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46TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2003 INTRODUCED BY

Linda M. Lopez

AN ACT

RELATING TO THE ENVIRONMENT; AMENDING THE AIR QUALITY CONTROL ACT TO PROVIDE FOR RULES AT LEAST AS STRINGENT AS THE FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 74-2-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, Chapter 277, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read:

- "74-2-5. DUTIES AND POWERS--ENVIRONMENTAL IMPROVEMENT BOARD--LOCAL BOARD.--
- A. The environmental improvement board or the local board shall prevent or abate air pollution.
- B. The environmental improvement board or the local board shall:
- (1) adopt, promulgate, publish, amend and repeal regulations consistent with the Air Quality Control Act

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to attain and maintain national ambient air quality standards
and prevent or abate air pollution, including regulations
prescribing air standards, within the geographic area of the
environmental improvement board's jurisdiction or the local
board's jurisdiction, or any part thereof; and

- (2) adopt a plan for the regulation, control, prevention or abatement of air pollution, recognizing the differences, needs, requirements and conditions within the geographic area of the environmental improvement board's jurisdiction or the local board's jurisdiction or any part thereof.
- C. Regulations adopted by the environmental improvement board or the local board may:
- (1) include regulations to protect visibility in mandatory class I areas to prevent significant deterioration of air quality and to achieve national ambient air quality standards in nonattainment areas; provided that such regulations:
- (a) shall be [no more stringent than but] at least as stringent as required by the federal act and federal regulations pertaining to visibility protection in mandatory class I areas, pertaining to prevention of significant deterioration and pertaining to nonattainment areas; and
 - (b) shall be applicable only to sources

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2	(2) prescribe standards of performance for
3	sources and emission standards for hazardous air pollutants
4	that, except as provided in Paragraph (3) of this subsection:
5	(a) shall be [no more stringent than
6	but] at least as stringent as required by federal standards of
7	performance; and
8	(b) shall be applicable only to sources
9	subject to such federal standards of performance;
10	(3) include regulations governing emissions
11	from solid waste incinerators that shall be at least as
12	stringent as, and may be more stringent than, any applicable
13	federal emission limitations;
14	(4) require notice to the department or the
15	local agency of the intent to introduce or permit the
16	introduction of an air contaminant into the air within the
17	geographical area of the environmental improvement board's
18	jurisdiction or the local board's jurisdiction; and
19	(5) require any person emitting any air
20	contaminant to:
21	(a) install, use and maintain emission
22	monitoring devices;
23	(b) sample emissions in accordance with
24	methods and at locations and intervals as may be prescribed by
25	the environmental improvement board or the local board;

subject to such regulation pursuant to the federal act;

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(c)	establ i sh	and	mai ntai n	records	of
the nature and amount of	emi ssi ons:				

- (d) submit reports regarding the nature and amounts of emissions and the performance of emission control devices; and
- (e) provide any other reasonable information relating to the emission of air contaminants.
- D. Any regulation adopted [under] <u>pursuant to</u> this section shall be consistent with federal law, if any, relating to control of motor vehicle emission.
- E. In making its regulations, the environmental improvement board or the local board shall give weight it deems appropriate to all facts and circumstances, including but not limited to:
- (1) character and degree of injury to or interference with health, welfare, visibility and property;
- (2) the public interest, including the social and economic value of the sources and subjects of air contaminants: and
- (3) technical practicability and economic reasonableness of reducing or eliminating air contaminants from the sources involved and previous experience with equipment and methods available to control the air contaminants involved."

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