

A statewide hunger-relief network of food banks and partners

ECHO

Northwest New Mexico, Located in Farmington

The Community Pantry

Western New Mexico, Located in Gallup

The Food Depot

Northern New Mexico, Located in Santa Fe

Food Bank of Eastern New Mexico

Eastern New Mexico, Located in Clovis

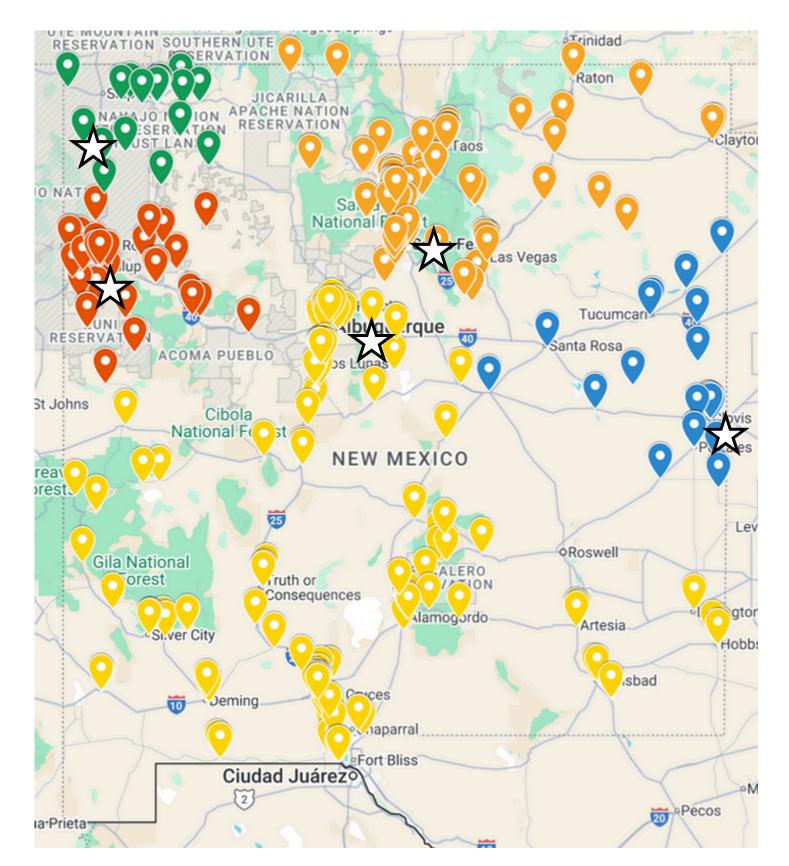
Roadrunner Food Bank

Southern New Mexico, Located in Albuquerque

500+Partners in Hunger Relief Efforts

• churches, pantries, shelters, schools, community centers, Native communities, etc.

Food banks also partner with 100s of grocery stores (food rescue) and sponsoring businesses to support our work.



Note: Photographs used in this presentation are real photographs of food pantries, food, and distribution sites from the NM hunger-relief network.

Statewide food bank impact

500+ distribution sites
Food access in all 33 counties
45 million meals distributed to New Mexicans

Food Bank Funding

Food banks are complex ecosystems managing large-scale operations. Food banks:

- administer multi-million-dollar annual operating budgets with yearly audits
- employ hundreds of qualified staff members
- comply with USDA and NMDOT regulations
- maintain large-scale inventories of millions of pounds of product from multiple sources
- coordinate a network of more than 500 nonprofit partners

Religious Orgs

Grants

Business Donors

State and Local Funds

Contributions from Donors

Federal funding does cover a small percentage of administrative costs for some federal food programs such as USDA TEFAP.



















Thank you for strengthening the network of support.

You have taken meaningful action for New Mexicans:

2025 Regular Session

- \$30 million GRO FUNDS over 3 years to food banks (HB2)
- food purchase and capacity building

2025 Special Session

- funded food banks and partner organizations
- invested in education-based pantries
- maintained SNAP for seniors and people with disabilities
- maintained SNAP for lawfully permanent residents
- rescued SNAP-ED
- provided funds to workforce solutions to support new SNAP work requirements
- ensured ISD had adequate staff to address upcoming changes to SNAP
- upgraded technology/equipment at HCA to support people with SNAP and Medicaid requirements



NM Food Banks Continue to Distribute Food in Diverse Locations and Formats



Client choice and walk-throughs



Public Schools



Drive-Throughs



Choice-based programs



Mobile distributions



Rural distributions



Refrigerated vehicles



Neighborhood distributions



Colleges and Universities



Religious Organizations



Pueblos and Reservations





NM Food Banks Collaborate with a Diverse Network of Nonprofits and Partners

soup kitchens meal programs churches religious organizations college campuses shelters governmental organizations agriculture partnerships senior centers community centers transitional housing schools tribal nations home delivery programs maternal support centers healthcare organizations no-cost grocery stores street outreach disaster assistance efforts



- 500+ partners across the state
- Focused on equitable distribution
- Providing produce, protein, shelf-stable foods, etc. to partners
- Procuring culturally-appropriate foods
- Providing choice to partners to support their communities served

Diverse Food Offerings support Healthy Futures and Communities

In the past six months (May 2025 - October 2025), Roadrunner Food Bank distributed 25.2 million pounds of food, of which 12.3 million was fresh produce.

Fresh produce accounted for more than 49% of our total pounds distributed, and this year's goal is to increase produce as a percentage of total pounds to 60%.

FY25	Poundage	Produce	Protein
Community Pantry	1,716,878	27%	186,777
ЕСНО	2,782,074	6%	
Food Bank of Eastern NM	2,055,680	42%	1,060,878
Food Depot	9,808,476	42%	5,766,328
Roadrunner	38,542,024		
Totals	54,905,132		
Meals	45,754,277		

"I live an hour from the grocery store, so the fresh food (like grapes and vegetables) from the community center really helps. There's been no rain this year, and the vegetables in my garden froze because of the longer winter. Today I know we are getting eggs and milk, which helps me a lot. It's hard for me to drive to the store because I have a lot of health issues. I try to go to the grocery store when I drive to the doctor, but it's a long day and I feel so tired with my heart problems. I thought I was going to enjoy my retirement, but now my limited budget goes to the doctor and gas." - George, senior client in rural NM







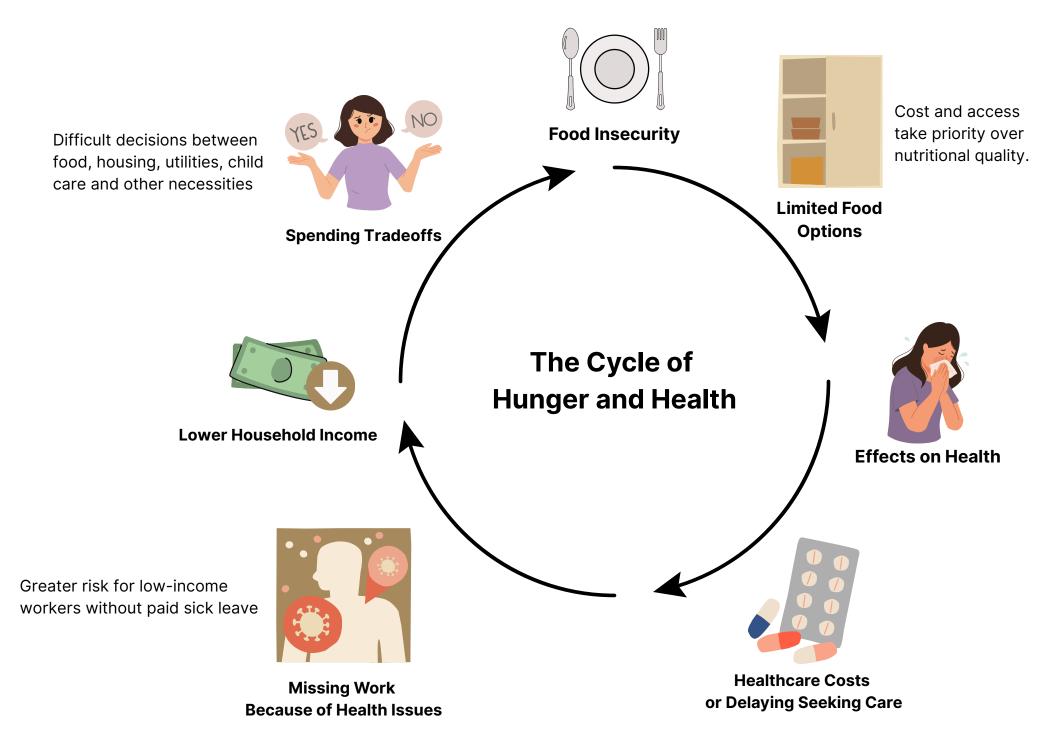




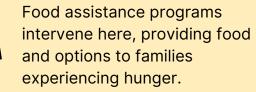


SDOH - Connections Between Food Assistance and Health

Social Determinants of Health: "Social determinants of health (SDOH) are the personal, social and environmental things that shape your health and well-being. These are factors like how much money you make, where you live and what resources your neighborhood offers."



Breaking the Cycle



Although food banks and most partner pantries are not healthcare providers, they can provide resources to decrease the risk of diet-related health issues.

Food Insecurity and Social Determinants of Health



Providing Case Management at the Food Banks

To impact Social Determinants of Health and provide resources to clients on their path to food security, food banks across New Mexico now offer case management services.

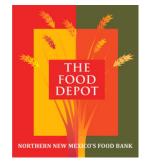


The Food Depot is part of the CONNECT network in Santa Fe County. As part of this network, clients can be referred to The Food Depot if experiencing food insecurity. When someone comes to the food bank, we can connect a client to services across the county to assist with employment, childcare, rent/utilities, etc.

This is a closed-loop referral system, meaning a client's information travels with them as they get help from multiple organizations.



National Diaper Bank Network



The Food Depot's is part of the National Diaper Bank Network. Their Diaper Depot program supports hundreds of families across Northern New Mexico with diapers and wipes each month. Diapers and distributed at the warehouse in Santa Fe and through dozens of their partner agencies.



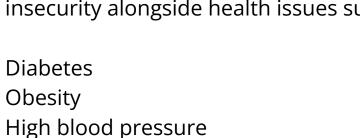
¿Necesita Asistencia?



ECHO Food Bank offers diapers, utility assistance, clothing, senior support, and more to keep people thriving.



The Center focuses on distributing fresh fruits and vegetables and providing access to healthy food items for those experiencing food insecurity alongside health issues such as:



Food Center

Other chronic issues

The Community Pantry's
Hope Garden provides
access to consistent, healthy
food at home. Clients can
learn how to grow food and
have access to gardening
tools they may not have at
home.

Community Pantry

HOPE GARDEN



FBENM connects clients to federal and state nutrition programs such as SNAP, WIC, TANF, and LIHEAP.



Food Banks are One Part of a Larger Network of Support

We cannot end hunger alone.

New Mexicans rely on a network of support programs to stay healthy. Every program is important, helping a family stay stable during times of economic distress. If even one program is removed, families face challenges that grow deeper overtime.

When a household is able to buy groceries with SNAP, take care of their children, and pay utility bills, they have more stability in their lives. Strong safety net programs help create healthy, more resilient communities because people are able to meet their basic needs.



Support, fund, and defend social safety net programs

SNAP - Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program

SUN Bucks Summer EBT

WIC - Women Infants and Children

WIC and Senior Farmers' Market Nutrition Program

Double Up Food Bucks

Universal School Breakfast and Lunch

LIHEAP - Low-Income Home Energy Assistance

Medicaid and Behavioral Health Programs

TANF - Temporary Assistance to Needy Families

TEFAP - The Emergency Food Assistance Program

FDPIR - Food Distribution on Indian Reservations

CSFP - Commodity Supplemental Food Program

CACFP - Child and Adult Care Food Program

Did you know? For every meal a food bank provides, SNAP provides NINE.



Areas of Vulnerability

Changes on the Federal Level

- 1. The Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP)
- Administered at the federal level by Food and Nutrition (FNS), an agency of the US Department of Agriculture (USDA)
- Administered by NM Health Care Authority at the state level.
- NM food banks contract with the state of NM to distribute TEFAP food to all 33 counties.
- Roadrunner Food Bank administers the program in New Mexico. Food is delivered to the food banks, which then distribute to partners and programs across their service area.
- Clients must qualify based on income.

In April of 2025, the USDA cut \$500 million from the Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC), a part of TEFAP.

- New Mexico lost 25 truck loads of food between April and June.
- Majority of food was protein (meat and eggs) or fresh produce.
- Without warning, food banks must source millions of pounds of additional food to make up for the loss from USDA.
- 2. Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)
- Loss of eligibility
- Changes to work requirements
- No increase to Thrifty Food Plan (stagnant benefits)

Changes on the federal level to food assistance programs will increase food insecurity, including increased food insecurity among service members.



Partners in Client Success

Heath Care Authority - Income Support Division

- Recertification
- Tracking work requirements

The food banks work closely with HCA to support the success of SNAP in New Mexico. SNAP is the first line of defense against food insecurity.

Supporting adequate staffing, updated technology, and efficiency at ISD will help lower the SNAP error rate. A lower error rate will lower the NM cost share for SNAP.



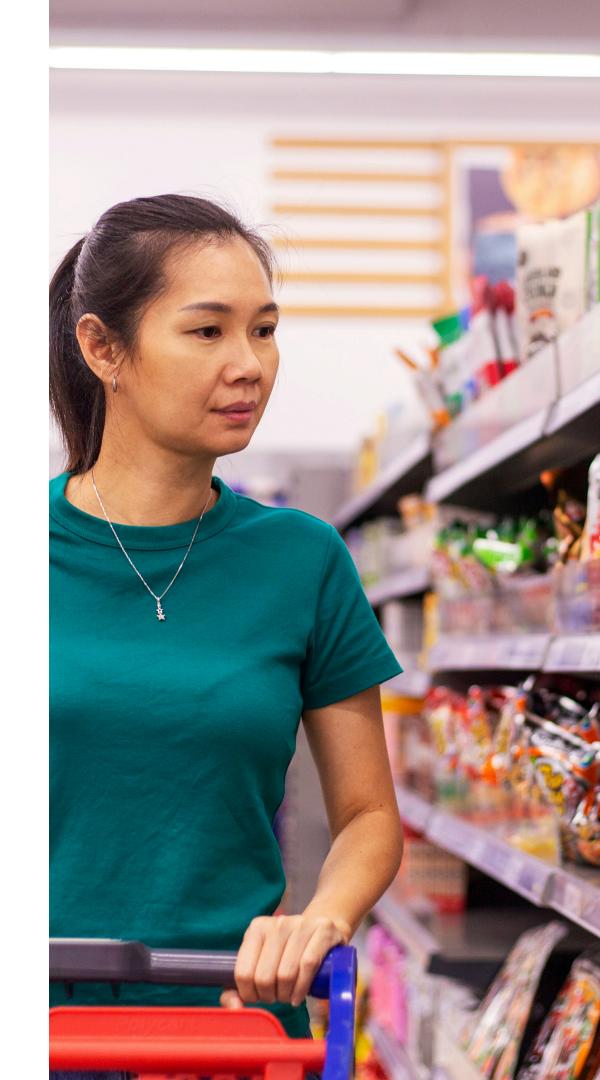


SNAP error rate is a federal measurement of how accurately states administer SNAP benefits.

Overpayments - when a household receives more benefits than it should. Underpayments – when a household receives fewer benefits than it should.

The payment error rate combines both and is expressed as a percentage of total SNAP benefits issued. For example, a 6% error rate means that 6% of all SNAP dollars were either over- or underissued due to administrative mistakes.

This does not mean there was fraud. Most errors are unintentional. If caseworkers are rushed or understaffed and must process applications quickly, mistakes are more likely. Errors might include miscalculating income, missing documentation, or incorrectly counting household members. Those mistakes then show up in the error rate.



Qualifying for SNAP in New Mexico



200% off the Federal Poverty Level (FPL)

- Poverty levels established by US Dept of Health and Human Services (Appendix. A)
- 100% of FPL for a family of four is \$32,150
- 200% FPL for a family of four is \$64,300

If a family of four receives the maximum SNAP allotment of \$994 in a month, this is approx. \$33 each day, or \$8 per person, per day.

SNAP supports the New Mexico Economy

- 1,700 SNAP retailers in NM (Appendix B)
 - o grocery stores, farmers markets, gas stations, and convenience stores
- 7.5% of all in-store grocery trips in New Mexico use SNAP
- Over 30% of all SNAP grocery trips nationwide include purchases of dairy and produce. 22% include meat.

"For over 40 years our local store has accepted SNAP, and it's helped our store and customers stay healthy."

- Adam Wolfe, Clayton Ranch Market





Income Eligibility Guidelines for SNAP & Financial Assistance

Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program - SNAP October 1, 2025 - September 30, 2026

House-Hold Size		Poverty Guidel		Maximum	LIHEAP
	Mont	hly Income Sta	ndards	SNAP	150%FPG
	100% FPG	130% FPG	200% FPG	Monthly	
	Net income	Gross	Gross	Allotment	
	l	Income	Income for		
	l		Categorical		
			Eligibility		
1	\$1,305	\$1,696	\$2,610	\$298	\$1,956
2	\$1,763	\$2,292	\$3,526	\$546	\$2,644
3	\$2,221	\$2,888	\$4,442	\$785	\$3,331
4	\$2,680	\$3,483	\$5,360	\$994	\$4,019
5	\$3,138	\$4,079	\$6,276	\$1,183	\$4,706
6	\$3,596	\$4,675	\$7,192	\$1,421	\$5,394
7	\$4,055	\$5,271	\$8,110	\$1,571	\$6,081
8	\$4,513	\$5,867	\$9,026	\$1,789	\$6,769
+ Each Person	+\$459	+\$596	+\$918	+\$218	+\$688

Minimum Allotment \$24

Standard Deduction: For HH size 1-3 = \$209; 4 = \$223; 5 = \$261; 6 or more = \$299

- Excess Shelter Deduction Limit: \$744
- Heating and Cooling Standard Utility Allowance: \$419 (HCSUA) Limited Utility Allowance: \$289 (LUA)

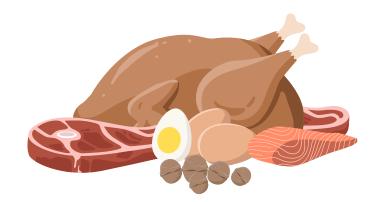
DEDUCTIONS:

- Telephone Standard: \$51
- Dependent Care: Actual Amount (No Limit)
- Earned Income Deduction: 20%
- Homeless Shelter Standard: \$198.99
- LIHEAP (only) Energy Standard Allowance (ESA): \$291

- Asset Limit for HH with at least one member who is age 60 or older or is disabled: \$4,500
- Asset Limit for all other HH: \$3,000

What Impacts Clients and Food Banks Most The Cost-of-Living Crisis

From August 2024 - August 2025: Overall food costs increased by 3.2%



Meats, Poultry, Fish & Eggs 5.6% increase



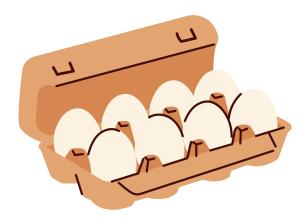
Fresh Vegetables 2.9% increase



Dairy Products 1.7% increase



tripled in price." — Joanna



Eggs 10.9% increase



Fresh Fruits 1.7% increase



Bakery Products 2.2% increase



"I work two jobs, but it's still not enough to

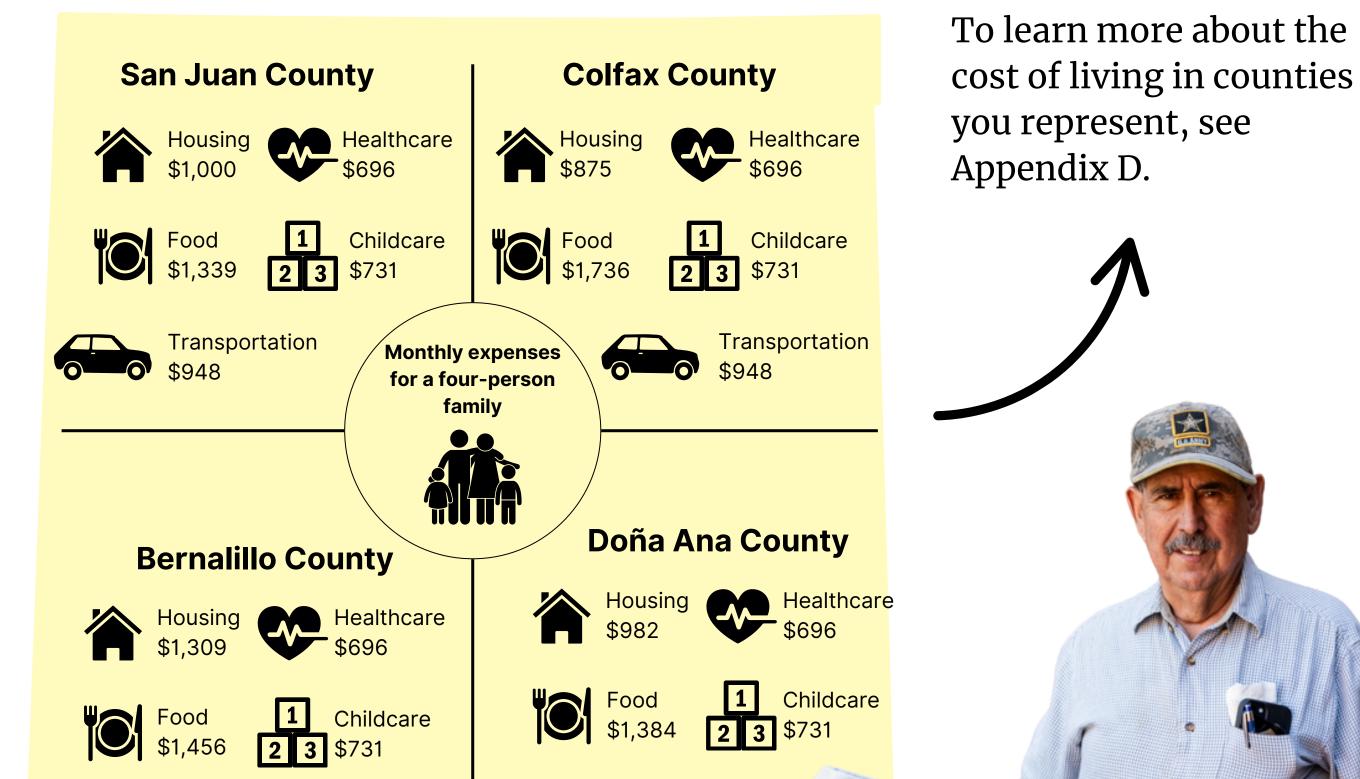
buy groceries. The money that used to cover

now. It feels like every item, even the basics

we rely on every day, has doubled or even

a week's worth of food barely lasts a day

Cost-of-Living Crisis County Comparison



Transportation

Transportation

Source: United for ALICE. "ALICE Household Survival Budget, 2023" from

Survival Budget, 2023" from "ALICE In New Mexico: A Study of Financial Hardship," September 2025.

On The Horizon: What Impacts Clients and Food Banks Most

Changes to SNAP Work Requirements

For Full MEMO, See Appendix C

	Requirements – ABAWD Waivers - USDA Implementation Memorandum
Regular Work Requirements (age 16-59 and able to work)	Able-Bodied Adults Without Dependents Work Requirements (age 18-64, unless exempt)
 Registering for work Participating in SNAP Employment and Training (E&T) or workfare if assigned by your state SNAP agency Taking a suitable job if offered Not voluntarily quitting a job or reducing your work hours below 30 a week without a good reason 	 Must do one of the following: Work at least 80 hours a month (includes work programs or volunteer/unpaid work) Participate in a combination of work and work program hours for a total of at least 80 hours a month Participate in workfare for the number of hours assigned to you each month
 Exemptions: Already working at least 30 hours a week Meeting work requirements for another state or federal program Taking care of a child under 6 or an incapacitated person Unable to work due to a documented physical or mental limitation Participating regularly in an alcohol or drug treatment program Studying in school or a training program at least half-time 	 Exemptions: Unable to work due to a documented physical or mental limitation Pregnant Have children under 14 in your household Excused from the general work requirements Meets the definition of Indian, Urban Indian or California Indian
Loss of benefits: If you don't meet requirements, you can lose your benefits for a month . If you don't meet requirements twice, you can lose benefits for a year .	Loss of benefits: If you fail to meet work requirements and meet no exceptions, you can only receive SNAP Benefits for three months in a three-year period. (stricter time limits than regular requirements)

On The Horizon: What Impacts Clients and Food Banks Most Changes to SNAP Work Requirements

"Able-Bodied Adults Without Dependents (ABAWD)" Work Requirement Time Limit:

If you fail to meet work requirements and meet no exceptions, you can only receive SNAP Benefits for **three months in a three-year period.**

Full details regarding work requirement exemptions have not been released by FNS as of Wednesday, Nov. 5.

Previous Law	New Law (OBBB)
Adults ages 18-54 were subject to all work requirements and time limits (unless they met exceptions)	Increases the age of adults who must meet work requirements until age 64 (unless they meet exceptions)
Exempted parents or guardians from work requirement time limits if they have children under 18 years old in their household	Parents or guardians must meet work requirements if their children are 14 years or older (unless they meet exceptions)
 Exempted these groups from work requirement time limits: Veterans People experiencing homelessness People age 24 or younger and in foster care on their 18th birthday 	Puts a work requirement time limit on all three groups
	New work requirement exemptions for "Indians, Urban Indians, and California Indians" as defined by the Indian Health Care Act

On The Horizon: What Impacts Clients and Food Banks Most SNAP Work Requirements

Specific populations (older adults, veterans, parents and teens, people experiencing homelessness, and former foster care youth) will be placed under work requirements to maintain their SNAP Benefits.

If they fail to maintain these work requirements, they will face time limits on their benefits (limited to 3 months of benefits in a 3-year period).

These populations are already at a higher risk of food insecurity and circumstances that make it harder to keep steady employment, including housing instability, variable work hours, health conditions, transportation access, unpaid caregiving, and more.

450,000 New Mexico residents, or 21% of the state population (1 in 5) receive support through SNAP Benefits.

Due to these changes, at least 55,000 households in New Mexico are at risk of losing their SNAP Benefits if they cannot meet these work requirements.

To prove they are meeting these work requirements, people must submit documentation (paystubs, a letter from their employer, etc.) during the application and recertification process (every 12 to 24 months). By increasing the number of people subject to work requirements, this will increase the processing workload for ISD, including denying benefits.



Source: Center on Budget and Policy Priorities. "Senate Agriculture Committee's Revised Work Requirement Would Risk Taking Away Food Assistance From More Than 5 Million People: State Estimates." June 27, 2025.

Food Bank Response Using GRO Funding to Build Capacity

The Community Pantry

- Ordered a refrigerated box truck with a lift
- Paving the Grants Pantry parking lot, a primary site for mobile food distributions
- Procuring cold storage and appliances for partner agencies
- Purchasing equipment for the Grants Hope Garden/Farm, including an outside forklift]
- Upgrades to warehouse and agencies will increase food distribution capacity and number of clients served

ECHO, Inc.

- Purchasing two refrigerated cargo vans for distribution on native lands
- Installing new refrigeration for additional produce storage at main warehouse
- Purchasing additional forklifts and pallet jacks to safely receive and store food to support increased distribution
- Additional equipment ensures the food bank is able to increase distribution efficiently.

Food Bank of Eastern New Mexico

- Expanding warehouse space to accommodate additional pallet racking
- Building an on-site food pick-up locker system for community members
- Gives the food bank the capacity to receive and store food for increased distribution. Lockers provide additional hours for food access.

The Food Depot

- Designed specialized food distribution trailers for the Food Mobile program
 - Will serve Santa Fe County and surrounding rural areas, including pueblo communities.
- Renovate our no-cost market, Casita de Comida, serving Rio Arriba County
- Both programs increase capacity in rural areas, provide more food options, and give people choice

Roadrunner Food Bank

- Purchased equipment (including tractors and trailers for mobile markets and pallet jacks)
- Committed \$800,000 to agency partner capacity building including equipment
- Piloting the Locker System Projects at RR pantry and expanding to rural communities

Food Bank Response Using GRO Funding to Build G

Using GRO Funding to Build Capacity



















Continue to be part of our movement to end hunger

You are responsible for so much as a legislator.

When thinking about hunger and poverty, rely on your food security experts.

- 1. Develop a strategy with HCA/ISD to continue SNAP benefits at some level during a government shutdown.
- 2. Share information about food distributions in your service area.
- 3. Visit the food bank in your area.
- 4. Continue to see us as a valuable part of New Mexico's food system.
- 5. Partner with us and use us as a resource!

Jill Dixon The Food Depot

Executive Director jdixon@thefooddepot.org 505-452-6318

Katy Anderson Roadrunner Food Bank

Vice President, Strategy, Partnerships and Advocacy katy.anderson@rrfb.org 505-349-5344



Appendix A

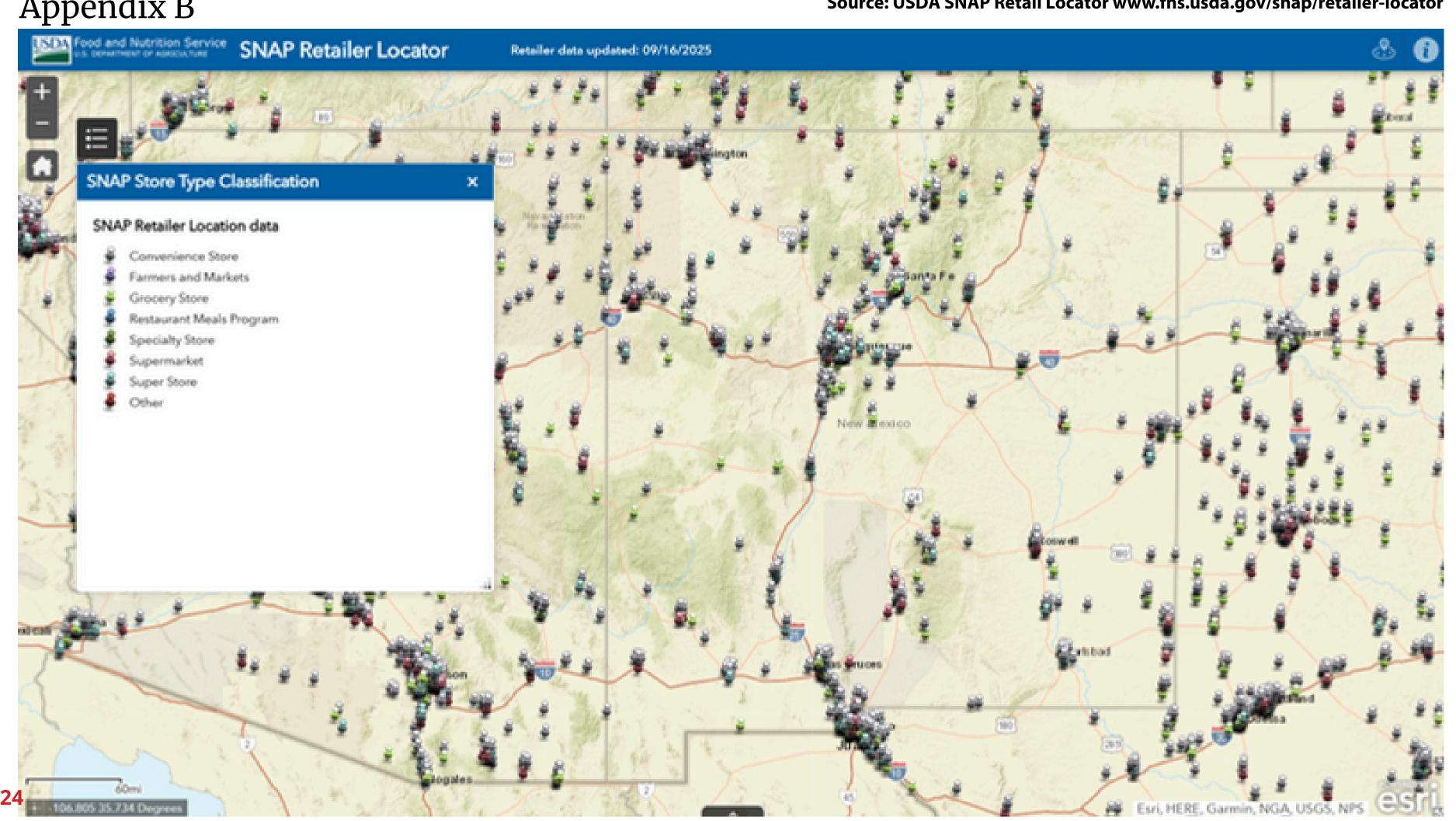
2025 Poverty Guidelines: 48 Contiguous States (all states except Alaska and Hawaii)

Dollars Per Year

Household/												
Family Size	50%	75%	100%	125%	130%	133%	135%	138%	150%	175%	180%	185%
1	7,825.00	11,737.50	15,650.00	19,562.50	20,345.00	20,814.50	21,127.50	21,597.00	23,475.00	27,387.50	28,170.00	28,952.50
2	10,575.00	15,862.50	21,150.00	26,437.50	27,495.00	28,129.50	28,552.50	29,187.00	31,725.00	37,012.50	38,070.00	39,127.50
3	13,325.00	19,987.50	26,650.00	33,312.50	34,645.00	35,444.50	35,977.50	36,777.00	39,975.00	46,637.50	47,970.00	49,302.50
4	16,075.00	24,112.50	32,150.00	40,187.50	41,795.00	42,759.50	43,402.50	44,367.00	48,225.00	56,262.50	57,870.00	59,477.50
5	18,825.00	28,237.50	37,650.00	47,062.50	48,945.00	50,074.50	50,827.50	51,957.00	56,475.00	65,887.50	67,770.00	69,652.50
6	21,575.00	32,362.50	43,150.00	53,937.50	56,095.00	57,389.50	58,252.50	59,547.00	64,725.00	75,512.50	77,670.00	79,827.50
7	24,325.00	36,487.50	48,650.00	60,812.50	63,245.00	64,704.50	65,677.50	67,137.00	72,975.00	85,137.50	87,570.00	90,002.50
8	27,075.00	40,612.50	54,150.00	67,687.50	70,395.00	72,019.50	73,102.50	74,727.00	81,225.00	94,762.50	97,470.00	100,177.50
9	29,825.00	44,737.50	59,650.00	74,562.50	77,545.00	79,334.50	80,527.50	82,317.00	89,475.00	104,387.50	107,370.00	110,352.50
10	32,575.00	48,862.50	65,150.00	81,437.50	84,695.00	86,649.50	87,952.50	89,907.00	97,725.00	114,012.50	117,270.00	120,527.50
11	35,325.00	52,987.50	70,650.00	88,312.50	91,845.00	93,964.50	95,377.50	97,497.00	105,975.00	123,637.50	127,170.00	130,702.50
12	38,075.00	57,112.50	76,150.00	95,187.50	98,995.00	101,279.50	102,802.50	105,087.00	114,225.00	133,262.50	137,070.00	140,877.50
13	40,825.00	61,237.50	81,650.00	102,062.50	106,145.00	108,594.50	110,227.50	112,677.00	122,475.00	142,887.50	146,970.00	151,052.50
14	43,575.00	65,362.50	87,150.00	108,937.50	113,295.00	115,909.50	117,652.50	120,267.00	130,725.00	152,512.50	156,870.00	161,227.50

Household/												
Family Size	200%	225%	250%	275%	300%	325%	350%	375%	400%	500%	600%	700%
1	31,300.00	35,212.50	39,125.00	43,037.50	46,950.00	50,862.50	54,775.00	58,687.50	62,600.00	78,250.00	93,900.00	109,550.00
2	42,300.00	47,587.50	52,875.00	58,162.50	63,450.00	68,737.50	74,025.00	79,312.50	84,600.00	105,750.00	126,900.00	148,050.00
3	53,300.00	59,962.50	66,625.00	73,287.50	79,950.00	86,612.50	93,275.00	99,937.50	106,600.00	133,250.00	159,900.00	186,550.00
4	64,300.00	72,337.50	80,375.00	88,412.50	96,450.00	104,487.50	112,525.00	120,562.50	128,600.00	160,750.00	192,900.00	225,050.00
5	75,300.00	84,712.50	94,125.00	103,537.50	112,950.00	122,362.50	131,775.00	141,187.50	150,600.00	188,250.00	225,900.00	263,550.00
6	86,300.00	97,087.50	107,875.00	118,662.50	129,450.00	140,237.50	151,025.00	161,812.50	172,600.00	215,750.00	258,900.00	302,050.00
7	97,300.00	109,462.50	121,625.00	133,787.50	145,950.00	158,112.50	170,275.00	182,437.50	194,600.00	243,250.00	291,900.00	340,550.00
8	108,300.00	121,837.50	135,375.00	148,912.50	162,450.00	175,987.50	189,525.00	203,062.50	216,600.00	270,750.00	324,900.00	379,050.00
9	119,300.00	134,212.50	149,125.00	164,037.50	178,950.00	193,862.50	208,775.00	223,687.50	238,600.00	298,250.00	357,900.00	417,550.00
10	130,300.00	146,587.50	162,875.00	179,162.50	195,450.00	211,737.50	228,025.00	244,312.50	260,600.00	325,750.00	390,900.00	456,050.00
11	141,300.00	158,962.50	176,625.00	194,287.50	211,950.00	229,612.50	247,275.00	264,937.50	282,600.00	353,250.00	423,900.00	494,550.00
12	152,300.00	171,337.50	190,375.00	209,412.50	228,450.00	247,487.50	266,525.00	285,562.50	304,600.00	380,750.00	456,900.00	533,050.00
13	163,300.00	183,712.50	204,125.00	224,537.50	244,950.00	265,362.50	285,775.00	306,187.50	326,600.00	408,250.00	489,900.00	571,550.00
14	174,300.00	196,087.50	217,875.00	239,662.50	261,450.00	283,237.50	305,025.00	326,812.50	348,600.00	435,750.00	522,900.00	610,050.00

Note: Each individual program--e.g., SNAP, Medicaid--determines how to round various multiples of the poverty guidelines, what income is to be included, and how the eligibility unit is defined. For more information about the poverty guidelines visit: http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty.



Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Provisions of the One Big Beautiful Bill Act of 2025 - ABAWD Exceptions - Implementation Memorandum

DATE: October 3, 2025

SUBJECT: Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Provisions of the One Big Beautiful Bill Act of 2025 - ABAWD

Exceptions - Implementation Memorandum

TO: All SNAP State Agencies

All Regions

On July 4, 2025, President Donald J. Trump signed into law the One Big Beautiful Bill Act of 2025 (**) (OBBB). On September 5, 2025, the Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) published a memorandum describing the SNAP provisions of the OBBB, Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Provisions of the One Big Beautiful Bill Act of 2025 – Information Memorandum.

This memorandum provides State agencies additional information on implementing Section 10102(a) of the OBBB, which changes exceptions from the Able-Bodied Adults Without Dependents (ABAWD) time limit.

Modification of ABAWD Time Limit Exceptions

The OBBB modifies the ABAWD time limit exceptions at Section 6(o)(3) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (the Act). Throughout this document, "modified exception criteria" refers to the ABAWD exception criteria, as amended by the OBBB.

Increase of the Upper Age Limit

Prior to passage of OBBB, individuals aged 18 to 54 were subject to the ABAWD time limit. The OBBB increases the age of those subject to the time limit to age 64. Therefore, individuals aged 18 to 64 are now subject to the time limit, unless they meet another exception.

The OBBB does not change the upper age limit for the general work requirements at Section 6(d)(3) of the Act. Individuals aged 60 or older remain exempt from the general work requirements, including mandatory participation in SNAP Employment and Training (E&T).

The OBBB also does not impact the definition of "elderly" in Section 3(j) of the Act. Individuals age 60 or older continue to be defined as "elderly" for SNAP purposes. Therefore, State agencies must continue to apply other policies for elderly individuals to those aged 60 or older, such as the availability of excess medical deduction and the lack of a cap on excess shelter deduction.

Changes to the Exception for Children in the Household

The OBBB limits the exception for a parent or other household member with responsibility for a dependent child to children under 14 years of age.

Previously, this exception applied to a parent or other household member with responsibility for a dependent child under 18 years of age.

Therefore, adults in a SNAP household with children between ages 14 and 17 are now subject to the time limit, unless they meet another exception, including caring for a child in the household under age 14.

End of Exceptions Implemented by the Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023

The OBBB removes the temporary exceptions for the following populations, which were added by the Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023 (FRA):

- 1. Homeless individuals;
- Veterans; and
- 3. Individuals aged 24 or younger and in foster care on their 18th birthday (or a higher age if the State offers extended foster care).

These individuals are once again subject to the time limit, as they were prior to the 2023 FRA, unless they meet another exception.

New Exceptions

The OBBB adds new exceptions for Indians, also referred to as Native Americans, Alaska Natives, Indigenous Peoples, and Tribal Members. The new exceptions include:

- 1. "An Indian" as defined in paragraph (13) of section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act (IHCIA);
- 2. "An Urban Indian" as defined in paragraph (28) of Section 4 of the IHCIA; and
- "A California Indian" as described in section 809(a) of the IHCIA.

Therefore, individuals are not subject to the time limit if they meet one of the limited definitions detailed below, per 25 U.S.C. Chapter 18. State agencies must follow verification rules, including verifying questionable information with reviewable documentary evidence per 7 CFR 273.2(f) and 273.24(l).

An individual is an "Indian" per 25 U.S.C. 1603(13) if they:

- Are a member of an Indian tribe.
- 2. Indian tribe is defined as any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community, including any Alaska Native village or group or regional or village corporation as defined in or established pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, which is recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians. Please note, this definition of "Indian tribe" is different than the definition of "Indian tribe" at 7 CFR 271.2.;

An individual is an "Urban Indian" per 25 U.S.C. 1603(18), if they:

- Reside in an urban center and meet at least one of the following four criteria:
- a. Regardless of if they live on or near a reservation, is a member of a tribe, band, or other organized group of Indians, including those tribes,
 bands, or groups terminated since 1940 and those recognized now or in the future by the State in which they reside, or who is a descendant, in the first or second degree of any such member;
 - b. Is an Eskimo or Aleut or other Alaska Native,
 - c. Is determined to be an Indian for any purpose under regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Interior; or
 - d. Is determined to be an Indian under regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Health and Human Services.
- Urban center is defined as any community which has a sufficient urban Indian population with unmet health needs to warrant assistance under subchapter IV of the IHICA, as determined by the Secretary of Health and Human Services.

An individual is a "California Indian" per 25.U.S.C. 1679(a), if they:

- 1. Are a member of a federally recognized Indian tribe;
- 2. Are a descendant of an Indian who was residing in California on June 1, 1852, if such descendant
 - a. Is a member of the Indian community served by a local program of the Indian Health Service; and
 - b. Is regarded as an Indian by the community in which such descendant lives;
- 3. Are an Indian who holds trust interests in public domain, national forest, or reservation allotments in California; or
- 4. Are an Indian of California who is listed on the plans for distribution of the assets of rancherias and reservations located within the State of California under the Act of August 18, 1958, and any descendant of such an Indian.

Application of Modified Exception Criteria

These changes were effective upon enactment, July 4, 2025. State agencies must immediately screen for and apply the modified exception criteria to all initial applications and recertification applications.

Screening for Exceptions

As a reminder, State agencies must screen each work registrant to determine if it is appropriate, based on the State agency's criteria, to refer the individual to an E&T program per 7 CFR 273.7(c)(2). Since individuals aged 60 to 64 remain exempt from the general work requirements, State agencies are prohibited from requiring individuals aged 60 through 64 to participate in E&T (mandatory E&T).

State agencies must also screen for exemptions in accordance with relevant law and regulation.

Noticing Requirements

State agencies must provide households with a consolidated written notice and an oral explanation of all applicable work requirements, including the general work requirements, ABAWD requirements and mandatory SNAP Employment and Training (E&T), if assigned, per 7 CFR 273.7(c)(1)(ii). State agencies must update their notices to ensure individuals aged 55 to 64 are properly notified that they are now subject to the ABAWD time limit.

Verification Requirements

State agencies must continue to follow verification requirements at 7 CFR 273.2(f) and 273.24(l).

Quality Control and Technical Assistance

FNS will, as appropriate, hold States harmless for Quality Control (QC) purposes for 120 days from the required implementation date.

The 120-day variance exclusion period cannot apply if the State agency does not implement the new provision in accordance with 7 CFR 275.12(d) (2)(vii). State agencies that implement a provision later than the required implementation date, but before the end date of the exclusionary period, will only be allowed a variance exclusion for the time remaining. State agencies that implement after the exclusionary period end date do not get a variance exclusion.

A 120-day variance exclusion is permitted for the misapplication of the below OBBB changes, as discussed in this memo:

- The revision of the exception for a parent or other household member with responsibility for a dependent child from a child under 18 years old to a child under 14 years old;
- The removal of the three temporary exceptions added by the FRA, including homeless individuals, veterans, and individuals aging out of foster care;
- The addition of exceptions for Indians, Urban Indians, and California Indians; and
- The increase in the age-based exception to subject individuals to the time limit through age 64.

None of the above provisions are subject to early implementation rules at 7 CFR 275.12(d)(2)(vii)(A) since the enactment date of all provisions began on July 4, 2025. The exclusionary period end date for all the above provisions is November 1, 2025.

FNS is committed to providing ongoing technical assistance to State agencies to ensure successful implementation of the OBBB provisions. FNS will continue to provide additional materials guidance and State-specific technical assistance.

State agencies with questions should contact their Regional Office representatives.

Sincerely,

Ronald Ward

Acting Associate Administrator

Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program

Food and Nutrition Service

U.S. Department of Agriculture

Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Provisions of the One Big Beautiful Bill Act of 2025 – ABAWD Waivers - Implementation Memorandum

DATE: October 3, 2025

SUBJECT: Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Provisions of the One Big Beautiful Bill Act of 2025 – ABAWD Waivers -

Implementation Memorandum

TO: All SNAP State Agencies

All Regions

On July 4, 2025, President Donald J. Trump signed into law Public Law 119-21, One Big Beautiful Bill Act of 2025 (OBBB). On September 4, 2025, the Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) published a memorandum describing the SNAP provisions of the OBBB, Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Provisions of the One Big Beautiful Bill Act of 2025 – Information Memorandum.

This memorandum provides State agencies with additional information on implementing Section 10102(b) and (c) of the OBBB, which changes criteria for waivers of the Able-Bodied Adults Without Dependents (ABAWD) time limit with special provisions for Alaska and Hawaii. Please note, FNS is reviewing SNAP regulations pertaining to ABAWD waiver requirements following enactment of the OBBB to determine changes necessary to comply with the changes.

Changes to ABAWD Time Limit Waiver Criteria

The OBBB amends the criteria under which the Secretary may approve a State agency request to waive the ABAWD time limit per section 6(o)(4) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (the Act). The statute, as amended, requires that areas have unemployment rates of over 10 percent to qualify for ABAWD time limit waivers, known as ABAWD waivers.

The OBBB removed the criterion allowing for approval of waivers for areas where States identify that there is a lack of sufficient jobs and establishes new ABAWD provisions for Alaska and Hawaii, as detailed below. The statutory changes to ABAWD waiver criteria, as well as the provisions for Alaska and Hawaii, were effective upon enactment. FNS will also determine the need for any associated rulemaking.

Requesting New Waivers of the ABAWD Time Limit

FNS will review all future waiver requests under the statute, as amended by the OBBB.

State agencies requesting waivers of the ABAWD time limit must provide data that the requested areas have unemployment rates over 10 percent.

As provided at 7 CFR 273.24(f)(2)(i) this data may include evidence of:

- · A recent 12-month average unemployment rate over 10 percent;
- A recent three-month average unemployment rate over 10 percent; or
- · An historical seasonal unemployment rate over 10 percent.

Areas will continue to qualify for waivers that are readily approvable based on evidence that an area has a most recent 12-month average unemployment rate over 10 percent, per 7 CFR 273.24(f)(3).

State agencies must continue to use Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) data or methods if it is available for the requested area. State agencies may only submit requests using alternate methods for areas in which data from BLS or a BLS-cooperating agency is unavailable. FNS will carefully evaluate all requests per the criteria described above. FNS will not approve waivers with a duration exceeding 12 months.

Terminating Active ABAWD Waivers

FNS strongly encourages State agencies to terminate active ABAWD waivers approved under the outdated "lack of sufficient jobs" criteria as soon as possible using the Waiver Information Management System (WIMS). FNS will terminate any such ABAWD waivers 30 days after issuance of this memorandum. State agencies with a currently approved ABAWD waiver based on the lack of sufficient jobs criterion that expires on or before November 2, 2025, do not need to take further action to terminate.

Prior to termination, State agencies must prepare to enforce the time limit in areas which will no longer have ABAWD waivers. At a minimum, these activities include updating eligibility systems, notifying SNAP households of the time limit, and training eligibility workers.

FNS strongly encourages State agencies to fully implement the work requirements and not seek waivers. Able-bodied adults have ample opportunities to re-engage with their communities even in areas with relatively high unemployment through other activities that meet the requirement. Additionally, State agencies must screen each work registrant to determine if it is appropriate, based on the State agency's criteria, to refer the individual to a SNAP Employment and Training program per 7 CFR 273.7(c)(2).

Special ABAWD Provisions for Alaska and Hawaii

The OBBB also establishes a special ABAWD waiver criterion and a new type of exemption for individuals residing in Alaska and Hawaii.

The OBBB allows the Secretary to approve requests to waive areas of Alaska and Hawaii with unemployment rates 150 percent above the national unemployment rate. This authority is effective immediately and does not expire. Again, FNS strongly encourages all State agencies, including Alaska and Hawaii, to not seek waivers and, instead, assist individuals to available paths to compliance even in areas with relatively high unemployment.

However, if requesting waivers under this provision, FNS expects Alaska and Hawaii to provide data or evidence that the requested areas have unemployment rates over 150 percent above the national average. FNS will evaluate requests on a case-by-case basis. FNS may provide additional guidance or pursue rulemaking on such requirements, if appropriate.

The OBBB also allows the Secretary to approve a new type of exemption for individuals residing in Alaska and Hawaii if the State agency demonstrates a good faith effort to comply with ABAWD work requirements. FNS will refer to these as "ABAWD good faith exemptions".

The Secretary's authority to grant ABAWD good faith exemptions is effective immediately, and exemptions issued under this authority expire no later than December 31, 2028. If the State agency seeks to use ABAWD good faith exemptions, FNS expects the State agency to submit a request in WIMS including the following:

- A description of the actions the State agency has taken to ensure it can accurately and fully administer the ABAWD work requirement and time limit;
- A description of the significant barriers or challenges the State agency faces in accurately implementing the ABAWD work requirement and time limit. This includes, but is not limited to, issues related to funding, design, development, procurement, or installation of necessary systems or resources; and
- A plan and timeline for achieving full and accurate implementation of the ABAWD work requirement and time limit statewide. This must include significant milestones to measure progress.

If approved, the State agency must submit:

- 1. Quarterly progress reports on its progress towards full compliance with ABAWD requirements;
- 2. Information on specific risks, newly identified barriers, or challenges to achieving full compliance; and
- Plans to mitigate those risks, barriers, or challenges.

The Secretary may publish further guidance or pursue rulemaking as appropriate. The Secretary may terminate the State agency's approval to grant ABAWD good faith exemptions if the State agency fails to comply with the reporting requirements or fails to make good faith effort towards compliance.

Quality Control and Technical Assistance

Unlike some other provisions of the OBBB, there is no Quality Control (QC) 120-day variance exclusion period for implementing these provisions related to ABAWD waivers.

FNS is committed to providing ongoing technical assistance to State agencies, including guidance and State-specific assistance, to ensure successful implementation of the OBBB provisions.

State agencies with questions should contact their Regional Office representatives.

Sincerely,

Ronald Ward

Acting Associate Administrator

Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program

Food and Nutrition Service

U.S. Department of Agriculture

Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In Child Care	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In Child Care	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 65
Housing	\$880	\$1,084	\$1,084	\$1,084	\$1,309	\$1,309	\$880	\$1,084
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$473	\$801	\$719	\$868	\$1,456	\$1,285	\$436	\$799
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$491
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$516	\$1,032
Technology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$202	\$336	\$389	\$319	\$526	\$651	\$225	\$352
Taxes	\$309	\$360	\$502	\$416	\$493	\$833	\$372	\$715
Monthly Total	\$2,530	\$4,056	\$4,778	\$3,923	\$6,275	\$7,997	\$2,851	\$4,589
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$30,360	\$48,672	\$57,336	\$47,076	\$75,300	\$95,964	\$34,212	\$55,068
Hourly Wage	\$15.18	\$24.34	\$28.67	\$23.54	\$37.65	\$47.98	\$17.11	\$27.53

ALICE Household Sur	vival Budge	t, Chaves	County, N	lew Mex	ico, 2023			
Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In Child Care	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In Child Care	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 65+
Housing	\$714	\$741	\$741	\$741	\$976	\$976	\$714	\$741
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$438	\$741	\$665	\$803	\$1,348	\$1,190	\$403	\$739
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$491
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$524	\$1,048
Technology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$182	\$296	\$349	\$278	\$482	\$609	\$206	\$314
Taxes	\$258	\$251	\$395	\$323	\$374	\$717	\$321	\$610
Monthly Total	\$2,258	\$3,504	\$4,234	\$3,381	\$5,671	\$7,411	\$2,590	\$4,059
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$27,096	\$42,048	\$50,808	\$40,572	\$68,052	\$88,932	\$31,080	\$48,708
Hourly Wage	\$13.55	\$21.02	\$25.40	\$20.29	\$34.03	\$44.47	\$15.54	\$24.35

Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In Child Care	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In Child Care	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 654
Housing	\$707	\$708	\$708	\$708	\$899	\$899	\$707	\$708
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$429	\$726	\$652	\$787	\$1,320	\$1,166	\$395	\$724
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$491
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$507	\$1,014
Technology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$180	\$291	\$344	\$273	\$471	\$598	\$203	\$305
Taxes	\$254	\$238	\$383	\$312	\$346	\$689	\$312	\$588
Monthly Total	\$2,236	\$3,438	\$4,171	\$3,316	\$5,527	\$7,271	\$2,546	\$3,946
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$26,832	\$41,256	\$50,052	\$39,792	\$66,324	\$87,252	\$30,552	\$47,352
Hourly Wage	\$13.42	\$20.63	\$25.03	\$19.90	\$33.16	\$43.63	\$15.28	\$23.68

Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In Child Care	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In Child Care	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 65+
Housing	\$787	\$849	\$849	\$849	\$982	\$982	\$787	\$849
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$450	\$761	\$683	\$825	\$1,384	\$1,221	\$414	\$759
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$491
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$518	\$1,036
Гесhnology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$190	\$309	\$362	\$291	\$486	\$612	\$214	\$325
Taxes	\$278	\$285	\$429	\$352	\$385	\$727	\$342	\$642
Monthly Total	\$2,371	\$3,679	\$4,407	\$3,553	\$5,728	\$7,461	\$2,697	\$4,218
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$28,452	\$44,148	\$52,884	\$42,636	\$68,736	\$89,532	\$32,364	\$50,616
Hourly Wage	\$14.23	\$22.07	\$26.44	\$21.32	\$34.37	\$44.77	\$16.18	\$25.31

Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In Child Care	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In Child Care	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 65
Housing	\$966	\$988	\$988	\$988	\$1,115	\$1,115	\$966	\$988
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$468	\$791	\$710	\$857	\$1,438	\$1,269	\$430	\$789
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$491
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$522	\$1,045
Technology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$210	\$325	\$378	\$308	\$504	\$630	\$234	\$343
Taxes	\$331	\$331	\$474	\$392	\$436	\$776	\$396	\$689
Monthly Total	\$2,641	\$3,910	\$4,634	\$3,781	\$5,984	\$7,709	\$2,970	\$4,461
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$31,692	\$46,920	\$55,608	\$45,372	\$71,808	\$92,508	\$35,640	\$53,532
Hourly Wage	\$15.85	\$23.46	\$27.80	\$22.69	\$35.90	\$46.25	\$17.82	\$26.77

ALICE Household Sur	vival Budge	t, Hidalgo	County, I	New Mex	ico, 2023			
Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In Child Care	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In Child Care	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 65+
Housing	\$640	\$701	\$701	\$701	\$875	\$875	\$640	\$701
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$482	\$816	\$732	\$884	\$1,483	\$1,309	\$444	\$814
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$491
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$523	\$1,047
Technology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$179	\$299	\$352	\$282	\$485	\$610	\$203	\$317
Taxes	\$251	\$261	\$402	\$332	\$383	\$722	\$312	\$619
Monthly Total	\$2,218	\$3,552	\$4,271	\$3,435	\$5,717	\$7,435	\$2,544	\$4,105
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$26,616	\$42,624	\$51,252	\$41,220	\$68,604	\$89,220	\$30,528	\$49,260
Hourly Wage	\$13.31	\$21.31	\$25.63	\$20.61	\$34.30	\$44.61	\$15.26	\$24.63

Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In Child Care	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In Child Care	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 65+
Housing	\$757	\$854	\$854	\$854	\$1,123	\$1,123	\$757	\$854
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$465	\$786	\$705	\$852	\$1,429	\$1,261	\$428	\$784
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$491
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$513	\$1,026
Technology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$189	\$312	\$364	\$294	\$504	\$630	\$212	\$327
Taxes	\$274	\$294	\$437	\$360	\$436	\$776	\$336	\$647
Monthly Total	\$2,351	\$3,721	\$4,444	\$3,596	\$5,983	\$7,709	\$2,668	\$4,245
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$28,212	\$44,652	\$53,328	\$43,152	\$71,796	\$92,508	\$32,016	\$50,940
Hourly Wage	\$14.11	\$22.33	\$26.66	\$21.58	\$35.90	\$46.25	\$16.01	\$25.47

Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 65+
Housing	\$946	\$1,030	\$1,030	\$1,030	\$1,314	Child Care \$1,314	\$946	\$1,030
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$520	\$880	\$790	\$954	\$1,601	\$1,413	\$479	\$878
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$491
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$474	\$947
Technology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$213	\$339	\$390	\$322	\$541	\$665	\$232	\$346
Taxes	\$340	\$367	\$507	\$424	\$533	\$868	\$390	\$698
Monthly Total	\$2,685	\$4,091	\$4,801	\$3,966	\$6,480	\$8,179	\$2,943	\$4,506
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$32,220	\$49,092	\$57,612	\$47,592	\$77,760	\$98,148	\$35,316	\$54,072
Hourly Wage	\$16.11	\$24.55	\$28.81	\$23.80	\$38.88	\$49.07	\$17.66	\$27.04

Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In Child Care	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In Child Care	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 65+
Housing	\$585	\$664	\$664	\$664	\$875	\$875	\$585	\$664
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$438	\$741	\$665	\$803	\$1,348	\$1,190	\$403	\$739
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$491
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$545	\$1,091
Technology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$169	\$288	\$341	\$270	\$471	\$598	\$196	\$310
Taxes	\$228	\$230	\$374	\$305	\$347	\$689	\$292	\$601
Monthly Total	\$2,086	\$3,398	\$4,128	\$3,278	\$5,532	\$7,271	\$2,443	\$4,012
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$25,032	\$40,776	\$49,536	\$39,336	\$66,384	\$87,252	\$29,316	\$48,144
Hourly Wage	\$12.52	\$20.39	\$24.77	\$19.67	\$33.19	\$43.63	\$14.66	\$24.07

Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In Child Care	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In Child Care	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 654
Housing	\$733	\$738	\$738	\$738	\$875	\$875	\$733	\$738
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$435	\$736	\$661	\$798	\$1,339	\$1,182	\$400	\$734
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$491
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$506	\$1,013
Technology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$183	\$295	\$348	\$277	\$471	\$598	\$206	\$309
Taxes	\$262	\$249	\$393	\$321	\$344	\$687	\$321	\$598
Monthly Total	\$2,279	\$3,493	\$4,224	\$3,370	\$5,520	\$7,261	\$2,588	\$3,999
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$27,348	\$41,916	\$50,688	\$40,440	\$66,240	\$87,132	\$31,056	\$47,988
Hourly Wage	\$13.67	\$20.96	\$25.34	\$20.22	\$33.12	\$43.57	\$15.53	\$23.99

Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In Child Care	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In Child Care	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 654
Housing	\$625	\$765	\$765	\$765	\$875	\$875	\$625	\$765
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$473	\$801	\$719	\$868	\$1,456	\$1,285	\$436	\$799
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$491
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$528	\$1,056
Technology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$176	\$304	\$357	\$287	\$482	\$608	\$201	\$323
Taxes	\$246	\$274	\$416	\$343	\$376	\$715	\$307	\$635
Monthly Total	\$2,186	\$3,619	\$4,341	\$3,499	\$5,680	\$7,402	\$2,519	\$4,185
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$26,232	\$43,428	\$52,092	\$41,988	\$68,160	\$88,824	\$30,228	\$50,220
Hourly Wage	\$13.12	\$21.71	\$26.05	\$20.99	\$34.08	\$44.41	\$15.11	\$25.11

ALICE Household Sur	vival Budge	t, Sandov	al County	New Me	exico, 2023			
Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In Child Care	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In Child Care	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 65+
Housing	\$948	\$1,170	\$1,170	\$1,170	\$1,418	\$1,418	\$948	\$1,170
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$479	\$811	\$728	\$879	\$1,474	\$1,301	\$441	\$809
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$491
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$510	\$1,019
Technology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$209	\$346	\$398	\$329	\$538	\$664	\$232	\$361
Taxes	\$329	\$385	\$527	\$438	\$527	\$866	\$390	\$737
Monthly Total	\$2,631	\$4,187	\$4,907	\$4,052	\$6,448	\$8,168	\$2,943	\$4,703
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$31,572	\$50,244	\$58,884	\$48,624	\$77,376	\$98,016	\$35,316	\$56,436
Hourly Wage	\$15.79	\$25.12	\$29.44	\$24.31	\$38.69	\$49.01	\$17.66	\$28.22

Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In Child Care	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In Child Care	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 65
Housing	\$832	\$846	\$846	\$846	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$832	\$846
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$435	\$736	\$661	\$798	\$1,339	\$1,182	\$400	\$73
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$49
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$544	\$1,087
Technology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$193	\$306	\$359	\$288	\$483	\$610	\$220	\$32
Taxes	\$286	\$278	\$422	\$346	\$378	\$721	\$357	\$648
Monthly Total	\$2,412	\$3,641	\$4,372	\$3,514	\$5,691	\$7,432	\$2,775	\$4,249
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$28,944	\$43,692	\$52,464	\$42,168	\$68,292	\$89,184	\$33,300	\$50,98
Hourly Wage	\$14.47	\$21.85	\$26.23	\$21.08	\$34.15	\$44.59	\$16.65	\$25.49

ALICE Household Sur	vival Budge	t, San Miç	guel Coun	ty, New I	Mexico, 202	23		
Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In Child Care	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In Child Care	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 65+
Housing	\$744	\$774	\$774	\$774	\$875	\$875	\$744	\$774
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$456	\$771	\$692	\$836	\$1,402	\$1,237	\$419	\$769
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$491
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$496	\$993
Technology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$187	\$302	\$355	\$285	\$477	\$603	\$208	\$314
Taxes	\$269	\$268	\$411	\$338	\$361	\$702	\$326	\$612
Monthly Total	\$2,322	\$3,590	\$4,316	\$3,469	\$5,606	\$7,336	\$2,615	\$4,069
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$27,864	\$43,080	\$51,792	\$41,628	\$67,272	\$88,032	\$31,380	\$48,828
Hourly Wage	\$13.93	\$21.54	\$25.90	\$20.81	\$33.64	\$44.02	\$15.69	\$24.41

Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In Child Care	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In Child Care	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 65+
Housing	\$1,047	\$1,199	\$1,199	\$1,199	\$1,375	\$1,375	\$1,047	\$1,199
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$520	\$880	\$790	\$954	\$1,601	\$1,413	\$479	\$878
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$491
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$488	\$976
Technology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$223	\$355	\$407	\$339	\$547	\$671	\$244	\$366
Taxes	\$367	\$413	\$552	\$464	\$550	\$885	\$421	\$752
Monthly Total	\$2,823	\$4,322	\$5,032	\$4,192	\$6,564	\$8,263	\$3,101	\$4,778
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$33,876	\$51,864	\$60,384	\$50,304	\$78,768	\$99,156	\$37,212	\$57,336
Hourly Wage	\$16.94	\$25.93	\$30.19	\$25.15	\$39.38	\$49.58	\$18.61	\$28.67

ALICE Household Sur	vival Budge	t, Socorro	County, I	New Mex	tico, 2023			
Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In Child Care	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In Child Care	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 65+
Housing	\$640	\$664	\$664	\$664	\$875	\$875	\$640	\$664
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$447	\$756	\$679	\$820	\$1,375	\$1,213	\$411	\$754
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$491
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$503	\$1,005
Technology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$175	\$290	\$343	\$272	\$474	\$601	\$198	\$303
Taxes	\$243	\$234	\$378	\$309	\$354	\$696	\$298	\$582
Monthly Total	\$2,171	\$3,419	\$4,148	\$3,301	\$5,569	\$7,304	\$2,472	\$3,915
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$26,052	\$41,028	\$49,776	\$39,612	\$66,828	\$87,648	\$29,664	\$46,980
Hourly Wage	\$13.03	\$20.51	\$24.89	\$19.81	\$33.41	\$43.82	\$14.83	\$23.49

Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In Child Care	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In Child Care	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 65
Housing	\$842	\$1,036	\$1,036	\$1,036	\$1,258	\$1,258	\$842	\$1,036
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$473	\$801	\$719	\$868	\$1,456	\$1,285	\$436	\$799
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$491
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$486	\$972
Technology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$198	\$331	\$384	\$314	\$521	\$646	\$219	\$341
Taxes	\$299	\$347	\$489	\$405	\$479	\$819	\$354	\$685
Monthly Total	\$2,478	\$3,990	\$4,712	\$3,859	\$6,205	\$7,927	\$2,759	\$4,440
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$29,736	\$47,880	\$56,544	\$46,308	\$74,460	\$95,124	\$33,108	\$53,280
Hourly Wage	\$14.87	\$23.94	\$28.27	\$23.15	\$37.23	\$47.56	\$16.55	\$26.64

ALICE Household Sur	vival Budge	t, Valenci	a County,	New Me	xico, 2023			
Monthly Costs	Single Adult	One Adult, One Child	One Adult, One In Child Care	Two Adults	Two Adults Two Children	Two Adults, Two In Child Care	Single Adult 65+	Two Adults 65+
Housing	\$842	\$1,036	\$1,036	\$1,036	\$1,258	\$1,258	\$842	\$1,036
Child Care	\$0	\$366	\$975	\$0	\$731	\$2,159	\$0	\$0
Food	\$447	\$756	\$679	\$820	\$1,375	\$1,213	\$411	\$754
Transportation	\$400	\$523	\$523	\$620	\$948	\$948	\$336	\$491
Health Care	\$180	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$696	\$696	\$502	\$1,005
Technology	\$86	\$86	\$86	\$116	\$116	\$116	\$86	\$116
Miscellaneous	\$196	\$327	\$380	\$309	\$512	\$639	\$218	\$340
Taxes	\$292	\$335	\$479	\$394	\$457	\$799	\$352	\$682
Monthly Total	\$2,443	\$3,929	\$4,658	\$3,795	\$6,093	\$7,828	\$2,747	\$4,424
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$29,316	\$47,148	\$55,896	\$45,540	\$73,116	\$93,936	\$32,964	\$53,088
Hourly Wage	\$14.66	\$23.57	\$27.95	\$22.77	\$36.56	\$46.97	\$16.48	\$26.54