RELATING TO LICENSURE; AMENDING ATHLETIC TRAINER STANDARDS; EXPANDING BOARD DUTIES; CHANGING LICENSURE, EXAMINATION AND PROVISIONAL PERMIT REQUIREMENTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 61-14D-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 325, Section 7) is amended to read:

"61-14D-7. BOARD CREATED.--

A. There is created the "athletic trainer practice board".

B. The board shall be administratively attached to the department.

C. The board shall consist of five members who are United States citizens and have been New Mexico residents for at least three years prior to their appointment. Members of the board shall be appointed by the governor for staggered terms of three years each. Three of the members shall be athletic trainers licensed pursuant to provisions of the Athletic Trainer Practice Act. One member shall be employed by a high school. Two members shall represent the public and have no financial interest, direct or indirect, in the occupation regulated. One public member shall be from any area north of interstate 40 in the state and one public member shall be from any area south of interstate 40 in the state. HB 309

Board members shall reside in separate districts. Board members shall serve until their successors have been appointed.

D. Members of the board shall be reimbursed as provided in the Per Diem and Mileage Act and shall receive no other compensation, perquisite or allowance.

E. A simple majority of the board members currently serving shall constitute a quorum of the board.

F. The board shall meet at least once a year and at such other times as it deems necessary.

G. No board member shall serve more than two consecutive terms. Any member failing to attend three meetings, after proper notice, shall automatically be recommended to be removed as a board member, unless excused for reasons set forth in board regulations.

H. The board shall elect a chairman and other officers as deemed necessary to administer its duties."

Section 2. Section 61-14D-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 325, Section 8) is amended to read:

"61-14D-8. DEPARTMENT DUTIES.--The department, in consultation with the board, shall:

A. process applications and conduct and review the required examinations;

B. issue licenses and provisional permits to applicants who meet the requirements of the Athletic Trainer HB 309 Page 2 Practice Act;

C. administer, coordinate and enforce the provisions of the Athletic Trainer Practice Act and investigate persons engaging in practices that may violate the provisions of that act;

D. conduct any required examinations of applicants;

E. hire staff as may be necessary to carry out the actions of the board;

F. maintain board records, including financial records; and

G. maintain a current register of licensees as a matter of public record."

Section 3. Section 61-14D-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 325, Section 9) is amended to read:

"61-14D-9. BOARD POWERS AND DUTIES.--The board:

A. shall select and provide for the administration of examinations for licensure no less often than semiannually;

B. shall establish the passing scores for the New Mexico laws and regulation examinations;

C. shall determine eligibility of individuals for licensure;

D. shall set fees for administrative services and licenses as authorized by the Athletic Trainer Practice Act, and authorize all disbursements necessary to carry out the HB 309

provisions of that act;

E. shall review license applications and recommend approval or disapproval;

F. may adopt and file, in accordance with the State Rules Act, rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of the Athletic Trainer Practice Act;

G. may take any disciplinary action allowed by and in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Licensing Act;

H. may conduct hearings upon charges relating to the discipline of licensees, including the denial, suspension or revocation of a license;

I. may adopt a code of ethics; and

J. may require and establish criteria for continuing education."

Section 4. Section 61-14D-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 325, Section 10) is amended to read:

"61-14D-10. REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSURE.--The board shall issue a license to practice as an athletic trainer to any person who files a completed application, accompanied by the required fees and documentation and who submits satisfactory evidence that the applicant:

A. has completed a baccalaureate degree;

B. is currently competent in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and in the use of automated electrical HB 309

defibrillator units; and

C. demonstrates professional competence by passing the national certification examination recognized by the board and an examination on New Mexico laws and regulations pertaining to athletic trainers prescribed by the board."

Section 5. Section 61-14D-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 325, Section 11) is amended to read:

"61-14D-11. EXAMINATIONS.--Applicants shall demonstrate professional competency by passing the New Mexico laws and regulations examination. The board shall establish the boardapproved examinations application deadline and the requirements for re-examination if the applicant has failed the examination."

Section 6. Section 61-14D-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 325, Section 12) is amended to read:

"61-14D-12. PROVISIONAL PERMIT.--

A. An applicant for licensure who has passed the New Mexico state law and regulations examination may obtain a provisional permit to engage in the practice of athletic training; provided that the applicant meets all licensure requirements except for passing the national certification exam for athletic trainers. The applicant must provide proof of registration to take the national certification examination.

> B. The provisional permit is valid until the HB 309 Page 5

results of the national certification examination have been received in the board office.

C. If the applicant should fail or not take the national certification examination, upon proof of reregistration for the national certification examination, the applicant will be issued a second provisional permit. No more than two provisional permits shall be issued to an individual."

Section 7. Section 61-14D-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 325, Section 13) is amended to read:

"61-14D-13. LICENSE RENEWAL.--

A. Each licensee shall renew his license annually by submitting a renewal application on a form provided by the board.

B. The board may require proof of continuing education, current cardiopulmonary resuscitation certification and certification in the use of automated electrical defibrillator units as a requirement for renewal.

C. If a license is not renewed by the expiration date, the license will be considered expired and the licensee shall refrain from practicing. A licensee may renew a license within the allotted grace period by submitting to the board payment of the renewal fee and late fee and proof of compliance with all renewal requirements. Upon receipt of payment and proof of meeting any continuing education HB 309

requirements by the board, the licensee may resume practice. Failure to receive renewal notice and application for renewal of license from the board does not excuse a licensed athletic trainer from the requirements for renewal.

D. A license granted by the board shall automatically expire if the licensee fails to apply for the renewal license provided for in this section within thirty days of the renewal deadline. Reinstatement of an expired license will require the licensee to reapply and meet all current standards for licensure."

Section 8. Section 61-14D-14 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 325, Section 14) is amended to read:

"61-14D-14. FEES.--The board shall establish a schedule of reasonable fees for applications, licenses, provisional permits, renewal of licenses, placement on inactive status and necessary administrative fees and initial prorated licensing fees."

Section 9. Section 61-14D-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 325, Section 16) is amended to read:

"61-14D-16. DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS--JUDICIAL REVIEW--APPLICATION OF UNIFORM LICENSING ACT.--

A. In accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Licensing Act, the board may deny, revoke or suspend any license held or applied for under the Athletic Trainer Practice Act upon findings by the board that the licensee or HB 309

applicant:

(1) is guilty of fraud, deceit ormisrepresentation in procuring or attempting to procure alicense provided for in the Athletic Trainer Practice Act;

(2) has been convicted of a felony. A certified copy of the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence of such conviction;

(3) is guilty of incompetence;

(4) is guilty of unprofessional conduct;

(5) is guilty of dispensing, administering, distributing or using a controlled substance, as defined in the Controlled Substances Act, or is addicted to any vice to such a degree that it renders him unfit to practice as an

athletic trainer;

(6) has violated any provisions of theAthletic Trainer Practice Act;

(7) is guilty of willfully or negligently practicing beyond the scope of athletic training as defined in the Athletic Trainer Practice Act;

(8) is guilty of aiding or abetting the practice of athletic training by a person not licensed by the board;

(9) is guilty of practicing without a provisional permit or license in violation of the Athletic Trainer Practice Act and its regulations; or

HB 309 Page 8 (10) has had a license, certificate or registration to practice as an athletic trainer revoked, suspended or denied in any jurisdiction, territory or possession of the United States or another country for actions of the licensee similar to acts described in this subsection. A certified copy of the record of the jurisdiction taking such disciplinary action shall be conclusive evidence of the revocation, suspension or denial.

B. Disciplinary proceedings may be instituted by the sworn complaint of any person and shall conform to the provisions of the Uniform Licensing Act. Any party to a hearing may obtain a copy of the hearing record upon payment of costs for the copy.

C. Any person filing a sworn complaint shall be immune from liability arising out of civil action, provided the complaint is filed in good faith and without actual malice."

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