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SENATE BILL 659

45TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2001

INTRODUCED BY

Pete Campos

AN ACT

RELATING TO EDUCATION; AMENDING SECTIONS OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOL CODE TO ELIMINATE OR CHANGE CERTAIN REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC EDUCATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 22-2-8.2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1986, Chapter 33, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-2-8.2. STAFFING PATTERNS--CLASS LOAD--TEACHING LOAD.--

- A. The individual class load for elementary school teachers shall not exceed twenty students for kindergarten; provided that any teacher in kindergarten with a class load of fifteen to twenty students shall be entitled to the assistance of an instructional assistant.
- B. The average class load for elementary school . 136019.1

teachers at an individual school shall not exceed twenty-two students when averaged among grades one, two and three; provided that any teacher in grade one with a class load of twenty-one or more shall be entitled to the full-time assistance of an instructional assistant.

- C. Effective with the 1994-95 school year, the average class load for an elementary school teacher at an individual school shall not exceed twenty-four students when averaged among grades four, five and six.
- D. The daily teaching load per teacher for grades seven through twelve shall not exceed one hundred sixty students, except the daily teaching load for teachers of required English courses in grades seven and eight shall not exceed one hundred thirty-five with a maximum of twenty-seven students per class and the daily teaching load for teachers of required English courses in grades nine through twelve shall not exceed one hundred fifty students with a maximum of thirty students per class.
- E. Students receiving special education services integrated into a regular classroom for any part of the day shall be counted in the calculation of class load averages. Students receiving special education services not integrated into the regular classroom shall not be counted in the calculation of class load averages. Only classroom teachers charged with responsibility for the regular classroom

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instructional program shall be counted in determining average class loads. In elementary schools offering only one grade level, average class loads may be calculated by averaging appropriate grade levels between schools in the school district.

- F. The state superintendent may waive the individual school class load requirements established in this section. Waivers shall be applied for annually and a waiver shall not be granted for more than two consecutive years. Waivers may only be granted if a school district demonstrates:
 - (1) no portable classrooms are available;
- (2) no other available sources of funding exist to meet its need for additional classrooms;
- (3) the district is planning alternatives to increase building capacity for implementation within one year;
 and
- (4) the parents of all children affected by the waiver have been notified in writing:
- (a) of the statutory class load requirements;
- (b) that the school district has made a decision to deviate from these class load requirements; and
- (c) of the school district plan to achieve compliance with the class load requirements.
- G. If a waiver is granted pursuant to Subsection F . 136019.1

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of this section to an individual school, the average class load for elementary school teachers at that school shall not exceed twenty students in grade one and shall not exceed twenty-five students when averaged among grades two, three, four. five and six.

Each school district shall report to the H. department of education the size and composition of classes subsequent to the fortieth day and the December 1 count. Failure to meet class load requirements within two years shall be justification for the disapproval of the school district's budget by the state superintendent.

[I. The department of education shall report to the legislative education study committee by November 30 of each year regarding each school district's ability to meet class load requirements imposed by law.

J.] I. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection F of this section, the state board may waive the individual class load and teaching load requirements established in this section upon a demonstration of a viable alternative curricular plan and a finding by the state board that the plan is in the best interest of the school district and that, on an annual basis, the plan has been presented to and is supported by the affected teaching staff. department of education shall evaluate the impact of each alternative curricular plan annually. Annual reports shall be

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made to the legislative education study committee.

[K.] J. Effective with the 1987-88 school year, certified school instructors shall not be required to perform noninstructional duties except in emergency situations as defined by the state board. For purposes of this subsection, "noninstructional duties" means noon hall duty, noon ground duty and noon cafeteria duty."

Section 2. Section 22-8-30 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1974, Chapter 8, Section 17, as amended) is amended to read:

"22-8-30. SUPPLEMENTAL DISTRIBUTIONS. --

A. The state superintendent shall make supplemental distributions only for the following purposes:

- (1) to pay the out-of-state tuition of students subject to the Compulsory School Attendance Law who are attending school out-of-state because school facilities are not reasonably available in the school district of their residence;
- (2) to make emergency distributions to school districts in financial need, but no money shall be distributed to any school district having cash and invested reserves, or other resources or any combination thereof, equaling five percent or more of the school district's operational budget;
- (3) to make program enrichment distributions in the amount of actual program expense to school districts for the purpose of providing specific programs to meet

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particular educational requirements that cannot otherwise be financed:

- (4) a special vocational education
 distribution to area vocational schools or state supported
 schools with state board approved vocational programs to
 reimburse those schools for the cost of vocational education
 programs for those students subject to the Compulsory School
 Attendance Law who are enrolled in such programs; and
- (5) to make emergency capital outlay distributions to school districts that have experienced an unexpected capital outlay emergency demanding immediate attention.
- B. The state superintendent shall account for all supplemental distributions [and shall make full reports to the governor, legislative education study committee and legislative finance committee of payments made as] authorized [in] pursuant to Subsection A of this section.
- C. The state superintendent may divert any unused or unneeded balances in any of the distributions made under the supplementary distribution authority to make any other distribution made pursuant to the same authority."
- Section 3. REPEAL. -- Section 22-2-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1978, chapter 129, Section 3) is repealed.