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FISCAL IMPACT REPORT

 SPONSOR
 Harrison
 DATE TYPED
 3/15/05
 HB
 721/aHBIC/aHAFC/aSPAC

 SHORT TITLE
 Nutrition Council Act
 SB

ANALYST Hanika-Ortiz

APPROPRIATION

Appropriation Contained		Estimated Additional Impact		Recurring or Non-Rec	Fund Affected
FY05	FY06	FY05	FY06		
			\$0.1	Recurring	General Fund

REVENUE

Estimated Revenue		Subsequent Years Impact	Recurring or Non-Rec	Fund Affected
FY05	FY06			
		\$0.1		Nutrition Fund

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

LFC Files

<u>Responses Received From</u> Public Education Department (PED) Commission on Higher Education (CHE) Office of the Attorney General (AGO) Department of Health (DOH)

SUMMARY

Synopsis of SPAC Amendment

The Senate Public Affairs Committee amendment strikes the HBIC amendment and removes specific references to the Secretary of Children, Youth and Families, the Secretary of the Environment, one food service director, one high school student and one Native American representative as required members of the proposed Nutrition Council. The amendment further requires the nutrition council membership to allow for geographical representation; allows Boards to establish by rule continuing nutrition education for certain health care practitioners but does not make it mandatory; allows the UNM school of Medicine to consult with the Nutrition Council in preparing studies on food additives and pesticides with a particular emphasis on carcinogens and

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excitotoxins. The amendment strikes the HAFC amendment and restores the reference to nutrition education for certain licensed practitioners in the title of the Act but replaces "requiring" with "recommending".

Synopsis of HAFC Amendment

The House Appropriation and Finance Committee amendment allows for the advisement of public school districts by the Nutrition Council on the development of grade-specific nutrition and health courses. The amendment strikes "requiring nutrition education for certain licensed practitioners" from the title of the Act but requires the Board to establish nutrition education for licensed health care practitioners and makes it mandatory. The Nutrition Council may develop a questionnaire to be sent to selected students in New Mexico as opposed to every student. Language is removed requiring the Secretary of Education to adopt minimum standards and benchmarks for grade-specific nutrition and health courses for grade advancement and graduation in the public schools. The UNM School of Medicine in consultation with the Nutrition Council will be requested to conduct a study on the precise medical effects of food additives on pregnant women, fetuses and children under the age of five, in addition to the effects of pesticides, herbicides and insecticides. The amendment also removes the appropriation from the bill.

Significant Issues

The Nutrition Fund will be created in the state treasury and consist of gifts, grants, donations and bequests. Money in the Fund is appropriated to UNM School of Medicine for nutrition and health-related research and education. The appropriation to the Nutrition Fund is removed under the SFC amendment.

Synopsis of HBIC Amendment

The Senate Business and Industry Committee amendment adds the Secretary of the Children, Youth and Families Department and the Secretary of the Environment Department, or their designee, to the membership of the Nutrition Council. The amendment describes the requirements for public members appointed to the Nutrition Council to include a food service director, a high school student and a Native American. The amendment also provides for a portion of the appropriation to be used for textbooks and instructional materials for the PED.

Synopsis of Original Bill

HB 721 creates a Nutrition Council and a Nutrition Fund and appropriates \$250 thousand from the general fund to the Nutrition Council for staff, equipment and expenses in FY06; \$300 thousand to the PED for school district nutritionists for FY06 and FY07; and \$200 thousand to UNM for nutrition studies in FY06 through FY08. The Nutrition Council would be administratively attached to the DOH. Any unexpended or unencumbered funds would revert to the Nutrition Fund at the end of FY08.

Significant Issues

The duties of the Nutrition Council are:

• Study ways to improve nutrition programs in state government

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- Recommend nutrition training programs for state employees
- Develop public nutrition education programs
- Develop and implement food safety programs
- Advise agencies on food additives, diabetes, obesity, and food induced behavior disorders
- Recommend ways to improve nutrition
- Advise PED on the development of school nutrition courses
- Review quality of school lunch programs
- Develop a statewide nutrition database of New Mexico students
- Recommend additional food products labeling
- Establishes a "nutrition fund" for nutrition related research
- Licensing boards to impose mandatory nutrition education on professional licensees
- UNM School of Medicine to conduct a study on food additives and pesticides.

PERFORMANCE IMPLICATIONS

PED will be required to impose minimum standards for grade-specific nutrition and health courses, require nutrition and health as a graduation requirement and raise the minimum units necessary for high school graduation from 23 to 24 units. The PED anticipates an impact to the amount of time the PED staff spends on technical assistance, leadership and support for nutrition and health education.

Establishes mandatory nutrition education for certified nurse practitioners, clinical nurse specialists, dentists, physicians, physician assistants and psychologists.

Licensing boards will have to adopt rules mandating nutrition education requirements.

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

The Executive Budget Recommendation includes \$750 thousand in the PED Budget Recommendation for the DOH to implement obesity/nutrition programs to public school children.

The appropriation of \$750 thousand contained in this bill is a recurring expense to the general fund. Any unexpended or unencumbered balance remaining at the end of FY08 shall revert to the nutrition fund.

HB 721 creates a new fund and provides for continuing appropriations. The LFC objects to including continuing appropriation language in the statutory provisions for newly created funds. Earmarking reduces the ability of the legislature to establish spending priorities.

DOH reports excess weight and obesity are major risk factors for a number of chronic diseases, including heart disease, stroke, cancer, and diabetes. The economic burden of these chronic diseases is devastating to our state's economy, representing a high percentage of Medicaid dollars spent for health care services. Data on the direct medical costs attributable to obesity recently calculated and published show an estimated \$324 million of all adult medical expenditures are attributable to obesity in New Mexico; of these \$51 million is spent within the Medicare population, and \$84 million is spent within the Medicaid population.

Members of the Nutrition Council who are not paid by taxpayer funds may receive per diem and

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mileage expenses pursuant to the per diem and mileage Act, but shall receive no other compensation or allowance. The Nutrition Council shall meet at the call of the chair, director or majority of the members. Costs to the State will be determined by how often the Nutrition Council meets and how any recommendations impact state agencies.

ADMINISTRATIVE IMPLICATIONS

The Nutrition Council with consist of the Assistant Attorney General, The Secretary of Public Education, The Secretary of Health, and professional and private citizen appointments by the Governor.

CONFLICT, DUPLICATION, COMPANIONSHIP, RELATIONSHIP

Relates to SB 10, study school nutrition programs; restrict junk food sales; develop physical activity curriculum; improve eating habits of youth. SJM 2, increase physical activity and improve eating habits of youth. HB 61, develops rules regarding foods and beverages sold in public schools. Duplicates SB 525

TECHNICAL ISSUES

A suggestion to remove language requiring the Board to develop mandatory continuing education requirements for licensed health care practitioners.

Recommendation for an Amendment on page 16, line 13 to replace "nutrition fund" with "general fund".

The proposed Nutrition Council does not include a Food Service Director or Native American as a member.

The DOH suggests directing a portion of funding to PED for the collection of data for study purposes, and requires a sampling rather than a survey of the 300 thousand students.

OTHER SUBSTANTIVE ISSUES

DOH reports obesity rates have doubled in children and tripled in adolescents over the last two decades. Overweight youth have a 70% to 80% chance of remaining overweight or becoming obese as adults. Only 2% of children eat a healthy diet (i.e. a diet consistent with federal nutrition recommendations) and 35% are physically inactive. Three out of four American high school students do not eat the recommended 5 servings of fruit and vegetables each day.

WHAT WILL BE THE CONSEQUENCES OF NOT ENACTING THIS BILL?

PED has existing content standards with benchmarks for health education, and integrates health topics into other subject areas.

AHO/lg:njw:yr