| 1 | AN ACT |
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| 2 | RELATING TO EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES; EXPANDING THE SCOPE |
| 3 | OF THE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES ACT; AMENDING AND ENACTING |
| 4 | SECTIONS OF THE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES ACT; PROVIDING |
| 5 | FOR A PENALTY. |
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| 7 | BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO: |
| 8 | Section 1. Section 24-10B-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws |
| 9 | 1983, Chapter 190, Section 2, as amended) is amended to |
| 10 | read: |
| 11 | "24-10B-2. PURPOSE The purpose of the Emergency |
| 12 | Medical Services Act is to enhance and regulate a |
| 13 | comprehensive emergency medical services system in the state |
| 14 | as set forth in that act. Nothing in the Emergency Medical |
| 15 | Services Act shall be construed to preclude a local |
| 16 | emergency medical services system from adopting standards |
| 17 | that are more stringent than those authorized by the |
| 18 | Emergency Medical Services Act." |
| 19 | Section 2. Section 24-10B-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws |
| 20 | 1993, Chapter 161, Section 2) is amended to read: |
| 21 | "24-10B-3. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Emergency |
| 22 | Medical Services Act: |

A. "academy" means an emergency medical services training program administered through the department of emergency medicine of the university of New Mexico school of $^{\rm SB\ 527}_{\rm Page\ 1}$

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- B. "advance directive" means a written instruction, such as a living will, durable power of attorney for health care or emergency medical services do not resuscitate form recognizable under state law and relating to the provision of health care when an individual is incapacitated;
- C. "air ambulance service" means any governmental or private service that provides air transportation specifically designed to accommodate the medical needs of a person who is ill, injured or otherwise mentally or physically incapacitated and who requires inflight medical supervision;
- D. "approved emergency medical services training program" means an emergency medical services training program that is sponsored by a post-secondary educational institution, accredited by a national educational accrediting organization for emergency medical services or active in the accreditation process, and is approved by the joint organization on education committee and participates in the joint organization on education committee;
- E. "bureau" means the injury prevention and emergency medical services bureau of the public health division of the department;
 - F. "certified emergency medical service" means

an organization that meets minimum standards to provide emergency services and is approved by the bureau, including emergency medical dispatch agencies, pre-hospital or interfacility care services and special event services organized to provide emergency medical services;

- G. "critical incident stress management program"
 means a program of preventive education and crisis
 intervention intended to reduce the negative effects of
 critical stress on emergency responders;
 - H. "department" means the department of health;
- I. "emergency medical dispatch" means an advanced form of dispatch communications used to improve emergency medical services response to medical and traumatic emergencies that utilizes specially trained emergency medical dispatchers, in accordance with an emergency medical dispatch priority reference system and the department-approved scopes of practice;
- J. "emergency medical dispatcher" means a person who is trained and licensed pursuant to Subsection F of Section 24-10B-4 NMSA 1978 to receive calls for emergency medical assistance, provide pre-arrival medical instructions, dispatch emergency medical assistance and coordinate its response;
- K. "emergency medical services" means the services rendered by providers in response to an

individual's need for immediate medical care to prevent loss of life or aggravation of physical or psychological illness or injury;

- L. "emergency medical services first responder" means a person who is licensed by the department and who functions within the emergency medical services system to provide initial emergency aid;
- M "emergency medical services system" means a coordinated system of health care delivery that responds to the needs of the sick and injured and includes emergency medical services:
- N. "emergency medical technician" means a provider who has been licensed by the department to provide patient care;
- 0. "health care facility" means a hospital, clinic or other entity licensed or approved by the department;
- P. "injury prevention" means to promote and implement efforts to reduce the risk and severity of intentional and unintentional injuries;
- Q. "medical direction" means guidance or supervision provided by a physician to a provider or emergency medical services system and that may include authority over and responsibility for emergency medical dispatch, direct patient care and transport of patients,

medical services system, whose duties include serving as a

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liaison to the medical community and chairing the medical direction committee."

Section 3. Section 24-10B-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1983, Chapter 190, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:

"24-10B-4. BUREAU--DUTIES.--The bureau is designated as the lead agency for the emergency medical services system, including injury prevention, and shall establish and maintain a program for regional planning and development, improvement, expansion and direction of emergency medical services throughout the state, including:

A. design, development, implementation and coordination of emergency medical services communications systems to join the personnel, facilities and equipment of a given region or system that will allow for medical direction;

- B. provision of technical assistance to the public regulation commission for further development and implementation of standards for certification of ambulance services, vehicles and equipment;
- C. development of requirements for the collection of data and statistics to evaluate the availability, operation and quality of providers in the state;
 - D. adoption of rules for emergency medical

| 1 | services medical direction upon the recommendation of the | |
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| 2 | medical direction committee; | |
| 3 | E. approval of continuing education programs for | |
| 4 | emergency medical services personnel; | |
| 5 | F. adoption of rules pertaining to the training | |
| 6 | and licensure of emergency medical dispatchers and their | |
| 7 | instructors; | |
| 8 | G. adoption of rules based upon the | |
| 9 | recommendations of a trauma advisory committee, for | |
| 10 | implementation and monitoring of a statewide, comprehensive | |
| 11 | trauma care system, including: | |
| 12 | (1) minimum standards for designation or | |
| 13 | retention of designation as a trauma center or a | |
| 14 | participating trauma facility; | |
| 15 | (2) pre-hospital care management guidelines | |
| 16 | for the triage and transportation of traumatized persons; | |
| 17 | (3) establishment for interfacility | |
| 18 | transfer criteria and transfer agreements; | |
| 19 | (4) standards for collection of data | |
| 20 | relating to trauma system operation, patient outcome and | |
| 21 | trauma prevention; and | |
| 22 | (5) creation of a state trauma care plan; | |
| 23 | H. adoption of rules, based upon the | |
| 24 | recommendations of the air transport advisory committee, for | CD FOT |
| 25 | the certification of air ambulance services; | SB 527 Page 7 |
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I. adoption of rules pertaining to authorization of providers to honor advance directives, such as emergency medical services do not resuscitate forms, to withhold or terminate care in certain pre-hospital or interfacility circumstances, as guided by local medical protocols;

- J. operation of a critical incident stress management program for emergency providers utilizing specifically trained volunteers who shall be considered public employees for the purposes of the Tort Claims Act when called upon to perform their duties;
- K. adoption of rules to establish a cardiac arrest targeted response program pursuant to the Cardiac Arrest Response Act, including registration of automated external defibrillator programs, maintenance of equipment, data collection, approval of automated external defibrillator training programs and a schedule of automated external defibrillator program registration fees;
- L. adoption of rules for the administration of an emergency medical services certification program for certified emergency medical services; and
- M promoting, developing, implementing,
 coordinating and evaluating risk reduction and injury
 prevention systems."
- Section 4. Section 24-10B-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1983, Chapter 190, Section 5, as amended) is amended to

"24-10B-5. LICENSURE REQUIRED--PENALTY.--

A. The department shall by rule adopt and enforce licensure requirements, including minimum standards for training, continuing education and disciplinary actions consistent with the Uniform Licensing Act, for all persons who provide emergency medical services within the state, irrespective of whether the services are remunerated. The rules shall include authorization for the bureau to issue at least annually an updated list of skills, techniques and medications approved for use at each level of licensure. The secretary may waive licensure requirements as needed during a declared emergency.

- B. Licensed emergency medical technicians may function within health care facilities under their licensure and approved New Mexico emergency medical services scope of practice. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit a health care facility from assigning additional duties and responsibilities in accordance with law. This subsection shall not expand the New Mexico emergency medical services scope of practice under the emergency medical technician's license.
- C. In addition to the requirements specified in Subsection A of this section, the department may:
 - (1) prohibit the use of "emergency medical

dispatcher", "emergency medical technician", "emergency medical services first responder", "paramedic" or similar terms connoting expertise in providing emergency medical services by any person not licensed or certified under the Emergency Medical Services Act;

- (2) deny, suspend or revoke licensure in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Licensing Act; and
- (3) establish a schedule of reasonable fees for application, examination or licensure and regular renewal thereof.
- D. Any person who represents himself to be an "emergency medical dispatcher", "emergency medical technician-basic", "emergency medical technician-intermediate", "emergency medical technician-paramedic", "emergency medical services first responder" or "paramedic", or who uses similar terms connoting expertise in providing emergency medical services while not currently licensed under the Emergency Medical Services Act is guilty of a misdemeanor."
- Section 5. Section 24-10B-5.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 161, Section 5) is amended to read:
 - "24-10B-5.1. LICENSING COMMISSION ESTABLISHED. --
- A. The secretary shall appoint an "emergency medical services licensing commission", which shall be

- B. The composition of the emergency medical services licensing commission shall reflect geographic diversity and both public and private interests. The members shall serve for three-year staggered terms. The duties of and procedures for the emergency medical services licensing commission shall be delineated in rules promulgated pursuant to Subsection A of Section 24-10B-5 NMSA 1978. Such duties include:
- (1) providing a forum for the receipt of public comment regarding emergency medical services licensing matters;
- (2) oversight of the bureau's licensure functions;
- (3) receiving complaints, directing investigations and authorizing the initiation of actions by the bureau regarding contemplated refusal to grant initial licensure and for disciplinary actions against licensees; and
 - (4) the granting of waivers, for good cause p_{ag}

- C. The emergency medical services licensing commission may compel the production of books, records and papers pertinent to any investigation authorized by the Emergency Medical Services Act and may seek enforcement of any subpoena so issued through the district court in the county in which the custodian of the document is located in camera.
- D. The emergency medical services licensing commission shall meet as needed, but not less frequently than semiannually. The emergency medical services licensing commission shall be subject to the provisions of the Per Diem and Mileage Act."

Section 6. Section 24-10B-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1983, Chapter 190, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read:

"24-10B-6. TREATMENT AUTHORIZED. --

A. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Medical Practice Act, Sections 61-10-1 through 61-10-22 NMSA 1978 or the Nursing Practice Act, any person licensed by the bureau may render emergency medical services commensurate with his level of licensure, as medically indicated.

B. Individuals licensed pursuant to the provisions of the Medical Practice Act, Sections 61-10-1 through

61-10-22 NMSA 1978 or the Nursing Practice Act are not required to be licensed under the Emergency Medical Services Act."

Section 7. Section 24-10B-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1983, Chapter 190, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:

"24-10B-7. COMMITTEES ESTABLISHED. --

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The secretary shall appoint a statewide emergency medical services advisory committee to advise the bureau in carrying out the provisions of the Emergency Medical Services Act. The advisory committee shall include, at a minimum, representatives from the state medical society, the state emergency medical technicians' association, the state firefighters' association, the New Mexico ambulance association, the state nurses' association, the association of public safety communications organization/national emergency numbers association, the lead state agency for public safety and emergency preparedness, the state emergency services council, the New Mexico health and hospital systems association, the university of New Mexico health sciences center, the state fire chiefs' association, a consumer, emergency medical service regional offices and other interested provider and consumer groups as determined by the secretary. The advisory committee shall establish appropriate

subcommittees, including a trauma advisory committee and an air transport advisory committee.

- B. The joint organization on education committee shall be composed, at a minimum, of the director and medical director of the academy and each approved emergency medical services training program or their designee, the state emergency medical services medical director, the bureau chief or his designee, who shall serve without vote, each emergency medical services regional office training coordinator and one provider from the three highest levels of licensure, who are appointed by the secretary from a list proposed by the statewide emergency medical services advisory committee. The duties of the joint organization on education committee include:
- (1) developing minimum curricula content for approved emergency medical services training programs;
- (2) establishing minimum standards for approved emergency medical services training programs;
- (3) reviewing and approving the applications of organizations seeking to become approved emergency medical services training programs; and
- (4) developing minimum qualifications for and maintaining a list of instructors for each of the approved emergency medical services training programs.
 - C. The secretary shall appoint a medical

| 1 | direction committee to advise the bureau on matters relating |
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| 2 | to medical direction. The state emergency medical services |
| 3 | medical director shall be a member of the committee and |
| 4 | shall act as its chairman. The medical direction committee |
| 5 | shall include, at a minimum, a physician representative |
| 6 | experienced in pre-hospital medical care selected from a |
| 7 | list proposed by the New Mexico chapter of the American |
| 8 | college of emergency physicians, a physician representative |
| 9 | from the academy, one physician from each of the emergency |
| 10 | medical services geographic regions, one physician with |
| 11 | pediatric emergency medicine expertise, one physician |
| 12 | representing emergency medical dispatchers and one provider |
| 13 | from the three highest levels of licensure. Members shall |
| 14 | be selected to represent both public and private interests. |
| 15 | The duties of the medical direction committee include: |

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- (1) reviewing the medical appropriateness of all rules proposed by the bureau;
- (2) reviewing and approving the applications of providers for special skills authorizations;
- (3) assisting in the development of rules pertaining to medical direction; and
- reviewing at least annually a list of skills, techniques and medications approved for use at each level of licensure that shall be approved by the secretary and issued by the bureau.

D. The committees created in this section are subject to the provisions of the Per Diem and Mileage Act, to the extent that funds are available for that purpose.

E. Any decision that the bureau proposes to make contrary to the recommendation of any committee created in this section shall be communicated in writing to that committee. Upon the request of that committee, the decision shall be submitted for reconsideration to the director of the public health division of the department and subsequently to the secretary. Any decision made pursuant to a request for reconsideration shall be communicated in writing by the department to the appropriate committee."

Section 8. Section 24-10B-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1983, Chapter 190, Section 9, as amended) is amended to read:

"24-10B-9. EMERGENCY FIRST AID. -- Nothing in the Emergency Medical Services Act shall prevent fire and rescue services, public safety organizations and other trained units or individuals from rendering emergency first aid to the public commensurate with their training. Nothing in the Emergency Medical Services Act shall be construed to supersede other statutory authority permitting the rendering of first aid."

Section 9. Section 24-10B-9.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 161, Section 11) is amended to read:

"24-10B-9.1. EMERGENCY TRANSPORTATION.--Any person may be transported to an appropriate health care facility by an emergency medical technician, under medical direction, when the emergency medical technician makes a good faith judgment that the person is incapable of making an informed decision about his own safety or need for medical attention and is reasonably likely to suffer disability or death without the medical intervention available at such a facility."

Section 10. Section 24-10B-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 161, Section 7) is amended to read:

"24-10B-12. ACADEMY--DUTIES.--The academy is designated as the lead emergency medical services training agency. Its duties include:

A. administering formal emergency medical services training conducted in New Mexico, other than training provided by other approved emergency medical services training programs;

- B. furthering the knowledge of emergency medical services education;
- C. securing a physician as its medical director to advise it in medical matters and to serve as liaison to the state emergency medical services medical director and the medical community as a whole;
- D. supporting, promoting and conducting $$\operatorname{SB}$$ 527 scholarly research regarding emergency medical services; and ${\rm Page}$ 17

E. reporting and publishing emergency medical services information."

Section 11. A new section of the Emergency Medical Services Act is enacted to read:

"RECORDS CONFIDENTIALITY. - -

A. Any files or records in the possession of the bureau, a regional office or a provider containing identifying information about individuals requesting or receiving treatment or other health services and any unsubstantiated complaints received by the bureau regarding any provider shall be confidential and not subject to public inspection.

B. Such files, records and complaints may be subject to subpoena for use in any pending cause in any administrative proceeding or in any of the courts of this state, unless otherwise provided by law."

Section 12. A new section of the Emergency Medical Services Act is enacted to read:

"APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAMS. -- Approved emergency medical services training programs for providers are an integral part of the emergency medical services system and the programs shall include:

A. improving and expanding emergency medical services within regions through focused emergency medical services educational activities;

B. furthering the knowledge base of emergency medical services education; and

C. securing physicians as medical directors to advise approved training programs in medical matters and to serve as liaison to the state emergency medical services medical director and the medical community as a whole."

Section 13. A new section of the Emergency Medical Services Act is enacted to read:

"REGIONAL OFFICES -- DUTIES. --

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- A. Regional offices may be established by the department to assist the bureau to provide regional planning and development, improvement, expansion and direction of emergency medical services and injury prevention in their respective geographic regions.
- B. Regional offices may provide technical support and assistance, training coordination, outreach, advocacy, prevention and public education and leadership to communities and providers in their respective geographic regions. They may also provide specific support to the bureau for functions such as licensing examination, planning, evaluation and Emergency Medical Services Fund Act administration."

Section 14. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2003.

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