48TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2007

INTRODUCED BY

HOUSE BILL 559

Candy Spence Ezzell

AN ACT

RELATING TO EMPLOYMENT; ENACTING THE RIGHT TO WORK ACT;

PROVIDING THAT MEMBERSHIP IN A LABOR ORGANIZATION NOT BE

REQUIRED AS A CONDITION OF EMPLOYMENT; PROHIBITING THE

DEDUCTION OF DUES OR FEES FROM THE COMPENSATION OF EMPLOYEES

WITHOUT CERTAIN AUTHORIZATION; PROVIDING FOR INVESTIGATION AND

ENFORCEMENT; PROVIDING A PENALTY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. SHORT TITLE.--This act may be cited as the "Right to Work Act".

Section 2. PUBLIC POLICY.--It is the public policy of New Mexico that all persons shall have and shall be protected in the exercise of the right, freely and without fear of penalty or reprisal, to form, join or assist labor organizations or to refrain from any such activities.

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Section 3. DEFINITION.--As used in the Right to Work Act, "labor organization" means a union, organization, agency or employee representation committee of any kind that exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with employers concerning wages, rates of pay, hours of work or other conditions of employment.

Section 4. MANDATORY MEMBERSHIP AND FEES PROHIBITED.--A person shall not be required, as a condition of hiring, promotion or continued employment, to become or remain a member of a labor organization or to pay any dues, fees, assessments or other charges of any kind to a labor organization.

Section 5. ORGANIZATION APPROVAL PROHIBITED.--An employer shall not require a person to be recommended or approved by, or to be cleared through, a labor organization as a condition of hiring, promotion or continued employment.

Section 6. CERTAIN AGREEMENTS ILLEGAL.--An agreement, understanding or practice, written or oral, implied or expressed, between an employer and a labor organization that is in violation of the Right to Work Act is unlawful.

Section 7. VOLUNTARY CHECKOFF.--An employer shall not deduct from the wages, earnings or compensation of an employee any dues, fees, assessments or other charges to be held for or paid to a labor organization, unless the employer has first received a written authorization for the deduction signed by the employee, which authorization may be revoked by the .165391.1

employee at any time by giving written notice of the revocation to the employer.

Section 8. INVESTIGATION.--It is the duty of the attorney general and of every district attorney to investigate complaints of violations of the Right to Work Act and to prosecute a person suspected of violating that act.

Section 9. ENFORCEMENT.--If, as a result of investigation, the attorney general or a district attorney has good cause to believe that a person is violating or will violate a provision of the Right to Work Act, the attorney general or district attorney may bring an action for injunctive or other appropriate relief in the district court for the county in which the violation is occurring or will occur or in the district court for Santa Fe county.

Section 10. PENALTY.--A person who violates any provision of Sections 4 through 7 of the Right to Work Act is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or by imprisonment for a definite term not to exceed ninety days or both.

Section 11. APPLICATION OF ACT.--The provisions of the Right to Work Act shall not apply to any contract or agreement between an employer and a labor organization in force on the effective date of that act but shall apply to a renewal or extension of the contract or agreement, or to a new contract or agreement entered into after the effective date of that act.

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Section 12. SEVERABILITY.--If any part or application of the Right to Work Act is held invalid, the remainder or its application to other situations or persons shall not be affected.

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