AN ACT

RELATING TO JURIES; EXPANDING THE JURY POOL TO INCLUDE

PERSONAL INCOME TAX FILERS; MODIFYING EXCUSALS AND

QUALIFICATIONS; ALLOWING POSTPONEMENTS; PROVIDING THAT THE

SUPREME COURT DETERMINE LENGTH OF JURY TERMS; PROTECTING

EMPLOYEES; UPDATING LANGUAGE ON RANDOM SELECTION OF JURORS TO

REFLECT NEW TECHNOLOGY; RECONCILING MULTIPLE AMENDMENTS FROM

LAWS 2003.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 7-1-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1965, Chapter 248, Section 13, as amended by Laws 2003, Chapter 398, Section 5 and by Laws 2003, Chapter 439, Section 1) is amended to read:

"7-1-8. CONFIDENTIALITY OF RETURNS AND OTHER
INFORMATION.--It is unlawful for an employee of the
department or a former employee of the department to reveal
to an individual other than another employee of the
department information contained in the return of a taxpayer
made pursuant to a law subject to administration and
enforcement under the provisions of the Tax Administration
Act or any other information about a taxpayer acquired as a
result of the employee's employment by the department and not
available from public sources, except:

A. to an authorized representative of another

state; provided that the receiving state has entered into a written agreement with the department to use the information for tax purposes only and that the receiving state has enacted a confidentiality statute similar to this section to which the representative is subject;

- B. to a representative of the secretary of the treasury or the secretary's delegate pursuant to the terms of a reciprocal agreement entered into with the federal government for exchange of the information;
- C. to the multistate tax commission or its authorized representative; provided that the information is used for tax purposes only and is disclosed by the multistate tax commission only to states that have met the requirements of Subsection A of this section;
- D. to a district court, an appellate court or a federal court:
- action relating to taxes to which the state is a party and in which the information sought is about a taxpayer who is party to the action and is material to the inquiry, in which case only that information may be required to be produced in court and admitted in evidence subject to court order protecting the confidentiality of the information and no more;
- (2) in an action in which the department is attempting to enforce an act with which the department is

charged or to collect a tax; or

- (3) in any matter in which the department is a party and the taxpayer has put the taxpayer's own liability for taxes at issue, in which case only that information regarding the taxpayer who is party to the action may be produced, but this shall not prevent the disclosure of department policy or interpretation of law arising from circumstances of a taxpayer who is not a party;
- E. to the taxpayer or to the taxpayer's authorized representative; provided, however, that nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require any employee to testify in a judicial proceeding except as provided in Subsection D of this section;
- F. information obtained through the administration of a law not subject to administration and enforcement under the provisions of the Tax Administration Act to the extent that release of that information is not otherwise prohibited by law;
- G. in a manner, for statistical purposes, that the information revealed is not identified as applicable to an individual taxpayer;
- H. with reference to information concerning the tax on tobacco imposed by Sections 7-12-1 through 7-12-13 and Sections 7-12-15 and 7-12-17 NMSA 1978 to a committee of the legislature for a valid legislative purpose or to the

attorney general for purposes of Section 6-4-13 NMSA 1978 and the master settlement agreement defined in Section 6-4-12 NMSA 1978;

- I. to a transferee, assignee, buyer or lessor of a liquor license, the amount and basis of an unpaid assessment of tax for which the transferor, assignor, seller or lessee is liable;
- J. to a purchaser of a business as provided in Sections 7-1-61 through 7-1-63 NMSA 1978, the amount and basis of an unpaid assessment of tax for which the purchaser's seller is liable;
- K. to a municipality of this state upon its request for a period specified by that municipality within the twelve months preceding the request for the information by that municipality:
- numbers and addresses of registered gross receipts taxpayers reporting gross receipts for that municipality under the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act or a local option gross receipts tax imposed by that municipality. The department may also release the information described in this paragraph quarterly or upon such other periodic basis as the secretary and the municipality may agree; and
- (2) information indicating whether persons shown on a list of businesses located within that

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municipality furnished by the municipality have reported gross receipts to the department but have not reported gross receipts for that municipality under the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act or a local option gross receipts tax imposed by that municipality.

The employees of municipalities receiving information as provided in this subsection shall be subject to the penalty contained in Section 7-1-76 NMSA 1978 if that information is revealed to individuals other than other employees of the municipality in question or the department;

L. to the commissioner of public lands for use in auditing that pertains to rentals, royalties, fees and other payments due the state under land sale, land lease or other land use contracts; the commissioner of public lands and employees of the commissioner are subject to the same provisions regarding confidentiality of information as employees of the department;

M. the department shall furnish, upon request by the child support enforcement division of the human services department, the last known address with date of all names certified to the department as being absent parents of children receiving public financial assistance. The child support enforcement division personnel shall use such information only for the purpose of enforcing the support liability of the absent parents and shall not use the

information or disclose it for any other purpose; the child support enforcement division and its employees are subject to the provisions of this section with respect to any information acquired from the department;

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the department shall furnish to the information systems division of the general services department, by electronic media, a database containing New Mexico personal income tax filers by county, which shall be updated quarterly. The database information shall be used only for the purpose of producing the random jury list for the selection of petit or grand jurors for the state courts pursuant to Section 38-5-3 NMSA 1978. The database shall not contain any financial information. If any information in the database is revealed by an employee of the administrative office of the courts or the information systems division to individuals other than employees of the administrative office of the courts, the state courts, the information systems division or the department, the employee shall be subject to the penalty provisions of Section 7-1-76 NMSA 1978;

O. with respect to the tax on gasoline imposed by the Gasoline Tax Act, the department shall make available for public inspection at monthly intervals a report covering the number of gallons of gasoline and ethanol blended fuels received and deducted, and the amount of tax paid by each person required to file a gasoline tax return or pay gasoline

tax in the state of New Mexico;

- P. the identity of a rack operator, importer, blender, supplier or distributor and the number of gallons reported on returns required under the Gasoline Tax Act, Special Fuels Supplier Tax Act or Alternative Fuel Tax Act to a rack operator, importer, blender, distributor or supplier, but only when it is necessary to enable the department to carry out its duties under the Gasoline Tax Act, the Special Fuels Supplier Tax Act or the Alternative Fuel Tax Act;
- Q. the department shall release upon request only the names and addresses of all gasoline or special fuel distributors, wholesalers and retailers to the New Mexico department of agriculture, the employees of which are thereby subject to the penalty contained in Section 7-1-76 NMSA 1978 if that information is revealed to individuals other than employees of either the New Mexico department of agriculture or the department;
- R. the department shall answer all inquiries concerning whether a person is or is not a registered taxpayer for tax programs that require registration, but nothing in this subsection shall be construed to allow the department to answer inquiries concerning whether a person has filed a tax return;
- S. upon request of a municipality or county of this state, the department shall permit officials or

employees of the municipality or county to inspect the 1 2 records of the department pertaining to an increase or 3 decrease to a distribution or transfer made pursuant to 4 Section 7-1-6.15 NMSA 1978 for the purpose of reviewing the 5 basis for the increase or decrease. The municipal or county 6 officials or employees receiving information provided in this 7 subsection shall not reveal that information to any person 8 other than another employee of the municipality or the 9 county, the department or a district court, an appellate 10 court or a federal court in a proceeding relating to a 11 disputed distribution and in which both the state and the 12 municipality or county are parties. Information provided 13 pursuant to provisions of this subsection that is revealed 14 other than as provided in this subsection shall subject the 15 person revealing the information to the penalties contained

in Section 7-1-76 NMSA 1978;

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T. to a county of this state that has in effect a local option gross receipts tax imposed by the county upon its request for a period specified by that county within the twelve months preceding the request for the information by that county:

(1) the names, taxpayer identification numbers and addresses of registered gross receipts taxpayers reporting gross receipts either for that county in the case of a local option gross receipts tax imposed on a countywide

basis or only for the areas of that county outside of any incorporated municipalities within that county in the case of a county local option gross receipts tax imposed only in areas of the county outside of any incorporated municipalities. The department may also release the information described in this paragraph quarterly or upon such other periodic basis as the secretary and the county may agree;

(2) in the case of a local option gross receipts tax imposed by a county on a countywide basis, information indicating whether persons shown on a list of businesses located within the county furnished by the county have reported gross receipts to the department but have not reported gross receipts for that county under the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act or a local option gross receipts tax imposed by that county on a countywide basis; and

(3) in the case of a local option gross receipts tax imposed by a county only on persons engaging in business in that area of the county outside of incorporated municipalities, information indicating whether persons on a list of businesses located in that county outside of the incorporated municipalities but within that county furnished by the county have reported gross receipts to the department but have not reported gross receipts for that county outside

of the incorporated municipalities within that county under the Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax Act or a local option gross receipts tax imposed by the county only on persons engaging in business in that county outside of the incorporated municipalities.

The officers and employees of counties receiving information as provided in this subsection shall be subject to the penalty contained in Section 7-1-76 NMSA 1978 if the information is revealed to individuals other than other officers or employees of the county in question or the department;

U. to authorized representatives of an Indian nation, tribe or pueblo, the territory of which is located wholly or partially within New Mexico, pursuant to the terms of a reciprocal agreement entered into with the Indian nation, tribe or pueblo for the exchange of that information for tax purposes only; provided that the Indian nation, tribe or pueblo has enacted a confidentiality statute similar to this section;

V. information with respect to the taxes or tax acts administered pursuant to Subsection B of Section 7-1-2 NMSA 1978, except that:

(1) information for or relating to a period prior to July 1, 1985 with respect to Sections 7-25-1 through 7-25-9 and 7-26-1 through 7-26-8 NMSA 1978 may be released

information with respect to the taxes,

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surtaxes, advance payments or tax acts administered pursuant to Subsection C of Section 7-1-2 NMSA 1978;

- X. to the public regulation commission, information with respect to the Corporate Income and Franchise Tax Act required to enable the commission to carry out its duties;
- Y. to the state racing commission, information with respect to the state, municipal and county gross receipts taxes paid by racetracks;
- Z. upon request of a corporation authorized to be formed under the Educational Assistance Act, the department shall furnish the last known address and the date of that address of every person certified to the department as an absent obligor of an educational debt due and owed to the corporation or that the corporation has lawfully contracted to collect. The corporation and its officers and employees shall use that information only to enforce the educational debt obligation of the absent obligors and shall not disclose that information or use it for any other purpose;
- AA. a decision and order made by a hearing officer pursuant to Section 7-1-24 NMSA 1978 with respect to a protest filed with the secretary on or after July 1, 1993;
- BB. information required by a provision of the Tax Administration Act to be made available to the public by the department;

CC. upon request by the Bernalillo county
metropolitan court, the department shall furnish the last
known address and the date of that address for every person
the court certifies to the department as a person who owes
fines, fees or costs to the court or who has failed to appear
pursuant to a court order or a promise to appear;

DD. upon request by a magistrate court, the department shall furnish the last known address and the date of that address for every person the court certifies to the department as a person who owes fines, fees or costs to the court or who has failed to appear pursuant to a court order or a promise to appear;

EE. to the national tax administration agencies of Mexico and Canada, provided the agency receiving the information has entered into a written agreement with the department to use the information for tax purposes only and is subject to a confidentiality statute similar to this section;

FF. to a district attorney, a state district court grand jury or federal grand jury for an investigation of or proceeding related to an alleged criminal violation of the tax laws;

GG. to a third party subject to a subpoena or levy issued pursuant to the provisions of the Tax Administration

Act, the identity of the taxpayer involved, the taxes or tax

acts involved and the nature of the proceeding;

HH. to the gaming control board, tax returns of license applicants and their affiliates as defined in Subsection E of Section 60-2E-14 NMSA 1978; and

II. any written ruling on questions of evidence or procedure made by a hearing officer pursuant to Section 7-1-24 NMSA 1978; provided that the name and identification number of the taxpayer requesting the ruling shall not be provided."

Section 2. A new section of Chapter 38, Article 5 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"LEGISLATIVE DECLARATION.--It is the policy of this state that all qualified citizens have an obligation to serve on juries and to give truthful information concerning attitudes, opinions and feelings about topics relevant to the proceeding for which they are called to serve when summoned by the courts of this state."

Section 3. A new section of Chapter 38, Article 5 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"POSTPONEMENT OF PETIT JURY SERVICE. --

- A. A person scheduled to appear for service on a petit jury may request a postponement of the date of initial appearance for jury service. The request for postponement shall be granted if the juror:
  - (1) has not previously been granted a

(2) agrees to a future date, approved by the court, when the juror will appear for jury service that is not more than six months after the date on which the prospective juror originally was called to serve.

- B. A subsequent request to postpone jury service may be approved by the court only in the event of an emergency that could not have been anticipated at the time the initial postponement was granted. Prior to the grant of a subsequent postponement, the prospective juror must agree to a future date on which the juror will appear for jury service within six months of the postponement.
- C. A court shall postpone and reschedule the service of a summoned juror, without affecting the summoned juror's right to request a postponement under Subsections A and B of this section, if the summoned juror is:
- (1) employed by an employer with five or fewer full-time employees, or their equivalent, and another employee of the same employer is summoned to appear during the same period;
- (2) the only person performing particular services for a business, commercial or agricultural enterprise and whose services are so essential to the operations of the business, commercial or agricultural enterprise that the enterprise must close or cease to

the exemption granted by this subsection.

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(1) means circumstances in which a person

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would:

(a) be required to abandon another person under the person's care or supervision due to the extreme difficulty of obtaining an appropriate substitute caregiver during the period of jury service;

(b) incur costs that would have a substantial adverse impact on the payment of necessary daily living expenses of the person or the person's dependent; or

(c) suffer physical hardship that would result in illness or disease; and

(2) does not exist solely because a prospective juror will be absent from employment."

Section 6. Section 38-5-3 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1991, Chapter 71, Section 2) is amended to read:

"38-5-3. SOURCE FOR JUROR SELECTION.--

A. Each county clerk shall make available to the secretary of state a database of registered voters of the clerk's county. The secretary of state shall preserve and make available to the information systems division of the general services department, by electronic media, a database of New Mexico registered voters, by county, which shall be updated monthly. The director of the motor vehicle division of the taxation and revenue department shall make available by electronic media to the information systems division of the general services department a database of driver's license holders in each county, which shall be updated

monthly. The secretary of taxation and revenue shall make available to the information systems division of the general services department, by electronic media, a database of New Mexico personal income tax filers by county, which shall be updated quarterly.

- B. The information systems division of the general services department shall program the merger of the registered voter, driver's license and personal income tax filer databases from each county to form a master jury database and write a computer program so that a random selection of jurors can be made. A discrimination shall not be exercised except for the elimination of persons who are not eligible for jury service. The administrative office of the courts shall provide specifications for the merging of the registered voter, driver's license and personal income tax filer databases. The merged database information shall be the database that produces the random jury list for the selection of petit or grand jurors for the state courts.
- C. The court shall, by order, designate the number of potential jurors to be selected and the date on which the jurors are to report for empaneling. Within fifteen days after receipt of a copy of the order, the administrative office of the courts shall provide the random jury list to the court. The information systems division of the general services department shall print the random jury list and jury

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summons mailer forms within ten days after receiving the request from the administrative office of the courts. Upon issuance of the order, the information systems division of the general services department shall draw from the most current registered voter, driver's license and personal income tax filer databases to create the random jury list.

D. The information systems division of the general services department may transfer the master jury database to a court that has compatible equipment to accept such a transfer. The court accepting the master jury database shall transfer the information to a programmed computer used for the random selection of petit or grand jurors."

Section 7. Section 38-5-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 222, Section 11, as amended) is amended to read:

"38-5-11. QUALIFYING JURY PANELS.--

A. The court shall empanel jurors in a random manner. The judge or the judge's designee shall preside over the empaneling of a petit jury panel. The district judge or the judge's designee shall preside over the empaneling of the grand jury panel. Jurors who appear for service shall be questioned under oath as to their eligibility for jury service by the judge or the judge's designee. Claims of exemption, requests for excuse from service or postponement of service shall be ruled upon by the judge or the judge's designee.

to be summoned for service, the date and time for the

appearance of jurors for qualification, the number of jurors

1 to be qualified to provide panels of jurors for trial service 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

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and the size of trial jury panels. Procedures such as the use of alternate jury panels should be established where appropriate to lessen the burden of jury service on persons retained on petit jury panels. Jurors may be drawn, summoned and qualified by the judge at any time to supplement jury panels requiring replacement or augmentation. Petit jury panels may be qualified and may serve as the trial needs of the court require without regard to court terms.

В. The supreme court shall establish, by rule, the appropriate length of jury terms. The court shall consider the number of trials held, the availability of jurors and the administrative and financial impact."

Section 9. Section 38-5-13 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 222, Section 13, as amended) is amended to read:

"38-5-13. DRAWING AND QUALIFYING TRIAL JURY.-- The district court of each county shall maintain a list of the names of the jurors duly empaneled and present for the trial The judge shall cause the names to be randomly of a case. selected until sufficient names have been drawn to provide the number of jurors required for the trial. The name and number of each juror shall be announced. Twelve or six jurors shall compose a petit jury in the district courts for the trial of civil causes. Twelve jurors shall compose a petit jury in criminal and children's court cases.

1	Magistrate and metropolitan jury court selection shall be
2	conducted in accordance with supreme court rules."
3	Section 10. Section 38-5-18 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1979,
4	Chapter 47, Section 1) is amended to read:
5	"38-5-18. EMPLOYER PROHIBITED FROM PENALIZING EMPLOYEE
6	FOR JURY SERVICE
7	A. An employer shall not deprive an employee of
8	employment or threaten or otherwise coerce the employee
9	because the employee receives a summons for jury service,
10	responds to the summons, serves as a juror or attends court
11	for prospective jury service.
12	B. An employer shall not require or request an
13	employee to use annual, vacation or sick leave for time spent
14	responding to a summons for jury service, participating in
15	the jury selection process or serving on a jury. Nothing in
16	this subsection requires an employer to provide annual,
17	vacation or sick leave to employees who are not otherwise
18	entitled to those benefits under company policies."
19	Section 11. EFFECTIVE DATEThe effective date of the
20	provisions of this act is July 1, 2005
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