HOUSE BILL 1269

48TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2007

INTRODUCED BY

Al Park

AN ACT

RELATING TO ELECTIONS; ALLOWING A POLITICAL PARTY TO NOMINATE ANY QUALIFIED CANDIDATE TO RUN UNDER ITS PARTY NAME IN AN ELECTION; ALLOWING A CANDIDATE'S NAME TO APPEAR MORE THAN ONCE ON A BALLOT; RECONCILING MULTIPLE AMENDMENTS TO THE SAME SECTION OF LAW IN LAWS 1993; AMENDING, REPEALING AND ENACTING SECTIONS OF THE NMSA 1978.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:

Section 1. Section 1-4-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 72, as amended by Laws 1993, Chapter 314, Section 15 and also by Laws 1993, Chapter 316, Section 15) is amended to read:

"1-4-16. REGISTRATION--WHEN PARTY AFFILIATION SHALL NOT BE MADE.--[A.] No designation of party affiliation shall be made or changed on an existing certificate of registration at .167198.1

any time during which registration is closed.

[B. Every person appearing as a candidate on the primary or general election ballot shall be a candidate only under the name and party affiliation designation appearing on his existing certificate of registration on file in the county clerk's office on the date of the governor's proclamation of a primary election.]"

Section 2. Section 1-8-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 152, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-2. NOMINATION BY MINOR POLITICAL PARTY--CONVENTION-DESIGNATED NOMINEES.--

A. If the rules [and regulations] of a minor political party require nomination by political convention:

- (1) the [chairman] chair and secretary of the state political convention shall certify to the secretary of state the names of their party's nominees for United States senator, United States representative, all elective state offices, legislative offices elected from multicounty districts, the public regulation commission, all elective judicial officers in the judicial department and all offices representing a district composed of more than one county; and
- (2) the [chairman] chair and secretary of the county political convention shall certify to the county clerk the names of their party's nominees for elected county offices and for legislative offices elected from a district located .167198.1

wholly within one county or that is composed of only one county.

- B. The names certified to the secretary of state shall be filed on the second Tuesday in July in the year of the general election and shall be accompanied by a petition containing a list of signatures and addresses of voters totaling not less than one percent of the total number of votes cast at the last preceding general election for the office of governor or president of the United States, as the case may be:
 - (1) in the state for statewide offices; and
- (2) in the district for offices other than statewide offices.

The petition shall contain a statement that the voters signing the petition are residents of the state, district, county or area to be represented by the office for which the person being nominated is a candidate.

- C. The names certified to the county clerk shall be filed on the second Tuesday in July in the year of the general election and shall be accompanied by a petition containing a list of signatures and addresses of voters totaling not less than one percent of the total number of votes cast at the last preceding general election for the office of governor or president of the United States, as the case may be:
 - (1) in the county for countywide offices; and
 - (2) in the district for offices other than

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countywide offices.

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The petition shall contain a statement that the voters signing the petition are residents of the state, district, county or area to be represented by the office for which the person being nominated is a candidate.

- D. Persons certified as nominees shall be members of that political party before the day the governor issues the primary election proclamation; except a person may be certified as the nominee of a party without being a member of that party before the day the governor issues the primary election proclamation if:
- (1) the state committee of the party has authorized the nomination of that person by a majority vote; <u>and</u>
- (2) the rules of the party, if any, do not prohibit the acceptance of nominations.
- No voter shall sign any petition prescribed by this section for more persons than the number of minor political party candidates necessary to fill the office at the next ensuing general election."
- Section 3. Section 1-8-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 158, as amended) is amended to read:
- "1-8-8. VACANCY ON GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT--OCCURRING AFTER PRIMARY. --
- If after a primary election a vacancy occurs, .167198.1

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for any cause, in the list of nominees of a qualified political party for any public office to be filled in the general election, or a vacancy occurs because of the resignation or death of a person holding a public office not included in the governor's proclamation and which office is required by law to be filled at the next succeeding general election, the vacancy on the general election ballot may be filled by:

- the central committee of the state (1) political party filing the name of its nominee for the office with the proper filing officer when [such] the office is a federal, state, district or multicounty legislative district office; and
- (2) the central committee of the county political party filing the name of its nominee for the office with the proper filing officer when [such] the office is a magistrate, county or a legislative district office where the district is entirely within the boundaries of a single county.
- [Appointments] An appointment made pursuant to Subsection A of this section shall [be of the same party affiliation as the original nominee and] reside in the district from which [he] the nominee will be elected as shown by [his] the nominee's certificate of registration on file in the county clerk's office before the day of the governor's primary election proclamation.
- C. Appointments to fill vacancies in the list of a .167198.1

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political party's nominees shall be made and filed at least fifty-six days prior to the general election. If the vacancy is caused by the death of a nominee, the central committee may in like manner file the name of its nominee to fill the vacancy up until five days prior to the general election.

D. When the name of a nominee is filed as provided in this section, [such] the name shall be placed on the general election ballot as the political party's candidate for that office. In the case of a nominee appointed after the general election ballots are printed, [such] the name shall be placed on the ballot by pasting the printed name of the nominee over the name of the candidate whose vacancy [he] the nominee fills on the general election ballot."

Section 4. Section 1-8-18 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 167, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-18. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--WHO MAY BECOME A CANDIDATE.--

[No] A person shall not become a candidate for nomination by a political party or have [his] the person's name printed on the primary election ballot unless [his] the person's record of voter registration shows

[(1) his affiliation with that political party on the date of the governor's proclamation for the primary election; and

(2) his | the person's residence in the .167198.1

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district of the office for which [he] the person is a candidate on the date of the governor's proclamation for the primary election or in the case of a person seeking the office of United States senator or United States representative, [his] residence within New Mexico on the date of the governor's proclamation for the primary election.

В. [Any] A voter may challenge the candidacy of [any] <u>a</u> person seeking nomination by a political party for the reason that [he] the person does not meet the requirements of Subsection A of this section by filing a petition in the district court within ten days after the last day for filing a declaration of candidacy or a statement of candidacy for The district court shall hear and convention designation. render a decision on the matter within ten days after the filing of the petition. The decision of the district court may be appealed to the supreme court within five days after the decision is rendered. The supreme court shall hear and render a decision on the appeal forthwith."

Section 5. Section 1-8-21.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1993, Chapter 55, Section 11) is amended to read:

"1-8-21.1. DESIGNATION OF CANDIDATES BY CONVENTION.--

- State conventions of major political parties may designate candidates for nomination to statewide office or the office of United States representative.
- No state convention for designating candidates .167198.1

shall be held later than the third Sunday in March preceding
the primary election, and delegates to the convention shall be
elected according to state party rules filed in the office of
the secretary of state.

C. [The] A state convention shall not take only one
ballot upon candidates for each office to be filled. Every

- C. [The] \underline{A} state convention shall <u>not</u> take only one ballot upon candidates for each office to be filled. Every candidate receiving twenty percent or more of the votes of the duly elected delegates to the convention for the office to be voted upon at the ensuing primary election shall be certified to the secretary of state as a convention-designated nominee for that office by the political party. Certification shall take place no later than 5:00 p.m. on the first Tuesday succeeding the state convention.
- D. The certificate of designation submitted to the secretary of state shall state the name of the office for which each person is a candidate, [his] the name and address and the name of the political party that the candidate represents [and shall certify that the candidate has been a member of that political party for the period of time required by the Election Gode]."

Section 6. Section 1-8-27 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1969, Chapter 240, Section 172, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-27. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--DECLARATION OF

CANDIDACY--MANNER OF FILING.--[Each] A declaration of

candidacy, by nominating petition or by preprimary convention

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1 designation, shall be delivered for filing in person by the 2 candidate therein named or by a person acting, by virtue of 3 written authorization, solely on the candidate's behalf. 4 proper filing officer shall not accept for filing more than one 5 declaration of candidacy from any one individual, except that 6 candidates who seek but fail to receive preprimary convention 7 designation shall file a declaration of candidacy by 8 nomination, according to provisions of the Primary Election 9 Law, to have their names placed on the primary election 10 ballot.]" 11 Section 7. Section 1-8-29 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973, 12 Chapter 228, Section 3, as amended by Laws 1993, Chapter 55, 13 Section 5 and by Laws 1993, Chapter 314, Section 46 and also by 14 Laws 1993, Chapter 316, Section 46) is amended to read: 15 "1-8-29. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY--16 FORM. -- In making a declaration of candidacy by nominating 17 petition or by pre-primary convention designation, the

"DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY

candidate shall submit substantially the following form:

BY PRE-PRIMARY CONVENTION DESIGNATION (OR BY NOMINATING PETITION)

I,	, (candidate's name on certificate
of registration) being	first duly sworn, say that I reside at
, as	s shown by my certificate of registration
as a voter of Precinct	No of the county of
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, State of New Mexico;

[I am a member of the

party as shown

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(Residence Address) Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of, [19] 20 (Notary Public) My commission expires: "." Section 8. Section 1-8-31 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973, Chapter 228, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read: "1-8-31. PRIMARY ELECTION LAWNOMINATING PETITIONSIGNATURES TO BE COUNTED A. A person who signs a nominating petition shall
(Notary Public) My commission expires:
(Notary Public) My commission expires:
My commission expires: """ Section 8. Section 1-8-31 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973, Chapter 228, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read: "1-8-31. PRIMARY ELECTION LAWNOMINATING PETITION SIGNATURES TO BE COUNTED
"." Section 8. Section 1-8-31 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973, Chapter 228, Section 5, as amended) is amended to read: "1-8-31. PRIMARY ELECTION LAWNOMINATING PETITION SIGNATURES TO BE COUNTED
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SIGNATURES TO BE COUNTED
A. A person who signs a nominating petition shal
sign only one petition for the same office unless more than
candidate is to be elected to that office, and in that case
person may sign not more than the number of nominating
petitions equal to the number of candidates to be elected to
the office.
B. A person who signs a nominating petition shal
indicate [his] <u>the person's</u> residence as [his] <u>the person's</u>
address. If the person does not have a residential address,
[he] the person may provide [his] the person's mailing addre
C. A signature shall be counted on a nominating
petition unless there is evidence presented that the person
signing:
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[(1) was no	ot a regis	stered men	nber of tl	ne	
candidate's politic	al party	ten days	prior to	the filin	g of	the
nominating netition	.					

(2) (1) failed to provide information required by the nominating petition sufficient to determine that the person is a qualified voter of the state, district, county or area to be represented by the office for which the person seeking the nomination is a candidate;

 $[\frac{(3)}{(2)}]$ has signed more than one petition for the same office, except as provided in Subsection A of this section, or has signed one petition more than once; or

[(4) is not of the same political party as the candidate named in the nominating petition as shown by the signer's certificate of registration; or

(5)] (3) is not the person whose name appears on the nominating petition.

D. The procedures set forth in this section shall be used to validate signatures on any petition required by the Election Code [except that Paragraphs (1) and (4) of Subsection C of this section shall not apply to petitions filed by unaffiliated candidates or petitions filed by candidates of minor political parties]."

Section 9. Section 1-8-33 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1973, Chapter 228, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-8-33. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--NOMINATING PETITION--.167198.1

bracketed material] = delete

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NUMBER OF SIGNATURES REQUIRED. --

- A. As used in this section, "total vote" means the sum of all votes cast for all of the party's candidates for governor at the last preceding primary election at which the party's candidate for governor was nominated.
- Candidates who seek preprimary convention В. designation shall file nominating petitions at the time of filing declarations of candidacy. Nominating petitions for those candidates shall be signed by a number of voters equal to at least two percent of the total vote of the [candidate's] party whose nomination the candidate is seeking in the state or congressional district, or the following number of voters, whichever is greater:
- (1) for statewide offices, two hundred thirty voters; and
- for congressional candidates, seventy-(2) seven voters.
- Nominating petitions for candidates for any other office to be voted on at the primary election for which nominating petitions are required shall be signed by a number of voters equal to at least three percent of the total vote of the [candidate's] party whose nomination the candidate is seeking in the district or division, or the following number of voters, whichever is greater:
- (1) for metropolitan court and magistrate .167198.1

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- (2) for the public regulation commission, fifty voters;
- for the [state board of] public education commission, twenty-five voters;
 - (4) for state representative, ten voters;
 - for state senator, seventeen voters; and (5)
 - (6) for district attorney and district judge,

fifteen voters.

A candidate who fails to receive the preprimary convention designation that [he] the candidate sought may collect additional signatures to total at least four percent of the total vote of the [candidate's] party whose nomination the candidate is seeking in the state or congressional district, whichever applies to the office [he] the candidate seeks, and file a new declaration of candidacy and nominating petitions for the office for which [he] the candidate failed to receive a preprimary designation. The declaration of candidacy and nominating petitions shall be filed with the secretary of state either ten days following the date of the preprimary convention at which [he] the candidate failed to receive the designation or on the date all declarations of candidacy and nominating petitions are due pursuant to the provisions of the Primary Election Law, whichever is later."

Section 10. Section 1-8-36.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1981, .167198.1

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Chapter 156, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read: "1-8-36.1. PRIMARY ELECTION LAW--WRITE-IN CANDIDATES.--

- Write-in candidates are permitted in the primary election only for the offices of United States representative, members of the legislature, district judges, district attorneys, public regulation commission, [state board of education public education commission, magistrates and any office voted upon by all voters of the state.
- A person may be a write-in candidate only for nomination [by the major political party with which he is affiliated as shown by his certificate of registration, and such person shall have the qualifications to be a candidate in the primary election for the political party for which he is a write-in candidate] for the office for which the person has the qualifications to be a candidate in the primary election.
- A person desiring to be a write-in candidate for one of the offices listed in Subsection A of this section in the primary election shall file with the proper filing officer a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate. declaration of intent shall be filed before 5:00 p.m. on the second Tuesday in March.
- A write-in vote shall be counted and canvassed only if:
- the name written in is the name of a (1) declared write-in candidate and shows two initials and last .167198.1

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name; first name, middle initial or name and last name; first and last name; or the full name as it appears on the declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate and misspellings of the above combinations that can be reasonably determined by a majority of the members of the precinct board to identify a declared write-in candidate; and

- the name is written in the proper slot on the voting machine or on the proper line provided on an absentee ballot or emergency paper ballot for write-in votes for the office for which the candidate has filed a declaration of intent.
- At the time of filing the declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate, the write-in candidate shall be considered a candidate for all purposes and provisions relating to candidates in the Election Code, including the obligations to report pursuant to the Campaign Reporting Act, except that [he shall not be entitled to have his] the write-in candidate's name shall not be printed on the ballot.
- No unopposed write-in candidate shall have [his] the nomination certified unless [he] the write-in candidate receives at least the number of write-in votes in the primary election as [he] the write-in candidate would need signatures on a nominating petition pursuant to the requirements set out in Section 1-8-33 NMSA 1978.
- G. A write-in vote shall be cast by writing in the .167198.1

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As used in this section, "write-in" does not include the imprinting of any name by rubber stamp or similar device or the use of preprinted stickers or labels."

Section 11. Section 1-10-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1977, Chapter 222, Section 30, as amended) is amended to read:

"1-10-7. BALLOTS--NAME SHALL APPEAR BUT ONCE.--Whenever a person is, with the person's knowledge and consent, a candidate for any office, the person's name shall be printed on the ballot once for each party that has nominated the person. Except in the case of a candidate for United States [senate] senator or United States representative who is also a candidate for president or vice president of the United States, [no] a candidate's name shall appear more than once on the ballot. [Whenever a person is, with his knowledge and consent, a candidate at any nominating convention or primary for nomination as the candidate of any political party for any office to be voted on at the election to be held next after such convention or primary, his name shall not be printed on the ballot at such election except in the column under the party name and emblem of the party designated on his declaration of candidacy or statement of candidacy for convention designation.]"

Section 12. A new section of Chapter 1, Article 12 NMSA 1978 is enacted to read:

"[NEW MATERIAL] CONDUCT OF ELECTION--COUNTING OF .167198.1

BALLOTS.--For purposes of determining which candidate has been elected, votes cast for the same candidate under multiple party names shall be totaled. For all other purposes, including party qualification, votes cast under different party names shall be counted and recorded separately. A voter who attempts to vote for the same candidate under multiple party lines shall have the voter's vote counted as if the voter had voted for that candidate on a line without any party name; provided that a vote for the same candidate under multiple party names shall not be treated as an overvote."

Section 13. REPEAL.--Section 1-8-19 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1975, Chapter 255, Section 106, as amended) is repealed.

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