b>\$23,520.8</b>

	General Fund FY 2018	Other State Funds FY 2018	Internal Svc Funds/ Inter-Agency Transfers FY 2018	Federal Funds FY 2018	Vetoed	Net Approp. FY 2018
<b>SECTION 5 - SPECIAL</b>						
<b>APPROPRIATIONS (FY 2018)</b>						
Economic Development Department	7,000.0					7,000.0
Corrections Department	2,000.0	3,000.0				5,000.0
Public Education Department	2,000.0					2,000.0
Public School Support	8,550.0					8,550.0
<b>Total Section 5 - FY 2018 Appropriations (Nonrecurring)</b>	<b>\$19,550.0</b>	<b>3,000.0</b>				<b>\$22,550.0</b>

	General Fund FY 2017	Other State Funds FY 2017	Internal Svc Funds/ Inter-Agency Transfers FY 2017	Federal Funds FY 2017	Vetoed	Net Approp. FY 2017
<b>SECTION 6 - SUPPLEMENTAL AND DEFICIENCY APPROPRIATIONS</b>						
Administrative Office of the Courts	1,803.6				(1,328.6)	475.0
Department of Information Technology		600.0				600.0
Secretary of State	153.4	325.4				478.8
State Engineer		1,857.1				1,857.1
Department of Health	375.0					375.0
<b>Total Section 6 - FY 2017 Appropriations (Nonrecurring)</b>	<b>\$2,332.0</b>	<b>\$2,782.5</b>			<b>(\$1,328.6)</b>	<b>\$3,785.9</b>
<b>SECTION 7 - DATA PROCESSING APPROPRIATIONS</b>						
Administrative Office of the Courts		284.0				284.0
Department of Health		240.0		2,160.0		2,400.0
<b>Total Section 7 - FY 2017 Appropriations (Nonrecurring)</b>		<b>\$524.0</b>		<b>\$2,160.0</b>		<b>\$2,684.0</b>

<sup>1</sup>Denotes contingency for all or a portion of the appropriation.

<sup>2</sup>Total amount reflects failed contingency.

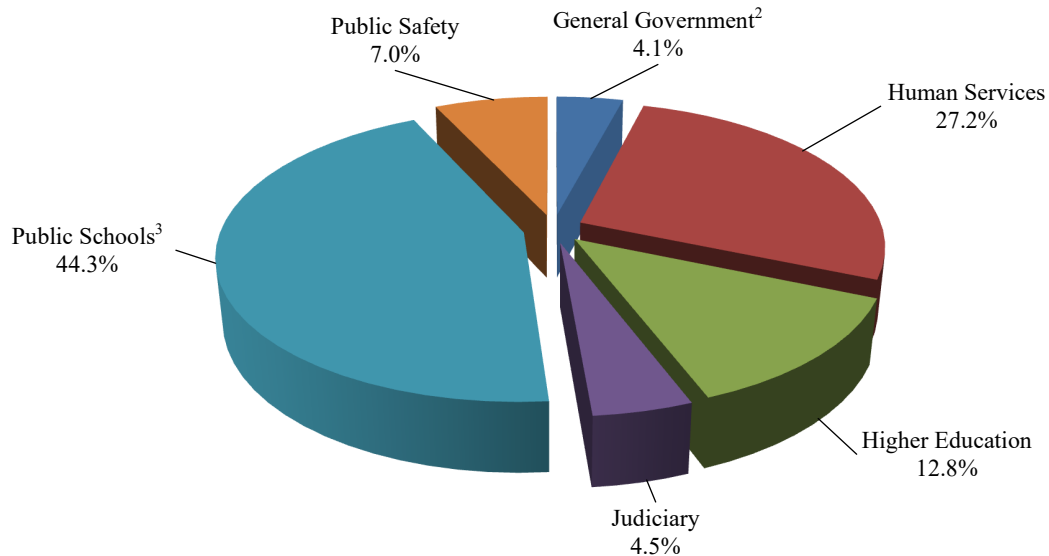
**TABLE 2 (continued)**  
**SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL APPROPRIATION ACT OF 2017**  
**Fifty-Third Legislature, First Special Session, 2017**  
**House Bill 1 (Chapter 2, p.v.)**  
**(in thousands)**

	General Fund FY 2018	Other State Funds FY 2018	Internal Svc Funds/ Inter-Agency Transfers FY 2018	Federal Funds FY 2018	Vetoed	Net Approp. FY 2018
<b>SECTION 4 - OPERATING EXPENSES</b>						
<b>Legislative</b>						
Legislative Council Service	5,894.2					5,894.2
Legislature	1,386.0					1,386.0
Legislative Finance Committee	4,220.3				(120.0)	4,100.3
Senate Chief Clerk	1,130.3					1,130.3
House Chief Clerk	1,097.7					1,097.7
Legislative Education Study Committee	1,233.4					1,233.4
Legislative Building Services	4,054.9					4,054.9
<b>Total Legislative</b>	<b>\$19,016.8</b>				<b>(\$120.0)</b>	<b>\$18,896.8</b>
<b>Higher Education</b>						
University of New Mexico	291,882.3	866,238.8		249,104.8		1,407,225.9
New Mexico State University	190,633.5	241,798.5	10,977.5	131,743.8	(500.0)	574,653.3
New Mexico Highlands University	29,090.9	26,216.7		9,672.5		64,980.1
Western New Mexico University	19,000.6	20,402.0		7,200.0		46,602.6
Eastern New Mexico University	42,893.4	44,435.0		39,790.0		127,118.4
New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology	35,537.1	50,600.0		60,900.0		147,037.1
Northern New Mexico College	10,438.3	8,100.0		8,900.0		27,438.3
Santa Fe Community College	13,629.9	27,847.0		21,377.0		62,853.9
Central New Mexico Community College	52,995.4	104,500.0		47,300.0		204,795.4
Luna Community College	7,910.9	5,860.5		3,018.0		16,789.4
Mesalands Community College	4,114.8	1,562.0		1,250.0		6,926.8
New Mexico Junior College	6,078.0	18,600.0		2,800.0		27,478.0
San Juan College	22,907.4	34,000.0		20,400.0		77,307.4
Clovis Community College	9,367.0	6,000.0		7,100.0		22,467.0
New Mexico Military Institute	2,856.4	33,200.0		1,000.0		37,056.4
New Mexico School for the Blind and Visually Impaired	1,457.1	13,600.0		150.0		15,207.1
New Mexico School for the Deaf	4,055.9	12,100.0		300.0		16,455.9
<b>Total Higher Education</b>	<b>\$744,848.9</b>	<b>\$1,515,060.5</b>	<b>\$10,977.5</b>	<b>\$612,006.1</b>	<b>(\$500.0)</b>	<b>\$2,882,393.0</b>
<b>Total Section 4 - FY 2018 Appropriations</b>	<b>\$763,865.7</b>	<b>\$1,515,060.5</b>	<b>\$10,977.5</b>	<b>\$612,006.1</b>	<b>(\$620.0)</b>	<b>\$2,901,289.8</b>

TABLE 2 (continued)

	General Fund FY 2017	Other State Funds FY 2017	Internal Svc Funds/ Inter-Agency Transfers FY 2017	Federal Funds FY 2017	Vetoed	Net Approp. FY 2017
<b>SECTION 5 - SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS (FY 2017 and FY 2018)</b>						
Legislative Council Service	550.0	1,000.0			(150.0)	1,400.0
Administrative Office of the Courts	99.6					99.6
Human Services Department <sup>1,2</sup>		26,400.0			(26,400.0)	
Higher Education Department	500.0	500.0				1,000.0
University of New Mexico		1,000.0				1,000.0
<b>Total Section 5 - FY 2017 and FY 2018 Appropriations (Nonrecurring)</b>	<b>\$1,149.6</b>	<b>\$28,900.0</b>			<b>(\$26,550.0)</b>	<b>\$3,499.6</b>
<b>SECTION 6 - SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATION (FY 2017)</b>						
Administrative Office of the Courts	1,233.0					1,233.0
<b>Total Section 6 - FY 2017 Appropriations (Nonrecurring)</b>	<b>\$1,233.0</b>					<b>\$1,233.0</b>
<b>SECTION 7 - SPECIAL SESSION APPROPRIATION (FY 2017)</b>						
Legislative Council Service		208.8				208.8
<b>Total Section 7 - FY 2017 Appropriations (Nonrecurring)</b>		<b>\$208.8</b>				<b>\$208.8</b>

**CHART 1**  
**GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATIONS**  
**Fiscal Year 2018<sup>1</sup>**  
**\$6,078,197,200**

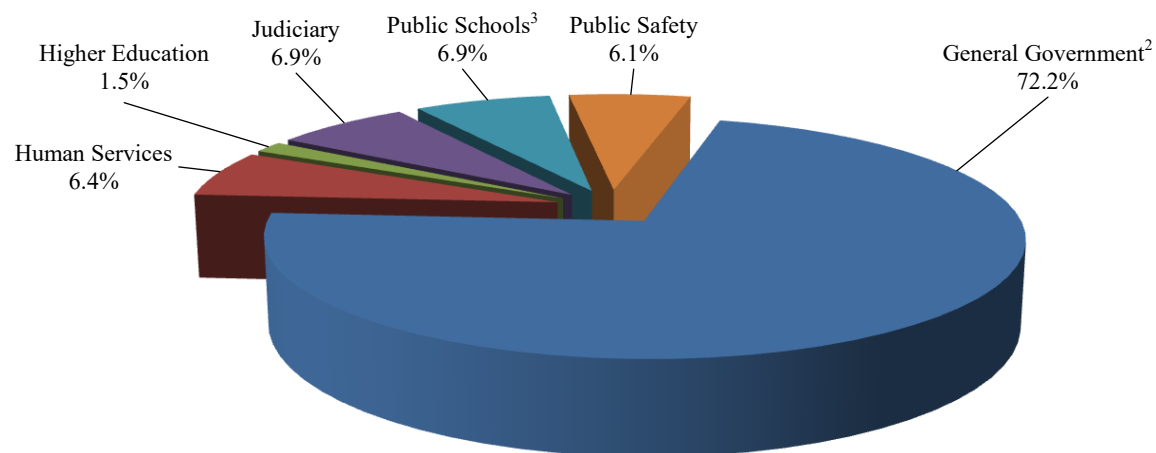


<sup>1</sup>General Appropriation Act of 2017 (Laws 2017, Ch. 135, p.v.) and Supplemental General Appropriation Act of 2017 (Laws 2017 (S.S.), Ch. 2, p.v.).

<sup>2</sup>Legislature, General Control, Commerce and Industry, Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources.

<sup>3</sup>Other Education, Public School Support.

**CHART 2**  
**GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATIONS**  
**Fiscal Year 2017<sup>1</sup>**  
**\$32,673,007**

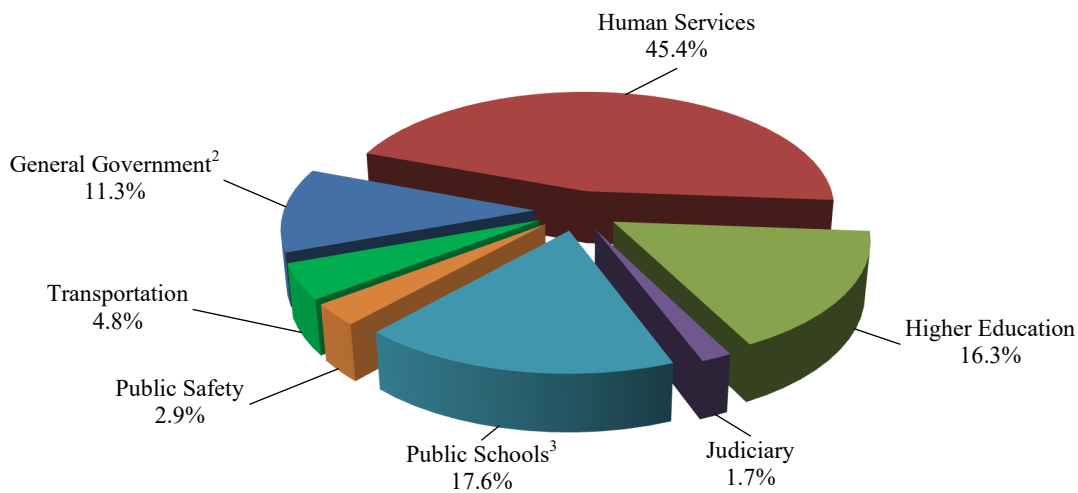


<sup>1</sup>General Appropriation Act of 2017 (Laws 2017, Ch. 135, p.v.) and Supplemental General Appropriation Act of 2017 (Laws 2017 (S.S.), Ch. 2, p.v.). Does not include Laws 2016 (2nd S.S.), Ch. 1, Sections 3 through 8, which reduced agency FY 2017 budgets. See Table 4 for a list of reductions.

<sup>2</sup>Legislature, General Control, Commerce and Industry, Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources.

<sup>3</sup>Other Education, Public School Support.

**CHART 3  
TOTAL STATE BUDGET  
FROM ALL FUNDING SOURCES<sup>1</sup>  
Fiscal Year 2018  
\$18,238,012,800**

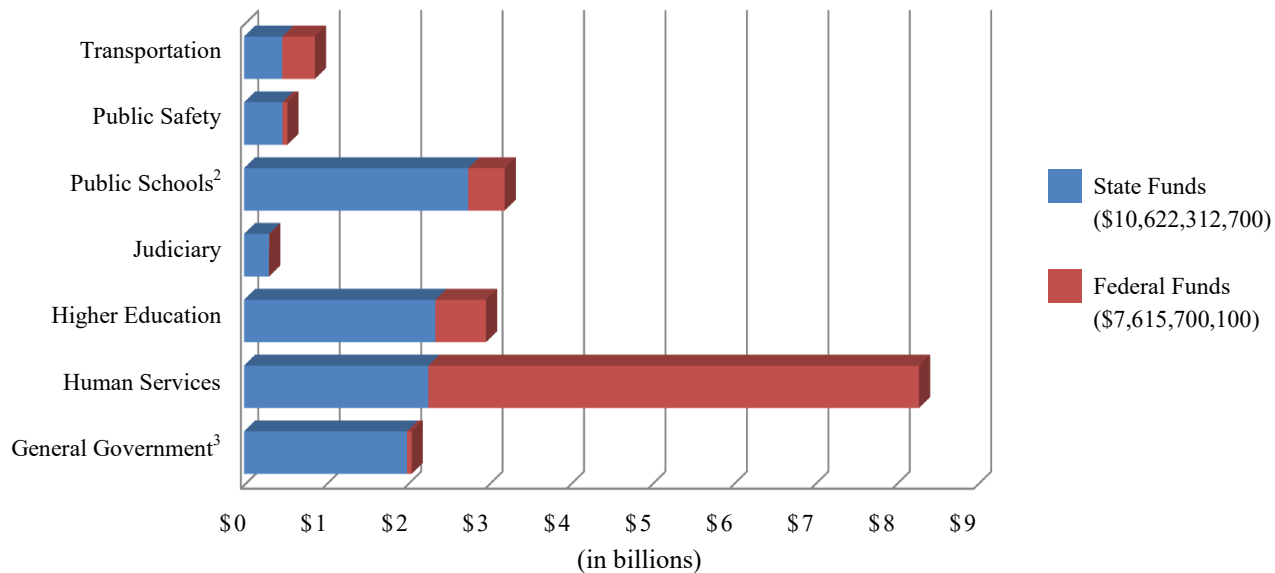


<sup>1</sup>Includes state fund and federal fund appropriations in the General Appropriation Act of 2017 (Laws 2017, Ch. 135, p.v.) and Supplemental General Appropriation Act of 2017 (Laws 2017 (S.S.), Ch. 2, p.v.).

<sup>2</sup>Legislature, General Control, Commerce and Industry, Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources.

<sup>3</sup>Other Education, Public School Support.

**CHART 4  
TOTAL STATE BUDGET  
FROM STATE vs. FEDERAL FUNDING SOURCES<sup>1</sup>  
Fiscal Year 2018  
\$18,238,012,800**

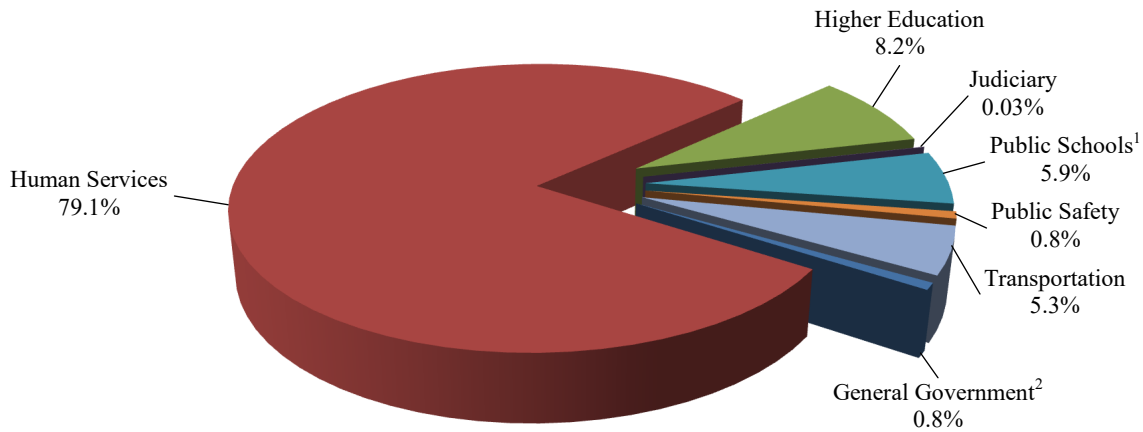


<sup>1</sup>Includes state fund and federal fund appropriations in the General Appropriation Act of 2017 (Laws 2017, Ch. 135, p.v.) and Supplemental General Appropriation Act of 2017 (Laws 2017 (S.S.), Ch. 2, p.v.).

<sup>2</sup>Other Education, Public School Support.

<sup>3</sup>Legislature, General Control, Commerce and Industry, Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources.

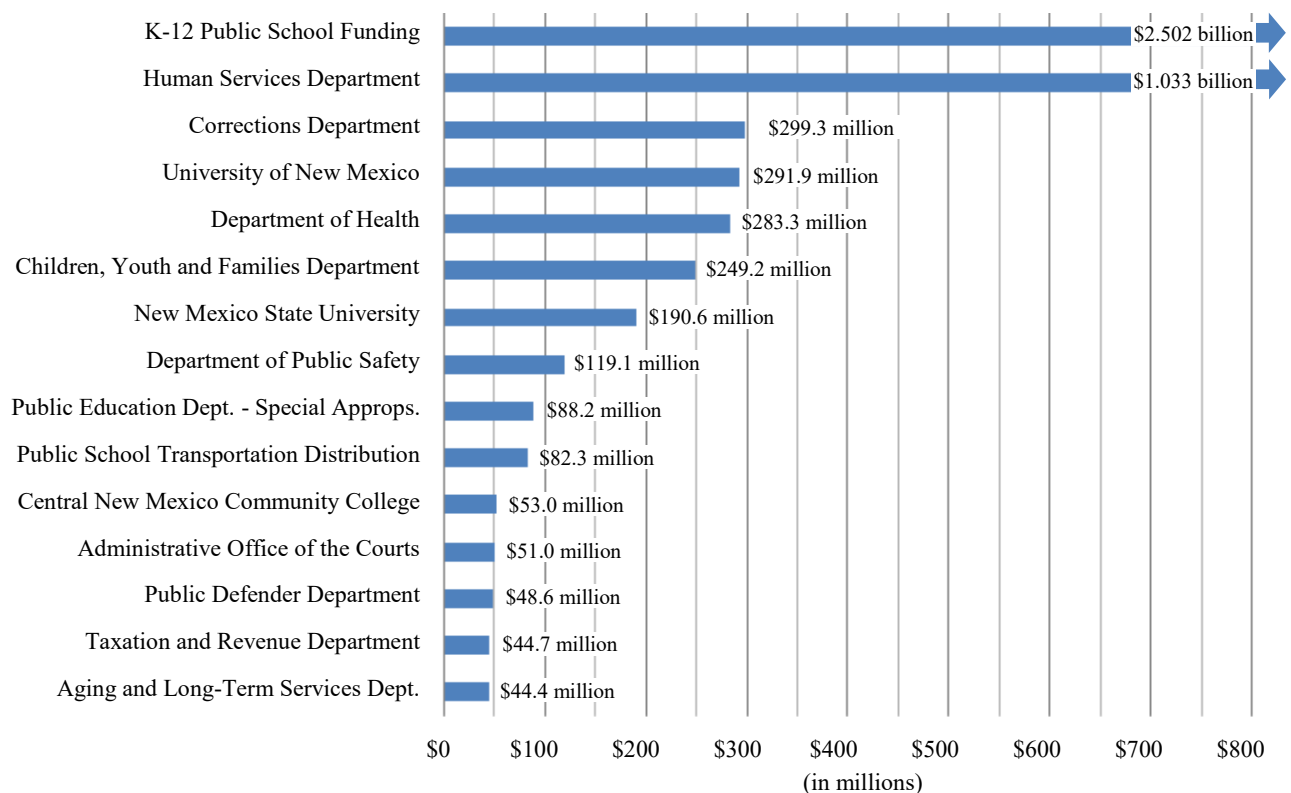
**CHART 5  
FEDERAL FUNDS BY CATEGORY  
Fiscal Year 2018  
\$7,615,700,100**



<sup>1</sup>Other Education, Public School Support.

<sup>2</sup>Legislature, General Control, Commerce and Industry, Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources.

**CHART 6  
TOP 15 GENERAL FUND APPROPRIATIONS  
BY AGENCY/DISTRIBUTION<sup>1</sup>  
Fiscal Year 2018**



<sup>1</sup>General Appropriation Act of 2017 (Laws 2017, Ch. 135, p.v.) and Supplemental General Appropriation Act of 2017 (Laws 2017 (S.S.), Ch. 2, p.v.).

**TABLE 3  
GENERAL APPROPRIATION ACT VETOES<sup>1</sup>  
2017 REGULAR AND SPECIAL SESSIONS  
(in thousands)**

**REGULAR SESSION**

**House Appropriations and Finance Committee Substitute for House Bills 2 and 3 (Laws 2017, Chapter 135, p.v.)**

Page/s	Agency	Description	FY 2017 General Fund	FY 2017 All Other Funds <sup>2</sup>	FY 2018 General Fund	FY 2018 All Other Funds <sup>2</sup>
<b><u>Section 2 – Definitions</u></b>						
1-2		strikes definitions of "efficiency", "explanatory", "outcome", "output", "performance measure", "quality" and "target"				
<b><u>Section 3 – General Provisions</u></b>						
3-4		strikes requirements that the DFA consult with the LFC on revenue collections versus revenue estimates and that the DFA submit a plan to address any projected deficit in meeting appropriations				
<b><u>Section 4 – Fiscal Year 2018 Appropriations</u></b>						
4	LCS	operating budget			\$5,660.0	
4	Legislature	operating budget			\$1,386.0	
4-5	LFC	operating budget			\$4,220.3	
5	Senate Chief Clerk	operating budget			\$1,130.3	
5	House Chief Clerk	operating budget			\$1,097.7	
5	LESC	operating budget			\$1,233.4	
5	LCS – Building Services	operating budget			\$4,054.9	
33-34	DFA	strikes appropriations for dues and member fees for the Council of State Governments, National Conference of State Legislatures, National Center for State Courts, National Conference of Insurance Legislators and National Council of Legislators from Gaming States			\$333.8	
34		strikes appropriation for regional housing authority oversight			\$177.0	



Page/s	Agency	Description	FY 2017 General Fund	FY 2017 All Other Funds <sup>2</sup>	FY 2018 General Fund	FY 2018 All Other Funds <sup>2</sup>
45-46	DOIT	strikes provision making appropriation contingent on the DOIT's submission of an equipment replacement fund plan for FY 2018 and an equipment replacement fund reconciliation report for FY 2017				
68	CAD	strikes provision that \$75,000 from the General Fund to the library services program in the contractual services category be used to support schools participating in the national history day program			\$75.0	
85	Indian Affairs Department	strikes "sufficient funds for" and provision that appropriation for a Native American leadership institute be located in Santa Fe County				
87	Aging and Long- Term Services Department	strikes agency performance measure "percent of adults with repeat maltreatment: ≤ 9%"				
92	HSD	strikes provision that the General Fund appropriation to the income support program includes \$210,900 for the Navajo sovereign Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program and \$31,000 for the Zuni sovereign TANF program			\$241.9	
104	Miners' Hospital of New Mexico	strikes provision that the other state funds appropriation to healthcare program in the other category includes up to \$500,000 from patient revenue to transfer to the medical assistance program of the HSD for the state share of medical expenditures				\$500.0
105	DOH	strikes agency performance measure "number of teens ages fifteen to seventeen receiving family planning services in clinics funded by the department of health: 2,000"				
106	DOH	strikes agency performance measure "percent of students using school-based health centers who receive a comprehensive well exam: 26%"				
106	DOH	strikes agency performance measure "ratio of infant pertussis rate to total pertussis rate: 4:4"				
107	DOH	strikes agency performance measure "dollar amount of uncompensated care at all agency facilities, in millions"				

Page/s	Agency	Description	FY 2017 General Fund	FY 2017 All Other Funds <sup>2</sup>	FY 2018 General Fund	FY 2018 All Other Funds <sup>2</sup>
107-108	DOH	strikes agency performance measure "percent of long-term care residents with healthcare-acquired pressure ulcers: 4%"				
108	DOH	strikes provision that the General Fund appropriation to the developmental disabilities support program in the contractual services category includes sufficient funding for evidence-based job training services from the special services program of the Roswell branch of Eastern New Mexico University				
109	DOH	strikes agency performance measure "percent of long-stay nursing home residents who are receiving psychoactive drugs but do not have evidence of psychotic or related conditions"				
116	CYFD	strikes requirement that the early childhood services program includes matching nongovernmental funds as an evaluation criterion in any request for proposals for home-visiting services				
130-131	PED	strikes \$500,000 from the Educator License Fund for a teacher and administrator evaluation system				\$500.0
131	PED	strikes provision that the \$500,000 appropriation for a collaborative school principal leadership program be allocated to UNM and NMSU and strikes "turnaround" from the name of that program				
131	PED	strikes language allowing the PED to use non-early childhood special appropriations for emergency support to school districts experiencing shortfalls in FY 2018 and language restricting that use				
133	Higher Education	strikes language requiring the director of the State Budget Division of the DFA to advise the legislature in writing of the justification for the approval of budget increases for higher education institutions				
134	HED	strikes provision that the Indian Education Fund appropriation to the policy development and institutional financial oversight program of the HED in the other category includes \$50,000 for the tribal college dual credit program				\$50.0
134	HED	strikes appropriations of \$18,449,400 of other state funds to the student financial aid program of the HED that was contingent on enactment of House Bill 237 or similar legislation				\$18,449.4

Page/s	Agency	Description	FY 2017 General Fund	FY 2017 All Other Funds <sup>2</sup>	FY 2018 General Fund	FY 2018 All Other Funds <sup>2</sup>
135-163	Higher Education	strikes all appropriations for higher education institutions			\$744,848.9	\$2,138,044.1
164-165	Public School Support	strikes other state funds appropriation to the state equalization guarantee (SEG) of up to \$700,000 to implement the FY 2018 program to maintain school districts' and charter schools' respective program cost calculations that was				\$700.0
165	Public School Support	strikes requirement that the secretary of public education process and pay each request for reimbursement submitted to the department by a school district or charter school within 30 days				
165	Public School Support	strikes language allowing the DFA to adjust a school district's or charter school's monthly SEG progress payment to provide flexibility to meet cash flow needs up to its proportionate FY 2018 share				
166	Public School Support	strikes "state-chartered charter school" before appropriation from the General Fund for transportation distribution; strikes requirement that the distribution be allocated only to state-chartered charter schools; strikes requirement that the PED calculate an adjustment factor for state-chartered charter schools from the state-chartered charter school transportation distribution using the state-chartered charter school adjustment factor provided in Sections 22-8-29.1 and 22-8-29.4 NMSA 1978; and strikes requirement that rental fees for contractor-owned buses providing transportation to a state-chartered charter school be paid out of the state-chartered charter school transportation distribution				
166	Public School Support	strikes "school district" before appropriations from the General Fund and other state funds for transportation distribution; strikes requirement that the distribution be allocated only to school districts; strikes requirement that the PED calculate an adjustment factor for school districts and calculate the distribution for school districts from the school district transportation distribution using the school district adjustment factor provided in Sections 22-8-29.1 and 22-8-29.4 NMSA 1978; and strikes requirement that rental fees for contractor-owned buses providing transportation to a school district be paid out of the school district transportation distribution				

Page/s	Agency	Description	FY 2017 General Fund	FY 2017 All Other Funds <sup>2</sup>	FY 2018 General Fund	FY 2018 All Other Funds <sup>2</sup>
168	Public School Support	strikes language specifying that \$400,000 of the General Fund appropriation to the Indian Education Fund for teaching support in schools with a high proportion of Native American students be used for a national nonprofit organization that recruits recent college graduates and professionals who have demonstrated a record of achievement to teach in low-income urban and rural public schools				
<b>TOTAL SECTION 4</b>					<b>\$764,459.2</b>	<b>\$2,158,243.5</b>
<b><u>Section 5 – Fiscal Year 2017-2018 Special Appropriations</u></b>						
169	LCS	strikes \$1 million appropriation from legislative cash balances for capitol repairs, security and infrastructure upgrades		\$1,000.0		
169	LCS	strikes \$150,000 appropriation from the General Fund for the Capitol Buildings Planning Commission to conduct a statewide inventory of state property and buildings for master planning	\$150.0			
170	DFA	strikes \$50,000 appropriation from the General Fund for operating costs of the New Mexico Renewable Energy Transmission Authority and language requiring that the authority report to the legislature				\$50.0
170-171	DFA	strikes language requiring the State Board of Finance to prioritize up to \$500,000 of loan or grant funds to preserve and enhance military bases in New Mexico if the U.S. Department of Defense convenes a military base realignment and closure commission or similar entity				
171	EDD	strikes restriction that the Development Training Fund appropriation for the job training incentive program be spent in FY 2018 and strikes requirement that one-third of the appropriation be expended for training in nonurban areas				
171	EDD	strikes provision that the appropriation includes \$100,000 to match federal funds for a protective buffer zone adjacent to Cannon Air Force Base and strikes language specifying that the EDD may transfer funds from the Local Economic Development Act Fund to the Development Training Fund for the job training incentive program to assist with job creation through FY 2018	\$100.0			

Page/s	Agency	Description	FY 2017 General Fund	FY 2017 All Other Funds <sup>2</sup>	FY 2018 General Fund	FY 2018 All Other Funds <sup>2</sup>
173	HSD	strikes appropriation of up to \$26.4 million to the medical assistance program of the HSD from the County-Supported Medicaid Fund for increases to inpatient and outpatient hospital rates, including \$5 million for rate increases at hospitals classified during FY 2017 as smallest and small for the purpose of receiving payments for uncompensated care from the Safety Net Care Pool Fund, that was contingent upon passage of House Bill 202 or similar legislation		26,400.0		
174	DPS	strikes \$200,000 appropriation from the Concealed Handgun Carry Fund for tourniquet and trauma kits and to provide related police officer training		\$200.0		
175	PED	strikes language requiring that the PED provide a report to the LFC and the LESC on any FY 2018 instructional material or transportation budget adjustments				
176	NMSU	strikes appropriation of \$500,000 to the Water Resources Research Institute at NMSU from an Exxon Mobil-Department of Environment settlement that was contingent on the realization of that settlement				
<b>TOTAL SECTION 5</b>			<b>\$250.0</b>	<b>\$27,600.0</b>		<b>\$50.0</b>
<b><u>Section 6 – Fiscal Year 2017 Supplemental and Deficiency Appropriations</u></b>						
177	AOC	strikes appropriation of \$1,328,600 from the General Fund for a shortfall in magistrate courts		\$1,328.6		
<b>TOTAL SECTION 6</b>			<b>\$1,328.6</b>			
<b><u>Section 8 – Additional Fiscal Year 2017 Budget Adjustment Authority</u></b>						
184	Miners' Hospital of New Mexico	strikes language allowing the medical assistance program of the HSD to request up to \$1 million from the Miners' Hospital of New Mexico for the state share of payment to the Miners' Hospital				
<b><u>Section 9 – Additional Fiscal Year 2018 Budget Adjustment Authority</u></b>						
193	DOH	strikes language allowing the DOH to request program transfers from the public health program, epidemiology and response program and the administration program to the facilities management program for budget shortfalls				

Page/s	Agency	Description	FY 2017 General Fund	FY 2017 All Other Funds <sup>2</sup>	FY 2018 General Fund	FY 2018 All Other Funds <sup>2</sup>
<b>Section 10 – Additional Adjustments</b>						
195-196	Corrections Department	strikes language allowing a reduction in the personal services and employee benefits category of \$402,000 that was contingent on passage of Senate Bill 528 or similar legislation				
196	DPS	strikes language allowing a reduction in the personal services and employee benefits category of \$349,100 that was contingent on passage of Senate Bill 528 or similar legislation				
196	AOC	strikes language allowing an increase in the personal services and employee benefits categories of state courts and magistrate court programs by \$751,100 that was contingent on passage of Senate Bill 528 or similar legislation				

**SPECIAL SESSION**  
**House Bill 1 (Laws 2017 (S.S.), Chapter 2, p.v.)**

Page/s	Agency	Description	FY 2018 General Fund	FY 2018 All Other Funds <sup>2</sup>
<b>Section 2 – Definitions</b>				
2		strikes definitions for "outcome", "output", "performance measure" and "target"		
<b>Section 3 – General Provisions</b>				
3		strikes requirement that the DFA regularly consult with the LFC on FY 2018 revenue collections vs. estimates; strikes requirement that, if a deficit arises, the DFA present to the LFC a plan for addressing it		
<b>Section 4 – Fiscal Year 2018 Appropriations</b>				
4	LFC	strikes language specifying that \$120,000 of the General Fund appropriation is to partially restore FY 2018 budget to FY 2016	\$120.0	
6	Higher Education	strikes requirement that the director of the State Budget Division of the DFA advise the legislature in writing of justifications for		

Page/s	Agency	Description	FY 2018 General Fund	FY 2018 All Other Funds <sup>2</sup>
16-17	NMSU	strikes appropriation of \$500,000 from the Water Conservation Fund for the Water		\$500.0
<b><u>Section 5 – Special Appropriations</u></b>				
34	LCS	strikes appropriation of \$150,000 for the Capitol Buildings Planning Commission to conduct a statewide inventory of state	\$150.0	
34-35	HSD	strikes appropriation of \$26.4 million to medical assistance program from the County-Supported Medicaid Fund for increased hospital rates, including \$5 million for rate increases at hospitals classified in FY 2017 as smallest and small for purposes of Safety Net Care Pool Fund, contingent on passage of legislation providing authorization for additional distributions to the County-		\$26,400.0
35	Public School Support	strikes "prior to July 15, 2017" from language allowing the PED to increase the preliminary unit value authorized in the General Appropriation Act of 2017		

<sup>1</sup>For the purpose of calculating the sum of line-item vetoed appropriations and conditional appropriations: 1) dollar amounts struck through in the bill are counted; 2) dollar amounts left intact in the bill are not counted; and 3) dollar amounts associated with contingencies that were not met are counted. Not considered here is whether, for a given appropriation, the governor's action in striking through selected language yet preserving the dollar amount has the legal effect of negating the appropriation. *Sego v. Kirkpatrick* (1974-NMSC-059, 86 N.M. 359) and *Coll v. Carruthers* (1988-NMSC-057, 107 N.M. 439), among other cases, establish law on the issue.

<sup>2</sup>Included in this column are all vetoed appropriations from the categories of Other State Funds, Federal Funds, Interagency Transfers and Internal Service Funds.

**TABLE 4**  
**AGENCY BUDGET REDUCTIONS<sup>1</sup>**  
**Senate Bill 9 (Laws 2016 (2nd S.S.), Chapter 6, p.v.)**  
**(in thousands)**

	General Fund FY 2017	Reduction	Net Appropriation FY 2017
<b>Legislative</b>			
Legislative Council Service	6,078.2	182.3	5,895.9
Legislative Finance Committee	4,403.2	132.1	4,271.1
Senate Chief Clerk	1,213.9	36.4	1,177.5
House Chief Clerk	1,178.8	35.4	1,143.4
Legislative Education Study Committee	1,324.6	39.7	1,284.9
Senate Rules Committee	20.5	.6	19.9
Legislative Building Services	4,332.2	108.3	4,223.9
Energy Council Dues	38.4		38.4
<b>Total Legislative</b>	<b>\$18,589.8</b>	<b>\$534.8</b>	<b>\$18,055.0</b>
<b>Judicial</b>			
Supreme Court Law Library	1,568.1	47.0	1,521.1
Judicial Standards Commission	857.3	25.7	831.6
Court of Appeals	5,934.1	178.0	5,756.1
Supreme Court	3,353.0	100.6	3,252.4
Administrative Office of the Courts	49,422.4	1,482.7	47,939.7
Supreme Court Building Commission	977.0	29.3	947.7
First Judicial District Court	7,109.2	213.3	6,895.9
Second Judicial District Court	23,347.3	700.4	22,646.9
Third Judicial District Court	6,614.5	198.4	6,416.1
Fourth Judicial District Court	2,365.9	71.0	2,294.9
Fifth Judicial District Court	6,701.8	201.1	6,500.7
Sixth Judicial District Court	3,325.8	99.8	3,226.0
Seventh Judicial District Court	2,401.3	72.0	2,329.3
Eighth Judicial District Court	3,052.7	91.6	2,961.1
Ninth Judicial District Court	3,462.3	103.9	3,358.4
Tenth Judicial District Court	931.1	27.9	903.2
Eleventh Judicial District Court	6,535.8	196.1	6,339.7
Twelfth Judicial District Court	3,458.4	103.8	3,354.6
Thirteenth Judicial District Court	7,206.9	216.2	6,990.7
Bernalillo County Metropolitan Court	23,842.5	715.3	23,127.2
First Judicial District Attorney	5,316.5	159.5	5,157.0
Second Judicial District Attorney	18,522.7	555.7	17,967.0
Third Judicial District Attorney	4,776.9	143.3	4,633.6
Fourth Judicial District Attorney	3,170.7	95.1	3,075.6
Fifth Judicial District Attorney	4,934.6	148.0	4,786.6
Sixth Judicial District Attorney	2,839.8	85.2	2,754.6
Seventh Judicial District Attorney	2,521.5	75.6	2,445.9
Eighth Judicial District Attorney	2,692.5	80.8	2,611.7
Ninth Judicial District Attorney	2,899.0	87.0	2,812.0



	General Fund FY 2017	Reduction	Net Appropriation FY 2017
<b>Judicial (cont)</b>			
Tenth Judicial District Attorney	1,258.8	37.8	1,221.0
Eleventh Judicial District Attorney, Div I	3,629.4	108.9	3,520.5
Eleventh Judicial District Attorney, Div II	2,836.6	85.1	2,751.5
Twelfth Judicial District Attorney	5,095.2	152.9	4,942.3
Thirteenth Judicial District Attorney	2,241.6	67.2	2,174.4
Administrative Office of the District Attorneys	2,226.4	66.8	2,159.6
Public Defender Department	48,138.4	1,444.2	46,694.2
<b>Total Judicial</b>	<b>\$275,568.0</b>	<b>\$8,267.2</b>	<b>\$267,300.8</b>
<b>General Control</b>			
Attorney General	9,868.8	542.8	9,326.0
State Auditor	2,965.6	163.1	2,802.5
Taxation and Revenue Department	56,724.8	3,119.9	53,604.9
Administrative Hearings Office	1,554.8	85.5	1,469.3
Department of Finance and Administration	26,642.0	(1,000.0)	27,642.0
General Services Department	14,222.7	782.2	13,440.5
New Mexico Sentencing Commission	578.2	31.8	546.4
Governor	3,594.6	197.7	3,396.9
Lieutenant Governor	586.9	32.3	554.6
Department of Information Technology	975.9	53.7	922.2
State Commission of Public Records	2,791.7	153.5	2,638.2
Secretary of State	7,230.4	397.7	6,832.7
Personnel Board	4,341.0	238.8	4,102.2
Public Employees Labor Relations Board	231.0	12.7	218.3
State Treasurer	3,779.4	207.9	3,571.5
<b>Total General Control</b>	<b>\$136,087.8</b>	<b>\$5,019.6</b>	<b>\$131,068.2</b>
<b>Commerce and Industry</b>			
Board of Examiners for Architects			
Border Authority	330.1	18.2	311.9
Tourism Department	13,576.8	746.7	12,830.1
Economic Development Department	9,494.9	522.2	8,972.7
Regulation and Licensing Department	13,456.7	740.1	12,716.6
Public Regulation Commission	7,840.2	431.2	7,409.0
Gaming Control Board	5,800.2	319.0	5,481.2
State Racing Commission	2,427.3	133.5	2,293.8
Cumbres and Toltec Scenic Railroad Commission	123.2	6.8	116.4
Office of Military Base Planning and Support	200.5	11.0	189.5
Spaceport Authority	462.5	25.4	437.1
<b>Total Commerce and Industry</b>	<b>\$53,712.4</b>	<b>\$2,954.1</b>	<b>\$50,758.3</b>
<b>Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources</b>			
Cultural Affairs Department	30,688.1	1,687.8	29,000.3
New Mexico Livestock Board	1,395.8	76.8	1,319.0
Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department	19,988.2	1,099.4	18,888.8
Intertribal Ceremonial Office	104.8	5.8	99.0
State Engineer	19,395.0	1,066.7	18,328.3
<b>Total Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources</b>	<b>\$71,571.9</b>	<b>\$3,936.5</b>	<b>\$67,635.4</b>

	General Fund FY 2017	Reduction	Net Appropriation FY 2017
<b>Health, Hospitals and Human Services</b>			
Office on African American Affairs	808.0	44.4	763.6
Commission for Deaf and Hard-of-Hearing Persons	300.0	16.5	283.5
Martin Luther King, Jr. Commission	336.0	18.5	317.5
Commission for the Blind	2,151.5	118.3	2,033.2
Indian Affairs Department	2,698.7	148.4	2,550.3
Aging and Long-Term Services Department	47,879.4	2,633.4	45,246.0
Human Services Department	1,018,947.7	2,861.0	1,016,086.7
Workforce Solutions Department	10,880.1	598.4	10,281.7
Vocational Rehabilitation Division	5,693.0	313.1	5,379.9
Governor's Commission on Disability	1,321.0	72.7	1,248.3
Developmental Disabilities Planning Council	5,396.7	296.8	5,099.9
Department of Health	305,331.4	4,713.0	300,618.4
Department of Environment	13,235.3	727.9	12,507.4
Office of Natural Resources Trustee	277.3	15.3	262.0
Veterans' Services Department	3,424.8		3,424.8
Children, Youth and Families Department	240,357.5		240,357.5
<b>Total Health, Hospitals and Human Services</b>	<b>\$1,659,038.4</b>	<b>\$12,577.7</b>	<b>\$1,646,460.7</b>
<b>Public Safety</b>			
Department of Military Affairs	7,306.2	401.8	6,904.4
Parole Board	489.7	26.9	462.8
Juvenile Public Safety Advisory Board	15.0	0.8	14.2
Corrections Department	289,621.5	4,472.3	285,149.2
Crime Victims Reparation Commission	2,520.0	138.6	2,381.4
Department of Public Safety	115,688.3		115,688.3
Homeland Security and Emergency Management Dept.	2,519.7	138.6	2,381.1
<b>Total Public Safety</b>	<b>\$418,160.4</b>	<b>\$5,179.0</b>	<b>\$412,981.4</b>
<b>Other Education</b>			
Public Education Department (PED)	11,951.3	657.3	11,294.0
PED Special Appropriations	101,022.7	5,556.2	95,466.5
<b>Total Other Education</b>	<b>\$112,974.0</b>	<b>\$6,213.5</b>	<b>\$106,760.5</b>
<b>Higher Education</b>			
Higher Education Department	36,333.1	1,816.7	34,516.4
University of New Mexico	318,029.9	15,901.5	302,128.4
New Mexico State University	208,267.5	10,413.4	197,854.1
New Mexico Highlands University	31,751.6	1,587.6	30,164.0
Western New Mexico University	20,681.0	1,034.1	19,646.9
Eastern New Mexico University	46,956.4	2,347.8	44,608.6
New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology	38,761.8	1,938.1	36,823.7
Northern New Mexico College	11,542.0	577.1	10,964.9
Santa Fe Community College	14,908.3	745.4	14,162.9
Central New Mexico Community College	57,143.3	2,857.2	54,286.1
Luna Community College	8,780.8	439.0	8,341.8
Mesalands Community College	4,567.1	228.4	4,338.7
New Mexico Junior College	6,613.0	330.7	6,282.3
San Juan College	25,220.3	1,261.0	23,959.3
Clovis Community College	10,242.6	512.1	9,730.5
New Mexico Military Institute	3,028.8	151.4	2,877.4

	General Fund FY 2017	Reduction	Net Appropriation FY 2017
<b>Higher Education (cont)</b>			
New Mexico School for the Blind and Visually Impaired	1,391.5	69.6	1,321.9
New Mexico School for the Deaf	4,290.9	214.5	4,076.4
<b>Total Higher Education</b>	<b>\$848,509.9</b>	<b>\$42,425.6</b>	<b>\$806,084.3</b>
<b>Public School Support</b>			
Public School Support	2,639,121.2	67,800,000.0	(65,160,878.8)
<b>Total Public School Support</b>	<b>\$2,639,121.2</b>	<b>\$67,800,000.0</b>	<b>(\$65,160,878.8)</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$6,233,333.8</b>	<b>\$67,887,108.0</b>	<b>(\$61,653,774.2)</b>

<sup>1</sup>Amounts for the Legislative Council Service, Legislative Finance Committee, Senate Chief Clerk, House Chief Clerk, Legislative Education Study Committee and Senate Rules Committee are from Laws 2016, Chapter 1, Sections 3 through 8; all other amounts are from Laws 2016, Chapter 11 (p.v.), Section 4.

**TABLE 5**  
**ACCOUNT SWEEPS AND TRANSFERS**  
**2016 and 2017 SPECIAL SESSIONS**  
**(\$ in thousands)**

**2016 SPECIAL SESSION - Fifty-Second Legislature, Second Special Session, 2016**  
**Senate Bill 2 - Laws 2016 (2nd S.S.), Chapter 4**

<b>Transfer to FY 2016 General Fund Appropriation Account</b>	
Tobacco Settlement Permanent Fund	\$219,400.0
<b>Transfer to FY 2017 General Fund Appropriation Account</b>	
Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine Fund, Board of	\$249.5
Air Quality Permit Fund, State	\$3,000.0
Appraiser Fund	\$417.6
Art in Public Places Fund	\$2,500.0
Athletic Commission Fund	\$172.7
Athletic Trainer Practice Board Fund	\$32.5
Barbers and Cosmetologists Fund	\$935.7
Body Art Practitioners Fund	\$249.5
Capital Projects Fund	\$632.6
Chiropractic Fund	\$181.5
College Affordability Endowment Fund	\$5,000.0
Concealed Handgun Carry Fund	\$1,000.0
Corrective Action Fund	\$800.0
Counseling and Therapy Practice Board Fund	\$563.2
Dental Health Care Fund, Board of	\$598.8
Engineers' and Surveyors' Fund, Professional	\$2,944.8
Enhanced 911 Fund	\$6,000.0
Funeral Services Fund	\$104.1
Interim Receipts and Disbursements Fund	\$500.0
Landscape Architects Fund	\$18.9
Legislative cash balances	\$2,000.0
Litter Control and Beautification Fund	\$300.0
Local DWI Grant Fund	\$3,645.0
Massage Therapy Fund	\$327.1

**2016 SPECIAL SESSION - Fifty-Second Legislature, Second Special Session, 2016  
Senate Bill 2 - Laws 2016 (2nd S.S.), Chapter 4 (continued)**

<b>Transfer to FY 2017 General Fund Appropriation Account (continued)</b>	
Medical Board Fund, New Mexico	\$500.0
Municipal Court Automation Fund	\$100.0
Nursing Home Administrators Fund	\$56.3
Nutrition and Dietetics Fund	\$60.5
Occupational Therapy Fund, Board of Examiners for	\$161.5
Optometry Fund	\$35.8
Osteopathic Medical Examiners Fund	\$57.2
Pharmacy Fund	\$1,465.9
Physical Therapy Fund	\$329.7
Post-Secondary Educational Institution Fund	\$3,000.0
Psychology Fund	\$157.8
Public Accountancy Fund	\$648.1
Public Buildings Repair Fund	\$1,000.0
Public Education Department Special Education Maintenance of	\$10,000.0
Public Education Department Special Education Maintenance of Effort appropriation in Item (73) of Section 5 of Chapter 227 of Laws 2013	\$3,100.0
Public Education Department Special Education Maintenance of Effort appropriation in Item (75) of Section 5 of Chapter 63 of Laws 2014	\$3,000.0
Public Liability Fund	\$7,500.0
Public Project Revolving Fund	\$15,500.0
Public Property Reserve Fund	\$1,000.0
Public School Insurance Fund	\$6,000.0
Real Estate Commission Fund	\$621.4
Respiratory Care Fund	\$114.5
Rural Infrastructure Revolving Loan Fund	\$1,000.0
Social Work Examiners Fund, Board of	\$304.0
Speech-Language Pathology, Audiology and Hearing Aid Dispensing Practices Board Fund	\$283.4
State Purchasing Enterprise Fund	\$2,600.0
Tobacco Settlement Permanent Fund	\$219,400.0

**2016 SPECIAL SESSION - Fifty-Second Legislature, Second Special Session, 2016  
Senate Bill 2 - Laws 2016 (2nd S.S.), Chapter 4 (continued)**

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**Transfer to FY 2017 General Fund Appropriation Account (continued)**

Trail Safety Fund	\$300.0
Transportation Pool Account, State, of the General Services	\$500.0
Trauma System Fund	\$800.0
Water Rights Adjudication Fund	\$100.0
Workers' Compensation Administration Fund	\$1,000.0
Workers' Compensation Retention Fund	\$3,000.0

**2017 SPECIAL SESSION - Fifty-Third Legislature, First Special Session, 2017  
Senate Finance Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 1 - Laws 2017 (1st S.S.), Chapter 1 (p.v.)**

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**Transfer to FY 2017 General Fund Appropriation Account**

Dental Health Care Fund, Board of	\$50.0
Discount Prescription Drug Program Fund	\$16.9
Higher Education Endowment Fund	\$299.5
Higher Education Program Development Enhancement Fund	\$139.9
Interior Design Board Fund	\$17.5
Pharmacy Fund	\$91.7
Solid Waste Facility Grant Fund	\$85.0
Voluntary Remediation Fund	\$30.0

**Transfer to FY 2018 General Fund Appropriation Account**

New Mexico Finance Authority governmental gross receipts tax distribution	\$8,000.0
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**TABLE 6**  
**BILLS AFFECTING GENERAL FUND REVENUE**  
**(\$ in thousands)**  
(all amounts are recurring unless noted)

Bill No.	Chap.	Subject	Fiscal Year				
			2017	2018	2019	2020	
HB 4	1	Revert Balances of Certain Funds	78,309.1	10,703.0			<sup>1</sup>
HB 8	34	Eliminate Cigarette Tax Distribution	800.0	1,000.0	1,000.0	1,000.0	
HB 9	35	Law Enforcement Tourniquet Training		(24.5)	(24.5)	(24.5)	
HB 12	8	Close Certain Magistrate Districts		26.4	26.4	26.4	
HB 24	24	State Trust Lands Restoration Fund	(478.2)	(478.2)	(478.2)	(478.2)	
CS/HB 219	44	Transfer Animal Sheltering Board			26.1	26.1	
CS/HB 347	110	Installment Loan Fee Limits		(210.0)	(210.0)	(210.0)	
HB 408	63	Tax Liability Changes and Definitions		720.0	720.0	720.0	
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	55,225.4				<sup>1</sup>
SB 114	3	School District Cash Balances	49,400.0				<sup>1</sup>
SB 229	126	Occupational Health Federal Compliance	61.0	243.0	247.0	247.0	
SB 391	95	Captive Real Estate Investment Trust Income		500.0	1,000.0	1,000.0	
SB 411	96	Telecommunications Surcharges		38.2	38.2	38.2	
Totals			183,317.3	12,517.9	2,345.0	2,345.0	

Note:  
<sup>1</sup> Nonrecurring.

**TABLE 7**  
**BILLS AFFECTING OTHER STATE REVENUE**  
**(\$ in thousands)**  
(all amounts are recurring unless noted)

Bill No.	Chap.	Subject	Fiscal Year				Fund Affected
			2017	2018	2019	2020	
HB 4	1	Revert Balances of Certain Funds	(5,500.0)				Law Enforcement Protection Fund <sup>1</sup>
HB 4	1	Revert Balances of Certain Funds	(70,000.0)	(10,703.0)			Fire Protection Fund <sup>1</sup>
HB 4	1	Revert Balances of Certain Funds	(2,809.0)				Insurance Operations Fund <sup>1</sup>
HB 8	34	Eliminate Cigarette Tax Distribution	(800.0)	(1,000.0)	(1,000.0)	(1,000.0)	NMFA
HB 9	35	Law Enforcement Tourniquet Training		24.5	24.5	24.5	Law Enforcement Protection Fund
HB 24	24	State Trust Lands Restoration Fund	578.8	578.8	578.8	578.8	State Trust Lands Restoration and Remediation Fund
HB 24	24	State Trust Lands Restoration Fund	(100.6)	(100.6)	(100.6)	(100.6)	State Trust Beneficiaries' Income Funds
HB 31; SB 136	17; 79	Driver's License for Some with Only 1 DWI		(13.5)	(13.5)	(13.5)	Motor Vehicle Division Operations
HB 41	68	Alternative Level 3-B Administrator License		12.0	12.0	12.0	Educator Licensure Fund
CS/HB 58	137	Rulemaking Requirements		25.0	25.0	25.0	Records Center Revolving Fund
HB 64	100	Wastewater System Financing		1,300.0			Wastewater Facility Construction Loan Fund <sup>1</sup>
HB 64	100	Wastewater System Financing		(1,300.0)			Public Project Revolving Fund <sup>1</sup>
HB 218	30	Litter Control and Beautification Act Changes		30.0	30.0	30.0	Litter Control and Beautification Fund
CS/HB 219	44	Transfer Animal Sheltering Board			(26.1)	(26.1)	Fund of the Board of Veterinary Medicine
CS/HB 229	28	Horse Racing Licenses and Testing		100.0	100.0	100.0	Racehorse Testing Fund
HB 249	46	College Special Event Gross Receipts Deduction		(67.5)	(67.5)	(67.5)	Public Project Revolving Fund
HB 249	46	College Special Event Gross Receipts Deduction		(21.6)	(21.6)	(21.6)	Youth Conservation Corps and State Park and Recreational Areas

(continued)



TABLE 7 (continued)

Bill No.	Chap.	Subject	Fiscal Year				Fund Affected
			2017	2018	2019	2020	
HB 249	46	College Special Event Gross Receipts Deduction		(0.9)	(0.9)	(0.9)	Cultural Affairs Department Capital Funds
HB 256	29	Drinking Water System Financing		1,800.0			Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund <sup>1</sup>
HB 256	29	Drinking Water System Financing		(1,800.0)			Public Project Revolving Fund <sup>1</sup>
HB 261	5	Additional Court Funding	1,603.4				Jury and Witness Fee Fund <sup>1</sup>
HB 330	107	Architectural Act Violation Penalties		7.5	15.0	15.0	Fund of the Board of Examiners for Architects
HB 375	112	Hairstylist Licenses		6.0	12.3	12.3	Barbers and Cosmetologists Fund
HB 385	61	Juror Mileage Reimbursement		415.0	415.0	415.0	Jury and Witness Fee Fund
HB 387	113	Repeal Organic Assessments and Fees		125.0	125.0	125.0	NMDA Operating Funds for the Organic Certification Program
HB 444	115	Tax Contributions for Vietnam Memorial		8.0	8.0	8.0	Veterans' Services Department Enterprise Funds
HB 444	115	Tax Contributions for Vietnam Memorial		(8.0)	(8.0)	(8.0)	Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department Enterprise Funds
CS/HB 536	116	Tax Refunds for Rape Kit Processing		— Indeterminate —			Sexual Assault Examination Kit Processing Grant Fund; DOH Operations
SB 44	22	Water Project Fund Projects	(12,960.0)				Water Project Fund <sup>1</sup>
CS/SB 46	122	E911 Surcharges on Communications Services		3,632.0	3,856.0	4,333.0	Enhanced 911 Fund
SB 51	70	Off-Road Vehicle Licenses and Plates		(11.4)			Taxation and Revenue Department Operating Budget <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(8,000.0)				PED Special Appropriations <sup>1</sup>

(continued)

TABLE 7 (continued)

Bill No.	Chap.	Subject	Fiscal Year				Fund Affected
			2017	2018	2019	2020	
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(6,500.0)				Rural Infrastructure Revolving Loan Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(2,000.0)				Day-Care Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(1,649.5)				NMFA <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(2,073.1)				Oil and Gas Accounting Suspense Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(10,000.0)				Public School Insurance Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(10,000.0)				Public Liability Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(1,500.0)				State Transportation Pool <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(699.3)				Public Property Reserve Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(1,213.7)				Insurance Licensee Continuing Education Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(784.2)				Insurance Fraud Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(202.6)				Title Insurance Maintenance Assessment Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(703.7)				New Mexico Medical Board Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(1,000.0)				New Mexico Livestock Board General Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(1,250.0)				Workers' Compensation Administration Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(3,282.7)				Corrective Action Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(2,635.6)				State Air Quality Permit Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(400.0)				Radiation Protection Fund <sup>1</sup>

(continued)

TABLE 7 (continued)

Bill No.	Chap.	Subject	Fiscal Year				Fund Affected
			2017	2018	2019	2020	
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(200.0)				Tire Recycling Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(150.0)				Storage Tank Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(383.0)				Hazardous Waste Emergency Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(285.0)				Public Water Supply System Operator and Public Wastewater Facility Operator Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(313.0)				Concealed Handgun Carry Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 113	2	Reduce Appropriations and Transfer Funds	(Indeterminate)				Tobacco Settlement Permanent Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 154	80	Tobacco Settlement Permanent Fund Distribution	(19,500.0)				Tobacco Settlement Permanent Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 154	80	Tobacco Settlement Permanent Fund Distribution	19,500.0				Tobacco Settlement Program Fund <sup>1</sup>
SB 181	82	Tax Intercept of Educational Loans		— Indeterminate —			HED Loan Funds
SB 204	84	Transfer Veterans' Home Oversight		(14,695.8)	(14,695.8)	(14,695.8)	DOH Operating Funds
SB 204	84	Transfer Veterans' Home Oversight		14,695.8	14,695.8	14,695.8	Veterans' Services Department Operating Funds
SB 320	90	Transfer Vietnam Veterans Memorial State Park		(109.3)	109.3	(109.3)	Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department Operating Funds
SB 320	90	Transfer Vietnam Veterans Memorial State Park		109.3	109.3	109.3	Veterans' Services Department Operating Funds
SB 333	91	Nurse Student Loan Repayment		240.0	240.0	240.0	Nursing Excellence Fund
CS/SB 411	96	Telecommunications Surcharges		1,272.0	1,272.0	1,272.0	Telecommunications Access Fund

Note:

<sup>1</sup> Nonrecurring.

**TABLE 8**  
**BILLS AFFECTING LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE**  
**(\$ in thousands)**  
(all amounts are recurring unless noted)

Bill No.	Chap.	Subject	Fiscal Year				
			2017	2018	2019	2020	
HB 408	63	Tax Liability Changes and Definitions		420.0	420.0	420.0	
HB 453	65	Eliminate Some School Reporting Requirements		— Indeterminate —			1
SB 114	3	School District Cash Balances	(49,400.0)				1
SB 135	78	Impact Aid Credit for Charter Schools		(778.2)	(778.3)	(778.3)	2

*Notes:*

- <sup>1</sup> School district operations
- <sup>2</sup> State-chartered charter school budgets

**TABLE 9**  
**Legislative Authorization for New Mexico Finance Authority**  
**Public Project Revolving Fund Projects**  
**House Bill 268 (Laws 2017, Chapter 50)**

**Building, equipment, infrastructure, debt refinance, road, land acquisition, water, wastewater, water rights, solid waste and special assessment district projects for the following entities in the following locations:**

County	Entity
Bernalillo	Bernalillo County Metropolitan Court Cottonwood Classical Preparatory School Gilbert L. Sena Charter High School Los Ranchos de Albuquerque Tierra Adentro of New Mexico
Catron	Reserve
Chaves	Chaves County Dexter Hagerman Lake Arthur New Mexico Military Institute Roswell Roswell Independent School District
Cibola	Acoma, Pueblo of Bluewater Water and Sanitation District
Colfax	Cimarron Eagle Nest Raton Public School District Springer
Curry	Clovis Clovis Community College Clovis Municipal School District
De Baca	Fort Sumner
Doña Ana	Camino Real Regional Utility Authority Gadsden Independent School District
Eddy	Carlsbad Carlsbad Municipal School District

*(continued)*

County	Entity
(continued)	
Grant	Bayard Gila Regional Medical Center Grant County Santa Clara Silver Consolidated School District
Guadalupe	Santa Rosa
Hidalgo	Hidalgo County Virden
Lea	Hobbs Hobbs Municipal School District New Mexico Junior College
Lincoln	Capitan Capitan Municipal School District Hondo Valley Public School District Lincoln County
Luna	Columbus Deming Luna County
McKinley	McKinley County
Multiple	Artesia Public School District El Rito Mutual Domestic Water Consumers Association Española Public School District Melrose Public School District North Central Solid Waste Authority Rio Rancho Texico Municipal School District
Otero	Alamogordo Alamogordo Public School District Clouderoft Clouderoft Municipal School District Timberon Water and Sanitation District Tularosa
Quay	House Mesalands Community College
Rio Arriba	Agua Sana Water Users Association Chama East Rio Arriba Soil and Water Conservation District Jicarilla Apache Nation Santa Clara, Pueblo of

(continued)

<b>County</b>	<b>Entity</b>
<i>(continued)</i>	
Roosevelt	Elida Roosevelt County Special Hospital District
San Juan	Bloomfield School District Central Consolidated School District Farmington
San Miguel	Luna Community College Pecos Independent School District Tierra y Montes Soil and Water Conservation District West Las Vegas Public School District
Sandoval	Bernalillo Public School District Corrales Jemez Springs Rio Rancho Public School District San Felipe, Pueblo of Sandoval County
Santa Fe	Eldorado Water and Sanitation District Pojoaque Valley Public School District Santa Fe Santa Fe County Santa Fe Public School District Santa Fe Solid Waste Management Agency Tesuque, Pueblo of
Sierra	Elephant Butte Truth or Consequences Williamsburg
Socorro	Magdalena Municipal School District
Taos	El Valle de los Ranchos Water and Sanitation District Picuris, Pueblo of Questa Red River Taos Regional Landfill
Torrance	Mountainair Willard
Union	Clayton Municipal School District
Valencia	Bosque Farms

**TABLE 10**  
**Legislative Authorization for New Mexico Finance Authority**  
**Water Project Fund Projects**  
**Senate Bill 44 (Laws 2017, Chapter 22)**

***WATER PROJECT FUND PROJECTS***  
**Water conservation, treatment, recycling or reuse projects for the following entities in the following locations:**

<b>County</b>	<b>Entity</b>
Curry	Clovis
Dona Ana	Lower Rio Grande Public Water Works Authority
Eddy	Carlsbad
Guadalupe	Santa Rosa
Lea	Jal
Taos	Trampas Mutual Domestic Water Consumers and Mutual Sewage Works Association

***WATER PROJECT FUND PROJECTS***  
**Water storage, conveyance and delivery projects for the following entities in the following locations:**

<b>County</b>	<b>Entity</b>
Colfax	Cimarron Eagle Nest
Curry	Eastern New Mexico Water Utility Authority
Guadalupe	Santa Rosa
Luna	Columbus
Rio Arriba	Alcalde Mutual Domestic Water Consumers and Mutual Sewage Works Association Ancones Mutual Domestic Water and Wastewater Consumers Association Valley Estates Mutual Water and Sewer Association
Roosevelt	Elida Portales
San Juan	North Star Domestic Water Consumers and Mutual Sewage Works Cooperative

*(continued)*



County	Entity
(continued)	
San Miguel	El Creston Mutual Domestic Water Consumers Association
Santa Fe	Canoncito at Apache Canyon Mutual Domestic Water Consumers and Mutual Sewage Works Association Santa Cruz Water Association Santa Fe
Sierra	Truth or Consequences
Taos	Lower Arroyo Hondo Mutual Domestic Water Consumers Association Red River

**WATER PROJECT FUND PROJECTS**  
**Flood prevention projects for the following entities in the following locations:**

County	Entity
Doña Ana	Anthony
Rio Arriba	Upper Rio Grande Watershed District

**WATER PROJECT FUND PROJECTS**  
**Watershed restoration and management projects for the following entities in the following locations:**

County	Entity
Harding	Ute Creek Soil and Water Conservation District
Quay	Canadian River Soil and Water Conservation District
Rio Arriba	East Rio Arriba Soil and Water Conservation District
Torrance	Claunch-Pinto Soil and Water Conservation District

**TABLE 11**  
**2017 CAPITAL OUTLAY REAUTHORIZATIONS**  
**Senate Finance Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 362**  
**(Laws 2017, Chapter 133)**

*The legislature may reauthorize funds that previously have been appropriated for a particular project in order to extend the expenditure or certification period for the project; to change, expand or clarify the project purpose; or to change the project's location or administering agency. Reauthorization descriptions are presented here in the order in which they appear in the bill. Projects are arranged in alphabetical order by the county in which they have most recently been authorized. The projects included in Sections 132 through 136 were added as an amendment to the bill and do not follow in alphabetical order. Law citations for the reauthorizations appear in italics following the text of each project listing.*

**SECTION 3. ROUTE 66 VISITORS CENTER ON WEST CENTRAL AVENUE--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the local government division project in Subsection 15 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to purchase, plan, design, construct and equip a route 66 visitors center on west Central avenue in Bernalillo county is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 15 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 4. SECOND STREET AND RIO BRAVO INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS IN BERNALILLO COUNTY--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the department of transportation project in Subsection 2 of Section 36 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to purchase rights of way for and to plan, design and construct improvements to the intersection of Second street and Rio Bravo boulevard in Bernalillo county is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 2 of Section 36 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 5. BERNALILLO COUNTY ATRISCO VALLEY LITTLE LEAGUE FACILITY IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the local government division project in Subsection 2 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to purchase equipment and to plan, design and construct improvements to the Atrisco Valley little league facility and parking lot in Bernalillo county is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 2 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 6. BERNALILLO COUNTY PAJARITO MESA PLAYGROUND AND EQUIPMENT--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the local government division project in Subsection 7 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, design and construct the playground and purchase and install equipment at Pajarito mesa in Bernalillo county is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 7 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 7. ROUTE 66 VISITORS' CENTERS ON EAST AND WEST CENTRAL AVENUE--CHANGE TO WEST CENTRAL AVENUE--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 58 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to purchase, plan, design, construct and equip route 66 visitors' centers on east and west Central avenue in Bernalillo county shall not be expended for the

original purpose but is changed to purchase, plan, design, construct and equip route 66 visitors' centers on west Central avenue in Bernalillo county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 58 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 8. SOUTHWEST PRIMARY LEARNING CENTER PORTABLE CLASSROOM--CHANGE TO SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY EQUIPMENT AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY--CHANGE AGENCY--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the public education department in Subsection 19 of Section 18 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to purchase and construct a portable classroom for Southwest Primary learning center in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the second judicial district attorney to purchase and install communications equipment and information technology, including related equipment, furniture and infrastructure, in the office of the second judicial district attorney in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 19 of Section 18 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 9. ALBUQUERQUE ERNIE PYLE LIBRARY RENOVATION--CHANGE TO SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY EQUIPMENT AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY--CHANGE AGENCY--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 20 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to renovate, upgrade, furnish and equip the Ernie Pyle library in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the second judicial district attorney to purchase and install communications equipment and information technology, including related equipment, furniture and infrastructure, in the office of the second judicial district attorney in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 20 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 10. ALBUQUERQUE PEDESTRIAN AND BICYCLE PATH CONSTRUCTION--CHANGE TO SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY EQUIPMENT AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY--CHANGE AGENCY--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 31 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, design and construct a pedestrian and bicycle path between Old Town and the biopark in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the second judicial district attorney to purchase and install communications equipment and information technology, including related equipment, furniture and infrastructure, in the office of the second judicial district attorney in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 31 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 11. ALBUQUERQUE WEST CENTRAL METROPOLITAN REDEVELOPMENT DISTRICT COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FACILITY--CHANGE TO SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY EQUIPMENT AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY--CHANGE AGENCY--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 44 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, purchase, construct, equip and furnish a community development facility in the west Central metropolitan redevelopment district in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the second judicial district attorney

to purchase and install communications equipment and information technology, including related equipment, furniture and infrastructure, in the office of the second judicial district attorney in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 44 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 12.** BERNALILLO COUNTY BARELAS AFFORDABLE HOUSING REHABILITATION--CHANGE TO SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY EQUIPMENT AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY--CHANGE AGENCY--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 49 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to purchase equipment and to plan, design and rehabilitate affordable housing for low-income seniors and families pursuant to the Affordable Housing Act in the Barelvas neighborhood in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the second judicial district attorney to purchase and install communications equipment and information technology, including related equipment, furniture and infrastructure, in the office of the second judicial district attorney in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 49 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 13.** AFRICAN AMERICAN PERFORMING ARTS CENTER EXHIBITS AND EQUIPMENT--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The time of expenditure for the state fair commission project originally authorized in Subsection 1 of Section 24 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 and for which the time of expenditure was extended in Laws 2016, Chapter 83, Section 8 to purchase, install and acquire exhibits, displays, storage for art and exhibitions and equipment at the African American performing arts center at the New Mexico state fairgrounds in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 1 of Section 24 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*  
*Laws 2016, Chapter 83, Section 8*

**SECTION 14.** AFRICAN AMERICAN PERFORMING ARTS CENTER IMPROVEMENTS AND EQUIPMENT--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The time of expenditure for the state fair commission project originally authorized in Subsection 2 of Section 24 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to make infrastructure improvements and to purchase and install equipment at the African American performing arts center at the New Mexico state fairgrounds in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county and reauthorized in Laws 2014, Chapter 64, Section 6 to include planning, designing and constructing improvements at that center is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 2 of Section 24 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*  
*Laws 2014, Chapter 64, Section 6*

**SECTION 15.** ARENAL DRAIN BLUFF PARK CONSTRUCTION--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The time of expenditure for the local government division project in Subsection 1 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to purchase, plan, design and construct a park and outdoor facilities along the bluff area of the Arenal drain from west Central avenue to Bridge street, both within and outside the city limits of Albuquerque in Bernalillo county, is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 1 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 16.** ALBUQUERQUE EXPLORA CENTER ADDITION AND EXHIBITS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The time of expenditure for the local government division project in Subsection 21 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, design, construct,

furnish and equip phase 2 of a building addition and to design, construct, purchase and install exhibits, furnishings and equipment for the Explora science center and children's museum in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 21 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 17. ALBUQUERQUE FOOD BANK WAREHOUSE EQUIPMENT--EXPAND PURPOSE--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The local government division project in Subsection 23 of Section 22 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016 to purchase food bank warehouse equipment and related equipment in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county may include the design, purchase, assembly and equipping of expanded freezer and cooler space, including compressors, wall and ceiling panels, and planning, design and construction of infrastructure improvements, including lighting, electrical, roof and building modifications and a fire suppression system. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 23 of Section 22 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016*

**SECTION 18. ALBUQUERQUE COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE TRAINING PROGRAM VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT--CHANGE TO FOOD BANK WAREHOUSE EQUIPMENT--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 23 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to purchase vehicles and equipment for the commercial driver's license training program in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design, purchase, assemble and equip expanded freezer and cooler space, including compressors and wall and ceiling panels, and to plan, design, construct and make improvements to facility infrastructure, including lighting, electrical, roof and building modifications and the purchase and installation of a fire suppression system, in a food bank warehouse in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 23 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 19. ALBUQUERQUE MCKINLEY NEIGHBORHOOD MULTI-USE COMMUNITY CENTER--CHANGE TO IMPROVEMENTS TO LOS ALTOS PARK--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 42 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design and construct a multi-use community center and bike shop in the McKinley neighborhood of Albuquerque in Bernalillo county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design, construct and make improvements to Los Altos park in Albuquerque.

*Subsection 42 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 20. ALBUQUERQUE WEST CENTRAL METROPOLITAN REDEVELOPMENT DISTRICT FIFTY-SEVENTH STREET AND CENTRAL AVENUE IMPROVEMENTS PHASE 2--CHANGE TO WEST CENTRAL AVENUE PHASE 2 INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 45 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, design and construct phase 2 infrastructure improvements for the economic development project at Fifty-seventh street and Central avenue in the west Central metropolitan redevelopment district in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design and construct phase 2 infrastructure improvements for an economic development project along west Central avenue in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 45 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 21.** GILBERT L. SENA CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL LAND AND BUILDING--CHANGE TO BUILDINGS, GROUNDS AND EQUIPMENT--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the public education department in Subsection 1 of Section 15 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to acquire land and a building and to plan, design, construct, renovate and equip facilities for Gilbert L. Sena charter high school in Bernalillo county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design, construct, renovate, furnish and equip buildings and grounds and to purchase and install related equipment, including fencing, information technology, wiring and infrastructure, for that school.

*Subsection 1 of Section 15 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 22.** MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. COMMISSION MUSEUM AND LIBRARY--CHANGE TO INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT--CHANGE AGENCY--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the capital program fund in Subsection 3 of Section 6 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design and construct a civil rights museum and a library for the Martin Luther King, Jr. commission in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the commission to purchase office equipment and to purchase and install information technology, including related equipment, furniture and infrastructure, for the commission in Albuquerque.

*Subsection 3 of Section 6 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 23.** MONTESSORI ELEMENTARY SCHOOL BUS--CHANGE TO BUILDINGS, GROUNDS AND EQUIPMENT--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the public education department in Subsection 14 of Section 14 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016 to purchase and equip a bus for the Montessori elementary school in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design, construct, renovate, furnish and equip buildings and grounds and to purchase and install related equipment, fencing, information technology, wiring and infrastructure for that school. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 14 of Section 14 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016*

**SECTION 24.** NEW MEXICO INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL SECURITY SYSTEM--EXPAND PURPOSE--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The public education department project in Subsection 16 of Section 15 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan and design a security system and upgrades at New Mexico international school in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county may include the purchase and installation of security cameras and equipment. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 16 of Section 15 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 25.** NEW MEXICO STATE FAIR AFRICAN AMERICAN PERFORMING ARTS CENTER IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The time of expenditure for the state fair commission project in Subsection 1 of Section 21 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to purchase and install equipment and to purchase the permanent art exhibit and digital, video, sound and lighting equipment and an air conditioner for the sound room for the African American performing arts center at the New Mexico state fair in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 1 of Section 21 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 26.** NEW MEXICO STATE FAIR AFRICAN AMERICAN PAVILION STAGE--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The time of expenditure for the state fair commission project in Subsection 1 of Section 17 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014 to plan, design and construct a stage

for the African American pavilion at the New Mexico state fairgrounds in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 1 of Section 17 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014*

**SECTION 27. NEW MEXICO STATE FAIR AFRICAN AMERICAN PERFORMING ARTS CENTER EXHIBITS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The time of expenditure for the state fair commission project in Subsection 2 of Section 17 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014 to design, construct, purchase and install exhibits and to acquire art, artifacts and equipment for the New Mexico state fair African American performing arts center in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 2 of Section 17 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014*

**SECTION 28. NEW MEXICO STATE FAIR AFRICAN AMERICAN PERFORMING ARTS CENTER--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The time of expenditure for the state fair commission project originally authorized in Subsection 1 of Section 16 of Chapter 92 of Laws 2008 and reauthorized in Laws 2012, Chapter 63, Section 16 and again in Laws 2014, Chapter 64, Section 5 and again in Laws 2016, Chapter 83, Section 22 for exhibits, displays and equipment and for audiovisual and digital equipment and information technology, including related equipment, furniture and infrastructure, at the African American performing arts center in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 1 of Section 16 of Chapter 92 of Laws 2008*

*Laws 2012, Chapter 63, Section 16*

*Laws 2014, Chapter 64, Section 5*

*Laws 2016, Chapter 83, Section 22*

**SECTION 29. NEW MEXICO STATE FAIRGROUNDS ALICE FAYE HOPPES STAGE--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The time of expenditure for the state fair commission project originally authorized in Subsection 1 of Section 16 of Chapter 92 of Laws 2008 and reauthorized in Laws 2012, Chapter 63, Section 14 and for which the time of expenditure was extended in Laws 2014, Chapter 64, Section 8 and again in Laws 2016, Chapter 83, Section 23 to design and construct a stage at the Alice Faye Hoppes pavilion at the New Mexico state fairgrounds in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 1 of Section 16 of Chapter 92 of Laws 2008*

*Laws 2012, Chapter 63, Section 14*

*Laws 2014, Chapter 64, Section 8*

*Laws 2016, Chapter 83, Section 23*

**SECTION 30. NEW MEXICO STATE FAIRGROUNDS INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The time of expenditure for the state fair commission project originally authorized in Subsection 1 of Section 16 of Chapter 92 of Laws 2008 and reauthorized in Laws 2012, Chapter 63, Section 15 and further reauthorized in Laws 2013, Chapter 202, Section 5 and for which the time of expenditure was extended in Laws 2014, Chapter 64, Section 16 and again in Laws 2016, Chapter 83, Section 24 to make infrastructure and other improvements at the New Mexico state fairgrounds in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 1 of Section 16 of Chapter 92 of Laws 2008*

*Laws 2012, Chapter 63, Section 15*

*Laws 2013, Chapter 202, Section 5*

*Laws 2014, Chapter 64, Section 16*

*Laws 2016, Chapter 83, Section 24*

**SECTION 31. STATE FAIR COMMISSION DEFERRED MAINTENANCE AND INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the state fair commission project in Subsection 3 of Section 24 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, design and construct infrastructure improvements and deferred maintenance to facilities at the New Mexico state fairgrounds in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 3 of Section 24 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 32. SOUTH VALLEY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CENTER FURNISH--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the local government division project in Subsection 70 of Section 22 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014 to furnish the South Valley economic development center in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 70 of Section 22 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014*

**SECTION 33. SOUTH VALLEY PREPARATORY SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION--EXPAND PURPOSE--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The public education department project in Subsection 17 of Section 14 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016 to acquire land for and to plan, design, construct, equip and furnish the South Valley preparatory school in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county may include the purchase of modular buildings.

*Subsection 17 of Section 14 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016*

**SECTION 34. TIWA BUILDING PHASE 1--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the capital program fund project originally authorized in Subsection 4 of Section 9 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 and reauthorized in Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 9 to plan, design, construct, renovate, equip and furnish phase 1 of the Tiwa building in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 4 of Section 9 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

*Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 9*

**SECTION 35. UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO LINGUISTICS LAB--CHANGE TO CONSTRUCT AND RENOVATE CLASSROOMS--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the board of regents of the university of New Mexico in Subsection 9 of Section 31 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016 to plan, design, construct, renovate, furnish and equip the linguistics laboratory at the university of New Mexico in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design, construct, renovate, furnish and equip classrooms at the university of New Mexico in Albuquerque.

*Subsection 9 of Section 31 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016*

**SECTION 36. OTERO COUNTY SLASH PIT--CHANGE TO DEL NORTE HIGH SCHOOL FINE ARTS BUILDING, FACILITIES AND PERFORMING ARTS CENTER PHASE 2--CHANGE AGENCY--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--Ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) of the unexpended balance of the appropriation to the energy, minerals and natural resources department in Subsection 1 of Section 14 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014 for land acquisition and to plan, design and construct a slash pit in Otero county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the public education department to plan, design, construct, renovate, purchase and install improvements and equipment to the fine arts building and facilities and performing arts center at Del Norte high school in the Albuquerque public school district in Bernalillo county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 1 of Section 14 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014*



**SECTION 37. OTERO COUNTY SLASH PIT--CHANGE TO SANDIA HIGH SCHOOL PERFORMING ARTS FACILITIES IMPROVE--CHANGE AGENCY-- EXTEND TIME-- SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--Ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) of the unexpended balance of the appropriation to the energy, minerals and natural resources department in Subsection 1 of Section 14 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014 for land acquisition and to plan, design and construct a slash pit in Otero county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the public education department to plan, design, construct, renovate, purchase and install improvements and equipment at the performing arts centers and facilities at Sandia high school in the Albuquerque public school district in Bernalillo county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 1 of Section 14 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014*

**SECTION 38. PUEBLO OF ISLETA WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT--EXPAND PURPOSE--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The Indian affairs department project in Subsection 30 of Section 25 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan and design upgrades to the west side wastewater treatment plant at the Pueblo of Isleta in Bernalillo county may include construction.  
*Subsection 30 of Section 25 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 39. FOURTH STREET IMPROVEMENTS IN LOS RANCHOS DE ALBUQUERQUE--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the department of transportation project in Subsection 15 of Section 36 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, design and construct improvements to Fourth street in Los Ranchos de Albuquerque in Bernalillo county is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 15 of Section 36 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 40. RESERVE MULTIPURPOSE FACILITY FLOORING INSTALLATION--CHANGE TO RESERVE WASTEWATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE AGENCY-- EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 61 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, design, purchase and install flooring in the multipurpose facility in Reserve in Catron county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the department of environment to plan, design, construct, equip and furnish wastewater system improvements in Reserve. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 61 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 41. GALLUP COMMUNITY PANTRY IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE TO CIBOLA COUNTY COMPLEX EMERGENCY AND DISPATCH OFFICES--EXTEND TIME-- SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--Fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) of the unexpended balance of the appropriation to the department of transportation originally authorized in Subsection 45 of Section 36 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 and reauthorized to the local government division in Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 30 for improvements, including tile and roof replacement, to the community pantry in Gallup in McKinley county shall not be expended for the original or reauthorized purpose but is changed to plan, design, construct, renovate, furnish and equip the Cibola county dispatch office and office of the emergency manager, including relocation, fencing, parking lot and site improvements, for a county complex in Grants in Cibola county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 45 of Section 36 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*  
*Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 30*

**SECTION 42. DONA ANA COUNTY DEL CERRO COMMUNITY CENTER ROOF-- CHANGE TO HEATING, VENTILATION AND AIR CONDITIONING UNITS--SEVERANCE TAX**

BONDS.--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 104 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design and construct a roof at the Del Cerro community center in Dona Ana county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design, construct, renovate, purchase and install heating, ventilation and air conditioning units in that community center.

*Subsection 104 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 43.** LA UNION MUTUAL DOMESTIC SEWER AND WATER ASSOCIATION WATER STORAGE TANK--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The time of expenditure for the department of environment project in Subsection 28 of Section 16 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014 to acquire easements and rights of way for and to plan, design, construct, purchase and install a storage tank for La Union mutual domestic sewer and water association in Dona Ana county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 28 of Section 16 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014*

**SECTION 44.** ARTESIA GUADALUPE PARK IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE TO ARTESIA UNITED STATES HIGHWAY 285 RIGHT-OF-WAY IMPROVEMENTS--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 100 of Section 22 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016 to plan, design, construct, purchase and install improvements to Guadalupe park in Artesia in Eddy county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design, construct, purchase and install improvements to the right of way on United States highway 285 from Eagle Draw park north to Richey avenue in Artesia in Eddy county.

*Subsection 100 of Section 22 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016*

**SECTION 45.** OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION DISTRICT OFFICE IN ARTESIA--CHANGE AGENCY--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The agency for the energy, minerals and natural resources department project originally authorized in Subsection 1 of Section 15 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016 for site improvements and to plan, design, construct, equip and furnish the oil conservation division district office in Artesia in Eddy county is changed to the capital program fund.

*Subsection 1 of Section 15 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016*

**SECTION 46.** NEW MEXICO STATE UNIVERSITY CARLSBAD CAMPUS CHILD DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION CENTER DESIGN--CHANGE TO PLAN, DESIGN, CONSTRUCT, RENOVATE, FURNISH, EQUIP AND IMPROVE INFRASTRUCTURE--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the board of regents of New Mexico state university in Subsection 7 of Section 42 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan and design a child development education center at the Carlsbad campus of New Mexico state university in Carlsbad in Eddy county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design, construct, renovate, furnish, equip and improve infrastructure at that campus. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 7 of Section 42 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 47.** BAYARD RECREATION IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE TO BAYARD RECREATION FACILITY IMPROVEMENTS--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 107 of Section 22 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016 to plan, design and construct recreational facility improvements, including landscaping and the purchase of equipment and furnishings, in Bayard in Grant county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design and construct improvements to recreational facilities and

areas, including site work and the purchase of equipment and furnishings, in Bayard.  
*Subsection 107 of Section 22 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016*

**SECTION 48. EUNICE MAINSTREET IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE TO SURFACE STREET IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE AGENCY--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 116 of Section 22 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016 to plan, design, construct and equip mainstreet improvements in Eunice in Lea county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the department of transportation to plan, design, construct and equip surface street improvements, including curbs, gutters, drainage, milling, paving and sidewalks, in Eunice.  
*Subsection 116 of Section 22 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016*

**SECTION 49. EUNICE MAIN STREET BEAUTIFICATION--CHANGE TO STREET IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE AGENCY--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 121 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to design, construct, equip and furnish the downtown beautification project on Main street from avenue M to avenue O in Eunice in Lea county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the department of transportation to plan, design, construct and equip surface street improvements, including curbs, gutters, drainage, milling, paving and sidewalks, in Eunice. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 121 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 50. EUNICE STREET IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE TO SURFACE STREET IMPROVEMENTS--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the department of transportation in Subsection 41 of Section 33 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design and construct street improvements, including curbs, gutters, drainage and sidewalks, in Eunice in Lea county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design, construct and equip surface street improvements, including curbs, gutters, drainage, milling, paving and sidewalks, in Eunice.  
*Subsection 41 of Section 33 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 51. CARRIZOZO DUMP TRUCK AND TRAILER--EXPAND PURPOSE--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The local government division project in Subsection 124 of Section 22 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016 to purchase and equip a dump truck and dump trailer for Carrizozo in Lincoln county may include the purchase of slide trailers and a generator for Carrizozo. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 124 of Section 22 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016*

**SECTION 52. ALTO LAKE DAM IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE TO IMPROVEMENTS TO THE ALTO WATER TREATMENT PLANT IN RUIDOSO-- CHANGE AGENCY--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the office of the state engineer in Subsection 9 of Section 15 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014 to plan, design, renovate and construct improvements to the Alto Lake dam in Lincoln county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the department of environment to plan, design, construct and equip improvements to the Alto water treatment plant in Ruidoso in Lincoln county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 9 of Section 15 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014*

**SECTION 53. MCKINLEY COUNTY ROAD 43/SUPERMAN CANYON ROAD IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the department of transportation project in Subsection 43 of Section 36 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, design and construct improvements, including right-of-way acquisition, to Superman Canyon road, also known as county road 43, in McKinley county is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 43 of Section 36 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 54. BAAHAALI CHAPTER POWERLINE EXTENSION--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the Indian affairs department project in Subsection 8 of Section 28 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to extend a powerline and construct house wiring improvements in the Baahaali chapter of the Navajo Nation in McKinley county is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 8 of Section 28 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 55. BAAHAALI-CHICHILTAH TRANSFER STATION BATHROOM--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the department of environment project in Subsection 60 of Section 16 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014 to plan, design and construct a bathroom addition and cistern system for the Baahaali-Chichiltah regional solid waste transfer station office in McKinley county is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 60 of Section 16 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014*

**SECTION 56. GALLUP COMMUNITY PANTRY IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE TO CHICHILTAH CHAPTER HOUSE IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE AGENCY--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--Twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) of the unexpended balance of the appropriation to the department of transportation originally authorized in Subsection 45 of Section 36 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 and reauthorized to the local government division in Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 30 for improvements, including tile and roof replacement, to the community pantry in Gallup in McKinley county shall not be expended for the original or reauthorized purpose but is appropriated to the Indian affairs department to plan, design, construct and make improvements, including the purchase of equipment and furniture, to the chapter house in the Chichiltah chapter of the Navajo Nation in McKinley county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 45 of Section 36 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*  
*Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 30*

**SECTION 57. COYOTE CANYON CHAPTER REHABILITATION CENTER RENOVATION--CHANGE TO ACQUIRE EASEMENTS AND RIGHTS OF WAY AND TO PLAN, DESIGN AND CONSTRUCT POWER LINES--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the Indian affairs department in Subsection 9 of Section 20 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016 to construct and renovate the rehabilitation center in the Coyote Canyon chapter of the Navajo Nation in McKinley county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to acquire easements and rights of way and to plan, design and construct power lines in that chapter.  
*Subsection 9 of Section 20 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016*

**SECTION 58. GALLUP HILLCREST CEMETERY AND VETERANS MEMORIAL--CHANGE TO CEMETERY IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 143 of Section 22 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014 to plan, design and construct a veterans memorial and cemetery at the Hillcrest cemetery in Gallup in McKinley county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design and make improvements to Hillcrest cemetery in Gallup. The time of

expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 143 of Section 22 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014*

**SECTION 59. GALLUP SKATE PARK--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**  
The time of expenditure for the department of environment appropriation originally authorized in Subsection 39 of Section 23 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 and reauthorized to the local government division in Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 36 to plan, design and construct a skate park in Gallup in McKinley county is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 39 of Section 23 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*  
*Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 36*

**SECTION 60. GALLUP NORTHSIDE SENIOR CENTER IMPROVEMENTS-- CHANGE TO STATE VETERANS CEMETERY ACCESS ROAD AND IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE AGENCY--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the aging and long-term services department in Subsection 39 of Section 3 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design and construct improvements to the Northside senior center in Gallup in McKinley county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the department of transportation to plan, design and construct an access road and other improvements to the state veterans cemetery in Gallup in McKinley county.  
*Subsection 39 of Section 3 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 61. THOREAU COMMUNITY CENTER KITCHEN RENOVATION--CHANGE TO GALLUP VETERANS MEMORIAL CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR-- EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 138 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to renovate the kitchen in the community center in Thoreau in McKinley county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design, repair, construct and make improvements, including the purchase and installation of pillars, for the veterans memorial in Gallup in McKinley county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 138 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 62. TWO GREY HILLS CHAPTER VETERANS' MEMORIAL PARK--CHANGE TO THOREAU CHAPTER VETERANS' SERVICE CENTER CONSTRUCTION--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**Eleven thousand dollars (\$11,000) of the unexpended balance of the appropriation to the Indian affairs department in Subsection 38 of Section 20 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016 to plan, design, construct and equip a veterans' memorial park and modular facility, including fencing, in the Two Grey Hills chapter of the Navajo Nation in San Juan county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design and construct a veterans' service center in the Thoreau chapter of the Navajo Nation in McKinley county.  
*Subsection 38 of Section 20 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016*

**SECTION 63. TOADLENA-TWO GREY HILLS CHAPTER COMMUNITY CEMETERIES--CHANGE TO THOREAU CHAPTER VETERANS' SERVICE CENTER CONSTRUCTION--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the Indian affairs department in Subsection 45 of Section 25 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design and construct improvements to community cemeteries in the Toadlena-Two Grey Hills chapter of the Navajo Nation in San Juan county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design and construct a veterans' service center in the Thoreau chapter of the Navajo Nation in McKinley county.  
*Subsection 45 of Section 25 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 64. CROWNPOINT WELLNESS CENTER--CHANGE TO TOHATCHI CHAPTER POWERLINE EXTENSIONS--EXTEND TIME--GENERAL FUND.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the Indian affairs department originally appropriated in Subsection 43 of Section 66 of Chapter 42 of Laws 2007 and for which the time of expenditure was extended in Laws 2011, Chapter 183, Section 58 and in Laws 2013, Chapter 202, Section 25 and again in Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 35 to plan, design, construct, equip and furnish a wellness center, including purchasing a modular building, in Crownpoint in McKinley county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design and construct powerline extensions in the Tohatchi chapter of the Navajo Nation in McKinley county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 43 of Section 66 of Chapter 42 of Laws 2007*

*Laws 2011, Chapter 183, Section 58*

*Laws 2013, Chapter 202, Section 25*

*Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 35*

**SECTION 65. TOHATCHI CHAPTER RECREATIONAL FACILITIES AND FIELDS--CHANGE TO POWERLINE EXTENSIONS--EXTEND TIME--GENERAL FUND.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation originally made to the local government division in Subsection 154 of Section 26 of Chapter 2 of Laws 2007 and reappropriated to the Indian affairs department in Laws 2009, Chapter 128, Section 312 and for which the time of expenditure was extended in Laws 2011, Chapter 183, Section 66 and in Laws 2013, Chapter 202, Section 26 and again in Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 39 to plan, design, construct, renovate and equip a skateboard park, volleyball park, picnic area, playground area, trails and landscaping in the Tohatchi chapter of the Navajo Nation in McKinley county shall not be expended for the original or reappropriated purpose but is changed to plan, design and construct powerline extensions in the Tohatchi chapter. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 154 of Section 26 of Chapter 2 of Laws 2007*

*Laws 2009, Chapter 128, Section 312*

*Laws 2011, Chapter 183, Section 66*

*Laws 2013, Chapter 202, Section 26*

*Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 39*

**SECTION 66. TOHATCHI CHAPTER RED WILLOW FARM WATER WELL AND WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE TO WATER AND POWER LINES CONSTRUCTION AND ROAD IMPROVEMENTS--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the Indian affairs department in Subsection 17 of Section 20 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016 to plan, design and construct a water well and system improvements to Red Willow farm in the Tohatchi chapter of the Navajo Nation in McKinley county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design, construct and make improvements to water lines, power lines and roads for Red Willow farm in the Tohatchi chapter.

*Subsection 17 of Section 20 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016*

**SECTION 67. TOHATCHI CHAPTER RED WILLOW FARMLAND PUMP SYSTEM--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the department of environment project in Subsection 41 of Section 23 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to construct a water drill well pump system at the Red Willow farmland in the Tohatchi chapter of the Navajo Nation in McKinley county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 41 of Section 23 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 68.** CANNON AIR FORCE BASE IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE TO CANNON AIR FORCE BASE AND MELROSE AIR FORCE RANGE IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The unexpended balance of the appropriation originally authorized in Subsection 2 of Section 15 of Chapter 111 of Laws 2006 and reauthorized in Laws 2007, Chapter 341, Section 98 and further reauthorized to the office of military base planning and support in Laws 2010 (2nd S.S.), Chapter 4, Section 22 and subsequently reauthorized in Laws 2014, Chapter 64, Section 20 and then reauthorized in Laws 2016, Chapter 83, Section 36 to purchase land and water rights and to develop infrastructure and to plan, design, construct and improve Cannon air force base in Curry county shall not be expended for the original or reauthorized purposes but is changed to purchase land and water rights, to develop infrastructure and road access and to plan, design, construct and improve Cannon air force base in Curry county and Melrose air force range in Curry and Roosevelt counties. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 2 of Section 15 of Chapter 111 of Laws 2006  
Laws 2007, Chapter 341, Section 98  
Laws 2010 (2nd S.S.), Chapter 4, Section 22  
Laws 2014, Chapter 64, Section 20  
Laws 2016, Chapter 83, Section 36*

**SECTION 69.** PASEO DEL VOLCAN BYPASS FROM UNSER BOULEVARD TO INTERSTATE 40--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The time of expenditure for the department of transportation project originally authorized in Subsection 54 of Section 36 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 and reauthorized in Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 62 to acquire rights of way for and to plan, design and construct a Paseo del Volcan loop bypass road from Unser boulevard to interstate 40 in Bernalillo and Sandoval counties is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 54 of Section 36 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013  
Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 62*

**SECTION 70.** DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH FACILITIES PATIENT HEALTH AND SAFETY UPGRADES--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The time of expenditure for the capital program fund project in Subsection 8 of Section 9 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, design, construct, install and equip patient health and safety upgrades at the New Mexico behavioral health institute in Las Vegas in San Miguel county, the New Mexico state veterans' home in Truth or Consequences in Sierra county, the Sequoyah facility in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county, the Los Lunas facility in Valencia county and Fort Bayard medical center in Santa Clara in Grant county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 8 of Section 9 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 71.** DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH FACILITIES UPGRADES-- EXPAND PURPOSE--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The capital program fund project in Subsection 9 of Section 9 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 for facilities upgrades at the New Mexico behavioral health institute in Las Vegas in San Miguel county, the New Mexico state veterans' home in Truth or Consequences in Sierra county and the Sequoyah facility in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county may include upgrades to Fort Bayard medical center in Santa Clara in Grant county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 9 of Section 9 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 72.** RIO ARRIBA COUNTY FOOD HUB ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE, HUNTER FORD BUILDING AND COUNTY DETENTION CENTER--CHANGE TO

NORTHERN NEW MEXICO FOOD HUB INITIATIVE, GREENHOUSES AND AGRICULTURAL FACILITIES--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 158 of Section 22 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014 to remodel and equip the Hunter Ford building to accommodate a food hub economic development initiative, to construct greenhouses at the county detention center and to purchase and install information technology upgrades in community centers in Rio Arriba county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design, construct, renovate and equip facilities to accommodate a northern New Mexico food hub economic development initiative and to plan, design, construct and equip greenhouses and agricultural facilities in Rio Arriba county and in Espanola in Rio Arriba and Santa Fe counties and to purchase and install information technology upgrades in community centers in Rio Arriba county.  
*Subsection 158 of Section 22 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014*

**SECTION 73. SPACEPORT SOUTHERN ACCESS ROAD--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the spaceport authority project in Laws 2013, Chapter 226, Section 33 to plan, design and construct, including rights of way, easements and archaeological studies, the southern access road to Spaceport America in Dona Ana and Sierra counties is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Laws 2013, Chapter 226, Section 33*

**SECTION 74. CRYSTAL CHAPTER PARKING LOT IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE TO CRYSTAL CHAPTER WATER STORAGE TANK AND FIRE PUMP-- SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the Indian affairs department in Subsection 32 of Section 20 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016 to plan, design and construct improvements, including site improvements, to a parking lot at the chapter house of the Crystal chapter of the Navajo Nation in San Juan and McKinley counties shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to purchase and install a water storage tank and fire pump in the Crystal chapter.  
*Subsection 32 of Section 20 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016*

**SECTION 75. CRYSTAL CHAPTER WATER TANK CONSTRUCTION AND FIRE PUMP PURCHASE--CHANGE TO WATER TANK AND FIRE PUMP PURCHASE AND INSTALLATION--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the Indian affairs department in Subsection 38 of Section 25 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design and construct a water storage tank and to purchase and install a fire pump for the multipurpose facility at the Crystal chapter of the Navajo Nation in San Juan county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to purchase and install a water storage tank and fire pump in the Crystal chapter of the Navajo Nation in San Juan and McKinley counties.  
*Subsection 38 of Section 25 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 76. MORIARTY-EDGEWOOD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TRI-COUNTY YOUTH FACILITY--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the local government division project originally authorized in Subsection 214 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 and reauthorized to the public education department in Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 44 to plan, design, purchase, construct, renovate and equip a multipurpose facility for tri-county youth and their families in the Moriarty-Edgewood municipal school district in Torrance and Santa Fe counties is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 214 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*  
*Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 44*



**SECTION 77. NEW MEXICO SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND AND VISUALLY IMPAIRED WATKINS EDUCATION CENTER RENOVATION--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The time of expenditure for the board of regents of the New Mexico school for the blind and visually impaired project in Subsection 3 of Section 54 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, design, renovate and equip the Watkins education center and to demolish the San Andres building at the New Mexico school for the blind and visually impaired in Alamogordo in Otero county is extended through fiscal year 2018.

*Subsection 3 of Section 54 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 78. CLOUDCROFT COMMUNITY CENTER CONSTRUCTION-- CHANGE TO REPAIR, RENOVATE AND FURNISH--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 152 of Section 22 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014 to plan, design, construct, furnish and equip a community center and library in Cloudcroft in Otero county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design, construct, equip, furnish, repair, renovate and rehabilitate a community center and library in Cloudcroft. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 152 of Section 22 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014*

**SECTION 79. TIMBERON WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT MAINTENANCE BARN ELECTRICAL SYSTEM--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The time of expenditure for the department of environment project in Subsection 46 of Section 23 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, design and construct improvements to the electrical system in the Timberon water and sanitation district maintenance barn in Otero county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 46 of Section 23 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 80. LA MADERA MUTUAL DOMESTIC WATER CONSUMERS ASSOCIATION WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The time of expenditure for the department of environment project in Subsection 49 of Section 23 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, design and construct water system improvements, including tanks, pumps, hydrants, lines and meters, for La Madera mutual domestic water consumers association in Rio Arriba county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 49 of Section 23 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 81. CUMBRES AND TOLTEC SCENIC RAILROAD COMMISSION WATER TANK SUPPLY SYSTEM--CHANGE TO RAILROAD PASSENGER CAR REHABILITATION AND CONSTRUCTION--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the Cumbres and Toltec scenic railroad commission in Subsection 2 of Section 9 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design and construct repairs and improvements to the water supply system for the railroad water tank in Sublette in Rio Arriba county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to construct, rehabilitate, equip and furnish railroad passenger cars for the Cumbres and Toltec scenic railroad operating between New Mexico and Colorado.

*Subsection 2 of Section 9 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 82. CUMBRES AND TOLTEC SCENIC RAILROAD COMMISSION LAND AND BUILDING FOR VISITOR GATEWAY CENTER--CHANGE TO RAILROAD PASSENGER CARS REHABILITATION AND CONSTRUCTION-- SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--**The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the Cumbres and Toltec scenic railroad commission in Subsection 3 of Section 9 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to purchase land and to plan, design and construct a

visitor gateway center for the Cumbres and Toltec scenic railroad commission in Chama in Rio Arriba county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to construct, rehabilitate, equip and furnish railroad passenger cars for the Cumbres and Toltec scenic railroad operating between New Mexico and Colorado.

*Subsection 3 of Section 9 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 83.** CUMBRES AND TOLTEC SCENIC RAILROAD COMMISSION SAND HOUSE REPAIR--CHANGE TO RAILROAD PASSENGER CAR REHABILITATION AND CONSTRUCTION--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the Cumbres and Toltec scenic railroad commission in Subsection 4 of Section 9 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design and construct repairs and improvements to the sand house facility in the Cumbres and Toltec scenic railroad yard in Chama in Rio Arriba county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to construct, rehabilitate, equip and furnish railroad passenger cars for the Cumbres and Toltec scenic railroad operating between New Mexico and Colorado.

*Subsection 4 of Section 9 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 84.** LOS LUCEROS FACILITIES AND GROUNDS IMPROVEMENT--CHANGE TO NEW MEXICO STATE UNIVERSITY ALCALDE SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE SCIENCE CENTER RENOVATION AND STABILIZATION--CHANGE AGENCY--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the board of regents of New Mexico state university originally authorized in Subsection 13 of Section 39 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) and reauthorized to the cultural affairs department in Laws 2016, Chapter 83, Section 75 for improvements and renovations to the facilities and grounds at the Los Luceros property in Rio Arriba county shall not be expended for the original or reauthorized purpose but is appropriated to the board of regents of New Mexico state university to plan, design, renovate, furnish and equip, including stabilization, the sustainable agriculture science center at Alcalde in Rio Arriba county.

*Subsection 13 of Section 39 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

*Laws 2016, Chapter 83, Section 75*

**SECTION 85.** DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY ESPANOLA STATE POLICE DISTRICT OFFICE--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The time of expenditure for the capital program fund project in Subsection 10 of Section 9 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to construct, renovate, expand, furnish and equip the state police district office in Espanola in Rio Arriba county is extended through fiscal year 2018.

*Subsection 10 of Section 9 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 86.** RIO ARRIBA COUNTY DISABLED AMERICAN VETERANS CHAPTER 22 VEHICLE--CHANGE TO ESPANOLA RIVERSIDE DRIVE WATER LINES UPGRADE--CHANGE AGENCY--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 159 of Section 22 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016 to purchase and equip a vehicle for the disabled American veterans chapter 22 in Espanola in Rio Arriba county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the department of environment to plan, design, construct and upgrade water lines on Riverside drive in Espanola in Rio Arriba county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 159 of Section 22 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016*

**SECTION 87.** RIO ARRIBA COUNTY VETERANS' TRANSPORTATION VAN--CHANGE TO ESPANOLA RIVERSIDE DRIVE WATER LINE IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE AGENCY--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The unexpended balance of the

appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 179 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to purchase a van for disabled veterans' transportation services in Espanola in Rio Arriba county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the department of environment to plan, design, construct and improve water lines on Riverside drive in Espanola. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 179 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 88. VELARDE TREATMENT CENTER INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the local government division project originally authorized in Subsection 158 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 and for which the time of expenditure was extended in Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 48 to purchase and install information technology, including related furniture, equipment and infrastructure, and office equipment for a residential substance abuse treatment and recovery program in Velarde in Rio Arriba county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 158 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013  
Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 48*

**SECTION 89. ELIDA MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BUS PURCHASE--CHANGE TO VANS AND SPORT UTILITY VEHICLES--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the public education department in Subsection 172 of Section 14 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016 to purchase and equip a bus for the Elida municipal school district in Roosevelt county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to purchase and equip vans and sport utility vehicles for that school district. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 172 of Section 14 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016*

**SECTION 90. FLORA VISTA MUTUAL DOMESTIC WATER ASSOCIATION WASTEWATER SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION--CHANGE TO REGIONAL WATER SYSTEMS IN SAN JUAN COUNTY--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the department of environment in Subsection 55 of Section 18 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016 to plan, design and construct a wastewater system for the Flora Vista mutual domestic water association in San Juan county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design and construct regional water systems in San Juan county.

*Subsection 55 of Section 18 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016*

**SECTION 91. LAKE VALLEY CHAPTER HOUSE CONSTRUCTION--EXPAND PURPOSE--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The Indian affairs department project in Subsection 40 of Section 25 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design and construct a new chapter house for the Lake Valley chapter of the Navajo Nation in San Juan county may include renovating a chapter building.

*Subsection 40 of Section 25 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 92. SHIPROCK IRRIGATION COMPOUND SECURITY FENCING--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the Indian affairs department project in Subsection 32 of Section 28 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to design and construct security fencing at the Shiprock irrigation compound in Shiprock in the Navajo Nation in San Juan county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 32 of Section 28 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 93. TOOH HALTSOOI CHAPTER BUILDING DEMOLITION AND DISPOSAL--CHANGE TO METAL WAREHOUSE BUILDING--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the Indian affairs department in Subsection 36 of Section 25 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) for demolition and disposal of abandoned buildings in the Tooh Haltsooi chapter of the Navajo Nation in San Juan county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design, purchase and construct a metal warehouse building in that chapter.  
*Subsection 36 of Section 25 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 94. WHITE ROCK CHAPTER VETERANS ADMINISTRATION CENTER ADDITION--EXPAND PURPOSE--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The Indian affairs department project in Subsection 46 of Section 25 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to design and construct an addition to the veterans administration and meeting center in the White Rock chapter of the Navajo Nation in San Juan county may include planning, design, construction and renovation of a veterans building in that chapter.  
*Subsection 46 of Section 25 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 95. ARCHIBEQUE DITCH DESIGN AND CONSTRUCT IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the interstate stream commission project in Subsection 21 of Section 29 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to design and construct improvements to the Archibeque ditch in Sandoval county is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 21 of Section 29 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 96. BERNALILLO WATER LINE ADDITION--CHANGE TO WELL 2 ARSENIC TREATMENT SYSTEM--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the department of environment in Subsection 59 of Section 20 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to acquire rights of way and to plan, design and construct a river crossing water line for Bernalillo in Sandoval county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to purchase and install an arsenic treatment system for municipal drinking water well 2 in Bernalillo in Sandoval county.  
*Subsection 59 of Section 20 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 97. PUEBLO OF JEMEZ FIRE APPARATUS BAYS CONSTRUCTION--CHANGE TO FIRE STATION PARKING LOT--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the Indian affairs department in Subsection 37 of Section 28 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to construct fire apparatus bays for the Pueblo of Jemez in Sandoval county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design and construct a parking lot for the fire station in the Pueblo of Jemez. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 37 of Section 28 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 98. PUEBLO OF JEMEZ VETERANS' BUILDING--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the Indian affairs department project in Subsection 38 of Section 28 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, design, purchase, install and prepare the site for a veterans' building in the Pueblo of Jemez in Sandoval county is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 38 of Section 28 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 99. SANDIA PUEBLO PUBLIC WORKS EQUIPMENT AND STREET SWEEPER--CHANGE AGENCY--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The agency for the local government

division project originally authorized in Subsection 189 of Section 22 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016 to purchase equipment for public works maintenance and to purchase and equip a street sweeper for the Pueblo of Sandia in Sandoval county is changed to the Indian affairs department.

*Subsection 189 of Section 22 of Chapter 81 of Laws 2016*

**SECTION 100. ACEQUIA DE LOS CHUPADEROS IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the interstate stream commission project in Subsection 26 of Section 29 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 for improvements, including restoration of the pond and acequia and the installation of head gates, for the acequia de los Chupaderos in Santa Fe county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 26 of Section 29 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 101. EL GUICU DITCH CONSTRUCTION AND IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND CERTIFICATION PERIOD AND EXPENDITURE PERIOD--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The period of time for the interstate stream commission to certify to the state board of finance when the money from the proceeds of severance tax bonds appropriated is needed for the interstate stream commission project in Subsection 22 of Section 27 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design, renovate, construct, purchase and equip improvements to El Guicu ditch in the La Cienega area of Santa Fe county is extended through fiscal year 2019. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2021.

*Subsection 22 of Section 27 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 102. ART IN PUBLIC PLACES FUND WORKS OF ART--CHANGE TO MUSEUM OF INDIAN ARTS AND CULTURE EXHIBITS--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--Notwithstanding the provisions of the Art in Public Places Act to the contrary, three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) of the unexpended balance of severance tax bond appropriations remaining in the art in public places fund shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the cultural affairs department for expenditure in fiscal years 2017 through 2019 for capital expenditures to upgrade exhibits at the museum of Indian arts and culture in Santa Fe in Santa Fe county. Any unexpended or unencumbered balance remaining at the end of fiscal year 2019 shall revert to the art in public places fund.

*Art in Public Places Act*

**SECTION 103. ACEQUIA DE LA CIENEGA IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the interstate stream commission project in Subsection 31 of Section 29 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to construct improvements, including replacement of valves and pipeline, to the acequia de la Cienega in La Cienega in Santa Fe county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 31 of Section 29 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 104. SAN ILDEFONSO PUEBLO RECREATION AND COMMUNITY CENTER--CHANGE TO SAN ILDEFONSO PUEBLO WASTEWATER FACILITY AND SYSTEM--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the Indian affairs department in Subsection 60 of Section 25 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design and construct a recreational and community center in the Pueblo of San Ildefonso in Santa Fe county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design and construct a wastewater facility and system at that pueblo.

*Subsection 60 of Section 25 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 105.** AGUA FRIA WATER BOARD OFFICE EQUIPMENT--CHANGE TO AGUA FRIA WATER SYSTEM CONSTRUCTION--CHANGE AGENCY--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 205 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to equip and furnish the building and to purchase and install information technology, including related equipment, furniture and infrastructure, at the Agua Fria association water board office building in Agua Fria in Santa Fe county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the department of environment to plan, design, construct and improve a water distribution system in Agua Fria in Santa Fe county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 205 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 106.** SANTA FE COUNTY FAIRGROUNDS IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The time of expenditure for the local government division project in Subsection 188 of Section 22 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014 to plan, design and construct improvements to the fairgrounds in Santa Fe county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 188 of Section 22 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014*

**SECTION 107.** SANTA FE COUNTY FAIRGROUNDS IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The time of expenditure for the local government division project in Subsection 182 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, design, construct, equip and furnish improvements to the fairgrounds, including utilities and construction of an extension office, in Santa Fe in Santa Fe county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 182 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 108.** SANTA FE DANCE BARNs IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE TO DANCE BARNs EQUIPMENT--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 213 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design, construct and improve the dance barns facility in Santa Fe in Santa Fe county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to purchase and install equipment for that facility.

*Subsection 213 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 109.** SANTA FE FARMERS' MARKET IMPROVEMENTS--EXPAND PURPOSE--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The local government division project in Subsection 186 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to design, construct, equip and furnish the pavilion, including lighting, and to design, purchase and install a counter in the cafe at the concession facility at the Santa Fe farmers' market in Santa Fe in Santa Fe county may include the purchase and installation of ovens and hood assemblies, a convection oven, a griddle, gas ranges, sinks, refrigerators and related equipment and infrastructure. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 186 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 110.** SANTA FE INDIAN SCHOOL WELLNESS AND EDUCATION CENTER--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.--The time of expenditure for the Indian affairs department project in Subsection 49 of Section 28 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, design, construct, equip and furnish a regional wellness and education center, including classrooms and laboratories, at the Santa Fe Indian school in Santa Fe in Santa Fe county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 49 of Section 28 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 111. STATE LAND OFFICE CEILING AND SPRINKLER SYSTEM REPLACEMENT--CHANGE TO PARKING LOT, SIDEWALK AND GROUNDS IMPROVEMENTS--STATE LANDS MAINTENANCE FUND.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the state land office in Subsection 2 of Section 48 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014 to replace the ceiling and sprinkler system at the state land office in Santa Fe in Santa Fe county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design, excavate, replace and construct the parking lot and sidewalks and to maintain and improve the grounds at that office.  
*Subsection 2 of Section 48 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014*

**SECTION 112. AGUA FRIA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL EARLY LEARNING CENTER--CHANGE TO KAUNE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL EARLY LEARNING CENTER--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the public education department in Subsection 242 of Section 15 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design, construct, furnish and equip improvements at the early learning center at Agua Fria elementary school in the Santa Fe public school district in Santa Fe county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design, construct, furnish and equip improvements, including the purchase and development of outdoor learning spaces and the installation of related equipment, furniture and infrastructure, at the early learning center at Kaune elementary school in the Santa Fe public school district.  
*Subsection 242 of Section 15 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 113. NYE EARLY CHILDHOOD CENTER PLAYGROUND IMPROVEMENTS--EXPAND PURPOSE--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The public education department project in Subsection 236 of Section 13 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014 to design, construct, equip and furnish improvements to the playground areas at Nye early childhood center in the Santa Fe public school district in Santa Fe county may include improvements to the grounds and buildings at that center. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 236 of Section 13 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014*

**SECTION 114. NYE EARLY CHILDHOOD CENTER PLAYGROUND--CHANGE TO PURCHASE AND INSTALL PLAYGROUND EQUIPMENT AND MAKE IMPROVEMENTS TO THE GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the public education department in Subsection 251 of Section 15 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design, construct, purchase and install a playground for the medically fragile at the Nye early childhood center in the Santa Fe public school district in Santa Fe is changed to plan, design, construct, purchase and install playground equipment and to make improvements to the grounds and buildings for the medically fragile at the Nye early childhood center.  
*Subsection 251 of Section 15 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 115. AGUA FRIA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL EARLY LEARNING CENTER--CHANGE TO SANTA FE PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT EARLY LEARNING CENTER--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the public education department in Subsection 234 of Section 13 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014 to prepare the site for and to plan, design and construct an early learning center at Agua Fria elementary school in the Santa Fe public school district in Santa Fe county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to prepare the site for and to plan, design, construct, equip and furnish an early learning center in that school district. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.  
*Subsection 234 of Section 13 of Chapter 66 of Laws 2014*

**SECTION 116. ACEQUIA WATER STORAGE PROJECTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the office of the state engineer project originally authorized in Subsection 48 of Section 3 of Chapter 7 of Laws 2009 (1st S.S.) and for which the expenditure period was extended in Laws 2013, Chapter 202, Section 48 and again in Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 74 to repair and rehabilitate acequia water storage projects statewide is extended through fiscal year 2018.

*Subsection 48 of Section 3 of Chapter 7 of Laws 2009 (1st S.S.)*

*Laws 2013, Chapter 202, Section 48*

*Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 74*

**SECTION 117. COMMISSION FOR THE BLIND INDEPENDENT LIVING FACILITY IN ALAMOGORDO--CHANGE TO COMMISSION FACILITIES STATEWIDE--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the capital program fund in Subsection 10 of Section 6 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) for a fourplex apartment unit for an independent living environment, including site and infrastructure improvements, for the commission for the blind in Alamogordo in Otero county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to plan, design, construct, renovate, equip and furnish commission for the blind facilities statewide.

*Subsection 10 of Section 6 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 118. CHILDREN, YOUTH AND FAMILIES DEPARTMENT YOUTH DIAGNOSTIC AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER VISITOR CENTER AND WAREHOUSE--EXPAND PURPOSE--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The capital program fund project in Subsection 2 of Section 6 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design, construct, furnish and equip a visitor center and warehouse-commissary facility at the youth diagnostic and development center in Albuquerque in Bernalillo county may include planning, designing, constructing, renovating, equipping and furnishing children, youth and families department facilities statewide.

*Subsection 2 of Section 6 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 119. FIREFIGHTER TRAINING BURN BUILDING--TRANSFER UNEXPENDED BALANCE--FIRE PROTECTION FUND.**--Notwithstanding the requirements for reversion in Laws 2015 (1st S.S.), Chapter 3, the unexpended balance of the appropriation from the fire protection fund to the public regulation commission in Laws 2015 (1st S.S.), Chapter 3, Section 60 to plan, design and construct a firefighter training burn building at the firefighter training academy in Socorro in Socorro county shall not be expended for the original purpose but shall be transferred on the effective date of this act to the general fund.

*Laws 2015 (1st S.S.), Chapter 3, Section 60*

**SECTION 120. FIREFIGHTER TRAINING BURN BUILDING--TRANSFER UNEXPENDED BALANCE--FIRE PROTECTION GRANT FUND.**-- Notwithstanding the requirements for reversion in Laws 2015 (1st S.S.), Chapter 3, the unexpended balance of the appropriation from the fire protection grant fund to the public regulation commission in Laws 2015 (1st S.S.), Chapter 3, Section 59 to plan, design and construct a firefighter training burn building at the firefighter training academy in Socorro in Socorro county shall not be expended for the original purpose but shall be transferred on the effective date of this act to the general fund.

*Laws 2015 (1st S.S.), Chapter 3, Section 59*

**SECTION 121. ART IN PUBLIC PLACES FUND WORKS OF ART--CHANGE TO STATE MUSEUMS IMPROVEMENTS AND EXHIBITS--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--Notwithstanding the provisions of the Art in Public Places Act to the contrary, the unexpended balance up to one million two hundred fifty-five thousand two hundred dollars (\$1,255,200) of severance tax bond appropriations



remaining in the art in public places fund shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the state museums improvements and exhibits fund for capital expenditures by the cultural affairs department in fiscal years 2017 through 2019 for repairs and upgrades to state museum facilities and to exhibitions at state museums statewide, in accordance with Section 9-4A-22 NMSA 1978. Any unexpended or unencumbered balance remaining at the end of fiscal year 2019 shall revert to the art in public places fund.

*Art in Public Places Act*

**SECTION 122. ACEQUIA DE SAN JUAN DE NEPUMUCENO IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the interstate stream commission project in Subsection 38 of Section 29 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 for improvements, including the installation of piping, for the acequia de San Juan de Nepumuceno in Taos county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 38 of Section 29 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 123. LAS TRAMPAS MUTUAL DOMESTIC WATER CONSUMERS AND MUTUAL SEWAGE WORKS ASSOCIATION WATER METERS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the department of environment project originally authorized in Subsection 81 of Section 23 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 and reauthorized in Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 75 to purchase and install water meters for Las Trampas mutual domestic water consumers and mutual sewage works association in Taos county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 81 of Section 23 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

*Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 75*

**SECTION 124. SAN CRISTOBAL FIRE STATION CONSTRUCTION--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the local government division project in Subsection 209 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, design and construct a fire station for the San Cristobal fire department in Taos county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 209 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 125. TALPA IRRIGATION RESERVOIR FENCE--CHANGE TO QUESTA VETERANS MEMORIAL--CHANGE AGENCY--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the interstate stream commission originally authorized in Subsection 39 of Section 29 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 and reauthorized in Laws 2014, Chapter 64, Section 59 to plan, design and construct a fence at the Talpa irrigation reservoir in Taos county shall not be expended for the original or reauthorized purpose but is appropriated to the local government division to plan, design and construct a memorial to veterans of World War II and the Korean conflict in Questa in Taos county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 39 of Section 29 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

*Laws 2014, Chapter 64, Section 59*

**SECTION 126. QUESTA WATER RIGHTS PURCHASE--CHANGE TO WATER WELLS AND WATER SYSTEM--CHANGE AGENCY--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the office of the state engineer in Subsection 6 of Section 18 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to purchase water rights in Questa in Taos county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the department of environment to plan, design, construct and make improvements, including the purchase and installation of equipment, to water wells and the water system in Questa.

*Subsection 6 of Section 18 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 127. RED RIVER WASTEWATER PLANT AND SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the local government division project originally authorized in Subsection 141 of Section 16 of Chapter 64 of Laws 2012 and reauthorized to the department of environment in Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 77 to plan, design and construct improvements to the wastewater plant and system in Red River in Taos county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 141 of Section 16 of Chapter 64 of Laws 2012  
Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 77*

**SECTION 128. RED RIVER WASTEWATER SYSTEM AND PLANT IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the local government division project originally authorized in Subsection 207 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 and reauthorized to the department of environment in Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 78 to plan, design and construct improvements to the wastewater plant and system in Red River in Taos county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 207 of Section 31 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013  
Laws 2015, Chapter 147, Section 78*

**SECTION 129. RED RIVER CONFERENCE CENTER IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE TO WASTEWATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE AGENCY--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 228 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design and construct improvements to the town conference center in Red River in Taos county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the department of environment to plan, design and construct improvements to the wastewater plant and system in Red River.

*Subsection 228 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 130. TAOS COUNTY YOUTH CORPS VEHICLES PURCHASE--CHANGE TO TAOS MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT VEHICLES PURCHASE--CHANGE AGENCY--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division in Subsection 230 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to purchase and equip vehicles for use by a youth corps in Taos in Taos county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the public education department to purchase and equip vehicles for the Taos municipal school district in Taos county. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 230 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**SECTION 131. FRED LUNA SENIOR CENTER IMPROVEMENTS--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the aging and long-term services department project originally authorized in Subsection 64 of Section 5 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 and reauthorized in Laws 2014, Chapter 64, Section 61 to plan, design and make improvements for building code compliance, including purchase and installation of equipment, to the Fred Luna senior center in Valencia county is extended through fiscal year 2019.

*Subsection 64 of Section 5 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013  
Laws 2014, Chapter 64, Section 61*

**SECTION 132. VALENCIA COUNTY MEADOW LAKE FIRE SUBSTATION--CHANGE TO INCLUSIVE COMMUNITY PARK--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the local government division originally authorized in Subsection 244 of Section 28

of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) and reauthorized in Laws 2016, Chapter 83, Section 109 to plan, design and construct a Meadow Lake fire substation in Valencia county shall not be expended for the original or reauthorized purpose but is changed to plan, design, construct and expand an inclusive community park at the Meadow Lake community center in Valencia county.

*Subsection 244 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

*Laws 2016, Chapter 83, Section 109*

**SECTION 133. BERNALILLO SENIOR CENTER CONSTRUCTION--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The time of expenditure for the aging and long-term services department project in Subsection 44 of Section 5 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan, design and construct a senior center in Bernalillo in Sandoval county is extended through fiscal year 2018.

*Subsection 44 of Section 5 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 134. PUEBLO OF SANTA CLARA SENIOR CENTER IMPROVEMENTS--CHANGE TO PUEBLO OF SANTA CLARA ADULT DAY CARE CENTER IMPROVEMENTS--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to the aging and long-term services department in Subsection 48 of Section 3 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S. S.) to purchase and install equipment and make improvements for code compliance, repair and repaint walls, purchase and install a heating, ventilation and air conditioning system and carpet and make roof repairs at the Pueblo of Santa Clara senior center in Rio Arriba county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is changed to renovate and make improvements, including purchase and installation of equipment, at the Pueblo of Santa Clara adult day care center in Rio Arriba county.

*Subsection 48 of Section 3 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S. S.)*

**SECTION 135. CHURCH ROCK CHAPTER SENIOR CENTER--EXPAND PURPOSE--EXTEND TIME--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The aging and long-term services department project in Subsection 16 of Section 5 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013 to plan and design the senior center in the Church Rock chapter of the Navajo Nation in McKinley county may include construction of the center. The time of expenditure is extended through fiscal year 2018.

*Subsection 16 of Section 5 of Chapter 226 of Laws 2013*

**SECTION 136. TAOS SENIOR CENTERS COMMUNICATIONS AND RADIO EQUIPMENT--CHANGE TO PURCHASE AND EQUIP VEHICLES FOR TAOS MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT--CHANGE AGENCY--SEVERANCE TAX BONDS.**--The unexpended balance of the appropriation to local government division in Subsection 223 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.) to plan, design, construct, purchase and install communications and radio equipment and infrastructure for senior centers in Taos county shall not be expended for the original purpose but is appropriated to the public education department to purchase and equip vehicles for the Taos municipal school district in Taos county.

*Subsection 223 of Section 28 of Chapter 3 of Laws 2015 (1st S.S.)*

**EFFECTIVE DATES OF LAWS 2017  
by Bill Number**

Bill	Chapter	Title	Emerg. Clause	Effective Date	Other Dates, Notes
H 1	4	FEED BILL	*	2/2/2017	
H 2	135	GENERAL APPROPRIATION ACT OF 2017		4/7/2017	
H 4	1	REVERT BALANCES OF CERTAIN FUNDS		6/16/2017	Sect. 5: regarding distributions from the Fire Protection Fund: on 6/30/2017, no distribution shall be made to the Fire Protection Grant Fund; and beginning in FY 2019, periodic allotments not to exceed 40.2% of the projected remaining balance in the Fire Protection Fund shall be distributed to the Fire Protection Grant Fund.
H 8	34	ELIMINATE CIGARETTE TAX DISTRIBUTION		11/1/2017	Sect. 3: specifies that the effective date is the later of the effective date given or the first day of the month following the day the chief executive officer of the NMFA certifies that bonds have been discharged in full and debt service paid.
H 9	35	LAW ENFORCEMENT TOURNIQUET TRAINING		7/1/2017	
H 12	8	CLOSE CERTAIN TAOS & COLFAX MAGISTRATE COURTS		6/16/2017	
H 15	36	DATA BREACH NOTIFICATION ACT		6/16/2017	
H 24	24	STATE TRUST LANDS RESTORATION FUND		6/16/2017	
H 29	11	CARLSBAD BRINE WELL AUTHORITY & FUND		7/1/2017	Sect. 3: Carlsbad Brine Well Remediation Advisory Authority terminated on 7/1/2029 pursuant to Sunset Act; advisory authority shall continue to operate until terminated on 7/1/2030; effective 7/1/2030, this act is repealed.
H 31	17	DRIVER'S LICENSE FOR SOME WITH ONLY 1 DWI		7/1/2017	
H 34	25	PAYMENT OF STATE RETIREMENT BENEFITS		7/1/2017	
H 41	68	ALTERNATIVE LEVEL 3-B ADMINISTRATOR LICENSE		6/16/2017	

Bill	Chapter	Title	Emerg. Clause	Effective Date	Other Dates, Notes
H 58	137	RULEMAKING REQUIREMENTS		7/1/2017	Sect. 10: no later than 1/1/2018, the attorney general shall adopt default procedural rules for public rule hearings for use by agencies that have not yet adopted their own.
H 60	6	BROADBAND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT		6/16/2017	
H 64	100	WASTEWATER SYSTEM FINANCING		6/16/2017	
H 75	33	LIMIT SCHOOL USE OF RESTRAINT & SECLUSION		6/16/2017	
H 77	13	TRANSPORTATION NETWORK COMPANY ACT CHANGES		6/16/2017	
H 80	37	INSURANCE BROKER PAYMENTS TO ESTATES		6/16/2017	
H 83	26	NATIONAL GUARD EMPLOYMENT PROTECTION		7/1/2017	
H 92	38	STRICTER GAME & FISH VIOLATION PENALTIES		6/16/2017	
H 97	14	MUNICIPAL LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS TRUST		6/16/2017	
H 98	101	PAPER BALLOT ACCESS FOR BLIND VOTERS		6/16/2017	
H 110	27	BENCH WARRANT JURISDICTION		7/1/2017	
H 113	7	STATEWIDE BROADBAND NETWORK		6/16/2017	
H 122	16	BAN CERTAIN PHARMACY FEES		6/16/2017	Sect. 3: applicable to any contract executed or renewed on or after 6/16/2017 and shall not be construed to affect the terms of a contract entered into or renewed before 6/16/2017.
H 126		FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR MEDICAL STUDENTS	*	6/16/2017	Note that this bill is considered "law without signature" by the LCS.
H 127	15	ELECTRONIC INSURANCE CLAIMS PAYMENT		6/16/2017	
H 131	39	COURT DISPUTE RESOLUTION FEE SCALE		6/16/2017	
H 138	136	LACTATION CONSULTANT PRACTICE ACT		6/16/2017	
H 144		INDUSTRIAL HEMP RESEARCH RULES		6/16/2017	Note that this bill is considered "law without signature" by the LCS.

Bill	Chapter	Title	Emerg. Clause	Effective Date	Other Dates, Notes
H 147	40	WORKFORCE TRAINING RESIDENCY REQUIREMENT		6/16/2017	Sect. 1 C and Sect. 1 F 3b: residency preference provisions apply only from fiscal years 2018 through 2022.
H 162	9	LOCAL OPTION FOR LIQUOR SALES HOURS		7/1/2017	
H 181	41	UNIFORM PARTITION OF HEIRS PROPERTY ACT		7/1/2017	Sect. 3 A: the Uniform Partition of Heirs Property Act applies to partition actions filed on or after 7/1/2017. Sect. 21: effective date of Sections 14 and 20 is 7/1/2017; effective date of Sections 1 through 13 and 15 through 19 is 1/1/2018.
H 188	42	ENGINEER & SURVEYOR REQUIREMENTS		7/1/2017	
H 197	12	PUBLIC ACCOUNTANCY RESIDENCY		6/16/2017	
H 199	102	DISTRIBUTED GENERATION CONSUMER PROTECTION		6/16/2017	Sect. 5: the attorney general shall, by 1/1/2018, issue form disclosure statements that may be used to provide the disclosures required by the Distributed Generation Disclosure Act for agreements with buyers or lessees.
H 209	43	ALLOW WOMEN TO SERVE IN ANY STATE MILITIA		6/16/2017	
H 215	103	PHYSICIAN & ASSISTANT COLLABORATION		6/16/2017	
H 218	30	LITTER CONTROL & LANDSCAPE BEAUTIFICATION		7/1/2017	
H 219	44	TRANSFER ANIMAL SHELTERING BOARD		7/1/2017	Sect. 7: Board of Veterinary Medicine is terminated on 7/1/2023 pursuant to Sunset Act; the board operates according to the provisions of Chapter 61, Article 14 and Chapter 77, Article 1B NMSA 1978 until 7/1/2024; effective 7/1/2024, Chapter 61, Article 14 and Chapter 77, Article 1B NMSA 1978 are repealed. Sect. 17: effective date of Section 7 is 7/1/2017; effective date of Sections 1 through 6 and 8 through 16 is 7/1/2018.
H 229	28	HORSE RACING LICENSES, HEALTH & TESTING		7/1/2017	
H 230	10	RACE DAY REQUIREMENTS CHANGE		6/16/2017	
H 231	45	TERMINATE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COMMISSION		6/16/2017	

Bill	Chapter	Title	Emerg. Clause	Effective Date	Other Dates, Notes
H 249	46	COLLEGE SPECIAL EVENT GROSS RECEIPTS		6/16/2017	Sect. 1: extends deduction for receipts received from 7/1/2007 through 6/30/2022 from admissions to a nonathletic special event.
H 256	29	DRINKING WATER SYSTEM FINANCING		7/1/2017	
H 257	31	CRANE OPERATORS SAFETY ACT		6/16/2017	
H 259	47	PURCHASE OF EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS GEAR	*	4/6/2017	
H 260	48	REGULATION OF BIOSIMILAR PRODUCTS		6/16/2017	
H 261	5	ADDITIONAL COURT FUNDING	*	2/24/2017	
H 262	49	SUNDAY LIQUOR SALES ON DECEMBER 31		6/16/2017	
H 268	50	PUBLIC PROJECT REVOLVING FUND PROJECTS	*	4/6/2017	
H 274	51	IMMUNIZATIONS FOR CERTAIN SENIOR CITIZENS		6/16/2017	Sect. 1: each year between October 1 and March 1, certain hospitals under certain conditions shall offer immunizations against the influenza virus and pneumococcal disease.
H 276	104	CHECK CASHING SERVICE LICENSURE		7/1/2017	
H 295	52	LICENSING BOARD MEMBERSHIP & SUNSETS		6/16/2017	A series of boards and commissions is terminated pursuant to the Sunset Act; these entities operate according to the provisions of their governing acts for one year beyond their termination dates, at which time the governing act is repealed. The following boards, commissions and time frames are included in this 2017 act and all are terminated on 7/1/2023. Sect. 2: New Mexico Athletic Commission; Sect. 4: Board of Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine; Sect. 6: Board of Examiners for Architects; Sect. 7: State Board of Licensure for Professional Engineers and Professional Surveyors; Sect. 10: Interior Design Board; Sect. 11: Private Investigations Advisory Board; Sect. 13: New Mexico Public Accountancy Board; Sect. 15: Real Estate Appraisers Board; and Sect. 20: Board of Funeral Services.

Bill	Chapter	Title	Emerg. Clause	Effective Date	Other Dates, Notes
H 301	53	SUPPORT FOR TRANSFERRING STUDENTS		6/16/2017	
H 302	54	REDEFINING "AUTOCYCLE"		6/16/2017	
H 305	105	COMPLIANCE INSPECTIONS FOR FOOD SAFETY LAWS		6/16/2017	
H 317	55	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT DESIGN CONTRACT TIMES		6/16/2017	
H 321	56	ACTING SHERIFFS DURING VACANCIES	*	4/6/2017	
H 322	57	LIQUEFIED NATURAL GAS DEFINITIONS		6/16/2017	
H 326	106	PROTECTION OF VULNERABLE ADULTS		7/1/2017	
H 330	107	ARCHITECTURAL ACT VIOLATION PENALTIES		6/16/2017	Sect. 8: Board of Examiners for Architects is terminated on 7/1/2023 pursuant to provisions of Sunset Act; board operates according to provisions of the Architectural Act until 7/1/2024; effective 7/1/2024, the Architectural Act is repealed.
H 336	58	STOP LOSS INSURANCE		7/1/2017	
H 341	108	EXEMPT EYEBROW THREADING FROM LICENSING		6/16/2017	
H 345	109	REMOVE COMMUTER SERVICES IN MOTOR CARRIER ACT		7/1/2017	
H 347	110	INSTALLMENT LOAN FEE LIMITS & LITERACY FUND		1/1/2018	Sect. 26: provisions of this act apply to loans subject to the New Mexico Small Loan Act of 1955 and the New Mexico Bank Installment Loan Act of 1959 executed on or after 1/1/2018.
H 361	111	RESIDENT DIRECTORS OF NM BANKS		6/16/2017	
H 370	59	OPIOID OVERDOSE EDUCATION		6/16/2017	
H 375	112	HAIRSTYLIST LICENSES & BOARD REPRESENTATION		6/16/2017	
H 377	60	WEIGHT DISTANCE TAX FUND RECIPIENTS		6/16/2017	
H 385	61	JUROR MILEAGE REIMBURSEMENT		6/16/2017	
H 387	113	REPEAL DEPT. OF AG FEES & ASSESSMENTS		6/16/2017	



Bill	Chapter	Title	Emerg. Clause	Effective Date	Other Dates, Notes
H 394	62	GUARDIANSHIP AFFIDAVIT & PRE-SCHOOL CARE		6/16/2017	
H 408	63	TAX LIABILITY CHANGES & DEFINITIONS		6/16/2017	
H 411	64	POINTS OF CONTACT FOR CERTAIN STUDENTS		6/16/2017	
H 415	114	STATE AGENCY WASTEWATER PROJECT FINANCING		7/1/2017	
H 444	115	TAX CONTRIBUTIONS FOR VIETNAM MEMORIAL		6/16/2017	
H 453	65	ELIMINATE SOME SCHOOL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS		6/16/2017	
H 477	66	COMMUNITY SCHOOLS INITIATIVES		6/16/2017	
H 513	67	PUBLIC PEACE, HEALTH, SAFETY & WELFARE		6/16/2017	
H 536	116	PUBLIC PEACE, HEALTH, SAFETY & WELFARE		6/16/2017	Sect. 4: provisions of Sect. 1 regarding optional designation of tax refund contribution are applicable to taxable years beginning on or after 1/1/2017.
S 4	118	CARLSBAD BRINE WELL AUTHORITY & FUND		7/1/2017	Sect. 3: Carlsbad Brine Well Remediation Advisory Authority terminated on 7/1/2029 pursuant to Sunset Act. Effective 7/1/2030, this act is repealed.
S 6		INDUSTRIAL HEMP RESEARCH RULES		6/16/2017	Note that this bill is considered "law without signature" by the LCS.
S 21	119	SHAKEN BABY SYNDROME EDUCATIONAL MATERIALS		6/16/2017	
S 24		LOCAL GOV'T BROADBAND INFRASTRUCTURE		6/16/2017	Note that this bill is considered "law without signature" by the LCS.
S 28	21	EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT CHANGES		6/16/2017	
S 32	19	K-3 PLUS ELIGIBILITY	*	3/17/2017	
S 38	69	BRAIN INJURY TRAINING FOR STUDENT ATHLETES		7/1/2017	
S 43	120	SALE OF PUBLIC SECURITIES BY PUBLIC BODIES		7/1/2017	
S 44	22	WATER PROJECT FUND PROJECTS	*	3/18/2017	

Bill	Chapter	Title	Emerg. Clause	Effective Date	Other Dates, Notes
S 45	121	TERMINATION OF CERTAIN PARENTAL RIGHTS		7/1/2017	
S 46	122	E911 SURCHARGES ON COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES		6/16/2017	Sect. 10 N: provides that the prepaid wireless enhanced 911 surcharge applies to retail transactions occurring on or after 7/1/2017.
S 51	70	OFF-ROAD VEHICLE LICENSES & PLATES		7/1/2017	
S 53	71	PRC JURISDICTION OVER LOCAL EXCHANGES		6/16/2017	Sect. 7: requires the PRC to review the impact of provisions of the New Mexico Telecommunications Act on residential and business consumers in urban and rural areas of the state every three years, with the first review to be completed by 7/31/2019.
S 60	72	UNIFORM FIDUCIARY ACCESS TO DIGITAL ASSETS		1/1/2018	Sect. 3 A: The Revised Uniform Fiduciary Access to Digital Assets Act applies to a fiduciary acting under a will or power of attorney executed before, on or after 7/1/2017; a personal representative acting for a decedent who died before, on or after 7/1/2017; a conservatorship proceeding commenced before, on or after 7/1/2017; and a trustee acting under a trust created before, on or after 7/1/2017.
S 63	73	"EDUCATION TECHNOLOGY IMPROVEMENTS" USES		6/16/2017	
S 64		PUBLIC SCHOOL CAPITAL OUTLAY TIME PERIODS		6/16/2017	Note that this bill is considered "law without signature" by the LCS. Sect. 1 M: removes fiscal year limitation on expenditures from Public School Capital Outlay Fund for education technology infrastructure deficiency corrections initiative.
S 65	74	COURT LANGUAGE ACCESS FUND		6/16/2017	
S 67		NOTIFICATION OF TIDD TO COUNTY TREASURERS		6/16/2017	Note that this bill is considered "law without signature" by the LCS.
S 75	20	DEFERRED COMPENSATION CHANGES		6/16/2017	
S 76	75	MOVE OVER OR SLOW DOWN FOR HAZARD LIGHTS		6/16/2017	

Bill	Chapter	Title	Emerg. Clause	Effective Date	Other Dates, Notes
S 82	123	VOID CERTAIN HEALTHCARE AGREEMENTS	*	4/6/2017	Sect. 3 C: the provisions of Subsection B of Section 24-II-2 NMSA 1978 apply to agreements, or renewals or extensions of agreements, executed on or after the effective date of the act.
S 88	76	PUBLIC INSURANCE ADJUSTERS		6/16/2017	
S 91	77	CHILDHOOD SEXUAL ABUSE DAMAGE LIMITS	*	4/6/2017	
S 103	18	TRANSFER OF COLLEGE CREDITS		7/1/2017	
S 110	124	LOWER RIO GRANDE WATER WORKS RIGHTS & LIENS		6/16/2017	
S 113	2	REDUCE APPROPRIATIONS & TRANSFER FUNDS		6/16/2017	
S 114	3	SCHOOL DISTRICT CASH BALANCES	*	1/31/2017	
S 121	132	NO CONVERSION THERAPY		6/16/2017	
S 134		COMPUTER SCIENCE FOR SCHOOL GRADUATION		6/16/2017	Note that this bill is considered "law without signature" by the LCS. Sect. 1 L: applies to students entering the ninth grade in the 2017-18 school year and subsequent school years.
S 135	78	CHARTER SCHOOLS IN SCHOOL DISTRICTS		6/16/2017	
S 136	79	DRIVER'S LICENSE FOR SOME WITH ONLY 1 DWI		7/1/2017	
S 154	80	TOBACCO SETTLEMENT FUND DISTRIBUTION		6/16/2017	Sect. 1 C: in fiscal years 2009 through 2013, 2016 and 2018, the remaining 50% of the total amount of money distributed to the Tobacco Settlement Permanent Fund in that fiscal year shall be distributed from the Tobacco Settlement Permanent Fund to the Tobacco Settlement Program Fund.
S 155	32	WORKERS' COMP BENEFIT CLARIFICATION		6/16/2017	
S 171	81	LONG-TERM CARE OMBUDSMAN ACT CHANGES		6/16/2017	
S 181	82	COLLEGES AS TAX REFUND INTERCEPT CLAIMANTS		6/16/2017	
S 184		HORSE RACING LICENSES, HEALTH & TESTING		7/1/2017	Note that this bill is considered "law without signature" by the LCS.

Bill	Chapter	Title	Emerg. Clause	Effective Date	Other Dates, Notes
S 197	83	LOAN REPAYMENT FOR CERTAIN STUDENTS		6/16/2017	
S 204	84	TRANSFER VETERANS' HOME OVERSIGHT		7/1/2017	
S 213	85	SUPPORT FOR TRANSFERRING STUDENTS		6/16/2017	
S 220	125	THEFT PROTECTION PROGRAM WARRANTIES		6/16/2017	
S 221	86	ATHLETIC TRAINER SCOPE OF PRACTICE		6/16/2017	
S 222		"LOCAL PUBLIC BODY" EXEMPTION		7/1/2017	Note that this bill is considered "law without signature" by the LCS.
S 223	87	ESSENTIAL HEALTH & DISEASE FUNCTIONS		6/16/2017	
S 229	126	OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH FEDERAL COMPLIANCE	*	4/6/2017	
S 233	127	SANITARY PROJECT NEW ASSOCIATION STANDARDS		6/16/2017	Sect. 1 D: provides that after 7/1/2017, no new mutual domestic water consumers associations may be formed unless they have at least 15 connections or serve at least 25 people for at least six months per year.
S 298	88	SALE OF CORRECTIONS INDUSTRIES PRODUCTS		7/1/2017	
S 303	128	PIPELINE SAFETY ACT PENALTIES		7/1/2017	
S 308	89	PRC TO FACILITATE RURAL BROADBAND SERVICE		6/16/2017	Sect. 1 K: provides that beginning in 2018, the PRC shall make access reduction support payments in the amount made from the fund in base year 2014.
S 320	90	TRANSFER VIETNAM MEMORIAL TO GSD		6/16/2017	
S 333	91	NURSE STUDENT LOAN REPAYMENT		7/1/2017	Sect. 3 C: by 7/1/2018 and each July 1 thereafter, the Board of Nursing shall transfer to the HED the 50% portion of the nursing license renewal surcharge dedicated for loan repayment assistance for nurses in advanced practice who practice in areas of New Mexico that the HED has designated as underserved.

Bill	Chapter	Title	Emerg. Clause	Effective Date	Other Dates, Notes
S 339	92	MULTIPLE SOURCE CONTRACT DOLLAR LIMITS		7/1/2017	
S 349	129	LIVESTOCK RUNNING AT LARGE		6/16/2017	
S 356		NOTIFICATION OF PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS		7/1/2017	Note that this bill is considered "law without signature" by the LCS.
S 357	23	FALLEN POLICE OFFICER LICENSE PLATE		6/16/2017	
S 362	133	CAPITAL OUTLAY REAUTHORIZATIONS	*	4/7/2017	
S 367	130	INSURANCE CODE CHANGES		7/1/2017	
S 374	117	HUNGER-FREE STUDENTS' BILL OF RIGHTS ACT		6/16/2017	
S 380	93	MILITIA ACTIVATION FOR CYBERSECURITY THREATS	*	4/6/2017	
S 381	94	ALTERNATIVE SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION		6/16/2017	
S 387	131	REAL ESTATE BROKER LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS		1/1/2018	
S 391	95	CAPTIVE REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST INCOME		6/16/2017	Sect. 2: provisions of this act apply to taxable years beginning on or after 1/1/2017.
S 411	96	TELECOMM SURCHARGES ON MODERN TECHNOLOGIES		7/1/2017	
S 420	97	LOTTERY SCHOLARSHIP GRACE PERIOD		6/16/2017	
S 474	98	DPS TO ASSIST WITH RAPE KIT TESTING		6/16/2017	Sect. 1 B: from 7/1/18 through 6/30/21 the DPS forensic laboratory is required to assist the forensic laboratory in Bernalillo County with processing and testing sexual assault examination kits; Sect. 3: unexpended and unencumbered money in the Sexual Assault Examination Kit Fund is transferred to the General Fund on 7/1/21; Sect. 4: Section 2 of the act, which creates the Sexual Assault Examination Kit Fund, is repealed on 7/1/21.

<b>Bill</b>	<b>Chapter</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Emerg. Clause</b>	<b>Effective Date</b>	<b>Other Dates, Notes</b>
S 475	99	REQUIRE RAPE KIT POLICIES		6/16/2017	Sect. 1 A: every law enforcement agency is required no later than 10/1/2017 to develop and implement policies related to how biological material collected pursuant to a medical examination of a sexual assault victim is handled; Sect. 1 C: by November 1 of each year, law enforcement laboratories with 300 or more untested samples of biological material collected pursuant to a medical examination of a sexual assault victim are required to report to the legislature.
S 478	134	BIOSCIENCE DEVELOPMENT ACT		6/16/2017	

**EFFECTIVE DATES OF LAWS 2016, SECOND SPECIAL SESSION**  
by Bill Number

Bill	Chapter	Title	Emerg. Clause	Effective Date	Other Dates, Notes
S 2	4	TRANSFER & DISTRIBUTE TOBACCO SETTLEMENT FUND		1/4/2017	Sect. 2: provides for transfer of money from the Tobacco Settlement Permanent Fund to the FY 2016 and FY 2017 appropriation account of the General Fund; Sect. 3(A): provides for transfer of several fund balances into the FY 2017 appropriation account of the General Fund; Sect. 3(B): disencumbers appropriations to the PED and transfers balances to the FY 2017 appropriation account of the General Fund; Sect. 3(C): transfers money from the Public Project Revolving Fund to the FY 2017 appropriation account of the General Fund.
S 4	2	PUBLIC SCHOOL CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND CHANGES	*	10/7/2016	Sect. 2(N): reserves \$25 million of the Public School Capital Outlay Fund for each fiscal year from FY 2018 through FY 2022 for appropriation by the legislature to the Instructional Material Fund or to the transportation distribution of the Public School Fund.
S 6	3, p.v.	TAX PACKAGE	*	multiple - see notes	Sects. 3-5 effective 11/1/2017; all other sections effective 10/19/2016; Sect. 8: specifies that the provisions of Sect. 6 of this act apply to applications for high-wage jobs tax credits for new high-wage economic-based jobs filed with the Taxation and Revenue Department on or after 1/1/2017.
S 7	1	PUBLIC FUND DISTRIBUTION CHANGES	*	1/1/2017	Sect. 1(A): beginning 1/1/2017 and prior to 7/1/2019, provides for distribution to the Retiree Health Care Fund in a certain amount of the total amount distributed to the fund beginning 7/1/2015 and prior to 7/1/2016; Sect. 1(B): beginning 7/1/2019, provides for distribution pursuant to Sect. 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 to the Retiree Health Care Fund.
S 8	5, p.v.	CAPITAL OUTLAY PROJECT CHANGES	*	10/21/2016	

**EFFECTIVE DATES OF LAWS 2017, FIRST SPECIAL SESSION  
by Bill Number**

<b>Bill</b>	<b>Chapter</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Emerg. Clause</b>	<b>Effective Date</b>	<b>Other Dates, Notes</b>
H 1	2	SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS		5/26/17	
H 2	3	TAX, FUND & DISTRIBUTION CHANGES		8/28/17	Sect. 6 A : establishes a distribution pursuant to Section 7-1-6.1 NMSA 1978 from net receipts attributable to tax deducted pursuant to the Oil and Gas Proceeds and Pass-Through Entity Withholding Tax Act, into the Legislative Retirement Fund, beginning on 7/1/2019, in a certain amount; Sect. 25 B: the effective date of Sects. 6, 14 and 16 is 9/1/2017; Sect. 25 C: the effective date of Sects. 1-3 and 23 is 7/1/2018.
S 1	1	SEVERANCE TAX BOND PROJECT CHANGES	*	5/26/17	Sect. 1: provision for bond issuance and sale applies in FY 2017; Sect. 2: provision for bond issuance and sale applies in FY 2017 and FY 2018; Sect. 3 A: provision for diversion of governmental gross receipts tax revenue applies to FY 2018; Sect. 3 C: fund transfers apply to FY 2017 appropriation account of the General Fund; Sect. 4 B: provision for one-year suspension of severance tax bonds for water infrastructure projects applies to 2017 allocation.



**CONCORDANCE**  
**Fifty-Third Legislature, First Session, 2017**

**BILL TO CHAPTER**

<b>Legislation</b>	<b>Chapter</b>	<b>Short Title</b>	<b>Sponsor/s</b>
(An asterisk indicates a bill with an emergency clause.)			
* H 1	4 (pv)	FEED BILL	(Stapleton)
CS/ H 2	135 (pv)	GENERAL APPROPRIATION ACT OF 2017	(Lundstrom)
H 4	1	REVERT BALANCES OF CERTAIN FUNDS	(Lundstrom) (Dodge)
H 8	34	ELIMINATE CIGARETTE TAX DISTRIBUTION	(Lundstrom) (Dodge)
H 9	35	LAW ENFORCEMENT TOURNIQUET TRAINING	(Ruiloba)
H 12	8	CLOSE CERTAIN TAOS & COLFAX MAGISTRATE COURTS	(Trujillo CH)
CS/ H 15	36	DATA BREACH NOTIFICATION ACT	(Rehm)
H 24	24	STATE TRUST LANDS RESTORATION FUND	(Ezzell)
H 29	11	CARLSBAD BRINE WELL AUTHORITY & FUND	(Brown)
H 31	17	DRIVER'S LICENSE FOR SOME WITH ONLY 1 DWI	(Lewis)
H 34	25	PAYMENT OF STATE RETIREMENT BENEFITS	(Gonzales) (White)
H 41	68	ALTERNATIVE LEVEL 3-B ADMINISTRATOR LICENSE	(Roch) (Salazar T)
H 42	42	INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL DEFINITIONS & FUND	(Stapleton)
CS/ H 58	137	RULEMAKING REQUIREMENTS	(Gentry) (Trujillo L)
H 60	6	BROADBAND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT	(Trujillo CA) (Candelaria)
H 64	100	WASTEWATER SYSTEM FINANCING	(Crowder) (Martinez)
CS/CS/ H 75	33	LIMIT SCHOOL USE OF RESTRAINT & SECLUSION	(Smith) (Armstrong D)
H 77	13	TRANSPORTATION NETWORK COMPANY ACT CHANGES	(Trujillo J)
H 80	37	INSURANCE BROKER PAYMENTS TO ESTATES	(Gentry)
H 83	26	NATIONAL GUARD EMPLOYMENT PROTECTION	(Rodella)
CS/ H 92	92	STRICTER GAME & FISH VIOLATION PENALTIES	(Baldonado)
H 97	14	MUNICIPAL LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS TRUST	(Adkins) (Ely)
H 98	101	PAPER BALLOT ACCESS FOR BLIND VOTERS	(Salazar T) (Ivey-Soto)
H 110	27	BENCH WARRANT JURISDICTION	(Garcia Richard)
CS/ H 113	7	STATEWIDE BROADBAND NETWORK	(Smith) (Ivey-Soto)
CS/ H 122	16	BAN CERTAIN PHARMACY FEES	(Trujillo CA)
H 127	15	ELECTRONIC INSURANCE CLAIMS PAYMENT	(Gentry)
H 131	39	COURT DISPUTE RESOLUTION FEE SCALE	(Maestas Barnes)
CS/CS/ H 138	136	LACTATION CONSULTANT PRACTICE ACT	(Trujillo L) (Ivey-Soto)
H 147	40	WORKFORCE TRAINING RESIDENCY REQUIREMENT	(Dodge) (McCamley)
H 162	9	LOCAL OPTION FOR LIQUOR SALES HOURS	(Johnson) (Lundstrom)
H 181	41	UNIFORM PARTITION OF HEIRS PROPERTY ACT	(Cook)
H 188	42	ENGINEER & SURVEYOR REQUIREMENTS	(Larrañaga)
H 197	12	PUBLIC ACCOUNTANCY RESIDENCY	(Harper)
CS/ H 199	102	DISTRIBUTED GENERATION CONSUMER PROTECTION	(Rodella) (Alcon)
H 209	43	ALLOW WOMEN TO SERVE IN ANY STATE MILITIA	(Garcia Richard) (Payne)
CS/CS/ H 215	103	PHYSICIAN & ASSISTANT COLLABORATION	(Thomson)
H 218	30	LITTER CONTROL & LANDSCAPE BEAUTIFICATION	(Dow)
CS/ H 219	44	TRANSFER ANIMAL SHELTERING BOARD	(Hall)
CS/ H 229	28	HORSE RACING LICENSES, HEALTH & TESTING	(Ezzell)
H 230	10	RACE DAY REQUIREMENTS CHANGE	(Ezzell)
H 231	45	TERMINATE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COMMISSION	(Smith) (Cisneros)
H 249	46	COLLEGE SPECIAL EVENT GROSS RECEIPTS	(Martinez R) (Ferrary)
H 256	29	DRINKING WATER SYSTEM FINANCING	(Powdrell-Culbert) (Herrell)
H 257	31	CRANE OPERATORS SAFETY ACT	(Trujillo L)
* H 259	47	PURCHASE OF EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS GEAR	(Powdrell-Culbert)

Legislation	Chapter	Short Title	Sponsor/s	
(An asterisk indicates a bill with an emergency clause.)				
CS/	H 260	48	REGULATION OF BIOSIMILAR PRODUCTS	(Armstrong D)
*	H 261	5	ADDITIONAL COURT FUNDING	(Gentry) (Cook)
	H 262	49	SUNDAY LIQUOR SALES ON DECEMBER 31	(Trujillo J)
*	H 268	50	PUBLIC PROJECT REVOLVING FUND PROJECTS	(Lundstrom) (Powdrell-Culbert)
	H 274	51	IMMUNIZATIONS FOR CERTAIN SENIOR CITIZENS	(Rodella) (Armstrong D)
CS/	H 276	104	CHECK CASHING SERVICE LICENSURE	(Strickler) (Clahchischillage)
CS/	H 295	52	LICENSING BOARD MEMBERSHIP & SUNSETS	(Hall)
	H 301	53	SUPPORT FOR TRANSFERRING STUDENTS	(Gallegos DY) (Chasey)
	H 302	54	REDEFINING "AUTOCYCLE"	(Trujillo CA)
	H 305	105	COMPLIANCE INSPECTIONS FOR FOOD SAFETY LAWS	(Sweetser)
	H 317	55	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT DESIGN CONTRACT TIMES	(Dodge) (Lundstrom)
*	H 321	56	ACTING SHERIFFS DURING VACANCIES	(Gallegos DM) (Sweetser)
	H 322	57	LIQUEFIED NATURAL GAS DEFINITIONS	(Crowder)
CS/CS/	H 326	106	PROTECTION OF VULNERABLE ADULTS	(Maestas Barnes) (Salazar N)
	H 330	107	ARCHITECTURAL ACT VIOLATION PENALTIES	(Larrañaga)
	H 336	58	STOP LOSS INSURANCE	(Cook)
	H 341	108	EXEMPT EYEBROW THREADING FROM LICENSING	(Youngblood)
	H 345	109	REMOVE COMMUTER SERVICES IN MOTOR CARRIER ACT	(Gonzales)
CS/CS/	H 347	110	INSTALLMENT LOAN FEE LIMITS & LITERACY FUND	(Lundstrom) (Rodella)
	H 361	111	RESIDENT DIRECTORS OF NM BANKS	(Cook)
CS/	H 370	59	OPIOID OVERDOSE EDUCATION	(Maestas Barnes) (Dow)
	H 375	112	HAIRSTYLIST LICENSES & BOARD REPRESENTATION	(Youngblood)
	H 377	60	WEIGHT DISTANCE TAX FUND RECIPIENTS	(Gonzales)
	H 385	61	JUROR MILEAGE REIMBURSEMENT	(Ely)
	H 387	113	REPEAL DEPT. OF AG FEES & ASSESSMENTS	(Gomez)
	H 394	62	GUARDIANSHIP AFFIDAVIT & PRE-SCHOOL CARE	(Martinez R) (Martinez J)
	H 408	63	TAX LIABILITY CHANGES & DEFINITIONS	(Trujillo CA)
	H 411	64	POINTS OF CONTACT FOR CERTAIN STUDENTS	(Gallegos DY) (Kernan)
	H 415	114	STATE AGENCY WASTEWATER PROJECT FINANCING	(Crowder) (Martinez R)
	H 444	115	TAX CONTRIBUTIONS FOR VIETNAM MEMORIAL	(Wooley) (Crowder)
	H 453	65	ELIMINATE SOME SCHOOL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS	(Roch)
	H 477	66	COMMUNITY SCHOOLS INITIATIVES	(Hall) (Gonzales)
CS/	H 513	67	FED HOME LOAN BANK & DEPOSIT OF PUBLIC FUNDS	(Egolf)
CS/CS/	H 536	116	TAX REFUNDS FOR RAPE KIT PROCESSING	(Gomez)
	S 4	118	CARLSBAD BRINE WELL AUTHORITY & FUND	(Leavell)
	S 21	119	SHAKEN BABY SYNDROME EDUCATIONAL MATERIALS	(Padilla)
	S 28	21	EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT CHANGES	(Kernan)
*	S 32	19	K-3 PLUS ELIGIBILITY	(Kernan)
	S 38	69	BRAIN INJURY TRAINING FOR STUDENT ATHLETES	(Soules)
	S 43	120	SALE OF PUBLIC SECURITIES BY PUBLIC BODIES	(Cervantes)
*	S 44	22	WATER PROJECT FUND PROJECTS	(Cervantes)
	S 45	121	TERMINATION OF CERTAIN PARENTAL RIGHTS	(Ivey-Soto) (Louis)
CS/	S 46	122	E911 SURCHARGES ON COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES	(Neville)
	S 51	70	OFF-ROAD VEHICLE LICENSES & PLATES	(Neville)
	S 53	71	PRC JURISDICTION OVER LOCAL EXCHANGES	(Padilla)
	S 60	72	UNIFORM FIDUCIARY ACCESS TO DIGITAL ASSETS	(Wirth)
	S 63	73	"EDUCATION TECHNOLOGY IMPROVEMENTS" USES	(Stewart) (Smith)
	S 65	74	COURT LANGUAGE ACCESS FUND	(Stewart)
	S 75	20	DEFERRED COMPENSATION CHANGES	(White) (Gonzales)
	S 76	75	MOVE OVER OR SLOW DOWN FOR HAZARD LIGHTS	(White) (Gonzales)
* CS/	S 82	123	VOID CERTAIN HEALTHCARE AGREEMENTS	(Ortiz y Pino)

Legislation	Chapter	Short Title	Sponsor/s
(An asterisk indicates a bill with an emergency clause.)			
CS/ S 88	76	PUBLIC INSURANCE ADJUSTERS	(Leavell)
* CS/ S 91	77	CHILDHOOD SEXUAL ABUSE DAMAGE LIMITS	(Papen) (Thomson)
S 103	18	TRANSFER OF COLLEGE CREDITS	(Kernan)
S 110	124	LOWER RIO GRANDE WATER WORKS RIGHTS & LIENS	(Cervantes)
S 113	2 (pv)	REDUCE APPROPRIATIONS & TRANSFER FUNDS	(Smith) (Cisneros)
* CS/ S 114	3	SCHOOL DISTRICT CASH BALANCES	(Neville) (Smith)
S 121	132	NO CONVERSION THERAPY	(Candelaria) (Romero)
CS/ S 135	78	CHARTER SCHOOLS IN SCHOOL DISTRICTS	(Munoz)
S 136	79	DRIVER'S LICENSE FOR SOME WITH ONLY 1 DWI	(Munoz)
S 154	80	TOBACCO SETTLEMENT FUND DISTRIBUTION	(Smith)
CS/ S 155	32	WORKERS' COMP BENEFIT CLARIFICATION	(Candelaria)
S 171	81	LONG-TERM CARE OMBUDSMAN ACT CHANGES	(Kernan)
S 181	82	COLLEGES AS TAX REFUND INTERCEPT CLAIMANTS	(Shendo)
CS/ S 197	83	LOAN REPAYMENT FOR CERTAIN STUDENTS	(Campos)
S 204	84	TRANSFER VETERANS' HOME OVERSIGHT	(Payne)
S 213	85	SUPPORT FOR TRANSFERRING STUDENTS	(Kernan)
CS/ S 220	125	THEFT PROTECTION PROGRAM WARRANTIES	(Sapient)
CS/ S 221	86	ATHLETIC TRAINER SCOPE OF PRACTICE	(O'Neill) (McCamley)
S 223	87	ESSENTIAL HEALTH & DISEASE FUNCTIONS	(Ivey-Soto) (Smith)
* S 229	126	OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH FEDERAL COMPLIANCE	(Kernan) (Leavell)
S 233	127	SANITARY PROJECT NEW ASSOCIATION STANDARDS	(Griggs) (Fajardo)
S 298	88	SALE OF CORRECTIONS INDUSTRIES PRODUCTS	(O'Neill)
S 303	128	PIPELINE SAFETY ACT PENALTIES	(Martinez)
S 308	89	PRC TO FACILITATE RURAL BROADBAND SERVICE	(Padilla)
S 320	90	TRANSFER VIETNAM MEMORIAL TO GSD	(Campos)
S 333	91	NURSE STUDENT LOAN REPAYMENT	(Kernan)
CS/ S 339	92	MULTIPLE SOURCE CONTRACT DOLLAR LIMITS	(Payne)
S 349	129	LIVESTOCK RUNNING AT LARGE	(Cisneros)
S 357	23	FALLEN POLICE OFFICER LICENSE PLATE	(Smith)
* CS/ S 362	133	CAPITAL OUTLAY REAUTHORIZATIONS	(Cisneros)
S 367	130	INSURANCE CODE CHANGES	(Leavell)
S 374	117	HUNGER-FREE STUDENTS' BILL OF RIGHTS ACT	(Padilla) (Lopez)
* S 380	93	MILITIA ACTIVATION FOR CYBERSECURITY THREATS	(Payne)
CS/ S 381	94	ALTERNATIVE SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION	(Woods)
S 387	131	REAL ESTATE BROKER LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS	(White)
S 391	95	CAPTIVE REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST INCOME	(Wirth)
CS/ S 411	96	TELECOMM SURCHARGES ON MODERN TECHNOLOGIES	(Rodriguez)
S 420	97	LOTTERY SCHOLARSHIP GRACE PERIOD	(Soules)
CS/ S 474	98	DPS TO ASSIST WITH RAPE KIT TESTING	(Stewart)
S 475	99	REQUIRE RAPE KIT POLICIES	(Stewart)
CS/ S 478	134	BIOSCIENCE DEVELOPMENT ACT	(Munoz)

CHAPTER TO BILL

Chapter	Date Signed	Legislation	Short Title	Sponsor/s
(An asterisk indicates a bill with an emergency clause.)				
1	Jan. 31	H 4	REVERT BALANCES OF CERTAIN FUNDS	(Lundstrom) (Dodge)
2 (pv)	Jan. 31	S 113	REDUCE APPROPRIATIONS & TRANSFER FUNDS	(Smith) (Cisneros)
3	Jan. 31	* CS/ S 114	SCHOOL DISTRICT CASH BALANCES	(Neville) (Smith)
4 (pv)	Feb. 2	* H 1	FEED BILL	(Stapleton)
5	Feb. 24	* H 261	ADDITIONAL COURT FUNDING	(Gentry) (Cook)
6	Mar. 8	H 60	BROADBAND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT	(Trujillo CA) (Candelaria)
7	Mar. 8	CS/ H 113	STATEWIDE BROADBAND NETWORK	(Smith) (Ivey-Soto)
8	Mar. 11	H 12	CLOSE CERTAIN TAOS & COLFAX MAGISTRATE COURTS	(Trujillo CH)
9	Mar. 14	H 162	LOCAL OPTION FOR LIQUOR SALES HOURS	(Johnson) (Lundstrom)
10	Mar. 14	H 230	RACE DAY REQUIREMENTS CHANGE	(Ezzell)
11	Mar. 16	H 29	CARLSBAD BRINE WELL AUTHORITY & FUND	(Brown)
12	Mar. 16	H 197	PUBLIC ACCOUNTANCY RESIDENCY	(Harper)
13	Mar. 17	H 77	TRANSPORTATION NETWORK COMPANY ACT CHANGES	(Trujillo J)
14	Mar. 17	H 97	MUNICIPAL LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS TRUST	(Adkins) (Ely)
15	Mar. 17	H 127	ELECTRONIC INSURANCE CLAIMS PAYMENT	(Gentry)
16	Mar. 17	CS/ H 122	BAN CERTAIN PHARMACY FEES	(Trujillo CA)
17	Mar. 17	H 31	DRIVER'S LICENSE FOR SOME WITH ONLY 1 DWI	(Lewis)
18	Mar. 17	S 103	TRANSFER OF COLLEGE CREDITS	(Kernan)
19	Mar. 17	* S 32	K-3 PLUS ELIGIBILITY	(Kernan)
20	Mar. 17	S 75	DEFERRED COMPENSATION CHANGES	(White) (Gonzales)
21	Mar. 17	S 28	EDUCATIONAL RETIREMENT CHANGES	(Kernan)
22	Mar. 18	* S 44	WATER PROJECT FUND PROJECTS	(Cervantes)
23	Mar. 18	S 357	FALLEN POLICE OFFICER LICENSE PLATE	(Smith)
24	Mar. 29	H 24	STATE TRUST LANDS RESTORATION FUND	(Ezzell)
25	Mar. 29	H 34	PAYMENT OF STATE RETIREMENT BENEFITS	(Gonzales) (White)
26	Mar. 29	H 83	NATIONAL GUARD EMPLOYMENT PROTECTION	(Rodella)
27	Mar. 30	H 110	BENCH WARRANT JURISDICTION	(Garcia Richard)
28	Mar. 30	CS/ H 229	HORSE RACING LICENSES, HEALTH & TESTING	(Ezzell)
29	Mar. 30	H 256	DRINKING WATER SYSTEM FINANCING	(Powdrell-Culbert) (Herrell)
30	Mar. 31	H 218	LITTER CONTROL & LANDSCAPE BEAUTIFICATION	(Dow)
31	Mar. 31	H 257	CRANE OPERATORS SAFETY ACT	(Trujillo L)
32	Apr. 3	CS/ S 155	WORKERS' COMP BENEFIT CLARIFICATION	(Candelaria)
33	Apr. 3	CS/CS/ H 75	LIMIT SCHOOL USE OF RESTRAINT & SECLUSION	(Smith) (Armstrong D)
34	Apr. 6	H 8	ELIMINATE CIGARETTE TAX DISTRIBUTION	(Lundstrom) (Dodge)
35	Apr. 6	H 9	LAW ENFORCEMENT TOURNIQUET TRAINING	(Ruiloba)
36	Apr. 6	CS/ H 15	DATA BREACH NOTIFICATION ACT	(Rehm)
37	Apr. 6	H 80	INSURANCE BROKER PAYMENTS TO ESTATES	(Gentry)
39	Apr. 6	H 131	COURT DISPUTE RESOLUTION FEE SCALE	(Maestas Barnes)
40	Apr. 6	H 147	WORKFORCE TRAINING RESIDENCY REQUIREMENT	(Dodge) (McCamley)
41	Apr. 6	H 181	UNIFORM PARTITION OF HEIRS PROPERTY ACT	(Cook)
42	Apr. 6	H 42	INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL DEFINITIONS & FUND	(Stapleton)
42	Apr. 6	H 188	ENGINEER & SURVEYOR REQUIREMENTS	(Larrañaga)
43	Apr. 6	H 209	ALLOW WOMEN TO SERVE IN ANY STATE MILITIA	(Garcia Richard) (Payne)
44	Apr. 6	CS/ H 219	TRANSFER ANIMAL SHELTERING BOARD	(Hall)
45	Apr. 6	H 231	TERMINATE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COMMISSION	(Smith) (Cisneros)
46	Apr. 6	H 249	COLLEGE SPECIAL EVENT GROSS RECEIPTS	(Martinez R) (Ferrary)
47	Apr. 6	* H 259	PURCHASE OF EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS GEAR	(Powdrell-Culbert)
48	Apr. 6	CS/ H 260	REGULATION OF BIOSIMILAR PRODUCTS	(Armstrong D)

Chapter	Date Signed	Legislation	Short Title	Sponsor/s
(An asterisk indicates a bill with an emergency clause.)				
49	Apr. 6	H 262	SUNDAY LIQUOR SALES ON DECEMBER 31	(Trujillo J)
50	Apr. 6	* H 268	PUBLIC PROJECT REVOLVING FUND PROJECTS	(Lundstrom) (Powdrell-Culbert)
51	Apr. 6	H 274	IMMUNIZATIONS FOR CERTAIN SENIOR CITIZENS	(Rodella) (Armstrong D)
52	Apr. 6	CS/ H 295	LICENSING BOARD MEMBERSHIP & SUNSETS	(Hall)
53	Apr. 6	H 301	SUPPORT FOR TRANSFERRING STUDENTS	(Gallegos DY) (Chasey)
54	Apr. 6	H 302	REDEFINING "AUTOCYCLE"	(Trujillo CA)
55	Apr. 6	H 317	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT DESIGN CONTRACT TIMES	(Dodge) (Lundstrom)
56	Apr. 6	* H 321	ACTING SHERIFFS DURING VACANCIES	(Gallegos DM) (Sweetser)
57	Apr. 6	H 322	LIQUEFIED NATURAL GAS DEFINITIONS	(Crowder)
58	Apr. 6	H 336	STOP LOSS INSURANCE	(Cook)
59	Apr. 6	CS/ H 370	OPIOID OVERDOSE EDUCATION	(Maestas Barnes) (Dow)
60	Apr. 6	H 377	WEIGHT DISTANCE TAX FUND RECIPIENTS	(Gonzales)
61	Apr. 6	H 385	JUROR MILEAGE REIMBURSEMENT	(Ely)
62	Apr. 6	H 394	GUARDIANSHIP AFFIDAVIT & PRE-SCHOOL CARE	(Martinez R) (Martinez J)
63	Apr. 6	H 408	TAX LIABILITY CHANGES & DEFINITIONS	(Trujillo CA)
64	Apr. 6	H 411	POINTS OF CONTACT FOR CERTAIN STUDENTS	(Gallegos DY) (Kernan)
65	Apr. 6	H 453	ELIMINATE SOME SCHOOL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS	(Roch)
66	Apr. 6	H 477	COMMUNITY SCHOOLS INITIATIVES	(Hall) (Gonzales)
67	Apr. 6	CS/ H 513	FED HOME LOAN BANK & DEPOSIT OF PUBLIC FUNDS	(Egolf)
68	Apr. 6	H 41	ALTERNATIVE LEVEL 3-B ADMINISTRATOR LICENSE	(Roch) (Salazar T)
69	Apr. 6	S 38	BRAIN INJURY TRAINING FOR STUDENT ATHLETES	(Soules)
70	Apr. 6	S 51	OFF-ROAD VEHICLE LICENSES & PLATES	(Neville)
71	Apr. 6	S 53	PRC JURISDICTION OVER LOCAL EXCHANGES	(Padilla)
72	Apr. 6	S 60	UNIFORM FIDUCIARY ACCESS TO DIGITAL ASSETS	(Wirth)
73	Apr. 6	S 63	"EDUCATION TECHNOLOGY IMPROVEMENTS" USES	(Stewart) (Smith)
74	Apr. 6	S 65	COURT LANGUAGE ACCESS FUND	(Stewart)
75	Apr. 6	S 76	MOVE OVER OR SLOW DOWN FOR HAZARD LIGHTS	(White) (Gonzales)
76	Apr. 6	CS/ S 88	PUBLIC INSURANCE ADJUSTERS	(Leavell)
77	Apr. 6	*CS/ S 91	CHILDHOOD SEXUAL ABUSE DAMAGE LIMITS	(Papen) (Thomson)
78	Apr. 6	CS/ S 135	CHARTER SCHOOLS IN SCHOOL DISTRICTS	(Munoz)
79	Apr. 6	S 136	DRIVER'S LICENSE FOR SOME WITH ONLY 1 DWI	(Munoz)
80	Apr. 6	S 154	TOBACCO SETTLEMENT FUND DISTRIBUTION	(Smith)
81	Apr. 6	S 171	LONG-TERM CARE OMBUDSMAN ACT CHANGES	(Kernan)
82	Apr. 6	S 181	COLLEGES AS TAX REFUND INTERCEPT CLAIMANTS	(Shendo)
83	Apr. 6	CS/ S 197	LOAN REPAYMENT FOR CERTAIN STUDENTS	(Campos)
84	Apr. 6	S 204	TRANSFER VETERANS' HOME OVERSIGHT	(Payne)
85	Apr. 6	S 213	SUPPORT FOR TRANSFERRING STUDENTS	(Kernan)
86	Apr. 6	CS/ S 221	ATHLETIC TRAINER SCOPE OF PRACTICE	(O'Neill) (McCamley)
87	Apr. 6	S 223	ESSENTIAL HEALTH & DISEASE FUNCTIONS	(Ivey-Soto) (Smith)
88	Apr. 6	S 298	SALE OF CORRECTIONS INDUSTRIES PRODUCTS	(O'Neill)
89	Apr. 6	S 308	PRC TO FACILITATE RURAL BROADBAND SERVICE	(Padilla)
90	Apr. 6	S 320	TRANSFER VIETNAM MEMORIAL TO GSD	(Campos)
91	Apr. 6	S 333	NURSE STUDENT LOAN REPAYMENT	(Kernan)
92	Apr. 6	CS/ H 92	STRICTER GAME & FISH VIOLATION PENALTIES	(Baldonado)
92	Apr. 6	CS/ S 339	MULTIPLE SOURCE CONTRACT DOLLAR LIMITS	(Payne)
93	Apr. 6	* S 380	MILITIA ACTIVATION FOR CYBERSECURITY THREATS	(Payne)
94	Apr. 6	CS/ S 381	ALTERNATIVE SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION	(Woods)
95	Apr. 6	S 391	CAPTIVE REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST INCOME	(Wirth)
96	Apr. 6	CS/ S 411	TELECOMM SURCHARGES ON MODERN TECHNOLOGIES	(Rodriguez)
97	Apr. 6	S 420	LOTTERY SCHOLARSHIP GRACE PERIOD	(Soules)

**APPENDIX E**

Chapter	Date Signed	Legislation	Short Title	Sponsor/s
(An asterisk indicates a bill with an emergency clause.)				
98	Apr. 6	CS/ S	474 DPS TO ASSIST WITH RAPE KIT TESTING	(Stewart)
99	Apr. 6	S	475 REQUIRE RAPE KIT POLICIES	(Stewart)
100	Apr. 6	H	64 WASTEWATER SYSTEM FINANCING	(Crowder) (Martinez)
101	Apr. 6	H	98 PAPER BALLOT ACCESS FOR BLIND VOTERS	(Salazar T) (Ivey-Soto)
102	Apr. 6	CS/ H	199 DISTRIBUTED GENERATION CONSUMER PROTECTION	(Rodella) (Alcon)
103	Apr. 6	CS/CS/ H	215 PHYSICIAN & ASSISTANT COLLABORATION	(Thomson)
104	Apr. 6	CS/ H	276 CHECK CASHING SERVICE LICENSURE	(Strickler) (Clahchischilliage)
105	Apr. 6	H	305 COMPLIANCE INSPECTIONS FOR FOOD SAFETY LAWS	(Sweetser)
106	Apr. 6	CS/CS/ H	326 PROTECTION OF VULNERABLE ADULTS	(Maestas Barnes) (Salazar N)
107	Apr. 6	H	330 ARCHITECTURAL ACT VIOLATION PENALTIES	(Larrañaga)
108	Apr. 6	H	341 EXEMPT EYEBROW THREADING FROM LICENSING	(Youngblood)
109	Apr. 6	H	345 REMOVE COMMUTER SERVICES IN MOTOR CARRIER ACT	(Gonzales)
110	Apr. 6	CS/CS/ H	347 INSTALLMENT LOAN FEE LIMITS & LITERACY FUND	(Lundstrom) (Rodella)
111	Apr. 6	H	361 RESIDENT DIRECTORS OF NM BANKS	(Cook)
112	Apr. 6	H	375 HAIRSTYLIST LICENSES & BOARD REPRESENTATION	(Youngblood)
113	Apr. 6	H	387 REPEAL DEPT. OF AG FEES & ASSESSMENTS	(Gomez)
114	Apr. 6	H	415 STATE AGENCY WASTEWATER PROJECT FINANCING	(Crowder) (Martinez R)
115	Apr. 6	H	444 TAX CONTRIBUTIONS FOR VIETNAM MEMORIAL	(Wooley) (Crowder)
116	Apr. 6	CS/CS/ H	536 TAX REFUNDS FOR RAPE KIT PROCESSING	(Gomez)
117	Apr. 6	S	374 HUNGER-FREE STUDENTS' BILL OF RIGHTS ACT	(Padilla) (Lopez)
118	Apr. 6	S	4 CARLSBAD BRINE WELL AUTHORITY & FUND	(Leavell)
119	Apr. 6	S	21 SHAKEN BABY SYNDROME EDUCATIONAL MATERIALS	(Padilla)
120	Apr. 6	S	43 SALE OF PUBLIC SECURITIES BY PUBLIC BODIES	(Cervantes)
121	Apr. 6	S	45 TERMINATION OF CERTAIN PARENTAL RIGHTS	(Ivey-Soto) (Louis)
122	Apr. 6	CS/ S	46 E911 SURCHARGES ON COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES	(Neville)
123	Apr. 6	*CS/ S	82 VOID CERTAIN HEALTHCARE AGREEMENTS	(Ortiz y Pino)
124	Apr. 6	S	110 LOWER RIO GRANDE WATER WORKS RIGHTS & LIENS	(Cervantes)
125	Apr. 6	CS/ S	220 THEFT PROTECTION PROGRAM WARRANTIES	(Sapient)
126	Apr. 6	* S	229 OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH FEDERAL COMPLIANCE	(Kernan) (Leavell)
127	Apr. 6	S	233 SANITARY PROJECT NEW ASSOCIATION STANDARDS	(Griggs) (Fajardo)
128	Apr. 6	S	303 PIPELINE SAFETY ACT PENALTIES	(Martinez)
129	Apr. 6	S	349 LIVESTOCK RUNNING AT LARGE	(Cisneros)
130	Apr. 6	S	367 INSURANCE CODE CHANGES	(Leavell)
131	Apr. 6	S	387 REAL ESTATE BROKER LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS	(White)
132	Apr. 7	S	121 NO CONVERSION THERAPY	(Candelaria) (Romero)
133	Apr. 7	*CS/ S	362 CAPITAL OUTLAY REAUTHORIZATIONS	(Cisneros)
134	Apr. 7	CS/ S	478 BIOSCIENCE DEVELOPMENT ACT	(Munoz)
135 (pv)	Apr. 7	CS/ H	2 GENERAL APPROPRIATION ACT OF 2017	(Lundstrom)
136	Apr. 7	CS/CS/ H	138 LACTATION CONSULTANT PRACTICE ACT	(Trujillo L) (Ivey-Soto)
137	Apr. 7	CS/ H	58 RULEMAKING REQUIREMENTS	(Gentry) (Trujillo L)

**CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS**

Legislation	Constitutional Amendment	Short Title	Sponsor/s
CS/ HJR 8	C.A. 2	STATE ETHICS COMMISSION, CA	(Dines) (Steinborn)
CS/ SJR 1	C.A. 1	STATUTORY APPELLATE JURISDICTION, CA	(Wirth) (Maestas)

## VETOED BILLS

Legislation	Short Title	Sponsor/s	Action
(An asterisk indicates a bill with an emergency clause.)			
H	35	PARTITIONS AS LAND GRANTS-MERCEDES	(Salazar T) (Garcia MP) Pocket Veto
H	63	LOCAL OPTION FUEL TAX	(Crowder) (Gonzales) Pocket Veto
H	85	INVESTIGATION OF BOARD & CARE FACILITIES	(Armstrong D) Veto
H	86	CAREGIVER LEAVE ACT	(Armstrong D) (Padilla) Veto
H	87	DIABETES COMMITTEE	(Armstrong D) Veto
CS/	H 88	STUDENT LOAN REPAYMENT FOR CERTAIN STUDENTS	(Salazar T) Pocket Veto
H	91	SANTA TERESA PORT-OF-ENTRY HOURS	(McCamley) Veto
CS/	H 105	INNOVATIONS IN TEACHING ACT	(Romero) (Small) Veto
H	108	TRANSFER OF COLLEGE CREDITS	(Garcia Richard) Pocket Veto
FL/	H 111	TRADITIONAL HISTORIC COMMUNITY QUALIFICATIONS	(Gonzales) Pocket Veto
H	124	TEACHER COMPETENCY FOR LICENSURE ADVANCEMENT	(Stapleton) Veto
H	125	TEACHER & PRINCIPAL EVALUATION SYSTEM	(Stapleton) Veto
H	132	MOBILITY LIMITATION LICENSE PLATE	(Maestas Barnes) Veto
H	137	COUNTY SUBDIVISION RECORDS FILING	(Trujillo L) (Ivey-Soto) Pocket Veto
H	139	HEALTH CARE COVERAGE ID CARDS	(Ferrary) (McCamley) Veto
H	157	FIREFIGHTER PTSD & MENTAL HEALTH	(Armstrong D) (Padilla) Veto
H	164	CONSERVANCY DISTRICT ROADWAY LIABILITY	(Small) Veto
CS/	H 174	LOCAL ELECTION ACT	(Smith) (Ivey-Soto) Pocket Veto
FL/CS/	H 175	ISOLATED CONFINEMENT ACT	(Maestas) (Lundstrom) Veto
CS/	H 176	MUNI ENVIRO SERVICES GROSS RECEIPTS	(Ezzell) (Nibert) Pocket Veto
CS/CS/	H 179	PREGNANT WORKER ACCOMMODATION ACT	(Chasey) (Armstrong D) Veto
CS/	H 185	LIMIT STATEWIDE SCHOOL TESTING DAYS	(Ferrary) (Trujillo L) Veto
H	191	OIL & GAS SCHOOL TAX TO STABILIZATION RESERVE	(Larrañaga) Veto
CS/	H 202	TAX OF BUSINESSES WITHOUT PHYSICAL PRESENCE	(Trujillo CA) Veto
H	211	SCHOOL NEXT GENERATION SCIENCE STANDARDS	(Romero) (McCamley) Veto
H	227	USE OF PUBLIC DATABASES	(McQueen) Veto
H	233	UNIVERSITY POLICE OFFICER JURISDICTION	(Ruiloba) Pocket Veto
H	241	USE OF ATTENDANCE IN TEACHER EVALUATIONS	(Harper) (Roch) Veto
CS/	H 243	INFO AVAILABLE AT MAMMOGRAPHY FACILITIES	(Thomson) Pocket Veto
H	251	PARTICIPATION IN LOCAL GOV'T INVESTMENT POOL	(Stapleton) (Salazar T) Veto
H	253	OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY SCOPE OF PRACTICE	(Thomson) (Armstrong D) Pocket Veto
H	265	EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANT PROBATION PERIOD	(Roybal Caballero) Veto
H	266	SHORT-TERM RENTAL OCCUPANCY TAX	(Trujillo CA) Veto
H	277	LACTATION POLICIES FOR FEMALE INMATES	(Maestas Barnes) (Padilla) Pocket Veto
H	281	TRANSFER OF CAR TITLES UPON DEATH OF OWNER	(Herrell) Veto
CS/	H 287	STUDENT DIABETES MANAGEMENT ACT	(Dodge) Veto
H	289	AGRICULTURE IN ECON DEVELOPMENT FINANCE ACT	(Small) (Sweetser) Veto
H	299	REGISTERED LAY MIDWIVES AS PRACTITIONERS	(Harper) (Armstrong D) Pocket Veto
H	304	COMPLETED AUDITS TO BOARD OF FINANCE	(Martinez R) Veto
H	306	INTERVENTIONS FOR SOME NONVIOLENT OFFENDERS	(Stapleton) (Thomson) Veto
H	307	CAREER-TECHNICAL PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT	(Stapleton) (Trujillo CH) Veto
H	342	COMMUNITY DEV FINANCIAL INSTITUTION ACT	(Louis) Pocket Veto
H	349	YIELD TO TRANSIT BUSES DISPLAYING YIELD SIGN	(Gonzales) Pocket Veto
CS/	H 364	CONTACT LENSES PRESCRIPTIONS	(Armstrong D) (Stapleton) Veto
CS/CS/	H 374	HOMEOWNER DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE FEE CAP	(Youngblood) Veto
CS/	H 390	EQUINE RESCUE & SHELTER RIGHT OF REFUSAL	(Small) Pocket Veto
*	H 393	CHILE LICENSE PLATES	(Brown) Veto
H	421	NONPROFIT ENTITY GROUP HEALTH COVERAGE	(Brown) (Dodge) Pocket Veto
H	423	INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT ZONE MEETINGS	(Trujillo L) (Rodriguez) Pocket Veto

Legislation	Short Title	Sponsor/s	Action
(An asterisk indicates a bill with an emergency clause.)			
CS/ H	428 REVISE CERTAIN CRIMINAL PENALTIES	(Maestas)	Veto
H	442 MINIMUM WAGE & WAGE-RELATED CONDUCT	(Rodella) (Egolf)	Veto
CS/ H	459 BEEF COUNCIL ASSESSMENT OPT-OUT	(Gomez)	Veto
H	484 SCHOOL INDIAN STUDENT NEEDS ASSESSMENTS	(Lente)	Veto
CS/ H	512 TAXES ON PARK MODEL RV'S	(Egolf)	Pocket Veto
*CS/ H	527 MEDICAL MARIJUANA CHANGES	(Gentry)	Veto
S	2 ADDITIONAL AGENCY INFO TO STATE AUDITOR	(Rue)	Veto
S	11 CHILD EARLY INTERVENTION REIMBURSEMENT BASIS	(Ortiz y Pino)	Veto
S	12 LEGAL SERVICES FOR LAND GRANTS & ACEQUIAS	(Ortiz y Pino) (Garcia MP)	Pocket Veto
S	17 CAVE EXPLORATION LANDOWNER LIABILITY	(Soules)	Veto
S	19 FOSTER CARE BY OTHER FAMILY MEMBERS	(Padilla)	Veto
S	30 ESTABLISH & STUDY TEACHER COST INDEX	(Morales) (Roch)	Veto
S	39 "CURRENT YEAR MEM" IN SCHOOL CODE	(Morales)	Veto
S	47 FURTHER OVERDOSE ASSISTANCE IMMUNITY	(Martinez)	Veto
* S	49 CREATE JUDGE PRO TEMPORE FUND	(Martinez)	Pocket Veto
S	52 RONALD MCDONALD HOUSE LICENSE PLATES	(Neville)	Pocket Veto
S	61 ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION PRIVACY ACT	(Wirth) (Dines)	Veto
S	69 MOBILITY LIMITATION TRANSPORT PLACARDS	(Rue) (Candelaria)	Pocket Veto
S	71 STATE BUDGET REQUEST SUB-PROGRAMS	(Rue)	Pocket Veto
S	78 PRIVATE EMPLOYER CONVICTION INQUIRIES	(O'Neill) (Baldonado)	Veto
S	79 GIFTS & PRIZES FOR INSURANCE CUSTOMERS	(Sanchez)	Pocket Veto
S	80 STEMI TRIAGE PLAN COORDINATION	(Morales)	Veto
CS/ S	81 WILDLIFE TRAFFICKING ACT	(Stewart) (Chasey)	Pocket Veto
CS/ S	86 WATER RIGHTS NOTICES POSTED ONLINE	(Cisneros) (Salazar T)	Veto
S	87 ENGINEER & SURVEYOR REQUIREMENTS	(Cisneros)	Pocket Veto
*CS/ S	90 CONDITIONAL PRESCRIPTION CERTIFICATES	(Papen) (Rue)	Pocket Veto
S	94 NONATHLETIC EVENT GROSS RECEIPTS	(Papen)	Pocket Veto
CS/ S	96 CAMPAIGN FINANCE FIXES	(Wirth) (Smith)	Veto
CS/ S	97 PUBLIC FINANCING OF CAMPAIGN FIXES	(Wirth)	Pocket Veto
* S	108 FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR MEDICAL STUDENTS	(Papen)	Veto
S	120 VITAL RECORD SEX DESIGNATION	(Candelaria)	Pocket Veto
S	137 MATERNAL MORTALITY & MORBIDITY PREVENTION ACT	(Rodriguez)	Veto
S	142 FUNDS FOR AOC DIRECTOR DUTIES	(Martinez)	Pocket Veto
S	147 SCHOOL CAPITAL OUTLAY STATE-LOCAL MATCHES	(Stewart)	Veto
S	148 STUDENT DIABETES MANAGEMENT ACT	(Stewart)	Veto
FL/ S	149 CRIME VICTIM & WITNESS CONFIDENTIALITY	(Candelaria)	Pocket Veto
S	175 MEDICAID FAMILY HOME VISITING PROGRAM	(Ortiz y Pino)	Veto
S	176 GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR 3 BRANCHES	(Smith) (Ingle)	Veto
S	188 DISABILITIES STUDENTS LOTTERY SCHOLARSHIPS	(Stefanics) (Armstrong D)	Veto
S	200 CERTIFIED SCHOOL EMPLOYEE PROGRAM UNITS	(Sapient)	Veto
S	206 STATE EARLY LEARNING ADVISORY COUNCIL CHANGES	(Sapient)	Veto
S	208 SCHOOL ADVANCED PLACEMENT POLICY	(Sapient)	Pocket Veto
CS/ S	210 DISTRIBUTED GENERATION CONSUMER PROTECTION	(Sanchez)	Pocket Veto
S	217 MEDICAID ACCESS, DISPUTES & FRAUD	(Papen)	Pocket Veto
CS/CS/ S	227 STATE FACILITY RENEWABLE ENERGY USE	(Steinborn)	Veto
* S	234 PURCHASE OF EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS GEAR	(Sapient)	Pocket Veto
S	236 TAX AVERAGE DISTRIBUTION OR TRANSFER AMOUNT	(Leavell)	Veto
S	240 HEALTH PROFESSIONAL LOAN REPAYMENT FUNDING	(Kernan)	Pocket Veto
S	241 SCHOOL VISUAL ARTS & PHYSICAL ED STANDARDS	(Stewart) (McSorley)	Veto
CS/ S	244 HOMEOWNER ASSOCIATION DISPUTE RESOLUTION	(Stewart)	Veto
S	245 CONFIDENTIAL SUBSTITUTE ADDRESS ACT	(Ivey-Soto)	Pocket Veto



Legislation	Short Title	Sponsor/s	Action
(An asterisk indicates a bill with an emergency clause.)			
S	247 LIQUOR TAX & COUNTY DEFINITION	(Munoz)	Pocket Veto
S	254 SHORT-TERM RENTAL OCCUPANCY TAX	(Sapient)	Veto
CS/	S 259 NO FIREARMS FOR ORDERS OF PROTECTION SUBJECTS	(Cervantes)	Veto
S	265 RECREATIONAL AVIATION LICENSE PLATE	(White) (Trujillo CA)	Pocket Veto
S	269 STATE AGENCY INSTITUTIONAL RACISM POLICIES	(Lopez) (Martinez J)	Veto
S	275 MASSAGE THERAPY PRACTICE ACT CHANGES	(Wirth)	Veto
CS/	S 277 PREGNANT/ LACTATING ALTERNATIVE SENTENCING	(Ortiz y Pino)	Pocket Veto
S	285 RACE DAY REQUIREMENTS CHANGE	(Papen)	Pocket Veto
S	292 UNIFORM COLLATERAL CONSEQUENCES OF CONVICTION	(Cervantes)	Pocket Veto
S	293 LACTATION POLICIES FOR FEMALE INMATES	(Padilla) (Maestas Barnes)	Pocket Veto
S	297 DISABLED VETERAN LICENSE PLATE OPTIONS	(Griggs)	Veto
CS/	S 301 LIMITED LINES SELF-STORAGE INSURANCE	(Munoz)	Pocket Veto
S	304 MAGISTRATE COURTS OPERATIONS FUND & FEES	(Martinez)	Pocket Veto
S	317 ACTING SHERIFFS DURING VACANCIES	(Kernan)	Pocket Veto
CS/	S 318 INCLUDE E-CIGARETTES IN CLEAN INDOOR AIR ACT	(McSorley)	Pocket Veto
S	334 HEALTH CARE PURCHASING DISCLOSURES	(Stewart)	Pocket Veto
S	335 APPROVAL FOR DISPOSITION OF PUBLIC PROPERTY	(Papen)	Pocket Veto
S	336 LIQUEFIED NATURAL GAS DEFINITIONS	(Woods)	Pocket Veto
CS/	S 354 INTERAGENCY PHARMACEUTICAL PURCHASING COUNCIL	(Steinborn) (Ferrary)	Pocket Veto
CS/	S 378 BEEF COUNCIL ASSESSMENT OPT-OUT	(Woods)	Veto
S	382 INVESTMENT POOL CHARGES TO STATE TREASURER	(Munoz)	Veto
FL/	S 386 RAISE MINIMUM WAGE & ALLOW TRAINEE WAGE	(Sanchez)	Veto
S	390 FILM TAX CREDIT "PRODUCTION FACILITY"	(Steinborn)	Veto
S	393 LOBBYIST REPORTING REQUIREMENTS	(Ivey-Soto) (Smith)	Veto
S	395 RENAME ALCOHOL & GAMING DIVISION	(Griggs) (Pirtle)	Pocket Veto
*	S 409 HISTORIC PRESERVATION ON STATE LAND PROJECTS	(Wirth) (Egolf)	Veto
CS/	S 456 INTERIOR DESIGNER LICENSURE TO RLD	(Papen)	Pocket Veto
*CS/	S 462 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS	(Cisneros)	Veto
S	480 MOTOR CARRIER ACT CHANGES	(McSorley)	Pocket Veto
H	42 INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIAL DEFINITIONS & FUND	(Stapleton)	Veto

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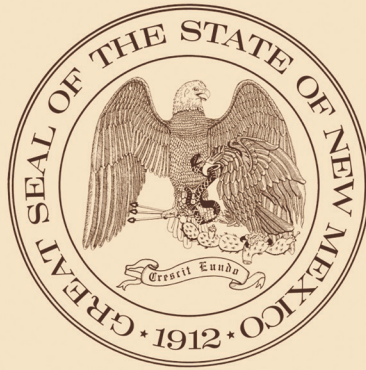
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## SESSION DATES REFERENCE GUIDE

<b>2016</b>	<b><i>Fifty-Second Legislature, second session</i></b>	
	December 15, 2015 -	
	January 15, 2016	Legislation may be prefiled
	January 19	Opening day
	February 3	Deadline for introductions
	February 18	Session ended
	March 9	Legislation not acted upon by governor was pocket vetoed
	May 18	Effective date of legislation not a general appropriation bill or a bill carrying an emergency clause or other specified date
	<b><i>Fifty-Second Legislature, second special session</i></b>	
	September 30, 2016	Opening day
	October 6	Session ended
	October 26	Legislation not acted upon by governor was pocket vetoed
	January 4, 2017	Effective date of legislation not a general appropriation bill or a bill carrying an emergency clause or other specified date
<b>2017</b>	<b><i>Fifty-Third Legislature, first session</i></b>	
	December 15, 2016 -	
	January 13, 2017	Legislation may be prefiled
	January 17	Opening day
	February 16	Deadline for introductions
	March 18	Session ended
	April 7	Legislation not acted upon by governor was pocket vetoed
	June 16	Effective date of legislation not a general appropriation bill or a bill carrying an emergency clause or other specified date
	<b><i>Fifty-Third Legislature, first special session</i></b>	
	May 24, 2017	Opening day
	May 30, 2017	Session ended
	June 19, 2017	Legislation not acted upon by governor is pocket vetoed
	August 28, 2017	Effective date of legislation not a general appropriation bill or a bill carrying an emergency clause or other specified date
<b>2018</b>	<b><i>Fifty-Third Legislature, second session</i></b>	
	December 15, 2017 -	
	January 12, 2018	Legislation may be prefiled
	January 16	Opening day
	January 31	Deadline for introductions
	February 15	Session ends
	March 7	Legislation not acted upon by governor is pocket vetoed
	May 16	Effective date of legislation not a general appropriation bill or a bill carrying an emergency clause or other specified date

Acts carrying an emergency clause become effective immediately upon signature by the governor. All other acts passed during a session and approved by the governor become effective 90 days after adjournment of the legislature or at a date specified in the act.



NEW MEXICO LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL SERVICE  
SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO