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45TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2001

INTRODUCED BY

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AN ACT

RELATING TO FOSSILS; PROVIDING PROTECTION OF FOSSIL RESOURCES
AND SITES THAT ARE ON STATE LAND; DECLARING OWNERSHIP;
PROVIDING FOR PERMITS; PROHIBITING CERTAIN ACTS; PROVIDING
PENALTIES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. SHORT TITLE.--This act may be cited as the "Fossil Protection Act".

Section 2. PURPOSES.--The purposes of the Fossil
Protection Act are to secure protection of fossils and fossil
sites that are on state lands for future generations of New
Mexicans to enjoy and to ensure that all fossils discovered on
state lands remain the property of the state.

Section 3. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Fossil Protection Act:

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A. "applicant" means a person applying for a		
permit from the commissioner pursuant to the Fossil Protection		
Act;		
B. "commissioner" means the commissioner of public		
lands or his designee;		
C. "fossil" means:		
(1) scientifically significant naturally		
occurring remains of a biological organism that lived prior to		
the Holocene epoch;		
(2) remains that are determined by the		
commissioner, after consultation with a paleontologist		
qualified to assess the remains, to meet the description in		
Paragraph (1) of this subsection; or		
(3) fossilized remains of a biological		
organism that are determined by the commissioner, after		
6 consultation with a paleontologist qualified to assess the		
remains:		
(a) to have been discovered in deposits		
dating from prior to the Holocene epoch; and		
(b) are not associated with an		
archaeological resource;		
D. "permit" means an authorization issued by the		
commissioner pursuant to the provisions of the Fossil		
Protection Act; and		
E. "state lands" means state-owned lands and state		
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trust lands under the direction, control, care and disposition of the commissioner.

Section 4. OWNERSHIP OF FOSSILS.--A fossil discovered on state lands is the property of the state. A fossil excavated or removed from state lands remains the property of the state.

Section 5. EXCAVATION AND REMOVAL. --

- A. A person may apply to the commissioner for a permit to excavate, remove, transport or study a fossil located on state lands and to carry out activities associated with that excavation, removal, transportation or study.
- B. The application shall contain information that the commissioner deems necessary, including:
- (1) the time, scope, location and specific purpose of the proposed excavation or removal;
- (2) an identification of the individual who is responsible for carrying out the terms and conditions of the permit; and
- (3) a description of the arrangement that has been made for the care and control of the fossil, the name of the depositary who is responsible for the fossil and the identification of the designated approved state- or government-owned and operated repository that will be entrusted with the fossil.

Section 6. REQUIREMENTS FOR ISSUANCE OF PERMIT. --

A. A permit may be issued pursuant to an .135675.1

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application submitted in compliance with the Fossil Protection Act if the commissioner determines that:

- (1) the applicant is qualified to carry out the permitted activity;
- (2) the activity is undertaken for the purpose of furthering paleontological knowledge in the public interest;
- (3) the activity pursuant to the permit is consistent with any management plan applicable to the state lands concerned;
- (4) the applicant will carry out the permitted activity primarily for the purpose of scientific research, public education or public display;
- (5) the applicant will not use the permit to further commercial collecting; and
- (6) the fossil and copies of associated paleontological records and data will be preserved by the New Mexico museum of natural history and science or other designated approved state or governmental repository.
- B. Any information in the custody of a public official concerning the location of fossil resources, the preservation of which is in the interests of the state, shall remain confidential unless the commissioner determines that the dissemination of the information is not detrimental to the asset.

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Section 7. PERMIT CONSULTATION REQUIRED.--Prior to determining whether to issue a permit, the commissioner shall consult with a paleontologist to assess the potential impact of the activities for which the permit is requested on the remaining fossil resource and related research. The paleontologist shall be:

- A. a resident of New Mexico:
- B. qualified to assess the activities proposed to be carried out pursuant to the permit; and
- C. qualified to assess the potential impact of the activities on related research projects that are currently in progress.

Section 8. TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF PERMIT. -- A permit shall contain the terms and conditions that the commissioner deems necessary to carry out the provisions of the Fossil Protection Act. Every holder of a permit is required to submit a report to the commissioner concerning fossils excavated and removed pursuant to the permit.

Section 9. SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION OF PERMITS.--The commissioner may suspend or revoke a permit issued pursuant to the Fossil Protection Act if he determines that the holder of the permit has violated the provisions of Section 11 of the Fossil Protection Act or any condition of the permit.

Section 10. CUSTODY OF FOSSILS. --

A. Fossils excavated and removed from state lands
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without a valid permit that are determined to be of scientific significance shall be deposited with the New Mexico museum of natural history and science.

B. The New Mexico museum of natural history and science shall ensure that the fossils are accessioned, catalogued and maintained in accordance with the standards of the American association of museums and shall remain accessible for scientific study and for educational purposes.

Section 11. FOSSILS--UNAUTHORIZED DAMAGE OR

APPROPRIATION--CIVIL PENALTIES.--A person violating the

provisions of the Fossil Protection Act shall be liable for

civil damages to the state land office in an amount equal to

the value of the fossil or, in the discretion of the court, in

an amount equal to twice the value of repossession,

restoration, stabilization and costs of returning the fossil

to an appropriate state or governmental repository.

Section 12. DAMAGING A FOSSIL--UNLAWFUL EXCHANGE-PENALTIES.--

- A. Damaging a fossil consists of:
- (1) excavating, removing, damaging or otherwise altering or defacing a fossil on state lands without a permit issued by the commissioner pursuant to the Fossil Protection Act allowing the excavating, removing, damaging or otherwise altering or defacing of the fossil; or
 - (2) knowingly causing another person to

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commit damaging a fossil.

- B. Unlawful exchange of a fossil consists of selling, purchasing, exchanging, transporting or receiving of a fossil removed from state lands without a permit issued by the commissioner pursuant to the Fossil Protection Act that allows the selling, purchasing, exchanging, transporting or receiving of the fossil.
- C. A person who commits a first offense of damaging a fossil is guilty of a fourth degree felony.
- D. A person who commits a first offense of unlawful exchange of a fossil is guilty of a fourth degree felony.
- E. Upon conviction of any offense set forth in this section, a person shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978.
- F. Upon a second or subsequent conviction of any offense set forth in this section, a person is guilty of a third degree felony and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978.

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