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## **HOUSE BILL 457**

45TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2001

INTRODUCED BY

W. Ken Martinez

## FOR THE COURTS AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE COMMITTEE

## AN ACT

RELATING TO DRIVING WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING
LIQUOR OR DRUGS; INCREASING PENALTIES FOR FELONY DWI
OFFENDERS; MANDATING TREATMENT FOR PERSONS CONVICTED A SECOND
OR THIRD TIME FOR DWI; REQUIRING THAT THE CORRECTIONS
DEPARTMENT PROVIDE SUBSTANCE ABUSE COUNSELING AND TREATMENT TO
FELONY DWI OFFENDERS; AMENDING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978;
MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 31-18-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 216, Section 6, as amended by Laws 1993, Chapter 77, Section 9 and also by Laws 1993, Chapter 283, Section 1) is amended to read:

"31-18-17. HABITUAL OFFENDERS--ALTERATION OF BASIC SENTENCE. --

. 133996. 2

1	A. For the purposes of this section, "prior felony
2	conviction" means:
3	(1) a conviction for a prior felony committed
4	within New Mexico whether within the Criminal Code or not, but
5	not including a prior felony DWI conviction pursuant to the
6	provisions of Section 66-8-102 NMSA 1978; or
7	(2) $[any]$ <u>a</u> prior felony for which the person
8	was convicted other than an offense triable by court martial
9	if:
10	(a) the conviction was rendered by a
11	court of another state, the United States, a territory of the
12	United States or the commonwealth of Puerto Rico;
13	(b) the offense was punishable, at the
14	time of conviction, by death or a maximum term of imprisonment
15	of more than one year; or
16	(c) the offense would have been
17	classified as a felony in this state at the time of
18	conviction.
19	B. $[\frac{Any}{A}]$ A person convicted of a noncapital felony
20	in this state, whether within the Criminal Code or the
21	Controlled Substances Act or not, who has incurred one prior
22	felony conviction [which] that was part of a separate
23	transaction or occurrence or conditional discharge [under]
24	<u>pursuant to Section [31-20-7]</u> $31-20-13$ NMSA 1978 is a habitual

offender and his basic sentence shall be increased by one

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year, and the sentence imposed by this subsection shall not be suspended or deferred.

- [Any] A person convicted of a noncapital felony in this state, whether within the Criminal Code or the Controlled Substances Act or not, who has incurred two prior felony convictions [which] that were parts of separate transactions or occurrences or conditional discharge [under] pursuant to Section  $[\frac{31-20-7}{20-7}]$  31-20-13 NMSA 1978 is a habitual offender and his basic sentence shall be increased by four years, and the sentence imposed by this subsection shall not be suspended or deferred.
- D.  $[\frac{Any}{A}]$  A person convicted of a noncapital felony in this state, whether within the Criminal Code or the Controlled Substances Act or not, who has incurred three or more prior felony convictions [which] that were parts of separate transactions or occurrences or conditional discharge [under] pursuant to Section [31-20-7] 31-20-13 NMSA 1978 is a habitual offender and his basic sentence shall be increased by eight years, and the sentence imposed by this subsection shall not be suspended or deferred. "

Section 2. Section 66-8-102 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1953, Chapter 139, Section 54, as amended) is amended to read:

PERSONS UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING "66-8-102. LIQUOR OR DRUGS--AGGRAVATED DRIVING WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR OR DRUGS--PENALTY. --

	A.	It is	unl awful	for	[ <del>any</del> ]	<u>a</u> pers	son who	is	under
the influe	ence (	of into	xi cati ng	liqu	or to	dri ve	[ <del>any</del> ]	<u>a</u> v	ehi cl e
[within] <u>i</u>	<u>in</u> thi	is stat	e.						

- B. It is unlawful for [any] <u>a</u> person who is under the influence of any drug to a degree that renders him incapable of safely driving a vehicle to drive [any] <u>a</u> vehicle [within] in this state.
- C. It is unlawful for [any] <u>a</u> person who has an alcohol concentration of eight one-hundredths or more in his blood or breath to drive [any] <u>a</u> vehicle [within] <u>in</u> this state.
- D. Aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs consists of a person who:
- (1) has an alcohol concentration of sixteen one-hundredths or more in his blood or breath while driving [any] a vehicle [within] in this state;
- (2) has caused bodily injury to a human being as a result of the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle while driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs; or
- (3) refused to submit to chemical testing, as provided for in the Implied Consent Act, and in the judgment of the court, based upon evidence of intoxication presented to the court, was under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs.

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Ε. Every person under first conviction [under] pursuant to this section shall be punished, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-13 NMSA 1978, by imprisonment for not more than ninety days or by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both; provided that if the sentence is suspended in whole or in part or deferred, the period of probation may extend beyond ninety days but shall Upon a first conviction [under] pursuant not exceed one year. to this section, an offender may be sentenced to not less than forty-eight hours of community service or a fine of three hundred dollars (\$300). The offender shall be ordered by the court to participate in and complete a screening program described in Subsection [H] K of this section and to attend a driver rehabilitation program for alcohol or drugs, also known as a "DWI school", approved by the traffic safety bureau of the state highway and transportation department and also may be required to participate in other rehabilitative services as the court shall determine to be necessary. In addition to those penalties, when an offender commits aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, the offender shall be sentenced to not less than forty-eight consecutive hours in jail. If an offender fails to complete, within a time specified by the court, any community service, screening program, treatment program or DWI school ordered by the court, the offender shall be sentenced to not less than an

additional forty-eight consecutive hours in jail. Any jail sentence imposed [under] pursuant to this subsection for failure to complete, within a time specified by the court, any community service, screening program, treatment program or DWI school ordered by the court or for aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement. On a first conviction [under] pursuant to this section, any time spent in jail for the offense prior to the conviction for that offense shall be credited to any term of imprisonment fixed by the court. A deferred sentence [under] pursuant to this subsection shall be considered a first conviction for the purpose of determining subsequent convictions.

F. A second or third conviction [under] pursuant to this section shall be punished, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-13 NMSA 1978, by imprisonment for not more than three hundred sixty-four days or by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or both; provided that if the sentence is suspended in whole or in part, the period of probation may extend beyond one year but shall not exceed five years. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary for suspension or deferment of execution of a sentence:

(1) upon a second conviction, each offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than seventy-two . 133996. 2

consecutive hours, forty-eight hours of community service and a fine of five hundred dollars (\$500). In addition to those penalties, when an offender commits aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, the offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than ninety-six consecutive hours. If an offender fails to complete, within a time specified by the court, any community service [screening program] or treatment program ordered by the court, the offender shall be sentenced to not less than an additional seven consecutive days in jail. A penalty imposed pursuant to this paragraph shall not be suspended or deferred or taken under advisement; and

shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than thirty consecutive days and a fine of seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750). In addition to those penalties, when an offender commits aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, the offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than sixty consecutive days. If an offender fails to complete, within a time specified by the court, any [screening program or] treatment program ordered by the court, the offender shall be sentenced to not less than an additional sixty consecutive days in jail. A penalty imposed pursuant to this paragraph shall not be suspended or deferred or taken under advisement.

G. Upon a fourth [or subsequent] conviction

[under] pursuant to this section, an offender is guilty of a fourth degree felony [as provided in] and, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, [and] shall be sentenced to a [jail term of not less than six months] term of imprisonment of eighteen months, six months of which shall not be suspended or deferred or taken under advisement.

H. Upon a fifth conviction pursuant to this section, an offender is guilty of a fourth degree felony and, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of two years, one year of which shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

I. Upon a sixth conviction pursuant to this section, an offender is guilty of a fourth degree felony and, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of thirty months, eighteen months of which shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

J. Upon a seventh or subsequent conviction

pursuant to this section, an offender is guilty of a third

degree felony and, notwithstanding the provisions of Section

31-18-15 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a term of

imprisonment of three years, two years of which shall not be

suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

[H.] K. Upon [any] a first conviction [under] pursuant to this section, an offender shall be required to participate in and complete, within a time specified by the court, an alcohol or drug abuse screening program and, if necessary, a treatment program approved by the court. The [penalty] requirement imposed pursuant to this subsection shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

L. Upon a second or third conviction pursuant to this section, an offender shall be required to participate in and complete, within a time specified by the court, not less than a thirty-day inpatient substance abuse treatment program approved by the court or not less than a ninety-day outpatient treatment program approved by the court. The requirement imposed pursuant to this subsection shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

M. Upon a felony conviction pursuant to this section, the corrections department shall provide substance abuse counseling or treatment, or both, to the offender.

[H-] N. Upon [any] a subsequent misdemeanor conviction [under] pursuant to this section prior to July 1, 2003, as a condition of probation, an offender may be required to have an ignition interlock device installed and operating on all motor vehicles owned by the offender or available for the offender's personal use, pursuant to rules adopted by the traffic safety bureau.

- [J.] <u>O.</u> In the case of a first, second or third offense [under] <u>pursuant to</u> this section, the magistrate court has concurrent jurisdiction with district courts to try the offender.
- [K.] P. A conviction under a municipal or county ordinance in New Mexico or a law of any other jurisdiction, territory or possession of the United States that is equivalent to New Mexico law for driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, and prescribes penalties for driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, shall be deemed to be a conviction [under] pursuant to this section for purposes of determining whether a conviction is a second or subsequent conviction.
- [H.] Q. In addition to any other fine or fee [which] that may be imposed pursuant to the conviction or other disposition of the offense [under] pursuant to this section, the court may order the offender to pay the costs of any court-ordered screening and treatment programs.

## [M-] R. As used in this section:

(1) "bodily injury" means an injury to a person that is not likely to cause death or great bodily harm to the person, but does cause painful temporary disfigurement or temporary loss or impairment of the functions of any member or organ of the person's body; and

(2) "conviction" means an adjudication of guilt and does not include imposition of a sentence."

Section 3. APPROPRIATION.--Two million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000) is appropriated from the general fund to the corrections department for expenditure in fiscal year 2002 for the purpose of providing or contracting for the provisions of substance abuse counseling and treatment for felony DWI offenders. Any unexpended or unencumbered balance remaining at the end of fiscal year 2002 shall revert to the general fund.

Section 4. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2001.

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