HOUSE BILL 487

48TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2007

INTRODUCED BY

Mary Helen Garcia

AN ACT

RELATING TO ELECTIONS; REQUIRING MUNICIPALITIES AND SCHOOL
DISTRICTS TO USE THE SAME POLLING PLACES FOR ELECTIONS AS THOSE
USED IN THE STATE'S GENERAL ELECTIONS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 1-22-6 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 168, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-22-6. PRECINCTS--CONSOLIDATION--POLLING PLACES.--

A. The same precincts that are used in a general election shall be used in a school district election, provided that:

(1) if a precinct lies partly within and partly outside of a school district, the part of the precinct lying within the school district constitutes a precinct for a school district election; and

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- (2) all of the area within the exterior boundaries of a school district may constitute one precinct for a school district election.
- B. In the event that only one candidate has filed a declaration of candidacy for each position to be filled at an election and no declared write-in candidates have filed for any position and there are no questions or bond issues on the ballot, only one polling place for the election shall be designated and it shall be in the office of the county clerk or a designated polling place in the school district of the county in which the school district is located.
- C. Except as otherwise provided in the School
 Election Law, the county clerk shall consolidate precincts for
 a school district election as provided in the proclamation for
 that election and shall provide for a polling place within each
 precinct or consolidated precinct that is in the same location
 as the polling place used for that precinct or consolidated
 precinct in the state's general election."
- Section 2. Section 3-8-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 208, Section 9, as amended) is amended to read:
- "3-8-1. MUNICIPAL ELECTION CODE--SHORT TITLE-PURPOSE--"SHALL" AND "MAY"--HEADINGS--CONSTRUCTION--COUNTING
 DAYS.--
- A. Chapter 3, Articles 8 and 9 NMSA 1978 may be cited as the "Municipal Election Code".

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1	B. It is the purpose of the Municipal Election Code
2	to:
3	(1) secure the secrecy of the ballot;
4	(2) secure the purity and integrity of
5	elections;
6	(3) guard against the abuse of the elective
7	franchise; and
8	(4) provide for the efficient administration
9	and conduct of elections.
10	C. As used in the Municipal Election Code, "shall"
11	is mandatory and "may" is permissive.
12	D. Article and section headings do not in any
13	manner affect the scope, meaning or intent of the provisions of
14	the Municipal Election Code.
15	E. The Municipal Election Code shall govern the
16	conduct of all aspects of all municipal elections except when
17	the Municipal Election Code is silent or is in conflict with
18	the state Election Code with respect to any procedures or
19	protections required of the state by federal law, then the
20	state Election Code shall govern, as appropriate. [The] Except
21	for the provisions of Section 3-8-11 NMSA 1978, the provisions
22	of the Municipal Election Code shall not apply to home-rule
23	municipalities or municipalities incorporated under special act
24	unless the Municipal Election Code is adopted by reference by

such municipality.

F. When computing time, the first day shall be
excluded and the last included unless the last falls on a
Sunday or legal holiday, in which case the time prescribed
shall be extended to include the whole of the following
business day.

G. In the event that a municipality is required by law or ordinance to elect any or all members of the governing body from districts, then that municipality shall adopt an ordinance setting forth rules and regulations necessary to implement elections by district, and [such] the municipal ordinance may conflict with and supersede the Municipal Election Code to the extent [such] the ordinance must do so to legally implement elections by district."

Section 3. Section 3-8-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1985, Chapter 208, Section 19) is amended to read:

"3-8-11. POLLING PLACES.--

A. The governing body shall designate within the municipal boundaries a polling place, in each precinct or consolidated precinct, [which] that is the most convenient and suitable public building or public school building in the precinct that can be obtained and [which] that provides suitable access for handicapped persons as required by law.

The designated polling place in each precinct or consolidated precinct shall be the same polling place as used in the state's general election.

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- В. If no public building or public school building is available, the governing body shall provide some other suitable place, which shall be the most convenient and appropriate place obtainable within the municipal boundaries and in the precinct, considering the purpose for which it is to be used.
- If no public building or public school building is available in the precinct and if there is no other suitable place obtainable in the precinct, the governing body may designate as a polling place for the precinct the most convenient and suitable building or public school building nearest to that precinct that can be obtained; provided, no polling place shall be designated outside the boundaries of the municipality and of the precinct as provided in this subsection until [such] the designated polling place is approved by written order of the district court of the county in which the precinct is located.
- Upon application of the governing body or municipal clerk, the governing board of any school district shall permit the use of [any] a school [buildings] building or a part [thereof] of a school building for the conduct of any municipal election."

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