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## 46TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2003 INTRODUCED BY

Joe Thompson

## AN ACT

RELATING TO ELECTIONS; ALLOWING POLLING PLACE CHALLENGERS TO INSPECT PAPER OR ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE ROSTERS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1-2-23 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Section 1. Chapter 240, Section 42, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-2-23. CHALLENGERS -- PERMITTED ACTIVITIES. --

A challenger or alternate challenger, upon A. presentation of his written appointment to the precinct board, shall be permitted to be present from the time the precinct board convenes at the polling place until the completion of the counting and tallying of the ballots after the polls close.

- A challenger or alternate challenger, for the purpose of interposing challenges, may:
  - (1) inspect the registration book or precinct

voter list for the purpose of determining whether he desires to interpose a challenge;

- (2) inspect the poll books, registration book or <u>paper or electronic</u> signature rosters to determine whether entries are being made in accordance with the Election Code;
- (3) examine each voting machine before the polls are opened to compare the number on the metal seal and the numbers on the counters with the numbers on the key envelope and to see that all ballot labels are in their proper places and that the voting machine is ready for voting at the opening of the polls; and
- (4) make in any polling place and preserve for future reference written memoranda of any action or omission on the part of any member of the precinct board."
- Section 2. Section 1-6-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, Chapter 317, Section 11, as amended) is amended to read:
- "1-6-14. HANDLING ABSENTEE BALLOTS BY ABSENT VOTER PRECINCT BOARDS. --
- A. Before opening [any] an official mailing envelope, the presiding judge and the election judges shall determine that the required information has been completed on the reverse side of the official mailing envelope.
- B. If the voter's signature is missing, the presiding judge shall write "Rejected" on the front of the official mailing envelope. The election clerks shall enter the

voter's name in the signature rosters and shall write the notation "Rejected--Missing Signature" in the "Notations" column of the signature rosters. The presiding judge shall place the official mailing envelope unopened in an envelope provided for rejected ballots, seal the envelope and write the voter's name on the front of the envelope and deposit it in the locked ballot box.

- C. The accredited challengers may examine the official mailing envelope and paper or electronic signature roster and may challenge the ballot of any absent voter for the following reasons:
- (1) the official mailing envelope has been opened prior to being received by the absent voter precinct board; or
- (2) the person offering to vote is not a federal voter, federal qualified elector, overseas citizen voter or voter as provided in the Election Code.

Upon the challenge of an absentee ballot, the election judges and the presiding election judge shall follow the same procedure as when ballots are challenged when a person attempts to vote in person. If a challenge is upheld, the official mailing envelope shall not be opened but shall be placed in an envelope provided for challenged ballots. The same procedure shall be followed in canvassing and determining the validity of challenged absentee ballots as with other challenged ballots.

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D.

- If the official mailing envelopes have been 2 properly subscribed and the voters have not been challenged: the election judges shall open the 3 4
  - official mailing envelopes and deposit the ballots in their still-sealed official inner envelopes in the locked ballot box; and
  - (2)the election clerks shall enter the absent voter's name and residence address as shown on the official mailing envelope in the signature rosters and shall mark the notation "AB" opposite the voter's name in the "Notations" column of the signature rosters.
  - Ε. Prior to the closing of the polls, the election judges and the presiding election judge may either remove the absentee ballots from the official inner envelopes and count and tally the results of absentee balloting or, under the personal supervision of the presiding election judge and one election judge from each party, count and tally the absentee ballots on an electronic voting machine the same as if the absent voter had been present and voted in person. unlawful for any person to disclose the results of a count and tally or the registration on a voting machine of absentee ballots prior to the closing of the polls.
  - F. Absentee ballots shall be counted and tallied on an electronic voting machine as provided in the Election Code.
    - Absent voter precinct polls shall close at the G.

time prescribed by the Election Code for other polling places, and the results of the election shall be certified as prescribed by the secretary of state.

H. The county clerk may convene the absent voter precinct board no more than three days before the day of the election to alphabetize, enter on the roster and sort the absentee ballots by legislative district; provided that no member of the absent voter precinct board shall open an official mailing envelope or count and canvass any absentee ballot prior to the day of the election."

Section 3. Section 3-8-31 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, Chapter 306, Section 10, as amended) is amended to read:

"3-8-31. REGULAR MUNICIPAL ELECTION--CHALLENGERS--WATCHERS--OBSERVERS.--

A. Upon petition filed with the municipal clerk by an unopposed candidate or by both candidates for a municipal office, if only two candidates are running for the office, or by a majority of the candidates for a municipal office, if more than two candidates are running for the office, those candidates may:

- (1) appoint one person as a challenger and one alternate for each polling place in the municipal election; and
- (2) appoint one person as a watcher and one alternate for each polling place in the municipal election.
- B. The petition appointing a challenger and watcher . 143171.1

and alternates shall be filed not later than 5:00 p.m. on the fourth day preceding the election.

- C. Upon receipt of the petition, the municipal clerk shall verify whether the challengers, watchers and alternates are properly qualified pursuant to Subsection D of this section. Not later than 3:00 p.m. on the day prior to the election, the municipal clerk shall prepare official identification badges for those challengers, watchers and alternates who are properly qualified. Such identification badges shall be signed by the municipal clerk and contain the name of the challenger, watcher or alternate and state that person's title and the polling place where such person serves. Challengers, watchers and alternates shall be responsible to obtain their identification badges from the office of the municipal clerk prior to the opening of the polls on election day.
- D. A challenger, watcher or alternate shall function only at a polling place that serves the precinct within which such challenger, watcher or alternate resides. No sheriff, deputy sheriff, marshal, deputy marshal, municipal or state police officer, candidate or any person who is a spouse, parent, child, brother or sister of a candidate to be voted for at the election or any municipal clerk, deputy clerk or assistant shall serve as a challenger, watcher or alternate. No person shall serve as a challenger or watcher unless that

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person is a qualified elector of the municipality.

- E. Upon presentation of their official identification badges to the precinct board, challengers, watchers and alternates shall be permitted to be present at the polling place from the time the precinct board convenes at the polling place until the completion of the counting and tallying of the ballots after the polls close.
- Challengers, watchers and alternates shall wear their official identification badges at all times while they are present in the polling place. They shall not wear any other form of identification or any pins or other identification associated with any candidate, group of candidates or any question presented at the election.
  - G. Challengers, watchers and alternates shall not:
- be permitted to perform any duty of a (1) precinct board member;
- **(2)** handle the ballots, signature rosters, absentee voter lists or voting machines;
- take any part in the tallying or counting (3)of the ballots: or
- interfere with the orderly conduct of the **(4)** el ection.
- H. If a challenger, watcher or alternate is wearing his official identification badge, it is a petty misdemeanor to:

1	(1) deny him the right t
2	polling place;
3	(2) deny him the right t
4	machines as authorized by law;
5	(3) deny a challenger or
6	the right to challenge voters pursuant to
7	1978 and inspect the <u>paper or electronic</u> s
8	(4) deny him the right t
9	and tallying of ballots.
10	I. A challenger or alternate o
11	purposes of interposing challenges pursuan
12	NMSA 1978, shall be permitted to:
13	(1) inspect the voter re
14	(2) inspect the <u>paper or</u>
15	rosters or absentee voter lists to determi
16	are being made in accordance with law;
17	(3) examine each voting
18	polls are opened to compare the number on
19	the numbers on the counters with the number
20	envelope, to see that all ballot labels an
21	places and to see that the voting machine
22	at the opening of the polls;
23	(4) make written memoran
24	omission on the part of any member of the

- o be present at the
- o examine voting
- alternate challenger Section 3-8-43 NMSA signature rosters; or
- o witness the counting
- challenger, for the nt to Section 3-8-43
  - gistration list;
- <u>electronic</u> signature ne whether entries
- machine before the the metal seal and ers on the key re in their proper is ready for voting
- da of any action or precinct board and preserve such memoranda for future use; and

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- (5) witness the counting and tallying of the ballots.
- J. A watcher or alternate watcher shall be permitted to:
- observe the election to assure that it is conducted in accordance with law;
- (2) examine any voting machine used at the polling place in the same manner that challengers may examine voting machines;
- (3) make written memoranda of any action or omission on the part of any member of the precinct board and preserve such memoranda for future use; and
- (4) witness the counting and tallying of ballots.
- K. The governing body of a municipality may, at its discretion, appoint one qualified elector for each polling place to serve as an observer of the election. The governing body shall make such appointment not later than 3:00 p.m. on the day before the election and shall notify the municipal clerk of such appointment. The municipal clerk shall issue identification badges to all observers. An observer shall have no powers other than to observe the conduct of the election and observe the counting and tallying and report to the governing body."