1	HOUSE BILL 849
2	46TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2003
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Danice Picraux
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO RADIATION PROTECTION; PROVIDING THE SECRETARY OF
12	ENVIRONMENT WITH AUTHORITY TO ENFORCE ORDERS; PROVIDING CIVIL
13	AND CRIMINAL PENALTIES; AMENDING, REPEALING AND ENACTING
14	SECTIONS OF THE RADIATION PROTECTION ACT.
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16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
17	Section 1. Section 74-3-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971,
18	Chapter 284, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:
19	"74-3-1. SHORT TITLE[ <del>Sections 12-9-1 through 12-9-12</del>
20	NMSA 1953] Chapter 74, Article 3 NMSA 1978 may be cited as the
21	"Radiation Protection Act"."
22	Section 2. Section 74-3-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971,
23	Chapter 284, Section 4, as amended) is amended to read:
24	"74-3-4. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Radiation
25	Protection Act:
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1 A. "board" means the environmental improvement 2 board: "agency" or "division" means the environmental 3 **B**. [improvement agency] protection division of the department of 4 5 environment: "council" means the radiation technical advisory 6 С. 7 council; 8 D. "radiation" includes particulate and 9 electromagnetic radiation and ultrasound, but does not include 10 audible sound: 11 "radioactive material" includes any materials or Ε. 12 sources, regardless of chemical or physical state, [which] that 13 emit radiation: 14 F. "radiation equipment" means any device [which] 15 that is capable of producing radiation; 16 "agreement state" means any state with which the G. 17 nuclear regulatory commission [or its successor] has entered 18 into an agreement under Section 274(b) of the federal Atomic 19 Energy Act of 1954, as amended; 20 H. "person" means any individual, partnership, 21 firm, public or private corporation, association, trust, 22 estate, political subdivision or agency, or any other legal 23 entity or [their] its legal representatives, agents or assigns; 24 "continued care fund" means the radiation Ι. 25 protection continued care fund;

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1 J. "director" means the director of the 2 [environmental improvement agency and] division; "nuclear regulatory commission" means [the 3 K. 4 United States atomic energy commission] the United States 5 nuclear regulatory commission [or its successor]; and L. "secretary" means the secretary of environment." 6 7 Section 3. A new section of the Radiation Protection Act 8 is enacted to read: 9 "[NEW MATERIAL] EMERGENCY POWERS OF THE SECRETARY. --10 A. Notwithstanding any other provision of the 11 Radiation Protection Act, if the secretary determines that a 12 person is violating a condition of a license or registration 13 issued by the agency, or administered by the agency pursuant to 14 an agreement with the nuclear regulatory commission, or any 15 regulation promulgated pursuant to the Radiation Protection 16 Act, and determines that the violation may present an imminent 17 and substantial endangerment to human health or safety, the 18 secretary may bring suit to immediately restrain the person 19 from the violation or take such other action as may be 20 necessary or both. The secretary may also take other action, 21 including issuing orders as may be necessary to protect human 22 health and safety. The secretary may commence an action in the 23 appropriate district court to enforce an order. 24

B. A person who willfully violates an order of the secretary pursuant to Subsection A of this section may be fined . 144059.1

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not more than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) per day for each violation of the order."

Section 4. A new section of the Radiation Protection Act is enacted to read:

"[<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] ENFORCEMENT--COMPLIANCE ORDERS--CIVIL PENALTIES. --

A. When, on the basis of any information, the secretary determines that a person has violated or is violating a requirement or prohibition set forth in the Radiation Protection Act, a regulation promulgated pursuant to that act or a condition of a license or registration issued pursuant to that act, the secretary may:

(1) issue a compliance order stating with reasonable specificity the nature of the violation and requiring compliance immediately or within a specified time period, or assessing a civil penalty for a past or current violation, or both. The secretary may commence an action in the appropriate district court to enforce an order; or

(2) commence a civil action in district courtfor appropriate relief, including injunctive relief.

B. An order issued pursuant to Subsection A of this section may include a suspension or revocation of a license or registration, or portion thereof, issued by the secretary. A penalty assessed in the order shall not exceed fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) per day for each violation in the order. If . 144059.1

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a person named in an order fails to comply with the order, the secretary may assess a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) per day for each violation of the order.

C. In determining the amount of a penalty to be assessed pursuant to this section, the secretary shall take into account the seriousness of the violation, any good-faith efforts to comply with the applicable requirements and any other relevant factors.

D. An order issued pursuant to the provisions of Subsection A of this section shall become final unless, no later than thirty days after the order is served, the person named in the order submits a written request to the secretary for a public hearing. The secretary shall appoint an independent hearing officer to preside over the public hearing. The hearing officer shall make and preserve a complete record of the proceedings and forward a recommendation based on the proceedings to the secretary. The secretary shall make a final decision.

E. In connection with any proceeding pursuant to this section, the secretary may issue subpoenas for the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of relevant papers, books and documents. The secretary may also adopt rules for discovery procedures.

F. Penalties collected pursuant to an

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administrative order issued pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the state general fund."

Section 5. A new section of the Radiation Protection Act is enacted to read:

"[<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] CRIMINAL PENALTIES. --

A. A person who knowingly commits a violation of the Radiation Protection Act or a regulation promulgated pursuant to that act is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment not to exceed three hundred sixty-four days or the payment of a fine not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or both.

B. A person who knowingly makes a false statement, representation or certification in an application, record, report, plan or other document filed or required to be maintained pursuant to the Radiation Protection Act or any regulation promulgated pursuant to that act is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment not to exceed six months or the payment of a fine not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or both."

Section 6. REPEAL. -- Sections 74-3-11 and 74-3-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, Chapter 284, Section 9 and Laws 1977, Chapter 343, Section 12, as amended) are repealed.

Section 7. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2003.

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