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HOUSE BII	LL 349
45TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW	MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2002
I NTRODUC	CED BY
Mimi St	ewart

#### AN ACT

RELATING TO UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION; CHANGING COMPUTATION OF BENEFITS TO INCREASE THEM; ELIMINATING THE WAITING PERIOD; EXTENDING THE BENEFIT PERIOD; BROADENING THE SCOPE OF ELIGIBILITY; DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 51-1-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 213, Section 1, as amended by Laws 2000, Chapter 3, Section 1 and also by Laws 2000, Chapter 7, Section 1) is amended to read:

- "51-1-4. MONETARY COMPUTATION OF BENEFITS--PAYMENT GENERALLY.--
- A. All benefits provided herein are payable from the unemployment compensation <u>administration</u> fund. All benefits shall be paid in accordance with such [regulations]. 139609.3

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<u>rules</u> as the secretary may prescribe through employment offices or other agencies as the secretary may by general rule approve.

### B. Weekly benefits shall be as follows:

an individual's "weekly benefit amount" is an amount equal to [one twenty-sixth] one twenty-third of the total wages for insured work paid to him in that quarter of his base period in which total wages were highest. No benefit as so computed may be less than [ten] fifteen percent or more than [fifty-two and one-half] sixty percent of the state's average weekly wage for all insured work. The state's average weekly wage shall be computed from all wages reported to the department from employing units in accordance with [regulations] rules of the secretary for the period ending June 30 of each calendar year divided by the total number of covered employees divided by fifty-two, effective for the benefit years commencing on or after the first Sunday of the following calendar year. Any such individual is not eligible to receive benefits unless he has wages in at least two quarters of his base period. For purposes of this subsection, "total wages" means all remuneration for insured work, including commissions and bonuses and the cash value of all remuneration in a medium other than cash;

(2) each eligible individual who is unemployed in any week during which he is in a continued . 139609.3

claims status shall be paid, with respect to such week, a benefit in an amount equal to his weekly benefit amount, less that part of the wages, if any, or earnings from self-employment, payable to him with respect to such week which is in excess of one-fifth of his weekly benefit amount. For purposes of this subsection only, "wages" includes all remuneration for services actually performed in any week for which benefits are claimed, vacation pay for any period for which the individual has a definite return-to-work date, wages in lieu of notice and back pay for loss of employment, but does not include payments through a court for time spent in jury service;

(3) notwithstanding any other provision of this section, each eligible individual who, pursuant to a plan financed in whole or in part by a base-period employer of such individual, is receiving a governmental or other pension, retirement pay, annuity or any other similar periodic payment that is based on the previous work of such individual and who is unemployed with respect to any week ending subsequent to April 9, 1981 shall be paid with respect to such week, in accordance with [regulations] rules prescribed by the secretary, compensation equal to his weekly benefit amount reduced, but not below zero, by the prorated amount of such pension, retirement pay, annuity or other similar periodic payment that exceeds the percentage contributed to the plan by

the eligible individual. The maximum benefit amount payable to such eligible individual shall be an amount not more than twenty-six times his reduced weekly benefit amount. If payments referred to in this section are being received by any individual under the federal Social Security Act, the division shall take into account the individual's contribution and make no reduction in the weekly benefit amount;

- (4) in the case of a lump-sum payment of a pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity or other similar payment by a base-period employer that is based on the previous work of such individual, such payment shall be allocated, in accordance with [regulations] rules prescribed by the secretary, and shall reduce the amount of unemployment compensation paid, but not below zero, in accordance with Paragraph (3) of this subsection; and
- (5) the retroactive payment of a pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity or any other similar periodic payment as provided in Paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection attributable to weeks during which an individual has claimed or has been paid unemployment compensation shall be allocated to such weeks and shall reduce the amount of unemployment compensation for such weeks, but not below zero, by an amount equal to the prorated amount of such pension.

  Any overpayment of unemployment compensation benefits resulting from the application of the provisions of this

paragraph shall be recovered from the claimant in accordance with the provisions of Section 51-1-38 NMSA 1978.

- C. Any otherwise eligible individual is entitled during [any] a benefit year to a total amount of benefits equal to whichever is the lesser of twenty-six times his weekly benefit amount or sixty percent of his wages for insured work paid during his base period.
- D. Any benefit as determined in Subsection B or C of this section, if not a multiple of one dollar (\$1.00), shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of one dollar (\$1.00).
- E. The secretary may prescribe [regulations] rules to provide for the payment of benefits that are due and payable to the legal representative, dependents, relatives or next of kin of claimants since deceased. These [regulations] rules need not conform with the laws governing successions, and the payment shall be deemed a valid payment to the same extent as if made under a formal administration of the succession of the claimant.
- F. The division, on its own initiative, may reconsider a monetary determination whenever it is determined that an error in computation or identity has occurred or that wages of the claimant pertinent to such determination but not considered have been newly discovered or that the benefits have been allowed or denied on the basis of misrepresentation . 139609.3

of fact, but no redetermination shall be made after one year from the date of the original monetary determination. Notice of a redetermination shall be given to all interested parties and shall be subject to an appeal in the same manner as the original determination. In the event that an appeal involving an original monetary determination is pending at the time a redetermination is issued, the appeal, unless withdrawn, shall be treated as an appeal from such redetermination."

Section 2. Section 51-1-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 213, Section 2, as amended by Laws 2000, Chapter 3, Section 2 and also by Laws 2000, Chapter 7, Section 2) is amended to read:

#### "51-1-5. BENEFIT ELIGIBILITY CONDITIONS. --

A. An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if he:

- (1) has made a claim for benefits with respect to such week in accordance with such [regulations] rules as the secretary may prescribe;
- (2) has registered for work at, and thereafter continued to report at, an employment office in accordance with such [regulations] rules as the secretary may prescribe, except that the secretary may, by [regulation] rule, waive or alter either or both of the requirements of this paragraph as to individuals attached to regular jobs and as to such other types of cases or situations with respect to

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which he finds that compliance with such requirements would be
oppressive or would be inconsistent with the purposes of the
Unemployment Compensation Law. No such [regulation] rule
shall conflict with Subsection A of Section 51-1-4 NMSA 1978:

(3) is able to work and is available for work and is actively seeking permanent and substantially full-time work in accordance with the terms, conditions and hours common in the occupation or business in which the individual is seeking work, except that the secretary may, by [regulation] rule, waive this requirement for individuals who are on temporary layoff status from their regular employment with an assurance from their employers that the layoff shall not exceed four weeks or who have an express offer in writing of substantially full-time work that will begin within a period not exceeding four weeks;

[(4) has been unemployed for a waiting period of one week. No week shall be counted as a week of unemployment for the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) unless it occurs within the benefit year that includes the week with respect to which he claims payment of benefits;

(b) if benefits have been paid with respect thereto; and

(c) unless the individual was eligible for benefits with respect thereto as provided in this section . 139609.3

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and Section 51-1-7 NMSA 1978, except for the requirements	<del>-of</del>
this subsection and of Subsection E of Section 51-1-7 NMSA	ł
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(5) (4) has been paid wages in at least two quarters of his base period;

[(6)] (5) has reported to an office of the division in accordance with the [regulations] rules of the secretary for the purpose of an examination and review of the individual's availability for and search for work, for employment counseling, referral and placement and for participation in a job finding or employability training and development program. No individual shall be denied benefits under this section for any week that he is participating in a job finding or employability training and development program; and

[(7)] (6) participates in reemployment services, such as job search assistance services, if the division determines that the individual is likely to exhaust regular benefits and need reemployment services pursuant to a profiling system established by the division, unless the division determines that:

- (a) the individual has completed such services; or
- (b) there is justifiable cause for the individual's failure to participate in the services.

- B. A benefit year as provided in Section 51-1-4 NMSA 1978 and Subsection P of Section 51-1-42 NMSA 1978 may be established; provided no individual may receive benefits in a benefit year unless, subsequent to the beginning of the immediately preceding benefit year during which he received benefits, he performed service in "employment", as defined in Subsection F of Section 51-1-42 NMSA 1978, and earned remuneration for such service in an amount equal to at least five times his weekly benefit amount.
- C. Benefits based on service in employment defined in Paragraph (8) of Subsection F of Section 51-1-42 and Section 51-1-43 NMSA 1978 are to be paid in the same amount, on the same terms and subject to the same conditions as compensation payable on the basis of other services subject to the Unemployment Compensation Law; except that:
- an instructional, research or principal administrative capacity for an educational institution shall not be paid for any week of unemployment commencing during the period between two successive academic years or terms or, when an agreement provides for a similar period between two regular but not successive terms, during such period or during a period of paid sabbatical leave provided for in the individual's contract, to any individual if such individual performs such services in the first of such academic years or terms and if

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there is a contract or a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform services in any such capacity for any educational institution in the second of such academic years or terms;

- **(2)** benefits based on services performed for an educational institution other than in an instructional, research or principal administrative capacity shall not be paid for any week of unemployment commencing during a period between two successive academic years or terms if such services are performed in the first of such academic years or terms and there is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform services for any educational institution in the second of such academic years or terms. If compensation is denied to any individual under this paragraph and the individual was not offered an opportunity to perform such services for the educational institution for the second of such academic years or terms, the individual shall be entitled to a retroactive payment of benefits for each week for which the individual filed a claim and certified for benefits in accordance with the [regulations] rules of the division and for which benefits were denied solely by reason of this paragraph;
- (3) benefits shall be denied to any individual for any week that commences during an established and customary vacation period or holiday recess if such

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- individual performs any services described in Paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection in the period immediately before such period of vacation or holiday recess and there is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform any such services in the period immediately following such vacation period or holiday recess;
- benefits shall not be payable on the basis of services specified in Paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection during the periods specified in Paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) of this subsection to any individual who performed such services in or to or on behalf of an educational institution while in the employ of a state or local governmental educational service agency or other governmental entity or nonprofit organization; and
- for the purpose of this subsection, to the extent permitted by federal law, "reasonable assurance" means a reasonable expectation of employment in a similar capacity in the second of such academic years or terms based upon a consideration of all relevant factors, including the historical pattern of reemployment in such capacity, a reasonable anticipation that such employment will be available and a reasonable notice or understanding that the individual will be eligible for and offered employment in a similar capacity.
- Paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) of D. . 139609. 3

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Subsection C of this section shall apply to services performed for all educational institutions, public or private, for profit or nonprofit, which are operated in this state or subject to an agreement for coverage under the Unemployment Compensation Law [of this state], unless otherwise exempt by law.

- E. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section or Section 51-1-7 NMSA 1978, no otherwise eligible individual is to be denied benefits for any week because he is in training with the approval of the division nor is such individual to be denied benefits by reason of application of provisions in Paragraph (3) of Subsection A of this section or Paragraph (3) of Subsection [6] A of Section 51-1-7 NMSA 1978 with respect to any week in which he is in training with the approval of the division. The secretary shall provide, by [regulation] rule, standards for approved training and the conditions for approving such training for claimants, including any training approved or authorized for approval pursuant to Section 236(a)(1) and (2) of the federal Trade Act of 1974, as amended, or required to be approved as a condition for certification of the [state's] Unemployment Compensation Law by the United States secretary of labor.
- F. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, benefits shall not be payable on the basis of services performed by an alien unless such alien is an

individual who was lawfully admitted for permanent residence at the time such services were performed, was lawfully present for the purposes of performing such services or was permanently residing in the United States under color of law at the time such services were performed, including an alien who was lawfully present in the United States as a result of the application of the provisions of Section 212(d)(5) of the federal Immigration and Nationality Act; provided that:

- (1) any information required of individuals applying for benefits to determine their eligibility for benefits under this subsection shall be uniformly required from all applicants for benefits; and
- (2) no individual shall be denied benefits because of his alien status except upon a preponderance of the evidence.
- G. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, benefits shall not be paid to any individual on the basis of any services substantially all of which consist of participating in sports or athletic events or training or preparing to so participate for any week that commences during the period between two successive sport seasons, or similar periods, if such individual performed such services in the first of such seasons, or similar periods, and there is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform such services in the latter of such seasons or similar periods.

- H. Students who are enrolled in a full-time course schedule in an educational or training institution or program, other than those persons in an approved vocational training program in accordance with Subsection E of this section, shall not be eligible for unemployment benefits except as provided by [regulations] rules promulgated by the secretary.
- I. As used in this subsection, "seasonal ski employee" means an employee who has not worked for a ski area operator for more than six consecutive months of the previous twelve months or nine of the previous twelve months. Any employee of a ski area operator who has worked for a ski area operator for six consecutive months of the previous twelve months or nine of the previous twelve months or nine of the previous twelve months shall not be considered a seasonal ski employee. The following benefit eligibility conditions apply to a seasonal ski employee:
- (1) except as provided in Paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection, a seasonal ski employee employed by a ski area operator on a regular seasonal basis shall be ineligible for a week of unemployment benefits that commences during a period between two successive ski seasons unless such individual establishes to the satisfaction of the secretary that he is available for and is making an active search for permanent full-time work;
- (2) a seasonal ski employee who has been employed by a ski area operator during two successive ski . 139609.3

seasons shall be presumed to be unavailable for permanent new work during a period after the second successive ski season that he was employed as a seasonal ski employee; and

- (3) the presumption described in Paragraph
  (2) of this subsection shall not arise as to any seasonal ski
  employee who has been employed by the same ski area operator
  during two successive ski seasons and has resided continuously
  for at least twelve successive months and continues to reside
  in the county in which the ski area facility is located.
- J. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an otherwise eligible individual shall not be denied benefits for any week by reason of the application of Paragraph (3) of Subsection A of this section because he is before any court of the United States or any state pursuant to a lawfully issued summons to appear for jury duty."

Section 3. Section 51-1-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1936 (S.S.), Chapter 1, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:

"51-1-7. DISQUALIFICATION FOR BENEFITS.--

A. An individual shall be disqualified for, and shall not be eligible to receive, benefits:

[A.-] (1) if it is determined by the division that he left his employment voluntarily without good cause in connection with his employment; provided, however, that no person shall be denied benefits under this [subsection] paragraph:

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		<u>(a)</u>	sol el y	on	the	basi s	of	pregnancy	or
the	termination of	pregnan	ıcy; <u>or</u>						

# (b) because of compelling domestic circumstances for leaving work;

[For purposes of this subsection, "employment" means the individual's last employer as defined by the regulations of the secretary and the provisions of the Subsection C of Section 51-1-8 NMSA 1978. The disqualification shall continue for the duration of his unemployment and until he has earned wages in such bona fide employment other than self-employment as provided by regulation of the secretary in an amount equivalent to five times his weekly benefit amount otherwise payable;

B.-] (2) if it is determined by the division that he has been discharged for misconduct connected with his employment; [For purposes of this subsection, "employment" means the individual's last employer as defined by the regulations of the secretary and the provisions of Subsection C of Section 51-1-8 NMSA 1978. The disqualification shall continue for the duration of his unemployment and until he has earned wages in such bona fide employment other than self-employment as provided by regulation of the secretary in an amount equivalent to five times his weekly benefit amount otherwise payable;

 $\frac{\text{C.}}{\text{C.}}$  if it is determined by the division . 139609. 3

available, suitable work when so directed or referred by the [employment security] division or to accept suitable work when offered him [The disqualification shall include the week such failure occurred and shall continue for the duration of his unemployment and until he has earned wages in bona fide employment other than self-employment as provided by regulation of the secretary in an amount equivalent to five times his weekly benefit amount otherwise payable; provided that no more than one such disqualification shall be imposed upon any individual for failure to apply for or accept the same position, or a similar position, with the same employer, except upon a determination by the division of disqualification under Subsection D of this section.

(1) B. In determining whether or not any work is

that he has failed without good cause either to apply for

suitable for an individual <u>pursuant to Paragraph (3) of</u>

<u>Subsection A of this section</u>, the division shall consider the degree of risk involved to his health, safety and morals, his physical fitness and prior training, his experience and prior earnings, his length of unemployment and prospects for securing local work in his customary occupation and the distance of available work from his residence. [<del>(2)</del>]

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Unemployment Compensation Law, no work shall be deemed suitable and benefits shall not be denied under the Unemployment

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Compensation Law to any otherwise elig	gible individual for
refusing to accept new work under any	of the following
conditions:	

[(a)] (1) if the position offered is vacant due directly to a strike, lockout or other labor dispute;

[(b)] (2) if the wages, hours or other conditions of the work offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality; or

[(e)] (3) if, as a condition of being employed, the individual would be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organizations.

- [D.] C. An individual shall be disqualified for, and shall not be eligible to receive, benefits for any week with respect to which the division finds that his unemployment is due to a labor dispute at the factory, establishment or other premises at which he is or was last employed; provided that this subsection shall not apply if it is shown to the satisfaction of the division that:
- (1) he is not participating in or directly interested in the labor dispute; and
- (2) he does not belong to a grade or class of workers of which, immediately before the commencement of the labor dispute, there were members employed at the premises at .139609.3

which the labor dispute occurs, any of whom are participating in or directly interested in the dispute; provided that if in any case separate branches of work which are commonly conducted in separate businesses in separate premises are conducted in separate departments of the same premises, each such department shall, for the purposes of this subsection, be deemed to be a separate factory, establishment or other premises. [and

E.-] D. An individual shall be disqualified for, and shall not be eligible to receive, benefits for any week with respect to which, or a part of which, he has received or is seeking, through any agency other than the division, unemployment benefits under an unemployment compensation law of another state or of the United States; provided that if the appropriate agency of such other state or of the United States finally determines that he is not entitled to such unemployment benefits, this disqualification shall not apply.

E. A disqualification pursuant to Paragraph (1) or (2) of Subsection A of this section shall continue for the duration of the individual's unemployment and until he has earned wages in bona fide employment other than self-employment, as provided by rule of the secretary, in an amount equivalent to five times his weekly benefit otherwise payable.

A disqualification pursuant to Paragraph (3) of Subsection A of this section shall include the week the failure occurred

1	and sharr contride for the duration of the ring
2	unemployment and until he has earned wages in
3	employment other than self-employment, as prov
4	the secretary, in an amount equivalent to five
5	weekly benefit amount otherwise payable; provi
6	than one such disqualification shall be impose
7	individual for failure to apply for or accept
8	position, or a similar position, with the same
9	except upon a determination by the division of
10	disqualification pursuant to Subsection C of t
11	F. As used in this section:
12	(1) "child care conflicts" m
13	(a) the loss of an exis
14	arrangement that forces an individual to quit
15	he is unable to find comparable and affordable
16	<u>(b) an employer-instiga</u>
17	change or work-location change that forces the
18	quit because he cannot find affordable child o
19	accommodates the new schedule or location;
20	(2) "compelling domestic circ
21	means:
22	(a) child care conflict
23	(b) domestic abuse, and
24	1) reasonably fears future domestic abuse at o
25	from the individual's place of employment: 2)

and shall continue for the duration of the individual's bona fide vided by rule of <u>e times his</u> ded that no more <u>ed upon an</u> the same <u>e employer,</u> this section.

- eans:
- ting child care <u>his job because</u> e care; or
- ted schedule <u>e individual to</u> care that
  - <u>cumstances"</u>
    - s;
- the individual: <u>or en route to or</u> wishes to . 139609. 3

relocate to another geographic area in order to avoid future
abuse against the individual or the individual's family or co-
workers; 3) reasonably believes that termination of employment
is necessary for the future safety of the individual, the
individual's family or co-workers; or 4) is required to leave
employment as a condition of receiving services or shelter
from an agency that provides support services or shelter to
victims of domestic abuse; or

- (c) sick dependents;
- (3) "domestic abuse" means that term as defined in Section 40-13-2 NMSA 1978; and
- (4) "employment" means employment by the individual's last employer as defined by rules of the secretary."
- Section 4. Section 51-1-48 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, Chapter 209, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:
- "51-1-48. DEFINITIONS--EXTENDED BENEFITS.--As used in this section, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- A. "extended benefit period" means a period [which] that:
- (1) begins with the third week after a week for which there is a state "on" indicator;
- (2) ends with either of the following weeks, whichever occurs later:
- (a) the third week after the first week . 139609.3

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				(b)	the	e th	irteenth	COI	nsecuti ve	week	of
sucl	n perio	od; and	d								

- (3) [provided that no extended benefit period may] does not begin by reason of a state "on" indicator before the fourteenth week following the end of a prior extended benefit period which was in effect with respect to this state.
- [B. There is a "state 'on' indicator" for this state for a week if the secretary determines, in accordance with the regulations of the United States secretary of labor, that for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding twelve weeks, the rate of insured unemployment (not seasonally adjusted) under this section:
- (1) equaled or exceeded five percent or equaled or exceeded one hundred twenty percent of the average of such rates for the corresponding thirteen-week period ending in each of the preceding two calendar years and equaled or exceeded four percent; provided that for weeks of unemployment beginning after September 25, 1982, the provisions of subparagraph (2) of this subsection shall apply in determining a state "on" indicator; and
- (2) for weeks beginning after September 25, 1982, equaled or exceeded one hundred twenty percent of the average of such rates for the corresponding thirteen-week period ending in each of the . 139609. 3

2	<del>percent.</del>
3	C. There is a "state 'off' indicator" for this
4	state for a week if the secretary determines, in accordance
5	with the regulations of the United States secretary of labor,
6	that for the period consisting of such week and the
7	immediately preceding twelve weeks, the rate of insured
8	unemployment (not seasonally adjusted) under this section:
9	(1) was less than one hundred twenty percent
10	of the average of such rates for the corresponding thirteen-
11	week period ending in each of the preceding two calendar
12	<del>years; or</del>
13	(2) was less than four percent or, for weeks
14	beginning after September 25, 1982, was less than five
15	<del>percent.</del> ]
16	B. There is a "state 'on' indicator" for this
17	state for a week if the rate of insured unemployment not
18	seasonally adjusted under this section for the period
19	consisting of that week and the immediately preceding twelve
20	weeks:
21	(1) equaled or exceeded one hundred twenty
22	percent of the average of the rates for the corresponding
23	thirteen-week period ending in each of the preceding two
24	calendar years; and
25	(2) equaled or exceeded five percent; or
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preceding two calendar years and equaled or exceeded five

2	regardless of the rate of insured unemployment in the two
3	previous years; or
4	(4) with respect to benefits for weeks of
5	unemployment beginning after January 1, 2002:
6	(a) the average rate of total
7	unemployment, seasonally adjusted, as determined by the United
8	States secretary of labor, for the period consisting of the
9	most recent three months for which data for all states are
10	published before the close of such week equals or exceeds six
11	and one-half percent; and
12	(b) the average rate of total
13	unemployment in this state, seasonally adjusted, as determined
14	by the United States secretary of labor, for the three-month
15	period referred to in Subparagraph (a) of this paragraph,
16	equals or exceeds one hundred ten percent of such average for
17	either or both of the corresponding three-month periods ending
18	in the two preceding calendar years.
19	C. There is a "state 'off' indicator" for this
20	state for a week only if, for the period consisting of that
21	week and the immediately preceding twelve weeks, none of the
22	options specified in Subsection B of this section result in a
23	"state 'on' indicator".
24	D. Except as provided in Subsection E of this
25	section, the total extended benefit amount payable to an
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(3) equal ed or exceeded six percent,

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year	shall	be	the	least	of	the	foll	owi ng	amounts:	

(1) fifty percent of the total amount of regular benefits that were payable to the individual pursuant to this section in the individual's applicable benefit year;

(2) thirteen times the individual's average weekly benefit amount that was payable to an individual pursuant to this section for a week of total unemployment in the applicable benefit year; or

(3) thirty-nine times the individual's average weekly benefit amount that was payable to the individual pursuant to this section for a week of total unemployment in the applicable benefit year, reduced by the total amount of regular benefits that were paid, or deemed paid, to the individual pursuant to this section with respect to the benefit year; provided that the amount determined pursuant to this paragraph shall be reduced by the total amount of additional benefits paid, or deemed paid, to the individual under the provisions of this section for weeks of unemployment in the individual's benefit year that began prior to the effective date of the extended benefit period that is current in the week for which the individual first claims extended benefits; and provided further, if the benefit year of an individual ends within an extended benefit period, the remaining balance of the extended benefits that the individual

would, but for this paragraph, be entitled to receive in that extended benefit period, with respect to weeks of unemployment beginning after the end of the benefit year, shall be reduced, but not below zero, by the product of the number of weeks for which the individual received any amounts as readjustment allowances within that benefit year, multiplied by the individual weekly benefit amount for extended benefits.

E. Effective with respect to weeks beginning in a high-unemployment period, the total extended benefit amount payable to an eligible individual with respect to the applicable benefit year shall be the least of the following amounts:

- (1) eighty percent of the total amount of regular benefits that were payable to the individual pursuant to this section in the individual's applicable benefit year;
- (2) twenty times the individual's average weekly benefit amount that was payable to an individual pursuant to this section for a week of total unemployment in the applicable benefit year; or
- (3) forty-six times the individual's average weekly benefit amount that was payable to the individual pursuant to this section for a week of total unemployment in the applicable benefit year, reduced by the total amount of regular benefits that were paid, or deemed paid, to the individual pursuant to this section with respect to the

benefit year; provided that the amount determined pursuant to
this paragraph shall be reduced by the total amount of
additional benefits paid, or deemed paid, to the individual
under the provisions of this section for weeks of unemployment
in the individual's benefit year that began prior to the
effective date of the extended benefit period that is current
in the week for which the individual first claims extended
benefits; and provided further, if the benefit year of an
individual ends within an extended benefit period, the
remaining balance of the extended benefits that the individual
would, but for this paragraph, be entitled to receive in that
extended benefit period, with respect to weeks of unemployment
beginning after the end of the benefit year, shall be reduced,
but not below zero, by the product of the number of weeks for
which the individual received any amounts as readjustment
allowances within that benefit year, multiplied by the
individual weekly benefit amount for extended benefits.

F. For purposes of Subsection E of this section,

"high-unemployment period" means a period during which an

extended benefit period would be in effect if Paragraph (4) of

Subsection B of this section were applied by substituting

"eight percent" for "six and one-half percent".

G. A benefit paid to an individual pursuant to this section shall not be charged to the employer's account but shall be charged to the solvency account.

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## [D.] H. As used in this section:

(1) "rate of insured unemployment" [for purposes of Subsections B and C of this section] means the percentage derived by dividing:

 $[\frac{1}{1}]$  (a) the average weekly number of individuals filing claims for regular benefits in this state for weeks [for] of unemployment with respect to the most recent thirteen-consecutive-week period, as determined by the secretary on the basis of his reports to the United States secretary of labor, by

 $\left[\frac{(2)}{(2)}\right]$  (b) the average monthly employment covered under the Unemployment Compensation Law for the first four of the most recent six completed calendar quarters ending before the end of such thirteen-week period;

[E.] (2) "regular benefits" means benefits payable to an individual under the Unemployment Compensation Law or under any other state law, including benefits payable to federal civilian employees and to ex-servicemen pursuant to  $5\ U.\ S.\ C.$ , Chapter 85, other than extended benefits;

[F.] (3) "extended benefits" means benefits, including benefits payable to federal civilian employees and to ex-servicemen pursuant to 5 U.S.C., Chapter 85, payable to an individual under the provisions of this section for weeks of unemployment in his eligibility period;

 $[\frac{G}{G}]$  "eligibility period" of an

individual means the period consisting of the weeks in his
benefit year [which] that begin in an extended benefit period
and, if his benefit year ends within such extended benefit
period, any weeks thereafter [which] that begin in such
peri od;

[H.] (5) "exhaustee" means an individual who, with respect to any week of unemployment in his eligibility period:

[(1)] (a) has received, prior to such week, all of the regular benefits that were available to him under the Unemployment Compensation Law or any other state law, including dependent's allowance and benefits payable to federal civilian employees and ex-servicemen under 5 U.S.C., Chapter 85, in his current benefit year that includes such week; provided that, for the purposes of this subparagraph, an individual shall be deemed to have received all of the regular benefits that were available to him, although, as a result of a pending appeal with respect to wages that were not considered in the original monetary determination in his benefit year, he may subsequently be determined to be entitled to added regular benefits; or

[(2)] (b) his benefit year, having expired prior to such week, has no, or insufficient, wages on the basis of which he could establish a new benefit year that would include such week; and

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$\left[\frac{(3)}{(c)}\right]$ (c) has no right to unemployment
benefits or allowances, as the case may be, under the Railroad
Unemployment Insurance Act, the Trade Expansion Act of 1962,
the Trade Act of 1974, the Automotive Products Trade Act of
1965 and such other federal laws as are specified in
regulations issued by the United States secretary of labor;
and has not received and is not seeking unemployment benefits
under the unemployment compensation law of Canada, but if he
is seeking such benefits and the appropriate agency finally
determines that he is not entitled to benefits under such law
ha is considered an exhaustee and

[H.] (6) "state law" means the unemployment insurance law of any state, approved by the United States secretary of labor under Section 3304 of the Internal Revenue Code of [1954] 1986."

Section 5. REPEAL.--Laws 2000, Chapter 3, Section 1 is repealed.

Section 6. EMERGENCY.--It is necessary for the public peace, health and safety that this act take effect immediately.