Fiscal impact reports (FIRs) are prepared by the Legislative Finance Committee (LFC) for standing finance committees of the NM Legislature. The LFC does not assume responsibility for the accuracy of these reports if they are used for other purposes.

Current FIRs (in HTML & Adobe PDF formats) are available on the NM Legislative Website (legis.state.nm.us). Adobe PDF versions include all attachments, whereas HTML versions may not. Previously issued FIRs and attachments may be obtained from the LFC in Suite 101 of the State Capitol Building North.

FISCAL IMPACT REPORT

SPONSOR Ko	madina DATE TYPED	03/08/05 H	3
SHORT TITLE Wild Horse Testing, Relocation & Adoption		stion S	861/aSCONC/aSJC
ANAL			Γ Wilson
	APPROPRIATI	ION	

Appropriation Contained		Estimated Additional Impact		Recurring or Non-Rec	Fund Affected
FY05	FY06	FY05	FY06		
			See Narrative		

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

LFC Files

SUMMARY

Synopsis of SCONC Amendment

The Senate Judiciary Committee amendment does the following:

- deletes language prohibiting the slaughter of wild horses;
- changes the definition of a wild horse to mean an unclaimed horse on public land that is not a stray;
- clarifies that the bill refers to a wild horse captured on public land; and
- removes the penalty section.

Synopsis of SCONC Amendment

The Senate Conservation Committee amendment to SB 861 includes state trust land controlled by the State land Office to the list of land excluded in the definition of "public land".

Synopsis of Original Bill

Senate Bill 861 states that a wild horse that is captured shall have its deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) tested to determine if it is a conquistador horse. The testing will be done at the mammal division of the museum of southwestern biology at UNM.

If it is a conquistador horse, the wild horse shall be relocated to a state or private wild horse pre-

Senate Bill 861/aSCONC/aSJC-- Page 2

serve created and maintained for the purpose of protecting conquistador horses. If it is not a conquistador horse, it shall be returned to the public land, relocated to a public or private wild horse preserve or put up for adoption by the agency on whose land the wild horse was captured.

If the staff in the mammal division determine that a wild horse herd exceeds the number of horses that is necessary for preserving the genetic stock of the herd and for preserving and maintaining the range, it may cause control of the wild horse population through the use of birth control and may cause excess horses to be humanely captured and relocated to other public land or to a public or private wild horse preserve; adopted by a qualified person for private maintenance; or euthanized; provided that this option applies only to wild horses that are determined by a veterinarian to be crippled or otherwise unhealthy.

The bill makes its unlawful for a person in New Mexico to slaughter a wild horse or to possess or sell a wild horse for slaughter. A person who violates the provisions of this bill is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Significant Issues

A conquistador horse is a wild horse that is descended from horses of the Spanish conquistadores. Proponents of this bill believe it is important to safeguard the heritage of these horses that were brought to the new world by Spanish conquistadores.

Animal welfare people note that these horses are part of our history and should not be slaughtered to supply other countries with meat.

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

It is estimated that this bill will require DNA testing for less than a dozen animals. It cannot be determined how much the testing will cost, but it should be possible for UNM to absorb the costs.

ADMINISTRATIVE IMPLICATIONS

There are federal and state agencies already working in these areas and UNM has the testing facilities already in place. No additional staff will be needed..

DW/njw:yr:lg