1	HOUSE BILL
2	54TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2019
3	INTRODUCED BY
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8	FOR THE LEGISLATIVE FINANCE COMMITTEE
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO PUBLIC EDUCATION; MAKING CHANGES TO THE PUBLIC
12	SCHOOL FUNDING FORMULA; CHANGING THE DEFINITION OF "SCHOOL-AGE
13	PERSON"; REQUIRING PERFORMANCE-BASED BUDGETING; CREATING A
14	RURAL POPULATION RATE; LIMITING SCHOOL SIZE ADJUSTMENTS;
15	LIMITING CHARTER SCHOOL MEMBERSHIP; PROVIDING FOR EXTENDED
16	LEARNING TIME; CREATING A REFORM FUND; MAKING K-5 PLUS AN
17	ONGOING PROGRAM; INCREASING TEACHER AND PRINCIPAL MINIMUM
18	SALARIES; REPEALING THE K-3 PLUS PROGRAM; MAKING AN
19	APPROPRIATION.
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21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
22	SECTION 1. Section 22-1-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003,
23	Chapter 153, Section 3, as amended by Laws 2015, Chapter 58,
24	Section 2 and by Laws 2015, Chapter 108, Section 1) is amended
25	to read:
	.212362.1

1 "22-1-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Public School Code: 2 Α. "academic proficiency" means mastery of the subject-matter knowledge and skills specified in state academic 3 content and performance standards for a student's grade level; 4 "charter school" means a school authorized by a 5 Β. chartering authority to operate as a public school; 6 7 C. "commission" means the public education commission: 8 "department" means the public education 9 D. department; 10 "home school" means the operation by the parent Ε. 11 12 of a school-age person of a home study program of instruction that provides a basic academic educational program, including 13 reading, language arts, mathematics, social studies and 14 science; 15 "instructional support provider" means a person F. 16 who is employed to support the instructional program of a 17 school district, including educational assistant, school 18 counselor, social worker, school nurse, speech-language 19 20 pathologist, psychologist, physical therapist, occupational therapist, recreational therapist, marriage and family 21 therapist, interpreter for the deaf and diagnostician; 22 G. "licensed school employee" means teachers, 23 school administrators and instructional support providers;

H. "local school board" means the policy-setting .212362.1

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body of a school district;

I. "local superintendent" means the chief executive officer of a school district;

J. "parent" includes a guardian or other person having custody and control of a school-age person;

K. "private school" means a school, other than a home school, that offers on-site programs of instruction and that is not under the control, supervision or management of a local school board;

10 L. "public school" means that part of a school 11 district that is a single attendance center in which 12 instruction is offered by one or more teachers and is 13 discernible as a building or group of buildings generally 14 recognized as either an elementary, middle, junior high or high 15 school or any combination of those and includes a charter 16 school;

M. "school" means a supervised program of instruction designed to educate a student in a particular place, manner and subject area;

N. "school administrator" means a person licensed to administer in a school district and includes school principals, central district administrators and charter school head administrators;

0. "school-age person" means a person who is at least five years of age prior to 12:01 a.m. on September 1 of .212362.1

<u>underscored material = new</u> [<del>bracketed material</del>] = delete 1 the school year, [and] who has not received a high school 2 diploma or its equivalent [A maximum age of twenty-one shall be 3 used for a person who is classified as special education membership as defined in Section 22-8-21 NMSA 1978 or as a 4 resident of a state institution] and who has not reached the 5 person's twenty-second birthday on the first day of the school 6 7 year and meets other criteria provided in the Public School Finance Act; 8

P. "school building" means a public school, an administration building and related school structures or facilities, including teacher housing, that is owned, acquired or constructed by the school district as necessary to carry out the functions of the school district;

Q. "school bus private owner" means a person, other than a school district, the department, the state or any other political subdivision of the state, that owns a school bus;

R. "school district" means an area of land established as a political subdivision of the state for the administration of public schools and segregated geographically for taxation and bonding purposes;

S. "school employee" includes licensed and nonlicensed employees of a school district;

T. "school principal" means the chief instructional leader and administrative head of a public school;

U. "school year" means the total number of contract
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1 days offered by public schools in a school district during a
2 period of twelve consecutive months;

3 V. "secretary" means the secretary of public4 education;

W. "state agency" or "state institution" means the New Mexico military institute, New Mexico school for the blind and visually impaired, New Mexico school for the deaf, New Mexico boys' school, girls' welfare home, New Mexico youth diagnostic and development center, Sequoyah adolescent treatment center, Carrie Tingley crippled children's hospital, New Mexico behavioral health institute at Las Vegas and any other state agency responsible for educating resident children;

X. "state educational institution" means an institution enumerated in Article 12, Section 11 of the constitution of New Mexico;

Y. "substitute teacher" means a person who holds a certificate to substitute for a teacher in the classroom;

Z. "teacher" means a person who holds a level one, two or three-A license and whose primary duty is classroom instruction or the supervision, below the school principal level, of an instructional program or whose duties include curriculum development, peer intervention, peer coaching or mentoring or serving as a resource teacher for other teachers;

AA. "certified school instructor" means a [teacher or instructional support provider] licensed school employee; .212362.1

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1 and "certified school employee" or "certified 2 BB. school personnel" means a licensed school employee." 3 SECTION 2. A new section of the Public School Code is 4 5 enacted to read: "[<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] SHORT TITLE.--Sections 2 through 5 of this 6 7 act may be cited as the "K-5 Plus Act"." 8 SECTION 3. A new section of the Public School Code is 9 enacted to read: 10 "[NEW MATERIAL] K-5 PLUS--ELIGIBILITY--REQUIREMENTS.--A school district or charter school may apply to 11 Α. 12 participate in the K-5 plus program and is eligible to receive 13 program units for students enrolled in elementary schools 14 approved by the department to participate in the K-5 plus In approving schools for participation in K-5 plus, 15 program. the department shall prioritize elementary schools: 16 17 (1) in which eighty percent or more of the 18 elementary school's students are eligible for free or reduced-19 fee lunch; 20 that are low-performing elementary (2) schools; 21 that participated in the 2018 K-3 plus or 22 (3) K-5 plus program; and 23 (4) that meet criteria established by 24 25 department rule. .212362.1 - 6 -

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1	B. Each K-5 plus program shall:
2	(1) provide no fewer than twenty-five
3	additional instructional days prior to the start of the regular
4	school year;
5	(2) keep students that participate in the K-5
6	plus program with the same teacher and cohort of students
7	during the regular school year;
8	(3) include additional professional
9	development for K-5 plus teachers in how young children learn
10	to read;
11	(4) be implemented school-wide; and
12	(5) be mandatory for all students in the
13	participating elementary school no later than the 2022-2023
14	school year.
15	C. An elementary school is ineligible for K-5 plus
16	program units if it fails to meet the requirements of
17	Subsection B of this section."
18	SECTION 4. A new section of the Public School Code is
19	enacted to read:
20	"[ <u>NEW MATERIAL</u> ] K-5 PLUSOVERSIGHTREPORTING
21	A. The department shall:
22	(1) enforce the provisions of the K-5 Plus
23	Act;
24	(2) issue rules for the development and
25	implementation of K-5 plus programs;
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1 (3) assist school districts and charter 2 schools in developing and evaluating K-5 plus programs; 3 (4) develop and disseminate information on best practices in the area of academic success of early 4 5 learners: establish reporting and evaluation 6 (5) 7 requirements, including student and program assessments, for 8 schools participating in the program; 9 (6) annually report to the legislature and the governor on the efficacy of K-5 plus programs; and 10 establish a K-5 plus advisory committee (7) 11 12 composed of representatives of school districts and charter schools that participate in the K-5 plus program, the 13 legislative education study committee, the legislative finance 14 committee and other stakeholders. The advisory committee shall 15 meet twice a year to advise the department on K-5 plus 16 implementation. 17 Students participating in K-5 plus shall be 18 Β. evaluated at the beginning of K-5 plus, and their progress 19 20 shall be measured through department-approved summative and formative assessments." 21 SECTION 5. A new section of the Public School Code is 22 enacted to read: 23 "[NEW MATERIAL] K-5 PLUS--APPLICATION.--24 School districts and charter schools that wish 25 Α.

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B. No later than October 15 of each year, a school district or charter school that wishes to apply for a new K-5 plus program for the next fiscal year shall submit to the department the actual number of students participating in its K-5 plus programs in the current year and an estimate of the number of students the school district or charter school expects will participate in K-5 plus programs in the next year. The department shall not approve a new K-5 plus program unless the school district or charter school notifies the department of its intent to start a new program as required by this section.

C. No later than November 15 of each year, the department shall notify the legislature of the number of students participating in K-5 plus programs in the current school year and of the number of students projected to participate in K-5 plus programs in the next school year."

SECTION 6. Section 22-8-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1978, Chapter 128, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-8-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Public School Finance Act:

A. "ADM" or "MEM" means membership;B. "membership" means the total enrollment of.212362.1

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qualified students on the current roll of a class or school on 2 a specified day. The current roll is established by the 3 addition of original entries and reentries minus withdrawals. Withdrawals of students, in addition to students formally withdrawn from the public school, include students absent from the public school for as many as ten consecutive school days; provided that withdrawals do not include students in need of 8 early intervention and habitual truants the school district is required to intervene with and keep in an educational setting as provided in Section 22-12-9 NMSA 1978; 10

"basic program ADM" or "basic program MEM" means C. the MEM of qualified students but excludes the full-timeequivalent MEM in early childhood education and three- and four-year-old students receiving special education services;

"cost differential factor" is the numerical D. expression of the ratio of the cost of a particular segment of the school program to the cost of the basic program in grades four through six;

"department" or "division" means the public Ε. education department;

"early childhood education ADM" or "early F. childhood education MEM" means the full-time-equivalent MEM of students attending approved early childhood education programs;

"full-time-equivalent ADM" or "full-time-G. equivalent MEM" is that membership calculated by applying to .212362.1

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1 the MEM in an approved public school program the ratio of the 2 number of hours per school day devoted to the program to six hours or the number of hours per school week devoted to the 3 program to thirty hours; 4

"operating budget" means the annual financial н. plan and educational plan required to be submitted by a local 7 school board or governing body of a state-chartered charter 8 school:

I. "performance measure" means a quantitive 9 indicator used to assess the output or outcome of an approved 10 11 program;

J. "performance target" means the expected level of performance of a program's performance measure; 13

 $[\frac{1}{1}, \frac{1}{K}]$  "program cost" is the product of the total number of program units to which a school district is entitled multiplied by the dollar value per program unit established by the legislature;

[J.] L. "program element" is that component of a public school system to which a cost differential factor is applied to determine the number of program units to which a school district is entitled, including MEM, full-timeequivalent MEM, teacher, classroom or public school;

"program unit" is the product of the [<del>K.</del>] <u>M.</u> program element multiplied by the applicable cost differential factor;

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1 [L.] N. "public money" or "public funds" means all 2 money from public or private sources received by a school district or state-chartered charter school or officer or 3 employee of a school district or state-chartered charter school 4 5 for public use; [M.] O. "qualified student" means a public school 6 7 student who: has not graduated from high school; 8 (1) 9 (2) is regularly enrolled in one-half or more of the minimum course requirements approved by the department 10 for public school students; and 11 12 (3) in terms of age and other criteria: is at least five years of age prior 13 (a) to 12:01 a.m. on September 1 of the school year; 14 is at least three years of age at (b) 15 any time during the school year and is receiving special 16 education services pursuant to rules of the department; [or] 17 (c) except as provided in Subparagraph 18 19 (d) of this paragraph, has not reached the student's 20 twenty-second birthday on the first day of the school year [and is receiving special education services pursuant to rules of 21 the department]; or 22 (d) has reached the student's twenty-23 second birthday on the first day of the 2019-2020 school year, 24 is counted in a school district's or charter school's MEM on 25 .212362.1

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1 the third reporting date of the 2018-2019 school year, has been continuously enrolled in the same public school since that 2 reporting date and is still enrolled in that school; 3 P. "rural population rate" means that proportion of 4 the total population within a school district's geographic 5 boundaries that lives in a rural area and not in an urban area 6 7 as defined by the United States census bureau; [N.] Q. "staffing cost multiplier" means: 8 9 (1) for fiscal year 2019, the instructional staff training and experience index; 10 for fiscal year 2020, the weighted average (2) 11 12 of the instructional staff training and experience index at seventy-five percent and the teacher cost index at twenty-five 13 14 percent; for fiscal year 2021, the weighted average (3) 15 of the instructional staff training and experience index at 16 fifty percent and the teacher cost index at fifty percent; 17 for fiscal year 2022, the weighted average (4) 18 19 of the instructional staff training and experience index at twenty-five percent and the teacher cost index at seventy-five 20 percent; and 21 (5) for fiscal year 2023 and subsequent fiscal 22 years, the teacher cost index; and 23 [0.] R. "state superintendent" means the secretary 24 of public education or the secretary's designee." 25 .212362.1 - 13 -

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Section 22-8-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, SECTION 7. Chapter 16, Section 59, as amended) is amended to read: "22-8-5. RULES--PROCEDURES.--

Α. The department, in consultation with the state auditor, shall establish rules and procedures for a uniform system of accounting and budgeting of funds for all public schools and school districts of the state. The rules, including revisions or amendments, shall become effective [only] upon [approval by the state board and] filing with the state records center and archives and publication. A copy shall also be filed with the department of finance and administration.

All public schools and school districts shall Β. comply with the rules and procedures prescribed and shall, upon request, submit additional reports concerning finances to the department, including an accounting of the costs of services related to providing a program included in the educational plan approved by the department. In addition, upon request, all public schools and school districts shall file reports with the department containing pertinent details regarding applications for federal money or federal grants-in-aid or regarding federal money or federal grants-in-aid received, including details of programs, matching funds, personnel requirements, salary provisions and program numbers, as indicated in the catalog of federal domestic assistance, of the federal funds applied for .212362.1

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and of those received.

2	C. Upon request by the department of finance and
3	administration, the legislative finance committee or the
4	legislative education study committee, the department shall
5	[timely] furnish information and data obtained from public
6	schools and school districts [ <del>pursuant to Subsection B of this</del>
7	section] and information compiled by the department related to
8	public school finances within ten business days."
9	SECTION 8. Section 22-8-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967,
10	Chapter 16, Section 60, as amended by Laws 1999, Chapter 281,
11	Section 21 and by Laws 1999, Chapter 291, Section 2) is amended
12	to read:
13	"22-8-6. <u>OPERATING</u> BUDGETS <u>EDUCATIONAL PLANS</u>
14	SUBMISSIONFAILURE TO SUBMIT
15	A. Prior to April 15 of each year, each local school
16	board shall submit to the department an operating budget for the
17	school district and any <u>locally chartered</u> charter [ <del>schools</del> ]
18	school in the school district for the ensuing fiscal year.
19	[ <del>Upon written approval of the state superintendent</del> ]
20	<u>B.</u> The date for the submission of the operating
21	budget for each school district and each charter school as
22	required by this section may be extended to a later date fixed
23	by the [ <del>state superintendent</del> ] <u>secretary</u> .
24	$[B_{\cdot}]$ <u>C.</u> The operating budget required by this
25	section may include:
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1 (1) estimates of the cost of insurance 2 policies for periods up to five years if a lower rate may be 3 obtained by purchasing insurance for the longer term; or (2) estimates of the cost of contracts for the 4 transportation of students for terms extending up to four years. 5 [G.] D. The operating budget required by this 6 7 section shall include a budget for each charter school of the membership projected for each charter school, the total program 8 9 units generated at that charter school and approximate anticipated disbursements and expenditures at each charter 10 11 school. 12 E. For fiscal year 2021 and subsequent fiscal years, each school district's and each locally chartered or state-13 chartered charter school's educational plan shall include: 14 (1) information on the instructional time 15 offered by the school district or charter school, including the 16 number of instructional days by school site and the number of 17 hours in each instructional day and the frequency of early-18 19 release days; 20 (2) a narrative explaining the identified services to improve the academic success of at-risk students; 21 (3) a narrative explaining the services 22 provided to students enrolled in the following programs: 23 (a) bilingual multicultural education 24 25 programs; .212362.1 - 16 -

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1	(b) extended learning time programs,
2	including a report of how the extended learning time is used to
3	improve the academic success of students and professional
4	learning of teachers; and
5	<u>(c) K-5 plus programs;</u>
6	(4) a narrative explaining the school
7	district's or charter school's beginning teacher mentorship
8	programs as well as class size and teaching load information;
9	(5) a narrative explaining supplemental
10	programs or services offered by the school district or charter
11	school to ensure that the Bilingual Multicultural Education Act,
12	the Indian Education Act and the Hispanic Education Act are
13	being implemented by the school district or charter school;
14	(6) a narrative describing the amount of
15	program cost generated for services to students with
16	disabilities and the spending of these revenues on services to
17	students with disabilities, which shall include the following:
18	(a) program cost generated for students
19	enrolled in approved special education programs;
20	(b) budgeted expenditures of program
21	cost, for students enrolled in approved special education
22	programs, on students with disabilities;
23	(c) the amount of program cost generated
24	for personnel providing ancillary and related services to
25	students with disabilities;
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1	(d) budgeted expenditures of program cost
2	for personnel providing ancillary and related services to
3	students with disabilities, on special education ancillary and
4	related services personnel; and
5	(e) a description of the steps taken to
6	ensure that students with disabilities have access to a free and
7	appropriate public education; and
8	(7) a common set of performance targets and
9	performance measures, as determined by the department in
10	consultation with the department of finance and administration,
11	the legislative finance committee and the legislative education
12	study committee.

 $[\underline{\vartheta}, \underline{\uparrow}]$  <u>F.</u> If a local school board <u>or governing board</u> of a charter school fails to submit  $[\underline{*}]$  an operating budget pursuant to this section, the department shall prepare the operating budget for the school district <u>or charter school</u> for the ensuing fiscal year. A local school board <u>or governing</u> <u>board of a charter school</u> shall be considered as failing to submit  $[\underline{*}]$  <u>an operating</u> budget pursuant to this section if the budget submitted exceeds the total projected resources of the school district <u>or charter school</u> or if the budget submitted does not comply with the law or with rules and procedures of the department."

SECTION 9. Section 22-8-6.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 227, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read: .212362.1

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1 "22-8-6.1. CHARTER SCHOOL OPERATING BUDGETS -- MAXIMUM 2 MEM.--

Each state-chartered charter school shall submit 3 Α. to the charter schools division of the department a school-based 4 operating budget. The operating budget shall be submitted to the division for approval or amendment pursuant to the Public 7 School Finance Act and the Charter Schools Act. Thereafter, the 8 operating budget shall be submitted to the [public education] commission for review. 9

Each locally chartered charter school shall 10 Β. submit to the local school board a school-based operating budget 11 12 for approval or amendment. The approval or amendment authority of the local school board relative to the charter school 13 14 operating budget is limited to ensuring that sound fiscal practices are followed in the development of the operating 15 budget and that the charter school operating budget is within 16 the allotted resources. The local school board shall have no 17 veto authority over individual line items within the charter 18 school's proposed financial budget or over any item in the 19 20 educational plan, but shall approve or disapprove the operating budget in its entirety. Upon final approval of the [local] 21 charter school operating budget by the local school board, the 22 individual charter school operating budget shall be included 23 separately in the budget submission to the department required 24 pursuant to the Public School Finance Act and the Charter 25

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1 Schools Act.

2 C. For its first year of operation, a charter 3 school's operating budget shall be based on the projected number of program units generated by the school and its students using 4 the at-risk index and the staffing cost multiplier of the school 5 district in which the charter school is located, and the charter 6 7 school's operating budget shall be adjusted using the qualified MEM on the first reporting date of the current school year. 8 For 9 its second and subsequent fiscal years of operation, a charter school's operating budget shall be based on the number of 10 program units generated by the <u>charter</u> school and its students 11 12 using the average of the MEM on the second and third reporting dates of the prior year, the at-risk index of the school 13 14 district in which the charter school is located and the charter school's staffing cost multiplier. 15

D. For fiscal year 2020, maximum MEM in each charter school shall be determined by the department. The department shall ensure that aggregate MEM for all charter schools does not exceed twenty-seven thousand. Prior to the deadline for the submission of a charter school's operating budget, the department shall notify each charter school of the maximum MEM that will be used to calculate the charter school's program cost. When considering increases or decreases to a charter school's maximum MEM, the department shall prioritize increases to charter schools with a demonstrated track record of success .212362.1

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1 in meeting the academic and development needs of students and 2 meeting performance targets pursuant to Paragraph (7) of Subsection E of Section 22-8-6 NMSA 1978. When allocating 3 4 maximum MEM in each charter school, the department shall ensure that aggregate charter school MEM in a school district with 5 fewer than one thousand three hundred MEM does not exceed ten 6 7 percent of the total MEM in the school district." SECTION 10. Section 22-8-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, 8 9 Chapter 16, Section 63, as amended) is amended to read: "22-8-9. BUDGETS--MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.--10 [A] An operating budget for a school district 11 Α. 12 shall not be approved by the department [that] if the 13 educational plan does not provide for: 14 (1)a school year and school day as provided in Section 22-2-8.1 NMSA 1978; and 15 a pupil-teacher ratio or class or teaching 16 (2) load as provided in Section 22-10A-20 NMSA 1978. 17 18 Β. The department shall, by rule, establish the 19 requirements for an instructional day, the standards for an 20 instructional hour and the standards for a full-time teacher and for the equivalent thereof." 21 SECTION 11. Section 22-8-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, 22 Chapter 16, Section 65, as amended) is amended to read: 23 "22-8-10. BUDGETS--FIXING THE OPERATING BUDGET.--24 25 A. Prior to June 20 of each year, each local school .212362.1 - 21 -

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1 board and each governing board of a charter school shall, at a 2 public hearing of which notice has been published by the local school board or governing board of a charter school, fix the 3 operating budget for the school district or charter school for 4 the ensuing fiscal year. At the discretion of the [state 5 superintendent] secretary or the local school board or governing 6 7 body of a charter school, the department may participate in the public hearing. 8

9 B. Prior to the public hearing held to fix the operating budget for the school district or charter school, the 10 local school board or governing body of a charter school shall 11 12 give notice to parents explaining the budget process and inviting parental involvement and input in that process prior to 13 14 the date for the public hearing. The educational plan submitted by the local school board or the governing body of a charter 15 school to the department shall include information on parental 16 involvement and input." 17

SECTION 12. Section 22-8-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, Chapter 16, Section 66, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-8-11. BUDGETS--APPROVAL OF OPERATING BUDGET.--

A. The department shall:

(1) on or before July 1 of each year, approve and certify to each local school board and governing body of a charter school an operating budget for use by the school district or charter school;

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(2) ensure that each program in a school
 district or charter school's operating budget meets the
 requirements of law and the department's rules and procedures
 and that no school district or charter school generates program
 units for a program not meeting the requirements of law and the
 department's rules or procedures;

7 [(2)] (3) make corrections, revisions and
8 amendments to the operating budgets fixed by the local school
9 boards or governing bodies of charter schools and the secretary
10 to conform the <u>operating</u> budgets to the requirements of law and
11 to the department's rules and procedures; and

 $[\frac{(3)}{(4)} \text{ ensure that a local school board or}$   $[for a charter school the] \text{ governing body of [the] <u>a</u> charter
school is prioritizing resources [of a public school rated D or
F] toward proven programs and methods that are linked to
improved student achievement [until the public school earns a
grade of C or better for two consecutive years].$ 

B. No school district or charter school or officer or employee of a school district or charter school shall make any expenditure or incur any obligation for the expenditure of public funds unless that expenditure or obligation is made in accordance with an operating budget approved by the department. This prohibition does not prohibit the transfer of funds pursuant to the department's rules and procedures.

C. The department shall not approve and certify an .212362.1

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1 operating budget of any school district or charter school that 2 fails to demonstrate that parental involvement in the budget 3 process was solicited. D. The department shall not approve and certify an 4 operating budget of any school district or charter school that 5 the secretary determines has failed to provide sufficient data 6 7 and information to determine if the school district or charter school is meeting the requirements of law or the department's 8 rules and procedures." 9 SECTION 13. Section 22-8-18 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1974, 10 Chapter 8, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read: 11 12 "22-8-18. PROGRAM COST CALCULATION--LOCAL 13 **RESPONSIBILITY.--**14 Α. [For fiscal year 2019, the total program units for the purpose of computing the program cost shall be 15 calculated by multiplying the sum of the program units itemized 16 as Paragraphs (1) through (6) in this subsection by the staffing 17 18 cost multiplier and adding the program units itemized as 19 Paragraphs (7) through (14) in this subsection. For fiscal year 20 2020 and subsequent fiscal years] The total program units for the purpose of computing the program cost shall be calculated by 21 multiplying the sum of the program units itemized as Paragraphs 22 (1) and (2) in this subsection by the staffing cost multiplier 23 and adding the program units itemized as Paragraphs (3) through 24 [(14)] (16) in this subsection. The itemized program units are 25 .212362.1

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1 as follows: 2 (1)early childhood education; (2) 3 basic education; special education, adjusted by subtracting 4 (3) the units derived from membership in class D special education 5 programs in private, nonsectarian, nonprofit training centers; 6 7 (4) bilingual multicultural education; fine arts education: (5) 8 9 (6) elementary physical education; (7) size adjustment; 10 at-risk [program]; (8) 11 12 (9) enrollment growth or new district adjustment; 13 (10) special education units derived from 14 membership in class D special education programs in private, 15 nonsectarian, nonprofit training centers; 16 (11) national board for professional teaching 17 standards certification; 18 19 (12) home school student [program unit]; 20 (13) home school student activities; [and] (14) charter school student activities; 21 (15) K-5 plus; and 22 (16) extended learning time. 23 The total program cost calculated as prescribed Β. 24 in Subsection A of this section includes the cost of early 25 .212362.1 - 25 -

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1 childhood, special, bilingual multicultural, fine arts and 2 vocational education and other remedial or enrichment programs. It is the responsibility of the local school board or [for a 3 charter school the] governing body of [the] a charter school to 4 determine its priorities in terms of the needs of the community 5 served by that board. Except as otherwise provided in this 6 7 section, funds generated under the Public School Finance Act are discretionary to local school boards and governing bodies of 8 9 charter schools; provided that the special program needs as enumerated in this section are met; and provided further that 10 [if a public school has been rated D or F for two consecutive 11 12 years] the department shall ensure that the local school board or [for a charter school, the] governing body of [the] a charter 13 14 school is prioritizing resources for the public school toward proven programs and methods linked to improved student 15 achievement [until the public school earns a C or better for two 16 consecutive years]." 17

SECTION 14. Section 22-8-23 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, Chapter 119, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read: "22-8-23. SIZE ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM UNITS.--

A. An approved public school, <u>including a charter</u> <u>school</u>, with a MEM of [<del>less</del>] <u>fewer</u> than [400] <u>four hundred</u>, including early childhood education full-time-equivalent MEM but excluding membership in class C and class D programs and excluding full-time-equivalent membership in three- and four-.212362.1

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1 year-old developmentally disabled programs, that is 2 geographically located in a school district with fewer than two thousand MEM, is eligible for additional program units. 3 4 Separate schools established to provide special programs, 5 including but not limited to vocational and alternative education, shall not be classified as public schools for 6 7 purposes of generating size adjustment program units. The number of additional program units to which a school district or 8 9 charter school is entitled under this subsection is the sum of elementary-junior high units and senior high units computed in 10 the following manner: 11 12 Elementary-Junior High Units 200 - MEM 13 x 1.0 x MEM = Units14 200 15 where MEM is equal to the membership of an approved elementary 16 or junior high school, including early childhood education full-17 time-equivalent membership but excluding membership in class C 18 and class D programs and excluding full-time-equivalent 19 20 membership in three- and four-year-old developmentally disabled 21 programs; Senior High Units 22 200 - MEM 23 x 2.0 x MEM = Units24 200 25 .212362.1 - 27 -

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1	or,
2	Senior High Units
3	400 - MEM
4	$\_$ x 1.6 x MEM = Units
5	400
6	whichever calculation for senior high units is higher, where
7	MEM is equal to the membership of an approved senior high
8	school excluding membership in class C and class D programs.
9	B. An approved public school with a MEM of fewer
10	than four hundred, including early childhood education full-
11	<u>time-equivalent MEM but excluding MEM in class C and class D</u>
12	programs and excluding full-time-equivalent MEM in three- and
13	four-year-old developmentally disabled programs, geographically
14	located in a school district with two thousand MEM or more is
15	eligible for additional program units computed in the following
16	manner:
17	(1) for fiscal year 2020, sixty-six percent of
18	the sum of elementary-junior high units and senior high units as
19	prescribed in Subsection A of this section;
20	(2) for fiscal year 2021, thirty-three percent
21	of the sum of elementary-junior high units and senior high units
22	as prescribed in Subsection A of this section; and
23	(3) for fiscal year 2022 and subsequent fiscal
24	years, no elementary-junior high units and senior high units as
25	prescribed in Subsection A of this section.
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1	[ <del>B.</del> ] <u>C.</u> A school district with total MEM of [ <del>less</del> ]
2	fewer than [4,000] four thousand, including early childhood
3	education full-time-equivalent MEM, is eligible for additional
4	program units. The number of additional program units to which
5	a school district is entitled under this subsection is the
6	number of district units computed in the following manner:
7	District Units
8	4,000 - MEM
9	x 0.15 x MEM = Units
10	4,000
11	where MEM is equal to the total district membership,
12	including early childhood education full-time-equivalent
13	membership.
14	[ <del>C. A school district with over 10,000 MEM with a</del>
15	ratio of MEM to senior high schools less than 4,000:1 is
16	eligible for additional program units based on the number of
17	approved regular senior high schools that are not eligible for
18	senior high units under Subsection A of this section. The
19	number of additional program units to which an eligible school
20	district is entitled under this subsection is the number of
21	units computed in the following manner:
22	<del>4,000 - MEM</del>
23	<del>x 0.50 = Units</del>
24	Senior High Schools
25	where MEM is equal to the total district membership, including
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early childhood education full-time-equivalent membership, and where senior high schools are equal to the number of approved regular senior high schools in the school district.]

D. A school district, as defined in Subsection R of 4 Section 22-1-2 NMSA 1978, with a MEM of [less] fewer than [200] 5 two hundred, including early childhood education full-time-6 7 equivalent MEM, is eligible for additional program units [provided that] if the department certifies that the school 8 9 district has implemented practices to reduce scale inefficiencies, including shared service agreements with 10 regional education cooperatives or other school districts for 11 12 noninstructional functions and distance education. The numbers of additional program units to which a school district is 13 entitled under this subsection is the number of units computed 14 in the following manner: 15

## 200 - MEM = Units

where MEM is equal to the total district MEM, including early childhood education full-time-equivalent MEM.

E. A school district with a rural population rate greater than forty percent or a charter school initially chartered before July 1, 2018 and geographically located in a school district with a rural population rate greater than forty percent is eligible for additional program units. The number of additional program units to which a school district or charter school is entitled pursuant to this subsection is determined by .212362.1

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1 multiplying the full-time-equivalent MEM by the rural population 2 rate and the cost differential factor of 0.0333 for fiscal year 2020, 0.0667 for fiscal year 2021 and 0.1 for fiscal year 2022 3 and subsequent fiscal years." 4

SECTION 15. Section 22-8-23.3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1997, Chapter 40, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-8-23.3. AT-RISK PROGRAM UNITS.--

A school district is eligible for additional Α. program units if it establishes within its department-approved educational plan identified services to assist students to reach their full academic potential. A school district receiving 12 additional at-risk program units shall include a report of specified services implemented to improve the academic success of at-risk students. The report shall identify the ways in which the school district and individual public schools use funding generated through the at-risk index and the intended outcomes. For purposes of this section, "at-risk student" means 18 a student who meets the criteria to be included in the calculation of the three-year average total rate in Subsection B of this section. The number of additional units to which a school district is entitled under this section is computed in the following manner:

At-Risk Index x MEM = Units

where MEM is equal to the total district membership, including early childhood education, full-time-equivalent membership and .212362.1

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1 special education membership and where the at-risk index is 2 calculated in the following manner: 3 [(1) for fiscal year 2019, Three-Year Average Total Rate x 0.130 = At-Risk Index; 4 5 (2) for fiscal year 2020, Three-Year Average Total Rate x 0.140 = At-Risk Index; and 6 7 (3) for fiscal year 2021 and subsequent fiscal 8 <del>years</del>] 9 Three-Year Average Total Rate x [0.150] <u>0.25</u> = At-Risk Index. 10 To calculate the three-year average total rate, Β. 11 12 the department shall compute a three-year average of the school district's percentage of membership used to determine its Title 13 14  $[\pm]$  <u>1</u> allocation, a three-year average of the percentage of membership classified as English language learners using 15 criteria established by the [federal] office [of] for civil 16 rights of the United States department of education and a three-17 year average of the percentage of student mobility. The 18 department shall then add the three-year average rates. 19 The 20 number obtained from this calculation is the three-year average total rate. 21 C. The department shall recalculate the at-risk 22 index for each school district every year." 23 SECTION 16. A new section of the Public School Finance 24 25 Act is enacted to read:

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"[NEW MATERIAL] EXTENDED LEARNING TIME PROGRAM.--

A. A school district or charter school is eligible for additional program units if it establishes within its department-approved educational plan an extended learning time program that meets the requirements of Subsection B, C or D of this section.

B. An extended learning time program shall include:
(1) a minimum of one hundred ninety
instructional days per school year, with at least five and onehalf instructional hours per instructional day for kindergarten
through sixth grade and at least six instructional hours per day
for seventh through twelfth grade;

(2) after-school program opportunities foracademic learning or extracurricular enrichment to students thatdo not supplant federally funded programs; and

(3) a minimum of eighty noninstructional hours per school year for professional development for instructional staff.

C. An extended learning time program in a school district operating a four-day school week in fiscal year 2019 or in a school district with fewer than one thousand MEM operating a four-day school week may include:

(1) a minimum of one hundred sixty
instructional days per school year with at least six and onehalf hours per instructional day for kindergarten through sixth
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1 grade and at least seven instructional hours per instructional 2 day for seventh through twelfth grade; after-school program opportunities for 3 (2) academic learning or extracurricular enrichment to students that 4 5 do not supplant federally funded programs; and a minimum of eighty noninstructional hours 6 (3) 7 per school year for professional development for instructional staff. 8 9 D. With department approval, an elementary school that has an extended learning time program that qualifies for 10 extended learning time program units pursuant to Subsection B or 11 12 C of this section that also has a qualifying K-5 plus program pursuant to the K-5 Plus Act may structure the school year to 13 14 provide the additional instructional time required pursuant to the applicable subsection of this section by extending existing 15 instructional days. 16 The department shall establish standard 17 Ε. requirements for school districts and charter schools to 18 19 generate program units for after-school extended learning time, 20 including standards, MEM calculations and hourly requirements for programs. 21 F. The number of additional units to which a school 22

district or charter school is entitled under this section is computed in the following manner:

> for fiscal year 2020, (1)

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1 (MEM x 0.04) + (MEM in after-school extended learning time 2 programs x 0.01); for fiscal year 2021, 3 (2) (MEM x 0.06) + (MEM in after-school extended learning time 4 5 programs x 0.06); and for fiscal year 2022 and subsequent fiscal 6 (3) 7 years,  $(MEM \times 0.08) + (MEM in after-school extended learning time$ 8 9 programs x 0.11)." SECTION 17. A new section of the Public School Finance 10 11 Act is enacted to read: 12 "[NEW MATERIAL] K-5 PLUS PROGRAM UNITS.--The number of K-5 plus program units is determined by multiplying the MEM in 13 14 department-approved K-5 plus programs by the cost differential factor of 0.3. For each reporting date, MEM in K-5 plus 15 programs shall be equal to the number of qualified students 16 enrolled in an elementary school participating in the K-5 plus 17 18 program." 19 SECTION 18. A new section of the Public School Finance 20 Act is enacted to read: "[NEW MATERIAL] NEW PROGRAM FUNDING.--For the first year 21 of programs operating pursuant to the K-5 Plus Act, the 22 Bilingual Multicultural Education Act, the Fine Arts Education 23 Act or for extended learning time programs, a school district or 24 25 charter school shall generate the applicable program units. A .212362.1 - 35 -

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school district's or charter school's budget shall be based on the projected number of program units for the program's first year of operation and shall be adjusted using the qualified MEM on the first reporting date of the current school year."

SECTION 19. A new section of the Public School Finance Act is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] PUBLIC EDUCATION REFORM FUND CREATED .--

8 A. The "public education reform fund" is created as
9 a nonreverting fund in the state treasury and consists of
10 appropriations; unspecified gifts, grants and donations to the
11 fund; and income from investment of the fund.

B. Subject to legislative appropriation, money in the fund is appropriated to the department for the purposes of implementing evidence-based public education initiatives related to high-quality teaching and school leadership, extended learning opportunities for students, educational interventions for at-risk students, effective and efficient school administration or promoting public education accountability."

SECTION 20. Section 22-8B-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, Chapter 281, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-8B-6. CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIREMENTS--APPLICATION PROCESS--AUTHORIZATION--STATE BOARD OF FINANCE DESIGNATION REQUIRED--PUBLIC HEARINGS--SUBCOMMITTEES.--

A. A local school board has the authority to approve the establishment of a locally chartered charter school within .212362.1 - 36 -

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1 that local school board's district.

B. No later than the second Tuesday of January of
the year in which an application will be filed, the organizers
of a proposed charter school shall provide written notification
to the commission and the school district in which the charter
school is proposed to be located of their intent to establish a
charter school. Failure to notify may result in an application
not being accepted.

9 C. A charter school applicant shall apply to either a local school board or the commission for a charter. If an 10 application is submitted to a chartering authority, [it must] 11 12 the chartering authority shall process the application. Applications for initial charters shall be submitted by June 1 13 to be eligible for consideration for the following fiscal year; 14 provided that the June 1 deadline may be waived upon agreement 15 of the applicant and the chartering authority. 16

D. An application shall include the total number of grades the charter school proposes to provide, either immediately or phased. A charter school may decrease the number of grades it eventually offers, but it shall not increase the number of grades or the total number of students proposed to be served in each grade.

E. An application shall include the total number of students the charter school proposes to serve in each of the charter school's first three years of operation. No later than .212362.1

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June 15, each local school board and the commission shall notify
 the department as to the number of students each charter school
 applicant proposes to serve in each year.

[E.] F. An application shall include a detailed
description of the charter school's projected facility needs,
including projected requests for capital outlay assistance that
have been approved by the director of the public school
facilities authority or the director's designee. The director
shall respond to a written request for review from a charter
applicant within forty-five days of the request.

 $[F_{\cdot}]$  <u>G.</u> An application may be made by one or more teachers, parents or community members or by a public postsecondary educational institution or nonprofit organization. Municipalities, counties, private post-secondary educational institutions and for-profit business entities are not eligible to apply for or receive a charter.

[6.] H. An initial application for a charter school shall not be made after June 30, 2007 if the proposed charter school's proposed enrollment for all grades or the proposed charter school's proposed enrollment for all grades in combination with any other charter school's enrollment for all grades would equal or exceed ten percent of the total MEM of the school district in which the charter school will be geographically located and that school district has a total enrollment of not more than one thousand three hundred students.

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[H.] <u>I.</u> A state-chartered charter school shall not be approved for operation unless its governing body has qualified to be a board of finance.

[<del>I.</del>] <u>J.</u> The chartering authority shall receive and review all applications for charter schools submitted to it. The chartering authority shall not charge application fees.

7 [J.] K. The chartering authority shall hold at least one public hearing in the school district in which the charter 8 9 school is proposed to be located to obtain information and community input to assist it in its decision whether to grant a 10 charter school application. The chartering authority may 11 12 designate a subcommittee of no fewer than three members to hold the public hearing, and, if so, the hearing shall be transcribed 13 14 for later review by other members of the chartering authority. Community input may include written or oral comments in favor of 15 or in opposition to the application from the applicant, the 16 local community and, for state-chartered charter schools, the 17 local school board and school district in whose geographical 18 boundaries the charter school is proposed to be located. 19

[K.] L. The chartering authority shall rule on the application for a charter school in a public meeting by September 1 of the year the application was received; provided, however, that prior to ruling on the application for which a designated subcommittee was used, any member of the chartering authority who was not present at the public hearing shall

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receive the transcript of the public hearing together with
 documents submitted for the public hearing. If not ruled upon
 by that date, the charter application shall be automatically
 reviewed by the secretary in accordance with the provisions of
 Section 22-8B-7 NMSA 1978. The charter school applicant and the
 chartering authority may, however, jointly waive the deadlines
 set forth in this section.

8 [1-] M. A chartering authority may approve, approve
9 with conditions or deny an application. A chartering authority
10 may deny an application if:

11 (1) the application is incomplete or
12 inadequate;

13 (2) the application does not propose to offer
14 an educational program consistent with the requirements and
15 purposes of the Charter Schools Act;

(3) the proposed head administrator or other administrative or fiscal staff was involved with another charter school whose charter was denied or revoked for fiscal mismanagement or the proposed head administrator or other administrative or fiscal staff was discharged from a public school for fiscal mismanagement;

(4) for a proposed state-chartered charter school, it does not request to have the governing body of the charter school designated as a board of finance or the governing body does not qualify as a board of finance; or

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(5) the application is otherwise contrary to the best interests of the charter school's projected students, the local community or the school district in whose geographic boundaries the charter school applies to operate.

[M.] N. If the chartering authority denies a charter school application or approves the application with conditions, 7 it shall state its reasons for the denial or conditions in writing within fourteen days of the meeting. If the chartering 8 authority grants a charter, the approved charter shall be provided to the applicant together with any imposed conditions. 10

 $[N_{\cdot}]$  O. A charter school that has received a notice from the chartering authority denying approval of the charter shall have a right to a hearing by the secretary as provided in Section 22-8B-7 NMSA 1978."

SECTION 21. Section 22-10A-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 153, Section 38, as amended) is amended to read: "22-10A-7. LEVEL ONE LICENSURE.--

A. A level one license is a provisional five-year license for beginning teachers that requires as a condition of licensure that the licensee undergo a formal mentorship program for at least one full school year and an annual intensive performance evaluation by a school administrator for at least three full school years before applying for a level two license.

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Each school district, in accordance with Β. department rules, shall provide for the mentorship and

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1 evaluation of level one teachers. At the end of each year and 2 at the end of the license period, the level one teacher shall be 3 evaluated for competency. If the teacher fails to demonstrate satisfactory progress and competence annually, the teacher may 4 be terminated as provided in Section 22-10A-24 NMSA 1978. 5 If the teacher has not demonstrated satisfactory progress and 6 7 competence by the end of the five-year period, the teacher shall not be granted a level two license. 8 9 C. Except in exigent circumstances defined by department rule, a level one license shall not be extended 10 beyond the initial period. 11 12 D. The department shall issue a standard level one license to an applicant who is at least eighteen years of age 13 14 who: holds a baccalaureate degree from an (1)15 accredited educational institution; 16 (2) has successfully completed a department-17 18 approved teacher preparation program from a nationally accredited or state-approved educational institution; 19 20 (3) has passed the New Mexico teacher assessments examination, including for elementary licensure 21 beginning January 1, 2013, a rigorous assessment of the 22 candidate's knowledge of the science of teaching reading; and 23 (4) meets other qualifications for level one 24 licensure, including clearance of the required background check. 25 .212362.1

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1 Ε. The department shall issue an alternative level 2 one license to an applicant who meets the requirements of Section 22-10A-8 NMSA 1978. 3 The department shall establish competencies and 4 F. 5 qualifications for specific grade levels, types and subject areas of level one licensure, including early childhood, 6 7 elementary, middle school, secondary, special and vocational education. 8 9 G. [With the adoption by the department of a highly objective uniform statewide standard of evaluation for level one 10 teachers] The minimum salary for a level one teacher [shall be 11 12 thirty-six thousand dollars (\$36,000)] is: (1) forty thousand dollars (\$40,000) for a 13 standard nine and one-half month contract; 14 (2) forty-two thousand two hundred dollars 15 (\$42,200) for a teacher in an extended learning time program; 16 17 and (3) forty-five thousand six hundred dollars 18 (\$45,600) for a teacher in a K-5 plus program." 19 20 SECTION 22. Section 22-10A-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, Chapter 153, Section 41, as amended) is amended to read: 21 "22-10A-10. LEVEL TWO LICENSURE.--22 A. A level two license is a nine-year license 23 granted to a teacher who meets the qualifications for that level 24 25 and who annually demonstrates essential competency to teach. Ιf

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a level two teacher does not demonstrate essential competency in
a given school year, the school district shall provide the
teacher with additional professional development and peer
intervention during the following school year. If by the end of
that school year the teacher fails to demonstrate essential
competency, a school district may choose not to contract with
the teacher to teach in the classroom.

B. The department shall issue a level two license to
an applicant who successfully completes the level one license or
is granted reciprocity as provided by department rules;
demonstrates essential competency required by the department as
verified by the local superintendent through the highly
objective uniform statewide standard of evaluation; and meets
other qualifications as required by the department.

C. The department shall provide for qualifications for specific grade levels, types and subject areas of level two licensure, including early childhood, elementary, middle, secondary, special and vocational education.

D. [With the adoption by the department of the statewide objective performance evaluation for level two teachers] The minimum salary for a level two teacher [for a standard nine and one-half month contract shall be forty-four thousand dollars (\$44,000)] is:

(1) fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for a standard nine and one-half month contract;

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1 (2) fifty-two thousand eight hundred dollars 2 (\$52,800) for a teacher in an extended learning time program; 3 and (3) fifty-six thousand nine hundred dollars 4 (\$56,900) for a teacher in a K-5 plus program." 5 SECTION 23. Section 22-10A-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2003, 6 7 Chapter 153, Section 42, as amended) is amended to read: 8 "22-10A-11. LEVEL THREE LICENSURE--TRACKS FOR TEACHERS.--9 Α. A level three-A license is a nine-year license 10 granted to a teacher who meets the qualifications for that level and who annually demonstrates instructional leader competencies. 11 12 If a level three-A teacher does not demonstrate essential competency in a given school year, the school district shall 13 14 provide the teacher with additional professional development and peer intervention during the following school year. If by the 15 end of that school year the teacher fails to demonstrate 16 essential competency, a school district may choose not to 17 18 contract with the teacher to teach in the classroom. 19 Β. The department shall grant a level three-A license to an applicant who has been a level two teacher for at 20 least three years and holds a post-baccalaureate degree or 21 national board for professional teaching standards 22 certification; demonstrates instructional leader competence as 23 required by the department and verified by the local 24 superintendent through the highly objective uniform statewide 25 .212362.1

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standard of evaluation; and meets other qualifications for the
 license.

C. [With the adoption by the department of a highly
objective uniform statewide standard of evaluation for level
three-A teachers] The minimum salary for a level three-A teacher
[for a standard nine and one-half month contract shall be fiftyfour thousand dollars (\$54,000)] is:

8 (1) sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000) for a
 9 standard nine and one-half month contract;
 10 (2) sixty-three thousand three hundred dollars

(\$63,300) for a teacher in an extended learning time program; and

13 (3) sixty-eight thousand three hundred dollars
14 (\$68,300) for a teacher in a K-5 plus program.

D. The minimum salary for a counselor who holds a level three or three-A license as provided in the School Personnel Act and rules promulgated by the department shall be the same as provided for level three-A teachers pursuant to Subsection C of this section."

SECTION 24. Section 22-10A-11.4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2015, Chapter 74, Section 2) is amended to read:

"22-10A-11.4. LEVEL THREE-B ADMINISTRATOR'S LICENSE--TRACKS FOR SCHOOL ADMINISTRATOR LICENSURE.--

A. A level three-B administrator's license is a five-year license granted to an applicant who meets the .212362.1

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1 qualifications for that license. Licenses may be renewed upon 2 satisfactory annual demonstration of instructional leader and 3 administrative competency. The department shall grant a level three-B 4 Β. administrator's license to an applicant who: 5 has completed a department-approved 6 (1) 7 administrator preparation program; holds a current level two or level three 8 (2)9 teacher's license; and (3) holds a post-baccalaureate degree or 10 national board for professional teaching standards 11 12 certification. C. The minimum annual salary for a licensed school 13 principal or assistant school principal [shall be fifty thousand 14 dollars (\$50,000)] is the minimum salary for a level three-A 15 teacher at the public school in which the school principal or 16 assistant school principal is employed multiplied by the 17 applicable responsibility factor. 18 The department shall adopt a highly objective 19 D. 20 uniform statewide standard of evaluation, including data sources linked to student achievement and an educational plan for 21 student success progress, for school principals and assistant 22 school principals and rules for the implementation of that 23 evaluation system linked to the level of responsibility at each 24 school level. 25

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1 Ε. As used in this section, "level three-B 2 administrator's license" means a five-year license granted to an applicant who meets the qualifications pursuant to this section 3 4 and department rules." SECTION 25. TEMPORARY PROVISION--FUND TRANSFER.--Any 5 unexpended or unencumbered balances remaining in the K-3 plus 6 7 fund on July 1, 2020 shall be transferred to the state-support 8 reserve fund. 9 SECTION 26. REPEAL.--Sections 22-13-28 and 22-13-28.2 10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 2007, Chapter 12, Section 1 and Laws 2016, 11 Chapter 62, Section 1, as amended) are repealed. 12 SECTION 27. DELAYED REPEAL.--Section 22-13-28.1 NMSA 1978 13 (being Laws 2012, Chapter 21, Section 2) is repealed effective 14 July 1, 2020. 15 APPLICABILITY.--The provisions of Sections 2 SECTION 28. 16 through 19 of this act apply to the program cost calculation in 17 fiscal year 2020 and subsequent fiscal years. The provisions of 18 Sections 21 through 24 of this act apply to school personnel contracted to provide services for summer 2019 K-5 plus programs 19 20 in fiscal year 2019 and to all school personnel in fiscal year 21 2020 and subsequent fiscal years. - 48 -22 23 24 25

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