1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO UTILITIES; ESTABLISHING LIMITS ON RURAL ELECTRIC
3	COOPERATIVES INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARY BUSINESSES; REMOVING
4	REQUIRED PUBLIC REGULATION COMMISSION APPROVAL ON CERTAIN FEDERAL
_	LOANS ALREADY APPROVED BY A FEDERAL AGENCY; REPEALING THE REPEAL
5	OF CERTAIN LAWS PERTAINING TO UTILITIES.
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7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO: Section 1.
8	A new section of the Rural Electric Cooperative Act is enacted to read:
9	"SUBSIDIARY BUSINESS ACTIVITIES
10	A. Cooperatives may form, organize, acquire, hold, dispose of and
11	operate any interest up to and including full controlling interest in separate business
12	entities that provide energy services and products and telecommunications and
	communications services and products, including cable and satellite television and
13	water and wastewater collection and treatment, without prior approval from the public
14	regulation commission so long as those other business entities meet all of the following
15	conditions:
16	(1) the subsidiary is not financed with loans from the federal
17	rural utilities service of the United States department of agriculture or the United States
18	department of agriculture or with similar financing from any successor agency. This
19	limitation shall not apply to rural utilities service loans or United States department of
	agriculture loans, or loans from successor agencies, to the extent the loan is to be
20	used for a purpose authorized by the lending agency;
21	(2) the subsidiary fully compensates the cooperative for the
22	use of personnel, services, equipment, tangible property and the cooperative's fully
23	distributed costs, including all direct and indirect costs and the cost of capital incurred
24	in providing the personnel, services, equipment or tangible property in question;

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(3)	the total investments, loans, guarantees and pledges of			
assets of a cooperative in	all of its subsidiaries shall not exceed twenty percent of the			
cooperative's assets; and				
(4)	the subsidiary agrees to not offer any service or product to			
the public until it has obtained federal and state regulatory approvals, if any, required				
to provide the service or product to the public.				

- B. A director, or spouse of a director, of a cooperative may not be employed or have any financial interest in a separate business entity formed, organized, acquired, held or operated by that cooperative pursuant to the provisions of this section.
- C. Should the public regulation commission, upon complaint showing reasonable grounds for investigation, find after investigation and public hearing that the charges for the transactions between the cooperative and other business entity do not conform with the provisions of this section, the public regulation commission is authorized to direct the cooperative to adjust those charges to comply with the provisions of this section. If the cooperative does not comply with the public regulation commission's directive, the public regulation commission is authorized to direct the cooperative to divest its interest in the other business entity. For purposes of enforcing this section, members of the public regulation commission, and the public regulation commission staff, are authorized to inspect the books and records of such other business entities and the cooperatives, provided that proprietary or confidential data or information of the separate business entities shall not be disclosed to a third party. The public regulation commission shall adopt rules and reporting requirements to enforce the provisions of this section.
- D. Nothing in this section grants the public regulation commission the power to regulate a generation and transmission cooperative referred to in Section 62-6-4 NMSA 1978."
- Section 2. Section 62-6-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1941, Chapter 84, Section 18, as amended) is amended to read:

2	A. The power of a public utility to issue, assume or guarantee
3	securities and to create liens on its property situated within this state is a special
4	privilege subject to the supervision and control of the commission as set forth in the
	Public Utility Act.
5	B. Except as provided in Subsection E of this section, a public utility,
6	when authorized by order of the commission and not otherwise, may issue stocks and
7	stock certificates and may issue, assume or guarantee other securities payable at
8	periods of more than eighteen months after the date thereof for the following purposes
9	only:
10	(1) making loans or grants from the proceeds of federal loans
11	for economic development projects benefiting its service area;
	(2) the acquisition of property;
12	(3) the construction, completion, extension or improvement of
13	its facilities;
14	(4) the improvement or maintenance of its service;
15	(5) the discharge or lawful refunding of its obligations; or
16	(6) the reimbursement of money actually expended for
17	purposes set forth in this subsection from income or from any other money in the
18	treasury not secured by or obtained from the issue, assumption or guarantee of
	securities, within five years next prior to the filing of an application with the commission
19	for the required authorization.
20	C. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection B of this section, the
21	commission may authorize issuance by a public utility of shares of stock of any class
22	as a dividend on outstanding shares of stock of the public utility of any class and may
23	authorize the issuance of the same or a different number of shares of stock of any
24	class in exchange for outstanding shares of stock of any class of the public utility, and
	the public utility may issue the stock so authorized.

"62-6-6. ISSUANCE, ASSUMPTION OR GUARANTEE OF SECURITIES.--

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4	special meeting called for that purpose. The commission shall review the terms of the
•	economic development loan or grant to ascertain the adequacy of any collateral, to
5	have the right to inspect books and review the level of co-participation by the borrowe
6	or grantee.
7	E. Commission approval is not required for the issuance, assumption
	or appropriate of any acquisity of a public utility whose acquisition are subject to appropriate

D. The commission shall not authorize a borrowing under the

provisions of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of this section unless the governing board

has approved the borrowing by a two-thirds' majority vote of the members present at a

E. Commission approval is not required for the issuance, assumption or guarantee of any security of a public utility whose securities are subject to oversight and approval by the federal government pursuant to the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, or any successor law to that act."

Section 3. Section 62-6-8.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1979, Chapter 50, Section 1) is amended to read:

"62-6-8.1. ADDITIONAL JURISDICTION.--Except as provided in Subsection E of Section 62-6-6 NMSA 1978 and notwithstanding any other provision of Sections 62-6-1 through 62-6-11 NMSA 1978, the commission shall have jurisdiction over and may regulate, by general order or regulation, securities of a public utility incorporated under the laws of this state that would otherwise be exempt from regulation by the commission pursuant to Section 62-6-6 NMSA 1978 or Subsection A of Section 62-6-8 NMSA 1978 and that is subject to regulation pursuant to 16 USC 824."

Section 4. Section 62-8-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1991, Chapter 251, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:

"62-8-7. CHANGE IN RATES .--

A. At any hearing involving an increase in rates or charges sought by a public utility, the burden of proof to show that the increased rate or charge is just and reasonable shall be upon the utility.

B. Unless the commission otherwise orders, no public utility shall make any change in any rate that has been duly established except after thirty days' notice to the commission, which notice shall plainly state the changes proposed to be made

in the rates then in force and the time when the changed rates will go into effect and other information as the commission by rule requires. The utility shall also give notice of the proposed changes to other interested persons as the commission may direct. All proposed changes shall be shown by filing new schedules that shall be kept open to public inspection. The commission for good cause shown may allow changes in rates without requiring the thirty days' notice, under conditions that it may prescribe.

C. Whenever there is filed with the commission by any public utility a complete application as prescribed by commission rule proposing new rates, the commission may, upon complaint or upon its own initiative, except as otherwise provided by law, upon reasonable notice, enter upon a hearing concerning the reasonableness of the proposed rates. If the commission determines a hearing is necessary, it shall suspend the operation of the proposed rates before they become effective but not for a longer initial period than nine months beyond the time when the rates would otherwise go into effect, unless the commission finds that a longer time will be required, in which case the commission may extend the period for an additional three months. The commission shall hear and decide cases with reasonable promptness. The commission shall adopt rules identifying criteria for various rate and tariff filings to be eligible for suspension periods shorter than what is allowed by this subsection and to be eligible for summary approval without hearing.

D. If after a hearing the commission finds the proposed rates to be unjust, unreasonable or in any way in violation of law, the commission shall determine the just and reasonable rates to be charged or applied by the utility for the service in question and shall fix the rates by order to be served upon the utility or the commission by its order shall direct the utility to file new rates respecting such service that are designed to produce annual revenues no greater than those determined by the commission in its order to be just and reasonable. Those rates shall thereafter be observed until changed, as provided by the Public Utility Act.

E. Except as otherwise provided by law, any increase in rates or charges for the utility commodity based upon cost factors other than taxes or cost of

fuel, gas or purchased power, filed for after April 4, 1991, shall be permitted only after notice and hearing as provided by this section. The commission shall enact rules governing the use of tax, fuel, gas or purchased power adjustment clauses by utilities that enable the commission to consider periodically at least the following:

(1) whether the existence of a particular adjustment clause is

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customer classes;

(2) the specific adjustment mechanism to recover tax, gas, fuel
 or purchased power costs;

consistent with the purposes of the Public Utility Act, including serving the goal of

providing reasonable and proper service at fair, just and reasonable rates to all

- (3) which costs should be included in an adjustment clause,
 procedures to avoid the inclusion of costs in an adjustment clause that should not be
 included and methods by which the propriety of costs that are included may be
 determined by the commission in a timely manner, including what informational filings
 are required to enable the commission to make such a determination; and
 - (4) the proper adjustment period to be employed.
 - F. The commission may eliminate or condition a particular adjustment clause if it finds such elimination or condition is consistent with the purposes of the Public Utility Act, including serving the goal of providing reasonable and proper service at fair, just and reasonable rates to all customer classes; provided, however, that no such elimination or condition shall be ordered unless such elimination or condition will not place the affected utility at a competitive disadvantage. The commission rules shall also provide for variances and may provide for separate examination of a utility's adjustment clause based upon that utility's particular operating characteristics.
 - G. Whenever there is filed with the commission a schedule proposing new rates by a rural electric cooperative organized under the Rural Electric Cooperative Act, the rates shall become effective as proposed by the rural electric cooperative without a hearing. However, the cooperative shall give written notice of the proposed rates to its affected patrons at least thirty days prior to the filing with the

1	commission, and the commission shall suspend the rates and conduct a hearing
2	concerning the reasonableness of any proposed rates filed by a rural electric
3	cooperative pursuant to Subsections C and D of this section upon the filing with the
4	commission of a protest setting forth grounds for review of the proposed rates signed
_	by one or more members of the rural electric cooperative and if the commission
5	determines there is just cause for reviewing the proposed rates on one or more of the
6	grounds of the protest. The protest shall be filed no later than twenty days after the
7	filing with the commission of the schedule proposing the new rates. The hearing and
8	review shall be limited to the issues set forth in the protest and for which the
9	commission may find just cause for the review, which issues shall be contained in the
10	notice of hearing. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to affect
	commission authority or procedure to regulate the sale, furnishing or delivery by
11	wholesale suppliers of electricity to rural electric cooperatives pursuant to Section 62-
12	6-4 NMSA 1978. In addition to the adjustments permitted by Subsections E and F of
13	this section, the commission may authorize rate schedules of rural electric
14	cooperatives to recover, without notice and hearing, changes in the cost of debt
15	capital incurred pursuant to securities that are lawfully issued. For the purposes of
16	this subsection, a member of a rural electric cooperative is a member as defined by
17	the Rural Electric Cooperative Act."
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Section 5. REPEAL.--Laws 1998, Chapter 108, Section 82, as amended by Laws 2000, Chapter 88, Section 3, is repealed.

Section 6. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2003.