HOUSE ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL 433

48TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2007

AN ACT

RELATING TO CONSERVATION; ENACTING THE LAND, WILDLIFE AND CLEAN ENERGY ACT; CREATING A BOARD; PROVIDING FOR LEGISLATIVE OVERSIGHT; CREATING FUNDS; AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF BONDS; MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. SHORT TITLE.--This act may be cited as the "Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act".

Section 2. PURPOSE.--The purpose of the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act is to fund projects, conservation easements and fee land acquisitions in order to protect the land base available for working farms or ranches, forests or watersheds, natural areas, outdoor recreation and trails and wildlife habitat; to fund land and habitat restoration and management projects; and to fund clean energy development .168185.1

1	projects.
2	Section 3. DEFINITIONSAs used in the Land, Wildlife
3	and Clean Energy Act:
4	A. "authority" means the New Mexico finance
5	authority;
6	B. "board" means the land, wildlife and clean
7	energy board;
8	C. "clean energy development project" means a
9	project that increases:
10	(1) energy efficiency;
11	(2) the conservation of energy; or
12	(3) the production of energy using biomass,
13	geothermal, hydrogen, solar or wind power;
14	D. "conservation project" means preservation,
15	rehabilitation, restoration or management activities directed
16	at:
17	(1) natural areas;
18	(2) working farms or ranches;
19	(3) wildlife or its habitats;
20	(4) outdoor recreation areas and trails;
21	(5) forests or watersheds; or
22	(6) other ecologically damaged lands;
23	E. "department" means the energy, minerals and
24	natural resources department;
25	F. "director" means the director of the board;
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- "Indian tribe" means a federally recognized G. Indian nation, tribe or pueblo located wholly or partially in New Mexico; a governmental unit or wholly owned enterprise of such an Indian nation, tribe or pueblo; or a consortium of those Indian tribes, nations, pueblos or entities;
- Η. "public or private clean energy development agency" means a governmental body or a private not-for-profit charitable corporation or trust authorized to do business in New Mexico that has tax-exempt status under the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and is authorized to conduct clean energy development projects;
- "public or private conservation agency" means a I. governmental body or a private not-for-profit charitable corporation or trust authorized to do business in New Mexico that has tax-exempt status as a public charity under the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and the power to acquire, hold or maintain land or interests in land; and
- "qualified entity" means a state agency; a political subdivision of the state; an Indian tribe; a school district; a state educational institution named in Article 12, Section 11 of the constitution of New Mexico; or a public or private conservation or clean energy development agency.
- Section 4. LAND, WILDLIFE AND CLEAN ENERGY BOARD CREATED--APPOINTMENTS--TERMS.--
- The "land, wildlife and clean energy board" is .168185.1

1	created and is administratively attached to the department.
2	B. The board consists of fourteen members as
3	follows:
4	(1) the secretary of energy, minerals and
5	natural resources or the secretary's designee;
6	(2) the director of the New Mexico department
7	of agriculture or the director's designee;
8	(3) the director of the department of game and
9	fish or the director's designee;
10	(4) the state engineer or the state engineer's
11	designee; and
12	(5) ten public members appointed by the
13	governor with the advice and consent of the senate, with one
14	representative from each of the following occupations,
15	interests or activities:
16	(a) wind, solar or biomass energy;
17	(b) energy conservation and efficiency;
18	(c) farm production; provided that the
19	representative's primary occupation is farm production;
20	(d) municipalities and counties;
21	(e) land or natural area protection
22	trust;
23	(f) wildlife management and
24	conservation;
25	(g) tribal land conservation;
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(i) livestock or dairy production; provided that the representative's primary occupation is raising livestock or in dairy production; and

(j) hunting or fishing.

c. Appointed members of the board shall serve staggered terms of four years; provided that at the time of making the first appointments, the governor shall designate one-half of the appointed board members' first terms as being two years and one-half of the members' first terms as being for four years so that the terms of no more than five appointed members will expire at the same time. The governor shall appoint the chair of the board. A vacancy on the board shall be filled for the remainder of the term of that appointee. Appointed members of the board shall receive reimbursement for expenses incurred in the performance of their duties pursuant to the Per Diem and Mileage Act and shall receive no other compensation, perquisite or allowance.

Section 5. LAND, WILDLIFE AND CLEAN ENERGY BOARD--POWERS--DUTIES.--

A. The board shall employ a director, who shall hire personnel, not to exceed five full-time employees or the equivalent, and contract for services necessary to carry out the purposes of the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act. The director shall develop and implement plans and a budget as .168185.1

directed by the board.

- B. The department shall be reimbursed for costs incurred for any administrative support provided to the board and the director. The board shall have an independent audit of the board's finances conducted annually.
 - C. The board shall promulgate rules:
- (1) for the management of board-funded projects;
- (2) to govern the application and selection process for projects;
- (3) to ensure appropriate public notice of proposed actions;
- (4) to provide certification requirements of projects to be funded; and
- (5) to otherwise guide the work of the board and carry out the provisions of the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act.
- D. The board shall evaluate each proposed project using the following criteria:
- (1) the project's potential for conserving land or wildlife or increasing clean energy development;
- (2) whether the project leverages or matches other public or private investment in, or in-kind support of, conservation and clean energy development projects, including allowing local governments to match funding by adopting open .168185.1

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space	and	agriculture	protection	policies;

- (3) the impacts of the project, including benefits or avoidance of waste;
- (4) the expertise of the qualified entity proposing the project in conducting conservation or clean energy development projects;
- (5) the project's potential to increase collaboration among the state and its political subdivisions, other public and private conservation and clean energy entities and landowners and other interested individuals or entities;
- an appropriate balance of funding of (6) conservation projects and clean energy development projects over the time that reflects the board's strategic plan;
 - (7) for conservation projects:
- (a) the project's support of private ownership of working farms and ranches;
- (b) the project's assistance to private landowners in land and wildlife conservation;
- (c) the project's potential for conserving land and water in association with ecosystem or natural area protection or habitat enhancement; or
- (d) the project's potential to improve public access to land, water, wildlife and natural areas and outdoor recreation opportunities, including hunting and fishing; and

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(8) for clean energy development projects:
(a) how the project will increase energy
efficiency or conservation; or
(b) how the project will increase energy
production using solar, biomass, geothermal, hydrogen or wind
power.
E. Projects involving acquisition of land or water
rights shall respect private property rights with a preference
for leaving land and water rights in private ownership through
purchase of negotiated conservation easements or voluntary
access agreements to ensure public benefit.
F. No provision of the Land, Wildlife and Clean
Energy Act shall be construed to alter state law regarding
access to the commercial development of, extraction from or
status of a mineral estate.
G. The board may:
(1) administer the land, wildlife and clean
energy fund and make grants and loans from the fund for
projects authorized by the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act;
(2) acquire and manage, or assign management
of, whole or partial interests in land or water rights,
including easements;
(3) make grants or loans to or otherwise
contract with qualified entities for approved conservation
projects and clean energy development projects;

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(4) fund wildlife management project

- request the authority to issue conservation bonds or clean energy bonds to finance eligible conservation projects or clean energy development projects;
- apply for, accept and expend funds from (6) private and public sources; and
- enter into contracts or agreements with qualified entities as necessary to achieve the purposes of the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act.
- The board shall meet at least quarterly, review proposed conservation projects and clean energy development projects and, in consultation with the director, select those projects to be financed with money from the land, wildlife and clean energy fund or with the proceeds of bonds issued by the authority for those purposes.
- By October 1 of each year, the board shall issue an annual report to the legislature and the governor that includes:
- a list and description of each project funded that year and the status of any other ongoing projects;
- a summary of the board's revenues and (2) expenses, including a combined balance sheet and statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances;
- the independent auditor's report or (3) letter;

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		(4)	a su	mmar	y of th	he 1	boaı	rd's	five-	year
strategy	for	carrying	out	the	purpos	ses	of	the	Land,	Wildlif
and Clear	n Ene	ergy Act:								

- (5) information on how qualified entities may apply for funding of eligible projects; and
- (6) an evaluation of the social, economic and ecological effects of its program.
- Section 6. CONSERVATION AND CLEAN ENERGY DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS--LIMITATIONS ON ACQUISITION OF LAND AND WATER RIGHTS.--
- A. Land or water rights shall not be acquired for conservation or clean energy development projects through condemnation or the exercise of the power of eminent domain nor for any purpose other than that authorized by the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act. Land, water rights, conservation easements and access agreements may be acquired pursuant to the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act only if the owner voluntarily enters into an agreement to sell the land, water rights or conservation easement or enter into an access agreement.
- B. Money in the land, wildlife and clean energy fund shall not be used to acquire water rights that:
- (1) are served by or owned by an acequia or community ditch established pursuant to Chapter 73, Article 2 or 3 NMSA 1978 unless the water rights are acquired by an .168185.1

acequia or community ditch;

- (2) are served by an irrigation district established pursuant to Chapter 73, Article 10 NMSA 1978 or a conservancy district established pursuant to Chapter 73, Article 14 NMSA 1978, except through contractual arrangement with the district board of directors or as a special water users association established pursuant to Chapter 73, Article 10 NMSA 1978;
- (3) will result in an increase in net depletions in the affected river or basin that will create cumulative adverse impacts on existing water users, delivery systems or compact obligations;
- (4) cost more than the appraised market value to purchase or lease based upon the best available information and considering the seniority and the consistent, historic beneficial use of the water rights;
- (5) do not have sufficient seniority and consistent, historic beneficial use to effectively contribute to the purposes of the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act;
- (6) have not been adjudicated or licensed by the state engineer or do not comply with all state engineer rules governing surface and ground water transfer applications or that clearly conflict with the state water plan;
- (7) will be used to authorize the exportation of water from one surface drainage basin or declared .168185.1

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1 underground water basin to another; or

- (8) will, upon cessation of use, increase depletions to a river or an underground water basin.
- C. Water rights purchased with money from the land, wildlife and clean energy fund or the proceeds of bonds issued pursuant to the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act shall not be sold to the United States.
- A conservation project that includes the purchase of land or an interest in land with a public or private conservation agency shall, to the extent required by law, require that title to the land or interest in land be held by the state or a political subdivision of the state, or by the private conservation agency and the state, or political subdivision of the state, as cotenants with an undivided interest in the land or interest in the land. If the private conservation agency fails to perform its management, monitoring or enforcement duties as they relate to a conservation project, the ownership interest of any land or interest in land purchased with state funds for that project shall revert to the participating governmental entity until the interest is transferred to another private conservation agency chosen by the owner of the underlying estate, in the case of a conservation easement, or by the participating government entity if the land is owned in fee.
- E. All projects, including the purchase of land, .168185.1

shall guarantee that the project or land shall be maintained so as to protect the public health and welfare.

F. Conservation projects that reduce the taxable land base of a political subdivision that is not a partner in the proposed project shall provide compensation for the estimated revenue loss based on the land's use at the time of purchase to the affected political subdivision from money in the land, wildlife and clean energy fund or the proceeds of bonds issued pursuant to the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act.

Section 7. LAND, WILDLIFE AND CLEAN ENERGY FUND--CREATION--USE.--

A. The "land, wildlife and clean energy fund" is created in the state treasury and shall consist of distributions made to the fund from the conservation and clean energy bonding fund; gifts, grants and donations; other revenue credited to the fund; and income from investment of the fund. Balances in the fund at the end of a fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund. The department shall administer the fund on the board's behalf.

B. Money in the land, wildlife and clean energy fund is appropriated to the board to make loans or grants to, or otherwise contract with, qualified entities for conservation projects and clean energy development projects as authorized by the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act for projects costing .168185.1

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less than two million dollars (\$2,000,000) and, if specifically authorized by law, for projects costing two million dollars (\$2,000,000) or more and for expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of that act. Disbursements from the fund shall be made upon warrants drawn by the secretary of finance and administration pursuant to vouchers signed by the chair of the board or the chair's authorized representative.

Section 8. CONSERVATION AND CLEAN ENERGY BONDING FUND--CREATED--PLEDGE OF MONEY IN THE FUND--DISTRIBUTION.--

The "conservation and clean energy bonding fund" is created as a special fund within the authority. authority shall administer the fund as a special account. fund shall consist of appropriations by the legislature to carry out the purposes of the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act and any other public or private money dedicated to the The fund's earnings shall be credited to the fund. Balances in the fund at the end of any fiscal year shall remain in the fund, except as provided in this section.

В. Money in the conservation and clean energy bonding fund shall be pledged irrevocably by the authority for the payment of principal and interest on conservation bonds and clean energy bonds issued pursuant to the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act. Money in the fund is appropriated to the authority for the purposes of paying debt service, including redemption premiums, on the bonds and expenses incurred in the .168185.1

issuance, payment and administration of the bonds.

- year, the authority shall estimate the amount needed to make debt service payments on the bonds issued pursuant to the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act, plus the amount that may be needed for any required reserves, administrative expenses or obligations coming due during the next twelve months from the fund, and distribute to the land, wildlife and clean energy fund any balance in the conservation and clean energy bonding fund above the estimated amounts; provided that, if there are no bonds issued or outstanding, all money in the conservation and clean energy bonding fund shall be transferred to the land, wildlife and clean energy fund upon receipt by the authority.
- D. The bonds issued pursuant to the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act shall be payable solely from the conservation and clean energy bonding fund or such other special funds as may be provided by law and that do not create an obligation or indebtedness of the state within the meaning of any constitutional provision. A breach of any contractual obligation incurred pursuant to the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act shall not impose a pecuniary liability or a charge upon the general credit or taxing power of the state, and the bonds are not general obligations for which the state's full faith and credit is pledged.
- E. The state pledges that the conservation and .168185.1

clean energy bonding fund shall be used only for the purposes specified in this section and shall first be pledged to pay the debt service on the bonds issued pursuant to the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act. The state further pledges that any law authorizing the distribution of taxes or other revenues to the fund or authorizing expenditures from the fund shall not be amended or repealed or otherwise modified so as to impair the bonds to which the fund is dedicated as provided in this section.

Section 9. CONSERVATION BONDS AND CLEAN ENERGY BONDS
AUTHORIZED.--

A. The authority is authorized to issue and sell from time to time bonds, known as "conservation bonds" or "clean energy bonds", at the board's request and in compliance with the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act and the New Mexico Finance Authority Act for the purpose of financing conservation projects or clean energy development projects when the board has certified the need for the bonds for projects that have been reviewed by the New Mexico finance authority oversight committee and specifically authorized by law.

- B. The net proceeds from the bonds are appropriated to the board for the purpose of financing conservation projects and clean energy development projects pursuant to the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act.
- C. Each series of bonds shall be issued pursuant to .168185.1

the provisions of the New Mexico Finance Authority Act, except as otherwise provided in the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act.

- D. The authority may additionally secure the bonds issued pursuant to this section by a pledge on the money in the public project revolving fund as determined by the authority.
- E. The authority may purchase bonds issued pursuant to this section with money in the public project revolving fund pursuant to the provisions of Section 6-21-6 NMSA 1978.

Section 10. LAND, WILDLIFE AND CLEAN ENERGY ACT IS FULL AUTHORITY FOR ISSUANCE OF BONDS--BONDS ARE LEGAL INVESTMENTS.--

- A. The Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act and the New Mexico Finance Authority Act shall, without reference to any other act of the legislature, be full authority for the issuance and sale of conservation bonds and clean energy bonds, which bonds shall have all the qualities of investment securities under the Uniform Commercial Code and shall not be invalid for any irregularity or defect or be contestable in the hands of bona fide purchasers or holders thereof for value.
- B. Conservation bonds and clean energy bonds are legal investments for any person or board charged with the investment of any public funds and are acceptable as security for any deposit of public money.

Section 11. BONDS TAX EXEMPT.--All conservation bonds and clean energy bonds shall be exempt from taxation by the state .168185.1

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or any of its political subdivisions.

Section 12. THIRD-PARTY ENFORCEMENT LIMIT--NOTICE OF TRANSFER OF PROPERTY .--

- No person shall have a third-party enforcement Α. right pertaining to a conveyance made pursuant to the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act, except against the state or a political subdivision of the state.
- No conservation easement acquired under the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act that restricts the transfer of the conservation easement may be transferred to a third party without prior legal notice to the current owner of the underlying property.

Section 13. APPROPRIATION.--Ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) is appropriated from the general fund to the conservation and clean energy bonding fund for expenditure in fiscal year 2008 and subsequent fiscal years to carry out the purposes of the Land, Wildlife and Clean Energy Act. Any unexpended or unencumbered balance remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund.

Section 14. EFFECTIVE DATE. -- The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2007.

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