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### HOUSE BILL 664

# 48TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2007

### INTRODUCED BY

Ben Lujan

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24 25 AN ACT

RELATING TO REGULATION OF HORSE RACING; ENACTING THE HORSE RACING ACT; PROVIDING FOR LICENSING AND REGULATION OF HORSE RACING; PROVIDING FOR COOPERATIVE COMPLETION OF BACKGROUND INVESTIGATIONS; DISTRIBUTING PROCEEDS FROM PARI-MUTUEL WAGERS; PROVIDING PENALTIES; AMENDING, REPEALING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. A new Section 60-1A-1 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"60-1A-1. [NEW MATERIAL] SHORT TITLE. -- Chapter 60, Article 1A NMSA 1978 may be cited as the "Horse Racing Act"."

Section 2. A new Section 60-1A-2 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"60-1A-2. [NEW MATERIAL] DEFINITIONS.--As used in the .165547.1GR

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## Horse Racing Act:

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- "board" means the gaming control board;
- В. "breakage" means the odd cents by which the amount payable on each dollar wagered exceeds a multiple of ten;
  - "commission" means the state racing commission; C.
- D. "exotic wagering" means all wagering other than on win, place or show, through pari-mutuel wagering;
- Ε. "export" means to send a live audiovisual broadcast of a horse race in the process of being run at a horse racetrack from the originating horse racetrack to another location;
- "guest state" means a jurisdiction, other than the jurisdiction in which a horse race is run, in which a horse racetrack, off-track wagering facility or other facility that is a member of and subject to an interstate common pool is located;
- "guest track" means a horse racetrack, off-track wagering facility or other licensed facility in a location other than the state in which a horse race is run that is a member of and subject to an interstate common pool;
- "handle" means the total of all pari-mutuel Η. wagering sales, excluding refunds and cancellations;
- "horse race" means a competition among racehorses on a predetermined course in which the horse .165547.1GR

completing the course in the least amount of time generally wins;

- J. "host state" means the jurisdiction within which a sending track is located, also known as a "sending state";
- K. "host track" means the horse racetrack from which a horse race subject to an interstate common pool is transmitted to members of that interstate common pool, also known as a "sending track";
- L. "import" means to receive a live audiovisual broadcast of a horse race;
- M. "interstate common pool" means a pari-mutuel pool that combines comparable pari-mutuel pools from one or more locations that accept wagers on a horse race run at a sending track for purposes of establishing payoff prices at the pool members' locations, including pools in which pool members from more than one state simultaneously combine pari-mutuel pools to form an interstate common pool;
- N. "jockey club" means an organization that administers thoroughbred registration records and registers thoroughbreds;
- O. "licensed premises" means land, together with all buildings, other improvements and personal property located on the land, that is under the direct control of a racetrack licensee, including the restricted areas, grandstand and public parking areas;

	Ρ.	"licensee	<u>"</u>	means a	а ре	ersc	on licensed by	the
commission	and	includes	а	holder	of	an	occupational,	secondary
or racetra	ck 1i	icense;						

- Q. "occupational license" means a license issued by the commission to a vendor or to a person having access to a restricted area on the licensed premises, including a horse owner, trainer, jockey, agent, apprentice, groom, exercise person, veterinarian, valet, farrier, starter, clocker, racing secretary, pari-mutuel clerk and other personnel designated by the commission whose work, in whole or in part, is conducted around racehorses or pari-mutuel betting windows;
- R. "pari-mutuel wagering" means a system of wagering in which bets on a live or simulcast horse race are pooled and held by the racetrack licensee for distribution of the total amount, less the deductions authorized by law, to holders of winning tickets; "pari-mutuel wagering" does not include bookmaking or pool selling;
- S. "pari-mutuel wagering pool" means the money wagered on a specific horse race through pari-mutuel wagering;
- T. "practical breeder" means a person who has practical experience in breeding horses, although the person may not be actively involved in breeding horses;
- U. "primary residence" means the domicile where a person resides for most of the year, and, if the person is temporarily out of state, the address where a person will .165547.1GR

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return when the person returns to New Mexico or the address that a person uses for purposes of a driver's license, passport or voting;

- "quarter horse" means a racehorse that is registered with the American quarter horse association or any successor association;
- "race meet" means a period of time within dates specified by the commission in which a racetrack licensee is authorized to conduct live racing on the racing grounds;
- "racehorse" means a quarter horse or thoroughbred that is bred and trained to compete in horse races;
- "racetrack license" means a license to conduct horse races issued by the commission;
- "racetrack licensee" means a person who has been Ζ. issued a racetrack license;
- "racing grounds" means the area of the restricted area of licensed premises used for the purpose of conducting horse races and all activities ancillary to the conduct of horse races, including the track, stable area, jockey's quarters and horse training areas;
- "retainage" means money that is retained from BB. wagers on win, place and show and on exotic wagers by a racetrack licensee pursuant to the Horse Racing Act;
- CC. "restricted areas" means the stable area, the .165547.1GR

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area behind the pari-mutuel betting windows and anywhere on the racing grounds;

- "secondary licensee" means all officers, DD. directors, shareholders, lenders or holders of evidence of indebtedness of a corporation or legal entity owning a horse racetrack, and all persons holding a direct or indirect interest of any nature whatsoever in the horse racetrack, including interests or positions that deal with the funds of the racetrack or that are administrative, policymaking or supervisory;
- "simulcast" means a transmission of a live audiovisual broadcast of a horse race being run at a horse racetrack other than the horse racetrack or other licensed facility at which the broadcast is being received for viewing pursuant to a simulcasting contract;
- "stakes race" means a horse race in which nominations or entry or starting fees contribute to the purse; an overnight race is not a stakes race;
- GG. "steward" means an employee of the commission who supervises horse races and oversees a race meet while in progress, including holding hearings regarding licensees and enforcing the rules of the commission and the horse racetrack;
- HH. "takeout" means amounts authorized by statute to be deducted from the pari-mutuel wagers;
- "thoroughbred" means a racehorse that is .165547.1GR

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5	services to or in the racing grounds or restricted area of the
6	licensed premises of a horse racetrack."
7	Section 3. A new Section 60-1A-3 NMSA 1978 is enacted to
8	read:
9	"60-1A-3. [NEW MATERIAL] COMMISSION CREATEDAPPOINTMENT
10	OF MEMBERSTERMS OF OFFICE
11	A. The "state racing commission" is created and is
12	administratively attached to the tourism department.
13	B. The commission shall consist of five members, no
14	more than three of whom shall be members of the same political
15	party. The commission members shall be appointed by the
16	governor and be confirmed by the senate. All members of the
17	commission shall hold at-large positions on the commission.
18	C. At least three of the members of the commission
19	shall be practical breeders of racehorses within New Mexico.
20	D. A commission member shall have primary residence
21	in New Mexico and shall be of high character and reputation so
22	that public confidence in the administration of horse racing is
23	maintained.
24	E. The term of each member of the commission shall
25	be six years from the date of the member's appointment. The
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registered with the jockey club;

horse races are conducted; and

KK.

"track" means the surfaced oval area on which

"vendor" means a person who provides goods or

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member shall serve until a successor is appointed. In the case of a vacancy in the membership of the commission, the governor shall fill the vacancy by appointment for the unexpired term.

- F. A person shall not be eligible for appointment as a member of the commission who is an officer, official or director in a corporation conducting horse racing within the state.
- G. Members of the commission shall receive no salary, but each member of the commission shall receive per diem and mileage pursuant to the Per Diem and Mileage Act.
- H. The commission may appoint an executive director and establish the executive director's duties and compensation."
- Section 4. A new Section 60-1A-4 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:
  - "60-1A-4. [NEW MATERIAL] COMMISSION--POWERS--DUTIES.--
    - A. The commission may:
- (1) grant, deny, suspend or revoke occupational licenses, secondary licenses and racetrack licenses, establish the terms for each classification of a racetrack license and set fees for submitting an application for a license;
- (2) exclude or compel the exclusion of a person from all horse racetracks who the commission deems detrimental to the best interests of horse racing or who .165547.1GR

willfully violates the Horse Racing Act, a rule or order of the commission or a law of the United States or New Mexico;

- (3) compel the production of documents, books and tangible items, including documents showing the receipts and disbursements of a racetrack licensee;
- (4) investigate the operations of a licensee and place a designated representative on the licensed premises of a racetrack licensee for the purpose of observing compliance with the Horse Racing Act and rules or orders of the commission;
- (5) employ staff as required to administer the Horse Racing Act and employ staff with basic law enforcement training to be stationed at racetracks to maintain peace and order, enforce the law, conduct investigations and enforce the Horse Racing Act or rules or orders of the commission; provided that staff employed with law enforcement training may not carry firearms or other deadly weapons while on duty for the commission:
  - (6) summon witnesses;
- (7) administer oaths for the effective discharge of the commission's authority; and
- (8) appoint a hearing officer to conduct hearings required by the Horse Racing Act or a rule adopted pursuant to that act.
  - B. The commission shall:

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- (1) make rules to hold, conduct and operate all race meets and horse races held in the state and to identify and assign racing dates;
- (2) require the following information for each applicant on an application for a license:
- (a) the full name, address and contact information of the applicant, and if the applicant is a corporation, the name of the state of incorporation and the names, addresses and contact information of officers, members of the board of directors and managers of the corporation;
- (b) the exact location at which the applicant desires to conduct a horse race or race meet;
- (c) whether the horse racetrack is owned or leased, and, if leased, the name and residence of the fee owner of the land or, if the owner is a corporation, the names of the directors and stockholders;
- (d) a statement of the assets and liabilities of the person or corporation making the application;
  - (e) the kind of racing to be conducted;
- (f) the beginning and ending dates desired for the race meet and the days during that time period when horse races are to be scheduled; and
- (g) other information determined by the commission to be necessary to assess the potential for success .165547.1GR

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2	(3) require a statement under oath by the
3	applicant that the information on the application is true;
4	(4) supervise and oversee the making of pari-
5	mutuel pools and the distribution from those pools;
6	(5) make on-site inspections of horse
7	racetracks in New Mexico at reasonable intervals;
8	(6) approve all improvements proposed to be
9	completed on the licensed premises of a horse racetrack,
10	including extensions, additions or improvements of buildings,
11	stables or tracks;
12	(7) monitor and oversee the pari-mutuel
13	machines and equipment at all horse races or race meets held in
14	the state;
15	(8) approve contracts for simulcasting, pari-
16	mutuel wagering and capital improvements funded pursuant to
17	Section 60-1A-20 NMSA 1978 entered into by horse racetracks;
18	(9) regulate the size of the purses to be
	(9) regulate the size of the purses to be offered at horse races run in the state;
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19 20	offered at horse races run in the state;
18 19 20 21 22	offered at horse races run in the state;  (10) require background investigations of
19 20 21 22	offered at horse races run in the state;  (10) require background investigations of employees of a racetrack licensee as set forth in the rules of
19 20 21	offered at horse races run in the state;  (10) require background investigations of employees of a racetrack licensee as set forth in the rules of the commission; and

of the applicant;

Section 5. A new Section 60-1A-5 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

- "60-1A-5. [NEW MATERIAL] COMMISSION RULES--ALL LICENSES--SUSPENSION, REVOCATION OR DENIAL OF LICENSES--PENALTIES.--
- A. The commission shall adopt rules to implement the Horse Racing Act and to ensure that horse racing in New Mexico is conducted with fairness and that the participants and patrons are protected against illegal practices on the racing grounds.
- B. Every license issued by the commission shall require the licensee to comply with the rules adopted by the commission. A racetrack licensee shall post printed copies of the rules in conspicuous places on the racing grounds and shall maintain them during the period when live horse races are being conducted.
- C. The commission may suspend, revoke or deny renewal of a license of a person who violates the provisions of the Horse Racing Act or rules adopted pursuant to that act. The commission shall provide a licensee facing suspension, revocation or denial of renewal of a license reasonable notice and an opportunity for a hearing. The suspension, revocation or denial of renewal of a license shall not relieve the licensee from prosecution for the violations or from the payment of fines and penalties assessed the licensee by the commission.

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- D. The commission may impose civil penalties upon a licensee for a violation of the provisions of the Horse Racing Act or rules adopted by the commission. The fines shall not exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each violation and shall be paid into the current school fund."
- Section 6. A new Section 60-1A-6 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:
- [NEW MATERIAL] CLASSIFICATION OF RACETRACK "60-1A-6. LICENSES.--
- A license to conduct a race meet in New Mexico shall be classified as either a class A or class B license, determined by the commission as follows:
- a class A racetrack license shall be (1) issued to a racetrack licensee who received from all race meets in the preceding calendar year a gross amount wagered through the pari-mutuel system of ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) or more; and
- a class B racetrack license shall be issued to a racetrack licensee who received from all race meets in the preceding calendar year a gross amount wagered through the pari-mutuel system of less than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000).
- A new racetrack license to conduct a race meet in New Mexico shall be given a classification by the commission based on an estimate of the anticipated gross amounts projected .165547.1GR

to be received by the new racetrack licensee from all parimutuel wagering in the racetrack licensee's first full calendar year of racing. After the racetrack licensee's first full calendar year of racing, the commission shall review the classification and change it if necessary.

C. Each class of license is subject to all provisions of the Horse Racing Act, except as otherwise provided in that act. The commission shall adopt and promulgate rules necessary to provide for license classification."

Section 7. A new Section 60-1A-7 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"60-1A-7. [NEW MATERIAL] ALL LICENSE APPLICATIONS--BACKGROUND INVESTIGATIONS--RULES.--

A. A person applying for a license pursuant to the Horse Racing Act shall submit to a background investigation to be conducted by the board. The commission and the board shall adopt rules to coordinate the manner in which the background investigations are conducted. The rules shall at minimum require that:

(1) an applicant for a license or license renewal shall submit two fingerprint cards to the commission, with one card to be submitted to the board for a statewide check and the other card to be submitted to the federal bureau of investigation for a nationwide check;

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- (2) arrest record information from a law enforcement agency or the federal bureau of investigation and information obtained as a result of the background investigation conducted by the board is privileged and shall not be disclosed to persons not directly involved in the decision affecting the specific applicant;
- an applicant shall provide all of the information required by the commission; and
- the cost of the background investigation shall be paid by the applicant.
- An applicant for a license who is denied the license by the commission shall have an opportunity to inspect and challenge the validity of the record on which the denial of the license was based."
- Section 8. A new Section 60-1A-8 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:
- [NEW MATERIAL] RACETRACK LICENSES--"60-1A-8. APPLICATIONS -- SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS . --
- It is a violation of the Horse Racing Act for a person to hold a public horse race or a race meet for profit or gain in any manner unless the person has been issued a racetrack license by the commission and has been authorized by the commission to hold the horse race or race meet on specific dates.
- An application for a racetrack license shall be .165547.1GR

submitted in writing on forms designated by the commission. An applicant shall affirm that information contained in the application is true and accurate. The application shall be signed by the applicant or the applicant's agent, and the signature shall be notarized.

- C. A racetrack license shall be valid for a period not to exceed one year. The commission may renew a racetrack license upon expiration of the term of the license.
- D. Renewal applications for racetrack licenses shall be filed no later than June 1 of each year. The race dates for the upcoming year shall be set by the commission after the commission receives all renewal applications.
- E. An application shall specify the dates and days of the week of the race meet that the applicant is requesting the commission to approve.
- F. An application shall be filed not less than sixty days prior to the first day the proposed horse race or race meet is to be held.
- G. The fee for a new racetrack license issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
- H. The commission may schedule a date for a hearing on the application for a new racetrack license to determine the eligibility of the applicant pursuant to the Horse Racing Act or as needed for determining the eligibility for the renewal of .165547.1GR

a racetrack license. The applicant shall be notified of the hearing at least five days prior to the date of the hearing. The applicant has the right to present testimony in support of the application. Notice shall be mailed to the address of the applicant appearing upon the application for the racetrack license. Notice of the hearing date, time and location shall be postmarked by United States mail five days prior to the date of the hearing. Deposit of the hearing notice in United States mail constitutes notice.

- I. If, after a hearing on the application, the commission finds the applicant ineligible pursuant to the provisions of the Horse Racing Act or rules adopted by the board, the racetrack license shall be denied.
- J. If there is more than one application for a racetrack license pending at the same time, the commission shall determine the racing days that will be allotted to each successful applicant. Upon renewal, the commission shall determine the racing days that will be allotted to each applicant upon terms and conditions established by the commission.
- K. A person shall not have a direct, indirect or beneficial interest of any nature, whether or not financial, administrative, policymaking or supervisory, in more than two horse racetracks in New Mexico. For purposes of this subsection, a person shall not be considered to have a direct, .165547.1GR

indirect or beneficial interest in a horse racetrack if the person owns or holds less than ten percent of the total authorized, issued and outstanding shares of a corporation that is licensed to conduct a race meet in New Mexico, unless the person has some other direct, indirect or beneficial interest of any nature, whether or not financial, administrative, policymaking or supervisory, in more than two licensed horse racetracks.

- L. To determine interest held in a racetrack, to the extent that the interest is based on stock ownership:
- (1) stock owned, directly or indirectly, by or for a corporation, partnership, estate or trust shall be considered as being owned proportionately by its shareholders, partners or beneficiaries;
- (2) an individual shall be considered as owning the stock, directly or indirectly, if it is held by an immediate family member. For purposes of this paragraph, an "immediate family member" includes only the individual's siblings, spouse or children; and
- (3) stock constructively owned by a person by reason of the application of Paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be considered to be actually owned by the person; and stock shall be constructively owned by an individual by reason of the application of Paragraph (2) of this subsection if the purpose of the constructive ownership is to make a person other .165547.1GR

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than the individual applicant appear as the owner of the stock.

- A corporation holding a racetrack license shall not issue to a person shares of its stock amounting to ten percent or more of the total authorized, issued and outstanding shares, and a corporation holding a racetrack license shall not issue shares of its stock that would, when combined with that stock transferee's existing shares owned, total more than ten percent of the total authorized, issued and outstanding shares of the corporation, unless:
- (1) the corporation gives written notice to the commission at least sixty days before the contemplated stock transfer that the person to whom the stock is being transferred will become an owner of ten percent or more of the total authorized, issued and outstanding shares of the corporation; and
- (2) the corporation receives written approval from the commission of the proposed transfer.
- A determination made by the commission of a matter pursuant to this section shall be final and not subject to appeal."
- Section 9. A new Section 60-1A-9 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:
- "60-1A-9. [NEW MATERIAL] SECONDARY LICENSES --APPLICATIONS -- SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS . --
- A person who is actively and directly engaged in .165547.1GR

the administration of a horse racetrack, whether in a financial, administrative, policymaking or supervisory capacity, shall hold a secondary license issued by the commission.

- B. An application for a secondary license shall be submitted in writing on forms designated by the commission. An applicant shall affirm that information contained in the application is true and accurate. The application shall be signed by the applicant or the applicant's agent, and the signature shall be notarized.
- C. If an applicant for a racetrack license is a corporation, all officers, directors, lenders or holders of evidence of indebtedness of the corporation and all persons who participate in any manner in a financial, administrative, policymaking or supervisory capacity are required to hold a secondary license issued by the commission.
- D. A person who owns or holds, directly, indirectly or beneficially, ten percent or more of the total authorized, issued and outstanding shares of a corporation that is a racetrack licensee is required to hold a secondary license issued by the commission. If the commission finds that a person who owns or holds, directly, indirectly or beneficially, ten percent or more of the total authorized, issued and outstanding shares of a corporation that is a racetrack licensee is unqualified to be issued a secondary license, the .165547.1GR

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commission shall give notice of its finding to the corporation and to the person owning or holding the interest. ineligible person shall without delay offer the shares to the corporation for purchase. If the corporation does not elect to purchase the shares, the person owning or holding the interest may offer the interest to other purchasers, subject to prior approval of the purchasers by the commission.

- A secondary license shall be valid for a period not to exceed three years. The commission may renew a secondary license upon expiration of the term of the license.
- The fee for a secondary license issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500)."
- Section 10. A new Section 60-1A-10 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:
- [NEW MATERIAL] OCCUPATIONAL LICENSES --"60-1A-10. APPLICATION -- SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS. --
- A person required by the Horse Racing Act to have an occupational license shall apply for and may be issued an occupational license by the commission.
- An application for an occupational license shall be submitted in writing on forms designated by the commission. An applicant shall affirm that information contained in the application is true and accurate. The application shall be signed by the applicant or the applicant's agent.
- An occupational license shall be valid for a .165547.1GR

1	period not to exceed five years. The commission may renew an
2	occupational license upon expiration of the term of the
3	license.
4	D. The fee for an occupational license issued
5	pursuant to this section shall not exceed one hundred dollars
6	(\$100)."
7	Section 11. A new Section 60-1A-11 NMSA 1978 is enacted
8	to read:
9	"60-1A-11. [NEW MATERIAL] GRANTING A LICENSESTANDARDS
10	A. A license shall not be issued or renewed unless
11	the applicant has satisfied the commission that the applicant:
12	(1) is of good moral character, honesty and
13	integrity;
14	(2) does not have prior activities, criminal
15	record, reputation, habits or associations that:
16	(a) pose a threat to the public
17	interest;
18	(b) pose a threat to the effective
19	regulation and control of horse racing; or
20	(c) create or enhance the dangers of
21	unsuitable, unfair or illegal practices, methods and activities
22	in the conduct of horse racing, the business of operating a
23	horse racetrack or the financial activities incidental to
24	operating a horse racetrack;
25	(3) is qualified to be licensed consistent

with the Horse Racing Act;

- (4) has sufficient business probity, competence and experience in horse racing as determined by the commission;
- (5) has proposed financing that is sufficient for the nature of the license and from a suitable source that meets the criteria set forth in this subsection; and
- (6) is sufficiently capitalized pursuant to standards set by the commission to conduct the business covered by the license.
- B. The commission shall establish by rule additional qualifications for a licensee as it deems in the public interest.
- C. A person issued or applying for an occupational license who has positive test results for a controlled substance or who has been convicted of a violation of a federal or state controlled substance law shall be denied a license or shall be subject to revocation of an existing license unless sufficient evidence of rehabilitation is presented to the commission.
- D. If the commission finds that an applicant for an occupational license or an occupational licensee has been convicted of any of the provisions of Subsection E of this section, the applicant shall be denied the occupational license or the occupational licensee shall have the occupational

license revoked. An occupational license shall not be issued by the commission to an applicant or occupational licensee for a period of five years from the date of denial or revocation pursuant to this subsection.

- E. An occupational license shall be denied or revoked if the applicant or occupational licensee, for the purpose of stimulating or depressing a race horse or affecting its speed or stamina during a race or workout, is found to have:
- (1) administered, attempted to administer or conspired to administer to a race horse, internally, externally or by injection, a drug, chemical, stimulant or depressant, or other foreign substances not naturally occurring in a race horse, unless the applicant or occupational licensee has been specifically permitted to do so by the commission or a steward; or
- (2) attempted to use, used or conspired with others to use an electrical or mechanical device, implement or instrument, except an ordinary whip, unless the applicant or occupational licensee has been specifically permitted by the commission or a steward to use the device, implement or instrument.
- F. The burden of proving the qualifications of an applicant or licensee to be issued or have a license renewed shall be on the applicant or licensee.

G. A determination by the commission of a matter pursuant to this section shall be final and conclusive and not subject to appeal."

Section 12. A new Section 60-1A-12 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"60-1A-12. [NEW MATERIAL] STEWARDS--POWERS--DUTIES.-There shall be three stewards, licensed and employed by the
commission, to supervise each horse race meet. One of the
stewards shall be designated the presiding official steward of
the race meet. Stewards, other than the presiding official
steward, shall be employed subject to the approval of the
racetrack licensee. All stewards shall be licensed or
certified by a nationally recognized horse racing organization.
Stewards shall exercise those powers and duties prescribed by
commission rules. A decision or action of a steward may be
reviewed or reconsidered by the commission."

Section 13. A new Section 60-1A-13 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"60-1A-13. [NEW MATERIAL] OFFICIAL CHEMIST-QUALIFICATIONS--DUTIES.--The commission shall designate at
least one official chemist. An official chemist shall hold a
doctorate degree in chemistry or a related field and shall be
knowledgeable and experienced in the techniques used for
testing the blood, urine and saliva of horses for drugs,
chemicals, stimulants, depressants or other foreign substances
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not naturally occurring in a horse. The official chemist may be an employee of a private laboratory located in New Mexico or an employee of an agency of New Mexico. The official chemist shall exercise the duties prescribed by rules of the commission." Section 14. A new Section 60-1A-14 NMSA 1978 is enacted

to read:

### "60-1A-14. [NEW MATERIAL] TESTING SPECIMENS. --

- Α. The commission shall adopt rules applying to the handling and testing of urine and other specimens identified by the commission to be taken from racehorses.
- Each specimen taken from a racehorse shall be divided into two or more samples, and:
- one sample shall be tested by the (1) commission or its designated laboratory in order to detect the presence of unauthorized drugs, chemicals, stimulants, depressants or other foreign substances not naturally occurring in a horse; and
- the second sample shall be forwarded by the commission to the scientific laboratory division of the department of health.
- After an inconclusive or positive test result on the sample tested by the commission or its designated laboratory and upon a written request from the president, executive director or manager of the New Mexico horsemen's

association on forms designated by the commission, the scientific laboratory division shall transmit the corresponding second sample to the New Mexico horsemen's association.

- D. The scientific laboratory division shall keep all samples in a controlled environment for a period of at least three months.
- E. The commission shall contract with an independent laboratory to maintain a quality assurance program."

Section 15. A new Section 60-1A-15 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

- "60-1A-15. [NEW MATERIAL] PARI-MUTUEL WAGERING
  AUTHORIZED--GAMBLING STATUTES DO NOT APPLY.--
- A. A racetrack licensee may conduct pari-mutuel wagering on live horse races or on simulcasted horse races.
- B. Pari-mutuel wagering may be conducted only on the licensed premises where a live horse race is conducted or where a simulcast horse race is televised or projected on the racing grounds of the licensed premises of a racetrack licensee.
- C. The sale to patrons present on the licensed premises of a racetrack licensee of pari-mutuel tickets or certificates is not gambling as defined in Section 30-19-2 or 30-19-3 NMSA 1978.
- D. Placing a wager while on the licensed premises .165547.1GR

of a racetrack licensee is not placing a bet pursuant to Section 30-19-1 NMSA 1978.

E. The licensed premises of a horse racetrack is not a gambling place as defined in Section 30-19-1 NMSA 1978."

Section 16. A new Section 60-1A-16 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

### "60-1A-16. [NEW MATERIAL] SIMULCASTING.--

A. All simulcasting of horse races shall have prior approval of the commission, and the commission shall adopt rules concerning the simulcasting of horse races as provided in this section.

- B. A racetrack licensee shall not be allowed to simulcast horse races unless that racetrack licensee offers a minimum of four live race days a week with at least nine live races each race day during its race meet.
- C. The commission may permit exporting of a horse race being run by a racetrack licensee to another racetrack licensee within New Mexico or exporting of a horse race from a racetrack licensee to another location holding a pari-mutuel or gaming license that allows simulcasting of a horse race from outside of the state or jurisdiction that licenses that out-of-state facility.
- D. The commission may permit importing by a racetrack licensee of horse races that are being run at racetracks outside of the state licensed by a host state.

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- Ε. Pari-mutuel wagering on simulcast horse races shall be prohibited except on the licensed premises of a racetrack licensee on days when live horse racing occurs at the horse racetrack or on days when the racetrack licensee is importing a race meet from another New Mexico-licensed horse racetrack.
- F. A New Mexico-licensed horse racetrack that is within a radius of eighty miles of any other New Mexicolicensed horse racetrack with a race meet in progress may only conduct pari-mutuel wagering on imported horse races if there is a written agreement between the two racetrack licensees allowing pari-mutuel wagering on imported horse races during the period of time that the live horse races are taking place."

Section 17. A new Section 60-1A-17 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"60-1A-17. [NEW MATERIAL] INTERSTATE COMMON POOL WAGERING--AUTHORIZED.--

- Subject to the federal Interstate Horseracing Act of 1978, the commission may permit a racetrack licensee to participate in interstate common pools. All provisions of the Horse Racing Act that govern pari-mutuel wagering apply to pari-mutuel wagering in interstate common pools except as otherwise provided in this section.
- Daily pari-mutuel tax and daily capital outlay tax shall not be imposed upon amounts wagered in an interstate .165547.1GR

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common pool other than upon amounts wagered within New Mexico.

- Subject to prior approval of the commission, the following provisions apply when a racetrack licensee participates in interstate common pools on a horse race that originates outside of New Mexico:
- (1) a racetrack licensee may combine its parimutuel pools at the host track and other locations. The types of wagering, takeout, distribution of winnings and rules of racing in effect for pari-mutuel pools at the host track shall govern wagers placed in New Mexico and merged into the interstate common pool. Breakage for interstate common pools shall be calculated in accordance with the rules governing the host track and shall be distributed in a manner agreed upon by the racetrack licensee in New Mexico and the host track;
- (2) with the concurrence of the host track, an interstate common pool that excludes the host track may be formed with the racetrack licensee in New Mexico and other locations outside of the host state. When an interstate common pool is formed pursuant to this paragraph, the commission may approve types of wagering, takeout, distribution of winnings, rules of racing and calculation of breakage that are different from those that are in effect in New Mexico; provided that the rules are applied consistently to all persons in the interstate common pool;
- the racetrack licensee may deduct from .165547.1GR

retainage resulting from an interstate common pool a reasonable fee to be paid to the person conducting the horse race at the host track for the privilege of conducting pari-mutuel wagering on the race and participating in the interstate common pool and for payment of costs incurred to transmit the simulcast horse race; and

- (4) provisions of New Mexico law or contracts governing the distribution of daily pari-mutuel tax and daily capital outlay tax and breeders' or other awards and purses from the takeout from wagers placed in New Mexico shall remain in effect for wagers placed in an interstate common pool; provided that if the commission approves an adjustment in the takeout rate, the distribution of the takeout within New Mexico shall be adjusted proportionately to reflect the adjustment in the takeout rate; and provided further that with the concurrence of the racetrack licensee and the organization representing a majority of the breeders, horsemen or other persons entitled to shares of the distribution and subject to approval of the commission, the respective shares to breeders' or other awards or purses may be modified.
- D. Subject to prior approval of the commission, the following provisions apply when a racetrack licensee in New Mexico participates in interstate common pools as a host track:
- (1) a racetrack licensee may permit one or more of its horse races to be used for pari-mutuel wagering at, .165547.1GR

and may export a horse race to, one or more licensed sites outside of New Mexico. The racetrack licensee may also permit pari-mutuel pools in other locations to be combined with the racetrack licensee's comparable pari-mutuel wagering pools or with wagering pools established in other jurisdictions. The commission may modify its rules and adopt separate rules for the interstate common pools and their calculation of breakage; and

- (2) except as otherwise provided in this section, New Mexico law or contracts governing the distribution of shares of the takeout for daily pari-mutuel tax or daily capital outlay tax and breeders' or other awards and purses shall remain in effect for amounts wagered within New Mexico in interstate common pools; provided that with the concurrence of the racetrack licensee of the host track and the organization representing a majority of the breeders, horsemen or other persons entitled to shares of the distribution, and subject to approval of the commission, the respective shares to breeders' or other awards or purses may be modified.
- E. When the laws and rules of the host state and guest states permit, an interstate common pool may be established on a regional or other basis between two or more guest states and not include a merger into the host state's pari-mutuel wagering pool, in which case, one of the guest state's tracks shall serve as if it were the host track for the .165547.1GR

purposes of calculating the pari-mutuel wagering pool. An interstate common pool may include members located outside of the United States. Except as otherwise set forth in commission rules, participation by a person in an interstate common pool with wagering facilities in one or more states or jurisdictions shall not cause the participating person to be deemed to be doing business in a jurisdiction other than the jurisdiction in which that person is physically located.

F. The commission may adopt rules necessary to implement this section."

Section 18. A new Section 60-1A-18 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"60-1A-18. [NEW MATERIAL] DAILY PARI-MUTUEL TAX-TMPOSED--RATE.--

A. The "daily pari-mutuel tax" is imposed on a racetrack licensee that offers pari-mutuel wagering at the racetrack licensee's licensed premises and shall be remitted to the taxation and revenue department for deposit in the general fund.

- B. The daily pari-mutuel tax imposed on class A racetrack licensees pursuant to this section shall be:
- (1) for each racing day a class A racetrack licensee offers pari-mutuel wagering on live on-track horse races, six hundred fifty dollars (\$650); provided, however, that a class A racetrack licensee shall deduct from the six .165547.1GR

hundred fifty dollars (\$650) and remit to the municipality in which the racetrack licensee is located one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) if the racetrack licensee is located in a municipality having a population according to the 2000 federal decennial census of:

- (a) less than six thousand located in a county with a population of more than ten thousand but less than fifteen thousand; or
- (b) more than eight thousand but less than ten thousand located in a county with a population of more than one hundred thousand but less than one hundred fifty thousand; and
- (2) for each day a class A racetrack licensee offers no pari-mutuel wagering on live on-track horse races and offers solely pari-mutuel wagering on simulcast races pursuant to the Horse Racing Act, one-eighth percent of the racetrack licensee's gross daily handle, not to exceed three hundred dollars (\$300) per racing day.
- C. The daily pari-mutuel tax imposed on a class B racetrack licensee pursuant to this section shall be:
- (1) for each racing day a class B racetrack licensee offers pari-mutuel wagering on live on-track horse races, one-eighth percent of the racetrack licensee's gross daily handle, not to exceed three hundred dollars (\$300) per racing day; and

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(2) for each day a class B racetrack licensee
offers no pari-mutuel wagering on live on-track horse races and
offers solely pari-mutuel wagering on simulcast races pursuant
to the Horse Racing Act, one-eighth percent of the class B
racetrack licensee's gross daily handle, not to exceed three
hundred dollars (\$300) per racing day."

Section 19. A new Section 60-1A-19 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"60-1A-19. [NEW MATERIAL] RETAINAGE--NEW MEXICO HORSE BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION AND NEW MEXICO HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION --BREAKAGE--DISTRIBUTION OF RETAINED AMOUNTS.--

Each racetrack licensee shall notify the commission at least thirty days prior to each race meet of the amount of exotic wager retainage that the racetrack licensee will retain pursuant to Paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection. There shall be an amount retained by the racetrack licensee equal to:

### for a class A racetrack licensee:

(a) nineteen percent of the gross amount wagered on win, place and show, of which: 1) eighteen and three-fourths percent shall be retained by the racetrack licensee; and 2) one-fourth percent shall be remitted to the taxation and revenue department for deposit in the general fund; and

(b) not less than twenty-one percent and

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not greater than twenty-five percent of the gross amount wagered in exotic wagers; and

- (2) for a class B racetrack licensee:
- (a) not less than eighteen and threefourths percent and not greater than twenty-five percent of the gross amount wagered daily on win, place and show; and
- (b) not less than twenty-one percent and not greater than thirty percent of the gross amount wagered in exotic wagers.
- B. There shall be retained by a racetrack licensee for allocation to the New Mexico horse breeders' association amounts equal to:
- (1) five-eighths percent of the gross amount wagered on win, place and show to be allocated weekly to the New Mexico horse breeders' association for further distribution pursuant to the provisions of Subsection D of Section 60-1A-24 NMSA 1978; and
- (2) one and three-eighths percent of the gross amount wagered in exotic wagers to be allocated weekly to the New Mexico horse breeders' association for further distribution pursuant to the provisions of Subsection D of Section 60-1A-24 NMSA 1978.
- C. The breakage from the gross amount wagered through pari-mutuel wagering shall be retained by the licensee and allocated as follows:

		(	1)	fifty	percent	of	the	total	breakage	shall
be	retained b	by the	e ra	acetrac	k licens	ee;	and			

- (2) fifty percent of the total breakage shall be allocated by the racetrack licensee to enhance the race purses of established stakes races that include only New Mexico-bred horses that are registered with the New Mexico horse breeders' association. The New Mexico horse breeders' association shall distribute the percentage designated to purses pursuant to Subsection D of Section 60-1-24 NMSA 1978, subject to the approval of the commission.
- D. All money resulting from the failure of patrons who purchased winning pari-mutuel tickets during a race meet to redeem their winning tickets before the end of the sixty-day period immediately succeeding the closing day of the race meet or from all money resulting from the failure of patrons who purchased pari-mutuel tickets that were entitled to a refund but were not refunded by the end of the sixty-day period immediately following the race meet shall be apportioned as follows:
- (1) thirty-three and thirty-three hundredths percent shall be retained by the racetrack licensee;
- (2) thirty-three and thirty-four hundredths percent shall be distributed to the New Mexico horse breeders' association to enhance each racetrack licensee's established overnight purses for races that include only horses registered .165547.1GR

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as New Mexico bred pursuant to Paragraph (3) of Subsection D of Section 60-1A-24 NMSA 1978, subject to the approval of the commission; and

- thirty-three and thirty-three hundredths percent shall be allocated to the New Mexico horsemen's association for purses.
- One-half percent of the gross amount wagered on simulcast horse races broadcast to a horse racetrack in New Mexico shall be distributed by the racetrack licensee to the New Mexico horsemen's association. The commission shall by rule provide for the timing and manner of the distribution required pursuant to this subsection and shall audit or arrange for an independent audit of the distributions required. distribution provided for in this subsection shall be made to the New Mexico horsemen's association and shall be used in the following manner:
- one-fourth percent of the gross amount (1) wagered on simulcast horse races that is allocated in this subsection shall be used solely for medical benefits for the members of the New Mexico horsemen's association; and
- one-fourth percent of the gross amount (2) wagered on simulcast horse races that is allocated in this subsection shall be used to enhance purses.
- Amounts to be deducted from the retainage by the racetrack licensee from any form of wager made on the licensed .165547.1GR

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(1) the daily pari-mutuel tax imposed by
Section 60-1A-18 NMSA 1978;
(2) money allocated in this section to the New
Mexico horse breeders' association;
(3) money allocated by this section to the New
Mexico horsemen's association;
(4) expenses incurred to engage in intrastate
simulcasting pursuant to the Horse Racing Act; provided that
the deduction for a racetrack licensee shall be a portion of
five percent of the gross amount wagered at all the sites
receiving the same simulcast horse races and:
(a) the deduction for a racetrack
licensee shall be an amount allocated to the racetrack licensee
by agreement voluntarily reached between all the racetracks
sending or receiving the same simulcast horse races; or
(b) the deduction for a racetrack
licensee shall be an amount identified by the commission if all
the racetracks sending or receiving the same simulcast horse
races fail to reach a voluntary agreement on the level at which
to set the rate of the deduction for expenses incurred for
engaging in intrastate simulcasting; and
(5) fees incurred to receive interstate
simulcasts pursuant to the Horse Racing Act.
G. A racetrack licensee shall allocate to the New

premises of the racetrack licensee are:

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Mexico horse breeders' association five percent of the daily retainage on interstate common pools received from a guest state by a racetrack licensee. Of the net retainage from interstate common pools wagered at off-site locations, after deduction of the allocation to the New Mexico horse breeders' association:

- (1) fifty percent shall be allocated to purses; and
- (2) fifty percent shall be retained by the racetrack licensee."

Section 20. A new Section 60-1A-20 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"60-1A-20. [NEW MATERIAL] DAILY CAPITAL OUTLAY TAX-CAPITAL OUTLAY OFFSET--STATE FAIR COMMISSION DISTRIBUTION-DAILY LICENSE FEES.--

A. A "daily capital outlay tax" of two and three-sixteenths percent is imposed on the gross amount wagered each day at a racetrack where horse racing is conducted on the premises of a racetrack licensee and also on the gross amount wagered each day when a racetrack licensee is engaged in simulcasting pursuant to the Horse Racing Act. After deducting the amount of offset allowed pursuant to this section, any remaining daily capital outlay tax shall be paid by the commission to the taxation and revenue department from the retainage of a racetrack licensee from on-site wagers made on .165547.1GR

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the licensed premises of the racetrack licensee for deposit in the general fund. Of the daily capital outlay tax imposed pursuant to this subsection:

- for a class A racetrack licensee, not more (1) than one-half of the daily capital outlay tax imposed on the first two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) of the daily handle may be offset by the amount that the class A racetrack licensee expends for capital improvements or for long-term financing of capital improvements at the racetrack licensee's existing facility;
- (2) for a class B racetrack licensee, not more than one-half of the daily capital outlay tax imposed on the first two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) of the daily handle may be offset:
- in an amount not to exceed one-half (a) of the offset allowed, the amount expended by the class B racetrack licensee for capital improvements; and
- (b) in an amount not to exceed one-half of the offset allowed, the amount expended by the class B racetrack licensee for advertising, marketing and promoting horse racing in the state; and
- for both class A and class B racetrack (3) licensees, an amount equal to one-half of the daily capital outlay tax is appropriated and transferred to the state fair commission for expenditure on capital improvements at the state .165547.1GR

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fairgrounds and for expenditure on debt service on negotiable bonds issued for the state fairgrounds' capital improvements.

- An additional daily license fee of five hundred dollars (\$500) shall be paid to the commission by the racetrack licensee for each day of live racing on the premises of the racetrack licensee.
- C. Accurate records shall be kept by the racetrack licensee to show gross amounts wagered, retainage, breakage and amounts received from interstate common pools and distributions from gross amounts wagered, retainage, breakage and amounts received from interstate common pools, as well as other information the commission may require. Records shall be open to inspection and shall be audited by the commission, its authorized representatives or an independent auditor selected by the commission. The commission may prescribe the method in which records shall be maintained. A racetrack licensee shall keep records that are accurate, legible and easy to understand.
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a political subdivision of the state shall not impose an occupational tax on a horse racetrack owned or operated by a racetrack licensee. A political subdivision of the state shall not impose an excise tax on a horse racetrack owned or operated by a racetrack licensee. Local option gross receipts taxes authorized by the state may be imposed to the extent authorized and imposed by a subdivision of the state on a horse racetrack

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owned or operated by a racetrack licensee."

Section 21. A new Section 60-1A-21 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

[NEW MATERIAL] INABILITY TO RECEIVE OR "60-1A-21. ADMINISTER DISTRIBUTIONS -- NEW MEXICO HORSE BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION -- NEW MEXICO HORSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION -- COMMISSION AUTHORITY--NEW MEXICO-BRED HORSE REGISTRY.--

In the event that money allocated to the New Mexico horse breeders' association pursuant to Section 60-1A-19 NMSA 1978 cannot be received or administered by the New Mexico horse breeders' association, the commission or another organization designated by the commission and under the absolute control of the commission shall receive and administer the money that is allocated to be distributed by the New Mexico horse breeders' association pursuant to Section 60-1A-24 NMSA 1978. If the commission or its designee organization is required to receive, administer and distribute money on behalf of the New Mexico horse breeders' association, the maximum percentage of retainage from Paragraph (3) of Subsection D of Section 60-1A-24 NMSA 1978 shall be distributed by the commission to the New Mexico horse breeders' association as a fee to certify the dam and stud of New Mexico-bred horses from the registry maintained by the New Mexico horse breeders' association.

In the event that money allocated to the New .165547.1GR

Mexico horsemen's association pursuant to the Horse Racing Act cannot be received or administered by the New Mexico horsemen's association, the commission or another organization designated by the commission and under the absolute control of the commission shall receive and administer the money that is allocated by Section 60-1A-19 NMSA 1978 to the New Mexico horsemen's association and distribute the money as required by Section 60-1A-19 NMSA 1978."

Section 22. A new Section 60-1A-22 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"60-1A-22. [NEW MATERIAL] PAYMENT OF TAXES--PAYMENT OF LICENSE FEES.--

A. Taxes imposed pursuant to the Horse Racing Act shall be remitted to the commission, and a notice of the remittance shall accompany the taxes paid by a racetrack licensee by the close of the business day on Thursday of every week. Failure to make weekly remittances by the racetrack licensee shall result in an assessment by the commission against the racetrack licensee in an amount equal to one percent of the amount that was due to be submitted.

B. Fees for licenses issued by the commission shall be paid to the commission. Daily license fees imposed by Section 60-1A-20 NMSA 1978 shall be submitted to the commission by the racetrack licensee by the close of the business day on Thursday of each week of on-track or simulcast racing.

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C. Except for three thousand dollars (\$3,000) to be retained by the commission in the horse racing suspense fund, daily license fees and taxes shall be submitted by the commission to the taxation and revenue department on a date to be set by the taxation and revenue department that is no later than the twenty-fifth day of the month following the month in which the fees and taxes are received from a racetrack licensee."

Section 23. A new Section 60-1A-23 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"60-1A-23. [NEW MATERIAL] HORSE RACING SUSPENSE ACCOUNT.--

- A. The "horse racing suspense account" is created in the state treasury to hold funds remitted to the commission for payment of daily license fees, daily pari-mutuel tax and daily capital outlay tax.
- B. Money in the horse racing suspense account exceeding three thousand dollars (\$3,000) shall be transferred to the taxation and revenue department for deposit in the general fund.
- C. The money in the horse racing suspense account shall be used to pay claims for refunds of daily license fees, daily pari-mutuel tax or daily capital outlay taxes that have been determined by the commission to be legally due to the remitter."

Section 24. A new Section 60-1A-24 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

# "60-1A-24. [NEW MATERIAL] BREEDERS' AWARDS.--

- A. The New Mexico horse breeders' association shall create a fund to pay horse breeders of New Mexico-bred horses merit and incentive awards.
- B. A racetrack licensee shall pay into a fund created by the New Mexico horse breeders' association an amount equal to ten percent of the first money of a purse won, except for stakes-race purses, at a horse race in New Mexico by a horse registered with the New Mexico horse breeders' association as a New Mexico-bred horse. From stakes-race purses, a racetrack licensee shall pay into the fund created by the New Mexico horse breeders' association an amount equal to ten percent of the added money.
- C. The money deposited with the New Mexico horse breeders' association by a racetrack licensee pursuant to Subsection B of this section shall be paid weekly to the owner of the dam of the horse at the time that the animal was foaled upon certification of the commission and the New Mexico horse breeders' association.
- D. In addition to the money distributed pursuant to Subsection B of this section, the New Mexico horse breeders' association shall distribute the money allocated to the New Mexico horse breeders' association pursuant to Subsections B, C .165547.1GR

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and D of Section 60-1A-19 NMSA 1978 in the following manner and pursuant to rules adopted by the commission:

- forty-five percent of the money to the owners at the time the winners were foaled of the dams of the first-place winners;
- seven percent of the money to the owners (2) at the time the winners were foaled of the studs that sired the first-place winners;
- no more than eight percent of the money to (3) be retained by the New Mexico horse breeders' association for the purpose of administering the distribution program set forth in this section; and
- the remaining money to be divided among the first-, second- and third-place finishers during each race meet, provided that the first-, second- and third-place finishers are registered as New Mexico-bred horses with the New Mexico horse breeders' association.
- The New Mexico horse breeders' association shall file a fiduciary bond with the commission in a face amount equal to the total money distributed during the previous calendar year pursuant to Subsection C of this section. The bond shall be executed by a surety company authorized to do business in New Mexico; provided that the fiduciary bond shall be in an amount not less than two million dollars (\$2,000,000)."

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Section 25. A new Section 60-1A-25 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"60-1A-25. [NEW MATERIAL] VIOLATIONS OF HORSE RACING ACT--FOURTH DEGREE FELONY. -- A person who willfully violates, attempts to violate or conspires to violate a requirement of the Horse Racing Act or a prohibition specifically set forth in the Horse Racing Act is guilty of a fourth degree felony and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978."

Section 26. A new Section 60-1A-26 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

[NEW MATERIAL] ILLEGAL USE OF PARI-MUTUEL "60-1A-26. WAGERING. --

A. A person shall not use pari-mutuel wagering except as permitted by the commission pursuant to the Horse Racing Act or pursuant to other state law providing licensing of persons to use pari-mutuel wagering.

A person who, directly or indirectly, uses parimutuel wagering in a manner that is not authorized by the commission or other state law is guilty of a fourth degree felony and upon conviction shall be sentenced pursuant to Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978."

Section 27. A new Section 60-1A-27 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

[NEW MATERIAL] PREDETERMINING HORSE RACES--"60-1A-27. .165547.1GR

# bracketed material] = delete

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INFLUENCING OR ATTEMPTING TO INFLUENCE -- FOURTH DEGREE FELONY. --

- A person shall not influence or attempt to influence the outcome of a horse race by offering money, a thing of value, a future benefit, a favor, preferred treatment or a form of pressure or threat.
- A person shall not enter into an agreement with an owner, jockey, groom or any other person associated with or having an interest in a racehorse to predetermine the outcome of a horse race.
- C. A person who influences or attempts to influence the outcome of a horse race or a person who enters into an agreement to predetermine the outcome of a horse race is guilty of a fourth degree felony and upon conviction shall be sentenced pursuant to Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978."
- Section 28. A new Section 60-1A-28 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:
- "60-1A-28. [NEW MATERIAL] AFFECTING SPEED OR STAMINA OF A RACE HORSE--PENALTIES.--
- A person administering, attempting to administer or conspiring with others to administer to a racehorse a drug, chemical, stimulant or depressant or other foreign substances not naturally occurring in a racehorse whether internally, externally or by injection for the purpose of stimulating or depressing the race horse or affecting the speed or stamina of the race horse during a horse race or workout is guilty of a .165547.1GR

fourth degree felony and upon conviction shall be sentenced pursuant to Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978."

- B. A person who uses, attempts to use or conspires with others to use during a horse race or workout an electrically or mechanically prohibited device, implement or instrument, other than an ordinary whip, is guilty of a fourth degree felony and upon conviction shall be sentenced pursuant to Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978.
- C. A person who sponges the nostrils or trachea of a racehorse or who uses anything to injure a racehorse for the purpose of stimulating or depressing the racehorse or affecting the speed or stamina of the racehorse during a horse race or workout is guilty of a fourth degree felony and upon conviction shall be sentenced pursuant to Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978.
- D. It is prima facie evidence of intent to commit any of the crimes set forth:
- (1) in Subsection A of this section for a person to be found within the racing grounds of a racetrack licensee, including the stands, stables, sheds or other areas where racehorses are kept, who possesses with the intent to use, sell, give away or otherwise transfer to another person a drug, chemical, stimulant or depressant or other foreign substance not naturally occurring in a racehorse to stimulate or depress a racehorse or to affect the speed or stamina of a racehorse;

(2) in Subsection B of this section for a
person to be found within the racing grounds of a racetrack
licensee, including the stands, stables, sheds or other areas
where racehorses are kept, who possesses with the intent to
use, sell, give away or otherwise transfer to another person an
electrically or mechanically prohibited device, implement or
instrument, other than an ordinary whip; and
(3) in Subsection C of this section for a

person to be found within the racing grounds of a racetrack licensee, including the stands, stables, sheds or other areas where racehorses are kept, who possesses with the intent to use, sell, give away or otherwise transfer to another person paraphernalia or substances used to sponge the nostrils or trachea of a racehorse or that may be used to injure a racehorse for the purpose of stimulating or depressing the racehorse or affecting its speed or stamina during a horse race or workout."

Section 29. A new Section 60-1A-29 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"60-1A-29. [NEW MATERIAL] TERMINATION OF AGENCY LIFE-DELAYED REPEAL.--The state racing commission is terminated on
July 1, 2011 pursuant to the Sunset Act. The commission shall
continue to operate according to the provisions of Chapter 60,
Article 1A NMSA 1978 until July 1, 2012. Effective July 1,
2012, Chapter 60, Article 1A NMSA 1978 is repealed."

Section 30. Section 60-2E-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1997, Chapter 190, Section 9, as amended) is amended to read:

"60-2E-7. BOARD'S POWERS AND DUTIES.--

A. The board shall implement the state's policy on gaming consistent with the provisions of the Gaming Control Act and the Bingo and Raffle Act. It has the duty to fulfill all responsibilities assigned to it pursuant to those acts, and it has all authority necessary to carry out those responsibilities. It may delegate authority to the executive director, but it retains accountability. The board is an adjunct agency.

### B. The board shall:

- (1) employ the executive director;
- (2) make the final decision on issuance, denial, suspension and revocation of all licenses pursuant to and consistent with the provisions of the Gaming Control Act and the Bingo and Raffle Act;
- (3) develop, adopt and promulgate all regulations necessary to implement and administer the provisions of the Gaming Control Act and the Bingo and Raffle Act:
- (4) conduct itself, or employ a hearing officer to conduct, all hearings required by the provisions of the Gaming Control Act and other hearings it deems appropriate to fulfill its responsibilities;

1	(5)	meet	at	leas	t once	eac	h month	1; a	and
2	(6)	prepa	ıre	and	submit	an	annua1	rei	or

(6) prepare and submit an annual report in December of each year to the governor and the legislature, covering activities of the board in the most recently completed fiscal year, a summary of gaming activities in the state and any recommended changes in or additions to the laws relating to gaming in the state.

# C. The board may:

- (1) impose civil fines not to exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for the first violation and fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for subsequent violations of any prohibitory provision of the Gaming Control Act or any prohibitory provision of a regulation adopted pursuant to that act;
  - (2) conduct investigations;
- (3) subpoena persons and documents to compel access to or the production of documents and records, including books and memoranda, in the custody or control of a licensee;
- (4) compel the appearance of employees of a licensee or persons for the purpose of ascertaining compliance with provisions of the Gaming Control Act or a regulation adopted pursuant to its provisions;
- (5) administer oaths and take depositions to the same extent and subject to the same limitations as would apply if the deposition were pursuant to discovery rules in a .165547.1GR

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2	(6) sue and be sued subject to the limitation
3	of the Tort Claims Act;
4	(7) contract for the provision of goods and
5	services necessary to carry out its responsibilities;
6	(8) conduct audits, relevant to their gaming
7	activities, of applicants, licensees and persons affiliated
8	with licensees;
9	(9) inspect, examine, photocopy and audit all
10	documents and records of an applicant or licensee relevant to
11	[ <del>his</del> ] <u>the applicant's or licensee's</u> gaming activities in the
12	presence of the applicant or licensee or [his] the applicant's
13	or licensee's agent;
14	(10) require verification of income and all
15	other matters pertinent to the gaming activities of an
16	applicant or licensee affecting the enforcement of any
17	provision of the Gaming Control Act;
18	(11) inspect all places where gaming
19	activities are conducted and inspect all property connected
20	with gaming in those places;
21	(12) summarily seize, remove and impound from
22	places inspected any gaming devices, property connected with
23	gaming, documents or records for the purpose of examination or
24	inspection;
25	(13) inspect, examine, photocopy and audit

civil action in the district court;

the limitations

documents and records, relevant to [his] the affiliate's gaming activities, of [any] an affiliate of an applicant or licensee that the board knows or reasonably suspects is involved in the financing, operation or management of the applicant or licensee. The inspection, examination, photocopying and audit shall be in the presence of a representative of the affiliate or its agent when practicable; [and]

# (14) conduct background investigations pursuant to the Horse Racing Act; and

[(14)] (15) except for the powers specified in Paragraphs (1) and (4) of this subsection, carry out all or part of the foregoing powers and activities through the executive director.

D. The board shall monitor all activity authorized in an Indian gaming compact between the state and an Indian nation, tribe or pueblo. The board shall appoint the state gaming representative for the purposes of the compact."

### Section 31. TEMPORARY PROVISIONS. --

- A. Members of the state racing commission who are on the commission on June 30, 2007 shall remain on the state racing commission and complete the terms to which they were appointed, or if the member's term expires on June 30, 2007, until a replacement is appointed.
- B. All personnel, records, equipment, supplies and other property of the state racing commission on June 30, 2007 .165547.1GR

shall remain the personnel, records, equipment, supplies and property of the state racing commission created in this 2007 act.

C. Appropriations to and money held by or for the state racing commission that does not revert to the general fund or another fund on June 30, 2007 shall continue on July 1, 2007 to be held by or for the state racing commission created in this 2007 act.

Section 32. REPEAL.--Sections 60-1-1 through 60-1-26 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1933, Chapter 55, Section 1, Laws 1977, Chapter 245, Section 123, Laws 1933, Chapter 55, Section 2, Laws 1955, Chapter 87, Section 2, Laws 1973, Chapter 323, Sections 3 and 4, Laws 1991, Chapter 7, Section 1, Laws 1933, Chapter 55, Sections 3 through 7, Laws 1973, Chapter 323, Section 7, Laws 1975, Chapter 189, Section 1, Laws 1933, Chapter 55, Sections 8 and 9, Laws 1992, Chapter 110, Section 2, Laws 1993, Chapter 300, Section 1, Laws 1933, Chapter 55, Section 10, Laws 1977, Chapter 161, Section 2, Laws 1965, Chapter 270, Section 1, Laws 1933, Chapter 55, Section 11, Laws 1947, Chapter 94, Sections 1 and 2, Laws 1975, Chapter 190, Section 1, Laws 1973, Chapter 323, Sections 10 and 11, Laws 1991, Chapter 195, Sections 6 and 4 and Laws 1987, Chapter 333, Section 3, as amended) are repealed.

Section 33. EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the provisions of this act is July 1, 2007.