NOTE: As provided in LFC policy, this report is intended only for use by the standing finance committees of the legislature. The Legislative Finance Committee does not assume responsibility for the accuracy of the information in this report when used for other purposes.

The most recent FIR version (in HTML & Adobe PDF formats) is available on the Legislative Website. The Adobe PDF version includes all attachments, whereas the HTML version does not. Previously issued FIRs and attachments may be obtained from the LFC in Suite 101 of the State Capitol Building North.

FISCAL IMPACT REPORT

SPONSOR: G	arcia	DATE TYPED:	02/18/03	НВ	
SHORT TITLE:	Capital Felony Senter	ncing		SB	51
		ANALY	/ST:	Fox-Young	

APPROPRIATION

Appropriation Contained		Estimated Additional Impact		Recurring or Non-Rec	Fund Affected
FY03	FY04	FY03	FY04		
			\$0.1 Significant	Recurring	General Fund

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

Duplicates SB 272; Relates to SB 75.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Responses Received From
Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC)
Attorney General (AG)
Corrections Department (CD)

SUMMARY

Synopsis of Bill

Senate Bill 51 amends Section 31-20A-5, adding one aggravating circumstance to the list of aggravating circumstances that may be considered in a capital felony proceeding

The bill makes the murder of a child less than eleven years of age an aggravating circumstance, making an eligible for the death penalty.

The bill cleans up technical language in the statute.

Significant Issues

It is unclear whether this new aggravating circumstance protects a class of individuals who are not already covered by existing aggravating circumstances. Offenders may be eligible under the death penalty under any of the existing aggravating circumstances. These include: murder dur-

Senate Bill 51 -- Page 2

ing the course of a kidnapping, sexual contact with a minor, or criminal sexual penetration, or murder of a witness.

The Public Defender Department (PDD) notes that adding an additional aggravator to cover a class of citizens who are already covered by the death penalty statute will likely spur a number of protracted appeals. PDD indicates that the additional circumstance raises a number of questions. For example, does the perpetrator have to know that the child is below the age of eleven?

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

Adding to the number of aggravating circumstances for consideration in capital felony cases poses a significant cost for the state. Increased penalties will likely increase the workload throughout the judiciary, necessitating increased resources for the courts, district attorneys and public defenders.

The Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) notes that because district courts conduct both a sentencing and a trial phase in death penalty cases, the need for increased resources is critical.

AG indicates that an increase in the number of death penalty cases will likely increase the caseload in its criminal appeals division. These cases are complex and require a great amount of time to prepare and argue.

DUPLICATES

Partially duplicates SB 75, which includes a provision adding an aggravating circumstance for the deliberate, intentional murder of a child less than **thirteen** years of age. Duplicates SB 272.

TECHNICAL ISSUES

The Administrative Office of the District Attorneys (AODA) suggests making the age of victim consistent with other areas of the Criminal Code such as 30-9-11(C)(1), 30-9-13(A)(1) or 30-9-18, where the age is thirteen years or less.

JCF/njw