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HOUSE BILL 111

46TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - SECOND SESSION, 2004

INTRODUCED BY

Thomas E. Swisstack

AN ACT

RELATING TO DRUG PRECURSORS; PROVIDING THE BOARD OF PHARMACY WITH AUTHORITY TO ADD CERTAIN SUBSTANCES TO THE LIST OF DRUG PRECURSORS; REVISING THE FEE THAT THE BOARD MAY CHARGE FOR THE LICENSING AND CONTROL OF DRUG PRECURSORS; INCREASING PENALTIES; AMENDING SECTIONS OF THE DRUG PRECURSOR ACT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 30-31B-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 177, Section 1) is amended to read:

"30-31B-1. SHORT TITLE. -- ~~[Sections 1 through 18 of this act]~~ Chapter 30, Article 31B NMSA 1978 may be cited as the "Drug Precursor Act". "

Section 2. Section 30-31B-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989, Chapter 177, Section 2) is amended to read:

"30-31B-2. DEFINITIONS. -- As used in the Drug Precursor . 149443. 2GR

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1 Act:

2 A. "administer" means the direct application of a  
3 controlled substance by any means to the body of a patient or  
4 research subject by a practitioner or his agent;

5 B. "agent" includes an authorized person who acts  
6 on behalf of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser. "Agent"  
7 does not include a common or contract carrier, public  
8 warehouseman or employee of the carrier or warehouseman;

9 C. "board" means the board of pharmacy;

10 D. "bureau" means the bureau of narcotics and  
11 dangerous drugs of the United States department of justice or  
12 its successor agency;

13 E. "controlled substance" means a drug or substance  
14 listed in Schedules I through V of the Controlled Substances  
15 Act or regulations adopted thereto;

16 F. "controlled substance analog" means a substance  
17 other than a controlled substance that has a chemical structure  
18 substantially similar to that of a controlled substance in  
19 Schedule I, II, III, IV or V or which was specifically designed  
20 to produce effects substantially similar to that of controlled  
21 substances in Schedule I, II, III, IV or V. Examples of  
22 chemical classes in which controlled substance analogs are  
23 found include, but are not limited to, the following:

24 (1) phenethylamines;

25 (2) N-substituted piperidines;

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- 1 (3) morphinans;
- 2 (4) ecogonines;
- 3 (5) quinazolines;
- 4 (6) substituted indoles; and
- 5 (7) arylcycloalkylamines.

6 Specifically excluded from the definition of "controlled  
7 substance analog" are those substances which are generally  
8 recognized as safe and effective within the meaning of the  
9 Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act or have been manufactured,  
10 distributed or possessed in conformance with the provisions of  
11 an approved new drug application or an exemption for  
12 investigational use within the meaning of Section 505 of the  
13 Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act;

14 G. "deliver" means the actual, constructive or  
15 attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled  
16 substance or controlled substance analog, whether or not there  
17 is an agency relationship;

18 H. "dispense" means to deliver a controlled  
19 substance to an ultimate user or research subject pursuant to  
20 the lawful order of a practitioner, including the  
21 administering, prescribing, packaging, labeling or compounding  
22 necessary to prepare the controlled substance for that  
23 delivery;

24 I. "dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses  
25 and includes hospitals, pharmacies and clinics where controlled

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1 substances are dispensed;

2 J. "distribute" means to deliver other than by  
3 administering or dispensing a controlled substance or  
4 controlled substance analog;

5 K. "drug" means substances recognized as drugs in  
6 the official United States pharmacopoeia, official homeopathic  
7 pharmacopoeia of the United States, official national formulary  
8 or any respective supplement to these publications. "Drug"  
9 does not include devices or their components, parts or  
10 accessories;

11 L. "drug precursor" means any substance, material,  
12 compound, mixture or preparation listed in Section [~~3 of the~~  
13 ~~Drug Precursor Act~~] 30-31B-3 NMSA 1978 or regulations adopted  
14 thereto or any of their salts or isomers. "Drug precursor"  
15 specifically excludes those substances, materials, compounds,  
16 mixtures or preparations which are prepared for dispensing  
17 pursuant to a prescription or over-the-counter distribution as  
18 a substance which is generally recognized as safe and effective  
19 within the meaning of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act  
20 or have been manufactured, distributed or possessed in  
21 conformance with the provisions of an approved new drug  
22 application or an exemption for investigational use within the  
23 meaning of Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic  
24 Act, unless the board makes the findings required pursuant to  
25 Subsection B of Section 30-31B-4 NMSA 1978;

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1 M "immediate precursor" means a substance which is  
2 a compound commonly used or produced primarily as an immediate  
3 chemical intermediary used in the manufacture of a controlled  
4 substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent,  
5 curtail or limit the manufacture of controlled substances;

6 N. "license" means a license issued by the board to  
7 manufacture, possess, transfer or transport a drug precursor;

8 O. "manufacture" means the production, preparation,  
9 compounding, conversion or processing of a drug precursor by  
10 extraction from substances of natural origin, independently by  
11 means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction  
12 and chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or  
13 repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its  
14 container, except that this term does not include the  
15 preparation or compounding of a controlled substance by a  
16 practitioner:

17 (1) as an incident to his administering or  
18 dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of his  
19 professional practice; or

20 (2) by his agent under his supervision for the  
21 purpose of or as an incident to research, teaching or chemical  
22 analysis and not for sale;

23 P. "person" includes an individual, sole  
24 proprietorship, partnership, corporation, association, the  
25 state or any political subdivision of the state or other legal

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1 entity;

2 Q. "possession" means to actively or constructively  
3 exercise dominion over;

4 R. "practitioner" means a physician, dentist,  
5 veterinarian or other person licensed to prescribe and  
6 administer drugs which are subject to the Controlled Substances  
7 Act;

8 S. "prescription" means an order given individually  
9 for the person for whom is prescribed a controlled substance,  
10 either directly from the prescriber to the pharmacist or  
11 indirectly by means of a written order signed by the prescriber  
12 and in accordance with the Controlled Substances Act or  
13 regulations adopted thereto; and

14 T. "transfer" means the sale, possession with  
15 intent to sell, barter or giving away of a [~~controlled~~  
16 ~~substance~~] drug precursor. "

17 Section 3. Section 30-31B-4 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989,  
18 Chapter 177, Section 4) is amended to read:

19 "30-31B-4. DUTY TO ADMINISTER. - -

20 A. The board shall administer the Drug Precursor  
21 Act and by regulation may add substances to the list of drug  
22 precursors enumerated in Section [~~3 of the Drug Precursor Act~~]  
23 30-31B-3 NMSA 1978. The board shall promulgate regulations  
24 pursuant to the procedures of the Uniform Licensing Act.

25 B. In determining whether to add to the list of

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1 drug precursors a substance, material, compound, mixture or  
2 preparation that is generally recognized as safe and effective  
3 within the meaning of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act  
4 or that has been manufactured, distributed or possessed in  
5 conformance with the provisions of an approved new drug  
6 application or an exemption for investigational use within the  
7 meaning of Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic  
8 Act, the board shall consider:

9 (1) whether the substance, material, compound,  
10 mixture or preparation is:

11 (a) a source of a substance already  
12 controlled under the Controlled Substances Act; or

13 (b) subject to being easily converted to  
14 an immediate precursor of a substance already controlled under  
15 the Controlled Substances Act;

16 (2) the relative ease by which use of the  
17 substance, material, compound, mixture or preparation can  
18 facilitate the manufacture of a controlled substance;

19 (3) legitimate uses that would be unduly  
20 hampered by listing the substance, material, compound, mixture  
21 or preparation as a drug precursor; and

22 (4) any other factors relevant to and  
23 consistent with the public health and safety.

24 [A-] C. In determining whether a substance,  
25 material, compound, mixture or preparation should be added to

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1 the list of drug precursors, the board shall consider:

2 (1) whether the substance, material, compound,  
3 mixture or preparation is an immediate precursor of a substance  
4 already controlled under the Controlled Substances Act;

5 (2) the relative ease by which use of the  
6 substance, material, compound, mixture or preparation can  
7 facilitate the manufacture of a controlled substance;

8 (3) legitimate uses which would be unduly  
9 hampered by listing the substance, material, compound, mixture  
10 or preparation as a drug precursor; and

11 (4) any other factors relevant to and  
12 consistent with the public health and safety.

13 [~~B.~~] D. After considering the factors enumerated in  
14 [~~Subsection A~~] Subsection B or C of this section, the board  
15 shall make findings and issue regulations listing the  
16 substance, material, compound, mixture or preparation as a drug  
17 precursor if it finds that the substance, material, compound,  
18 mixture or preparation has a significant potential for use in  
19 the manufacture of controlled substances.

20 [~~C.~~] E. If the board designates a substance,  
21 material, compound, mixture or preparation as a drug precursor,  
22 then substances, materials, compounds, mixtures or preparations  
23 which are precursors of the drug precursor so designated shall  
24 not be subject to control solely because they are precursors of  
25 a drug precursor.

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1           ~~[D.]~~ F. If any substance, material, compound,  
2 mixture or preparation is designated as controlled under  
3 federal law and notice is given to the board, the board may, by  
4 regulation, similarly control the substance under the Drug  
5 Precursor Act after providing for a hearing pursuant to the  
6 Uniform Licensing Act.

7           ~~[E.]~~ G. Authority to control under this section  
8 does not extend to distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages,  
9 tobacco or pesticides as defined in the Pesticide Control Act. "

10           Section 4. Section 30-31B-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989,  
11 Chapter 177, Section 6) is amended to read:

12           "30-31B-6. REGULATIONS. --

13           A. The board may promulgate regulations and charge  
14 reasonable fees relating to the licensing and control of the  
15 manufacture, possession, transfer and transportation of drug  
16 precursors, which fees shall not be ~~[less than two hundred~~  
17 ~~fifty dollars (\$250)]~~ more than five hundred dollars (\$500) per  
18 license.

19           ~~[A.]~~ B. Every person who manufactures, possesses,  
20 transfers or transports any drug precursor or who proposes to  
21 engage in the manufacture, possession, transfer or  
22 transportation of any drug precursor ~~[must]~~ shall obtain,  
23 annually, a license issued by the board.

24           ~~[B.]~~ C. Persons licensed by the board to  
25 manufacture, possess, transfer or transport drug precursors may

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1 manufacture, possess, transfer or transport those substances to  
2 the extent authorized by their license and in conformity with  
3 the other provisions of the Drug Precursor Act.

4 ~~[C.]~~ D. The following persons need not be licensed  
5 under the Drug Precursor Act and may lawfully possess drug  
6 precursors:

7 (1) physicians;

8 (2) an agent of any licensed manufacturer of  
9 any drug precursor if he is acting in the usual course of his  
10 principal's business or employment;

11 (3) an employee of a licensed common or  
12 contract carrier or licensed warehouseman whose possession of  
13 any drug precursor is in the usual course of the licensed  
14 common or contract carrier or licensed warehouseman's business;  
15 or

16 (4) a student enrolled in a college chemistry  
17 class for credit; provided, however, that the student's use of  
18 the drug precursor is for a bona fide educational purpose and  
19 that the chemistry department of the educational institution  
20 otherwise possesses all the necessary licenses required by the  
21 board.

22 ~~[D.]~~ E. The board may waive by regulation the  
23 requirement for licensing of certain manufacturers if it is  
24 consistent with the public health and safety.

25 ~~[E.]~~ F. The board may inspect the establishment of

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1 a licensee or applicant for license in accordance with the  
2 board's regulations. "

3 Section 5. Section 30-31B-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1989,  
4 Chapter 177, Section 12) is amended to read:

5 "30-31B-12. DRUG PRECURSORS--PROHIBITED ACTS--  
6 PENALTIES. --

7 A. It is unlawful for any person:

8 (1) to transfer drug precursors except to an  
9 authorized licensee;

10 (2) to intentionally use in the course of the  
11 manufacture or transfer of a drug precursor a license number  
12 which is fictitious, revoked, suspended or issued to another  
13 person;

14 (3) to intentionally acquire or obtain, or  
15 attempt to acquire or obtain, possession of a drug precursor by  
16 misrepresentation, fraud, forgery, deception or subterfuge;

17 (4) to intentionally furnish false or  
18 fraudulent material information in, or omit any material  
19 information from, any application, report or other document  
20 required to be kept or filed under the Drug Precursor Act or  
21 any record required to be kept by that act;

22 (5) who is a licensee to intentionally  
23 manufacture a drug precursor not authorized by his license or  
24 to intentionally transfer a drug precursor not authorized by  
25 his license to another licensee or authorized person;

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1 (6) to intentionally refuse or fail to make,  
2 keep or furnish any record, notification, order form,  
3 statement, invoice or information required under the Drug  
4 Precursor Act;

5 (7) to intentionally refuse an entry into any  
6 premises for any inspection authorized by the Drug Precursor  
7 Act; or

8 (8) to manufacture, possess, transfer or  
9 transport a drug precursor without the appropriate license or  
10 in violation of any rule or regulation of the board.

11 B. Any person who violates any provision of this  
12 section is:

13 (1) for the first offense, guilty of a  
14 [~~misdemeanor~~] fourth degree felony and shall be sentenced  
15 pursuant to the provisions of Section [~~31-19-1 NMSA 1978~~]  
16 31-18-15 NMSA 1978;

17 (2) for the second offense, guilty of a  
18 [~~fourth~~] third degree felony and shall be sentenced pursuant to  
19 the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978; and

20 (3) for the third or subsequent offense,  
21 guilty of a [~~third~~] second degree felony and shall be sentenced  
22 pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978. "

23 Section 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. --The effective date of the  
24 provisions of this act is July 1, 2004.