	HOUSE BILL 724
	45TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2001
	INTRODUCED BY
	Roberto "Bobby" J. Gonzales
	AN ACT
A	RELATING TO TAXATION; AUTHORIZING CERTAIN COUNTIES TO IMPOS
	COUNTY EDUCATION GROSS RECEIPTS TAX FOR CONSTRUCTION AND
S;	RENOVATION OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND OTHER EDUCATIONAL FACILITI
	AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF COUNTY EDUCATION GROSS RECEIPTS
A	TAX REVENUE BONDS; AMENDING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE NM
	1978; DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.
	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO
	Section 1. A new section of the County Local Option
	Gross Receipts Taxes Act, Section 7-20E-20 NMSA 1978, is
	enacted to read:
	"7-20E-20. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] COUNTY EDUCATION GROSS
	RECEIPTS TAXAUTHORITY TO IMPOSERATEELECTIONUSE OF
	REVENUE
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A. Upon submission of a resolution to the governing body pursuant to Subsection C of this section, the governing body of a county shall enact an ordinance imposing an excise tax at a rate of one-half of one percent on any person engaging in business in the county for the privilege of engaging in business in the county. The tax imposed pursuant to this subsection may be referred to as the "county education gross receipts tax".

B. The governing body, at the time of enacting an ordinance imposing a county education gross receipts tax pursuant to Subsection A of this section shall dedicate the revenue only for the payment of county education gross receipts tax bonds for public school capital projects and offcampus instruction program capital projects, if any, in the county. The tax shall be imposed for the period necessary for payment of the principal and interest on the county education gross receipts tax revenue bonds issued to accomplish the purpose for which the revenue is dedicated, but the period shall not exceed ten years from the effective date of the ordinance imposing the tax.

C. Upon a finding of need, the boards of every school district in a county that is either located wholly within the exterior boundaries of the county or that has a student membership no more than ten percent of whom reside outside the exterior boundaries of the county may enter into a . 136865.1

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joint agreement to submit a resolution to the governing body of the county requiring the governing body to impose a county education gross receipts tax and to issue county education gross receipts tax revenue bonds for funding public school capital projects and, if applicable, off-campus instruction program capital projects. The boards must agree to provide at least one-fourth of the bond proceeds for capital projects for an off-campus instruction program, if one of the school districts in the county has established such a program. The remaining revenues shall be distributed proportionately to each school district for public school capital outlay projects based on the ratio that the population of each school district, according to the 2000 federal decennial census, bears to the population of all of the school districts in the county who are parties to the agreement.

D. An ordinance imposing the county education gross receipts tax shall not go into effect until after an election is held and a majority of the voters in the county voting in the election votes in favor of imposing the tax. The governing body shall adopt a resolution calling for an election within sixty days of the date the ordinance is adopted on the question of imposing the tax. The question shall be submitted to the voters of the county as a separate question at a general election or at a special election called for that purpose by the governing body. A special election . 136865.1

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shall be called, conducted and canvassed in substantially the same manner as provided by law for general elections. If a majority of the voters voting on the question approves the ordinance imposing the county education gross receipts tax, then the ordinance shall become effective in accordance with the provisions of the County Local Option Gross Receipts Taxes Act. If the question of imposing the county education gross receipts tax fails, a resolution from the boards of school districts in the county may not again be proposed to the governing body requesting imposition of the tax for a period of one year from the date of the election.

E. The proceeds from county education gross receipts tax revenue bonds shall be administered by the governing body and disbursed by the county treasurer to the respective school districts in the amounts and for the purposes authorized in this section and as set out in the resolution submitted by the boards to the governing body.

F. As used in this section:

(1) "board" means the governing body of a school district;

(2) "capital projects" means the designing, constructing and equipping of new buildings; the remodeling, renovating or making additions to and equipping existing buildings; or the improving or equipping of the grounds surrounding buildings;

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1 (3) "county" means a class B county with a population of less than twenty-five thousand according 2 to the 1990 federal decennial census and a net taxable value 3 4 for property tax purposes for the 1999 property tax year of more than five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000); and 5 (4) "off-campus instruction program" 6 7 means a program established by a school district pursuant to the Off-Campus Instruction Act." 8 9 Section 2. Section 4-62-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1992, 10 Chapter 95, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read: **REVENUE BONDS--AUTHORITY TO ISSUE--PLEDGE OF** 11 "4-62-1. 12 **REVENUES--LIMITATION ON TIME OF ISSUANCE.--**13 In addition to any other law authorizing a A. 14 county to issue revenue bonds, a county may issue revenue 15 bonds pursuant to Chapter 4, Article 62 NMSA 1978 for the 16 purposes specified in this section. The term "pledged 17 revenues", as used in Chapter 4, Article 62 NMSA 1978, means 18 the revenues, net income or net revenues authorized to be 19 pledged to the payment of particular revenue bonds as 20 specifically provided in Subsections B through [H] <u>L</u> of this 21 section. 22 Gross receipts tax revenue bonds may be issued **B**. 23 for one or more of the following purposes: 24 constructing, purchasing, furnishing, (1) 25 equipping, rehabilitating, making additions to or making . 136865. 1

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improvements to one or more public buildings or purchasing or improving ground relating thereto, including but not necessarily limited to acquiring and improving parking lots, or any combination of the foregoing;

(2) acquiring or improving county or public
 parking lots, structures or facilities or any combination of
 the foregoing;

(3) purchasing, acquiring or rehabilitatingfirefighting equipment or any combination of the foregoing;

(4) acquiring, extending, enlarging,
bettering, repairing, otherwise improving or maintaining storm sewers and other drainage improvements, sanitary sewers,
sewage treatment plants, water utilities or other water,
wastewater or related facilities, including but not limited to the acquisition of rights of way and water and water rights,
or any combination of the foregoing;

(5) reconstructing, resurfacing, maintaining, repairing or otherwise improving existing alleys, streets, roads or bridges or any combination of the foregoing or laying off, opening, constructing or otherwise acquiring new alleys, streets, roads or bridges or any combination of the foregoing; provided that any of the foregoing improvements may include the acquisition of rights of way;

(6) purchasing, acquiring, constructing, making additions to, enlarging, bettering, extending or

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1 equipping airport facilities or any combination of the foregoing, including without limitation the acquisition of 2 3 land, easements or rights of way; 4 (7) purchasing or otherwise acquiring or clearing land or purchasing, otherwise acquiring and 5 6 beautifying land for open space; 7 (8) acquiring, constructing, purchasing, equipping, furnishing, making additions to, renovating, 8 9 rehabilitating, beautifying or otherwise improving public 10 parks, public recreational buildings or other public recreational facilities or any combination of the foregoing; 11 12 (9) acquiring, constructing, extending, 13 enlarging, bettering, repairing or otherwise improving or 14 maintaining solid waste disposal equipment, equipment for operation and maintenance of sanitary landfills, sanitary 15 16 landfills, solid waste facilities or any combination of the 17 foregoing; or 18 (10) acquiring, constructing, extending, 19 bettering, repairing or otherwise improving public transit 20 systems or any regional transit systems or facilities. 21 A county may pledge irrevocably any or all of the revenue 22 from the first one-eighth of one percent increment and the 23 third one-eighth of one percent increment of the county gross 24 receipts tax and the county infrastructure gross receipts tax 25 for payment of principal and interest due in connection with,

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- 7 -

and other expenses related to, gross receipts tax revenue bonds for any of the purposes authorized in this section or specific purposes or for any area of county government If the revenue from the first one-eighth of one servi ces. percent increment or the third one-eighth of one percent increment of the county gross receipts tax or the county infrastructure gross receipts tax is pledged for payment of 8 principal and interest as authorized by this subsection, the pledge shall require the revenues received from that increment of the county gross receipts tax or the county infrastructure gross receipts tax to be deposited into a special bond fund for payment of the principal, interest and expenses. At the end of each fiscal year, money remaining in the special bond fund after the annual obligations for the bonds are fully met may be transferred to any other fund of the county.

Revenues in excess of the annual principal and interest due on gross receipts tax revenue bonds secured by a pledge of gross receipts tax revenue may be accumulated in a debt service reserve account. The governing body of the county may appoint a commercial bank trust department to act as trustee of the proceeds of the tax and to administer the payment of principal of and interest on the bonds.

Fire protection revenue bonds may be issued for C. acquiring, extending, enlarging, bettering, repairing, improving, constructing, purchasing, furnishing, equipping or . 136865. 1 - 8 -

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rehabilitating any independent fire district project or facilities, including where applicable purchasing, otherwise acquiring or improving the ground for the project, or any combination of such purposes. A county may pledge irrevocably any or all of the county fire protection excise tax revenue for payment of principal and interest due in connection with, and other expenses related to, fire protection revenue bonds. These bonds may be referred to in Chapter 4, Article 62 NMSA 1978 as "fire protection revenue bonds".

D. Environmental revenue bonds may be issued for the acquisition and construction of solid waste facilities, water facilities, wastewater facilities, sewer systems and related facilities. A county may pledge irrevocably any or all of the county environmental services gross receipts tax revenue for payment of principal and interest due in connection with, and other expenses related to, environmental revenue bonds. These bonds may be referred to in Chapter 4, Article 62 NMSA 1978 as "environmental revenue bonds".

E. Gasoline tax revenue bonds may be issued for the acquisition of rights of way for and the construction, reconstruction, resurfacing, maintenance, repair or other improvement of county roads and bridges. A county may pledge irrevocably any or all of the county gasoline tax revenue for payment of principal and interest due in connection with, and other expenses related to, county gasoline tax revenue bonds.

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These bonds may be referred to in Chapter 4, Article 62 NMSA 1978 as "gasoline tax revenue bonds".

Utility revenue bonds or joint utility revenue 3 F. 4 bonds may be issued for acquiring, extending, enlarging, bettering, repairing or otherwise improving water facilities, 5 sewer facilities, gas facilities or electric facilities or for 6 7 any combination of the foregoing purposes. A county may pledge irrevocably any or all of the net revenues from the 8 9 operation of the utility or joint utility for which the 10 particular utility or joint utility bonds are issued to the 11 payment of principal and interest due in connection with, and 12 other expenses related to, utility or joint utility revenue 13 These bonds may be referred to in Chapter 4, Article bonds. 14 62 NMSA 1978 as "utility revenue bonds" or "joint utility 15 revenue bonds".

16 G. Project revenue bonds may be issued for 17 acquiring, extending, enlarging, bettering, repairing, 18 improving, constructing, purchasing, furnishing, equipping or 19 rehabilitating any revenue-producing project, including as 20 applicable purchasing, otherwise acquiring or improving the 21 ground therefor and including but not limited to acquiring and 22 improving parking lots, or may be issued for any combination 23 The county may pledge irrevocably of the foregoing purposes. 24 any or all of the net revenues from the operation of the 25 revenue-producing project for which the particular project . 136865. 1

- 10 -

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1 revenue bonds are issued to the payment of the interest on and principal of the project revenue bonds. The net revenues of 2 any revenue-producing project may not be pledged to the 3 4 project revenue bonds issued for any other revenue-producing 5 project that is clearly unrelated in nature; but nothing in this subsection prevents the pledge to any of the project 6 7 revenue bonds of the revenues received from existing, future 8 or disconnected facilities and equipment that are related to 9 and that may constitute a part of the particular revenue-10 producing project. A general determination by the governing 11 body that facilities or equipment is reasonably related to and 12 [constitute] constitutes a part of a specified revenue-13 producing project shall be conclusive if set forth in the 14 proceedings authorizing the project revenue bonds. As used in Chapter 4, Article 62 NMSA 1978: 15

(1) "project revenue bonds" means the bondsauthorized in this subsection; and

(2) "project revenues" means the net revenues of revenue-producing projects that may be pledged to project revenue bonds pursuant to this subsection.

H. Fire district revenue bonds may be issued for acquiring, extending, enlarging, bettering, repairing, improving, constructing, purchasing, furnishing, equipping and rehabilitating any fire district project, including where applicable purchasing, otherwise acquiring or improving the . 136865.1

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ground therefor, or for any combination of the foregoing purposes. The county may pledge irrevocably any or all of the revenues received by the fire district from the fire protection fund as provided in the Fire Protection Fund Law and any or all of the revenues provided for the operation of the fire district project for which the particular bonds are issued to the payment of the interest on and principal of the The revenues of a fire district project shall not be bonds. pledged to the bonds issued for a fire district project that clearly is unrelated in its purpose; but nothing in this section prevents the pledge to such bonds of revenues received from existing, future or disconnected facilities and equipment that are related to and that may constitute a part of the particular fire district project. A general determination by the governing body of the county that facilities or equipment is reasonably related to and [constitute] constitutes a part of a specified fire district project shall be conclusive if set forth in the proceedings authorizing the fire district bonds.

I. Law enforcement protection revenue bonds may be issued for the repair and purchase of law enforcement apparatus and equipment that meet nationally recognized standards. The county may pledge irrevocably any or all of the revenues received by the county from the law enforcement protection fund distributions pursuant to the Law Enforcement . 136865.1

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Protection Fund Act to the payment of the interest on and principal of the law enforcement protection revenue bonds.

J. Hospital emergency gross receipts tax revenue bonds may be issued for [acquisition] acquiring, equipping, remodeling or [improvement of] improving a county hospital or county health facility. A county may pledge irrevocably to the payment of the interest on and principal of the hospital emergency gross receipts tax revenue bonds any or all of the revenues received by the county from a county hospital emergency gross receipts tax imposed pursuant to Section 7-20E-12.1 NMSA 1978 and dedicated to payment of bonds or a loan for [acquisition] acquiring, equipping, remodeling or [improvement of] improving a county hospital or county health facility.

K. Economic development gross receipts tax revenue bonds may be issued for the purpose of furthering economic development projects as defined in the Local Economic Development Act. A county may pledge irrevocably any or all of the county infrastructure gross receipts tax to the payment of the interest on and principal of the economic development gross receipts tax revenue bonds for [any of the purposes] the purpose authorized in this subsection.

L. County education gross receipts tax revenue bonds may be issued for public school or off-campus instruction program capital projects as authorized in Section . 136865.1

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7-20E-20 NMSA 1978. A county may pledge irrevocably any or all of the county education gross receipts tax revenue to the payment of interest on and principal of the county education gross receipts tax revenue bonds for the purpose authorized in this section.

[L-] M_ Except for the purpose of refunding previous revenue bond issues, no county may sell revenue bonds payable from pledged revenue after the expiration of two years from the date of the ordinance authorizing the issuance of the bonds or, for bonds to be issued and sold to the New Mexico finance authority as authorized in Subsection C of Section 4-62-4 NMSA 1978, after the expiration of two years from the date of the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds. However, any period of time during which a particular revenue bond issue is in litigation shall not be counted in determining the expiration date of that issue.

[M-] N. No bonds may be issued by a county, other than an H class county, a class B county as defined in Section 4-36-8 NMSA 1978 or a class A county as described in Section 4-36-10 NMSA 1978, to acquire, equip, extend, enlarge, better, repair or construct a utility unless the utility is regulated by the public regulation commission pursuant to the Public Utility Act and the issuance of the bonds is approved by the commission. For purposes of Chapter 4, Article 62 NMSA 1978, a "utility" includes but is not limited to a water,

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wastewater, sewer, gas or electric utility or joint utility serving the public. H class counties shall obtain public regulation commission approvals required by Section 3-23-3 NMSA 1978.

5 [N.] 0. Any law that imposes or authorizes the imposition of a county gross receipts tax, a county 6 7 environmental services gross receipts tax, a county fire 8 protection excise tax, a county infrastructure gross receipts 9 tax, the county education gross receipts tax, the gasoline tax 10 or the county hospital emergency gross receipts tax, or that affects any of those taxes, shall not be repealed or amended 11 12 in such a manner as to impair outstanding revenue bonds that 13 are issued pursuant to Chapter 4, Article 62 NMSA 1978 and 14 that may be secured by a pledge of those taxes unless the 15 outstanding revenue bonds have been discharged in full or 16 provision has been fully made therefor.

 $[\theta$.] <u>P.</u> As used in this section:

 (1) "county infrastructure gross receipts tax revenue" means the revenue from the county infrastructure gross receipts tax transferred to the county pursuant to Section 7-1-6.13 NMSA 1978;

(2) "county education gross receipts tax revenue" means the revenue from the county education gross receipts tax transferred to the county pursuant to Section <u>7-1-6.13 NMSA 1978;</u>

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1 $\left[\frac{(2)}{(2)}\right]$ (3) "county environmental services gross receipts tax revenue" means the revenue from the county 2 environmental services gross receipts tax transferred to the 3 county pursuant to Section 7-1-6.13 NMSA 1978; 4 $\left[\frac{(3)}{(4)}\right]$ (4) "county fire protection excise tax 5 revenue" means the revenue from the county fire protection 6 7 excise tax transferred to the county pursuant to Section 8 7-1-6.13 NMSA 1978; 9 [(4)] (5) "county gross receipts tax revenue" 10 means the revenue attributable to the first one-eighth of one 11 percent and the third one-eighth of one percent increments of 12 the county gross receipts tax transferred to the county 13 pursuant to Section 7-1-6.13 NMSA 1978 and any distribution 14 related to the first one-eighth of one percent made pursuant to Section 7-1-6.16 NMSA 1978; 15 16 [(5)] (6) "gasoline tax revenue" means the revenue from that portion of the gasoline tax distributed to 17 18 the county pursuant to Sections 7-1-6.9 and 7-1-6.26 NMSA 19 1978: and 20 [(6)] (7) "public building" includes but is not limited to fire stations, police buildings, county or 21 22 regional jails, county or regional juvenile detention 23 facilities, libraries, museums, auditoriums, convention halls, 24 hospitals, buildings for administrative offices, courthouses 25 and garages for housing, repairing and maintaining county . 136865. 1

- 16 -

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vehicles and equipment.

2	[P.] <u>Q.</u> As used in Chapter 4, Article 62 NMSA
3	1978, the term "bond" means any obligation of a county issued
4	under Chapter 4, Article 62 NMSA 1978, whether designated as a
5	bond, note, loan, warrant, debenture, lease-purchase agreement
6	or other instrument evidencing an obligation of a county to
7	make payments."
8	Section 3. Section 22-24-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975,
9	Chapter 235, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:
10	"22-24-5. FUNDDI STRI BUTI ON
11	A. The council shall approve an application for
12	grant assistance from the fund when the council determines
13	that:
14	(1) a critical need exists requiring action;
15	(2) the residents of the school district have
16	provided available resources to the school district to meet
17	its capital outlay requirements;
18	(3) the school district has used its capital
19	resources in a prudent manner;
20	(4) the school district is in a county or
21	counties [which] <u>that</u> have participated in a reappraisal
22	program and the reappraised values are on the tax rolls or
23	will be used for the tax year 1979 as certified by the
24	property tax division of the taxation and revenue department;
25	(5) the school district has provided
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2	with the provisions of Section 13-5-3 NMSA 1978;
3	(6) unless a determination and certification
4	have been made pursuant to Subsection D of this section, the
5	school district:
6	(a) is indebted at not less than
7	seventy-five percent of the total debt authorized by law,
8	provided that the amount of education gross receipts tax
9	revenue bond debt incurred by a county for public school
10	capital projects of the school district shall be deemed to be
11	indebtedness for purposes of meeting the requirement of this
12	<u>subparagraph;</u> or
13	(b) within the last three years, was
14	indebted at the level required in Subparagraph (a) of this
15	paragraph and received a grant pursuant to this section for
16	the initial stages of a project and currently has a critical
17	need for an additional grant to complete the same project; and
18	(7) the school district has submitted a five-
19	year facilities plan that includes enrollment projections.
20	B. The council shall consider all applications for
21	assistance from the fund and, after a public hearing, shall
22	either approve or deny the application. Applications for
23	grant assistance shall only be accepted by the council after a
24	school district has complied with the provisions of this
25	section. The council shall list all applications in order of
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	- 18 -

insurance for buildings of the school district in accordance

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priority, and all allocations shall be made on a priority basis, except:

(1) twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) of the proceeds from supplemental severance tax bonds issued annually in fiscal years 2001 through 2003 shall be set aside for allocation solely for projects in districts that are eligible for funding from the fund and that receive grants from the federal government as assistance to areas affected by federal activity authorized in accordance with Title 20 of the United States Code, commonly known as "PL 874 funds" or "impact aid"; and

(2) in the case of an emergency, the order of priority shall first reflect those projects [which] that have been previously funded but are not as yet completed, excluding expansion of those projects and contingent upon maintenance of the required local support.

C. Money in the fund shall be disbursed by warrant of the department of finance and administration on vouchers signed by the secretary of finance and administration following certification by the council that the application has been approved.

D. If the council makes a determination and certifies to the state board that, after January 1, 2001, either a constitutional amendment has been adopted that provides additional or supplemental revenue sources for public . 136865.1

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1	school capital outlay funding or another long-term revenue
2	source exists that is expected to exceed sixty million dollars
3	(\$60,000,000) per year, then, in all subsequent application
4	and allocation cycles, the following provisions apply:
5	(1) all school districts are eligible to
6	apply for funding from the fund, regardless of percentage of
7	indebtedness;
8	(2) priorities for funding shall be given to
9	those capital projects that:
10	(a) are necessary for health and
11	safety;
12	(b) were previously funded by the
13	council but are not yet completed;
14	(c) are for school districts with low
15	assessed valuation compared to other districts;
16	(d) provide necessary classrooms due to
17	student population increases or that improve existing school
18	facilities, including portable classroom facilities that have
19	been used for a long period of time; and
20	(e) are renovation projects that will
21	forestall substantial capital outlay costs in the future
22	rather than new construction, unless health and safety
23	concerns require new construction;
24	(3) in establishing the priority for capital
25	projects to be funded, the council shall consider:
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1	(a) the school district's total
2	assessed valuation per student;
3	(b) the school district's remaining
4	bonding capacity;
5	(c) other sources of revenue available
6	to the school district for capital outlay projects; and
7	(d) whether the project is shown as a
8	priority project in the school district's most recent five-
9	year facilities plan;
10	(4) after consulting with the staff architect
11	of the property control division of the general services
12	department, the council shall establish criteria and standards
13	to be used in public school capital outlay projects that
14	receive grant assistance pursuant to the Public School Capital
15	Outlay Act. In establishing the criteria and standards, the
16	council shall consider:
17	(a) the feasibility of using design,
18	build and finance arrangements for public school capital
19	outlay projects;
20	(b) the potential use of more durable
21	construction materials that may reduce long-term operating
22	costs; and
23	(c) any other financing or construction
24	concept that may maximize the dollar effect of the state grant
25	assistance;
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1	(5) no more than ten percent of the combined
2	total of grants in a funding cycle shall be used for
3	retrofitting existing facilities for technology
4	infrastructure;
5	(6) a project approved and ranked by the
6	council shall be funded within available resources in
7	accordance with the following formula:
8	(school district final prior year
9	assessed valuation per MEM ÷ the state
10	average final prior year assessed
11	valuation per MEM) x 0.5. The product
12	is subtracted from 1.0 and the
13	difference is then multiplied by
14	seventy-five percent. The product of
15	that calculation added to (the percent
16	of bonding capacity used x 0.25) equals
17	the percentage of the cost of the
18	approved project to be funded from the
19	fund. "MEM" means the total enrollment
20	of students attending public school in a
21	school district in the final funded
22	prior school year, with kindergarten
23	being counted as 0.5. In those
24	instances in which the formula provides
25	less than 0.1, 0.1 shall be used as the

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1	state's share; and
2	(7) in those instances in which a school
3	district has used all of its local resources, the council may
4	fund the total amount of a project.
5	E. The council shall promulgate such rules as are
6	necessary to carry out the provisions of the Public School
7	Capital Outlay Act."
8	Section 4. EMERGENCYIt is necessary for the public
9	peace, health and safety that this act take effect
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