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HOUSE BILL 356

45TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2001

INTRODUCED BY

Luci ano "Lucky" Varel a

AN ACT

RELATING TO INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY; CLARIFYING PROVISIONS OF THE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT ACT; REVISING THE MEMBERSHIP OF THE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COMMISSION; AMENDING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978; DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 15-1C-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, Chapter 16, Section 1) is amended to read:

"15-1C-1. SHORT TITLE.--[Sections 1 through 9 of this act] Chapter 15, Article 1C NMSA 1978 may be cited as the "Information Technology Management Act"."

Section 2. Section 15-1C-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, Chapter 16, Section 2) is amended to read:

"15-1C-2. PURPOSE.--The purpose of the Information Technology Management Act is to:

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2	<pre>government;</pre>
3	[A.] B. assess and inventory current information
4	[systems'] technology services and resources;
5	[B.] <u>C.</u> coordinate [the] central and individual
6	executive agency information [systems] technology in a manner
7	that ensures compliance with state information architecture
8	and that ensures that the most cost-effective and efficient
9	information and communication systems and resources are being
10	used by executive agencies;
11	[C.] <u>D.</u> develop a [five-year] <u>three-year</u> state
12	information technology strategic plan for information and
13	communication management that is updated annually by the
14	information technology commission; and
15	[D.] <u>E.</u> promote data sharing [between] <u>amon</u> g
16	governmental entities and provide a mechanism for information
17	technology expertise to be shared between the branches of
18	state government and local governments."
19	Section 3. Section 15-1C-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999,
20	Chapter 16, Section 3) is amended to read:
21	"15-1C-3. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Information
22	Technology Management Act:
23	A. "agency plan" means an executive agency's
24	annual information technology plan;
25	B. "commission" means the information technology

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commission:

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- [C. "development project" means the period from when funding is made available for information technology development until after system implementation;
- C. "e-government" means the provision of constituent access to government information and services via the internet through a state portal that complies with the state information architecture;
- D. "executive agency" means a state agency of the executive branch of government;
- "information technology" means computer and Ε. voice and data communication software and hardware, including imaging systems, terminals and communications networks and facilities, staff information systems services and professional services contracts for information systems services:
- F. "information technology project" means the purchase, replacement, development or modification of a hardware or software system;
- [F.] G. "office" means the [information technology management office of the chief information officer;
- [6.] H. "state information architecture" means a model that specifies the relationships among the internet and the statewide web, government processes and government support services and that includes rules for the standards,

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guidelines, policies and protocols <u>used</u> to implement information technology; and

[H.] I. "state <u>information technology</u> strategic plan" means the [executive] information technology planning document <u>for the state</u> that spans a [three-to five-year] three-year period."

Section 4. Section 15-1C-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, Chapter 16, Section 4) is amended to read:

"15-1C-4. COMMISSION CREATED--MEMBERSHIP. --

A. The "information technology commission" is created. The commission consists of thirteen members as follows:

- (1) five members appointed by the governor, at least three of whom are from agencies whose primary funding is not from internal service funds;
- (2) one staff member with telecommunications regulatory experience appointed by the chairman of the public regulation commission;
- (3) two members representing education, one appointed by the commission on higher education and one appointed by the president of the state board of education;
- (4) two members from the national laboratories: and
- (5) three members appointed by the governor to represent the public with information technology and .133995.3

management experience, but who are not employees of the state or a political subdivision of the state and who do not have any financial interest in the state information systems or state contracts. The public members shall serve for staggered three-year terms.

- B. Additionally, the following advisory members may be appointed at the request of the commission:
- (1) two members from the judicial information systems council appointed by the chairman of the council;
- (2) [two members from the house of representatives and two members from the senate appointed by the New Mexico legislative council] two members who work as legislative staff, including a legislative staffer appointed by the legislative finance committee and a legislative staffer appointed by the legislative council; and
- (3) two members representing local governments, one appointed by the New Mexico association of counties and one appointed by the New Mexico municipal league.
- <u>C. Members of the commission, except the three</u>

 public members appointed by the governor, may select designees

 to represent them and vote on their behalf.
- [C.] <u>D.</u> The members of the commission who are not supported by public money, <u>or their designees</u>, may receive per diem and mileage pursuant to the Per Diem and Mileage Act, but shall receive no other compensation, perquisite or allowance.

Z	chief information officer
3	the commission shall elec
4	two-year term.
5	[E.] <u>F.</u> The co
6	semiannually and may meet
7	majority of the members."
8	Section 5. Section
9	Chapter 16, Section 5) is
10	"15-1C-5. COMMISSIO
11	shall:
12	A. adopt and p
13	<u>delineate</u> the state infor
14	<u>a framework for</u> the state
15	pl an;
16	B. adopt and p
17	the administration of the
18	Act and the conduct of th
19	C. develop st
20	[development] <u>information</u>
21	multiple agencies to ensu
22	of [system development] <u>i</u>
23	D. provide int
24	guidelines for agency ann
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[D.] E. For the initial year of operation, the chief information officer shall act as chairman. Thereafter, the commission shall elect a chairman and vice chairman for a two-year term.

 $[rac{E_{-}}{E_{-}}]$ $rac{F_{-}}{E_{-}}$ The commission shall meet at least semiannually and may meet at the call of the chairman or a majority of the members."

Section 5. Section 15-1C-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, Chapter 16, Section 5) is amended to read:

"15-1C-5. COMMISSION--POWERS AND DUTIES.--The commission shall:

A. adopt and promulgate rules that [specify]

delineate the state information architecture [to implement] as

a framework for the state information technology strategic

plan:

- B. adopt and promulgate other rules necessary for the administration of the Information Technology Management Act and the conduct of the affairs of the office;
- C. develop strategies for identifying and managing [development] information technology projects that involve multiple agencies to ensure appropriate and timely resolution of [system development] information technology problems;
- D. provide information technology planning guidelines for agency annual plans;
- E. update the state <u>information technology</u>
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strategic plan annually, including identifying areas of noncompliance with the state <u>information technology</u> strategic plan; and

F. submit proposed rules to the information technology oversight committee for its review prior to adopti on. "

Section 6. Section 15-1C-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, Chapter 16, Section 6) is amended to read:

"15-1C-6. [INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT] OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER CREATED--ADMINISTRATIVE ATTACHMENT--CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER--QUALIFICATIONS--STAFF. --

- The ["information technology management office"] "office of the chief information officer" is created. The office is administratively attached to the office of the governor.
- В. The head of the office is the "chief information officer", who is appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. The chief information officer shall have a minimum of seven years' experience in the management of a large information technology enterprise. The chief information officer serves at the pleasure of the governor.
- C. The chief information officer may hire staff as necessary to carry out the provisions of the Information

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Technology Management Act. Staff of the office are subject to the provisions of the Personnel Act."

Section 7. Section 15-1C-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999, Chapter 16, Section 7) is amended to read:

"15-1C-7. OFFICE--POWERS AND DUTIES.--

A. The office may:

- (1) obtain information, documents and records that are not confidential by law from an executive agency as needed to carry out the provisions of the Information Technology Management Act;
 - (2) enter into contracts:
- (3) perform [performance or other audits or]
 reviews of executive agency development projects or management
 processes; and
- (4) when requested, offer assistance or expertise to the judiciary, legislature, institutions of higher education, counties, municipalities, public school districts and other political subdivisions of the state.

B. The office shall:

(1) provide oversight of e-government implementation, including implementation of the state portal;

[(1)] (2) review agency plans and make recommendations to the commission regarding prudent allocation of information technology resources; reduction of data, hardware and software redundancy; improving system

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interoperability and data ac	accessibility among	agenci es;
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[(2)] (3) approve executive agency information technology requests for proposals that are subject to the Procurement Code and information technology professional service contracts, including emergency procurements, sole source contracts and price agreements [for technical sufficiency as they pertain to information technology];

[(3)] (4) monitor executive agency compliance with its agency plan, the state <u>information technology</u> strategic plan and state information architecture and report to the commission and executive agency management on noncompliance;

[(4)] (5) review information technology cost recovery mechanisms and information systems rate structures of executive agencies and make recommendations to the commission;

 $[\frac{(5)}{(6)}]$ provide technical support to executive agencies in the development of their agency plans;

[(6)] (7) review appropriation requests related to [executive agency] information technology [requests] to ensure compliance with agency plans and the state information technology strategic plan and make written recommendations to the department of finance and administration, the legislative finance committee and the information technology oversight committee by November 30 of .133995.3

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each year;

[(7)] (8) provide oversight of [development] information technology projects, including ensuring adequate risk management and disaster recovery practices and [monitor] monitoring compliance with strategies developed by the commission for timely resolution of [development] information technology project problems; and

 $\left[\frac{(8)}{(9)}\right]$ perform any other function assigned by the commission."

Section 8. EMERGENCY.--It is necessary for the public peace, health and safety that this act take effect immediately.

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