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FISCAL IMPACT REPORT

SPONSOR	San	chez, M.	DATE TYPED	2-28-05	HB	
SHORT TITI	LE	Valencia County Su	bstance Abuse Hotlin	ne	SB	1030
				ANAI	JYST	Collard

APPROPRIATION

Appropriatio	on Contained	Estimated Add	ditional Impact	Recurring or Non-Rec	Fund Affected
FY05	FY06	FY05	FY06		
	\$1,000.0			Recurring	General Fund

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

LFC Files

<u>Responses Received From</u> Department of Health (DOH) Developmental Disabilities Planning Council (DDPC) Children, Youth and Families Department (CYFD) New Mexico Corrections Department (NMCD)

SUMMARY

Synopsis of Bill

Senate Bill 1030 appropriates \$1 million from the general fund to DOH for the purpose of developing a hotline in Valencia county to provide information, resources and referrals regarding substance abuse by children under 21 years of age who are at risk of entering the juvenile or adult correctional systems and to contract with a provider to develop and implement a program in Valencia county to provide a continuum of care that includes inpatient and/or intensive outpatient treatment for children under twenty-one years of age with substance abuse problems.

Significant Issues

DOH indicates several incidents in Valencia county have moved concern for youth substance abuse to the forefront of the community health agenda. Valencia county experienced three fatal motor vehicle crashes in quick succession at the end of the 2001-2002 school year that involved teen drivers. Although one of the crashes, in which two young people were killed, reportedly did not involve alcohol, alcohol was believed to be a factor in the other two fatal crashes.

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It is believed that gang activity and membership have increased, with concomitant increases in vandalism and violent gang behavior. Though property offenses have decreased, juvenile offenses against persons have increased. The number of juvenile offenses related to substance abuse in Valencia County has almost tripled from 1993 to 2001.

In the Valencia Community Partnership County Health Profile, adolescent substance abuse was identified as the top priority when county level data was examined in the context of maternal and infant health, child health, adolescent health, injury, crime, chronic disease, mortality and access to health care.

NMCD indicates this bill could be beneficial, if it results in fewer individuals in Valencia county between the ages of 18 and 21 being incarcerated or placed on probation or parole for substance abuse related criminal convictions.

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

The appropriation of \$1 million contained in this bill is a recurring expense to the general fund. Any unexpended or unencumbered balance remaining at the end of FY06 shall revert to the general fund.

ADMINISTRATIVE IMPLICATIONS

DOH indicates, with the Behavioral Health Collaborative procurement process plan for the single state entity (SE) to manage all behavioral health care services, this bill offers an additional \$1 million to be earmarked for Valencia county.

In order to contract with a local provider to develop and implement a Valencia county program that would provide a continuum of care that includes inpatient or intensive outpatient treatment for children under 21 years of age who have substance abuse problems, DOH would need to issue a Request for Proposals consistent with the state procurement code.

OTHER SUBSTANTIVE ISSUES

CYFD indicates the statewide 211 Information and Referral System, currently in development at DDPC, will subsume the hotline function.

DOH indicates the New Mexico Traffic Safety Bureau reported that in 2001, 53 percent of teenage crash deaths in New Mexico involved alcohol. Valencia county ranked eighth in the state for alcohol-involved teen drivers, ages 15 to 19, in fatal crashes in 2000, and ninth in the state for alcohol-involved teen drivers in non-fatal crashes.

Data from the Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey show the following: in 2003, 79.4 percent of Valencia County students surveyed have had a drink of alcohol and 55 percent are current drinkers; 33.7 percent of Valencia county students surveyed were current users of marijuana; 12.9 percent of Valencia county students surveyed are current users of cocaine; and 9.7 percent of Valencia county students surveyed are current users of mathematical surveyed are current users.

In 2003, the Office of New Mexico Vital Records and Health Statistics indicated Valencia county ranked fifth (19.3) in the state for drug-related death rate.

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DOH notes, in proposing a Valencia County hotline, this bill supports the provision of a problem identification and referral mechanism, one of six strategies recognized by the Center for Substance Abuse Prevention. A hotline strategy aims to identify those persons who have used tobacco, alcohol, and/or illicit drugs in an illegal and/or inappropriate manner, and to assess and screen these persons in order to determine appropriate referral methods of intervention and treatment.

DOH is currently working with other community agencies and state agencies in an effort to develop a statewide nurse triage phone line. Combining a county-level hotline for information, resources and referral about substance abuse could be a feasible modification to the statewide nurse triage line, although the bill's language does not specify whether coordination is planned.

This bill delineates two different programs, a hotline and an "inpatient or intensive outpatient treatment" continuum of care, both addressing substance abuse issues among the same age group of children under 21 years of age.

CYFD indicates it currently contracts with five agencies to provide out-patient crisis intervention services, substance abuse assessments and/or out-patient counseling services to youth and their families up to the age of 21, who are involved with or referred by Juvenile Probation and Parole or Protective Services staff in Valencia county. The total amount funded by CYFD to provide services for Bernalillo, Sandoval and Valencia counties is \$2.1 million for FY05. There are currently no in-patient services located in Valencia county to address substance abuse issues for children under the age of 21.

KBC/rs