47th legislature - STATE

HOUSE BILL 502

47th Legislature - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2005

INTRODUCED BY

Daniel R. Foley

AN ACT

RELATING TO DRIVING WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR OR DRUGS; PROVIDING FOR REVOCATION OF DRIVER'S LICENSE AND ALLOWING IGNITION INTERLOCK LICENSES AFTER CONVICTION; INCREASING PENALTIES FOR DWI OFFENDERS; REQUIRING IMPOUNDMENT OR IMMOBILIZATION OF THE VEHICLE OF A DWI OFFENDER AFTER CONVICTION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 66-5-5 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1978, Chapter 35, Section 227, as amended) is amended to read:

"66-5-5. PERSONS NOT TO BE LICENSED.--The division shall not issue a driver's license under the Motor Vehicle Code to any person:

A. who is under the age of eighteen years, except the division may, in its discretion, issue:

1	(1) an instruction permit to a person fifteen
2	years of age or over who is enrolled in and attending or has
3	completed a driver education course that includes a DWI
4	education and prevention component approved by the bureau or
5	offered by a public school;
6	(2) a provisional license to any person
7	fifteen years and six months of age or older:
8	(a) who has completed a driver education
9	course approved by the bureau or offered by a public school
10	that includes a DWI education and prevention component and has
11	had an instruction permit for at least six months; and
12	(b) who has successfully completed a
13	practice driving component;
14	(3) a driver's license to any person sixteen
15	years and six months of age or older:
16	(a) who has had a provisional license
17	for the twelve-month period immediately preceding the date of
18	the application for the driver's license;
19	(b) who has complied with restrictions
20	on that license;
21	(c) who has not been convicted of a
22	traffic violation that was committed during the ninety days
23	prior to applying for a driver's license; and
24	(d) who has not been adjudicated for an
25	offense involving the use of alcohol or drugs during that
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period and who has no pending adjudications alleging an offense involving the use of alcohol or drugs at the time of his application; and

- (4) to any person thirteen years of age or older who passes an examination prescribed by the division, a license restricted to the operation of a motorcycle, provided:
- (a) the [motor] motorcycle is not in excess of one hundred cubic centimeters displacement;
- (b) no holder of an initial license may carry any other passenger while driving a motorcycle; and
- (c) the director approves and certifies motorcycles as not in excess of one hundred cubic centimeters displacement and by rule provides for a method of identification of such motorcycles by all law enforcement officers;
- B. whose license or driving privilege has been suspended or denied, during the period of suspension or denial, or to any person whose license has been revoked, except as provided in Section 66-5-32 NMSA 1978 and the Ignition Interlock Licensing Act;
- C. who is an habitual drunkard, an habitual user of narcotic drugs or an habitual user of any drug to a degree that renders [him] the person incapable of safely driving a motor vehicle;
- D. who [within any ten-year period] is [three .154171.1

times; convicted of driving a motor venicle while under the
influence of intoxicating liquor or [narcotic drug regardless
of whether the convictions are under the laws or ordinances of
this state or any municipality or county of this state or under
the laws or ordinances of any other state, the District of
Columbia or any governmental subdivision thereof, except as
provided in the Ignition Interlock Licensing Act. Ten years
after being so convicted for the third time, the person may
apply to any district court of this state for restoration of
the license, and the court, upon good cause being shown, may
order restoration of the license applied for; provided that the
person has not been subsequently convicted of driving a motor
vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or
drugs in the ten-year period prior to his request for
restoration of his license. Upon issuance of the order of
restoration, a certified copy shall immediately be forwarded to
the division, and if the person is otherwise qualified for the
license applied for, the three previous convictions shall not
prohibit issuance of the license applied for. Should the
person be subsequently once convicted of driving a motor
vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or
drugs, the division shall revoke his license for five years,
after which time he may apply for restoration of his license as
provided in this subsection] drugs pursuant to the provisions
of Section 66-8-102 NMSA 1978, except as provided in the
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bracketed material] = delete

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Ignition Interlock Licensing Act;

- E. who has previously been afflicted with or who is suffering from any mental disability or disease that would render [him] the person unable to drive a motor vehicle with safety upon the highways and who has not, at the time of application, been restored to health;
- F. who is required by the Motor Vehicle Code to take an examination, unless [he] the person has successfully passed the examination;
- G. who is required under the laws of this state to deposit proof of financial responsibility and who has not deposited the proof;
- when the director has good cause to believe that the operation of a motor vehicle on the highways by the person would be inimical to public safety or welfare; or
- as a motorcycle driver who is less than eighteen I. years of age and who has not presented a certificate or other evidence of having successfully completed a motorcycle driver education program licensed or offered in conformance with rules of the bureau."
- Section 2. Section 66-5-29 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1978, Chapter 35, Section 251, as amended) is amended to read:
 - "66-5-29. MANDATORY REVOCATION OF LICENSE BY DIVISION . --
- The division shall immediately revoke the instruction permit, driver's license or provisional license of .154171.1

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a driver upon receiving a record of the driver's adjudication as a delinquent for or conviction of any of the following offenses, whether the offense is under any state law or local ordinance, when the conviction or adjudication has become final:

- (1) manslaughter or negligent homicide resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle;
- (2) any offense rendering a person a "first offender" as defined in the Motor Vehicle Code [if that person does not attend a driver rehabilitation program pursuant to Subsection E of Section 66-8-102 NMSA 1978];
- (3) any offense rendering a person a "subsequent offender" as defined in the Motor Vehicle Code;
- (4) any felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle is used;
- (5) failure to stop and render aid as required under the laws of this state in the event of a motor vehicle accident resulting in the death or personal injury of another;
- (6) perjury or the making of a false affidavit or statement under oath to the division under the Motor Vehicle Code or under any other law relating to the ownership or operation of motor vehicles; or
- (7) conviction or forfeiture of bail not vacated upon three charges of reckless driving committed within a period of twelve months.

- B. Except as provided in the Ignition Interlock
 Licensing Act, a person whose license has been revoked under
 this section, except as provided in Subsection C, D, [or] E or
 F of this section, shall not be entitled to apply for or
 receive a new license until the expiration of one year from the
 date of the last application on which the revoked license was
 surrendered to and received by the division, if no appeal is
 filed, or one year from the date that the revocation is final
 and [he has exhausted his] all rights to an appeal have been
 exhausted.
- C. A person who upon adjudication as a delinquent or conviction is subject to license revocation under this section for an offense pursuant to which [he] the person was also subject to license revocation pursuant to Section 66-8-111 NMSA 1978 shall have his license revoked for that offense for a combined period of time equal to one year.
- D. Upon receipt of an order from a court pursuant to Section 32A-2-19 NMSA 1978 or Subsection G of Section 32A-2-22 NMSA 1978, the division shall revoke the driver's license or driving privileges for a period of time in accordance with these provisions.
- E. Upon receipt from a district court of a record of conviction for the offense of shooting at or from a motor vehicle pursuant to Subsection B of Section 30-3-8 NMSA 1978 or of a conviction for a conspiracy or an attempt to commit that .154171.1

license or driving privileges of the convicted person. A person whose license or privilege has been revoked pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall not be entitled to apply for or receive any new license or privilege until the expiration of one year from the date of the last application on which the revoked license was surrendered to and received by the division, if no appeal is filed, or one year from the date that the revocation is final and [the person has exhausted his] all rights to an appeal have been exhausted.

F. Except as provided in the Ignition Interlock

Licensing Act, the division shall not restore the instruction

permit, driver's license or provisional license of a first or

subsequent offender as defined in the Motor Vehicle Code."

Section 3. Section 66-8-102 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1953, Chapter 139, Section 54, as amended) is amended to read:

"66-8-102. PERSONS UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR OR DRUGS--AGGRAVATED DRIVING WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR OR DRUGS--PENALTY.--

A. It is unlawful for a person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor to drive a vehicle within this state.

B. It is unlawful for a person who is under the influence of any drug to a degree that renders him incapable of safely driving a vehicle to drive a vehicle within this state.

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C. It is unlawful for:

- a person who has an alcohol concentration of eight one hundredths or more in his blood or breath to drive a vehicle within this state; or
- a person who has an alcohol concentration of four one hundredths or more in his blood or breath to drive a commercial motor vehicle within this state.
- Aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs consists of a person who:
- (1) has an alcohol concentration of sixteen one hundredths or more in his blood or breath while driving a vehicle within this state;
- has caused bodily injury to a human being as a result of the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle while driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs; or
- refused to submit to chemical testing, as (3) provided for in the Implied Consent Act, and in the judgment of the court, based upon evidence of intoxication presented to the court, was under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs.
- [E. A person under first conviction pursuant to this section shall be punished, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-13 NMSA 1978, by imprisonment for not more than ninety days or by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500), or both; provided that if the sentence is suspended in whole or in part or deferred, the period of .154171.1

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offender may be sentenced to not less than forty-eight hours of community service or a fine of three hundred dollars (\$300). The offender shall be ordered by the court to participate in 5 and complete a screening program described in Subsection K of 7 this section and to attend a driver rehabilitation program for alcohol or drugs, also known as a "DWI school", approved by the bureau and also may be required to participate in other 10 rehabilitative services as the court shall determine to be 11 necessary. In addition to those penalties, when an offender 12 commits aggravated driving while under the influence of 13 intoxicating liquor or drugs, the offender shall be sentenced 14 to not less than forty-eight consecutive hours in jail. If an 15 offender fails to complete, within a time specified by the 16 court, any community service, screening program, treatment 17 program or DWI school ordered by the court or fails to comply 18 with any other condition of probation, the offender shall be 19 sentenced to not less than an additional forty-eight 20 consecutive hours in jail. Notwithstanding any provision of 21 law to the contrary, if an offender's sentence was suspended or 22 deferred in whole or in part, and the offender violates any 23 condition of probation, the court may impose any sentence that 24 the court could have originally imposed and credit shall not be 25 given for time served by the offender on probation. Any jail

probation may extend beyond ninety days but shall not exceed

one year. Upon a first conviction pursuant to this section, an

sentence imposed pursuant to this subsection for failure to complete, within a time specified by the court, any community service, screening program, treatment program or DWI school ordered by the court or for aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement. On a first conviction pursuant to this section, any time spent in jail for the offense prior to the conviction for that offense shall be credited to any term of imprisonment fixed by the court. A deferred sentence pursuant to this subsection shall be considered a first conviction for the purpose of determining subsequent convictions.

F.] E. A [second] first or [third] second conviction pursuant to this section shall be punished, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-13 NMSA 1978, by imprisonment for not more than three hundred sixty-four days or by a fine of not more than [one thousand dollars (\$1,000)] two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500), or both; provided that if the sentence is suspended in whole or in part, the period of probation may extend beyond one year but shall not exceed five years. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary for suspension or deferment of execution of a sentence:

(1) upon a [second] first conviction, an offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than .154171.1

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[ninety-six] thirty consecutive [hours, forty-eight] days, one hundred twenty hours of community service and a fine of [five hundred dollars (\$500) one thousand dollars (\$1,000). addition to those penalties, when an offender commits aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, the offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than [ninety-six] sixty consecutive [hours] days. If an offender fails to complete, within a time specified by the court, any community service, screening program or treatment program ordered by the court, the offender shall be sentenced to not less than an additional [seven] sixty consecutive days in jail. A penalty imposed pursuant to this paragraph shall not be suspended or deferred or taken under advisement; and

(2) upon a [third] second conviction, an offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than [thirty] ninety consecutive days, one hundred sixty-eight hours of community service and a fine of [seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750)] two thousand dollars (\$2,000). In addition to those penalties, when an offender commits aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, the offender shall be sentenced to a jail term of not less than [sixty] one hundred eighty consecutive days. If an offender fails to complete, within a time specified by the court, any screening program or treatment program ordered by the court,

the offender shall be sentenced to not less than an additional [sixty] one hundred eighty consecutive days in jail. A penalty imposed pursuant to this paragraph shall not be suspended or deferred or taken under advisement.

[G. Upon a fourth conviction pursuant to this section, an offender is guilty of a fourth degree felony and, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of eighteen months, six months of which shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

H. Upon a fifth conviction pursuant to this section, an offender is guilty of a fourth degree felony and, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of two years, one year of which shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

I. Upon a sixth conviction pursuant to this section, an offender is guilty of a third degree felony and, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of thirty months, eighteen months of which shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

J.] F. Upon a [seventh] third or subsequent conviction pursuant to this section, an offender is guilty of a third degree felony and, notwithstanding the provisions of .154171.1

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Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of three years, two years of which shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

[K.] G. Upon any conviction pursuant to this section, an offender shall be required to participate in and complete, within a time specified by the court, an alcohol or drug abuse screening program approved by the department of finance and administration and, if necessary, a treatment program approved by the court. The requirement imposed pursuant to this subsection shall not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

[L.] H. Upon a [second or third] conviction pursuant to this section, an offender shall be required to participate in and complete, within a time specified by the court:

- (1) not less than a twenty-eight-day inpatient, residential or in-custody substance abuse treatment program approved by the court;
- not less than a ninety-day outpatient treatment program approved by the court;
- a drug court program approved by the (3) court; or
- any other substance abuse treatment (4) program approved by the court.

The requirement imposed pursuant to this subsection shall .154171.1

not be suspended, deferred or taken under advisement.

[M.] I. Upon a felony conviction pursuant to this section, the corrections department shall provide substance abuse counseling and treatment to the offender in its custody. While the offender is on probation or parole under its supervision, the corrections department shall also provide substance abuse counseling and treatment to the offender or shall require the offender to obtain substance abuse counseling and treatment.

[N. Upon a first conviction for aggravated driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs pursuant to the provisions of Subsection D of this section, as a condition of probation, an offender shall be required to have an ignition interlock device installed and operating for a period of one year on all motor vehicles driven by the offender, pursuant to rules adopted by the bureau. Unless determined by the sentencing court to be indigent, the offender shall pay all costs associated with having an ignition interlock device installed on the appropriate motor vehicles. If an offender drives a motor vehicle that does not have an ignition interlock device installed on the motor vehicle, the offender may be in violation of the terms and conditions of his probation.

O. Upon a first conviction for driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs pursuant to the .154171.1

provisions of Subsection A, B or C of this section, as a condition of probation, an offender may be required to have an ignition interlock device installed and operating for a period of one year on all motor vehicles driven by the offender, pursuant to rules adopted by the bureau. Unless determined by the sentencing court to be indigent, the offender shall pay all costs associated with having an ignition interlock device installed on the appropriate motor vehicles. If an offender drives a motor vehicle that does not have an ignition interlock device installed on the motor vehicle, the offender may be in violation of the terms and conditions of his probation.

P. Upon any subsequent conviction pursuant to this section, as a condition of probation, a subsequent offender shall be required to have an ignition interlock device installed and operating for a period of at least one year on all motor vehicles driven by the subsequent offender, pursuant to rules adopted by the bureau. Unless determined by the sentencing court to be indigent, the subsequent offender shall pay all costs associated with having an ignition interlock device installed on the appropriate motor vehicles. If a subsequent offender drives a motor vehicle that does not have an ignition interlock device installed on the motor vehicle, the subsequent offender may be in violation of the terms and conditions of his probation.]

J. Upon a conviction for driving while under the
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influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs pursuant to the provisions of this section, the offender's driver's license shall be revoked and driving privileges shall be denied.

Within twenty-four hours of conviction, the court shall provide the division with proof of the conviction. Upon receipt of proof of conviction from the court, the division shall revoke or deny the offender's driver's license or driving privileges.

Nothing in this section shall prohibit the offender from applying for an ignition interlock license pursuant to the Ignition Interlock Licensing Act.

 $[Q_{\bullet}]$ K. In the case of a first <u>or</u> second [or third] offense under this section, the magistrate court has concurrent jurisdiction with district courts to try the offender.

[R.] L. A conviction pursuant to a municipal or county ordinance in New Mexico or a law of any other jurisdiction, territory or possession of the United States or of a tribe, when that ordinance or law is equivalent to New Mexico law for driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, and prescribes penalties for driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, shall be deemed to be a conviction pursuant to this section for purposes of determining whether a conviction is a second or subsequent conviction.

[S.] M. In addition to any other fine or fee that may be imposed pursuant to the conviction or other disposition .154171.1

of the offense under this section, the court may order the offender to pay the costs of any court-ordered screening and treatment programs.

N. In addition to any other penalties imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section, upon a first or second conviction pursuant to this section, the motor vehicle the person was driving at the time of the offense shall be impounded or immobilized by an immobilization device for sixty days. Upon a third conviction, the motor vehicle the person was driving at the time of the offense shall be impounded or immobilized by an immobilization device for one hundred twenty days. This subsection shall not apply when impoundment or immobilization of the motor vehicle poses an imminent danger to the health, safety or employment of the convicted person's immediate family or the family of the owner of the motor vehicle.

$[T_{\bullet}]$ 0. As used in this section:

- (1) "bodily injury" means an injury to a person that is not likely to cause death or great bodily harm to the person, but does cause painful temporary disfigurement or temporary loss or impairment of the functions of any member or organ of the person's body;
- (2) "commercial motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle or combination of motor vehicles used in commerce to transport passengers or property if the motor vehicle:

1	(a) has a gross combination weight
2	rating of more than twenty-six thousand pounds inclusive of a
3	towed unit with a gross vehicle weight rating of more than ten
4	thousand pounds;
5	(b) has a gross vehicle weight rating of
6	more than twenty-six thousand pounds;
7	(c) is designed to transport sixteen or
8	more passengers, including the driver; or
9	(d) is of any size and is used in the
10	transportation of hazardous materials, which requires the motor
11	vehicle to be placarded under applicable law; and
12	(3) "conviction" means an adjudication of
13	guilt and does not include imposition of a sentence."
14	Section 4. EFFECTIVE DATEThe effective date of the
15	provisions of this act is July 1, 2005.
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