### Consensus General Fund Revenue Outlook

Presentation to:
Legislative Finance Committee
August 17, 2022

Stephanie Schardin Clarke, Secretary, Taxation and Revenue Department

Debbie Romero, Secretary, Department of Finance and Administration



### Outline

- Consensus Revenue Estimating Group Overview
- ➤ US/Global Macroeconomic Outlook
- ➤ New Mexico Macroeconomic Outlook
- ➤ Oil and Natural Gas Outlook
- ➤ Personal Income Tax (PIT)
- ➤ Gross Receipt Tax (GRT)
- Severance & Rents & Royalties
- ➤ General Fund Overview

## Consensus Revenue Estimating Group Participating Agencies

New	Mexico	<b>Department</b>	of
Fina	nce and	Administrati	on

New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department

**Leonardo Delgado, Chief Economist Noel Martinez, Senior Economist** 

**Lucinda Sydow, Chief Economist Efrain Ibarra, Senior Economist** 

## New Mexico Department of Transportation

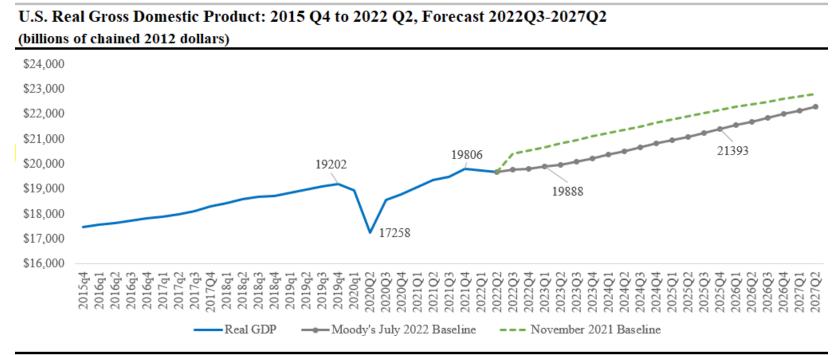
Legislative Finance Committee

Mallika Pung, Chief Economist Michael Morrison, Senior Economist Ismael Torres, Chief Economist Jennifer Faubion, Economist

### U.S. & N.M. Economic Indicators

- ➤ National Forecasters' Baseline Assumptions
- ➤ Moody's Analytics:
  - Anticipate the Federal Reserve to increase the federal funds rate at the September meeting
    - Predict two more rate hikes in 2023
  - Forecasts WTI crude oil prices peaking higher than the previous forecast
  - ➤ Labor market growth moderates
- >IHS Markit
  - Expects the economy to resume modest positive growth
  - Federal government relief monies and Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA) limit state and local fiscal contractions

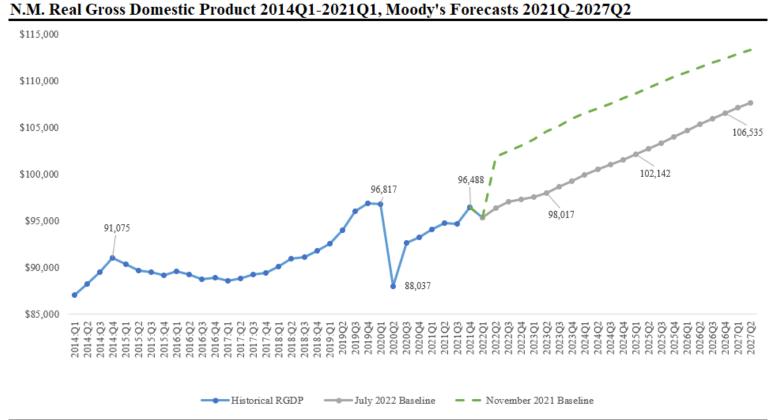
### U.S. Real Gross Domestic Product



Source: GDP in billions of chained 2012 dollars, retrieved from bea.gov.

- National forecasters do not include a national recession in baseline forecasts
- Negative forecast growth in 2022Q2 due to decreases in:
  - >private inventory investment
  - residential fixed investment
  - > federal government spending
  - > state and local government spending
  - > nonresidential fixed investment
- Contractions offset by increased exports and personal consumption expenditures
- Baseline forecast anticipates RGDP growth to reach about 2% annualized growth in the out years

### N.M. Real Gross State Product

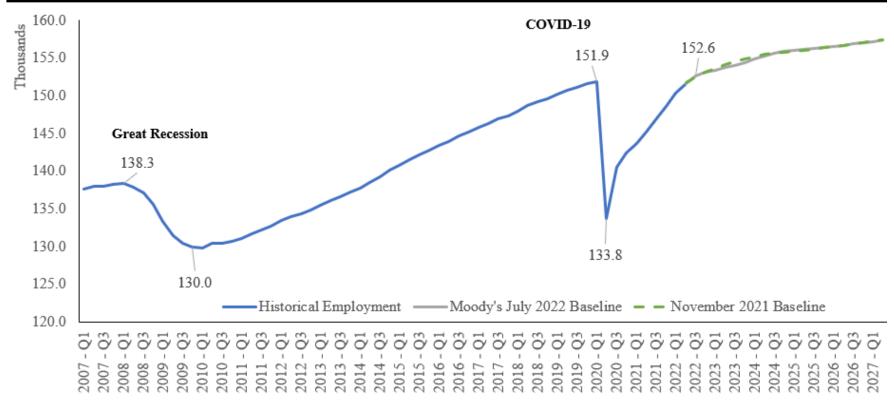


Source: Moody's July 2022 and November 2021 Baseline Scenario vs. Historical Values from the Bureau of Economic Analysis

- New Mexico Real Gross
  State Product contracted in
  2022Q1
- Current Moody's and BBER baseline forecast expect moderate to slow growth
- The downward revision from the prior forecast is caused by technical revisions of the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA)
  - ➤BEA revised 2016Q1 through 2021Q3 RGSP estimates in February 2022 due to a data processing error

## U.S. Total Non-Farm Employment

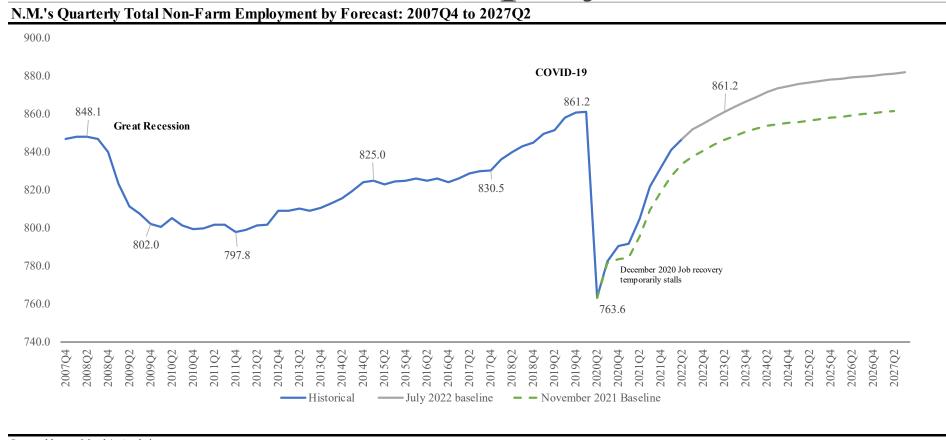
### U.S. Total Non-Employment: 2007Q1 to 2022Q2, Moody's Forecast 2022Q3 to 2027Q2 (1,000s of jobs)



- ➤ Both national forecasters see continued national employment recovery from pandemic
  - Country at full employment with an unemployment rate at 3.5% in 2022Q3
- Competitive and tight labor market
- Labor market remains strong despite two quarters of negative RGDP growth (2022Q1 and 2022Q2)

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

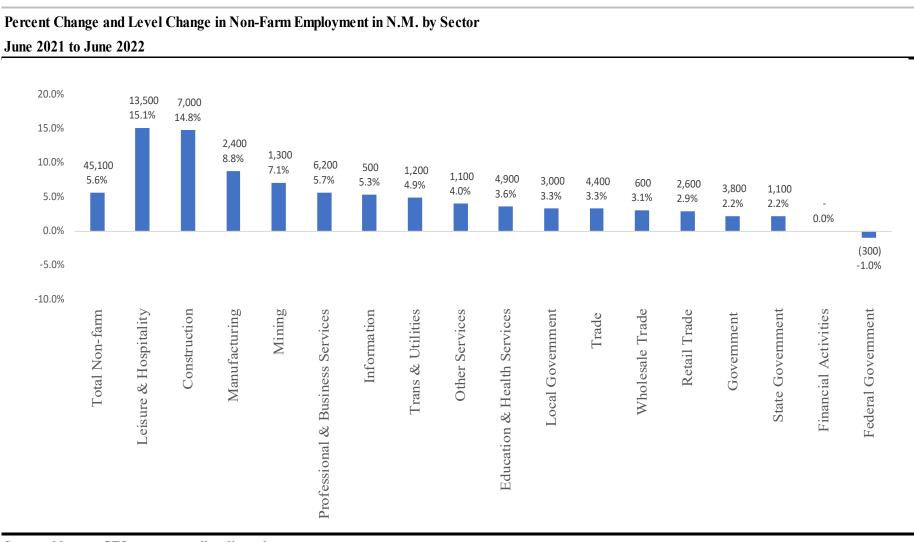
## N.M. Total Non-Farm Employment



Source: bls.gov, Moody's Analytics

- New Mexico is on track to return to March 2020 pre-pandemic employment levels in the next few months. While the U.S. has reached pre-pandemic employment, New Mexico is 10,000 jobs away from pre-pandemic levels.
- New Mexico's monthly employment is forecasted to grow by an average of 1,400 jobs per month through 2022 and by an average of 900 jobs per month for 2023

### N.M. Year-Over-Year Employment by Sector

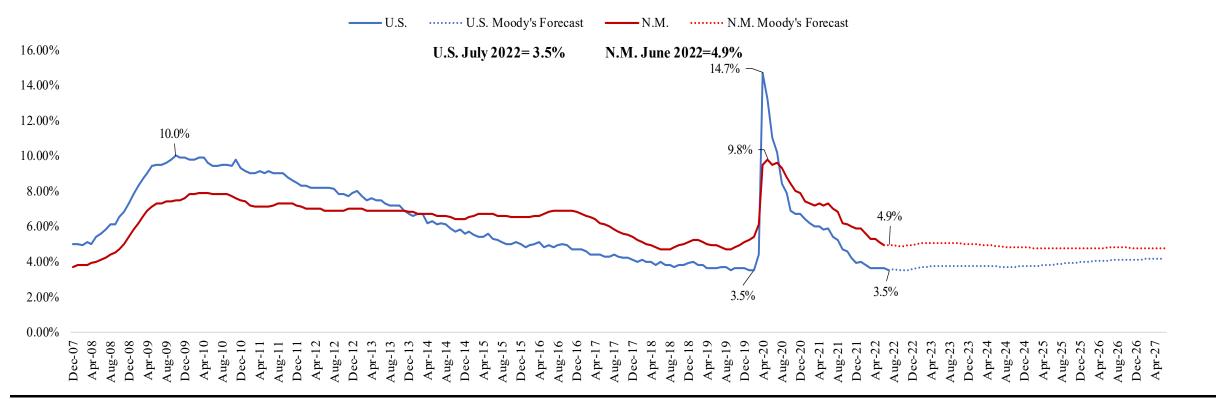


- New Mexico year-over-year total non-farm employment increased 5.6% or 45,100 jobs in June 2022
  - Employment gains were across most sectors and a few notable sectors:
    - Leisure & Hospitality (+13,500)
    - $\triangleright$  Construction (+7,000)
    - ➤ Manufacturing (+2,400)
    - ➤ Mining (+1,300)
  - Losses were in Federal Government
  - Compared to June 2020, total non-farm employment is up 10.1% or 77,800 jobs

Source: bls.gov, CES not seasonally adjusted

## U.S. & N.M. Unemployment

#### U.S. and N.M. Unemployment Rate (percent): December 2007 to July 2022. Forecast is from August 2022 to April 2027.

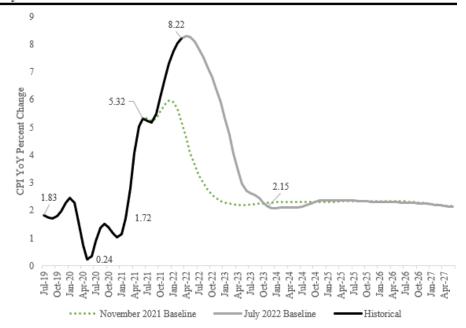


#### Source: bls.gov, seasonally adjusted

- ➤ The national unemployment rate peaked in April 2020 at 14.7% and has declined to 3.5% in July 2022
- > The New Mexico unemployment rate peaked in May 2020 at 9.8% and has declined to 4.9% in June 2022
- The nation and state have both returned to pre-pandemic unemployment rate levels

### Inflation

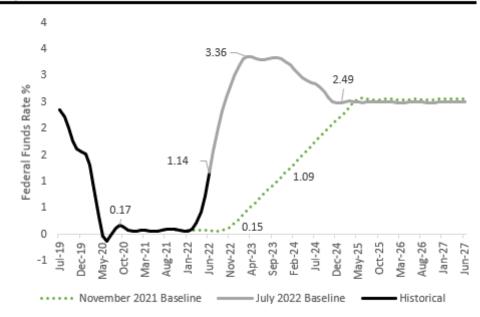
### Consumer Price Index (CPI-all items) Year-over-year change Julyl 2019 to Present



Source: Moody's Analytics

- > Increases in prices caused by several factors:
  - strong demand
  - supply chain constraints
  - war in Ukraine
  - higher input costs (food/labor)
  - > shifting consumer consumption patterns
- > Higher persistent inflation is driving wages and salaries higher

### Federal Funds Rate Julyl 2019 to Present

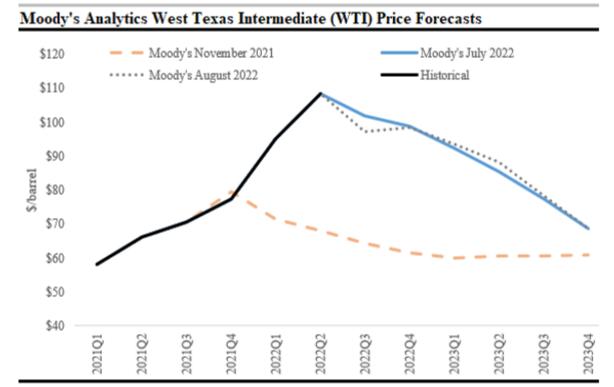


Source: Moody's Analytics

Moody's expect inflation to moderate and return to the Federal Reserve's target inflation rate of about 2% in 2023Q4

## Oil & Natural Gas

### Oil Prices



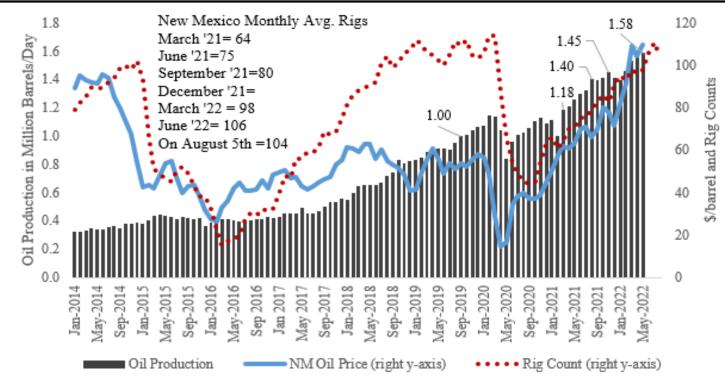
Source: Moody's Analytics

Consensus Forecast	FY22	FY23	]	FY24	 FY25	]	FY26	FY27
August 2022 Estimate	\$ 86.50	\$ 90.50	\$	78.50	\$ 72.00	\$	70.00	\$ 68.50
December 2021 Estimate	\$ 71.50	\$ 64.50	\$	60.50	\$ 59.50	\$	59.50	
Oil (\$/barrel)								

- ➤ Oil prices are inherently volatile and dependent on oil demand, OPEC+ decisions, inventory levels, and other factors
- The Ukraine and Russian conflict created uncertainty in the oil and natural gas markets exacerbating oil and natural gas price pressures
- Increased demand for oil after two years of slower transportation activities have driven prices upward during peak summer traveling months
- This year, worldwide demand in excess of current production supply has also put upward pressure on prices
- The August 2022 forecast oil price is up \$15/barrel in FY22, \$26/barrel in FY23, and \$18/barrel in FY24
- ➤ Prices are expected to remain elevated through FY23 before declining during the forecast period
  - As oil production increases supply and meets demand,
  - The markets price in the impacts of the Ukraine and Russian conflict
  - Traveling demand slows due to high gas prices

## New Mexico Oil Prices, Production, & Rigs

### NM Oil Production (MMb/d), NM Oil Price (\$ per barrel), & NM Rig Count (number) January 2014 to April 2022

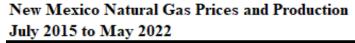


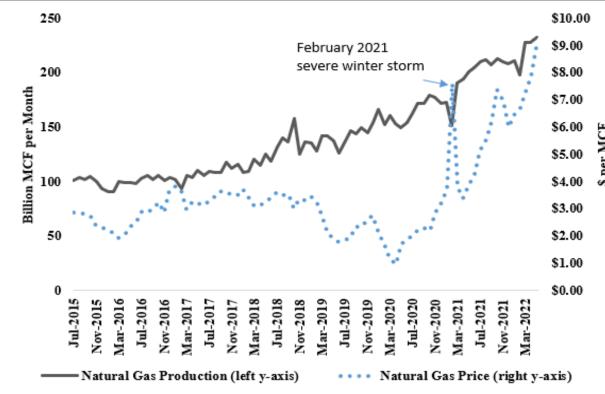
### Source: Baker Hughes, TRD (Production and price through May 2022, Rigs through August 2022)

Consensus Forecast	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27
August 2022 Estimate	529.4	590.0	640.0	675.0	710.0	725.0
December 2021 Estimate	496.6	514.5	538.5	556.8	574.1	
Oil Volumes (million barrels)						

- New Mexico oil production expected to reach a high of 529.4 million barrels in FY22 averaging \$86.50/barrel
- Rig count (red line) has increased steadily and reached pre-pandemic highs
- In May 2022, New Mexico registered its highest oil production in state history (black bars) at 1.58 million barrels per day
- Oil volume forecast reflects New Mexico's continued strong recovery given the conducive well economics
  - High yield producing wells
  - Low break-even-points
- New Mexico oil volumes are expected to increase 29.6% in FY22, 11.4% in FY23, and 8.5% in FY24

### New Mexico Natural Gas Prices & Production





#### Source: NM TRD GenTax System

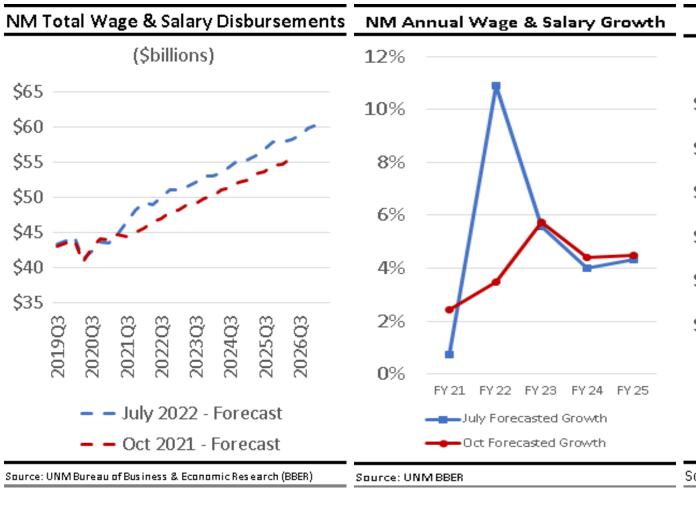
Consensus Forecast	F	Y22	F	Y23	F	Y24	F	Y25	F	Y26	F	Y27
August 2022 Estimate	\$	6.90	\$	6.95	\$	4.75	\$	4.30	\$	4.30	\$	4.15
December 2021 Estimate	\$	5.00	\$	3.80	\$	3.40	\$	3.30	\$	3.35		
Natural Gas (\$/mcf)												

- New Mexico natural gas production (black line) is expected to reach a high of 2,585 bcf for FY22 with an average price of \$6.90/mcf (blue line)
- Increased domestic and international demand for natural gas and global supply constraints have driven prices upward
- The Ukraine and Russia conflict and EU bans on Russian energy imports have created uncertainty and put a strain on global energy markets exacerbating price pressures (same as with oil prices).
- Natural gas prices are expected to remain elevated through FY23 and FY24 before returning to trend.
- New Mexico natural gas prices are expected to average \$6.95/mcf in FY23, \$4.75/mcf in FY24, and \$4.30/mcf in FY25
- New Mexico natural gas volumes are expected to increase 6.38% from FY22 to FY23, 5.27% from FY23 to FY24, and 3.45% from FY24 to FY25

Consensus Forecast	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27
August 2022 Estimate	2,585.0	2,750.0	2,895.0	2,995.0	3,080.0	3,140.0
December 2021 Estimate	2,395.0	2,420.0	2,460.0	2,505.0	2,535.0	
Natural Gas (BCF)						

## Personal Income Taxes

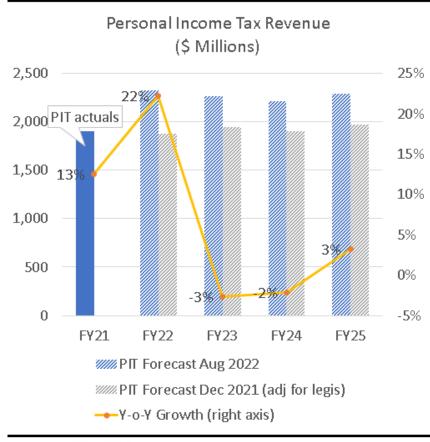
## Wage & Salary Outlook



- Adjusted Gross Withholding (\$millions) \$600 \$500 \$400 \$300 \$200 \$100 \$0 Q1 Q4
- Source: DFA Reports, CREG adjustments

- Strong upward revision of FY22 NM wage & salary outlook(UNM BBER)
- FY22 growth in wages translated into strong withholding through first 3 quarters of FY22
- Wage & salary growth in FY23 through FY25 between 4% and 6% but at higher aggregate levels

### Personal Income Tax Outlook



Source: Aug 2022 CREG Estimates

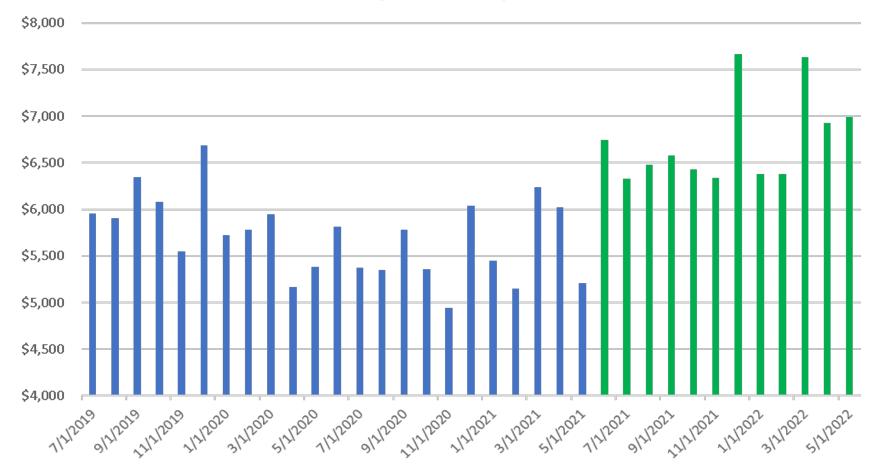
- ➤PIT FY22 revenue estimated to see 22% growth, surpassing \$2 billion in revenue
  - ➤ Continued steady employment recovery
  - ➤ Strong wage & salary growth
  - ➤ Strong oil & gas / pass-thru withholding
- FY23 & FY24 growth declining 2-3% due to new legislative changes taking effect
  - Additional increase of Working Families Tax Credit (FY24 25% of federal earned income tax credit)
  - Social Security & Military Retirement Exemptions
  - ➤ Child Tax Credit
  - ➤But revenue remains above \$2 billion with steady wage & salary growth
- ➤PIT revenue does not include non-recurring rebates/credits (\$1 billion over FY22 & FY23 included instead in non-recurring revenue line)
  - ► HB 2 June and August rebates
  - ► HB 163 July income determined rebates and \$20m non-filer payments (thru appropriation)
  - ► HB 163 One-time Nurses Credit

## Gross Receipts Taxes

## FY22 through May – Strong Economic Activity

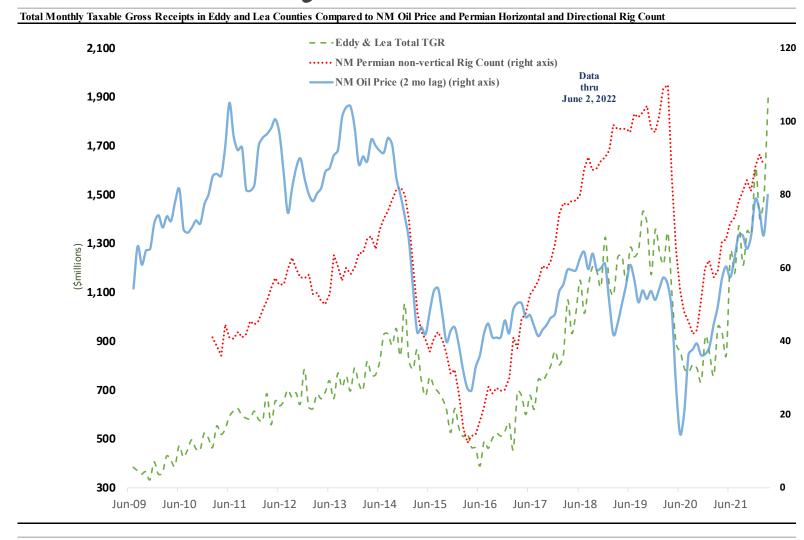
- Growth in gross receipts tax base seen in Matched Taxable Gross Receipts (MTGR)
  - Higher base with inclusion of internet sales and destination-based sourcing
- Growth in gross receipts tax seen across all industries
- Especially strong growth:
  - Oil & natural gas extraction in the Permian basin in southeast New Mexico
  - Strong retail trade driven by high consumer demand

Matched Taxable Gross Receipts (MTGR) (\$millions)



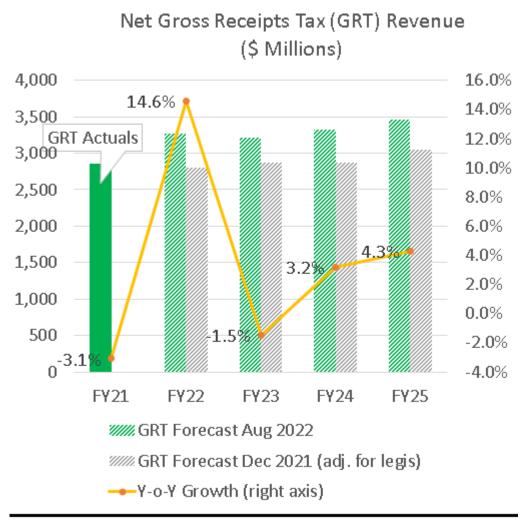
Source: Taxation & Revenue Department RP500 Reports, Author's calculations

## MTGR Eddy & Lea Counties



- Strong relationship between oil production, rig activity, and MTGR in Eddy and Lea counties
- Generally, price increases lead to increase rig count, which leads to higher GRT
- This highlights New Mexico's sensitivity to changes in the oil and natural gas markets via Eddy and Lea's share of GRT to the state total

### Gross Receipts Tax Outlook

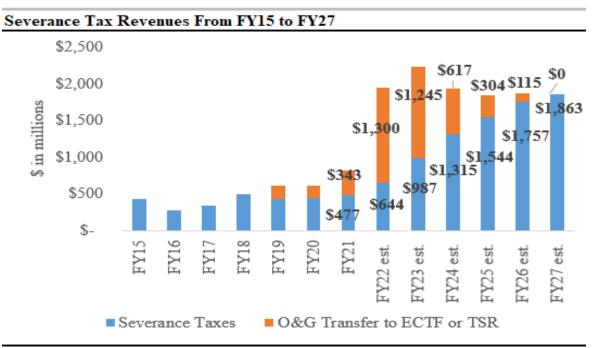


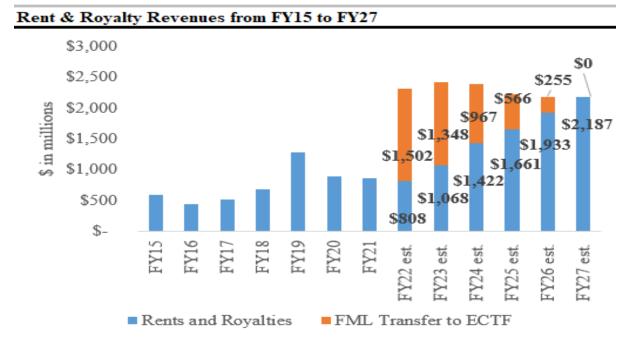
Source: Aug 2022 CREG Estimates

- August 2022 forecast includes significant upward revisions from December 2021 putting GRT revenue above \$3 billion
- >FY22 expected to increase 14.6% due to:
  - Continued employment recovery and wage & salary growth
  - ➤Oil & natural gas strength
  - ➤ Boosts from one-time construction projects
- This despite previous expectation of decline due to non-economic activity:
  - Loss of 1.225% municipal share on internet sales
  - ➤One-time general fund \$50 million settlement payment
- >FY23 & FY24 revenue stabilizes:
  - Revenue is expected to remain above pre COVID-19 levels
  - ➤ Includes state GRT rate cut of 1/8<sup>th</sup> percent July 1, 2022, additional 1/8<sup>th</sup> percent decrease July 1, 2023, and changes to local hold harmless phase out.

# Severance Taxes & Rents & Royalties

### Severance Taxes & Federal & State Rents and Royalties



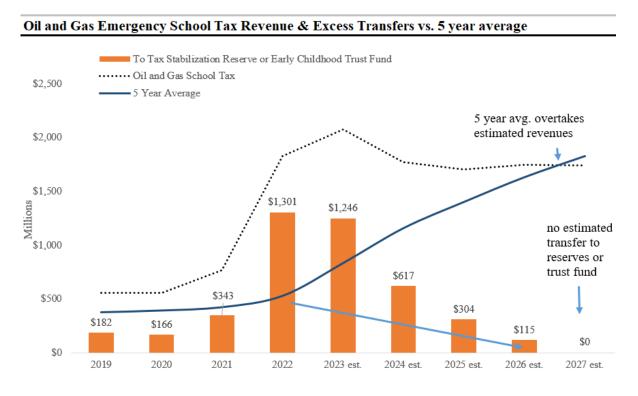


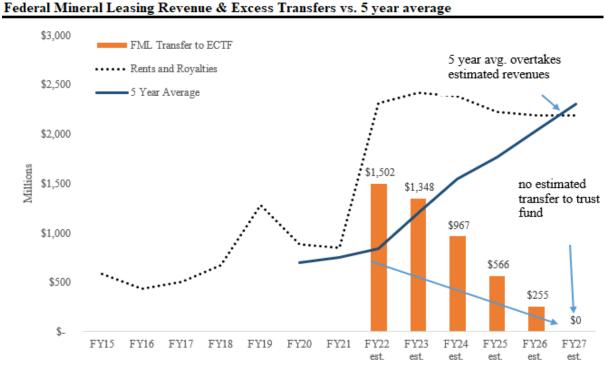
Source: DFA, CREG, Author's calculation, Early Childhood Trust Fund or Tax Stabilization Reserve (TSR)

Source: DFA, CREG, Author's calculation, Early Childhood Trust Fund

- Severance taxes and rents and royalties are distributed under 5-year average mechanisms, windfalls are diverted from the general fund to Early Childhood Trust Fund or Tax Stabilization Reserve
- Elevated oil and natural gas prices have driven severance tax and rents and royalties revenue to unprecedented levels
- Transfers to the Early Childhood Trust Fund from FY22 activity will total \$2.8 billion and are expected to total \$2.6 billion in FY23
- >FY23 severance tax revenue to the general fund is expected to increase from \$644 million to \$987 million
- FY23 rents and royalties revenue to the general fund is expected to increase from \$808 million to \$1.01 billion

### Severance Taxes & Federal & State Rents and Royalties vs. 5-year average





Source: DFA, CREG

- In the forecast period, the 5-year average for both revenues' climbs, reducing the amounts diverted from the general fund
  - ➤ In FY27, 5-year averages are forecast to be higher than revenues preventing transfers to reserves or Early Childhood Trust Fund

Source: DFA, CREG

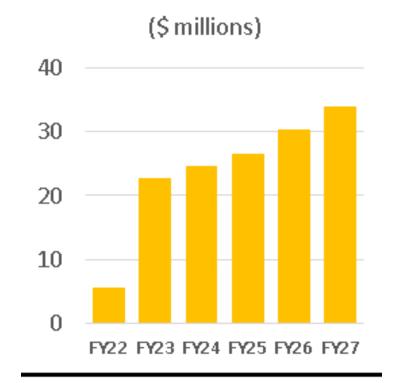
- This directly exposes state general fund recurring revenues to negative energy market shocks
  - At this point, the state's reserves or general fund recurring revenues directly absorb the effects of an energy downturn

## Other Revenues

### Cannabis Excise Tax

- ➤ Adult-Use Cannabis Retail Sales started April 1, 2022
- FY23 full year of sales, estimated general fund revenue \$22.7 million
- Revenue is forecast to grow by about 10.6% per year

#### Cannabis Excise Tax Revenue Forecast



Source: Aug 2022 CREG Estimates

## General Fund Overview

### General Fund Overview

### FY22

- FY2022 GF
  Recurring Revenue
  increased by 14
  percent over
  FY2021
- FY2022 GF
  Reserves are
  estimated at \$2.73
  billion or 36.7% of
  recurring
  appropriations

### FY23

- FY2023 GF
  Recurring Revenue
  is estimated to
  increase by 6.8
  percent vs. FY2022
- FY2023 GF
  Reserves are
  estimated at \$3.76
  billion or 44.8% of
  recurring
  appropriations\*

### FY24

- FY2024 GF
  Recurring Revenue
  is forecasted to
  grow by 10.3
  percent vs. FY2023
- ➤ "New Money" for FY2024 is forecasted to be \$2.455 billion

<sup>\*</sup> Pending 2023 legislative appropriations

### N.M. Consensus General Fund Revenue Summary

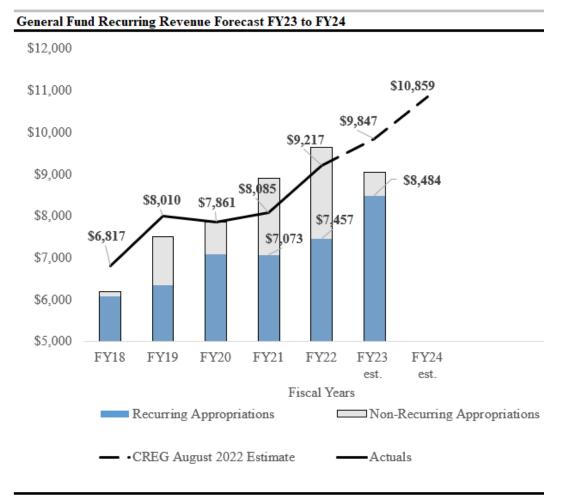
Table 1 August 2022 Consensus General Fund Forecast

(Millions of Dollars)

		FY	22		FY	′23	FY24				FY25		
	\$ N	lillions	% Change	\$ N	Iillions	% Change	\$ N	/lillions	% Change	\$ N	/lillions	% Change	
General Sales	\$	3,331	14.3%	\$	3,282	-1.5%	\$	3,387	3.2%	\$	3,532	4.3%	
Selective Sales	\$	638	2.2%	\$	705	10.5%	\$	719	2.0%	\$	776	8.0%	
Income Taxes	\$	2,633	28.2%	\$	2,467	-6.3%	\$	2,406	-2.4%	\$	2,476	2.9%	
O&G Revenue	\$	1,452	9.1%	\$	2,055	41.5%	\$	2,737	33.2%	\$	3,204	17.1%	
Investment Income	\$	908	-5.5%	\$	1,086	19.6%	\$	1,356	24.9%	\$	1,497	10.4%	
Other	\$	256		\$	253	-1.2%	\$	254	0.5%	\$	255	0.5%	
Total Recurring Revenue	\$	9,217	14.0%	\$	9,847	6.8%	\$	10,859	10.3%	\$:	11,741	8.1%	
Total Nonrecurring	\$	(904)		\$	(106)								
Grand Total Revenue	\$	8,313	3.3%	\$	9,742	17.2%	\$	10,859	11.5%	\$:	11,741	8.1%	

- >FY22 revenue growth was mainly in General Sales and Income Taxes
- In FY22 and FY23, growth in revenue driven by oil and natural gas prices and production is mainly captured by the excess transfers
- In the August 2022 forecast, FY24 over FY23, 67 percent of the recurring general fund revenue increase comes from severance and rents & royalties revenue

### Consensus General Fund Revenue Forecast



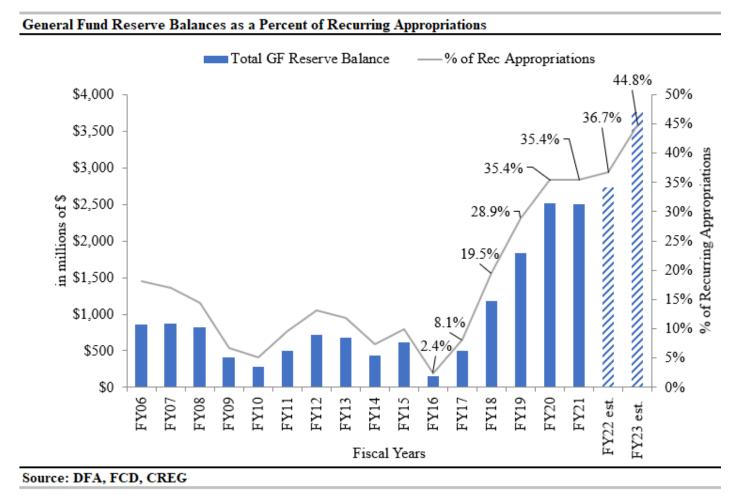
Source: DFA
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August 2022 Forecast compared to the December 2021 Forecast											
Forecast	]	FY22	]	FY23		FY24		FY25			
August 2022 Base	\$	9,217	\$	9,847	\$	10,859	\$	11,741			
December 2021 Base	\$	8,163	\$	8,845	\$	9,235	\$	9,767			

August 2022 Forecast compared to the December 2021 Forecast									
Forecast	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25					
August 2022 Base	\$ 1,054	\$ 1,002	\$ 1,624	\$ 1,973					

- The August 2022 consensus general fund forecast has improved over the December 2021 forecast by \$1 billion in FY23, \$1.6 billion in FY24, and \$1.9 billion in FY25.
- In FY23 the increase over the December forecast is driven primarily by General Sales and Income Taxes while Oil and Gas revenues are captured by the excess transfers
- In FY24 the increase over the December forecast is driven equally by General Sales, Income Taxes, and Oil and Gas revenues

### General Fund Reserves



- FY21 general fund reserve balances are \$2.5 billion or 35.4% of recurring appropriations
- Estimated FY22 general fund reserve balances are estimated at \$2.73 billion or 36.7% of recurring appropriations.
- Estimated FY23 general fund reserve balances are estimated at \$3.76 billion or 44.8% of recurring appropriations.\*
  - >(\*pending 2023 legislative appropriations)

### General Fund Financial Summary (\$ in millions)

	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024
Beginning Balance (General Fund Reserves)	\$2,504.8	\$2,734.4	\$3,761.1
Total Revenue (Recurring Revenue)	\$9,216.7	\$9,847.1	\$10,859
Spending (Recurring Appropriations)	(\$7,457.3)	(\$8,404.3)	
Reserve Transfers, etc.	(\$202.0)	\$1,237.4	"New Money" \$2.455 billion
Ending Balance (General Fund Reserves)	\$2,734.4	\$3,761.1	
General Fund Reserves as a Percent of Recurring Appropriations	36.7%	44.8%*	

<sup>\*</sup> Pending 2023 legislative appropriations

### Risks to the Forecast

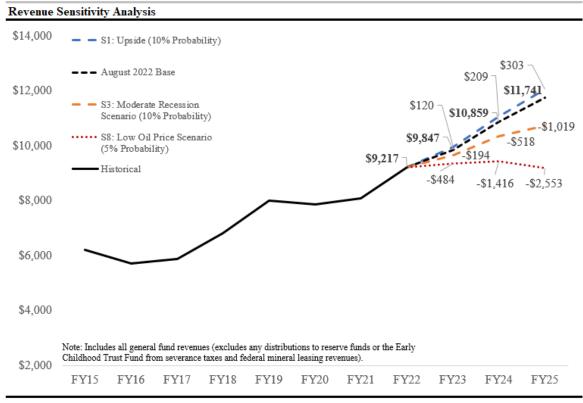
### **Downside**

- The Ukraine-Russian conflict persists and continues to disrupt energy markets
  - ➤ Impacts supply and demand side of the economy
- ➤ The Federal Reserve does not achieve a "soft landing"
  - > A recession occurs
    - Employment losses and the unemployment rate increases
    - ➤ Gross domestic product contracts
    - ➤ Decrease in consumption
- ➤ Supply-chain shortages and constraints continue
- ➤ Higher persistent inflation continues impacting consumer behavior in the long-run

### **≻**Upside

- ➤ Supply-chain shortages/issues are resolved sooner than anticipated
- ➤ The Federal Reserve achieves a "soft landing"
  - The fears and uncertainty about a recessionary event resolve
  - ▶ Prices continue to decrease, and the inflation rate returns to the Federal Reserves target of 2%

### Stress Test



Source: DFA, CREG, Moody's Analytics, IHS, UNM Bureau of Business & Economic Research, (in millions)

- The pessimistic revenue forecast illustrates that a prolonged economic downturn of two to three years could result in revenues lower than the baseline by \$1.4 billion to \$2.5 billion
- Elevated oil and natural gas prices and production contribute a greater share of recurring revenues in the forecast period, increasing the risk to the general fund from negative energy market shocks or recessionary events
- New Mexico's revenue sensitivity to an energy downturn and a national recession event highlights the need for the state to maintain healthy reserve levels

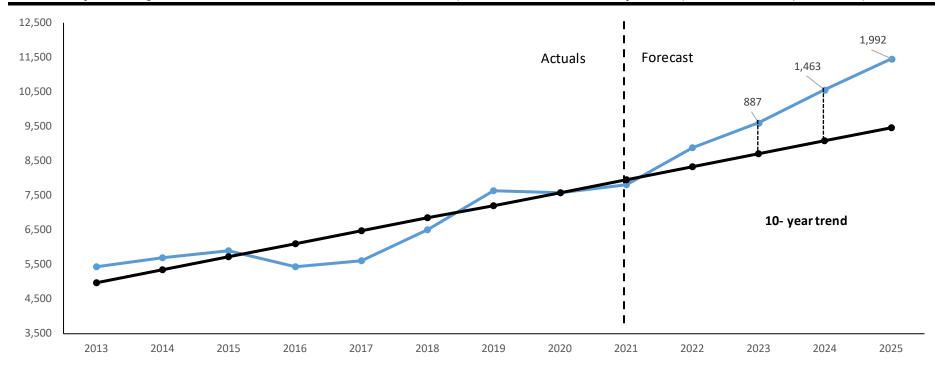
Upsic	de Sce	nario (	(in mill	ions)		
	FY23		FY24		FY25	
GRT	\$	123	\$	197	\$	267
PIT	\$	8	\$	28	\$	37
Severance to GF	\$	(5)	\$	(11)	\$	(9)
Severance to TSR	\$	(41)	\$	6	\$	32
FML	\$	(5)	\$	(4)	\$	8
FML to ECE	\$	11	\$	67	\$	64
TOTAL	\$	90	\$	282	\$	400
Total GF	\$	120	\$	209	\$	303
Total TSR/ECE	\$	(30)	\$	73	\$	97
% TSR/ECE	_	-34%		26%		24%

Moderate Recession Scenario (in millions)											
	FY23	3	FY	24	FY	725					
GRT	\$	(102)	\$	(306)	\$	(466)					
PIT	\$	(95)	\$	(236)	\$	(211)					
Severance	\$	8	\$	1	\$	(292)					
Severance to TSR	\$	195	\$	(564)	\$	(304)					
FML	\$	(5)	\$	22	\$	(51)					
FML to ECE	\$	144	\$	(284)	\$	(566)					
TOTAL	\$	145	\$	(1,366)	\$	(1,889)					
Total GF	\$	(194)	\$	(518)	\$	(1,019)					
Total TSR/ECE	\$	339	\$	(847)	\$	(870)					
% TSR/ECE		234%		62%		46%					

Pric	e Scenar	io (	in million	ıs)	
FY	723	FY	724	FY	725
\$	(276)	\$	(576)	\$	(790)
\$	(145)	\$	(236)	\$	(306)
\$	(59)	\$	(472)	\$	(787)
\$	(905)	\$	(617)	\$	(304)
\$	(5)	\$	(132)	\$	(671)
\$	(607)	\$	(967)	\$	(566)
\$	(1,996)	\$	(3,000)	\$	(3,424)
\$	(484)	\$	(1,416)	\$	(2,553)
\$	(1,512)	\$	(1,584)	\$	(870)
	76%		53%		25%
	FY \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	FY23 \$ (276) \$ (145) \$ (59) \$ (905) \$ (607) \$ (1,996) \$ (484) \$ (1,512)	FY23 FY \$ (276) \$ \$ (145) \$ \$ (59) \$ \$ (905) \$ \$ (607) \$ \$ (1,996) \$ \$ (484) \$ \$ (1,512) \$	FY23 FY24 \$ (276) \$ (576) \$ (145) \$ (236) \$ (59) \$ (472) \$ (905) \$ (617) \$ (5) \$ (132) \$ (607) \$ (967) \$ (1,996) \$ (3,000) \$ (484) \$ (1,416) \$ (1,512) \$ (1,584)	\$ (276) \$ (576) \$ \$ (145) \$ (236) \$ \$ (59) \$ (472) \$ \$ (905) \$ (617) \$ \$ (5) \$ (132) \$ \$ (607) \$ (967) \$ \$ (1,996) \$ (3,000) \$ \$ (484) \$ (1,416) \$ \$ (1,512) \$ (1,584) \$

### General Fund Revenue vs. 10 Year Trend

### Volatility in major General Fund revenue sources (Deviation from 10 years (FY13-FY22) trend (\$ millions)



Note: major revenue sources consist of sales taxes, income taxes, severance taxes, rents and royalties, and investment earnings.

- For FY23, general fund revenues are above the 10-year trend by \$890 million
- For the budget year FY24, general fund revenues deviate from the trend by \$1.46 billion

## Appendix 1a

	FY22									FY23			FY24						
Revenue Source		Dec. 2021 Est. (adj. for legis)	Aug 22 Est.	Change from Prior (Dec 21)	Change from Prior (Sep. 20)	% Change from FY21	\$ Change from FY21	Dec. 2021 Est. (adj. for legis)	Aug 22 Est.	Change from Prior (Dec 21)	% Change from FY22	\$ Change from FY22	Dec. 2021 Est. (adj. for legis)	Aug 22 Est.	Change from Prior (Dec 21)	% Change from FY23	\$ Change from FY23		
Base Gross Receipts Tax		2,915.0	3,376.2	461.2	216.2	13.6%	404.5	2,972.5	3,323.9	351.4	-1.5%	(52.3)	2,968.8	3,417.8	449.0	2.8%	93.9		
F&M Hold Harmless Payments		(111.5)	(110.5)	1.0	11.7	-8.9%	10.9	(101.9)	(105.9)	(4.0)	-4.2%	4.6	(92.4)	(97.1)	. ,	-8.3%	8.8		
NET Gross Receipts Tax Compensating Tax		2,803.5	3,265.7 65.4	462.2 3.8	227.9 5.8	14.6% 2.4%	415.4 1.5	2,870.6 66.6	3,218.0 64.4	347.4 (2.2)	-1.5% -1.5%	(47.7)	2,876.4 65.5	3,320.7 66.2	444.3 0.7	3.2% 2.8%	102.7 1.8		
TOTAL GENERAL SALES		61.6 2,865.1	3,331.1	466.0	233.7	14.3%	416.9	2,937.2	3,282.4	345.2	-1.5%	(1.0)	2,941.9	3,386.9	445.0	3.2%	104.5		
Tobacco Products and Cigarette Taxes		90.6	83.2	(7.4)	2.2	-8.1%	(7.3)	89.0	81.5	(7.5)	-2.1%	(1.7)	88.3	80.3	(8.0)	-1.4%	(1.2)		
Liquor Excise		24.8	25.5	0.7	0.9	3.7%	0.9	24.5	24.7	0.2	-3.1%	(0.8)	24.7	24.9	0.2	0.8%	0.2		
Cannabis Excise		6.2	5.4	(0.8)	***	N/A	N/A	27.9	22.7	(5.2)		17.3	31.9	24.6	(7.3)	8.4%	1.9		
Insurance Taxes		307.0	294.7	(12.3)	47.7	0.7%	2.0	347.7	346.6	(1.1)		51.9	360.4	363.2	2.8	4.8%	16.6		
Fire Protection Fund Reversion		-	-	-	(12.0)	-100.0%	(12.0)	-		-		-	-		-		-		
Motor Vehicle Excise		142.1	153.6	11.5	22.5	-11.8%	(20.5)	142.6	156.9	14.3	2.1%	3.3	145.8	151.5	5.7	-3.4%	(5.4)		
Gaming Excise		64.5	67.7	3.2	3.5	174.6%	43.1	66.5	65.7	(0.8)	-3.0%	(2.0)	67.3	67.5	0.2	2.7%	1.8		
Leased Vehicle & Other	111	5.8	7.5	1.7	(1.2)	36.9%	2.0	6.3	6.5	0.3	-13.3%	(1.0)	6.8	6.4	(0.4)	-1.5%	(0.1)		
TOTAL SELECTIVE SALES		641.0	637.6	(3.3)	69.8	2.2%	13.7	704.5	704.6	0.1	10.5%	67.0	725.2	718.5	(6.7)	2.0%	13.8		
Personal Income Tax		1,881.5	2,328.1	446.6	253.4	22.3%	424.0	1,945.1	2,265.1	320.0	-2.7%	(63.0)	1,905.4	2,216.7	311.3	-2.1%	(48.4)		
Gross Corporate Income Tax	١. ا	212.4	364.9	152.5	98.3	92.6%	175.4	201.8	317.6	115.8	-13.0%	(47.3)	203.8	334.4	130.6	5.3%	16.8		
CIT Refundable Credits		(102.6)	(60.5)	42.1	(14.3)	52.0%	(20.7)	(133.7)	(116.2)	17.5	92.1%	(55.7)	(160.2)	(144.9)		24.7%	(28.7)		
NET Corporate Income Tax	Ш	109.8	304.4	194.6	84.0	103.3%	154.7	68.1	201.4	133.3	-33.8%	(103.0)	43.6	189.5	145.9	-5.9%	(11.9)		
TOTAL INCOME TAXES		1,991.3	2,632.5	641.2	337.4	28.2%	578.7	2,013.2	2,466.5	453.3	-6.3%	(166.0)	1,949.0	2,406.2	457.2	-2.4%	(60.3)		
Gross Oil and Gas School Tax		1,349.8	1,825.9	476.2	561.8	139.3%	1,062.8	1,183.1	2,075.3	892.2	13.7%	249.4	1,134.5	1,771.9	637.4	-14.6%	(303.5)		
Excess to TSR or Early Childhood Trust Fund	<i>i</i>	(824.1)	(1,300.3)	(476.2)	(487.9)	279.4%	(957.6)	(448.3)	(1,245.3)	(797.0)	-4.2%	54.9	(253.3)	(617.0)	(363.7)	-50.5%	628.4		
NET Oil & Gas School Tax		525.7	525.7	-	73.9	25.0%	105.3	734.8	830.0	95.2	57.9%	304.3	881.2	1,154.9	273.7	39.1%	324.9		
Oil Conservation Tax		62.0	99.3	37.3	28.7	150.8%	59.7	61.1	113.5	52.4	14.3%	14.2	58.8	99.9	41.1	-12.0%	(13.6)		
Resources Excise Tax		7.6	8.7	1.1	0.1	27.9%	1.9	7.0	7.8	0.8	-10.3%	(0.9)	7.1	7.8	0.7	0.0%	-		
Natural Gas Processors Tax		9.1	10.0	0.9	0.8	-4.8%	(0.5)	25.8	35.5	9.7	255.0%	25.5	24.1	52.5	28.4	47.9%	17.0		
TOTAL SEVERANCE TAXES		604.3	643.7	39.3	103.5	34.9%	166.4	828.6	986.8	158.2	53.3%	343.1	971.2	1,315.1	343.9	33.3%	328.3		
LICENSE FEES		58.5	59.9	1.5	10.9	174.8%	38.1	57.9	59.6	1.7	-0.5%	(0.3)	57.3	59.2	1.9	-0.8%	(0.5)		
LGPF Interest		777.1	780.0	2.9	2.9	8.1%	58.4	848.6	872.6	24.0	11.9%	92.6	920.1	946.5	26.4	8.5%	73.9		
STO Interest		15.8	(118.6)	(134.4)	(7.6)	-2317.7%	(123.9)	30.4	(52.3)	(82.7)		66.3	33.2	125.6	92.5	-340.2%	177.9		
STPF Interest		246.4	246.4	0.0	4.6	5.3%	12.4	263.0	265.8	2.8	7.9%	19.4	283.8	284.2	0.4	6.9%	18.4		
TOTAL INTEREST		1,039.2	907.8	(131.4)	(0.1)	-5.5%	(53.2)	1,142.0	1,086.1	(55.9)	19.6%	178.3	1,237.1	1,356.3	119.2	24.9%	270.2		
Gross Federal Mineral Leasing		1,439.3	2,256.6	817.3	568.5	178.1%	1,445.1	1,580.8	2,356.9	776.0	4.4%	100.2	1,481.3	2,334.1	852.8	-1.0%	(22.7)		
Excess to Early Childhood Trust Fund		(684.3)	(1,501.5)	(817.2)	n/a			(625.2)	(1,347.9)	(722.7)		153.7	(322.3)	(966.6)		-28.3%	381.3		
NET Federal Mineral Leasing		755.0	755.1	0.1	143.3	-7.0%	(56.4)	955.7	1,009.0	53.3	33.6%	253.9	1,159.0	1,367.5	208.5	35.5%	358.5		
State Land Office		36.7	52.9	16.2	(21.9)	26.8%	11.2	37.6	58.8	21.2	11.1%	5.9	37.9	54.4	16.5	-7.5%	(4.4)		
TOTAL RENTS & ROYALTIES		791.7	808.0	16.3	121.4	-5.3%	(45.3)	993.3	1,067.8	74.5	32.2%	259.8	1,196.9	1,421.9	225.0	33.2%	354.1		
TRIBAL REVENUE SHARING		72.8	71.9	(0.9)	3.2	49.3%	23.7	76.6	76.2	(0.4)	6.0%	4.3	78.7	78.2	(0.5)	2.6%	2.0		
MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS		49.2	49.2	-	0.1	19.6%	8.0	42.1	42.1	-	-14.4%	(7.1)	27.7	41.7	14.0	-0.8%	(0.3)		
REVERSIONS		50.0	75.0	25.0	-	-17.2%	(15.6)	50.0	75.0	25.0	0.0%	-	50.0	75.0	25.0	0.0%	-		
TOTAL RECURRING	$ \  \  $	8,163.1	9,216.6	1,053.6	879.9	14.0%	1,131.5	8,845.4	9,847.1	1,001.7	6.8%	630.4	9,235.0	10,859.0	1,624.0	10.3%	1,011.9		
2022 Nonrecurring Legislation		(338.7)	(900.3)	(561.6)				(664.2)	(105.6)	558.6									
2021 Nonrecurring Legislation		(8.2)	(3.6)	,		-97.6%	145.2	, ,,		-	-100.0%	3.6			-		-		
Other Nonrecurring	∐ I		`-	-		-100.0%	(114.6)		-			-			-		-		
TOTAL NONRECURRING	П	(346.9)	(903.9)	(557.0)	(13.8)	2546.6%	(869.8)	(664.2)	(105.6)	558.6	-88.3%	798.3			-		105.6		
GRAND TOTAL General Fund	Ш	7,816.2	8,312.7	496.6	866.1	3.3%	261.7	8,181.2	9,741.5	1,560.3	17.2%	1,428.8	9,235.0	10,859.0	1,624.0	11.5%	1,117.5		
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## Appendix 1b

			FY25			FY 26						FY27				
	Dec. 2021		Changa	%	¢ Changa	Dec. 2021		Chango	%	¢ Changa						
D		A 22 Feb	Change	Change	\$ Change		Aug 22	Change	Change	\$ Change	Aug 22	% Change	\$ Change			
Revenue Source	Est. (adj. for legis)	Aug 22 Est.	(Dec 21)	from FY24	from FY24	Est. (adj. for legis)	Est.	from Prior (Dec 21)	from FY25	from FY25	Est.	from FY26	from FY26			
Base Gross Receipts Tax	3,054.4	3,550.7	496.3	3.9%	132.9	3,148.9	3,660.1	511.2	3.1%	109.4	3,772.6	3.1%	112.5			
F&M Hold Harmless Payments	(82.4)	(87.3)	(4.9)	-10.1%	9.8	(71.5)	(78.8)	(7.3)	-9.7%	8.5	(71.1)	-9.8%	7.7			
NET Gross Receipts Tax	2,972.0	3,463.4	491.4	4.3%	142.7	3,077.4	3,581.3	503.9	3.4%	117.9	3,701.5	3.4%	120.2			
Compensating Tax	65.5	68.8	3.3	3.9%	2.6	67.6	70.9	3.3	3.1%	2.1	73.1	3.1%	2.2			
TOTAL GENERAL SALES	3,037.5	3,532.2	494.7	4.3%	145.3	3,145.0	3,652.2	507.2	3.4%	120.0	3,774.6	3.4%	122.4			
Tobacco Products and Cigarette Taxes	87.7	79.7	(8.0)	-0.8%	(0.7)	87.3	78.5	(8.8)	-1.4%	(1.1)	77.6	-1.2%	(1.0)			
Liquor Excise	24.8	25.1	0.3	0.8%	0.2	25.0	25.4	0.4	1.2%	0.3	25.6	0.8%	0.2			
Cannabis Excise	35.7	26.5	(9.2)	7.7%	1.9	42.7	30.4	(12.3)	14.7%	3.9	34.0	11.7%	3.6			
Insurance Taxes	425.3	421.2	(4.1)	16.0%	58.0	432.4	459.5	27.1	9.1%	38.3	487.6	6.1%	28.1			
Fire Protection Fund Reversion	125.5	121.2	(1.1)	10.070	50.0	-	107.0	27.1	2.170	-	107.0	0.170	20.1			
Motor Vehicle Excise	151.6	149.5	(2.1)	-1.3%	(2.0)	158.2	153.0	(5.2)	2.3%	3.5	159.4	4.2%	6.4			
	66.9	67.2	0.3	-0.4%		67.1	66.5	. ,	-1.0%		66.9	0.6%	0.4			
Gaming Excise					(0.3)	_		(0.6)		(0.7)			0.4			
Leased Vehicle & Other	6.9	6.7	(0.2)	4.7%	0.3	6.8	6.9	0.1	3.0%	0.2	6.9	0.0%	-			
TOTAL SELECTIVE SALES	799.0	775.9	(23.1)	8.0%	57.4	819.6	820.2	0.7	5.7%	44.4	858.0	4.6%	37.7			
Personal Income Tax	1,971.2	2,288.6	317.4	3.2%	71.9	2,046.1	2,376.3	330.2	3.8%	87.7	2,461.1	3.6%	84.8			
Gross Corporate Income Tax	209.1	348.8	139.7	4.3%	14.4	216.3	365.4	149.1	4.8%	16.6	382.6	4.7%	17.2			
CIT Refundable Credits	(160.2)	(161.5)	(1.3)	11.5%	(16.6)	(160.2)	(168.1)	(7.9)	4.1%	(6.6)	(168.1)	0.0%	-			
NET Corporate Income Tax	48.9	187.3	138.4	-1.2%	(2.2)	` 56.1 <sup>´</sup>	197.3	141.2	5.3%	10.0	214.5	8.7%	17.2			
TOTAL INCOME TAXES	2,020.1	2,475.9	455.8	2.9%	69.7	2,102.2	2,573.6	471.4	3.9%	97.7	2,675.6	4.0%	102.0			
Gross Oil and Gas School Tax	1,145.1	1,702.4	557.3	-3.9%	(69.5)	1,176.4	1,742.9	566.5	2.4%	40.5	1,736.0	-0.4%	(6.9)			
Excess to TSR or Early Childhood Trust Fund	(148.0)	(304.2)	(156.2)	-50.7%	312.8	(61.3)	(115.2)		-62.1%	189.0	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-1170	115.2			
NET Oil & Gas School Tax	997.1	1,398.2	401.2	21.1%	243.3	1,115.1	1,627.7	512.6	16.4%	229.5	1,736.0	6.7%	108.3			
Oil Conservation Tax	59.4	96.2	36.8	-3.7%	(3.7)	61.3	90.2	28.9	-6.3%	(6.0)	89.6	-0.6%	(0.6)			
Resources Excise Tax	7.1	7.8	0.7	0.0%	(3.7)	7.1	7.8	0.7	0.0%	(0.0)	7.8	0.0%	(0.0)			
Natural Gas Processors Tax	18.7	41.4	22.7	-21.1%	(11.1)	17.2	30.8	13.6	-25.6%	(10.6)	29.9	-2.9%	(0.9)			
TOTAL SEVERANCE TAXES	1,082.3	1,543.6	461.3	17.4%	228.5	1,200.7	1,756.5	555.8	13.8%	212.9	1,863.3	6.1%	106.8			
LICENSE FEES	56.2	59.1	2.9	-0.1%	(0.0)	56.6	60.0	3.4	1.5%	0.9	59.7	-0.6%	(0.3)			
LGPF Interest	1,011.3	1,037.9	26.6	9.7%	91.4	1,090.0	1,111.6	21.6	7.1%	73.7	1,195.3	7.5%	83.7			
STO Interest	31.3	153.2	122.0	22.0%	27.6	36.5	117.8	81.3	-23.1%	(35.4)	119.0	1.0%	1.2			
STPF Interest	309.0	305.9	(3.1)	7.6%	21.7	330.6	322.9	(7.7)	5.6%	17.0	339.7	5.2%	16.8			
TOTAL INTEREST	1,351.5	1,497.0	145.5	10.4%	140.7	1,457.2	1,552.3	95.1	3.7%	55.3	1,654.0	6.6%	101.7			
Gross Federal Mineral Leasing	1,442.4	2,171.5	729.0	-7.0%	(162.7)	1,469.8	2,130.5	660.8	-1.9%	(40.9)	2,129.1	-0.1%	(1.5)			
Excess to Early Childhood Trust Fund	(216.4)	(566.4)	(349.9)	-41.4%	400.2	(118.7)	(254.6)	(135.9)	-55.1%	311.8	-	-100.0%	254.6			
NET Federal Mineral Leasing	1,226.0	1,605.1	379.1	17.4%	237.6	1,351.1	1,876.0	524.9	16.9%	270.9	2,129.1	13.5%	253.1			
State Land Office	38.2	55.5	17.3	2.1%	1.1	38.6	56.8	18.2	2.3%	1.3	58.3	2.5%	1.4			
TOTAL RENTS & ROYALTIES	1,264.2	1,660.6	396.4	16.8%	238.7	1,389.7	1,932.8	543.1	16.4%	272.2	2,187.3	13.2%	254.6			
TRIBAL REVENUE SHARING	80.8	80.1	(0.7)	2.4%	1.9	82.9	82.0	(0.9)	2.4%	1.9	84.0	2.4%	2.0			
MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS	25.7	41.2	15.5	-1.2%	(0.5)	24.3	41.5	17.2	0.7%	0.3	41.5	0.0%	2.0			
					(0.3)					0.3						
REVERSIONS	50.0	75.0	25.0	0.0%	-	50.0	75.0	25.0	0.0%	-	75.0	0.0%	-			
TOTAL RECURRING	9,767.3	11,740.6	1,973.4	8.1%	881.6	10,328.2	12,546.1	2,217.9	6.9%	805.4	13,272.9	5.8%	726.8			
2022 Nonrecurring Legislation																
2021 Nonrecurring Legislation			_		_					_						
Other Nonrecurring																
TOTAL NONRECURRING			-		-			-		-			-			
GRAND TOTAL General Fund	9,767.3	11,740.6	1,973.4	8.1%	881.6	10,328.2	12,546.1	2,217.9	6.9%	805.4	13,272.9	5.8%	726.8			
GIVIND TOTAL GENERAL FULLA	9,707.3	11,/40.0	1,7/3.4	0.1%	001.0	10,320.2	14,340.1	4,617.7	0.5%	003.4	13,474.9	5.0%	720.0			

							tors	c Indicat	conomi	Mexico E	nd New	U.S. a	
Forecast	FY27	F۱	/26	F۱	<b>Y</b> 25	F۱	/24	FY	/23	F۱	/22	F	
National Economic Indicators   HS	Aug 22	Dec 21	Aug 22	Dec 21	Aug 22	Dec 21	Aug 22	Dec 21	Aug 22	Dec 21	Aug 22	Dec 21	
HS US Real GDP Growth (annual avg., % YOY)*   4.6   3.8   3.8   0.7   2.6   1.6   2.7   2.2   2.6   2.3   2.4     Moody's US Real GDP Growth (annual avg., % YOY)*   5.2   3.9   2.9   1.4   2.7   2.4   2.6   2.8   2.4   2.7   2.0     HS US Inflation Rate (CPI-U, annual avg., % YOY)*   5.0   7.1   2.2   5.7   2.2   2.4   2.2   1.7   2.2   2.1   2.2     Moody's US Inflation Rate (CPI-U, annual avg., % YOY)**   5.0   7.1   2.5   5.4   2.3   2.2   2.3   2.3   2.3   2.3   2.3   2.3     HS Federal Funds Rate (%)   0.1   0.3   0.2   3.0   0.6   3.3   1.3   2.7   2.0   2.6   2.5     Moody's Federal Funds Rate (%)   0.1   0.3   0.2   2.8   1.0   3.2   1.9   2.6   2.5   2.5   2.5     New Mexico Labor Market and Income Data	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	
Moody's US Real GDP Growth (annual avg., % YOY)*   5.2   3.9   2.9   1.4   2.7   2.4   2.6   2.8   2.4   2.7   2.0     HS													National Economic Indicators
HS US Inflation Rate (CPI-U, annual avg., % YOY)**   5.0   7.1   2.2   5.7   2.2   2.4   2.2   1.7   2.2   2.1   2.2	1.9											4.6	IHS US Real GDP Growth (annual avg.,% YOY)*
Moody's US Inflation Rate (CPI-U, annual avg., % YOY)***   5.0   7.1   2.5   5.4   2.3   2.2   2.3   2.5	2.6	2.0	2.7	2.4	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.7	1.4	2.9	3.9	5.2	Moody's US Real GDP Growth (annual avg. ,% YOY)*
Moody's US Inflation Rate (CPI-U, annual avg., % YOY)**   5.0   7.1   2.5   5.4   2.3   2.2   2.3   2.5	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.2	1.7	2.2	2.4	2.2	5.7	2.2	7.1	5.0	IHS US Inflation Rate (CPI-U, annual avg., % YOY)**
Moody's Federal Funds Rate (%)   0.1   0.3   0.2   2.8   1.0   3.2   1.9   2.6   2.5   2.5   2.5	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.3	5.4	2.5	7.1	5.0	Moody's US Inflation Rate (CPI-U, annual avg., % YOY)**
New Mexico Labor Market and Income Data   BBER   NM Non-Agricultural Employment Growth (%)   3.4   5.4   2.4   1.8   1.7   0.8   1.4   0.8   1.4   1.1   1.3	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.0	2.7	1.3	3.3	0.6	3.0	0.2	0.3	0.1	IHS Federal Funds Rate (%)
BBER         NM Non-Agricultural Employment Growth (%)         3.4         5.4         2.4         1.8         1.7         0.8         1.4         0.8         1.4         1.1         1.3           Moody's NM Non-Agricultural Employment Growth (%)         4.8         5.4         2.4         2.5         1.1         1.3         0.5         0.9         0.3         0.4         0.2           BBER         NM Nominal Personal Income Growth (%)****         5.1         7.0         -4.6         0.3         4.6         4.5         4.9         4.8         5.2         4.8         5.0           Moody's NM Nominal Personal Income Growth (%)****         6.7         7.0         -1.1         3.1         4.7         5.8         4.7         5.1         4.4         4.4         4.3           BBER NM Total Wages & Salaries Growth (%)         3.5         10.9         5.7         5.6         4.4         4.0         4.5         4.3         4.4         4.4         4.3           BBER NM Private Wages & Salaries Growth (%)         3.8         12.7         6.0         5.9         4.9         4.1         4.9         4.3         4.9         4.5         4.6           BBER NM Real Gross State Product (% YOY)         3.3         2.1         2.7	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	1.9	3.2	1.0	2.8	0.2	0.3	0.1	Moody's Federal Funds Rate (%)
Moody's NM Non-Agricultural Employment Growth (%)         4.8         5.4         2.4         2.5         1.1         1.3         0.5         0.9         0.3         0.4         0.2           BBER NM Nominal Personal Income Growth (%)****         5.1         7.0         -4.6         0.3         4.6         4.5         4.9         4.8         5.2         4.8         5.0           Moody's NM Nominal Personal Income Growth (%)****         6.7         7.0         -1.1         3.1         4.7         5.8         4.7         5.1         4.4         4.3           BBER NM Total Wages & Salaries Growth (%)         3.5         10.9         5.7         5.6         4.4         4.0         4.5         4.3         4.4         4.4         4.3           BBER NM Private Wages & Salaries Growth (%)         3.8         12.7         6.0         5.9         4.9         4.1         4.9         4.3         4.6         4.4           BBER NM Real Gross State Product (% YOY)         3.3         2.1         2.7         2.4         2.5         2.2         2.5         2.1         2.1         1.9         2.3           Moody's NM Real Gross State Product (% YOY)         3.3         2.1         2.7         2.4         2.5         2.2 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>													
BBER NM Nominal Personal Income Growth (%)***  5.1 7.0 -4.6 0.3 4.6 4.5 4.9 4.8 5.2 4.8 5.0 Moody's NM Nominal Personal Income Growth (%)***  6.7 7.0 -1.1 3.1 4.7 5.8 4.7 5.1 4.4 4.4 4.3 BBER NM Total Wages & Salaries Growth (%)  7.8 11.9 4.5 9.1 5.1 6.2 4.3 5.3 4.3 4.6 4.4 4.0 BBER NM Private Wages & Salaries Growth (%)  8BER NM Real Gross State Product (% YOY)  8BER NM Gross Oil Price (\$/barrel)  871.50 \$86.50 \$64.50 \$90.50 \$60.50 \$78.50 \$59.50 \$72.00 \$59.50 \$70.00 CREG NM Net Oil Price (\$/barrel)******  862.78 \$76.07 \$56.63 \$79.46 \$53.12 \$68.92 \$52.24 \$63.22 \$52.24 \$61.46 BBER Oil Volumes (million barrels)  895.70 \$64.50 \$64.50 \$64.50 \$64.50 \$64.50 \$66.50 \$78.50 \$59.50 \$72.00 \$59.50 \$70.00 \$70.00 CREG NM Net Oil Price (\$/barrel)******  806.78 \$76.07 \$56.63 \$79.46 \$53.12 \$68.92 \$52.24 \$63.22 \$52.24 \$61.46 \$70.40 \$70.	0.9												BBER NM Non-Agricultural Employment Growth (%)
Moody's NM Nominal Personal Income Growth (%)***         6.7         7.0         -1.1         3.1         4.7         5.8         4.7         5.1         4.4         4.4         4.3           BBER NM Total Wages & Salaries Growth (%)         3.5         10.9         5.7         5.6         4.4         4.0         4.5         4.3         4.4         4.4         4.3           Moody's NM Total Wages & Salaries Growth (%)         7.8         11.9         4.5         9.1         5.1         6.2         4.3         5.3         4.3         4.6         4.4           BBER NM Private Wages & Salaries Growth (%)         3.8         12.7         6.0         5.9         4.9         4.1         4.9         4.3         4.9         4.5         4.6           BBER NM Real Gross State Product (% YOY)         3.3         2.1         2.7         2.4         2.5         2.2         2.5         2.1         2.1         1.9         2.3           Moody's NM Real Gross State Product (% YOY)         5.4         2.2         2.6         1.8         2.6         2.1         2.2         2.3         2.1         2.4         2.2           CREG NM Gross Oil Price (\$/barrel)         \$71.50         \$86.50         \$64.50         \$90.50         \$60.	0.2												
BBER NM Total Wages & Salaries Growth (%)  Moody's NM Total Wages & Salaries Growth (%)  BBER NM Private Wages & Salaries Growth (%)  BBER NM Private Wages & Salaries Growth (%)  BBER NM Private Wages & Salaries Growth (%)  BBER NM Real Gross State Product (% YOY)  Moody's NM Real Gross State Product (% YOY)  BBER NM Gross State Product (% YOY)  STATE OF THE NAME	4.6												BBER NM Nominal Personal Income Growth (%)***
Moody's NM Total Wages & Salaries Growth (%)       7.8       11.9       4.5       9.1       5.1       6.2       4.3       5.3       4.3       4.6       4.4         BBER NM Private Wages & Salaries Growth (%)       3.8       12.7       6.0       5.9       4.9       4.1       4.9       4.3       4.9       4.5       4.6         BBER NM Real Gross State Product (% YOY)       3.3       2.1       2.7       2.4       2.5       2.2       2.5       2.1       2.1       1.9       2.3         Moody's NM Real Gross State Product (% YOY)       5.4       2.2       2.6       1.8       2.6       2.1       2.2       2.3       2.1       2.4       2.2         CREG NM Gross Oil Price (\$/barrel)       \$71.50       \$86.50       \$64.50       \$90.50       \$60.50       \$78.50       \$59.50       \$72.00       \$59.50       \$70.00         CREG NM Net Oil Price (\$/barrel)******       \$62.78       \$76.07       \$56.63       \$79.46       \$53.12       \$68.92       \$52.24       \$63.22       \$52.24       \$61.46         BBER Oil Volumes (million barrels)       397       519       410       523       417       522       422       526       426       531       438         CREG NM	4.4												, ,
BBER NM Private Wages & Salaries Growth (%)  3.8 12.7 6.0 5.9 4.9 4.1 4.9 4.3 4.9 4.5 4.6  BBER NM Real Gross State Product (% YOY)  3.3 2.1 2.7 2.4 2.5 2.2 2.5 2.1 2.1 1.9 2.3  Moody's NM Real Gross State Product (% YOY)  5.4 2.2 2.6 1.8 2.6 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.1 2.4 2.2  CREG NM Gross Oil Price (\$/barrel)  \$71.50 \$86.50 \$64.50 \$90.50 \$60.50 \$78.50 \$59.50 \$72.00 \$59.50 \$70.00  CREG NM Net Oil Price (\$/barrel)*****  \$62.78 \$76.07 \$56.63 \$79.46 \$53.12 \$68.92 \$52.24 \$63.22 \$52.24 \$61.46  BBER Oil Volumes (million barrels)  397 519 410 523 417 522 422 526 426 531 438  CREG NM Taxable Oil Volumes (million barrels)  497 529 515 590 539 640 557 675 574 710	3.7												BBER NM Total Wages & Salaries Growth (%)
BBER NM Real Gross State Product (% YOY)  3.3 2.1 2.7 2.4 2.5 2.2 2.5 2.1 2.1 1.9 2.3  Moody's NM Real Gross State Product (% YOY)  5.4 2.2 2.6 1.8 2.6 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.1 2.4 2.2  CREG NM Gross Oil Price (\$/barrel)  \$71.50 \$86.50 \$64.50 \$90.50 \$60.50 \$78.50 \$59.50 \$72.00 \$59.50 \$70.00  CREG NM Net Oil Price (\$/barrel)*****  \$62.78 \$76.07 \$56.63 \$79.46 \$53.12 \$68.92 \$52.24 \$63.22 \$52.24 \$61.46  BBER Oil Volumes (million barrels)  397 519 410 523 417 522 422 526 426 531 438  CREG NM Taxable Oil Volumes (million barrels)  497 529 515 590 539 640 557 675 574 710	4.4												, ,
Moody's NM Real Gross State Product (% YOY)         5.4         2.2         2.6         1.8         2.6         2.1         2.2         2.3         2.1         2.4         2.2           CREG NM Gross Oil Price (\$/barrel)         \$71.50         \$86.50         \$64.50         \$90.50         \$60.50         \$78.50         \$59.50         \$72.00         \$59.50         \$70.00           CREG NM Net Oil Price (\$/barrel)*****         \$62.78         \$76.07         \$56.63         \$79.46         \$53.12         \$68.92         \$52.24         \$63.22         \$52.24         \$61.46           BBER Oil Volumes (million barrels)         397         519         410         523         417         522         422         526         426         531         438           CREG NM Taxable Oil Volumes (million barrels)         497         529         515         590         539         640         557         675         574         710	3.7	4.6	4.5	4.9	4.3	4.9	4.1	4.9	5.9	6.0	12.7	3.8	BBER NM Private Wages & Salaries Growth (%)
Moody's NM Real Gross State Product (% YOY)         5.4         2.2         2.6         1.8         2.6         2.1         2.2         2.3         2.1         2.4         2.2           CREG NM Gross Oil Price (\$/barrel)         \$71.50         \$86.50         \$64.50         \$90.50         \$60.50         \$78.50         \$59.50         \$72.00         \$59.50         \$70.00           CREG NM Net Oil Price (\$/barrel)*****         \$62.78         \$76.07         \$56.63         \$79.46         \$53.12         \$68.92         \$52.24         \$63.22         \$52.24         \$61.46           BBER Oil Volumes (million barrels)         397         519         410         523         417         522         422         526         426         531         438           CREG NM Taxable Oil Volumes (million barrels)         497         529         515         590         539         640         557         675         574         710	2.1	0.0	4.0	0.4		0.5		0.5		0.7		2.2	DDED AND Deal Course Olate Deaduct (% VOV)
CREG NM Gross Oil Price (\$/barrel) \$71.50 \$86.50 \$64.50 \$90.50 \$60.50 \$78.50 \$59.50 \$72.00 \$59.50 \$70.00 CREG NM Net Oil Price (\$/barrel)***** \$62.78 \$76.07 \$56.63 \$79.46 \$53.12 \$68.92 \$52.24 \$63.22 \$52.24 \$61.46 BBER Oil Volumes (million barrels) 397 519 410 523 417 522 422 526 426 531 438 CREG NM Taxable Oil Volumes (million barrels) 497 529 515 590 539 640 557 675 574 710	2.1												
CREG         NM Net Oil Price (\$/barrel)*****         \$62.78         \$76.07         \$56.63         \$79.46         \$53.12         \$68.92         \$52.24         \$63.22         \$52.24         \$61.46           BBER         Oil Volumes (million barrels)         397         519         410         523         417         522         422         526         426         531         438           CREG         NM Taxable Oil Volumes (million barrels)         497         529         515         590         539         640         557         675         574         710		2.2											,
BBER         Oil Volumes (million barrels)         397         519         410         523         417         522         422         526         426         531         438           CREG         NM Taxable Oil Volumes (million barrels)         497         529         515         590         539         640         557         675         574         710	\$68.50												
CREG NM Taxable Oil Volumes (million barrels) 497 529 515 590 539 640 557 675 574 710	\$60.14		\$61.46	\$52.24	\$63.22	\$52.24	\$68.92	\$53.12	\$79.46	\$56.63	\$76.07	\$62.78	CREG NM Net Oil Price (\$/barrel)*****
	534	438	531	426	526	422	522	417	523	410	519	397	BBER Oil Volumes (million barrels)
NM Taxable Oil Volumes (%YOY growth) 21.8% 29.9% 3.6% 11.4% 4.7% 8.5% 3.4% 5.5% 3.1% 5.2%	725			574	675	557	640		590	515		497	
	2.1%			3.1%	5.5%	3.4%	8.5%	4.7%	11.4%	3.6%	29.9%	21.8%	NM Taxable Oil Volumes (%YOY growth)
CREG NM Gross Gas Price (\$ per thousand cubic feet)**** \$5.00 <b>\$6.90</b> \$3.80 <b>\$6.95</b> \$3.40 <b>\$4.75</b> \$3.30 <b>\$4.30</b> \$3.35 <b>\$4.30</b>	\$4.15												
CREG NM Net Gas Price (\$ per thousand cubic feet)***** \$3.82 \$5.37 \$2.72 \$5.42 \$2.35 \$3.28 \$2.26 \$2.97 \$2.30 \$2.97	\$2.87		\$2.97	\$2.30	\$2.97	\$2.26	\$3.28	\$2.35	\$5.42	\$2.72	\$5.37	\$3.82	CREG NM Net Gas Price (\$ per thousand cubic feet)*****
	2,636	2,157	2,632										
CREG NM Taxable Gas Volumes (billion cubic feet) 2,395 2,585 2,420 2,750 2,460 2,895 2,505 2,995 2,505 3,080	3,140												
NM Taxable Gas Volumes (%YOY growth) 12.2% 21.0% 1.0% 6.4% 1.7% 5.3% 1.8% 3.5% 1.2% 2.8%	1.9%		2.8%	1.2%	3.5%	1.8%	5.3%	1.7%	6.4%	1.0%	21.0%	12.2%	NM Taxable Gas Volumes (%YOY growth)

#### Notes

- \* Real GDP is BEA chained 2012 dollars, billions, annual rate
- \*\* CPI is all urban, BLS 1982-84=1.00 base
- \*\*\*Nominal Personal Income growth rates are for the calendar year in which each fiscal year begins
- \*\*\*\*The gross gas prices are estimated using a formula of NYMEX, EIA, and IHS Markit future prices
- \*\*\*\*\*The net oil and gas prices represent calculated prices based on taxable values of the product after deductions for transportation, processing, and royalties Sources: BBER July 2022 FOR-UNM baseline. IHS Global Insight July 2022 baseline.

#### DFA Note:

- \* Real GDP is BEA chained 2012 dollars, billions, annual rate
- \*\* CPI is all urban, BLS 1982-84=1.00 base.
- \*\*\*Nominal Personal Income growth rates are for the calendar year in which each fiscal year begins
- \*\*\*\*The gross gas prices are estimated using a formula of NYMEX, EIA, and Moodys January future prices
- \*\*\*\*\*The net oil and gas prices represent calculated prices based on taxable values of the product after deductions for transportation, processing, and royalties Sources: Moody's baseline

### DFA GENERAL FUND FINANCIAL SUMMARY August 2022 (Dollars in Millions)

	]	Prelim. FY22		Est. FY23		Est. FY24
APPROPRIATION ACCOUNT						
Revenue:						
Recurring Revenue:	•	0.162.1	Φ.	0.045.4		0.005.0
December 2021 Consensus Revenue Forecast		8,163.1		8,845.4		9,235.0
August 2022 Forecast Revisions	\$	1,053.6	\$	1,001.7	\$	1,624.0
Subtotal Recurring Revenue	\$	9,216.7	\$	9,847.1	\$	10,859.0
Nonrecurring Revenue						
Federal Stimulus Funds	S	1,069.2				
2022 Legislation	\$	(900.3)	\$	(105.6)		
2021 Legislation	\$	(3.6)		, ,		
Subtotal Nonrecurring Revenue	\$	165.3	\$	(105.6)	2	
Subtour Nomecuring Revenue	Ψ	103.5	Ψ	(103.0)	Ψ	
Total Revenue	\$	9,381.9	\$	9,741.5	\$	10,859.0
Appropriations:						
Recurring Appropriations:						FY24
2021 Legislative Session and Feed Bill	S	7,449.7	\$	_		New
2022 Recurring Appropriations	\$	7.6		8,378.2		Money
2022 Special Session			\$	26.1		Wioney
Subtotal Recurring Appropriations	2	7,457.3	\$	8,404.3	-	\$2.455
Subtour recurring repropriations	Ψ	7,107.0	Ψ	0,101.0	-	billion
Nonrecurring:						or
2021 SSS Nonrecurring Appropriations (ARPA Appropriations)	\$	346.1				29.2%
2022 Nonrecurring Appropriations (ARPA Appropriations)	\$	275.1	\$	309.3		
2022 Nonrecurring (all sections)	\$	1,011.7		100.0		
2022 Special Session	\$	44.9	,			
Subtotal Nonrecurring Appropriations	\$	1,677.9	\$	409.3	\$	-
Total Appropriations	\$	9,135.2	\$	8,813.6	\$	-
Transfers to // from Operating December	e	(202.0)	Ç	1,237.4		
Transfers to/(from Operating Reserves) Transfers to/(from Appropriation Contingency Fund)	\$ \$	(202.0) 448.7		(309.5)		
Transiers to/(norn Appropriation Condingency Fund)	Φ	440./	Φ	(309.3)		

#### GENERAL FUND FINANCIAL SUMMARY

#### Reserve Detail (Dollars in Millions)

		Est. FY22	Est. FY23	Est. FY24	
OPERATING RESERVE					
Beginning Balance	\$	347.5	\$ 116.7	\$ 596.6	
BOF Emergency Appropriations/Reversions	\$	(2.4)	(2.5)	\$ (2.5	
Disaster Allotments	\$	(26.4)	-	\$ -	
Transfers from/to Appropriation Account	\$	(202.0)	1,237.4	\$ -	
Transfers to Tax Stabilization Reserve	\$	-	\$ (755.0)	-	
Transfers from (to) ACF/Other Appropriations	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
Transfers from Tax Stabilization Reserve (1% transfer from TSR)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
Transfers from Tax Stabilization Reserve	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
Ending Balance	\$	116.7	\$ 596.6	\$ 594.1	
APPROPRIATION CONTINGENCY FUND					
Beginning Balance	\$	55.5	457.5	\$ 140.0	
Disaster Allotments	\$	(54.6)	(16.0)	(16.0	
Other Appropriations		(620.5)	(309.5)	-	
Transfers In	_	1,069.2	-	\$ -	
Revenue and Reversions	_\$	8.0	8.0	\$ 8.	
Ending Balance	\$	457.5	\$ 140.0	\$ 132.	
STATE SUPPORT RESERVE					
Beginning Balance	\$	4.0	\$ 10.4	\$ 10.4	
Revenues/Transfers <sup>2</sup>	\$	15.5	\$ -	\$ -	
Appropriations <sup>3</sup>	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
Impact Aid Liability	\$	(39.1)			
	\$	30.0			
Ending Balance	\$	10.4	\$ 10.4	\$ 10.	
TOBACCO SETTLEMENT PERMANENT FUND					
Beginning Balance	\$	285.3	\$ 301.0	\$ 333.	
Transfers In <sup>6</sup>	\$	36.3	\$ 32.5	\$ 24.	
Appropriation to Tobacco Settlement Program Fund	\$	(36.3)	\$ (16.3)	\$ (12.	
Gains/Losses	\$	15.7	\$ 16.6	\$ 18.	
Additional Transfers from TSPF	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
Transfer to General Fund Appropriation Account	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
Ending Balance	\$	301.0	\$ 333.8	\$ 364.	
TAX STABILIZATION RESERVE					
Beginning Balance		1,812.6	\$ 1,848.8	\$ 2,680.	
Revenues In <sup>3</sup>		1,300.3	\$ 1,245.3	\$ 617.	
Transfers In (from Operating Reserve)	\$	-	\$ 755.0	\$ -	
Transfer Out to Operating Reserve <sup>5</sup>	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
Transfers Out to Early Childhood Trust Fund <sup>4</sup>			(1,245.3)	(617.	
Gains/Losses	\$	36.3	\$ 76.5	\$ 107.	
Other appropriations	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
Audit Adjustments	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
Ending Balance	\$	1,848.8	\$ 2,680.3	\$ 2,787.	
Total General Fund Ending Balances	\$	2,734.4	\$ 3,761.1	\$ 3,888.	
Percent of Recurring Appropriations		36.7%	44.8%		

1. 2021 Second Special session appropriated \$1.069 billion of ARPA funds to appropriation contingency fund

2. Laws 2021, Chapter 137 (HB2) contained a \$15.5 million transfer from the repealed K-3 Plus Program Fund to the state support reserve.

3. Estimated transfers to TSR from excess oil and gas emergency tax revenues in excess of the rolling five-year average.

4. Laws 2020, Chapter 3 (H883) established that if reserve balances exceed 25 percent of recurring appropriations the excess oil and gas emergency tax revenue in excess of the rolling five-year average be distributed to the Early Childhood Trust Fund.

5. Laws 2020, H8341 transfers a portion of the balance in the Tax Stabilization Reserve (TSR) if the General Fund Operating Reserve is less than one percent of aggregate appropriations. The amount transferred is equal to the lesser of the one percent of appropriations or the amount necessary so that the balance in the Operating Reserve is one percent of percent aggregate

appipirations.

6. DFA and LFC estimate \$12 million in TSPF revenue due to expected arbitration ruling to affect FY22; Laws 2021, Chapter 60(SB187) allows use of 100% of revenue for tobacco program fund.

Totals may not sum due to rounding

## Sources and Uses of Bonding Capacity Available for Authorization and Severance Tax Permanent Fund Transfer (in millions) AUGUST 2022 Estimate

FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27	5-Year
	\$259.7		\$259.7		\$519.4
\$1,369.5	\$1,410.8	\$1,310.3	\$1,245.7	\$1,200.3	\$6,536.6
\$696.9	\$696.9	\$696.9	\$696.9	\$696.9	\$3,484.5
\$672.6	\$713.9	\$613.4	\$548.8	\$503.4	\$3,052.1
\$678.4	\$764.6	\$735.0	\$735.0	\$759.2	\$3,672.2
\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
\$678.4	\$764.6	\$735.0	\$735.0	\$759.2	\$3,672.2
\$2,047.9	\$2,435.1	\$2,045.3	\$2,240.4	\$1,959.5	\$10,728.2
FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27	5-Year
	\$259.7		\$259.7		\$519.4
\$76.7	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$76.7
\$123.3	\$127.0	\$117.9	\$112.1	\$108.0	\$588.3
\$61.6	\$63.5	\$59.0	\$56.1	\$54.0	\$294.2
\$61.6	\$63.5	\$59.0	\$56.1	\$54.0	\$294.2
\$0.0	\$35.3	\$32.8	\$31.1	\$30.0	\$129.2
\$1,046.3	\$1,121.6	\$1,041.7	\$990.3	\$954.2	\$5,154.1
\$678.4	\$764.6	\$735.0	\$735.0	\$759.2	\$3,672.2
\$2,047.9	\$2,435.1	\$2,045.3	\$2,240.4	\$1,959.5	\$10,728.2
	\$696.9 \$672.6 \$678.4 \$0.0 \$678.4 \$2,047.9 FY23 \$76.7 \$123.3 \$61.6 \$61.6 \$0.0 \$1,046.3	\$1,369.5 \$1,410.8 \$696.9 \$696.9 \$672.6 \$713.9  \$678.4 \$764.6 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$678.4 \$764.6  \$2,047.9 \$2,435.1  FY23 FY24  \$259.7  \$76.7 \$0.0 \$123.3 \$127.0 \$61.6 \$63.5 \$61.6 \$63.5 \$61.6 \$63.5 \$1,046.3 \$1,121.6  \$678.4 \$764.6	\$1,369.5 \$1,410.8 \$1,310.3 \$696.9 \$696.9 \$696.9 \$672.6 \$713.9 \$613.4 \$678.4 \$764.6 \$735.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$678.4 \$764.6 \$735.0 \$2,047.9 \$2,435.1 \$2,045.3 FY23 FY24 FY25 \$259.7 \$76.7 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$123.3 \$127.0 \$117.9 \$61.6 \$63.5 \$59.0 \$61.6 \$63.5 \$59.0 \$61.6 \$63.5 \$59.0 \$1,046.3 \$1,121.6 \$1,041.7 \$678.4 \$764.6 \$735.0	\$1,369.5         \$1,410.8         \$1,310.3         \$1,245.7           \$696.9         \$696.9         \$696.9         \$696.9           \$672.6         \$713.9         \$613.4         \$548.8           \$678.4         \$764.6         \$735.0         \$735.0           \$0.0         \$0.0         \$0.0         \$0.0           \$678.4         \$764.6         \$735.0         \$735.0           \$2,047.9         \$2,435.1         \$2,045.3         \$2,240.4           FY24         FY25         FY26           \$76.7         \$0.0         \$0.0         \$0.0           \$123.3         \$127.0         \$117.9         \$112.1           \$61.6         \$63.5         \$59.0         \$56.1           \$61.6         \$63.5         \$59.0         \$56.1           \$0.0         \$35.3         \$32.8         \$31.1           \$1,046.3         \$1,121.6         \$1,041.7         \$990.3           \$678.4         \$764.6         \$735.0         \$735.0	\$1,369.5 \$1,410.8 \$1,310.3 \$1,245.7 \$1,200.3 \$696.9 \$696.9 \$696.9 \$696.9 \$696.9 \$696.9 \$6972.6 \$713.9 \$613.4 \$548.8 \$503.4 \$678.4 \$764.6 \$735.0 \$735.0 \$759.2 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$678.4 \$764.6 \$735.0 \$735.0 \$759.2 \$2,047.9 \$2,435.1 \$2,045.3 \$2,240.4 \$1,959.5 \$72.0 \$72.0 \$123.3 \$127.0 \$117.9 \$112.1 \$108.0 \$61.6 \$63.5 \$59.0 \$56.1 \$54.0 \$61.6 \$63.5 \$59.0 \$56.1 \$54.0 \$0.0 \$0.0 \$35.3 \$32.8 \$31.1 \$30.0 \$1,046.3 \$1,121.6 \$1,041.7 \$990.3 \$954.2 \$678.4 \$764.6 \$735.0 \$735.0 \$759.2

<sup>(1)</sup> GOB capacity estimates will be updated in late August/early September, when preliminary data for PTY 2022 are available.

<sup>(2)</sup> Authorized but Unissued project amount is an estimate, reflecting the remaining amount to be funded following the upcoming September 2022 severance tax bond sale. The sale amount is estimated at \$290 million out of \$366.7 million in projects to fund.

Estimated Transfer to Severance Tax Permanent Fund													
	FY23 FY24 FY25 FY26 FY27 5-Year												
Severance Tax Permanent Fund Transfer	\$766.6	\$118.9	\$122.4	\$137.4	\$173.6	\$1.318.9							

Note: The permanent fund transfer will be higher in years in which there is a large difference between the previous year's actual Severance Tax revenues and the current year's estimate. This is evidenced for FY23, as FY23 projected revenues are estimated to be approximately 30 percent higher than FY22 actual revenues.

### **Early Childhood Trust Fund Forecast**

	(	CY21	CY22	CY23	CY24	CY25	CY26	CY27
Beginning Balance	\$	300.0	\$ 314.1	\$ 2,141.0	\$ 4,844.9	\$ 7,128.9	\$ 8,362.2	\$ 8,916.6
Gains & Losses	\$	34.1	\$ 12.6	\$ 85.6	\$ 193.8	\$ 285.2	\$ 334.5	\$ 356.7
Excess FML	\$	-	\$ 1,501.7	\$ 1,347.9	\$ 966.6	\$ 566.4	\$ 254.6	\$ -
Excess OGAS School Tax	\$	-	\$ 342.7	\$ 1,300.3	\$ 1,245.3	\$ 617.0	\$ 304.2	\$ 115.2
Distribution to ECE Program Fund	\$	(20.0)	\$ (30.0)	\$ (30.0)	\$ (121.7)	\$ (235.2)	\$ (338.9)	\$ (406.8)
Ending Balance (\$ in millions)	\$	314.1	\$ 2,141.0	\$ 4,844.9	\$ 7,128.9	\$ 8,362.2	\$ 8,916.6	\$ 8,981.6

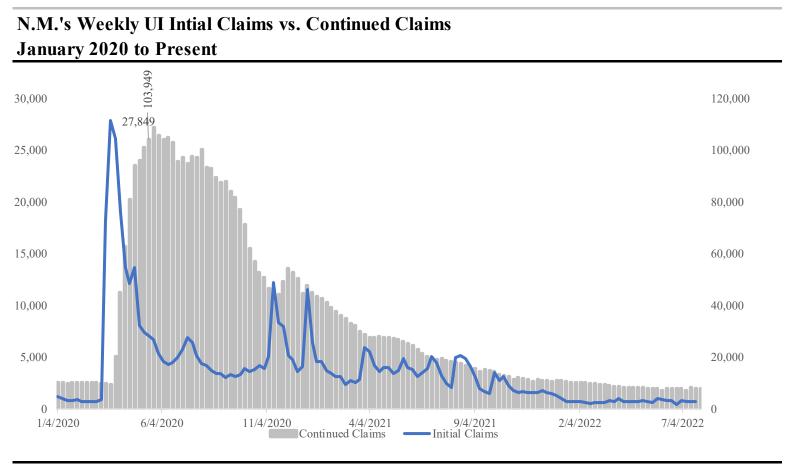
Note: FML and OGAS distributions based on August 2022 Revenue Forecast

Note: Distribution to ECE Program Fund occurs in FY not CY

	F	Y21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	I	FY27
Distribution to ECE Program Fund	\$	-	\$ 20.0	\$ 30.0	\$ 30.0	\$ 121.7	\$ 235.2	\$	338.9

CY	I	ECTF Ending Bala	'F Ending Balance											
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027						
\$	_	\$ 314.00 \$	2,141.04 \$	4,844.88 \$	7,128.91 \$	8,362.22 \$	8,916.58 \$	8,981.64						

### Appendix 6: N.M. Unemployment Insurance Claims



Source: dol.gov, not seasonally adjusted, DWS NM

- ➤ Initial unemployment claims are gradually returning to pre-pandemic levels
- Initial unemployment claims were 869 when the governor initiated the emergency health orders
- ➤ Initial claims jumped to about 28,000 the week of March 28, 2020.
- The state's initial unemployment claims for 7/30/2022 was 651 and are below pre-pandemic levels.
- Continued claims follow a similar pattern and are below pre-pandemic level at the end of July 2022.

### Revenue volatility by major revenue sources. (Deviation from 10 years trend (\$ millions)

