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## SENATE BILL 306

45TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2001

## INTRODUCED BY

Joseph J. Carraro

#### AN ACT

RELATING TO DRIVING WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING
LIQUOR OR DRUGS; PROVIDING THAT A FELONY DWI CONVICTION MAY BE
USED AS A PRIOR FELONY CONVICTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF
SENTENCING A HABITUAL OFFENDER; MANDATING TREATMENT FOR SECOND
AND SUBSEQUENT DWI OFFENDERS; AMENDING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA
1978.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 31-18-17 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 216, Section 6, as amended by Laws 1993, Chapter 77, Section 9 and also by Laws 1993, Chapter 283, Section 1) is amended to read:

"31-18-17. HABITUAL OFFENDERS--ALTERATION OF BASIC SENTENCE. --

A. For the purposes of this section, "prior felony . 133292.3

# conviction" means:

- (1) a conviction for a prior felony committed [within] in New Mexico whether within the Criminal Code or not, including a conviction for a felony pursuant to the provisions of Section 66-8-102 NMSA 1978; or
- (2) any prior felony for which the person was convicted other than an offense triable by court martial if:
- (a) the conviction was rendered by a court of another state, the United States, a territory of the United States or the commonwealth of Puerto Rico;
- (b) the offense was punishable, at the time of conviction, by death or a maximum term of imprisonment of more than one year; or
- (c) the offense would have been classified as a felony in this state at the time of conviction.
- B. Any person convicted of a noncapital felony in this state whether within the Criminal Code or the Controlled Substances Act or not who has incurred one prior felony conviction [which] that was part of a separate transaction or occurrence or conditional discharge under Section [31-20-7] 31-20-13 NMSA 1978 is a habitual offender and his basic sentence shall be increased by one year, and the sentence imposed by this subsection shall not be suspended or deferred.
- C. Any person convicted of a noncapital felony in . 133292.3

Substances Act or not who has incurred two prior felony convictions [which] that were parts of separate transactions or occurrences or conditional discharge under Section [31-20-7] 31-20-13 NMSA 1978 is a habitual offender and his basic sentence shall be increased by four years, and the sentence imposed by this subsection shall not be suspended or deferred.

D. Any person convicted of a noncapital felony in this state whether within the Criminal Code or the Controlled Substances Act or not who has incurred three or more prior felony convictions [which] that were parts of separate transactions or occurrences or conditional discharge under Section [31-20-7] 31-20-13 NMSA 1978 is a habitual offender and his basic sentence shall be increased by eight years, and the sentence imposed by this subsection shall not be suspended or deferred."

Section 2. Section 66-8-102 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1953, Chapter 139, Section 54, as amended) is amended to read:

"66-8-102. PERSONS UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING
LIQUOR OR DRUGS--AGGRAVATED DRIVING WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE
OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR OR DRUGS--PENALTY.--

A. It is unlawful for [any]  $\underline{a}$  person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor to drive [any]  $\underline{a}$  vehicle [within]  $\underline{in}$  this state.

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B. It is unlawful for [any] <u>a</u> person who is under the influence of any drug to a degree that renders him incapable of safely driving a vehicle to drive [any] <u>a</u> vehicle [within] in this state.

- C. It is unlawful for [any] <u>a</u> person who has an alcohol concentration of eight one-hundredths or more in his blood or breath to drive [any] <u>a</u> vehicle [within] <u>in</u> this state.
- D. Aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs consists of a person who:
- (1) has an alcohol concentration of sixteen one-hundredths or more in his blood or breath while driving [any] a vehicle [within] in this state;
- (2) has caused bodily injury to a human being as a result of the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle while driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs; or
- (3) refused to submit to chemical testing, as provided for in the Implied Consent Act, and in the judgment of the court, based upon evidence of intoxication presented to the court, was under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs.
- E. Every person under first conviction [under]

  pursuant to this section shall be punished, notwithstanding
  the provisions of Section 31-18-13 NMSA 1978, by imprisonment
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for not more than ninety days or by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both; provided that if the sentence is suspended in whole or in part or deferred, the period of probation may extend beyond ninety days but shall not exceed one year. Upon a first conviction [under] pursuant to this section, an offender may be sentenced to not less than forty-eight hours of community service or a fine of three The offender shall be ordered by the hundred dollars (\$300). court to participate in and complete a screening program described in Subsection H of this section and to attend a driver rehabilitation program for alcohol or drugs, also known as a "DWI school", approved by the traffic safety bureau of the state highway and transportation department and also may be required to participate in other rehabilitative services as the court shall determine to be necessary. In addition to those penalties, when an offender commits aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, the offender shall be sentenced to not less than forty-eight consecutive hours in jail. If an offender fails to complete, within a time specified by the court, any community service, screening program, treatment program or DWI school ordered by the court, the offender shall be sentenced to not less than an additional forty-eight consecutive hours in jail. sentence imposed [under] pursuant to this subsection for failure to complete, within a time specified by the court, any

community service, screening program, treatment program or DWI school ordered by the court or for aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement. On a first conviction [under] pursuant to this section, any time spent in jail for the offense prior to the conviction for that offense shall be credited to any term of imprisonment fixed by the court. A deferred sentence [under] pursuant to this subsection shall be considered a first conviction for the purpose of determining subsequent convictions.

F. A second or third conviction [under] pursuant to this section shall be punished, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-13 NMSA 1978, by imprisonment for not more than three hundred sixty-four days or by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or both; provided that if the sentence is suspended in whole or in part, the period of probation may extend beyond one year but shall not exceed five years. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary for suspension or deferment of execution of a sentence:

(1) upon a second conviction, each offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than [seventy-two consecutive hours] five consecutive days, forty-eight hours of community service and a fine of five hundred dollars (\$500). In addition to those penalties, when

an offender commits aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, the offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than [ninety-six consecutive hours] ten consecutive days. If an offender fails to complete, within a time specified by the court, any community service [screening program] or treatment program ordered by the court, the offender shall be sentenced to not less than an additional seven consecutive days in jail. A penalty imposed pursuant to this paragraph shall not be suspended or deferred or taken under advisement; and

shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than thirty consecutive days and a fine of seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750). In addition to those penalties, when an offender commits aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, the offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than sixty consecutive days. If an offender fails to complete, within a time specified by the court, any [screening program or] treatment program ordered by the court, the offender shall be sentenced to not less than an additional sixty consecutive days in jail. A penalty imposed pursuant to this paragraph shall not be suspended or deferred or taken under advisement.

G. Upon a fourth or subsequent conviction [under]

pursuant to this section, an offender is guilty of a fourth

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degree felony, as provided in Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, and shall be sentenced to a [jail] term of imprisonment of not less than six months, which shall not be suspended or deferred or taken under advisement.

H. Upon [any] a first conviction [under] pursuant to this section, an offender shall be required to participate in and complete, within a time specified by the court, an alcohol or drug abuse screening program and, if necessary, a treatment program approved by the court. The [penalty] requirement imposed pursuant to this subsection shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

I. Upon a second or subsequent conviction pursuant to this section, an offender shall be required to participate in and complete, within a time specified by the court, not less than a thirty-day in-patient treatment program approved by the court or not less than a sixty-day out-patient treatment program approved by the court. The requirement imposed pursuant to this subsection shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

[I. Upon any subsequent misdemeanor conviction under this section prior to July 1, 2003, as a condition of probation, an offender may be required to have an ignition interlock device installed and operating on all motor vehicles owned by the offender or available for the offender's personal use, pursuant to rules adopted by the traffic safety bureau.]

- J. In the case of a first, second or third offense [under] pursuant to this section, the magistrate court has concurrent jurisdiction with district courts to try the offender.
- K. A conviction [under] pursuant to a municipal or county ordinance in New Mexico or a law of any other jurisdiction, territory or possession of the United States that is equivalent to New Mexico law for driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, and prescribes penalties for driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, shall be deemed to be a conviction [under] pursuant to this section for purposes of determining whether a conviction is a second or subsequent conviction.
- L. In addition to any other fine or fee [which]

  that may be imposed pursuant to the conviction or other

  disposition of the offense [under] pursuant to this section,

  the court may order the offender to pay the costs of any

  court-ordered screening and treatment programs.

## M. As used in this section:

(1) "bodily injury" means an injury to a person that is not likely to cause death or great bodily harm to the person, but does cause painful temporary disfigurement or temporary loss or impairment of the functions of any member or organ of the person's body; and

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Section 3. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2001.

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