1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO PROPERTY TAXATION; AMENDING THE DEVELOPMENT INCENTIVE
3	ACT AUTHORIZING MUNICIPALITIES AND COUNTIES TO PROVIDE A PROPERTY
4	TAX EXEMPTION FOR COMMERCIAL PERSONAL PROPERTY OF CERTAIN
5	BUSINESS FACILITIES.
6	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
7	Section 1. Section 3-64-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1991, Chapter 163,
8	Section 1) is amended to read:
9	"3-64-1. SHORT TITLEChapter 3, Article 64 NMSA 1978 may be cited as
10	the "Community Development Incentive Act"."
11	Section 2. Section 3-64-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1991, Chapter 163,
12	Section 2) is amended to read:
	"3-64-2. DEFINITIONS
13	A. As used in the Community Development Incentive Act:
14	(1) "commencement of commercial operations" occurs when
15	the new business facility is first available for use by the taxpayer or first capable of
16	being used by the taxpayer in the revenue-producing enterprise in which the taxpayer
17	intends to use the new business facility;
18	(2) "facility" means any factory, mill, plant, refinery, warehouse,
19	dairy, feedlot, building or complex of buildings located within the state, including the
20	land on which the facility is located and all machinery, equipment and other real and
	tangible personal property located at or within the facility and used in connection with
21	the operation of the facility;
22	(3) "new business facility" means a facility that satisfies the
23	following requirements:
24	(a) the facility is employed by the taxpayer in the
25	operation of a revenue-producing enterprise; the facility shall not be considered a
	"new business facility" in the hands of the taxpayer if the taxpayer's only activity with

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respect to the facility is to lease it to another person; if the taxpayer employs only a
portion of the facility in the operation of a revenue-producing enterprise and leases
another portion of the facility to another person or does not otherwise use such other
portions in the operation of a revenue-producing enterprise, the portion employed by
the taxpayer in the operation of a revenue-producing enterprise shall be considered a
"new business facility" if the requirements of Subparagraphs (b), (c) and (d) of this
paragraph are satisfied;

(b) the facility is acquired by or leased to the taxpayer on or after July 1, 2003; provided, the facility shall be deemed to have been acquired by or leased to the taxpayer on or after the specified date if the transfer of title to the taxpayer, the transfer of possession pursuant to a binding contract to transfer title to the taxpayer or the commencement of the term of the lease to the taxpayer occurs on or after that date or if the facility is constructed, erected or installed by or on behalf of the taxpayer, the construction, erection or installation is completed on or after that date;

(c) if the facility was acquired by the taxpayer from another person and the facility was employed, immediately prior to the transfer of title to the facility to the taxpayer or to the commencement of the term of the lease of the facility to the taxpayer, by any other person in the operation of a revenue-producing enterprise, the taxpayer does not continue the operation of the same or a substantially identical revenue-producing enterprise at the facility; and

(d) the facility is not a replacement business facility;

(4) "new business facility employee" means a person employed by the taxpayer in the operation of a new business facility during the taxable year for which the exemption authorized by Section 3-64-3 NMSA 1978 is granted; a person shall be considered to have been so employed if the person performs duties in connection with the operation of the new business facility on:

(a) a regular, full-time basis;

(b) a part-time basis if the person is customarily

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trust or association controlled by an individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, trust or association under the control of the taxpayer.

For the purposes of this paragraph, "control of a corporation" means ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing at least eighty percent of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote and at least eighty percent of all other classes of stock of the corporation; "control of a partnership, limited liability company or association" means ownership of at least eighty percent of the capital or profits interest in such partnership, limited liability company or association; and "control of a trust" means ownership, directly or indirectly, of at least eighty percent of the beneficial interest in the principal or income of the trust;

(7) "replacement business facility" means a facility as defined in Paragraph (3) of this subsection and referred to in this paragraph as a "new facility" that replaces another facility, referred to in this paragraph as an "old facility", located within the state in which the taxpayer or a related taxpayer previously operated but discontinued operating on or before the close of the first property tax year in which the exemption authorized by Section 3-64-3 NMSA 1978 is claimed; a new facility shall be deemed to replace an old facility if the following conditions are met:

(a) the old facility was operated by the taxpayer or a related taxpayer for more than three full property tax years out of the five property tax years next preceding the property tax year in which commencement of commercial operations occurs at the new facility; and

(b) the old facility was employed by the taxpayer or a related taxpayer in the operation of a revenue-producing enterprise and the taxpayer continues the operation of the same or a substantially identical revenue-producing enterprise at the new facility.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Subparagraph (a) of this paragraph, a facility shall not be considered a "replacement business facility" if the taxpayer's investment in the new facility exceeds three million dollars (\$3,000,000) or, if less, three hundred percent of the investment in the old facility by the taxpayer or related taxpayer. The

1	investment in the new facility and in the old facility shall be determined in the manner
2	provided in Paragraph (5) of this subsection;
3	(8) "revenue-producing enterprise" means:
4	(a) the production, assembly, fabrication, manufacture
	or processing of any agricultural, mineral or manufactured product;
5	(b) the storage, warehousing, distribution or sale of any
6	products of agriculture, mining or manufacturing;
7	(c) the feeding of livestock at a feedlot;
8	(d) the operation of laboratories or other facilities for
9	scientific, agricultural animal husbandry or industrial research development;
10	(e) the generation of electricity;
11	(f) the performance of services of any type;
	(g) the administrative management of any of the
12	activities listed in Subparagraphs (a) through (f) of this paragraph; or
13	(h) any combination of any of the activities referred to
14	in Subparagraphs (a) through (g) of this paragraph; and
15	(9) "same or a substantially identical revenue-producing
16	enterprise" means a revenue-producing enterprise in which the products produced or
17	sold, the services performed or the activities conducted are the same in character and
	use and are produced, sold, performed or conducted in the same manner and to or for
18	the same types of customers as the products, services or activities produced, sold,
19	performed or conducted in another revenue-producing enterprise.
20	B. The new business facility investment shall be determined by dividing
21	by twelve the sum of the total value of such property on the last business day of each
22	calendar month of the property tax year. If the new business facility is in operation for
23	less than an entire property tax year, the new business facility investment shall be
24	determined by dividing the sum of the total value of the property on the last business
	day of each full calendar month during the portion of the property tax year during
25	which the new business facility was in operation by the number of full calendar months

7 4 4 P a g e

2	C. If a facility that does not constitute a new business facility is
3	expanded by the taxpayer, the expansion shall be considered a separate facility
4	eligible for the exemption authorized by Section 3-64-3 NMSA 1978 if:
_	(1) the taxpayer's investment in the expansion exceeds one
5	million dollars (\$1,000,000) or, if less, one hundred percent of its investment in the
6	original facility prior to expansion; and
7	(2) the expansion otherwise constitutes a new business facility.
8	The taxpayer's investment in the expansion and in the original facility prior to
9	expansion shall be determined in the manner provided in Paragraph (5) of Subsection
10	A of this section.
11	D. If a facility that does not constitute a new business facility is
	expanded by the taxpayer, the expansion shall be considered a separate facility for
12	purposes of the exemption granted by Section 3-64-3 NMSA 1978 if:
13	(1) the expansion results in the employment of ten or more new
14	business facility employees over and above the average number of employees
15	employed in the county or municipality granting the exemption by the taxpayer during
16	the twelve months immediately prior to the expansion, computed pursuant to
17	Paragraph (4) of Subsection A of this section; and
18	(2) the expansion otherwise constitutes a new business
	facility."
19	Section 3. Section 3-64-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1991, Chapter 163,
20	Section 3) is amended to read:
21	"3-64-3. EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN COMMERCIAL PERSONAL PROPERTY
22	FROM PROPERTY TAX BY LOCAL BODIES
23	A. The governing body of a county or a municipality may by a majority
24	vote of the members elected to the governing body adopt a resolution exempting
	commercial personal property of a new business facility located in the county or
25	municipality from the imposition of any property tax on commercial personal property

1 during that period.

1	authorized to be imposed by the respective governing body, subject to the limitations
2	of Subsection B of this section.
3	B. The exemption authorized by Subsection A of this section may be
4	for up to one hundred percent of the value for property taxation purposes of the
	property exempted.
5	C. The exemption authorized by Subsection A of this section may be
6	for any period of time not to exceed twenty years. The effective date of any exemption
7	shall be January 1 of the property tax year in which the new business facility
8	commences commercial operations."
9	Section 4. Section 3-64-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1991, Chapter 163,
10	Section 5) is amended to read:
11	"3-64-5. EXPIRATION OF EXEMPTIONACTION OF ASSESSORAn
12	exemption granted under Section 3-64-3 NMSA 1978 shall automatically terminate on
	the last day of the property tax year in which it expires pursuant to the exemption
13	resolution or on the last day of the property tax year in which a new business facility
14	ceases commercial operations, whichever occurs first."
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