•		
derece		
[pracketed material]		
ננכ		
I acke		
=		

SENATE BILL 577

47TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2005

INTRODUCED BY

Clinton D. Harden

AN ACT

RELATING TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS; ENACTING THE MUNICIPAL OFFICE COMPLEX FINANCING ACT; AUTHORIZING CERTAIN LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES TO IMPOSE A DAILY FEE ON THE USE OF LODGING FACILITIES; AUTHORIZING QUALIFIED MUNICIPALITIES TO ISSUE BONDS; PROVIDING PENALTIES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. SHORT TITLE.--This act may be cited as the "Municipal Office Complex Financing Act".

Section 2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Municipal Office Complex Financing Act:

A. "additional municipality" means an incorporated municipality, not a qualified municipality, that is authorized to impose municipal office complex fees pursuant to the Municipal Office Complex Financing Act;

B. "local governmental entity" means a qualified
municipality, a county or an additional municipality authorized
by the Municipal Office Complex Financing Act to impose
municipal office complex fees;

- C. "lodging facility" means a hotel, motel or motor hotel, a bed and breakfast facility, an inn, a resort or other facility offering rooms for payment of rent or other consideration;
- D. "municipal office complex fee" means the fee imposed by a local government entity pursuant the Municipal Office Complex Financing Act on vendees for the use of lodging facilities:
- E. "qualified municipality" means an incorporated municipality that has a population of more than one thousand but less than one thousand one hundred, according to the most recent federal decennial census, and located in a class B county with a population greater than eleven thousand but less than fifteen thousand, according to the most recent federal decennial census:
- F. "room" means a unit of a lodging facility, such as a hotel room;
- G. "vendee" means a person who rents or pays consideration to a vendor for use of a room; and
- H. "vendor" means a person or his agent who furnishes rooms for occupancy for consideration.

12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24

. 154723. 1

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

- Section 3. AUTHORIZED LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES. -- The following local governmental entities are authorized to impose municipal office complex fees:
- A. a qualified municipality if the governing body of the qualified municipality has enacted an ordinance to impose a municipal office complex fee;
- B. a county in which a qualified municipality is located, provided that:
- (1) a qualified municipality within the county has enacted an ordinance to impose a municipal office complex fee:
- (2) the board of county commissioners of the county has enacted an ordinance to impose a municipal office complex fee;
- (3) the qualified municipality and the county have entered into a joint powers agreement pursuant to the Joint Powers Agreements Act to collect the revenue from the municipal office complex fee and to expend the revenue as required in the Municipal Office Complex Financing Act; and
- (4) the fee shall only apply to lodging facilities located within twenty miles of the corporate limits of the qualified municipality; and
- C. an additional municipality located within twenty miles of the corporate limits of a qualified municipality in the same county in which that qualified municipality is

located, provided that:

- (1) the qualified municipality has enacted an ordinance imposing a municipal office complex fee;
- (2) the additional municipality has enacted an ordinance imposing a municipal office complex fee; and
- (3) the qualified municipality and the additional municipality have entered into a joint powers agreement pursuant to the Joint Powers Agreements Act to collect the revenue from the municipal office complex fee and to expend the revenue as required by the Municipal Office Complex Financing Act.

Section 4. IMPOSITION OF MUNICIPAL OFFICE COMPLEX
FEE--USE OF PROCEEDS.--

- A. A local governmental entity may impose by ordinance a fee on the use of a room within a lodging facility within the local governmental entity. The fee may be referred to as the "municipal office complex fee". The amount of the municipal office complex fee shall not exceed two dollars fifty cents (\$2.50) per room for each day the room is occupied by a vendee.
- B. A municipal office complex fee imposed pursuant to this section shall be reviewed by the governing body of the local governmental entity annually. The local governmental entity shall adjust the amount of the municipal office complex fee by ordinance to result in an amount of revenue equivalent

2

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

to the following percentage of the actual operating and maintenance costs for the preceding fiscal year of the municipal office complex to which the revenue from the fee is dedicated pursuant to Subsection E of this section: through fiscal year 2026, one hundred (1)

- twenty percent; and
- **(2)** for fiscal year 2027 and subsequent fiscal years, a percentage that is two percent less than the prior fiscal year.
- If municipal office complex fees imposed are subject to the provisions of a joint powers agreement between two local governmental entities, the local governmental entities that are parties to the joint powers agreement shall jointly determine changes in the rate of municipal office complex fees to be imposed.
- A qualified municipality shall not decrease the municipal office complex fee while revenue bonds to which the revenue of the municipal office complex fees is pledged remain outstanding.
- A local governmental entity shall dedicate the revenue from the municipal office complex fee as provided in this subsection at the time that the ordinance imposing the fee is enacted. A local governmental entity that is a party to a joint powers agreement regarding the imposition of a municipal office complex fee shall enact an ordinance that includes the

provisions stated in the joint powers agreement and limits the use of the revenue to the following:

(1) costs of acquisition of land for and the design, construction, equipping, furnishing, landscaping.

- (1) costs of acquisition of land for and the design, construction, equipping, furnishing, landscaping, operation and maintenance of a municipal office complex located within the qualified municipality;
- (2) payments of principal, interest or prior redemption premiums due in connection with and any other charges pertaining to revenue bonds authorized by the Municipal Office Complex Financing Act; and
- (3) costs of collecting and otherwise administering the municipal office complex fee; provided that administration costs shall not be paid until all required payments on the revenue bonds issued pursuant to the Municipal Office Complex Financing Act are made and that no more than five percent of the revenue collected in any fiscal year shall be used to pay administration costs.

Section 5. EXEMPTIONS. -- The municipal office complex fee shall not apply:

A. if a vendee:

- (1) has been a permanent resident of the lodging facility for a period of at least thirty consecutive days; or
- (2) enters into or has entered into a written agreement for a room at a lodging facility for a period of at .154723.1

least thirty consecutive days;

- B. if the consideration paid by a vendee is less than two dollars (\$2.00) a day;
- C. to rooms at institutions of the federal government, the state or any political subdivision thereof;
- D. to rooms at religious, charitable, educational or philanthropic institutions, including rooms at summer camps operated by such institutions;
- E. to clinics, hospitals or other medical facilities:
- F. to privately owned and operated convalescent homes or homes for the aged, infirm, indigent or chronically ill: or
- G. if the vendor does not offer at least three rooms at its lodging facility, provided that the municipal office complex fee shall be imposed on the lodging facilities of a vendor that owns three or more lodging facilities within local governmental entities that have imposed a municipal office complex fee, regardless of the number of rooms available for occupancy.

Section 6. COLLECTION OF MUNICIPAL OFFICE COMPLEX FEE. --

A. A vendor providing rooms in a local governmental entity that has imposed a municipal office complex fee shall collect the proceeds on behalf of the local governmental entity and shall act as a trustee for the fees collected.

13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

10

11

12

B. The municipal office complex fee shall be collected from vendees in accordance with the ordinance imposing the municipal office complex fee and shall be accounted for separately from the rent fixed by the vendor for rooms.

Section 7. AUDIT OF VENDORS.--A local governmental entity assessing a municipal office complex fee shall include verification of the collection of the correct municipal office complex fee in any audit of a vendor conducted pursuant to Section 3-38-17.1 NMSA 1978.

Section 8. FINANCIAL REPORTING. -- The chief executive officer of a local governmental entity assessing a municipal office complex fee shall report to the local government division of the department of finance and administration on a quarterly basis any expenditure of municipal office complex fee funds.

Section 9. ENFORCEMENT. --

A. An action to enforce the Municipal Office Complex Financing Act may be brought by:

- (1) the attorney general or the district attorney in the county of jurisdiction; or
- (2) a vendor who is collecting the proceeds of a municipal office complex fee in the county of jurisdiction.
- B. A district court may issue a writ of mandamus or order an injunction or other appropriate remedy to enforce the .154723.1

provisions of the Municipal Office Complex Financing Act.

C. The court shall award costs and reasonable attorney fees to the prevailing party in a court action to enforce the provisions of the Municipal Office Complex Financing Act.

Section 10. COLLECTION OF DELINQUENCIES. --

A. A local governmental entity shall by ordinance provide that a vendor is liable for the payment of the proceeds of municipal office complex fees that the vendor failed to remit to the local governmental entity. Failure of the vendor to collect the fee is not cause for the local governmental entity to forgive municipal office complex fees due and owed by the vendor. The ordinance shall provide for a civil penalty for each occurrence of failure to remit municipal office complex fees in an amount equal to the greater of ten percent of the amount that was not duly remitted to the local governmental entity or one hundred dollars (\$100).

B. The local governmental entity may bring an action in the district court of the judicial district in which the local governmental entity is located for collection of amounts due, including penalties on the amounts due on the unpaid principal at a rate not exceeding one percent per month, the costs of collection and reasonable attorney fees incurred in connection with the court action to collect the unpaid municipal office complex fees.

Section 11. LIEN FOR MUNICIPAL OFFICE COMPLEX FEE--PAYMENT--CERTIFICATE OF LIEN.--

A. The municipal office complex fee assessed by a local governmental entity constitutes a lien in favor of that local governmental entity upon the personal and real property of the vendor providing lodging facilities in that local governmental entity. The lien may be enforced as provided in Sections 3-36-1 through 3-36-7 NMSA 1978. Priority of the lien shall be determined from the date of filing.

B. Under process or order of court, a person shall not sell the property of a vendor without first ascertaining from the clerk or treasurer of the local governmental entity in which the vendor is located the amount of any municipal office complex fees due. Municipal office complex fees due the local governmental entity shall be paid from the proceeds of the sale before payment is made to the judgment creditor or any other person with a claim on the sale proceeds.

C. The clerk or treasurer of the local governmental entity shall furnish a certificate of lien to a person applying for a certificate showing the amount of all liens in the records of the local governmental entity against any vendor pursuant to the Municipal Office Complex Financing Act.

Section 12. ORDINANCE REQUIREMENTS.--The ordinance imposing a municipal office complex fee or any ordinance amending the imposition of a municipal office complex fee . 154723.1

	13
	14
	15
	16
aerece	17
	18
II T	19
	20
	21
	22
	23
	24
_	

shall:
A. state:
(1) the rate of the municipal office complex
fee to be imposed;
(2) the times, place and method for the
payment of the municipal office complex fee proceeds to the
local governmental entity;
(3) the accounts and other records to be
maintained in connection with the municipal office complex fee;
(4) a procedure for making refunds and
resolving disputes relating to the municipal office complex
fee;
(5) the procedure for preservation and
destruction of records and for their inspection and
investigation;
(6) vendor audit requirements;
(7) applicable civil and criminal penalties;
and
(8) a procedure of liens, distraint and sales
to satisfy those liens; and
B. provide other rights, privileges, powers,
immunities and other details relating to the collection of the
municipal office complex fee and the remittance of the proceeds

. 154723. 1

Section 13.

REVENUE BONDS. - -

thereof to the local governmental entity.

A. Revenue bonds may be issued at any time by a
qualified municipality that has imposed a municipal office
complex fee to defray wholly or in part the costs authorized in
Paragraph (1) of Subsection E of Section 4 of the Municipal
Office Complex Financing Act. The revenue bonds may be payable
from and payment may be secured by a pledge of and lien on the
revenue derived from:

- (1) the proceeds of the municipal office complex fee of the qualified municipality and the proceeds of the municipal office complex fee of a local governmental entity that has entered into a joint powers agreement with the qualified municipality to impose a municipal office complex fee, the proceeds of which shall be dedicated to the payment of revenue bonds for a municipal office complex in the qualified municipality;
- (2) a municipal office complex to which the bonds pertain, after provision is made for the payment of the operation and maintenance expenses of the municipal office complex;
- (3) any other legal available revenues of the qualified municipality; or
- (4) a combination of revenues from the sources designated in Paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection.
- B. The bonds shall bear interest at a rate or rates as authorized in the Public Securities Act, and the first .154723.1

interest payment may be for any period authorized in the Public Securities Act.

C. Except as otherwise provided in the Municipal Office Complex Financing Act, revenue bonds authorized in that act shall be issued in accordance with the provisions of Sections 3-31-2 through 3-31-6 NMSA 1978.

Section 14. REFUNDING BONDS. --

A. A qualified municipality having issued revenue bonds as authorized in the Municipal Office Complex Financing Act may issue refunding revenue bonds payable from pledged revenues authorized for the payment of revenue bonds at the time of the refunding or at the time of the issuance of the bonds being refunded as the governing body of the qualified municipality may determine, notwithstanding that the revenue sources or the pledge of such revenues or both are thereby modified.

- B. Refunding bonds may be issued for the purpose of refinancing, paying and discharging all or a part of outstanding bonds of any one or more outstanding bond issues:
- (1) for the acceleration, deceleration or other modification of the payment of the obligations, including any capitalization of any interest in arrears or about to become due for any period not exceeding one year from the date of the refunding bonds;
- (2) for the purpose of reducing interest costs . 154723. 1

or effecting other economies;

- (3) for the purpose of modifying or eliminating restrictive contractual limitations pertaining to the issuance of additional bonds or otherwise concerning the outstanding bonds; or
- (4) for any combination of the purposes specified in Paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection.
- C. The interest on a bond refunded shall not be increased to a rate in excess of the rate authorized in the Public Securities Act and shall be paid as authorized in that act.
- D. Refunding bonds for any other purpose permitted by the Municipal Office Complex Financing Act may be issued separately or issued in combination in one series or more.
- E. Except as otherwise provided in the Municipal Office Complex Financing Act, refunding bonds authorized in that act shall be issued in accordance with the provisions of Sections 3-31-10 and 3-31-11 NMSA 1978.

Section 15. PENALTIES.--A local governmental entity shall by ordinance provide for penalties by creating a misdemeanor and imposing a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500) or imprisonment for not more than ninety days or both for a violation by any person of the provisions of the municipal office complex fee ordinance for a failure to pay the fee or to remit the proceeds thereof to the local governmental

entity.

- 15 -