

## **Federal Stimulus Aid to Public Schools**

Presentation to Legislative Education Study Committee

Sunny Liu, Senior Fiscal Analyst, Legislative Finance Committee August 30, 2021

## **Presentation Overview**



- Overview of Federal Stimulus Aid for Education
- Eligible Expenditures and Allocation Requirements
- Budgeted Expenditures and Plans
- Spending Trends



# Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)

In response to Covid-19, Congress established three major subfunds of ESF to support emergency education needs:

- Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund: for K-12 schools to maintain operations and respond to Covid-19 emergencies. Up to 10 percent can be withheld by the Public Education Department (PED).
- Higher Education Emergency Relief (HEER) Fund: for student financial aid and higher education institution responses to Covid-19 emergencies.
- Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund: for governors to provide emergency education services, including support to nonpublic schools.



### Three Rounds of Federal ESSER Aid

#### **Round 1: CARES**

(Mar. 2020)

#### \$108.6 million

- Deadline for expenditure: Sep. 30, 2022
- For operational costs and Covid-19 emergencies
- Includes a provision requiring allocations to nonpublic schools
- Includes maintenance of effort (MOE) requirements

#### **Round 2: CRRSA**

(Dec. 2020)

#### \$435.9 million

- Deadline for expenditure:
  Sep. 30, 2023
- For operational costs, Covid-19 emergencies, <u>and facility</u> <u>improvements</u>
- Nonpublic school allocation earmarked in GEER funding
- Includes MOE requirements

#### **Round 3: ARP**

(Mar. 2021)

#### \$979.1 million

- Deadline for expenditure: Sep. 30, 2024
- For operational costs, Covid-19 emergencies, facility improvements, <u>and</u> <u>addressing learning loss</u>
- Nonpublic school allocation earmarked in GEER funding
- Includes MOE and <u>maintenance of equity</u> (MEQ) requirements



## **ESSER Eligible Uses**

At least 90 percent of ESSER funds flow through PED\* directly to districts and charters based on federal Title I (poverty) rates for:

- Activities authorized by federal education law,
- Covid-19 response systems and procedures,
- School leader support,
- Activities to support at-risk student populations,
- Training on sanitation and minimizing infections,
- Supplies to sanitize and clean facilities,
- Planning during long-term closures,
- Educational technology for students,
- Mental health services and supports,
- Facility improvements and systems to reduce virus transmission\*\*,
- Extended learning programs to address learning loss, and
- Other activities that are necessary to maintain LEA operations and continue employment of existing staff.

\*PED can withhold 9.5 percent of ESSER funds to reallocate for statewide needs and use 0.5 percent for overhead \*Eligible use added for CRSSA and ARP funds (not CARES)



### **ESSER Allocations**

- The 90 percent CARES, CRRSA, and ARP awards are allocated to each district and charter based on their federal Title I formula
  - Roy and Mosquero did not receive Title I funding; PED provides these districts an allocation from the department's 9.5 percent set-aside
- ARP's maintenance of effort (MOE) provision requires the state's share of K-12 and higher education spending in FY22 and FY23 to be proportional to the average spending between FY17 to FY19
- ARP's maintenance of equity (MEQ) provision prohibits:
  - PED from disproportionately reducing per-pupil funding to high-need LEAs
  - PED from reducing per-pupil funding to the highest-poverty LEAs below FY19 levels
  - LEAs from disproportionately reducing per-pupil funding in high-poverty schools
  - LEAs from disproportionately reducing FTE in high-poverty schools



# Round 1: CARES Budget

Schools budgeted <u>\$60 million</u>, or 66 percent, of sampled CARES funds for educational technology and facility upkeep

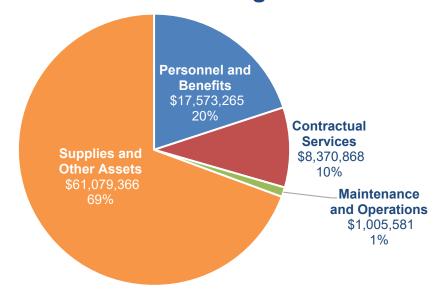
#### **CARES ESSER Budget** (in millions) \$0 \$20 \$40 \$60 \$80 Educational technology Improving indoor air quality General operations and PPE Addressing learning loss At-risk student interventions Emergency coordination and planning Professional development === Facility repairs and improvements Mental health support Other activities Sanitation and cleaning supplies Adult education and CTE Source: PED



# Round 1: CARES Budget

 Schools budgeted \$61 million, or 69 percent, of sampled CARES funds for general supplies and materials, particularly supply assets valued less than \$5,000

#### **CARES ESSER Budget**

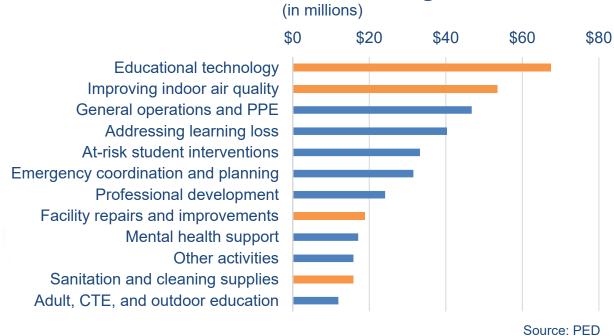




# Round 2: CRRSA Budget

Schools budgeted <u>\$155 million</u>, or 41 percent, of sampled CRRSA funds for educational technology and facility upkeep or upgrades

#### **CRRSA ESSER Budget**





# Round 2: CRRSA Budget

Schools budgeted <u>\$103 million</u>, or 27 percent, of sampled CRRSA funds for at-risk student interventions, extended learning, mental health, engagement programs, and specialists

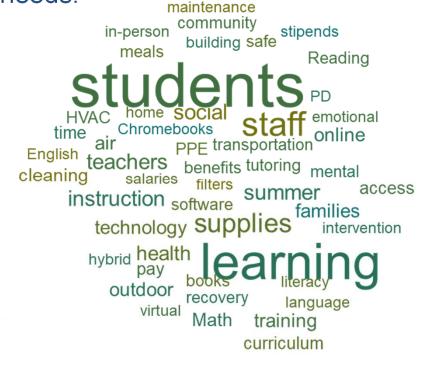
#### **CRRSA ESSER Budget**





### Round 2: CRRSA Plan

 Schools reported various justifications and descriptions for budgeted items, primarily to address student learning, staffing, and infrastructure needs.





Source: LEA CRRSA Justification Word Cloud

### Round 2: PED CRRSA Awards

- In FY21, PED made awards from the department's CRRSA set-aside, including:
  - \$2.3 million to provide \$100 retention stipends to school employees that worked in-person
  - \$286 thousand to schools for social emotional learning
  - \$3.2 million for air filters (additionally, the governor allocated \$3 million from GEER funds for this purpose)



## Round 3: ARP Plan

- Schools are in the planning phase for the largest federal aid portion (Round 3: ARP provides \$979 million)
- On July 21, 2021, U.S. Department of Education approved PED's ARP plan and released the remaining third of ARP funds (\$327 million). PED's plan for its 10 percent set-aside includes:
  - \$39 million to establish a teacher fellows program;
  - \$22 million for training on accelerating learning, tutoring, and mentoring;
  - \$6 million for student internships and at-risk youth re-engagement; and
  - \$3.8 million for school and partner organization summer programs.
- LEA plans were scheduled to be submitted to PED on August 24, 2021.



# **Spending Trends**

- New Mexico has spent <u>\$78 million</u>, or <u>5.1 percent</u>, of total ESSER awards
- Schools view ESSER funds as a nonrecurring revenue source
- ARP requirements may create local variations of extended learning time





### FY22 Fun Federal Funds Facts

- New Mexico appropriated \$230 million for K-5 Plus and ELTP; ARP will require the state to spend \$181 million to address learning loss
- New Mexico appropriated \$3.3 billion to SEG; total ESSER funding is \$1.5 billion
- Current, unrestricted school cash balances are budgeted at \$449 million, similar in total to federal CRRSA (Round 2) funds of \$436 million



# Thank You

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