

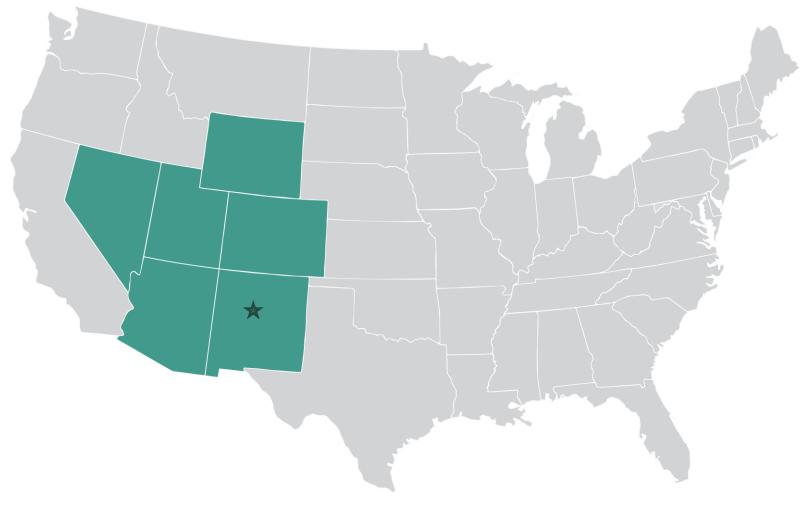
REGIONAL MARKET DEMAND FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY

New Mexico Revenue Stabilization & Tax Policy Committee September 27, 202 I

Rikki Seguin Executive Director Interwest Energy Alliance

INTERWEST ENERGY ALLIANCE

- Regional non-profit trade association representing nation's leading developers and manufacturers of wind, solar, geothermal, and storage technologies, working with environmental NGOs
- Mission is to make the Intermountain West a leader in deployment of reliable, costeffective, and diverse renewable energy resources.



New Mexico, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Nevada, Arizona





























































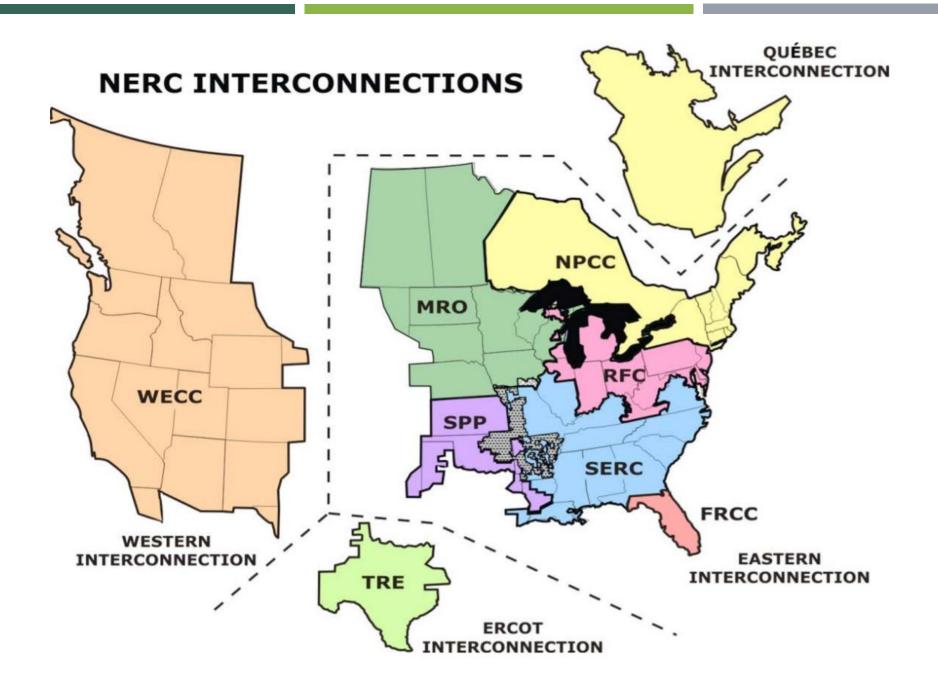
IN-STATE POLICY DRIVERS

Energy Transition Act in 2019

- I 100% carbon-free by 2045
- 50% RPS by 2040
- Goal of 80% renewable by 2040

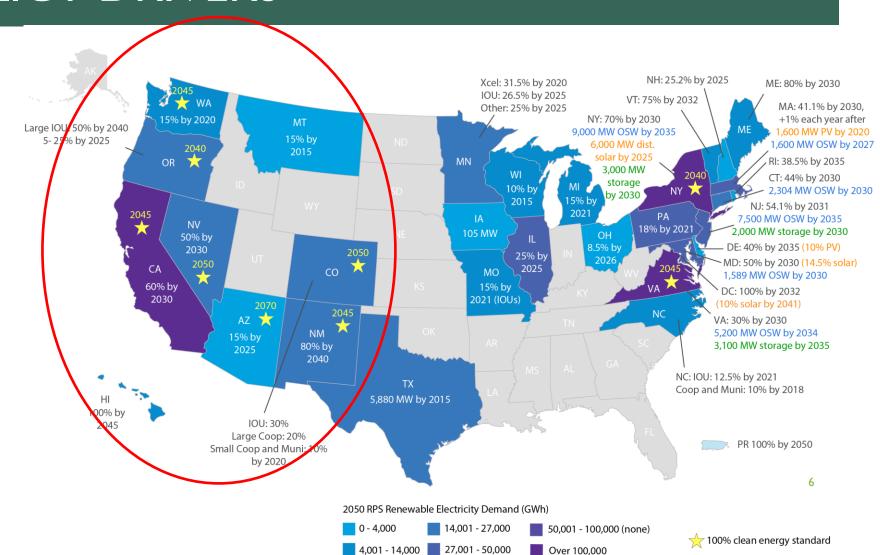
New Mexico Load is Small

- NM electricity demand makes up just 3.5% of total WECC demand
- Total renewables online in NM: 3,582 MW
 - Wind 2,351 MW
 - Solar 1,231 MW



REGIONAL POLICY DRIVERS

Over 80% of customers in the West are aligned on decarbonization requirements

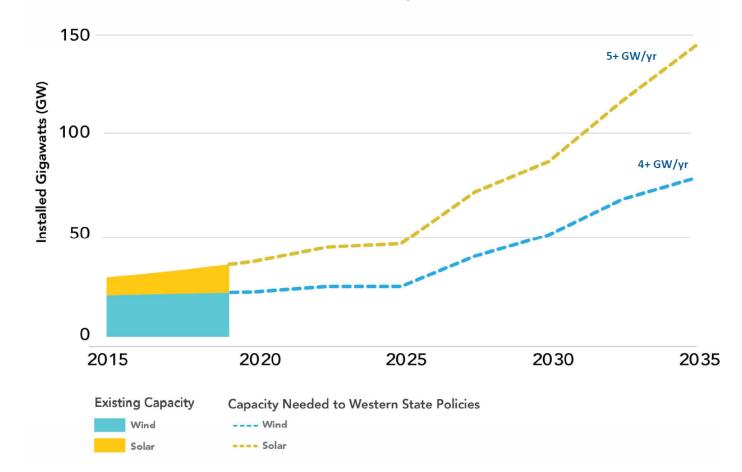


INCREASED DEMAND FOR RENEWABLES

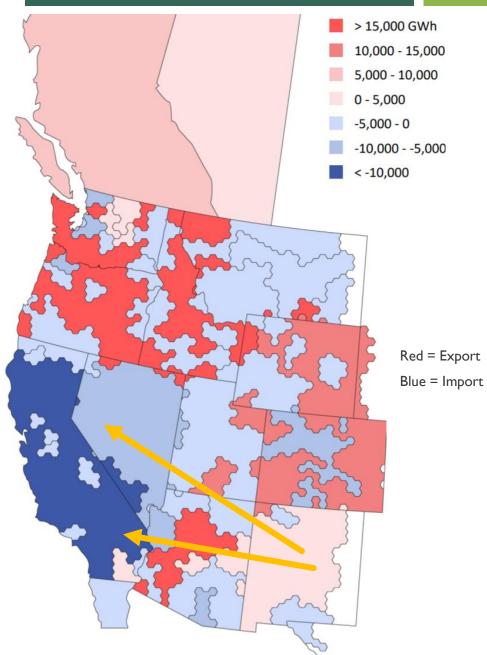
- Existing policies in the West require ~9 GW new renewables per year starting in 2026
 - NM has 3.5 GW installed today

 By 2050 the total demand in the West is upwards of 150 GW





2016 Net Interchange by Balancing Area



New Mexico projects can serve customers around the region, but projects must win competitive solicitations.

Standard steps:

- Utility identifies need
- Utility issues RFP (request for proposals) for resource
- Companies bid in proposed projects from around the region
- Utility selects the best project (considering cost, resource type, etc.)
- If bid is not selected, <u>project does not get</u> <u>built.</u>

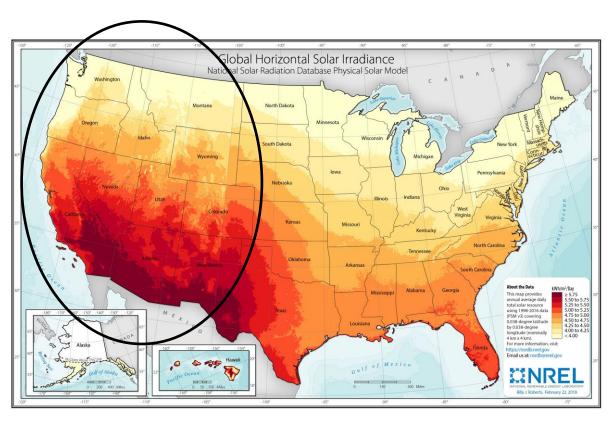
Source: WECC "State of the Interconnection Digest" (Summer 2018)

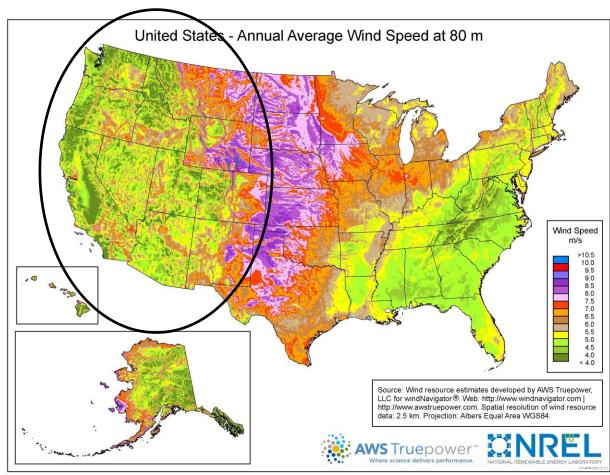
RFP RESULTS: PSCO 2018 RFP FOR 454 MW

RFP Responses by Technology

				Median Bid			
	# of		# of	Project	Price or	Pricing	
Generation Technology	Bids	Bid MW	Projects	MW	Equivalent	Units	
Combustion Turbine/IC Engines	30	7,141	13	2,466	\$ 4.80	\$/kW-mo	
Combustion Turbine with Battery Storage	7	804	3	476	6.20	\$/kW-mo	
Gas-Fired Combined Cycles	2	451	2	451	6.70	\$/kW-mo	
Stand-alone Battery Storage	28	2,143	21	1,614	11.30	\$/kW-mo	
Compressed Air Energy Storage	1	317	1	317	14.60	\$/kW-mo	
Wind	96	42,278	42	17,380	\$ 18.10	\$/MWh	
Wind and Solar	5	2,612	4	2,162	19.90	\$/MWh	
Wind with Battery Storage	11	5,700	8	5,097	21.00	\$/MWh	
Solar (PV)	152	29,710	75	13,435	29.50	\$/MWh	
Wind and Solar and Battery Storage	7	4,048	7	4,048	30.60	\$/MWh	
Solar (PV) with Battery Storage	87	16,725	59	10,813	36.00	\$/MWh	
IC Engine with Solar	1	5	1	5	50.00	\$/MWh	
Waste Heat	2	21	1	11	55.40	\$/MWh	
Biomass	1	9	1	9	387.50	\$/MWh	
Total	430	111,963	238	58,283			

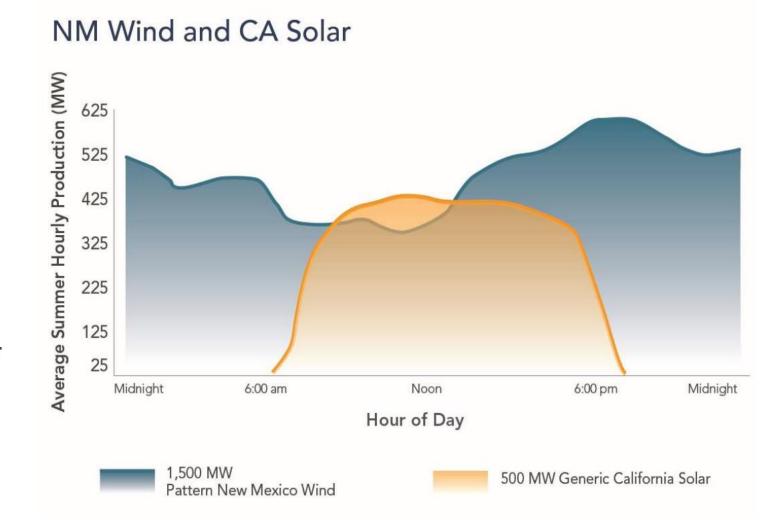
+RESOURCE





+RESOURCE DIVERSITY

- Regional Electricity markets benefit from geographic diversity
- "Duck Curve" challenges are affecting many markets with high renewable penetration
- Regional coordination enables least cost, highly efficient pairing of wind and solar resources

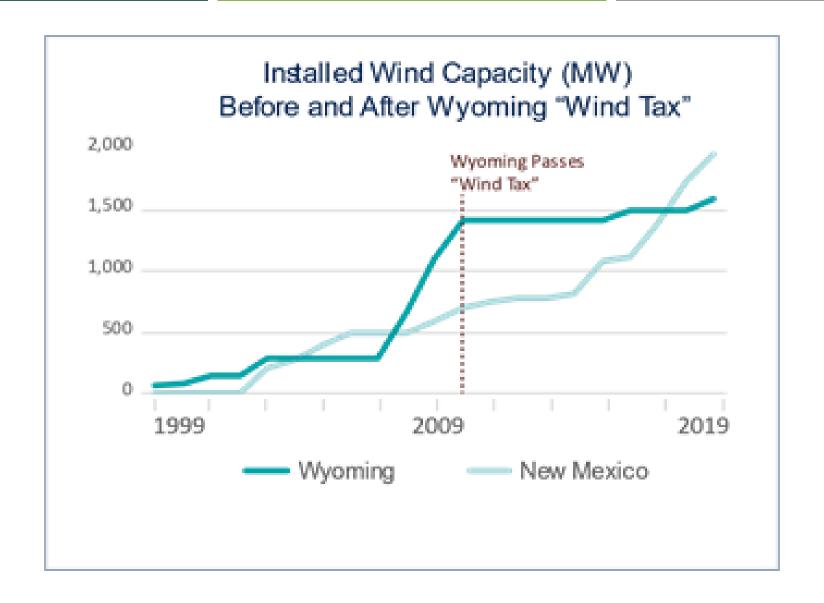


+COST





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RFP RESULTS: NVE AND BHE

Price difference is a matter of cents

- NV Energy 2018 RFP Shortlist
 - Approx. difference between highest and lowest bid = \$0.50/MWh
- Black Hills Energy 2019 RFP Shortlist
 - Approx. difference between highest and lowest bid = \$0.87/MWh

NM WILL BENEFIT FROM GROWTH SCENARIO

- Need to stay competitive in order to win bids
 - Projects generally will not be built if they cannot win RFPs
- Additional development means additional revenue for the state
 - Bulk of state tax collection comes during construction phase
- Transmission expansion/grid modernization
 - More transmission is needed to move electrons

QUESTIONS?

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