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## SENATE BILL 566

45TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2001

INTRODUCED BY

Timothy Z. Jennings

## AN ACT

RELATING TO THE PRACTICE OF MEDICINE; AMENDING CERTAIN SECTIONS OF THE MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 61-6-15 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 46, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read:

"61-6-15. LICENSE MAY BE REFUSED, REVOKED OR

SUSPENDED--LICENSEE MAY BE FINED, CENSURED OR REPRIMANDED-
PROCEDURE--PRACTICE AFTER SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION--PENALTY-
UNPROFESSIONAL AND DISHONORABLE CONDUCT DEFINED--FEES AND

EXPENSES--NOTICE OF CLAIM --

A. The board may refuse to license and may revoke or suspend any license that has been issued by the board or any previous board and may fine, censure or reprimand any licensee upon satisfactory proof being made to the board that . 136209.1

the applicant for or holder of the license has been guilty of unprofessional or dishonorable conduct. The board may also refuse to license an applicant who is unable to practice medicine, pursuant to Section 61-7-3 NMSA 1978. All proceedings shall be as required by the Uniform Licensing Act or the Impaired Health Care Provider Act.

- B. The board may, in its discretion and for good cause shown, place the licensee on probation on such terms and conditions as it deems proper for protection of the public or for the purpose of the rehabilitation of the probationer, or both. Upon expiration of the term of probation, if a term is set, further proceedings may be abated by the board if the holder of the license furnishes the board with evidence that the physician is competent to practice medicine, is of good moral character and has complied with the terms of probation.
- C. If evidence fails to establish to the satisfaction of the board that the licensee is competent and is of good moral character or if evidence shows that he has not complied with the terms of probation, the board may revoke or suspend the license forthwith. If a license to practice medicine in this state is suspended, the holder of the license may not practice during the term of suspension [and]. Any person whose license has been revoked or suspended by the board and who thereafter practices or attempts or offers to practice medicine in New Mexico, unless the period of

suspension has expired or been modified by the board or the physician's license reinstated, is guilty of a felony and shall be punished as provided in Section 61-6-20 NMSA 1978.

- D. "Unprofessional or dishonorable conduct", as used in this section, means among other things, but not limited to because of enumeration:
- (1) procuring, aiding or abetting a criminal abortion;
- (2) employing any person to solicit patients for the physician;
- (3) representing to a patient that a manifestly incurable condition of sickness, disease or injury can be cured;
- (4) obtaining any fee by fraud or misrepresentation;
- (5) willfully or negligently divulging a professional confidence;
- (6) conviction of any offense punishable by incarceration in a state penitentiary or federal prison or conviction of a misdemeanor associated with the practice of medicine. A copy of the record of conviction, certified by the clerk of the court entering the conviction, is conclusive evidence:
- (7) habitual or excessive use of intoxicants or drugs;

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- (8) fraud or misrepresentation in applying for or procuring a license to practice in this state or in connection with applying for or procuring renewal, including cheating on or attempting to subvert the licensing examinations:
- (9) making false or misleading statements regarding the physician's skill or the efficacy or value of the medicine, treatment or remedy prescribed or administered by the physician or at the physician's direction in the treatment of any disease or other condition of the human body or mind;
- (10) impersonating another person licensed to practice medicine, permitting or allowing any person to use the physician's license or certificate of registration or practicing medicine under a false or assumed name;
- (11) aiding or abetting the practice of medicine by a person not licensed by the board;
- (12) gross negligence in the practice of medicine;
- (13) manifest incapacity or incompetence to practice medicine;
- (14) discipline imposed on a licensee to practice medicine by another state, including probation, suspension or revocation, based upon acts by the licensee similar to acts described in this section. A certified copy . 136209.1

1	of the record of suspension or revocation of the state making					
2	the suspension or revocation is conclusive evidence;					
3	(15) the use of any false, fraudulent or					
4	deceptive statement in any document connected with the					
5	practice of medicine;					
6	(16) fee splitting;					
7	(17) the prescribing, administering or					
8	dispensing of narcotic, stimulant or hypnotic drugs for other					
9	than accepted therapeutic purposes;					
10	(18) conduct likely to deceive, defraud or					
11	harm the public;					
12	(19) repeated similar negligent acts;					
13	(20) employing abusive billing practices;					
14	(21) failure to report to the board any					
15	adverse action taken against the physician by:					
16	(a) another licensing jurisdiction;					
17	(b) any peer review body;					
18	(c) any health care entity;					
19	(d) any professional or medical society					
20	or association;					
21	(e) any governmental agency;					
22	(f) any law enforcement agency; or					
23	(g) any court for acts or conduct					
24	similar to acts or conduct that would constitute grounds for					
25	action as defined in this section;					

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(22) failure to report to the board surrender
of a license or other authorization to practice medicine in
another state or jurisdiction or surrender of membership on
any medical staff or in any medical or professional
association or society following, in lieu of and while under
disciplinary investigation by any of those authorities or
bodies for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that
would constitute grounds for action as defined in this
section;

- (23) failure to furnish the board, its investigators or representatives with information requested by the board;
  - (24) abandonment of patients;
- (25) being found mentally incompetent or insane by a court of competent jurisdiction;
- (26) injudicious prescribing, administering or dispensing of any drug or medicine;
- (27) failure to adequately supervise, as provided by board regulation, a medical or surgical assistant or technician or professional licensee who renders health care;
- (28) intentionally engaging in sexual contact or sexual penetration with a patient other than one's spouse after representing or inferring that such activity is a legitimate part of the patient's treatment;

- (29) conduct unbecoming in a person licensed to practice medicine or detrimental to the best interests of the public; and
- (30) the surrender of a license to practice medicine or withdrawal of an application for a license to practice medicine before another state licensing board while disciplinary action is pending before that board for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute grounds for action as provided for in this section.
- E. As used in this section, "fee splitting" includes offering, delivering, receiving or accepting any unearned rebate, refunds, commission preference, patronage dividend, discount or other unearned consideration, whether in the form of money or otherwise, as compensation or inducement for referring patients, clients or customers to any person, irrespective of any membership, proprietary interest or co-ownership in or with any person to whom the patients, clients or customers are referred.
- F. Licensees shall bear all costs of disciplinary proceedings unless exonerated.
- G. Licensees whose licenses are in a probationary status shall pay reasonable expenses for maintaining probationary status, including [but not limited to] laboratory costs when laboratory testing of biological fluids are included as a condition of probation.

H. For the purpose of investigating the competence of medical practitioners covered by the Medical Practice Act who practice medicine in the state of New Mexico, any entity issuing professional liability insurance to physicians or indemnifying physicians for professional liability in New Mexico shall report to the board all settlements or judgments against licensed physicians, whether they are tried in court or settled out of court."

Section 2. Section 61-6-19 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 269, Section 15, as amended by Laws 1997, Chapter 187, Section 9 and also by Laws 1997, Chapter 221, Section 4) is amended to read:

"61-6-19. FEES. - -

- A. The board shall impose the following fees:
- (1) an application fee not to exceed four hundred dollars (\$400) for licensure by endorsement as provided in Section 61-6-13 NMSA 1978;
- (2) an application fee not to exceed four hundred dollars (\$400) for licensure by examination as provided in Section 61-6-11 NMSA 1978;
- (3) an examination fee equal to the cost of purchasing the examination plus an administration fee not to exceed fifty percent of that cost;
- (4) a triennial renewal fee not to exceed four hundred fifty dollars (\$450);

2	placing a physician's license
3	license on inactive status;
4	(6) a late fe
5	dollars (\$100) for licensees w
6	[within forty-five] between th
7	required renewal date;
8	(7) a late fe
9	dollars (\$200) for licensees w
10	licenses [ <del>from forty-six days</del>
11	days after the required renewa
12	(8) a reinsta
13	current application fee for re
14	suspended or inactive license;
15	(9) a reasona
16	verification and duplication o
17	copying of records;
18	(10) a reason
19	purchase of a publication cont
20	practitioners licensed under t
21	(11) an impai
22	one hundred fifty dollars (\$15
23	(12) an inter
24	hundred dollars (\$100);
25	(13) a tempor

			<b>(5)</b>	a fee of	twen	ty- fi ve	dollars	(\$25.00)	for
ol aci ng	ар	hysi	ci an'	s license	or a	physi c	ian assi	stant's	
i cense	on	i nac	ti ve	status;					

- ee not to exceed one hundred who [<del>fail to</del>] renew their license <u>nirty and sixty</u> days after the
- ee not to exceed two hundred who [<del>fail to</del>] renew their to] between sixty and ninety date;
- atement fee not to exceed the einstatement of a revoked,
- able administrative fee for of license or registration and
- nable publication fee for the aining the names of all he Medical Practice Act;
- red physician fee not to exceed (60) for a three-year period;
- rim license fee not to exceed one
  - cary license fee not to exceed

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2	(14) a postgraduate training license fee not
3	to exceed fifty dollars (\$50.00) annually;
4	(15) an application fee not to exceed one
5	hundred fifty dollars (\$150) for physician assistants applying
6	for initial licensure;
7	(16) a licensure fee not to exceed one
8	hundred fifty dollars (\$150) for physician assistants biennial
9	licensing and registration of supervising physician;
10	(17) a late fee not to exceed fifty dollars
11	(\$50.00) for physician assistants who fail to renew their
12	licensure within forty-five days after the required renewal
13	date; [ <del>and</del> ]
14	(18) a late fee not to exceed seventy-five
15	dollars (\$75.00) for physician assistants who fail to renew
16	their licensure from forty-six days to ninety days after the
17	required renewal date; <u>and</u>
18	(19) a fee not to exceed three hundred
19	dollars (\$300) annually for a physician supervising a clinical
20	pharmacist.
21	B. All fees are nonrefundable and shall be used by
22	the board to carry out its duties efficiently."
23	Section 3. Section 61-6-26 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989,
24	Chapter 269, Section 22) is amended to read:
25	"61-6-26. TRIENNIAL RENEWAL FEESPENALTY FOR FAILURE TO

one hundred dollars (\$100);

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## RENEW LICENSE. --

A. Before July 1 of every third year, every licensed practitioner of medicine in this state shall have applied for a certificate of triennial renewal of license for the ensuing three years. The board may establish a method to provide for staggered triennial renewal terms and may prorate triennial renewal fees and impaired physicians fees until staggered triennial renewal is established. The fact that a practitioner has not received a renewal form from the board shall not relieve him of the duty to renew his license nor shall such omission on the part of the board operate to exempt him from the penalties provided by Chapter 61, Article 6 NMSA 1978 for failure to renew his license.

- B. All licensed practitioners shall pay a triennial renewal fee and impaired physicians fee as provided in Section 61-6-19 NMSA 1978 and all practitioners shall return the completed renewal form together with the renewal fee and proof of continuing medical education.
- C. Each application for triennial renewal of license shall state the practitioner's full name, business address, the date and number of his license and all other information requested by the board.
- D. [Any]  $\underline{A}$  practitioner who fails to submit his application for triennial renewal on or before July 1 but who submits his application for triennial renewal within [forty-

<del>five</del> ] <u>thirty</u> days thereafter shall <u>not</u> be assessed a late fee
[as provided in Section 61-6-19 NMSA 1978].
E. [ <del>Any</del> ] <u>A</u> practitioner who [ <del>fails to submit</del> ]

E. [Any] A practitioner who [fails to submit] submits the application for triennial renewal between [forty-five] thirty and [ninety] sixty days of the July 1 deadline shall be assessed a cumulative late fee as provided in [Paragraphs (5) and] Paragraph (6) of Subsection A of Section 61-6-19 NMSA 1978.

F. A practitioner who submits the application for triennial renewal between sixty and ninety days of the July 1 deadline shall be assessed a cumulative late fee as provided in Paragraph (7) of Subsection A of Section 61-6-19 NMSA 1978.

[F.] <u>G.</u> The board may, in its discretion, summarily suspend for nonpayment of fees the license of [any] <u>a</u> practitioner who has failed to renew his license within ninety days of July 1."

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