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### FISCAL IMPACT REPORT

SPONSOR	Vaughn		0 0	NAL DATE UPDATED		НВ	231/aHGUAC
SHORT TITI	LE _	FOOD BANKS FO	R PUBLI	C SCHOOL	CHILDREN	SB	
ANALYS						LYST	Hadwiger

### **APPROPRIATION (dollars in thousands)**

Appropr	iation	Recurring or Non-Rec	Fund Affected
FY06	FY07		
	\$1,200.0	Recurring	General Fund

(Parenthesis ( ) Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

Relates to Appropriation in Section 4 of the General Appropriation Act for \$400 thousand for food banks.

#### SOURCES OF INFORMATION

LFC Files

Responses Received From

Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) Human Services Department (HSD) Children, Youth and Families Department (CYFD) Public Education Department (PED)

**SUMMARY** 

# **Synopsis of HGUAC Amendment**

The House Government and Urban Affairs Committee amendment moves the appropriation of \$200 thousand for fresh fruits and vegetables for school lunches from the Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) to the Human Services Department (HSD) and broadens the use from public school lunches to school lunches (public and private).

## Synopsis of Original Bill

House Bill 231 appropriates \$1.2 million to the Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) to increase funding for food banks statewide (\$600 thousand), to purchase fresh fruits and vegetables for public school lunches (\$200 thousand), and to contract with a statewide association of food banks to purchase foods from New Mexico producers and vendors for an emergency food program and food for kids backpack program (\$400 thousand).

### FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

The appropriation of \$1.2 million contained in this bill is a recurring expense to the general fund. Any unexpended or unencumbered balance remaining at the end of FY07 would revert to the general fund.

#### **SIGNIFICANT ISSUES**

The Human Services Department indicated that, in FY06, that agency received \$200,000 from USDA to purchase fresh fruits and vegetables from New Mexico growers for use in all New Mexico schools who wish to participate. It is unknown whether this federal funding will be available in FY 07. The appropriation in HB231 will make available fresh produce for school lunches. The New Mexico Association of Food Banks would also participate in the purchase of fresh fruits and vegetables, as well as other New Mexico produced products, to offer to low-income residents in the emergency food box program and the Food for Kids backpack program.

The Public Education Department (PED) provided the following background information:

- In 2002, New Mexico had the 5<sup>th</sup> highest rate (14.3%) of food insecurity in the nation. Food insecurity means not having access to enough food due to lack of money (USDA Economic Research Service, *Household Food Security in the United States*, 2002, Oct. 2003).
- Despite improvement, New Mexico's rate of food insecurity is still 32% higher than the national average (12.1%) (Food Research and Action Center, State of the States 2003).
- 328,000 people (17.9) in New Mexico live in poverty. New Mexico has the second highest poverty rate in the nation (US Census Bureau, *Poverty in the United States*: 2002, Current Population Reports, September 2003).
- New Mexico's poverty level is nearly 50% higher than the national average (12.1%).
- Researchers are beginning to demonstrate the coexistence of obesity and food insecurity in low-income households and individuals (Food Research and Action Center, *Obesity, Food Insecurity and the Federal Child Nutrition Programs: Understanding the Linkages*, Oct. 2005).
- In New Mexico, 83% of high school students did not eat five or more servings of fruits and vegetables a day, on average, over the past seven days (2003 YRRS). Two percent of school-aged children eat the recommended servings each day from all five food groups, which means they miss out on a variety of nutrients, including vitamins A, C and B<sub>6</sub>, iron and calcium (National Dairy Council, *Arianna's Nutrition Expedition: Nutrition Backgrounder*, 2005).
- 16% of school-aged children do not meet any of the five food group recommendations (National Dairy Council, *Arianna's Nutrition Expedition: Nutrition Backgrounder*, 2005).
- Obesity affects 16% of children 6-19 years and 10% of children 2-5 years (NHANES).
- Overweight affect 31% of children 6-19 years and 22% of children 2-5 years (NHANES).
- Some 25% of New Mexico high school students are overweight or at risk of becoming overweight (2003 YRRS).

#### PERFORMANCE IMPLICATIONS

PED indicated this bill could positively impact agency performance measures that relate to the Governor's Obesity Prevention initiative, which would enhance student performance by helping to increase the number of students performing at grade level in math and reading as nutrition is positively linked to academic performance.

# **ADMINISTRATIVE IMPLICATIONS**

The Department of Finance and Administration did not anticipate any difficulty administering the bill.

### **TECHNICAL ISSUES**

HSD suggested that the original version of HB231 could be amended to specify that the \$200,000 go directly to HSD for this purpose in order to avoid the need for an additional JPA. HSD would be responsible for purchasing and delivering the produce to the schools. HSD currently performs similar administrative duties with USDA funds. The HGUAC amendment implements this suggestion.

HSD also noted that the original version of HB231 restricted the use of fresh fruits and vegetables for public school lunches. Currently, all New Mexico schools, including private schools, are eligible to participate in the USDA funded farm-to-school program and commodities programs. The HGUAC amendment addresses this suggestion.

## **OTHER SUBSTANTIVE ISSUES**

HSD also noted that New Mexico continues to be in the top five states reporting the most food insecurity and hunger "Household Food Security in the United States 2002-2004" from USDA Economic Research Service statistical report. Food Banks have experienced an increase in requests for emergency food boxes statewide. Introducing more fresh fruits and vegetables into the diets of school children and low-income families will improve their diets and have a positive impact on obesity and childhood diabetes in our state. The Food for Kids backpack program provides a backpack of food to a child after school to use overnight or on a weekend, when there may be no food available at home. All of the fresh produce and other products will be purchased from New Mexico farmers and vendors; the funds will be re-circulated back into the New Mexico economy.

DH/nt:yr