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FISCAL IMPACT REPORT

SPONSOR Koma		ORIGINAL DATE LAST UPDATED		1/24/06	НВ	
SHORT TITLE		Birth Defects Registry			SB	50
				ANA	LYST	Lewis

APPROPRIATION (dollars in thousands)

Appropr	iation	Recurring or Non-Rec	Fund Affected
FY06	FY07		
	250.0	Recurring	General Fund

(Parenthesis () Indicate Expenditure Decreases)

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

LFC Files

Responses Received From
Department of Health (DOH)
Health Policy Commission (HPC)

SUMMARY

Synopsis of Bill

Senate Bill 50 appropriates \$250,000 from the general fund to the Public Health Division of the Department of Health for expenditure in fiscal year 2007 for the Birth Defects Registry.

FISCAL IMPLICATIONS

The appropriation of \$250,000 contained in this bill is a recurring expense to the general fund. Any unexpended or unencumbered balance remaining at the end of fiscal year 2007 shall revert to the general fund.

SIGNIFICANT ISSUES

According to the Department of Health (DOH), approximately 600 infants are born each year in New Mexico (about 1 out of every 45 births) with a major birth defect that may require additional health care and services for the child and family to support the child's growth and development. Birth defects are the leading cause of infant mortality, accounting for 26% of infant deaths in New Mexico (New Mexico Selected Health Statistics Annual Report for 2003, NMDOH). Since 2000, birth defects have been a reportable condition in New Mexico.

Senate Bill 50 – Page 2

The New Mexico Birth Defects Registry is located in the Public Health Division (PHD) of DOH. Both PHD and the Epidemiology and Response Division work together to keep this database populated.

Between 1995 and 2005 the Birth Defects Registry was federally funded by the Center for Disease Control (CDC). In 2005 the state's proposal for continued support was approved but was not funded by the CDC.

There is currently no state or other funding to support this activity. The \$250,000 appropriated by Senate Bill 50 would go to staff to support the registry and possibly to obtain new software to make the registry more user friendly.

The goals of the birth defects registry are to:

- monitor the prevalence of birth defects in the state;
- assess the impact of screening and prevention activities; and
- link children to necessary services such as early intervention services and case management for those that have complex medical needs.

The Health Policy Commission (HPC) notes that about 150,000 babies are born annually in this country with birth defects, and that the direct emotional and health impact on these children presents their families with a tremendous financial burden. According to the HPC, citing the Birth Surveillance Report Card reported by the Trust for American Health, New Mexico Birth Defect Tracking and Prevention includes the following information:

- Statewide program tracks birth defects from birth to age 14.
- Obtains information when fetal deaths are involved.
- Offers birth defects prevention and education services as well as needs assessment for babies with birth defects.
- NM scored a B compared to the rest of the nation.

ML/mt