1	SENATE BILL 10
2	48th legislature - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - first session, 2007
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Mary Jane M. Garcia
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO ANIMALS; PROHIBITING COCKFIGHTING.
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13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
14	Section 1. Section 30-18-1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1999,
15	Chapter 107, Section 1, as amended) is amended to read:
16	"30-18-1. CRUELTY TO ANIMALSEXTREME CRUELTY TO
17	ANIMALSPENALTIESEXCEPTIONS
18	A. As used in this section, "animal" does not
19	include insects or reptiles.
20	B. Cruelty to animals consists of a person:
21	(1) negligently mistreating, injuring, killing
22	without lawful justification or tormenting an animal; or
23	(2) abandoning or failing to provide necessary
24	sustenance to an animal under that person's custody or control.
25	C. As used in Subsection B of this section, "lawful
	.164680.1

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justification" means:

- (1) humanely destroying a sick or injured animal; or
- (2) protecting a person or animal from death or injury due to an attack by another animal.
- D. Whoever commits cruelty to animals is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-19-1 NMSA 1978. Upon a fourth or subsequent conviction for committing cruelty to animals, the offender is guilty of a fourth degree felony and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978.
  - E. Extreme cruelty to animals consists of a person:
- (1) intentionally or maliciously torturing, mutilating, injuring or poisoning an animal; or
  - (2) maliciously killing an animal.
- F. Whoever commits extreme cruelty to animals is guilty of a fourth degree felony and shall be sentenced pursuant to the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978.
- G. The court may order a person convicted for committing cruelty to animals to participate in an animal cruelty prevention program or an animal cruelty education program. The court may also order a person convicted for committing cruelty to animals or extreme cruelty to animals to obtain psychological counseling for treatment of a mental health disorder if, in the court's judgment, the mental health

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3	animal cruelty prevention program,
4	program or psychological counselin
5	H. If a child is adjud
6	the court shall order an assessmen
7	psychological counseling or treatm
8	I. The provisions of t
9	(1) fishing, hund
10	trapping, as provided in Chapter l
11	(2) the practice
12	provided in Chapter 61, Article 14
13	(3) rodent or pe
14	Chapter 77, Article 15 NMSA 1978;
15	(4) the treatment
16	animals used on farms and ranches
17	fiber or other agricultural produc
18	accordance with commonly accepted
19	practices;
20	(5) the use of co
21	American rodeo practices, unless o
22	(6) research fact
23	the provisions of 7 U.S.C. Section
24	operating outside provisions, gove
25	animals, of a research or maintena

disorder contributed to the commission of the criminal offense. The offender shall bear the expense of participating in an animal cruelty education ng ordered by the court.

- icated of cruelty to animals, nt and any necessary ment of the child.
  - his section do not apply to:
- ting, falconry, taking and 7 NMSA 1978;
- of veterinary medicine, as 4 NMSA 1978;
- st control, as provided in
- t of livestock and other for the production of food, cts, when the treatment is in agricultural animal husbandry
- ommonly accepted Mexican and otherwise prohibited by law;
- ilities licensed pursuant to n 2136, except when knowingly erning the treatment of ance protocol approved by the .164680.1

1	institutional animal care and use committee of the facility; or		
2	(7) other similar activities not otherwise		
3	prohibited by law.		
4	J. If there is a dispute as to what constitutes		
5	commonly accepted agricultural animal husbandry practices or		
6	commonly accepted rodeo practices, the New Mexico livestock		
7	board shall hold a hearing to determine if the practice in		
8	question is a commonly accepted agricultural animal husbandry		
9	practice or commonly accepted rodeo practice.		
10	[K. The provisions of this section shall not be		
11	interpreted to prohibit cockfighting in New Mexico.]"		
12	Section 2. Section 30-18-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1981,		
13	Chapter 30, Section 1) is amended to read:		
14	"30-18-9. DOG FIGHTING AND COCKFIGHTINGPENALTY		
15	A. It is unlawful for any person to cause, sponsor,		
16	arrange, hold or participate in a fight between dogs <u>or cocks</u>		
17	for the purpose of monetary gain or entertainment.		
18	Participation in a fight between dogs or cocks for the purpose		
19	of monetary gain or entertainment consists of an adult		
20	knowingly:		
21	(1) being present at such a fight without		
22	attempting to interfere with or stop [such] the contest; or		
23	(2) owning or equipping one of the		
24	participating dogs <u>or cocks</u> with knowledge of [ <del>such</del> ] <u>the</u>		
25	contest.		

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B. It is unlawful to train, equip or sponsor a dog
or cock for the purpose of having it participate in a fight
with another dog or cock, respectively, for monetary gain or
entertainment.

C. Any person violating the provisions of Subsection A or B of this section is guilty of a fourth degree felony."

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