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HOUSE BILL 251

45TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2001

INTRODUCED BY

Pauline K. Gubbels

FOR THE COURTS AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE COMMITTEE

AN ACT

RELATING TO CHILD PROTECTION; ENACTING THE SAFE HAVEN ACT;
PROVIDING PROTECTIONS FOR NEWBORN CHILDREN WHO MIGHT OTHERWISE
BE ABANDONED; AMENDING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978;
DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. [NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE. -- Sections 1 through 8 of this act may be cited as the "Safe Haven Act".

Section 2. [NEW MATERIAL] DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Safe Haven Act:

- A. "hospital" means any public hospital, forprofit or nonprofit private hospital or general or specific hospital licensed by the state;
- B. "Indian child" means a newborn who is the biological child of a member of an Indian tribe; and . 132863.2

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C. "newborn" means a child no more than thirty days old, as determined within a reasonable degree of medical certainty.

Section 3. [NEW MATERIAL] LEAVING A NEWBORN. --

- A. A parent of a newborn may leave the newborn at a hospital if the parent:
- (1) expresses an intent to not return for the newborn:
- (2) expresses an intent that the hospital assume temporary physical custody of the newborn; and
- $\hspace{1cm} \hbox{(3)} \hspace{0.2cm} \text{provides the hospital with the newborn's} \\ \\ \text{medical history}. \\$
- B. A hospital may ask the parent leaving the newborn for the parent's name, the other parent's name and the newborn's name, but the parent leaving the newborn is not required to provide that information to the hospital.

Section 4. [NEW MATERIAL] HOSPITAL PROCEDURES. --

- A. A hospital shall accept a newborn who is left at the hospital in accordance with the provisions of the Safe Haven Act.
- B. A hospital shall designate the following personnel to provide services to a newborn left at the hospital and the newborn's parents:
- (1) physicians, including emergency room physicians;

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1	(2) nurses, including emergency room nurses;
2	(3) social workers;
3	(4) counselors; and
4	(5) administrative staff.
5	C. Upon receiving a newborn who is left at a
6	hospital in accordance with the provisions of the Safe Haven
7	Act, the hospital shall:
8	(1) stabilize the newborn's medical condition
9	and provide all necessary medical services;
10	(2) if necessary, stabilize the mother's
11	medical condition and provide all necessary medical services;
12	(3) advise the newborn's parents regarding
13	the availability of counseling;
14	(4) provide the newborn's parents with
15	written information regarding the Safe Haven Act;
16	(5) provide the parent leaving the newborn
17	with a numbered identification bracelet that matches an
18	identification bracelet placed on the newborn, in the event
19	that the parent decides to seek reunification with the
20	newborn; and
21	(6) provide the parent leaving the newborn
22	with written information regarding who to contact at the
23	children, youth and families department, in the event that the
24	parent decides to seek reunification with the newborn.
25	D. Upon receiving a newborn who is left at a
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hospi	tal	in accord	dance	wi th	the	prov	i si ons	of	the	Safe	Haven
Act,	the	hospi tal	may p	orovi d	e th	e ne	ewborn' s	s pa	arent	s wit	th:

- (1) information about adoption services, including information about the availability of confidential adoption services; and
- (2) brochures or telephone numbers for agencies that provide adoption services or counseling services.
- E. Within twenty-four hours of receiving a newborn in accordance with the provisions of the Safe Haven Act, a hospital shall inform the children, youth and families department that the newborn has been left at the hospital.
- Section 5. [NEW MATERIAL] RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE CHILDREN. YOUTH AND FAMILIES DEPARTMENT. --
- A. Upon receiving a report of a newborn left at a hospital pursuant to the provisions of the Safe Haven Act, the children, youth and families department shall immediately conduct an investigation, pursuant to the provisions of the Abuse and Neglect Act, to determine if the child has been abused or neglected. If adoption proceedings have not already been initiated for the newborn, the department shall immediately take custody of the newborn and initiate proceedings pursuant to the provisions of the Adoption Act for placement of the newborn with an adoptive family.
- B. When a newborn is taken into custody by the 132863.2

children, youth and families department, the department shall make reasonable efforts to determine whether the newborn is an Indian child. If the newborn is an Indian child, pre-adoptive placement and adoptive placement of the Indian child shall be in accordance with the provisions of Section 32A-5-5 NMSA 1978 regarding Indian child placement preferences.

Section 6. [NEW MATERIAL] PROCEDURE IF REUNIFICATION IS SOUGHT. --

- A. If a person who possesses a numbered identification bracelet that matches the identification bracelet placed on the newborn at the hospital seeks reunification with the newborn, that person shall have standing to participate in all proceedings regarding the newborn pursuant to the provisions of the Adoption Act.
- B. Possession of a numbered identification bracelet that matches the bracelet placed on the newborn at the hospital does not create a presumption of maternity, paternity or custody on behalf of the person who possesses the numbered identification bracelet.

Section 7. [NEW MATERIAL] MEDICAID BENEFITS AND

SERVICES. -- A newborn left at a hospital in accordance with the provisions of the Safe Haven Act shall be eligible for medicaid benefits and services.

Section 8. [NEW MATERIAL] IMMUNITY.--A hospital and its employees are immune from criminal liability and civil . 132863.2

liability for accepting a newborn in compliance with the provisions of the Safe Haven Act.

Section 9. Section 30-6-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973, Chapter 360, Section 10, as amended) is amended to read:

"30-6-1. ABANDONMENT OR ABUSE OF A CHILD. --

A. As used in this section:

- (1) "child" means a person who is less than eighteen years of age;
- (2) "neglect" means that a child is without proper parental care and control of subsistence, education, medical or other care or control necessary for his well-being because of the faults or habits of his parents, guardian or custodian or their neglect or refusal, when able to do so, to provide them; and
- (3) "negligently" refers to criminal negligence and means that a person knew or should have known of the danger involved and acted with a reckless disregard for the safety or health of the child.
- B. Abandonment of a child consists of the parent, guardian or custodian of a child intentionally leaving or abandoning the child under circumstances whereby the child may or does suffer neglect. Whoever commits abandonment of a child is guilty of a misdemeanor, unless the abandonment results in the child's death or great bodily harm, in which case he is guilty of a second degree felony.

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- C. Abuse of a child consists of a person knowingly, intentionally or negligently, and without justifiable cause, causing or permitting a child to be:
- (1) placed in a situation that may endanger the child's life or health;
- (2) tortured, cruelly confined or cruelly punished; or
 - (3) exposed to the inclemency of the weather.

Whoever commits abuse of a child [which] that does not result in the child's death or great bodily harm is, for a first offense, guilty of a third degree felony and for second and subsequent offenses is guilty of a second degree felony. If the abuse results in great bodily harm or death to the child, he is guilty of a first degree felony.

D. If a parent of a newborn, as defined in the Safe Haven Act, safely leaves the newborn at a hospital in compliance with the provisions of that act, the parent shall not be prosecuted for abandonment of a child."

Section 10. EMERGENCY. -- It is necessary for the public peace, health and safety that this act take effect immediately.

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